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HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minn Hist'l Society

MESSAGE BY GOVERNOR

Mainly Devoted to the Proposed Tax Code.

Suggests Changes on Vessels and Grain.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The legislature met in joint session at 10:30 this morning to listen to Governor Van Sant's message. Following is the text of the message:

To the Members of the Senate and House of Repreesntatives: You have been called together in extraordinary session for the purpose of receiving the report of the tax commission appointed pursuant to your enactment at the last session, and for taking action upon the measures proposed by the said commission.

> It is a matter of common knowledge that for many years there has been a universal demand in our state for a commission clothed with the duty of preparing more efficient tax laws.

The creation of such a commission



GOVERNOR VAN SANT.

has long been urged by the public press, has been recommended by many of my predecessors and earnestly advocated by our state auditor, whose duties in tax matters make him especially familiar with the defects of our present tax system.

Your body was practically unanimous in approving the bill providing for a commission, there being only eight votes recorded against it, four in the house and four in the senate. In order to have the measures proposed by the commission effective during the present year, the act provided that the commission should complete its work prior to the first of the present month.

In compliance with the law the commission filed its report, together with certain proposed measures. In order that the report might be considered, and its measures enacted into laws as soon as possible you adjourned the last regular session before the constitutional limitation in order that the subject matter of the report of the commission and the measures proposed might be taken up in extra session without additional expense to the state.

Owing to the urgent necessity of more effective tax legislation it was tacitly understood that if your general session was shortened you would be called together in extraordinary session immediately after the report of the commission, for the purpose of affording an early opportunity to consider the measures proposed, and to enact such laws as you might deem just and wise. Pursuant to the understanding stated, and in accord with your purpose, and deeming the work of the commission most thorough and complete, I issued my proclamation convening your honorable body at this time.

Pursuant to your enactment the following citizens of our state were appointed as tax commissioners, to-wit: Hon. W. J. Hahn, Hon. H. W. Childs, and Hon. G. S. Ives. The duties of the commission were specifically set out in the act as follows:

"The duties of said commission shall be to make a tax code for the state of Minnesota. Such code shall include a complete system for the just and equitable taxation of all forms of property, both tangible and intangible, and shall be properly indexed and prepared in the form of a bill or bills for presentation to the legislature. Such code shall include provisions for a permanent tax commission, and shall define its duties, powers and compensation. The commission shall also prepare a report and bill, or bills, providing for any constitutional amendments which may be necessary for properly carrying out the system of taxation recommended by the commission."

Realizing the magnitude of the task, and the limited time prescribed, the commissioners immediately commenced their work upon receiving their appointments. For nine months they labored incessantly; they visited other states and familiarized themselves with the tax laws there in vogue; they also visited many portions of our own state, thereby obtaining much information of value. After becoming thoroughly familiar with the tax laws of other states, and the defects of our own system, they set earnestly to work in the

(Continued on page 11.)

FIREMEN CRUSHED

Falling Walls End Lives of Six Brave Men.

Disastrous Fire Does Damage at St. Louis.

St. Louis, Feb. 5.—The fire that last night destroyed the five-story building at 312 and 314 Chestnut street, occupied by the American Tent and Awning company, resulted in the death of six firemen, who were crushed by the falling walls and floors. Three of the bodies have been recovered. A number of firemen, among them Chief Swingley, were injured by flying debris, but none seriously. The total financial loss on building and contents is today estimated by Chief Swingley at $75,000. It is believed this is fully covered by insurance.

The fire broke out about 8 o'clock. An hour afterwards inflammable material on the upper floors were still burning and a line was run up to stop the flames. Three firemen were operating this stream when the floor gave way without warning, and they went down with it.

Assistant Chief Thierry gathered a few men and went to the rescue of his comrades. Shortly after the rescuing party entered the structure the front wall fell forward and the entire building collapsed, burying beneath its ruins every one inside. Spectators, police officers and firemen on Chestnut street saw the wall totter and managed to escape on either side before it fell.

The dead are:

AUGUS THIERRY, first assistant chief.

MICHAEL KEHOE, assistant foreman Company No. 13.

DANIEL W. STEELE, foreman Company No. 12.

WILLIAM DUNDON, pipeman company No. 23.

FRANKLIN McBRIDE, truckman.

CHARLES KRENNING, pipeman Company No. 12.

The injured, none of whom is seriously hurt, are: Chief Swingley, hurt by falling bricks; William Wann, foreman No. 13, hurt about hips and legs; Patrick McCarthy, engineer No. 6, struck by falling bricks; Monroe Moore, electric light inspector, fell through a shaft, bruised and scratched; William Juelg, driver for Assistant Thierry, fractured skull and internal injuries; Frank Lingo, assistant driver No. 6, bruised and hurt internally; Chief Swingley, who was knocked down and stunned by flying debris, soon recovered and bent all his energies to rescuing teh men in the ruins.

As soon as the flames were got under control, every available man was put to work removing the smouldering debris that lay upon their companions. It was not until 3 a. m. that the first body was reached. It was that of William Dundon, pipeman of Company No. 23. It was at first thought he was dead, but life was not quite extinct, and the badly crushed and mangled body was taken to the hospital. Before reaching there, however, Dundon died.

The next body recovered was that of Daniel Steele, foreman of Company No. 23. He was taken out dead at 5:15 a. m., and five minutes later the remains of Michael Kehoe, assistant foreman of Company No. 13 was recovered.

For sime time Patrick D. Bergin, pipeman of No. 12, was supposed to have perished, but later this was found to be a mistake, and he doubtless owes his escape to the fact that yesterday was his day off duty.

Chief Swingley says that the collapse of the walls and floors came at a time when the fire seemed to be under control.

"To all appearances," said the chief, "there was no danger to the pipemen, who went into the upper floors. The fire was all on the fourth and fifth floors, and more on the fifth than on the fourth. Under such circumstances no one would expect a building to collapse. With Dan Steele, foreman of No. 12, were Charles Krenning, of No. 12, and Mike Kehoe, of No. 13. Those of us who were in front of the building heard a crash at the rear, but did not know exactly what had happened until Krenning came running out.

"Krenning ran into Assistant Chief Thierry. He said: 'Chief, the floor fell and two men on the pipe are covered up.'

"'Give me some men,' said Thierry to me, 'and I'll go back and get them out.'

"Thierry and I called for men, and as four men came up, Thierry led the way. Krenning followed right behind them; then came Frank McBride and Dundon and Juelich. Two minutes later came the crash.

"I never saw a collapse come so without warning. I was knocked down by the debris and fell under the water tower. When I got up, half stunned, the building was in ruins and the only thing that could be done was to put the men at work digging to get out those who were inside."

The building, which was nearly fifty years old, was weak, and the water with which it had been flooded loosened its joists and soaked its walls. When the pipemen entered the walls there was nothing to warn them of their peril.

William O'Donnell, John Purcell and William O'Connell, of salvage corps No. 1, were covering material with tarpaulins on an upper floor when the wall started to fall. They were carried outward with it and landed safely in the street.

Patrick Flaherty and William Jeulich, who were about to enter the building to assist in the rescue of their comrades, were struck by falling debris and severely injured.

Fifteen persons are thought to have been in the building when it collapsed. Darkness handicapped the rescuers in their work, for all the electric wires were cut by the falling debris. The firemen being unable to make much headway, a force of laborers was organized under the direction of the police.

THE FIGHT ENDS SENSATIONALLY

Unofficial Returns Give Mayor Hugo Lead of Eight Over Truelsen.

Election Results.

T. W. Hugo, Republican.....mayor
Dr. M. B. Cullum, D.....First ward
Theodore Krumsieg, D.....Second ward
Joseph Mannheim, D.....Third ward
Thomas Trevillion, R.....Fourth ward
William E. McEwen, D.....Fifth ward
Eric Olson, R.....Sixth ward
Roland D. Haven, R.....Seventh ward
W. E. Kern, D.....Eighth ward
All charter amendments overwhelmingly defeated.

In a dashing finish, on the face of unofficial returns, the Republicans won the mayoralty race by eight votes.

It was even more sensational than the contest of two years ago, when T. W. Hugo was elected by six votes over Henry Truelsen.

There were 1030 more votes cast for mayor yesterday than in that memorable fight, and yet the Republicans only gained two votes.

The Democrats do not as yet concede their defeat, and will watch the official count of yesterday's balots with intense interest.

It is not likely that they will carry the fight into the courts as they did two years ago, but there is a possibility of a recount, in case the official canvass does not change the informal returns. This is considered no more than fair.

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The Democrats elect five out of eight aldermen, which gives the party half the members of the council.

With this unexpected strength the Democrats are likely to make things interesting for the Republican appointees that come before them for confirmation if they wish to.

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Yesterday there were 7422 votes for mayor. Hugo, Republican, received 3653; Truelsen, ,Democrat, 3645, and Dworschak, Socialist Labor, 124.

The Republicans gained 460 over the vote two years ago and the Democrats gained 440. The Socialist Labor vote for mayor fell off considerably.

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When the returns first began coming in at the city hall it seemed as if Henry Truelsen would win by several hundred majority. He carried Mr. Hugo's own precinct in the Fifth ward and also the ward and started out with a good lead.

The Republican precincts soon wiped out this lead, and then it was fast and furious all evening. Sometimes Hugo would lead by 50 and the next moment Truelsen would be one ahead.

Complete returns from thirty precincts gave the Democratic candidate a lead of 77, but this was entirely wiped out by the 81 majority that then drifted into the Hugo column from the Fourth precinct of the First ward, just as the Truelsen men were getting enthusiastic.

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Truelsen carried five wards—the Second, Third, Fourth, Fifth and Eighth, but the First, Sixth and Seventh stood by Hugo so handsomely that the combined gains in the five wards were offset. A noteworthy fact is that Truelsen carried the Lester Park and Lakeside precincts.

When the last precinct reported at the city hall Hugo's lead was estimated at 23. In checking over the figures, however, it was found this lead was cut down to 8.

L. M. Willcuts and other leading Republicans did not seem inclined to believe this, so the entire 42 precincts

(Continued on Page 9.)

Democrats Elect Five of Eight Aldermen.

Proposed Charter Amendments Are Defeated.

A REPORT ON RULES

To Head Off All General Legislation Presented By Joint Committee of the Legislature.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate session prior to the joint meeting was confined to a postponement of consideration of the report of the rules committee to tomorrow morning. After the report had been read Senator J. D. Jones, of Todd county, chairman of the committee, moved its adoption, but Senator Daugherty said time ought to be given to consider the matter. Therefore he moved an amendment postponing consideration of the report to tomorrow morning, which Senator Jones accepted. The amended motion went over. Then the senate took a recess until it was ready to move into the house chamber to hear the governor's message.

The house session was equally brief, the time being given to the consideration of the proposed new rules. Only one, that limiting the number of employes and their compensation and shutting out all gratuities to employes and others by making unanimous consent necessary for their consideration, was adopted. The others were left until later in the session. At 10:30 the joint session was called to order and the two houses awaited the governor.

After the joint convention the senate returned to its chamber where it adopted the joint rules of the last session as those of this session. A proposition to adjourn to 2 o'clock was frowned upon, and an adjournment was taken to 10 o'clock tomorrow.

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The issue between the friends of speedy action on the bill and the advocates of thorough discussion was precipitated in the house after the joint session, when an amendment to the rules reported by the committee on rules that had been offered before the joint session by Representative Roberts of Hennepin counay, one of the warmest advocates of the bill as it stands, was taken up. His proposition was to make the bill a "special order" and to exclude everything else until it is settled. In the intervals of the daily sessions, the committee on taxes would arrange for public hearings, when any person or interest, desiring it could be heard on the bill. These sessions of the committee would be in the house chamber and open to all members of the house. The committee would be instructed, under the proposed amendment, to report the tax bill not later than Monday.

Representative Jacobson and other friends of the bill rallied to the support of this amendment, and in general the opponents of the bill, or of parts of it, lined up against it. The argument was long and somewhat heated and the session was prolonged until nearly 1 o'clock.

The trouble was settled by a proposition from Representative Jacobson to substitute an amendment providing that the bill should be made a special order of business when it is reported back by the tax committee, and not before. This means that the bill must be first introduced and then referred to the tax committee, which will hold hearings, and afterwards report it back. This compromise went through without a dissenting vote. The claim was made by the friends of the bill, during the argument that amendments that are being considered to the tax code, as reported, are in pursuance of a plan to defeat the bill by dilatory tactics.

There was much discussion on this point, and Representative Laybourn made an address which practically summed up the opposition to the Roberts amendment. He declared that Mr. Roberts' amendment was the first attempt by the supporters of the bill to force it through; in other words, to make the legislature swallow the bill whole. He asserted that all that he wanted and believed that it was the idea of the other opponents of the amendments, was to give the bill proper, systematic and honest consideration, in order that the best possible tax law might be formed. He believed the regular course the only one to follow to bring about such a result. He said that it took nine months for the commission to do its work, and the result of that labor of nine months had been in the hands of the members and the public for only twenty days. In so short a time there was not one man in Minnesota that had been able to get acquainted with the bill. He believed that to rush the bill through under these conditions would be dangerous to the tax payers of the state.

In reply to a statement from Representative Jacobson in which were included some shots at the St. Louis county delegation, Mr. Laybourn said that he could not speak for the delegation as a whole, but he believed he knew that their position was not that of opposition to the bill as a whole. They would stand for every good feature, and oppose every vicious one, of which there were many.

The rules, as amended, were adopted.

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Upon the action of the legislature today on the rules made up by the joint committee on rules at its meeting at the Windsor hotel yesterday afternoon depended the much-mooted question of "general legislation."

If the rules were adopted, it practically meant that all general legislation would be headed off.

If the rules were turned down, it meant the opening of the gate to let in a flood of bills now in more or less chaotic existence.

The disposition to go into general legislation exists in the legislative mind, and if the gates were once open enough bills to run the legal ninety days would undoubtedly be introduced. The average legislator likes to introduce bills, and the hope that he would have a chance this time has turned his mind that way strongly. The report of the committee on rules, which wise and statesmanlike document was the work of Senator Baldwin, of Duluth, is a bar in the way of these ambitions—if adopted.

Yesterday afternoon, before the result of the rules committee meeting became known, it looked like a long session, with almost as many bills as there would be at a regular session to be handled. The reasonable nature of the report, however, and the apparent impossibility of defeating it, made the prospect look less alarmingly pregnant with possibilities in the way of a long session.

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The joint committee, consisting of Representatives Dunn, Larson, O'Neill, Ofsthun and Harden, from the house, and Senators J. D. Jones, Young, Snyder, Somerville and Baldwin, from the senate, met at 2 o'clock at the Windsor and put in most of the afternoon. It was rather late, and there had been much discussion, when Senator Baldwin turned from a table where he had been scribbling and read the rules that he had been engaged upon. They took like wildfire with the committee and they went through without any opposition. They are as follows:

"Rule 68. No bill shall be considered unless it refers to the subject of taxation, or unless the subject of said bill is called to the attention of the legislature for its action by the governor, or unless said bill is a curative act or is local in effect.

"Rule 69. There shall be a committee of five members, to be appointed by the president of the senate, which shall be known as a committee on the reception of bills. Whenever a bill other than one upon the subject of taxation shall be introduced into the senate, it shall be referred to the committee on the reception of bills. It shall be the duty of the committee on the reception of bills to report for the consideration of the senate any bills referred to it which it shall find to come within any of the classes mentioned in rule 68; provided, that if any bill which is local in its

(Continued on Page 4.)

TUG BOILER EXPLODES

Fatal Disaster on Towboat John W. Ailes at Pittsburg---Deckhand Was Killed and Several Others Will Not Recover.

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.—By the explosion of the boilers on the towboat, John W. Ailes, owned by the Monongahela River Consolidated Coal & Coke company, near Lock No. 2, at 1:30 o'clock this morning, one man was killed outright, four probably fatally injured and several are still missing. Six others were rescued from the icy waters and two of these, Marla Walker, the cook and Jesse Williams, fireman, are dangerously injured.

The dead:

WILLIAM PERRY, deck hand, aged 30 years, found pinioned under the anchor with clothing afire.

Injured: Edward Mitchell, mate, aged 23 years, burned, will die. John W. Burke, pilot, aged 35 years. Floyd Still, engineer, aged 40. Marla Walker, negress cook, leg broken and otherwise injured, rescued from the river. James Williams, fireman, aged 30 years, leg broken and seriously hurt. Booker Null, second engineer, aged 22 years. William Campbell, fireman, aged 26 years, badly burned.

Missing: John Coffin, watchman, aged 22 years. Weaver Wolf, deck hand.

Those rescued were Capt. W. L. Shaw, commander of the boat; John Rankin, deck hand; David McBride, deck hand; Reuben Watts, negro deck hand; Marla Walker and James Williams.

There was a crew of fourteen aboard the Ailes, including the captain.

The captain, with Chief Engineer Still, Fireman Campbel and Cook Marla Walker, had just gone off duty, and the new watch was made up of Burke, Null, Mitchell, Williams, Perry and Wolf.

They had passed the Homestead steel works and were nearing the city, with seven flat boats of coal in tow, when one of the boilers let go with terrific force. The boat immediately took fire and burned so rapidly that all who were abed had to take to the river. In a few minutes the tow boat Vulcan came upon the scene and nearly all were rescued. The injured were brought to Pittsburg and seven of them are now at Mercy hospital. Four of these are believed to be in a dangerous condition and may not recover.

The Ailes was completely destroyed and the loss is placed at $25,000. The boat was considered one of the best owned by the coal combine and its boilers had been inspected a few days ago. No one has been able to give an account of the manner in which the accident occurred. The surviving members of the crew claim that they were not carrying a greater pressure of steam than the government allows.

BIDDLE BROTHERS BURIED

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.—The remains of Edward and John Biddle were quietly interred in a single grave at Calvary cemetery at 9:45 o'clock this morning. There were not more than twenty-five persons including the brother, Harry Biddle, that accompanied the bodies to the grave. At the cemetery Rev. Father Sweeney read the burial service of the Roman Catholic church, and as the grave was filled up the few mourners quietly returned to their homes.

It was expected that the cemetery would be crowded by curious persons and a large force of police was on hand to preserve order, but their services were not needed.

TOOK REFUGE IN HEN COOP

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire drove the family of Pat Bowlin, at 395 West Cook street, out into the cold at 3 o'clock this morning. The family, clad only in their night clothes, took refuge in a chicken coop, where an oil stove kept them warm.

The fire was caused by an overheated stove. Loss, $1200. The house and contents were totally destroyed.

DE WET LOSES LAST GUN

According to a Dispatch From Lord Kitchener the British Have Been Unusually Successful In Killing and Capturing Boers.

London, Feb. 5.—The British pursuit of Gen. De Wet has been successful to the extent that his last gun has been captured and Commandant Wessels, one of his principal lieutenants, has been routed. Lord Kitchener sent the news in a dispatch from Pretoria, dated Tuesday, Feb. 4, as follows:

"Byngs' column, while proceeding towards Liebenburgvleit after a night march, attacked and routed a considerable force of the enemy under command of Wessels. We captured a 15-pounder and a pom-pom taken from Fireman's column, and also a Boer pom-pom, that was the last gun De Wet had and three wagons of ammunition, 150 horses and 100 mules. The Boer casualties were 5 men killed, 6 wounded and 27 men captured. Among the killed was Field Cornet Wessels. Among the prisoners is Capt. Muller of the Staats artillery. The enemy was scattered. Our casualties were slight.

"The national scouts near Middelsburg (Cape Colony) captupred thirteen prisoners.

"Plumer, near Amersfort, (Transvaal), captured seven prisoners and 500 head of cattle.

"Gen. Gilbert Hamilton captured 32 prisoners."

INDIANS BURN A PIONEER

Tucson, Ariz., Feb. 5.—The charred remains of A. T. Vail, a pioneer rancher, were found in the ruins of his house at Aravapal canon, eighty-five miles from Tucson. The supposition is that the house was burned down by Apache Indians, who roam around that section. It is believed that the Indians killed Vail, looted the house and burned it. The Indians are much dissatisfied on account of the government cutting off their rations.

BURGLARS MAKE NEAT HAUL

New York, Feb. 5.—Early today four masked men entered the office of George Hill, a contractor of Elizabethport, N. J., who is constructing car shops for the Jersey Central railroad, and after gagging a watchman, carried off $2500 in money. The robbers, after gagging and binding the watchman, struck him over the head with a piece of iron because he was trying to free himself from his bonds. The man was badly hurt and taken to the hospital.

A CIGARETTE CAUSED FIRE

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire was discovered in the northeast corner of the basement of the old state capitol building at 10 o'clock this morning. The blaze started in a pile of new legislature supplies just arrived to be used for the extra session of the legislature. Some one with a lighted cigarette had passed through and dropped the stub among the loose wrappers.

Several janitors put out the blaze. The department arrived, but its services were not required. The damage was nominal.

WOODARD IS MAYOR.

Result of the City Election at Tower.

Tower, Minn., Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Following was the result of the city election here yesterday: Mayor, M. C. Woodard; treasurer, Oscar Akerson; recorder, M. F. Marion; municipal judge, A. D. Fuller; Aldermen, C. C. Oppel, J. Nastung and T. H. Wheeler; assessor, S. E. McLaughlin; constable, John Purd.

BRITONS FEAR SHIP SUBSIDY

New York, Feb. 5.—British shipowners have been watching with great interest the efforts of the United States to foster the growth of the merchant marine, says a London dispatch to the Herald. Particularly has their attention been devoted to the progress of the subsidy bill in congress. It is not too much to say that they believe if this bill becomes law it will deal a severe blow to British shipping.

On Wednesday the chambers of shipping of the United Kingdom, sometimes described as "the shipowners' parliament," will meet. Col. Ropner, M. P., probably will be re-elected president. One of the chief subjects for discussion will be the outcome of the possible passage of the American subsidy bill.

DEFECTIVE PAGE



OH, THAT BACK!

Ache! Ache! Ache! Takes all the life, all the energy out of you. Makes you miserable. There is a danger in it, too. Neglect the warning of a bad back, you neglect an appeal from the kidneys. When the back is bad—when it's lame or week—when it aches—when it's tired, the kidneys are sick—demand attention.

Doan's Kidney Pills

Relieves quickly the aches and pains and weakness of a bad back. Doan's Kidney Pills cure all kidney ills—cure urinary troubles—too frequent urinary discharges—retention of the urine—and all dangerous disorders of the kidneys and bladder. If you fail to help the kidneys in time, Diabetes, Dropsy, Bright's Disease, are sure to follow. Doan's Kidney Pills are endorsed by friends and neighbors, by people you know.



DULUTH PROOF:

The Downward Course:
Lame Back,
Backache,
Weak Back,
Dizzy,
Despondent,
Too Free Urination,
Retention of Urine,
Rheumatic Pains,
Diabetes,
Dropsy,
Bright's Disease.

Fifth Street.

Mr. A. Ebmer, of 331 Fifth street, east, says: "A heavy, dull, persistent aching pain through my loins was most distressing, for I could not rest well and no position seemed comfortable. I tried a great many different times to get relief, but no medicine I could find gave me any material benefit. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store and used it. I obtained relief right away, and since then I have never had them fail to relieve me promptly whenever I had a slight recurrence, say from catching cold or straining myself."

London Road.

Henry Hibke, police officer at Lakeside, residing at No. 4544 London road, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone who is at all troubled with their kidneys or suffers from pains through the loins, or from the effects of colds settling in the kidneys. An officer's work necessitates his being exposed to all kinds of weather. A few years past I had attacks whenever I caught cold and a heavy aching pain developed across my loins, and the kidney secretions became irregular and unnatural. Otherwise I have always enjoyed the best of health. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's and began using the remedy. The trouble was soon removed."

Highland Park.

Mr. J. B. Robinson, residing at Highland Park, office 502 Palladio building, says: "I can highly recommend Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone troubled with backache or kidney complaint. For ten or twelve years I was a great sufferer from kidney remedies, designed for the kidneys, but did not receive any material benefit. The kidney secretions were very irregular and unnatural. I could not rest well at night, and in the morning felt used up. I was advised to give Doan's Kidney Pills a trial, got them at W. A. Abbett's drug store and used them with the most satisfactory results. They well merit the high esteem in which they are held generally."

Fifth Street.

Mr. J. E. Watts, who lives at 811 Fifth street, east, bricklayer by trade, says: "I had a very severe attack of pain through the small of my back just over the kidneys. It was so bad that I could hardly get around, much less stoop, and as a bricklayer when at work is almost constantly in a stooped position I was unable to work. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills advertised, I thought I would try them, for plasters and other remedies had failed to give me any relief. I got a box at W. A. Abbett's drug store, and began to use the remedy. In a few days the pain entirely left me and I felt as well as ever."

Superior Street.

Mrs. M. McGillivray, of 1228 Superior street, says: "I was troubled with my kidneys a good deal for a year or two and had heavy dull pains through my loins. My back tired easily especially if I reclined or sat long in one position. In the morning I felt tired and worn out. The kidney secretions were unnatural and I was troubled with persistent headaches. I was advised to try Doan's Kidney Pills, procured a box from the Duluth Drug company's store and began to use the preparation. I received wonderful benefit from the treatment and since using Doan's Kidney Pills I have felt splendid."

Be Sure You Get It
Get what you ask for.
Get the genuine.
Get D-O-A-N-S.
Nothing else like it.
Nothing just as good.
Foster-Milburn Co.,
Buffalo, N. Y.,
Sole Agents,
All Drug Stores.
Price 50 cents.

DECISION IS FILED

Interesting Ruling In Case of Bernard Heller vs. Louis Loeb.

Involves Settlement of a Liability on Bond to City.

Heller Settled It and Wanted Loeb to Pay Half.

Judge Ensign has handed down a decision in a suit brought by Bernard Heller against Louis Loeb. The suit involved a settlement of a suit brought to recover one-half of a sum paid by the plaintiff to settle his liability on a bond given as surety. The decision finds for the defendant.

The action grew out of the failure of Bell &Esler's bank in 1899. This bank was a depository for city funds, and a bond for $90,000 was given the city to indemnify it against possible loss. One of the sureties on this bond was Bernard Heller. At this time Bernard Heller and L. S. Loeb were co-partners as Heller & Loeb. In January, 1895, the firm dissolved partnership. It was supposed that suit would be instituted by the city against the bondsmen of the insolvent bank and it was known that these sureties would contest their liability. Consequently, when the firm of Heller & Loeb dissolved, an agreement was entered into that the contingent liability should apply equally as between the two partners, for it was understood that Heller signed the bond in the interest of the firm and not as a personal matter.

About a year later suit was brought on the bond. Judgment was not obtained, and the plaintiff settled the city's claim against him by the payment of $850 and attorney's fees.

Judge Ensign holds that no liability had even arisen by reason of judgment on the bond. He finds that prior to the settlement Heller never advised with Loeb about a settlement and that Loeb never in way consented to or has since acquiesced in a settlement. Afterward Heller demanded of Loeb the payment of one-half the amount paid to compromise the contingent liability, which Loeb refused to pay.

The court dismisses the action and gives defendant judgment for costs.

ASSESSMENT DISPUTE.

Peculiar Point Arises In Town of Mesaba.

Assessor McRae of the town of Mesaba was at the court house this morning. Mr. McRae was the officer who placed on the personal property assessment rolls of the town of Mesaba some boilers belonging to the C. M. Hill Lumber company. The lumber company contested the assessment on the ground that while the boilers were assessed as being located on a certain piece of property, the property itself did not appear on the tax rolls. The contention was made that if the real property was not assessed, and so was presumed not to exist, the personal property could not be assessed.

It apears that the property on which the boilers was located was not on the list of assessable property furnished by the county auditor, probably because it was state land, and the assessor could not therefore assess it. The matter involved was a small one, but it brought up an interesting question, and many wondered how the assesor could list the personal property without assessing the real property on which it was located.

Artists' Recital
By Mr. George Tyler,
In Matinee Musicale Course
Postponed to Thursd'y Feb. 13

AFTER MORE IRON.

Hill Interests Get Two Leases on Mesaba.

The activity of the Hill interests in adding to their iron holdings on the Mesaba range and in making their holdings producers of ore continues. This morning two more leases were filed in the office of the register of deeds, whereby mining rights were transferred to Louis W. Hill, who acts for the Eastern Railway of Minnesota. The leases run from Laura A. Day, of Minneapolis, and are dated Dec. 2 last. Both are for thirty years, a 25-cent royalty is provided for, and the minimum output is fixed at 40,000 tons a year in each case. One lease covers the sw¼ of the ne¼ of section 31-58-20. The other description is the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 31-58-20. Timber and all rights except those for exploring for and mining iron ore are reserved by the owner of the fees. The properties involved are the Day mine near Hibbing and a nearby forty in the same section.

Enameline
ENAMELINE
BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE
THE MODERN STOVE POLISH
Brilliant, Clean, Easily Applied, Absolutely Odorless.
LIQUID—BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!

TO HAVE A RECOUNT

Probability That the Ballots Will Again Be Gone Over.

Henry Truelsen Says He Has Consented to a Friendly Recount.

Eleven Truelsen Votes That Reached the Polls Too Late.

The election is the topic of conversation about town today.

Reports have been circulated to the effect that mistakes have been unearthed which will elect Truelsen on the recount, but such rumors are without foundation.

The counting ceased at 2 o'clock this morning and the reports of the election judges and the ballot boxes are in the vault in the city clerk's office guarded night and day by a policeman. The official canvass will take place Monday evening.

They will not be touched or removed from the vault till the court appoints the commissioners to recount the ballots.

This recounting will probably begin the latter part of next week and will be pushed forward as speedily as possible.

• • •

"I am very proud of the vote given me, and I cannot begin to express my gratitude to the people who stood by me so splendidly yesterday," said Henry Truelsen this morning.

"At the urgent request of friends whose desires are entitled to consideration, I have consented to a friendly recount of the ballots. It seems probable that mistakes may have been made in counting so many votes, but the recount is just as likely to increase Mr. Hugo's lead as it is to benefit me. It seems only fair that we should have a recount.

"I do not feel disappointed over the result for personal reasons. I simply desired to be of further benefit to the people of Duluth.

"It is certainly a source of comfort to look over the new aldermen elected. It makes one feel that the city is in safe hands."

• • •

Truelsen's deefat is said to be due to a trick that was turned on him at West Duluth.

The Democrats had eleven votes at a banking ground opposite West Duluth. Later in the afternoon they sent a sleigh over the St. Louis bay ice for these men, but the Republicans saw fit to get their driver on the sleigh. As a result the eleven votes reached West Duluth a few minutes after the polls closed. If Truelsen had secured these eleven votes he would have been elected by three.

• • •

Mayor Hugo said he was surprised at the close vote and said that the campaign put up by Henry Truelsen was something to be proud of, even in defeat. He says that he is very grateful for the re-election and is glad that the excitement of the political campaign is over.

• • •

L. M. Willcuts admitted this morning that it is a pretty hard matter to predict election results in Duluth. He frankly admits that all his guesses were badly off. The Republican committee had not looked for anything like the majority for Hugo that he got in the First ward. On the other hand, Mr. Willcuts said the Fifth ward was counted upon as practically certain for Hugo by at least 100. Instead of that Truelsen got more than 100.

• • •

Mr. Hugo and Mr. Truelsen met on Superior street this morning. They shook hands and the defeated candidate congratulated the mayor. Both concluded they had every right to feel proud of themselves, and the mayor said he was particularly happy to think that in two years in office he had succeeded in making two new friends.

• • •

Republicans and Democrats alike are praising Henry Truelsen for the great up-hill fight he made. The Republicans started in the campaign from the primary election with 850 more votes than the Democrats and yet Truelsen cut that down to eight.

• • •

J. Adam Bede spent the forenoon at the court house, for the purpose, it is said, of looking up the title to the site of a proposed improvement at Hermantown. Bede said in his speeches for Hugo that if his champion were not elected he would move up to Hermantown and start a creamery so as to be near a good town.

"I tell you we're great people," said Mr. Bede this morning. "We've gained two votes in two years, and if we keep on at this rate we're going to become a great party.

"I don't know whether to think it was my ten speeches that won those two votes or whether it was Vic Dash's testimonial to the character of LaLonde."

Mr. Dash looked up from his work and allowed that it was probably Bede's speeches.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

Teachers' examinations will be held in Tower by E. O. Loveland; in Virginia by S. W. Gelpin, and Duluth by A. T. Park, on February 6, 7 and 8, 1902. All persons desiring to take the examination will present themselves at 7:50, February 6th, in the high schools at Tower and Virginia, or room 26, Jackson school, Duluth.

A. T. PARK,
County Superintendent of Schools.

McCullough Turns Up.

J. H. McCollough, the missing tinner, curler and musician, has returned to Duluth. He says that he heard of a position at Hibbing and only went up there to look after it. He says he sent a messenger to tell his family of it, but he failed to inform them.

Wait! Wait! Wait!

For the $20,000 fire sale of clothing. Everything goes at 15 to 50 cents off on the dollar. The most wonderful sacrifice ever offered in clothing and prices in Duluth before. The Van Guard Clothing company, 407 West Superior street.

MINING MEN.

Pickands-Mather People Go to Mesaba to View Properties.

A special train left over the Missabe road at 1 o'clock today for Hibbing, carrying a party of Pickands-Mather people. Among them were H. S. Hazleton and Mr. Reese, who came up from below on the Omaha. They went direct from the incoming train to the Union depot, boarded Vice President Olcott's private car, which was coupled to an engine and left as soon as the party was all aboard. Luncheon was taken on the car. C. H. Munger, manager of the iron mining interests of Pickands, Mather & Co., joined the party, as did Capt. W. C. Agnew of the Mahoning.

It is understood that the Pickands-Mather people are here to take action on a deal pending for the purchase of the leases of a couple of iron properties on the Mesaba range. The leases are both owned by A. Maitland, of Negaunee. One property is located in section 32, 58-20, east of Hibbing, and the other is located south of the Fayal. The Pickands-Mather people took an option on the leases of the properties, and have been conducting exploratory operations with a view to proving the estimates made by Mr. Maitland, on which the purchase of the leases was based. Today is said to be the last day under the option for closing the deal. The party expects to come down off the range tomorrow.

TO BE WARMER.

Weather to Be More Moderate For a Time.

"Election is over and now we will have a period of warm weather after the frost," said the weather man this morning, as he took a look at the thermometer, scanned the sky and read his reports preparatory to manufacturing some weather for the next twenty-four hours.

The forecast indicates probable snow flurries tonight and tomorrow, with slight change in temperature for the head of the lake region. The reports from the United States weather stations up to 7 o'clock this morning show that cold weather still continues throughout the lake region, central valleys and the Northwest. Temperatures have been rising in districts lying between the Rocky mountains and the Mississippi river, but have fallen in the Eastern cities.

It was 7 degrees warmer in Duluth this morning than yesterday morning. Yesterday there was quite a large ice field in the lake off the canal, but the high westerly winds that prevailed last night drove a large part of the floe out into the lake.

California Tours.

If you are contemplating a trip to California, call at the Great Northern Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel, for full information as to rates, routes, etc., also nicely illustrated literature regarding train service, pleasure resorts, hotel accommodations and many other things of interest to prospective travelers. Tourists tickets on sale daily. Direct connection at St. Paul with any line, with through tourist car to San Francisco and Los Angeles without change.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES
Fifty years of success prove these troches the simplest and best remedy for Coughs, Hoarseness, Bronchial and Lung Troubles.
In boxes—never sold in bulk.

EXPENSIVE.

William Wallace Finds Bowery Hotel Life Pretty High.

High life in a Bowery hotel cost William Wallace $100 a day and his freedom.

In police court this morning he explained that he went to the hotel four days ago and in that time had been separated from $400.

He does not charge the hotel proprietor or others about the place with directly robbing him, but says that as soon as they found he had money they got him in such a condition that money was no object to him.

Still drunk and financially shattered he wandered own past police headquarters yesterday afternoon and was taken inside.

The authorities believe the story he tells about the loss of so much money and will probably have the saloon license of the hotel proprietor revoked, while Wallace may begin civil action to recover part of his money.

The case is said to be one of the most glaring pieces of work that has come to the attention of the police for some time. It was worked cleverly and so quietly that a policeman that was watching Wallace very closely did not get on to the game till it was too late.

The police say they will not tolerate fleecing and especially where it is so easy to put fleecers out of business if they persist in that kind of work.

FAVORABLE

Report on Nelson's Bill For Mille Lacs Indians.

Washington, Feb. 5.—(Special to the Herald.)—A favorable report was today made to the senate on Senator Nelson's bill for the relief of the Mille Lacs Chippewa Indians. It provides that the secretary of the interior shall cause to be appraised all improvements made by these Indians on the Mille Lacs reservation, and he is directed to pay them the amount of compensation found due, provided they consent to remove from the present reservation. The Mille Lacs will be allowed to take up residence and obtain allotments in severalty, either on the White Earth or any other of the ceded reservations in Minnesota on which allotments are made to Indians.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

ANOTHER MAN MISSING.

St. Louis, Feb. 5.—At 12:30 this afternoon Chief Swigley said that after a careful investigation he finds another man is missing. The seventh man who is supposed to be dead in the ruins is William Westenhoff, of Company No. 12.

G. A. R. BOARD MEETS.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The pension board of the G. A. R. met here today. The object of the meeting is to hear and consider various complaints and grievances of members of the G. A. R. with respect to pensions and to take action regarding pending pension legislation.

INDIAN FLUTE DANCE.

In the course of public lectures delivered in the Free Museum of the University of Pennsylvania, Curator Stewart Culin, after speaking af the increasing difficulty af procuring specimens from the Hopi and Zuni Indians, thus described a Hopi flute dance at Shipalovi, Ariz., says the Pittsburg Leader.

"The dance is a water ceremony, and the Indians wear special costumes. The four fluters were dressed in kilts, and carried long wood flutes, ornamented with bulbs of painted wood. Two unmarried girls, whose hair was combed down, faces painted, carefully gowned in red bordered white blankets, were prominent in the ceremonies. With them was a tiny boy whose naked body was smeared with yellow paint in symbolic designs. Dressing completed, the old men seated themselves on the side of the pool, with their feet in the water, and took out gourd rattles, making at the same time a low, crooning chant. A tall athletic youth purified the pool by pulling out algae, then dived beneath the water and reappeared with one of the netted gourds. This operation was repeated, and the ceremonies at the spring were over. The participants formed a procession, a priest in advance, then the two girls and the boy, bearing gourds and basket trays horizontally above their heads; then an older priest, the flutters, a warrior with whizzer, and solemnly and revenertially chanting in a low musical tone. They marched out upon the terrace and concluded with mumbled prayers."

What Shall We Have for Dessert?
This question arises in the family every day. Let us answer it to-day. Try
Jell-O,
a delicious and healthful dessert. Prepared in two minutes. No boiling! no baking! add boiling water and set to cool. Flavors:—Lemon, Orange, Raspberry and Strawberry. Get a package at your grocers to-dav. 10 cts.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

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PATENTS!
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence,
James T. Watson,
Washington, D. C. Established 1865.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Brass Works,
Manufacturers.
Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

COLD SNAP SPECIALS

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $22.50 and $25.00.... **$17.75**

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $18.50 and $20.00.... **$13.75**

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $13.50 and $15.00..... **$9.75**

WINTER CAPS.

$1.50 Caps..... **$1.00** $1.00 Caps..... **75c**

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

Gloves and Mittens worth $1.00, for..... **75c**
Gloves and Mittens worth $1.50, for..... **$1.10**
Gloves and Mittens worth $2.00, for..... **$1.49**

Sloan, Leverou & Co.
125-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

MAD KING

Bavaria's Monarch Breaks a Silence of Twelve Years.

Sings Classical Songs--- He Is a Puzzle to Physicians.

The swan's song for a king was for days heard daily in and around Castle Fuerstenreid, and a cordon of troops had to be established to keep the people at a distance. Now, no one is allowed to hear the royal Otho sing—no one but his own courtiers, physicians, keepers and servants, the sentinels walking under his window and the Hussars on scout duty in the forest surrounding the palace, writes the Munich correspondent of the St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A large number of Munich people assembled for days to hear the songs, some mere curiosity seekers, but also officials, army officers and several noted physicians. As one of the latter allowed me to accompany him into the garden adjoining the east wing of the castle, where Otho spends most of his time, my opportunity for observation was very good.

After waiting a long while we heard a commotion in one of the lower apartments. A person in livery was trying to shut one of the high windows that reach almost to the ground, while some one else grabbed him by the shoulder and ordered him to desist. The person in authority, we learned later on, was the king's body physician, who, being afraid that his patient might be irritated by the lackey's actions, took it upon himself to countermand the court marshal's instructions. The servant bowed himself out after drawing the silk curtains, and presently a tall man with long beard and hair, to judge by his shadow, stepped into the room. The king!

After the shadow-picture had settled himself again everything became quiet again and the whole castle lay like death, for there are no pigeons or other birds, or even dogs, about Fuerstenried, the king's passion for shooting at any living thing he catches sight of outside the palace having caused their removal or driven them away. Suddenly the sound of an agreeable baritone voice broke the stillness.

At first the articulation was faulty and undecided, but soon we were able to make out the text, "Ah, how deceitful is woman's heart," the great aria from "Rigoletto." The singing was full of the affected pathos of the Italian school of thirty years ago; enunciation, breathing and phrasing, all were as constrained and unnatural as a German, following foreign methods, could possibly make them. Yet, nevertheless, the fundamental harmonies were there and the flourishes were well taken, though their finer color was lost, together with the element of repose.

For ten minutes or longer the royal Otho went over the part, now repeating certain cadences, again omitting passages that presumably had escaped his memory; then, simultaneously, the singing ceased in the midst of a flourish—ceased with electric suddenness, as if a string had burst, its ends hitting the sounding board hard as they came down.

My medical companion said: "Really a remarkable achievement, the voice clear and capable of taking the higher notes, but the finale does not surprise me—it couldn't be otherwise than it was. The king's mental ailments do not exclude bright moments, but moments—"

He broke off, for the royal singer had begun again. This time the theme was an aria from a half-forgotten musical work. "A Heavenly Being is Approaching," he sang, from Halevy's opera, "Guido and Giurea."

This time King Otho's intonation was less conventional or formal; he pronounced the words as if he were speaking instead of singing, and though his voice rose to considerable height, it labored under an tremolo. "His heart is in the song," whispered the physician; "don't miss a note—now the real madman is at work."

I don't know of any better or of any other description. All the sorrows that oppress a poor, suffering soul echoed in the song; there was physical pain, resignation, longing for death in it. The "Rigolette" aria will be forgotten by the listeners; this song, never.

We were enjoying this unexpected treat with all the enthusiasm police-ridden subjects, who forever stand in dread of lese majeste, are capable of, when an officer of the palace appeared to ask us politely, but firmly, to withdraw at once. Even a royal lunatic, and madman at that, must not express "disloyal" views of the kaiser within the hearing of outsiders. To save appearances, however, a lackey was ordered to take us over the green houses, and after inspecting these we were permitted to return to our place of vantage, possibly because the courtier was quite sure that his crazy majesty had, in the meantime, exhausted his repertoire of invective.

King Otho was still singing. "He sometimes keeps it up for twelve hours on a stretch," said the flunky, nominally placed at our service, but in fact commanded to keep a close watch on us.

The poor insane man had again changed his tune, fancy or accident leading him from up-to-date vaudeville to the chansons of Offenbach, and the sweet melodies of Lortzing and Strauss—things that were new twenty or thirty years ago. But the note of pleasure observed in his initial deliveries was now absent; he left most of the songs and couplets unfinished and once or twice I thought I heard him cry in the midst of some risque ditty that used to delight past generations of theater-goers. This went on for another half hour; then, suddenly, a crash of broken glass, a piercing, inarticulate voice shouted in rage or terror, or both. A big window pane lay shattered on the pavement of the courtyard, while inside heavy articles of decoration and furniture were thrown about. The servant, observing our astonished looks, said unconcernedly: "One of his usual fits. Glad I'm off duty."

At that moment the palace official again appeared and we went away without waiting for his request.

On my way back to Munich I had the good fortune to fall in with several officials of Castle Fuedstenrier, who talked quite freely of the mad king's condition. Speaking of Otho's late musical accomplishments, one of them said: "The elder courtiers are not at all surprised at the reawakening of his majesty's interest in music, as he was passionately fond of opera before his fatal illness. Indeed, the several misunderstandings he had with his brother, the late Ludwig II, were entirely due to the latter's refusel to admit Prince Otho to his special operatic performances and concerts, particularly those of Wagner's works. So jealous was King Ludwig of his prerogatives that he wouldn't allow his own brother the use of the royal box at the theater when an important opera was on the boards.

As a consequence his present majesty had to forego his chiefest craving. Intimate acquaintance with the music of the future, a thing that embittered him against music in general during the last years of his freedom. Hence the absolute silence he maintained for so long a period.

"When the craze to sing first seized his Majesty," said another inmate of Castle Fuerstenried, "he ordered the leader of the orchestra to his room, and, remember, no one had heard him utter an articulate sound for years before. Yet he said to the professor, somewhat slowly, perhaps, but pronouncing each word accurately: 'I attended Halevy's "Guido and Giuera" last night and think the music charming. Whole arias stuck to my memory, though I never saw the score or book.' Then he stepped back a few paces, struck a stagey attitude and sang: 'A beautiful lady is approaching,' the song which remained a favorite with him ever since then.

"When his majesty had finished the kapellmeister congratulated him on his musical ear and perfect execution, but Otho didn't seem to hear him. He stood in the center of the room lost in thought, occasionally wiping his eyes and cheek with the flat of his hand. But all of a sudden he turned upon the musician, commanding him to play the aria upon the piano. As the professor knew the piece by heart he acquitted himself with honors, and Otho was highly pleased.

"'I will send for you again,' he said, when he dismissed the kapellmeister. Then he sat down at the grand and tried to play the aria himself but, not having touched a piano for fifteen or more years, he produced only dissonances. That put him in a terrible rage. Seizing a bronze statue he began to pound the sounding board and keys, and, after wrecking the improvised hammer, continued the work of destruction with china vases, spittoons, picture frames, firearms, chairs, everything within reach. When the physicians arrived on the scent he was tearing the strings of the instrument with his teeth."

A few days later he ordered a grand vocal concert, at which he desired to be the sole attendant, after the manner of his insane brother Ludwig. A high priced prima donna was forthwith engaged and the throneroom made ready for the occasion, but at the appointed hour Otho went to bed, and it wouldn't have been safe to disturb him. When he awoke he asked whether the singer had received the barrel of gold he had left for her on his writing desk, and the lackey answering in the negative, contrary to instructions, Otho ordered his ears cut off. "We had to show him a pair of ears cut from a freshly killed pig and properly trimmed before he quieted down," said the official.

On one occasion Kline Otho attempted to shoot the kapellmeister, because the poor man, not being allowed to sit down at the piano out of respect for the majesty, happened to strike a false note.

KILLED BY A TRAIN.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Gustav Miller, wife of a striking, through the Canadian Pacific yards today, was struck by a train. Her head, hands and feet were severed from her body.

LAW UNCONSTITUTIONAL.

Cadillac, Mich., Feb. 5.—Judge C. C. Chittenden, in the circuit court here today declared the state law prohibiting the sale of colored oleo as unconstitutional.

CLAVERDALE FLOATED.

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 5.—The British steamship Claverdale from China and Pagan for New York, which went ashore on Brigantine shoal during Sunday night's storm, was floated today with the aid of several tugs. The Claverdale was apparently uninjured.

TRAINS ALL LATE.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 5.—The heavy snow storm and high winds which have prevailed in Western Michigan intermittently for several days are seriously interfering with railroad traffic. Passenger trains in all directions are from one hour to half a day late. Freight traffic has been almost completely paralyzed.

BANQUET AND BALL

Wholesale Grocers and Commission Men Entertain Retail Dealers.

Given at the Armory and an Immense Crowd Present.

State President P. G. Hanson and Secretary Mason Here.

The first annual banquet and ball, given by the wholesale grocers and commission merchants to the members of the Duluth Retail Grocers' association and their employes, was held in the Armory last evening. Between 1800 and 2000 guests were present and the entertainment was one of the most successful of the kind that has been undertaken in the city in years. The jobbers and commission men spared no effort to make the affair one that the grocers and their friends would not forget for a little while, and it is conceded by the guests that they fully succeeded.

The first part of the evening was devoted to a musical and literary program, which was an excellent one, the best taken in the city apearing in the musical numbers.

H. B. Knudsen, of the Knudsen-Ferguson company was chairman of the entertainment. Mr. Knudsen arrived from the Pacific coast yesterday afternoon purposely for the event of last evening.

Mayor T. W. Hugo made the opening address, and while it was election night and a time when that official would naturally be most anxious as to matters pertaining to his election or defeat, he was equal to the occasion and talked in his usual happy vein.

Among the guests of the evening were P. G. Hanson, of St. Paul, president of the Minnesota State Retail Grocers' association, who is also past president of the national organization, and eSecretary Mason of St. Paul, of the state association. Both of these officials made addresses, as did C. M. Griffin, of West Superior, past president of the Wisconsin State Retail association and formerly an officer of the national organization.

President Henry Folz, of the local retail grocers' association, responded to the felicitations on behalf of the association he represents.

The musical entertainment was one of the best features of the evening. The Duluth Glee glub sang three selections that were received with vociferous applause. A ladies' quartet was accorded an equally enthusiastic reception. Solos were rendered by Miss Clara Hector, Mrs. Berryman, Professor C. W. Weeks and John Martin.

The program was followed by the banquet and dance, many of the guests coming from West Superior.

The dance program consisted of twenty numbers, exclusive of the extras, and Flaaten's full orchestra played.

Much of the credit of the successful event is due to the committees, which were as follows:

Reception—C. A. Rust. H. H. Gasser, J. W. Lent, J. H. Morton, C. L. Twohy, Thomas Thompson, J. F. Ross, C. B. Numan, and A. A. Kerr.

Entertainment—Charles Fitzsimmons, E. H. Ferguson, Peter Elmon, C. E. Peaslee, Henry Folz, R. H. Rathbun, J. H. Fink, P. J. Dow, and Gust Swenson.

Floor—D. E. Case, Richard Dinham, D. O'Leary, T. F. Trevillion, H. R. Brush, Edward Wilcutts, Edward Baker, E. Johnson, and William Peyton.

Refreshments—Simon Clark, George Ebert, and Albert Holcomb.

Arrangements — H. B. Knudsen, Charles Phelps, W. G. Starkey, T. W. Walker, Mr. Nelson, George Ebert, Charles Franson, and Albert Holcomb.

HOTELS ARE BUSY.

Having Large Trade For This Time of Year.

Yesterday was one of the biggest winter days the Spalding has had since the boom times of long ago. Some special event may have brought in as many arrivals in the interim, and of course the tourist season in the summer often attracts as many or more. But for an ordinary winter day, Chief Clerk Raidt felt pretty well satisfied with the four filled pages of the register, all dated "Feb. 4." A very large share of the hotel business just now is made up of commercial men, who are visiting Duluth in larger numbers than ever before.

The St. Louis is also having an exceptionally large run of business for the dull season, and Clerk Michaud is kept hustling to take care of all of his guests.

Successful Meetings.

The revival services held in the First Methodist church for the past month, have been among the most successful ever held in the city. The church feels that great good has been accomplished and it has received great benefit. Conversions have taken place almost every evening. The services have been in charge of the pastor, Dr. Long, who has been ably assisted by John Callahan and Professor C. W. Weeks. The meetings will close on Thursday evening, when members and probationers will be taken into the church.

The usual service will be held this evening at 7:45, when Mr. Callahan will speak on "Naaman."

SAVED HER CHILD'S LIFE.

"In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by Pneumonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that, in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medicine saved his life." Millions know it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Lung diseases. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free.

Elks' Ladies' Night THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6th

Committee { C. M. Mauseau, W. E. Eden. J. O. Swan.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Smoke Duluth Herald 5 cigar, 5 cents.

Judge Dibell has ordered judgment clearing title to the e½ of the ne¼ of section 8-51-12. Under the judgment, George C. Howe is declared to be the exclusive owner of the property in question, and the holders of all claims of lien or interest arising through Jennie E. Pugsley Noble's claims to the property are estopped from asserting such rights by injunction which is a part of the judgment.

The annual business meeting will be held at Hope church this evening at 8 o'clock.

Parlor theater. All fun this week.

Duck Gaem, the West End Chinaman, whom his landlord thinks is touched mentally, will be examined by a medical board before Probate Judge Bonham this afternoon. Duck Gaem continues to labor under the apprehension that somebody is after him, and the medical men will try to read Chinese characters and determine who it is this afternoon. Duck Gaem wasn't inclined to go to bed last night without his pet butcher knife.

Second papers have been taken out by Gustaf Matson, and Matti Rengo, both formerly subjects of Russia.

Parlor theater. Season's greatest show.

Fire in a bed room in the home of A. L. McGregor, 1401 East Third street, caused considerable excitement in that neighborhood last evening. The blaze was confined to the bed room till the fire department arrived, when it was quickly put out with chemicals.

Prof. Tyler, who has been ill for some time, has recovered and will be able to give his recital Thursday evening.

The hearing of Milo D. Jones, the letter carrier who is charged with abstracting money from registered letters, was begun before Commissioner Pressnell in the federal building this afternoon at 3 o'clock.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. J. H. Smith, of Iron River, Wis returned to her home after two weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. A. F. Krumchke.

Mrs. Fred Winters, of Sparta, was the guest of Mrs. E. J. Lewis this week.

C. A. Duncan expects to leave this evening over the South Shore for the Soo.

C. A. Hurd, a Buffalo lumberman, arrived at the Spalding this morning.

Ole Peterson, of Lamoure, is a guest at the St. Louis.

Charles Eaton will leave today for a trip through the South. He goes via the Omaha.

Arthur H. Fleming, of Pasadena, Cal., is a guest at the Spalding.

H. D. Davidson and Capt. Alexander McDougall left last night over the Eastern for St. Paul, to look after this city's interests in pending legislation.

E. G. Akeley, the extensive Minneapolis lumberman, is at the Spalding.

William Fogarty and J. A. McGowan, of Chippewa Falls, are registered at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Haines and Miss Haines will leave on this afternoon's Omaha to spend the spring season in the South.

DEVASTATION

Threatens Entire Business District on Island Near Albany.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Shortly after 3 o'clock fire broke out in the large iron store house of P. J. McArdle on Van Rennsselaer island, below this city. The fire was communicated to the works of the American Color & Chemical company. There is no water available with which to fight the fire and it is feared the whole extensive district will be devastated.

The Standard Oil company has large oil tanks near by.

Several large manufacturing establishments, including the Troy Nickel works, and the Troy Stove Works, are in danger.

TREATY MAKING POWER

Rests With the President and the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The sub-committee of the senate committee on foreign relations which has been giving especial attention to the legal aspect of treaties, today reported its findings to the full committee and Senator Allison was authorized to make a written report on the subject. The sub-committee find that the treaty making power rests with the president and senate and that the fact that treaties involve tariff questions does not render it necessary that the house of representatives should have equal opportunity to consider them.

The senate committee on foreign relations today ordered a favorable report on the treaty to acquire the Danish West Indies. No amendment was made to the treaty in committee.

The petition of members of the house of representatives addressed to the ways and means committee asking that no legislation on Cuba be framed which shall injuriously affect American industries has now received 70 signatures, mainly of Republicans.

WAR REVENUE BILL

May Be Brought to Vote Without Amendment.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The program for considering the war revenue act was the basis for numerous conferences among house leaders today, and an informal canvass of sentiment was made to learn whether members, particularly those of the majority, would favor a special rule bringing the bill to a vote without amendment.

It is stated that the result of the canvass has shown a majority of the house favorable to such a special rule.

BY THE PRESIDENT.

Small Bunch of Nominations Sent to the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Daniel Herner, collector of internal revenue, Third district of Pennsylvania; James S. Young, United States attorney, Western district of Pennsylvania; John Williams, register land office at Lamar, Col.

Postmasters: Iowa—Berwyl F. Carroll, Bloomfield. Montana—F. H. Bean, Glendive.

CONDUCTOR CRUSHED.

Snow Storm Causes Accident on Michigan Central.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Feb. 5.—The blinding snow storm early today was responsible for a collision near Buchanan between a Michigan Central engine and a section of a freight train which had been stalled in the drifts. Conductor John Griffith, of Jackson, was crushed to death.

CHISM SENTENCED.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 5.—The jury in the Chism murder case today returned a verdict of imprisonment for fifteen years. Merritt Chism, reputed to be worth $250,000, has been on trial rof killing his wife on Sunday morning, May 12, 1901.

Even the man who says he never read advertisements goes to a well advertised store and calls for an advertised article. To "soak in" ads should appear often in The Herald.

M'CUMBER IS PLAIN

Tells Senate Something About Judge Noyes and McKenzie.

Villainous and Unfounded Charges Made Against Them.

Judge Noyes Convicted Without Opportunity of a Hearing.

Washington, Feb. 5.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today, consideration was resumed of the urgent deficiency appropriation bill.

Mr. Hale, in charge of the measure, made an appeal to the senate to permit the bill to come to a vote. He hoped the scandal in Alaska would not be permitted to interfere with the progress of the measure. He said it had no relevancy to an appropriation bill, and while he was powerless to prevent the discussion, he hoped it would not be prolonged.

Mr. McCumber (N. Y.) said he had no desire to prolong the discussion, but most villainous charges had been made against men—charges which he personally knew to be unfounded and absolutely false. He declared that certain mining syndicates had desired to obtain control of the whole Nome (Alaska) country. He believed that it would be premature for the senate to render a verdict for or against Judge Arthur H. Noyes and Alex McKenzie before the courts had had an opportunity to pass on the merits of the case. He ventured the opinion that the senator from South Carolina (Tillman), who represented a chivalrous people, and who had reflected so seriously upon Judge Noyes and Alex McKenzie, who had no opportunity here to defend themselves, would not have made the charges against them if he had known Alex McKenzie and been familiar with the facts. He declared that no person could put a finger upon a single instance where Alex McKenzie or Judge Noyes ever had wronged any man of a dollar. He paid a high tribute to both Mr. McKenzie and Judge Noyes, and in answer to an inquiry, asserted that not one scintilla of evidence is contained in the entire record of the case that will support the case of conspiracy against Alex McKenzie.

Mr. McCumber then entered upon an extended statement of the case against McKenzie, going into minute details. He maintained that the order of the circuit court of appeals of San Francisco went outside of the statements of fact made to it in ordering McKenzie to turn over property of which he was the receiver. He asserted that McKenzie's lawyer advised him that the order of the court was void. McKenzie therefore did not comply with the writ inasmuch as, if he did, he would be in contempt of an order of Judge Noyes. He therefore was between two fires. In such conditions it was held by able lawyers that McKenzie ought not to be adjudged guilty of any offiense.

Referring to the opinion of the circuit court of appeals, Mr. McCumber asserted that four-fifths of it was devoted to the discussion of an alleged attempted conspiracy between Judge Noyes and McKenzie, the greater portion of the information concerning which came from San Francisco newspapers. He insisted that no man could conceive of a more heinous judgment than this. The parties were not convicted of conspiracy, but of contempt, and, in his opinion, ought not to have been punished to such an extent as were McKenzie, Noyes and Dubose.

The members of the court of appeals for the Ninth circuit, he said, might be honorable man, but he was obliged to judge them by their acts. That court had convicted Judge Noyes while he was 2000 miles away and had arraigned him in most remarkable language without opportunity of a hearing.

Reverting to the situation as Judge Noyes found it in Alaska, Mr. McCumber declared that the mining syndicates had made every effort to bribe him, $20,000 being offered to him in one sum. Finding it impossible to bribe him, the syndicate hired, Mr. McCumber asserted, a man to make a perjured affidavit that Judge Noyes had accepted a bribe. These facts, he said, had been reported to the attorney general of the United States and for reporting the matter to the department of justice, Mr. Frost, he said, had been sentenced to prison for one year. That, he said, was the real reason for Frost's conviction; he simply would not be a creature of the syndicate.

Mr. McCumber read the orders issued by Judge Noyes, known as statu quo orders upon which, he said, the judge had been convicted of contempt. Why, he asked, was Frost sent to prison and Judge Noyes only fined, if both were guilty of conspiracy? He said he believed that it was because Judge Noyes' character would be sufficiently blackened by fine and then, too, out of prison he could not be reached by a writ of habeas corpus. He referred to what to his mind was appalling corruption in Alaska.

Mr. Tillman (S. C.) interrupted to inquire whether McCumber did not think he owed it to the senate to give it all the facts concerning the damnable corruption of the United States courts to which he had referred.

Mr. McCumber replied that he had not accused the members of the San Francisco circuit court of appeals of anything worse than prejudice and bias. He urged that he had proved this prejudice from the record.

Mr. Tillman continued the discussion upon the Alaskan courts. He said that if such things as had been charged could occur in Alaska among our own people speaking our own language, it would be much worse in the islands of the Pacific where the people could not understand our language. In the course of his remarks he took up the case of Benjamin Daniels, appointed marshal for the territory of Arizona, and denounced the selection of men of the alleged character of Daniels.

Mr. Stewart spoke in defense of the circuit court.

Senator Nelson introduced a bill prepared by the National Millers' association, providing for the amendment of the interstate commerce law. It empowers the interstate commerce commission to fix rates for transportation and abolishes punishment by imprisonment.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 5.—At the opening of the session of the house today, Mr. Hemingway (Ind.) from the committee on appropriations, reported the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill and gave notice that he would call it up tomorrow.

Mr. Henry (Conn.) in charge of the oleo bill thereupon asked unanimous consent that an arrangement be made to close general debate upon that bill at 5 o'clock today and that the final vote be taken at 4 o'clock tomorrow. To this several members objected and Mr. Hemingway then moved that genral debate close today.

Mr. Williams (Miss.) protested against the proposition to close debate. Upon his request it was unanimosly agreed that the general debate should be continued for two days, after which there should be one day's debate under the five-minute rule, the arrangement, however, not to interfere with the consideration of other privileged measures. The debate upon the bill was then resumed. Mr. Allen (Ky.), the first speaker today, opposed the bill and advocated the adoption of the substitute.

MRS. SOFFEL IS FEVERISH.

Pittsburg, Feb. 5.—A dispatch from Butler, Penn., says Mrs. Soffel spent a bad night and is quite feverish. She took no nourishment today, but while her condition is not so favorable, her recovery is hopefully looked for by her physicians.

A BULL FIGHT.

An exceedingly clever young American woman who has spent some time in Spain, was chatting thus at the Plaza hotel the other evening of some of her experiences there, says the New York Tribune. "Oh, yes, I saw a bull fight—just one. That was enough. I never want to see another. I wouldn't have minded it if the bull had gored a toreador, a matador or even a picador, but I couldn't stand those poor horses being gored. Those wretched animals are first blinded and then driven on the bull, who sooner or later drives his cruel horns into their defenseless sides. It was the most outrageous and sickening sight I ever saw. The better class of Spaniards hate it, too, but say that it has to go on because the people insist on it. The parade before the fight is perfectly lovely. The ring men are dressed in velvet costumes trimmed with gold; short trousers and silk stockings, you know—the kind you see in comic opera. I saw them in London when I came through, in a musical comedy called 'Toreador.' Well, these costumes are of the most gorgeous colors, and when grouped constitute a most wonderful and effective color scheme. Then, too, the people grow perfectly crazy during a fight. One bull was killed in one, two, three fashion, and it seemed to set them mad. They howled their appreciation to the toreador, and threw all sorts of things into the ring for him—hats, scarfs, shawls, fruits, in fact, anything they could lay hand to. It took three or four minutes for the attendants to gather up and take out the things that had been thrown to the toreador.

"One bull was so tame that the toreador patted him on the head, and that seemed to make every one angry, for they hissed and cat-called and hurled insulting remarks at him by the hundreds. They made such an awful row that he had to go and another toreador took his place. All the Americans and Englishmen said they thought bull fights were disgusting, but I noticed on Sunday afternoons you couldn't find one of them for love or money. Sunday afternoons are when they have the fights. The women are awfully funny in Madrid. If they are unmarried they never go anywhere except with a chaperon—not even to dinners. It seems sort of queer. There was a terribly nice Englishman there, who we all liked, but he had one awful failing. He only used water internally. He was also rather bashful in his treatment of linen. It took him several days to get acquainted with it you know. A friend of mine has a country place near Madrid, and she asked this Englishman, who was a Catholic, down for Sunday. She told me in strict confidence afterward that he only brought a change of crucifix with him.

"On the whole, I liked Spain, but after a year's absence, you can imagine how glad I was to see New York harbor and home again."

The Herald is the business man's paper, because it gives him the latest news—the news of today, not yesterday. Hence, to reach him, advertise in The Herald.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

McCall's Patterns for March Are Ready.

$7.50 Walking Skirts at $5.00

The new spring styles and colors—steam shrunk and fit perfectly. Just a special to help keep February busy, tomorrow $5.00.

Cloak Dept., Second Floor.

New Things On Display.
New Spring Vellings.
New Laces.
New Embroideries.
New Wash Fabrics.
New Wash Silks.
New Foulard Silks.
New Fancy Silks.
New wool Dress Goods
New White Goods and Linens.
New Dress Goods.
New Walking Skirts.

$2.75 to $4.50 Underskirts at $1....

Tomorrow these values will await quick buyers—merely a clean-up of Skirts formerly sold at from $2.75 to $4.50; some of them slightly soiled from handling, but none the worse for wear—colors, blue, red, cerise and lavender; tomorrow only $1.00.

Cloak Dept. Second Floor.

$12 to $25 Women's Tailored Suits at $5.

A ridiculous price. But clean up time means get rid of them at any loss. You can afford to buy one if only to wear it in stormy weather—$10 and $25.00 values at $5.00.

Women's Fine Tailor-made Suits--Half!

Can you resist the temptation? Think of buying a handsomely made stylish garment that has sold for $25.00 at $12.50, a $30 one at $15, a $40 one at $20, or $50 one at $25, and yet that is just what you can do here now. We're cleaning up the stock, all sizes, almost every fashionable shade—half.

Women's Fine Winter Coats at Half.

Jackets—three-quarter length or full length—a fairly good assortment left—in plain cloth or some fur trimmed—every size and the best colors such as tans, castors, blacks, etc. You can buy a splendid coat for $6 that was $12—for $7.50 that was $15—and for $10 that was $20.

And some Furs, too, are left at a great reduction—Coats, Neckpieces and Muffs—from a quarter to a third less than usual prices.

Mussed and Crumpled Underwear—A Sale of Them.

No use bothering to launder them—we'll take a loss and clean them up—these are from the white sale—and will be placed on sale tomorrow; but we'll only hint of a few—plenty more bargains when you get here—

50c for 75c and $1.00 Corset Covers of Nainsook and Cambric; lace trimmed. Broken sizes.

$1.50 for $2.75 Chemises of Nainsook; trimmed with lace and beading. Broken sizes.

50c for 75c and $1.00 White Petticoats of Cambric. Some with Torchon lace trimming. Slightly soiled.

Silberstein Bondy Company

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Alfonse Guentille and Augenia Ross.
Thomas J. Cashin and Edith M. Milligan.

BIRTHS.

NORQUIST—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Erick Norquist, 922 East Seventh street.

SEPAK—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Sepak, of 411 East Sixth street.

ERICKSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Erickson, of 127 Sixtieth avenue west.

DEATHS.

FRINK—William Frink, an old resident of Duluth, died last evening at his home, 208 Eighth avenue west. He is survived by a wife and four children. The funeral arrangements will be announced later.

POLINQUIN—The funeral of the late Mrs. E. J. Polinquin will be held at 9:30 tomorrow morning, from the Saint Jean de Baptiste church.

SEVERIN—Peter Severin died yesterday at the Red Cross hospital of general tuberculosis. He was 32 years of age. No funeral arrangements have been announced.

THIEDE—Herman Thiede, aged 17, died at the Brooklyn, N. Y., navy yard yesterday as the result of an operation for appendicitis. He was a son of Mrs. M. Thiede, of 420 Ninth avenue east, and enlisted in the navy from this city but a few months ago. The remains will be brought here for interment.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

ANY ROUGH, RED WIND-BURNED, tender smarting skin made fair and lovely by Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

BEAUTIFUL WOMEN WHO ENDORSE PERUNA.



Miss Lenore Allen, 407 Dowell street, San Francisco, Cal., writes:

"I consider Peruna an infallible remedy for catarrhal diseases. For several years I have been troubled with influenza, especially during our rainy season. I used to catch cold so easily that I was afraid to be out when the weather was the least bit inclement, or in the evening air. But since I have used Peruna I have nothing whatever the matter with me.

"I am in perfect health, and find that Peruna acts as a tonic, and seems to throw all sickness and disease out of the body. I go anywhere now and in all kinds of weather, seem to have an iron constitution and enjoy life because I enjoy perfect health."

LENORE ALLEN.

Miss Mattie Douglass, 138 Thomas avenue, Memphis, Tenn., writes:

"From my early womanhood I have been troubled with occasional headaches. I took different powders and drugs, at times getting temporary relief. One of my friends advised me to try Peruna, which I did. I soon found that my general health improved, and my entire system was toned up.

"I felt a buoyancy of body and lightness of mind I had not known before and my headaches have completely disappeared, and I have enjoyed perfect health for over a year. I gladly endorse Peruna." MATTIE DOUGLASS.

Women from all parts of the United States and Canada are testifying daily to the virtue of Peruna. Only a few of these letters can ever be published. Write for a book of testimonials of the cures Peruna has made.

Peruna Makes Clean, Healthy Mucous Membranes—Catarrhal Diseases Disappear Permanently.

The mucous membrane is to the inside of the body what the skin is to the outside of the body. It lines every organ, duct and cavity. Catarrhal inflammation attacking one part is liable to spread to other parts. A neglected cold or slight catarrh is often the cause of lingering and dangerous catarrh.

Women are naturally more susceptible to inclemencies of the weather than men. With them a cold is often the starting point of some severe pelvic derangement, causing much pain and suffering.

Every woman needs a remedy upon which she can rely to keep her system fortified against the trying weather of winter and early spring. If Peruna is taken at the first symptom of a cold it will cure it before it develops into some annoying catarrhal derangement.

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will be pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

THE DAKOTAS

Chief Ballard Concludes Suspects Are Not the Right Parties.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Casselton—Chief Ballard received photographs of Miss Florence Ely and her nephew, Frank Ely Rogers, who have been missing from Evanston, Ill., for some months. The chief at once stated that the photographs were sufficient to convince him that the woman and boy under surveillance were not the ones wanted. He said that a woman and boy answering in a general way the description of the missing Evanston couple had been in this vicinity. He had looked up the newspaper cuts of Miss Ely and young Rogers, and had become almost positive that he had them located. To make assurance doubly sure, he wired to Chief O'Neill for photographs of the missing pair. Chief Ballard is somewhat indignant that the Chicago officials should have made the positive statement that he had located Miss Ely and Rogers, and says that he was never positively convinced that he had the right parties.

Fargo—The next teachers' examination is billed for March 14 and 15. It will be the second under the new law providing for state examinations. The papers are all sent out from the office of the state superintendent and the examination by the teachers are sent to the state department for scoring. This insures uniformity.

The funeral of T. C. Benedict took place Tuesday afternoon from the Masonic temple. He died in Michigan while on a short visit with relatives. He was one of the oldest engineers on the Northern Pacific and leaves a son and two married daughters. He was a prominent Mason and Odd Fellow.

Jamestown—Clara Kennedy, the 9-year-old daughter of a farmer residing north of Jamestown, was found dead near a haystack. She was apparently well when she left the house a few minutes before. Death was due to heart disease.

In a freight wreck at Valley City an engine in charge of Ernest Reid was badly damaged and several cars and a caboose derailed. No one was injured. Traffic on the Northern Pacific was delayed.

Bismarck—Attorney F. H. Register, of this city, has been engaged to defend Jeff May, held for murder. Coroner White and Deputy Sheriff McGahey reached the Hibbs ranch before the widow of the dead man, and obtained May's trunk, which is now here. The trunk has not been opened yet, and will not be except in the presence of representatives of both the prosecution and defense. May's attorney says he will fight any attempt on the part of the state to interfere with his client's personal property in this manner.

Both Bismarck and Mandan people are up in arms over the report that an attempt will be made to convert Fort Lincoln, established near this city, into an Indian school. The site for Lincoln was accepted as a military post site, it is claimed, and cannot be used for anything else. Mandan people expect to obtain the location of an Indian school as a separate institution, and residents of the western part of the state will oppose vigorously any such change as suggested.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The first month of 1902 was a busy one in the Pierre land office. In that time 25,363 acres of government land were taken up by claimants. Most of the land was on what is known as the old Sioux reservation, and the claimants can secure a title after fourteen months' residence at a cost of 50 cents an acre, or by five years' residence the title can be secured for nothing. This low price makes this class of land very attractive to home seekers. There are yet three-quarters of a million acres of such lands to be secured in this district, most of it west of the Missouri.

Spearfish—Rev. W. H. Pond, who has been rector of the Spearfish Episcopal church for the last five years, has departed with his family for Lake Benton, Minn., where he has accepted a parish. The people of Spearfish tendered him a big farewell reception on the eve of his departure. During the time he has had charge of the church in Spearfish a stone edifice has been completed and almost the entire debt was removed.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM

Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

IN MICHIGAN.

Escanaba Man Pounds Snoring Tormentor and Is Jailed.

Escanaba—As the result of a peculiar source of trouble, George Fugli lies at the poorhouse with bandaged head and Patrick Morgan languishes behind prison walls. Both men were inmates of the Delta county poorhouse here, and for some time Morgan had been complaining that Fugli snored so that he (Morgan) could not sleep. Protests proved of no avail to stop the noise, and the other night, while Fugli was holding his usual serenade, Morgan picked up a cane and went at the sleeper. He beat him viciously over the head, cutting deep gashes and bringing the blood in streams. Morgan was taken before a justice and given a sixty-day sentence in the county jail.

Sault Ste. Marie—The International Mining company, limited, is the title of a strong organization effected here by representative business men of the two Soos. The capital stock is $1,200,000. The company has for its object the development of rich mineral lands tributary to this locality, and proposes to thoroughly exploit promising prospects to a point where capitalists will take hold. It has options on several properties.

Menominee—An attempt was made Monday night to get a franchise for another street railway in this city, and Marinette, passed through the council, but it failed, being defeated by one vote. Ten votes were needed and had been pledged before the council meeting, but when the vote was taken one man backed out. The franchise was wanted by Thomas F. Frawley, of Eau Claire, Wis., and associates. These capitalists have been after the Menominee & Marinette line for some time, and offered over $200,000 for the Menomine railway. If a franchise had been granted it is said the company would have built to Peshtigo, Wis., and north to Powers, Mich. It has plans and specifications made for a dam and power house on the Menominee river and has $650,000 to invest here in other industries besides the street railway, and offers $50,000 guarantee to build the road. The reason for the defeat was that a consolidation of the Marinette and Menominee lines was completed on Monday.

Munising—The Forster dam, in the Anno river, near the electric power-house, has been blown up with dynamite as a result of the water breaking through at one point. The damage could not be repaired and to prevent further washing away of the banks the dam was destroyed.

Newberry—J. S. Stearns, the Ludington lumberman, has secured an option on the McNeal tract of hardwood timber lying north of town and containing 16,000 acres. Other tracts in this secition are being looked over by his representatives and it is reported that the construction of a railroad from this village to Naubinway, on the sore of Lake Superior, is contemplated.

Ishpeming—A Chicago man is looking over the city with a view to erecting an opera-house to cost $35,000. A new theater is badly needed and the scheme of the promoter is finding favor. It is proposed that the citizens buy a thousand tickets at $10 each for the opening performance. It is likely the plan will be a go.

Marquette—Gad Smith, recently appointed collector of customs for the Superior district, has appointed Col. E. B. Howard, formerly of Ishpeming, a deputy, with headquarters here. A. B. Chambers, editor of the Escanaba Journal, has been named collector at Escanaba.

Calumet—For merely accepting the taxes on the property of the Calumet & Hecla Mining company and giving a receipt, the treasurer of this township this year received $3,137, or 1 per cent, his collection fee. Altogether he receives $5,000 for a month's work.

GRANDDAUGHTER

Of Charles Dickens Married to London Solicitor.

New York, Feb. 5.—A granddaughter of Charles Dickens has just married Ernest Bourchier Hawksley, son of the well known solicitor for Cecil Rhodes and the Chartered company, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The bride was Miss Enid Dickens, daughter of Henry Fielding Dickens. She is a favorite in literary and art circles, and the wedding was attended by many actors and artists.

HOYME VERY SICK.

President of United Norwegian Church Critically Sick.

Eau Claire, Wis., Feb. 5.—Rev. Gjermund Hoyme, president of the United Norwegian Lutheran church of America, and one of the most learned of the Scandinavians in this country, is critically ill at his home in this city. He came here in 1850, and was educated in the universities of Wisconsin and at the Augustberg seminary, from which he was graduated in 1873. Since then he has devoted his life to religion and has been prominent in the recent history of the Lutheran church in the United States.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable, Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

A REPORT ON RULES

(Continued from page 1.)

effect shall be objected to by any member from any district which is affected by such bill, it shall be reported by said committee for indefinite postponement. Any bill which shall be found by said committee not to be included in any of the classes referred to in rule 68 shall be reported by said committee for indefinite postponement. No bill shall be considered after the report of the committee on the reception of bills is received, unless such committee recommends it for consideration, or unless two-thirds of the members of the senate vote for the reception or consideration of the bill. The committee on the reception of bills shall report back to the senate for consideration or for indefinite postponement any bill referred to it, which report shall be made by said committee not later than the next day when the senate is in session after such bill shall have been referred to said committee. All bills upon the subject of taxation, and all bills recommended for consideration by the committee on the reception of bills, and all bills recommended for consideration by a two-thirds vote of the members as aforesaid, shall be referred by the president of the senate to the proper standing committee."

• • •

This is considered to be a particularly smooth bit of work. While ostensibly it leaves the gate open to general legislation by providing that bills not included in rule 68 may be considered when they are recommended by a two-thirds vote of the senate, it really shuts the way completely. It will be a particularly necessary and meritorious bit of legislation that will get the two-thirds vote. Then it will have to be referred to the proper standing committee, and there is another chance for it to be shelved.

The chances last night seemed good for the adoption of the rules by both houses. The quotation above applies to the senate, but the house committee reported a similar set with the word "house" substituted for "senate."

• • •

And yet there is still room for a good deal of business outside of the tax law altogether, and the tax law is getting to be a more serious piece of business every hour. It was expected that several matters would be introduced by the governor's message, and under the head of taxation a good deal may be done, especially if the tax law should not be adopted.

• • •

In the event of the passage of the rules, it is probable that the legislature never will know what it escaped. There were bills here in every conceivable shape. Some were blocked out and written down fairly upon paper, and others still existed in very vague form in the legislative mind, but there were a host of them, of all shapes and of every conceivable variety of effect.

• • •

The most interesting event of yesterday was the Minneapolis Journal's flop on the tax code. It was not a particularly decisive or energetic feat of acrobatic skill, but it was a flop. The Journal has been an ardent advocate of the passage of the bill, and in an editorial published in last night's issue it rather reluctantly abandoned that ground. It was forced to that action by an especially strong petition from Minneapolis business men, directed to the Hennepin county delegation, as follows:

To the Members of the Legislature from Hennepin County: The undersigned agree with the final conclusion of the tax commission that "the amendment of the tax provisions of the constitution, for the reasons urged in this report, should be early effected. In their present form they are an insuperable obstacle to proper legislation."

Until the constitution is amended we believe it unwise to experiment with a new and confessedly imperfect system of taxation. We also think that the people should have more time in which to study and understand the provisions of the proposed law. We therefore respectfully request that you use your efforts to defer action upon the proposed tax law until the next regular session of the legislature.

This petition was signed by 350 of the most prominent business firms, companies and individuals in Minneapolis, and it cannot fail to have weight, not only with the members of the Hennepin county delegation, but with others. Some of the strongest friends of the bill, and the warmest advocates of its immediate and unmutilated passage, are in the Hennepin county delegation, and this strong protest from their constituents will be hard to get around.

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Discussion of the measure in the hotel lobbies and around the capitol is already having its effect. Many farmers who are in the legislature, who had supposed that the proposed tax code was a measure devised for their benefit and for the aid of the poorer classes who are now overtaxed, while their richer brothers are undertaxed, are discovering that under the new law their farming lands, which are now assessed from $5 to $10 per acre, will be assessed at $50 to $75. This is a most unpleasant discovery to them, and it is revealing to their minds a host of evils in the bill.

The report of the joint committee on rules disposes incidentally of the question of what committees are to be appointed, by providing for the appointment of all the standing committees. There are some anxious seekers after information that would like to know whether it means that all the committee clerks will be appointed, but this question it does not dispose of. If there is not a great deal of work possibly the committees will handle their clerkship duties themselves.

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Representative Noyes of Barnum is creating some comment by having admitted that one of his pockets contains a bill providing for a tonnage tax of 25 cents a ton on iron ore. He had some such a bill at the last session, but did not introduce it. He hopes to get it in this time, with a proviso that it does not go into effect until the constitution is amended to make it constitutional.

When asked by The Herald what his bill would propose to do with the proceeds of such tax, he said he thought it would be all right to have the state take 10 cents on every ton, St. Louis county 5 cents, and give the rest to the counties of the state for their road and bridge funds. He would allow St. Louis county to come in for a share of this last division.

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Representative Noyes also favors immediate passage of the tax code, without amendment.

Representative Jacobson and others cannot understand why Duluth should oppose the tax code, when it is the result of a bill introduced by a Duluth man. House file No. 1, providing for a tax commission, was introduced by Representative Labourn of Duluth, but before it became a law it was altered as much as the Irishman's jackknife, and all that was left of it of Labourn's authorship was the title and the enacting clause. But these staunch friends of the code, whose admiration seems based on the theory that the tax commission, like the king of olden times, can do no wrong, think it a great joke that because a Duluth man started the move, Duluth should not be satisfied with the result, whatever it is.

• • •

Senator Daugherty's perfomance as temporary clerk of the senate yesterday morning was a great success. When he read the governor's proclamation calling the extra session he was constantly interrupted by playful calls of "Louder," to which he responded that the less the senators heard of that document the better they would like it.

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One representative from the southern part of the state, in an argument yesterday, ventured the prophecy that if the tax code is passed as it stands, Minnesota would go Democratic this year, and that a Democratic majority would show up in both houses at the next session of teh legislature.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

DEMOCRATS

From Many States to Meet at New York Soon.

New York, Feb. 5.—Prominent Democrats from many eastern states will attend the reception to be given at the Manhattan club Feb. 22, when plans for reuniting the party in the nation will be discussed.

Gen. Patrick A. Collins, mayor of Boston, will speak on "The Democracy of New England." Former Senator David B. Hill will have for his subject, "The Democracy of the Middle States."

Gen. Charles E. Hooker, of Mississippi, will respond for the Democracy of the South.

Some equally prominent Democrat, probably from Illinois, will be invited to speak for the Democrats of the middle west, while the views of the party men in the far west will be expressed by one of their number to be decided upon later. Edward M. Shepard will have for his subject, "Washington."

AT HAVANA.

Gen. Wood Entertains French Ambassador and Others.

Havana, Feb. 5.—Gov.-Gen. Wood has formally received at the palace M. Cambon, French ambassador to the United States; M. D'Armond, naval attache, and Capt. West, of the French training ship Duguay Trouin, which is now in port, says the correspondent of the New York Herald, in a dispatch to his paper. As the party entered the palace a salute of twenty-one guns was fired, from the Cabanas fortress. The visit lasted less than half an hour. The ambassador was escorted today to Matanzas by Adjt.-Gen. Scott and other officers of Gen. Wood's staff. He will be given Wednesday night a state dinner by Gen. Wood, which will be returned aboard the Duguay Trouin. M. Cambon and D'Armound will return to Washington via Florida.

CANCELLING DATES.

Necessary For Nordica to Have More Rest.

San Francisco, Feb. 5.—Mme. Lillian Nordica, acting on the advice of her physician, will cancel all local dates, rest at least ten days longer and then probably fill her engagement in Portland, Ore. After that it is possible she may return to this city and be heard. This, however, is uncertain. Her condition is not serious, it is stated, but she has not recovered from the shock to her system sustained in a railroad accident, and requires rest.

The New Store

We have 33 Ladies' 22-inch Jackets.....

Carried over from last year. Principally blacks and browns. They consist of Kerseys, Beavers, Meltons and Frieze. The better ones have Skinner's guaranteed satin linings. Sizes range from 32 to 40.

The ridiculously low price we offer them at should clean them all up tomorrow. Come and TAKE YOUR PICK OF THE LOT AT—

1/4 Price

or 75 PER CENT discount from the regular price. They're the biggest snap in Jackets you ever saw.

The New Store

New Skirts



Tomorrow we will place on sale about 50 of the latest spring styles in Walking and Dress Skirts. The materials consist of Venetians, Cheviots, Etamines, Camel's Hair, Serges, Kerseys, etc., etc. Colors are black and greys. This is our first showing of spring skirts, and includes some of the latest Novelties—among them the new 7-gored, wide flare effect with self band trimming, satin heading, satin band, flounce effects, etc., etc. All are well lined with spun glass, finished seams, etc. We have made the prices particularly reasonable for these goods, and you are cordially invited to call and inspect them. Prices range from

$5.00 to $15.00

The New Store

Too Early to Talk Wash Goods?

"Well, we differ with you. To be sure the weather is cold, but it's just the time to buy for the stock is fresh, and then it's the slack time with dressmakers, making it the ideal time to get ready for the warmer days that will come. We are showing new

Lawns, Batistes, Mulls, Ginghams, Organdies, Tissues, Mercerized Ginghams, Dimities, Dotted and Printed Swisses, etc., at prices ranging from—

10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 25c, 29c up to 75c

Silks and Dress Goods.

Not many of the new things have arrived, but we are showing some very excellent bargains in the weights that are most desirable just now.

In Black Goods.

New Wide Wale Diagonal Serge—Full 46 inches wide, good weight and finish, and all pure wool 69c

Cheviot Serge—52 inches wide, every thread wool, very dressy—we have always sold this cheviot at 85c—special 69c

Black Paquin Cord—A decidedly popular weave—stylish and serviceable—most desirable for dressy gowns 89c

Black English Whipcord—40 inches wide—pure wool—a special value at 59c

Black Melrose—46 inches wide—rich finish—just the proper weight to insure good wear—at only 75c

Colored Dress Goods.

Panama Suitings—In all the leading shades and black—is full 52 inches wide—very popular—is an extremely dressy fabric $1.50

English Whipcords—In all the lates. shades, width is 46 inches—best of finish—good weight and good value 89c

New Spring Waistings, beautiful line of new patterns—silk and wool stripes and mixtures or plain—prices from ..... 49c to 89c

MILLINERY CLEARANCE SALE!

THURSDAY, FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

20 Trimmed Hats, worth from $3.00 to $4.00, for this sale $1.69

20 Trimmed Hats, worth from $4.50 to $6.00, for this sale $2.69

EXTRA SPECIAL.

A Table full of French Felt Hats, worth up to $1.25, at only 29c

A Table full of Velvet Hats, Walking Hats and Children's Trimmed Hats, worth up to $2.50 each, at only 69c

One Lot of Fancy Feathers and Wings, worth up to 50c, at only 19c

One Lot of Fancy Feathers and Wings, worth up to 25c, at only 10c

Connelly Trimmings at One-Half Price.

Toilet Articles. In the Drug Department.

One case Woodbine Toilet Soap—3 cakes in a box, regular value is 25c per box—this special sale only 10c

One pound cans Vaseline—the regular price is 25c per can—for this special sale only 10c

Pure distilled Witch Hazel—the regular 15c bottles—for this sale only 10c

Mennen's Borated Talcum Powder, the regular price is 25c per box—for this sale 15c

Dr. Lyon's Tooth Powder, the regular 25c size—during this sale at only 19c

Colgate's Dental Tooth Powder, regular 25c size—for this sale only 17c

Satin Skin Cream, the 25c size—during this sale only 21c

Colgate's Perfumes, all regular 50c per ounce—for this sale only 32c

Powdered Borax regular 15c size packages for only 10c

Household Ammonia, 10c bottles for only 5c

Fine Bristle Tooth Brushes, regular 15c kinds for only 10c

Pure Bristle Hair Brushes 35c and 45c values, at only 19c

Whisk Brooms, 25c kinds for 15c

Combs, 15c values for only 10c

Rubber Goods.

Imperial Fountain Syringes 2 quart size 58c

3 quart size 68c

4 quart size 78c

2 quart Hot Water Bottles, regular value $1.00 for only 69c

Bailey's Rubber Complexion Brushes, regular price is 50c, for only 43c

Outing Flannel Knee Skirts

In the Muslin Underwear Department on the second floor.

Plain Skirts with wide hem, good heavy cloth, worth 35c for 25c

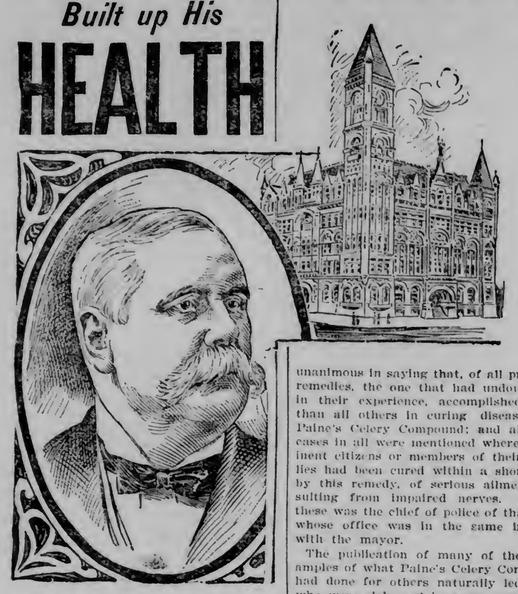
Skirt with ruffled flounce worth 50c for only 35c

Skirt with scalloped double ruffle, with edges buttonhole stitched with silk, worth 75c each, for only 59c

Skirts with wide ruffled flounce and embroidery insertion, silk stitched edge, or torchon lace and insertion trimmed—regular value $1.00 and $1.25, at only 79c

PAINE'S CELERY COMPOUND

Built up His HEALTH



"More Paine's Celery Compound has been sold in the city of Omaha for the last month than all other medicines put together."

So writes the leading wholesale drug house of the West to the proprietors of Paine's Celery Compound.

In October last a card from Hon. Frank E. Moores, the mayor of that city, was published in the Omaha Bee, in which he told of the great benefit Paine's Celery Compound had been to him. "I regard it," he said, "the most wonderful remedy I have ever tried for building up the system when once run down."

On account of Mayor Moores' great popularity and well known standing, the publication of his card in the Bee instigated the Omaha News, the Bee's principal competitor, to make a canvass of druggists and physicians in that city to find out their experience with this and other remedies. A few days later the News published almost a page of the opinions it had gathered. The physicians and druggists interviewed were absolutely unanimous in saying that, of all prepared remedies, the one that had undoubtedly, in their experience, accomplished more than all others in curing disease was Paine's Celery Compound; and about 50 cases in all were mentioned where prominent citizens or members of their families had been cured within a short time by this remedy, of serious ailments resulting from impaired nerves. Among these was the chief of police of that city, whose office was in the same building with the mayor.

The publication of many of these examples of what Paine's Celery Compound had done for others naturally led those who were sick—and in every community there are thousands of people who, having the symptoms of nervous break-down, put off the cure in the vain hope that the nerves will resuscitate themselves—hundreds of those who were sick were thus informed of the one true remedy for their relief.

Unsought and unexpected letters began to pour into Burlington from people in Omaha, telling of their experiences. Some of these letters were published by permission of the writers.

They all told in different ways the same story—of new strength and vitality, sound sleep, better appetite, and the returning health.

No other remedy in the world ever so clearly proved all that was claimed for it as this wonderful discovery of America's greatest physician. The number of authenticated cases of complete restoration to health of people of all ages, who were suffering from insomnia, indigestion, rheumatism and other ailments of a nervous system deranged by neglect or exposure, or over-work, or over-indulgences, or worry or other influences—the number of such cases is thousands in every community.

SHERIFF'S REPORT

First One Under the New Salary Law Is Filed.

January Is One of the Poorest Months For Business.

Earnings Did Not Quite Reach Amount of Expenses.

The first report of the sheriff's office under the new salary law, which supplanted the fee system the first of the year, has been filed with the county auditor. One item of importance in the report for this office, is a saving on the board bill for prisoners, as compared with the old basis of $206.70. This result is obtained by figuring the total days board for prisoners in January at the old rate and then at the new rate and making a comparison of the results.

As far as the actual earnings of the office are concerned, it is said that January is not a fair test. That is always reckoned as adull manth in the sheriff's office. The civil work done by the office for which fees were collected and turned into the county treasurer amounted to $239.98. The work done for the county and the criminal business services, for which under the new system no fees are collected, would have stood the office under the old system $84. The total earnings of the office in January, therefore, were $323.03. The salaries of the sheriff and his deputies per month amount to about $905. The office will probably make a better showing next month.

Treasurer Whipple reported the fees received by his office at $701.55, while the expenditures for the month were $744.05.

Probate Judge Bonham reported the fees of his office at $13.80.

These reports will come before the meeting of the county commissioners on Friday, and may cause some discussion.

Another matter to come up will be a petition for the organization of a township embracing all that part of town 51-19-2 that is not included in the Fond du Lac Indian reservation. It is desired that the territory so organized shall be known as the town of Patten.

A petition has also been received from residents of the town of Culver, asking that a county road be laid out from the intersection of sections 4, 5, 9 and 10 to the corners of sections 16, 17, 20 and 21. The property through which the road would pass is largely owned by the St. Paul & Duluth Railway company and the state of Minnesota.

The petition of the people of Eveleth that the village be organized as a city will also come up for action.

E. P. Alexander, acting for Capt. Torrey will ask that the personal property tax against the large vault in the Torrey building be remitted. He claims that the vault is part of the building, and in reality is covered by the real tax on the structure.

Difficult Digestion

That is dyspepsia.

It makes life miserable.

Its sufferers eat not because they WANT to—but simply because they MUST.

They complain of a bad taste in the mouth, a tenderness at the pit of the stomach, a feeling of puffy fullness, headache, heartburn and what not.

Hood's Sarsaparilla cured Joseph F. Laine, Flanagan, Ky., who writes: "I was troubled with dyspepsia for a number of years and took medicine that did me no good. I was advised by friends to try Hood's Sarsaparilla which I did and it put my bowels in perfect condition, gave me strength and energy and made me feel like a new person."

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Promises to cure and keeps the promise. Beware of substitutes. Buy Hood's and only Hood's.

TIGHTENING.

Insurance Companies Are Drawing Lines Closer on Risks.

The insurance companies of the country are tightening the lines. Owners of certain classes of risks are feeling it, finding it somewhat difficult to get insurance or the amount they wish. The situation is not met in Duluth alone, but it is apparent to some extent elsewhere.

The report got out a few days ago that because of one or two fires here recently, a certain class of risks was experiencing much trouble in getting insurance. Insurance agents say this idea is erroneous; that there is no distinct ban on any class of risks, but that all companies have been experiencing heavy losses in the past few years, as is evidenced by the monthly and annual statements which are regularly issued, and are scrutinizing the risks they assume with much care. They have become much more conservative in their business than heretofore.

One class of risks that is feeling the effect of the closer scrutiny of the companies is sawmills without timber; that is, sawmills which rely upon contract work for keeping them running. The companies, for some reason or other, have conceived an aversion to them as risks, and the result is that, while they get insurance, they are meeting with frequent cancellations by different companies, which suddenly decide to exclude that class of risks. This always makes more of less bother and is very unsatisfactory.

SULTANA LAUNCHING.

Saturday, February 15, Date Set For It.

Saturday, Feb. 15, is the date set for the launching of the Sultana, the new steel steamer that is being built for the Tomlinson line at the Superior shipyards. If the present cold weather continues there is a possibility that the launching may have to be postponed because of ice in the slip, which is forming very rapidly now and difficulty will be encountered in thawing it out. The boat will be launched in the unfinished condition of the Grammer in order that work may begin immediately on the fourth vessel to be built at the yards this winter.

Poisoned Candy.

Two small children of Mr. and Mrs. Albert W. Deetz, of 315 Ninth avenue east, were poisoned by stale candy last Friday. For a time it was feared that one of the children would not recover but last evening she was pronounced out of danger.

The candy was purchased from a small store on Fourth street and it is thought to have become poisonous from age.

DOWNFALL OF STEIN

Details of the Disappearance of Recorder of Chisholm.

Intercepted Letter to His Wife Caused His Capture.

Said to Have Carried Away a Good Sum of Money.

Deputy Sheriff Bates returned this morning from Chicago bringing in custody Charles E. Stein, village recorder of the village of Chisholm, who is wanted to account for a shortage of $150 in the funds of his office. This is the charge preferred against Stein, but according to reports from the range, he is short to individuals something like $1500.

Stein kept a general store at Chisholm, having been in partnership with Harry H. Hill, his brother-in-law, who conducts a grocery on St. Croix avenue, in this city. It was rumored at Chisholm that the fascinations of an old flame, now a divorced woman, had an influence in the flight of Stein. He was traced to Chicago, where he passed under the name of Andrew Jackson, through a letter he wrote to his wife, professing penitence, and declaring that he would find a new home and send for his family to join him. The Hibbing News prints the following account of the matter:

"An investigation into Mr. Stein's affairs was at once started and a badly confused mess was encountered. President Myers put an accountant at work on the village books, and the first checking over showed a discrepancy of $150, which is probably the extent of the recorder's peculation in that direction. Mr. Hill discovered that all of the firm's money had been withdrawn from the bank, that collections had been made up close to the day of Mr. Stein's departure, and that the current bills were unpaid. In addition to this a number of miners from the Clark and Chisholm mines had deposited their savings with Mr. Stein, but the money, the amount of which is unknown, cannot now be located. It is thought that the fleeing man carried away with him between $1500 and $2000—a small amount for which to sacrifice his good name and peace of mind.

"The News has interviewed a number of Mr. Stein's most intimate friends at Chisholm and they are at a loss to account for a motive for his sudden flight. He has a wife and three children and as comfortable and happy a home as any reasonable man could wish for. He had a splendid business, and his store was the leading trade mart in the new town, and all indications were that he was making money rapidly. He was the social and political leader of the people of his nativity, and was regarded as a model citizen and respected by all.

"A letter from Mr. Stein to his wife was intercepted at Chisholm Thursday. The letter was written from Chicago, and besides containing excuses for his sudden and unannounced departure, there was assurance to the grieved woman that he was going out into the world to make a new home, and that as soon as he became settled he would send for her and the babies.

"It is the intention of President Myers, on behalf of the village, to commence a suit against Mr. Stein's bondsman to recover the amount of the shortage. The bond is in the sum of $500, with one surety—A. N. Peterson, of Eveleth. Mr. Myers will make no effort to have the fugitive returned, for the reason that it would cost the village considerably more than could possibly be gained. Mr. Hill will do nothing rewards having his partner returned.

"For a number of years Mr. Stein was a resident of this city; a portion of the time he was in charge of the grocery department of the Itasca Mercantile company's store, and in all his dealings while in this city he proved himself an honest, upright and conscientious gentleman and a good neighbor. His many friends here marvel at his strange action, and declare that there are but two possible primary causes of Charlie' going wrong, and that one of them is an aberrated mind, and that the other cause does not appear and is not likely to."

Gets Four Years.

Henry Wagner, the forger who so cleverly worked the head of the lakes and other Northwestern cities until caught in Milwaukee, a few weeks ago, was tried before Judge Vinje, of circuit court, Douglas county, Wis., yesterday afternoon and sentenced to a term of four years in the state penitentiary at Waupun. He entered a plea of guilty. Wagner is one of two men that are said to have passed off about $10,000 in worthless checks in Northern Minnesota and Wisconsin. He was taken to Waupun last evening.

BOY BUILDING.

That Is the Mission of Good Food.

There is an abundance of proof that food can be selected that will build up a brain as well as body.

One case is that of a boy and the description is given by his mother. She says, "This particular son has always had a delicate stomach, and when he was an infnt had cholera infantum two or three seasons in succession; he was exceedingly hard to raise, and was not well enough to go to school when he became old enough."

The mother says, "Finally we concluded to put him on Grape-Nuts exclusively and see what the food would do for him. We did, and to our great astonishment our boy improved daily. He is now hearty and getting along in school unusually well. He still depends upon Grape-Nuts for a goodly share of his diet.

Whenever children are hungry at bedtime it is always safe to let them eat Grape-Nuts and let them go to bed. I came to know of the value of Grape-Nuts by using it myself, and found that I was unusually well nourished and gained rapidly in strength.

Please do not use my name. By the way, we abandoned coffee in our family several years ago and have always used Postum since. Would as soon have the flour barrel empty as be out of Postum." Name can be given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

SUCCESS GIVES CONFIDENCE

Why We Find It Easy to Talk On a Subject Which Is of Constant Interest.

Some people have hobbies. Every one has a certain subject on which they talk with enthusiasm.

There is one which we touch upon every day in our business, and that is the unusual and well-deserved success which has met SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR in Duluth. We have handled this splendid blood cleanser and nerve strengthener for some time with a remarkable and increasing demand for it. This favorite preparation makes its friends and keeps them.

We are prepared for a great demand for our SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR this spring. The success it has already earned in Duluth and its record of cures, leads us to announce with perfect confidence our belief that it is the very best, safest, surest and quickest cure for diseases of the blood, nerves, liver and kidneys which exists.

We hope that any one who is not satisfied with their present condition of health will let us sell them a bottle of our RENOVATOR together with our promise that we will refund the money paid us, if a trial is not satisfactory.

S. F. BOYCE, Sole Agent.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

Superintendent Park to Conduct Them This Week.

The annual teachers' examinations will begin tomorrow morning at the Jackson school and continue until Saturday evening of this week. The examinations of the first day will be devoted to high school subjects. Friday and Saturday they will include the grade subjects and Saturday afternoon attention will be paid to the subjects of music and drawing.

A large number of teachers are expected to take the examinations as the growth of the range towns has brought out many applications. Some of the teachers now holding the lower grade certificates will try for first grade certificates. The state law provides that any school having a teacher with a first grade certificate is entitled to draw $100 from the state and if the school has more than one room it may draw $200. This amendment was introduced by Representative Alford, of St. Louis county, to give the county its proper share of the state apportionment. St. Louis county teachers have been very ambitious as a result and there are many to try for first grade certificates, in order that their schools may get the benefit.

The Duluth summer school will begin July 14, notice to this effect having been received by County Superintendent A. T. Park from the state superintendent. The session will last about four weeks. The place will be decided on later, but it will be held either at the state normal school or in the Central High School. The object of the summer school is to enable the teachers to review their work, prepare for examinations and consider the best methods in teaching.

A MAN OF CHARACTER.

John Larson, Deceased, Man of Strong Traits.

John Larson, who died at his home at 1223 West Fourth street last Friday, was a man very popular among his large number of friends in the city, where he has resided for nineteen years. He was a strong temperance worker, being one of the first instrumental in the organization of a Good Templar lodge here fourteen years ago among the Scandinavian working population. He was a member of that order up to his death. He held many prominent positions during his long career as an advocate of temperance in the order. He was recently appointed delegate to the grand lodge of I. O. G. T., held last month, but owing to his failing health was not able to attend. In the fall of 1896 he was one of the promoters of the organization of the Duluth Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee and was chosen then by the lodge "John Asworth" as a member to the temperance committee of which he was an honorable member up to his death. He was held in high esteem among his friends. This was shown at the funeral at the Norwegian Lutheran church on First avenue east and Third street Sunday afternoon, the church being filled with mourning friends. The North Star lodge of the I. O. G. T., of which he was a member up to his death, attended in a body; also the Ancient Order of United Workmen, he being a member of Fidelity lodge. The funeral service at the church was conducted by Rev. J. C. Aschim, of Bethesda Norwegian Lutheran church, and was very impressive. The remains were escorted to the grave by a large number of friends, including the lodges, who held service according to their rituals, gathering around his resting place. The interment was at Park Hill cemetery at Woodland.

AMUSEMENTS.

"THE CHRISTIAN."

"The Christian," presented at the Lyceum last evening, drew a small audience. Whether it was the fact that it was election night or that the play is not liked in Duluth—this being its second production within a year—is a matter for conjecture.

The production was much the same as that given here in March last, but there have been some changes in the company and those have not improved it any. It cannot be denied that Miss Lilla Vane as Glory Quayle and W. S. Hart as John Storm fall short of the mark. Mr. Hart is an actor who has won much success in other lines, but he cannot be said to have found in John Storm a congenial role.

He rants throughout the play, uses his voice abominably and does not even look the part. Miss Vane is better, but fails to make the most of the part. In the prologue she was especially disappointing, giving to it scarcely any of that delightful vivacity with which it should be invested. In the stronger parts she rises to a better height, but her characterization at no time has power and depth consistent with the opportunity offered.

The support is good, in fact deserves a stronger adjective. If the principals were as excellent the production would be all that could be asked. Herbert Portier made an admirable Horatio Drake. The repulsive part of Lord Robert Ure was in good hands, being played by Charles Rowan. J. R. Furlong as Father Lamplugh, Frank Lyron as Archdeacon Wealthy and Jefferson Lloyd as the Paro King were all good. Miss Carrie Steyle made a pleasing Mrs. Callendar and Miss Helen Wetherby as Polly Love was satisfactory.

"HELLO BILL."

Willie Maxwell Goodhue's oddity, "Hello Bill," is to be the attraction at the Lyceum next Saturday. Now in its third season, Mr. Goodhue's comedy seems to have taken on a new lease of life. The company which Goodhue & Kellogg have selected for this season's tour includes in its ranks such well known and popular players as Charles P. Morrison, O. Kane Hillis, Warren M. Ashley, Hugo Goldsmith, John G. Edwards, Arthur Trevor, Marian Deane, Carolyn Allen, Eleanor Lawson, Justine Wayne and Henrietta Lee.

Bargain Counter 1	Bargain Counter 2	Bargain Counter 3	Bargain Counter 4
Special February sale of embroideries—prices and descriptions given elsewhere in this announcement.	All our new Velentines—the largest assortment ever brought to this city—every new novelty included, at prices $3.50 down to..... 1c	Special sale of wash goods—bargains in fancy crepes, worth 25c, dimities and lawns worth 15c, all at 12½c	White goods worth 15c to 25c, at 10c a yard—remnants and mill ends of Dimities, Nainsooks, etc..... 10c

The store is full of newness

PANTON AND WHITE — THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE — DULUTH, MINN.

Beautiful New Silks.

OUR Silk Department has a freshness that is charming and inviting. The new silks are arriving daily. You've always been accustomed to find unrivalled silk beauty, durability, style and economy at the Glass Block. We are augmenting our silk reputation with the same go-ahead methods that have built for us THE silk business at the head of the lakes.

Our display of Wash Silks is conceded by all to be the finest ever shown in the city. The styles are new and very atttactive. The color combinations are the very newest—the color harmony is perfectly fascinating. All the shades of the rainbow are to be found. Our beautiful new wash silks are divided into four lots at these prices—

25c 48c 59c 69c

Black taffeta silks, guaranteed positively the finest manufactured at the prices. How frequently, when speaking of silks, you will hear the remark, "Oh, I can't find reliable taffeta silks now like I used to buy years ago." It's a wrong impression which we are rapidly righting. Silks are as good now as they used to be, in fact, better. But there are poor silks to be had, too. Buy your taffetas here where quality and wear is guaranteed. It's more economical in the long run.

19-inch Taffetas, *guaranteed*..... 75c
21-inch Taffetas, *guaranteed*..... 89c
24-inch Taffetas, *guaranteed*..... $1.00
27-inch Taffetas, *guaranteed*..... $1.25
36-inch Taffetas, *guaranteed*..... $1.50

Foulards, 75c yard—Handsome new designs, in navy, cadet, blue, black and white, white and black, old rose, castors, reseda, etc.

New Wool Dress Goods.

What Dame Fashion has approved as correct for spring wear are now found here. Sheer fabrics lead, among the most popular things being—

46-inch Etamines, beautiful fabrics, at..... $1.00
50-inch Hopsackings and Venetians, at..... $1.00
50-inch Homespun and Hair lines, at..... 75c
54-inch Venetians, extra value, at..... 59c

Exclusive New Wash Goods.

OUR wash goods styles are the newest and most original, many of them of Paris and Berlin conception and manufacture—others American adaptations, all exclusive. The most critical and exacting are highly fascinated with them and the sales are leaping away from all previous records.

Indexically we mention these among the newest

T'Satte Silk, new weave, very handsome, yd 79c
Silk and Linen Tissue, with lace stripe, yd..... 59c
Lace Striped Silk Tissue, per yard..... 49c
Silk Ginghams, mercerized, per yard..... 48c
Persian Striped Ginghams, 34 inch, yd..... 35c
New Irish Dimities, plain and fancy, yard..... 25c
Swisses, Scotch Lappets and Lawns, per yd..... 19c
Persian Striped Ginghams, per yard..... 15c

NOTICE TO MAIL ORDER CUSTOMERS — We will send no samples to out-of-town customers unless a 2-cent stamp is enclosed for mailage.

New Gloves For Ladies.

Fownes new Dagmar Gloves in red, brown, beavers and black, 2-clasp..... $1.50

New gloves for evening wear, the new lace silk gloves, elbow length, taking the place of kid gloves, black and white..... $1.19

Ladies' new lace, silk mitts, the latest thing for evening wear, very fashionable, at 69c and..... $1.19

Ladies' new white Golf Gloves, fleeced, new, per pair only..... 50c

50 dozen Children's new Wool Mittens, at—a pair..... 8c.

Womens' Fashionable Shoes for Spring.

MERELY a few hints from a stock that comprises the new and the serviceable in a manner unparalleled. A steadily growing shoe business can only be made to grow constantly by upholding quality and keeping the prices reasonable.

Vassar Boots for Women—The spring styles are positively the handsomest ever seen. The assortment comprises over thirty distinct styles, including fine patent calf and kid. Any fashionable design can be had in the Vassar. The finest shoe made for the price—nothing to equal it for less than $3.50—price of all Vassar shoes..... $2.98

Colonial Boots for Women—Price $3.50—Another new and popular shoe added to our long list of women's high grade boots. This celebrated shoe is shown in all the new designs—every one desirable, unique and fascinating. Splendid quality of leather used in these shoes— all styles at..... $3.50

New Embroideries—Great Exhibition.

Nainsook Sets—Our own importation direct from St. Gall, Switzerland. A tremendous variety of exquisite patterns. Crescent, shell, spray, rings, squares, etc.—all of the finest needlework on a first quality cloth. At the following prices per set:

Baby patterns at 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c.
Medium open work at 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c, 20c.
Heavy open work, 2 to 4 inches wide, 15c, 20c, 35c and 50c.
Extra fine work, 25c, 30c, 50c and 75c.

Insertions and Beadings—open work, at 4c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c and 15c a yard.

Flouncings and Corset Cover Embroideries—a very large variety, from 5 inches to 12 inches wide, at 19c, 20c, 25c, 30c and 35c.

Cambric Edgings, hundreds of pieces bought at 35 per cent less than they can be purchased today at 4c, 5c, 7c, 8c, 10c, 12½c, 15c and up to 35c.

All-Over Embroideries—small and medium patterns, cambric, Swiss and Nainsook, at 50c, 75c, 89c, $1.00, $1.25 and up to $2.50 yard.

New Shell Hair Ornaments.

OUR Jewelry Department always has the newest things in the way of practical novelties, such as combs, buckles, etc. We are today opening out a great variety of side and back combs, in entirely new styles.

The Marquise Retainer—in shell, amber and turquoise—the newest things for holding stray locks, price..... 15c

Shell Side Combs—all new goods, new shapes, and like all our hair ornaments the finish is the finest procurable. Prices 19c, 25c, 50c and..... 75c

The Vassar Comb—this is that popular comb that has the turn-over top—three sizes at 15c, 20c and..... 25c

New Back Combs with that plain, heavy, round top—the finest production this year— 50c, 65c..... 75c

New Goods in Art Department.

New Honiton Braids—the most varied and well selected line of good things we have ever shown—narrow, medium and wide—white, cream and black, at 3c, 5c, 8c and..... 10c

THE EVENING HERALD

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 5.—Cold weather continues throughout the lake region, central valleys and Northwest, but temperatures have risen somewhat in districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, and have fallen in Eastern states. The coldest temperatures range between 15 and 25 degrees below zero in southern and western Minnesota, eastern North Dakota, eastern Assiniboia and Saskatchewan. Light falls of snow occurred over north Atlantic states, the eastern and upper portions of the lake region, South Dakota, northern Montana and eastern Washington, and rain over Pacific coast and Western Gulf states. High westerly winds prevailed during last night at Buffalo and Duluth.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	18	Memphis	18
Battleford	—24	Miles City	— 8
Bismarck	— 8	Milwaukee	— 6
Boston	16	Minnedosa	—12
Calgary	— 4	Modena	11
Charleston	28	Montgomery	26
Chicago	— 8	Moorhead	—20
Cincinnati	2	New Orleans	34
Davenport	— 6	New York	19
Denver	16	North Platte	8
Detroit	— 4	Oklahoma	16
Dodge City	8	Omaha	4
Duluth	— 8	Pittsburg	2
El Paso	28	Port Arthur	—12
Escanaba	— 8	Portland	32
Galveston	38	Prince Albert	—26
Green Bay	— 6	Qu' Appelle	—21
Havre	— 6	Rapid City	0
Helena	22	San Francisco	44
Houghton	0	Santa Fe	22
Huron	—20	Shreveport	38
Jacksonville	36	Spokane	22
Kamloops	2	St. Louis	4
Kansas City	0	St. Paul	—14
Knoxville	10	Sault Ste. Marie	6
La Crosse	—12	Swift Current	4
Lander	12	Washington	6
Los Angeles	40	Williston	— 2
Marquette	0	Winnemucca	30
Medicine Hat	— 2	Winnipeg	—20

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries tonight and probably Thursday. Slight changes in temperature. Fresh and brisk variable winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Thursday: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight and Thursday with probably snow flurries. Not so cold. Variable winds.

Minnesota—Snow flurries tonight and possibly Thursday. Not so cold tonight south and west portions. Variable winds.

North and South Dakota—Snow flurries tonight. Thursday probably fair and colder.

Warm Contest In Montana.

There must be something about the air in Montana that breeds contention in the politics of that state. Heretofore the pyrotechnical display of political animosity has always been in the Democratic ranks, but since the death of Marcus Daly, practically all opposition to Clark's domination has ceased and all is serene in the Democratic party. The state does not seem to be destined to enjoy quietness and a warm contest has appeared among the Republicans. Former Senators Thomas H. Carter and Wilbur F. Sanders are the opposing leaders, and while they have not the immense capital behind that Clark and Daly had, the deficit is more than offset by two of the most sarcastic tongues and brightest minds in the state. Mr. Carter is well known. Wilbur F. Sanders was the first United States senator from Montana, and has long been noted as a brilliant lawyer. He was chairman of the vigilance committee, which is accredited with having hanged forty or fifty outlaws in the early days at Virginia City and Helena when the laws were self-administered by the citizens.

Carter's machine is by far the better organized of the two, and he bids fair to win, but not without a desperate struggle on the part of the Sanders faction. Both have daily newspapers in Helena, and keen indeed are the flings thrust at each other. The federal patronage is the chief issue at stake just now—a district attorney, United States marsal, surveyor general and postmasters in all the larger cities are the chief issues. The death of W. K. DeWitt also leaves vacant the national committeemanship. The Carter faction is endeavoring to secure the reappointment by President Roosevelt of the present incumbents in the federal offices, while the Sanders following has a slate of its own. Both factions held conventions in Helena last week and adopted stirring resolutions, scoring their opponents and petitioning the president to favor them with the appointments. Carter expects the moral assistance, at least, of President Roosevelt, while Sanders is also depending on his influence with the powers that be. While Sanders does not seek any office, he appears determined to frustrate Carter's supposed desire to return to the senate four years hence. There is one thing pretty certain, and that is, that as long as these two worthies are scrapping that no Republican will be elected from Montana. The Democrats are united and with the Republicans split, the Democrats will control the legislature.

Shipbuilders Who Figured Too Low.

And now the shipbuilders, some eight or nine of them, who have contracts for the construction of torpedo boats will want to work congress for a large amount of money above the price they agreed to build the vessels for. They have discovered that they cannot complete their work within the contract price, and have already asked Secretary Long to give them more money for the ships. The secretary has decided that he has no authority to do so, and the builders will have to go to congress for relief. The money asked for by the builders amounts to over $200,000. Most of the ships were authorized three years ago, for completion within twelve and eighteen months, and are still uncompleted. There have been repeated applications for extension of time, usually on the ground there was difficulty in obtaining material which centers into the composition of these small ships. These requests have been granted by the navy department, and applications were then made by the contractors that the government increase the contract price for which the builders agreed to construct the boats. It was requested that 30 per cent of the contract price be added to the amount originally named. This request was based on the assertion that the contractors found the work of construction much more costly than they imagined, and in nearly all the cases the contractors lost an appreciable sum on the work. This is by no means surprising; in fact, at the time the bids were presented the amounts named in the proposals were regarded as exceedingly low, and the navy department authorities informed the contractors that they probably would make nothing on their contracts taken at such figures. A number of the firms were entirely inexperienced in the work, and evidently desired the contracts as a means of advertising or developing their plants. Whatever may have been the object in bidding for contracts at ruinously low figures, there have been disastrous results. A few more illustrations of this kind and there will be an added sentiment in favor of building some of the vessels at the navy yards.

ANOTHER WARM FINISH.

The Herald's predictions of a close outcome of the mayoralty fight were verified. With a much larger vote than was cast two years ago, Mayor Hugo has won out by practically the same plurality over Henry Truelsen. The Republican politicians who had figured out a plurality of from 300 to 600 for their candidate have lost repute with their followers who bet their money on the strength of these estimates and lost. They are probably convinced now that it is very wrong to bet on pluralities—if you lose. When the returns began to come in, it was quickly seen that Mr. Truelsen had lost none of his old-time popularity, and that those who supposed he had lost his vote-getting ability were badly astray. Even though he has lost by a narrow margin, Mr. Truelsen has reason to feel proud of the part he has played in the campaign and of the positive proof which the returns afford that nearly one-half of the voters of Duluth would have preferred to see him in the mayor's office during the coming two years. On the other hand, Mayor Hugo is entitled to congratulations on his victory against so popular an opponent and handicapped by the disreputable course pursued by the Republican organ. Mr. Hugo suffered the loss of many votes because of the mud-slinging indulged in by the News Tribune, and that it did not turn more votes against him was due to the knowledge by his friends that he was not personally responsible for this campaign of dirt and was powerless to prevent it.

There will probably be a friendly recount of the votes cast, owing to the narrow plurality given to Mr. Hugo by the unofficial returns, as it is possible that some of the judges may have made errors that would change the result. In all probability, however, it will be found that the result now declared is correct and that Mr. Hugo has been chosen for another term. Should the recount show no important changes in the figures, no one will more readily accept the outcome than Mr. Truelsen, who is not disposed to enter a contest, and naturally feels well pleased with the confidence expressed in him by so many of his fellow citizens.

In the ward contests the Democrats did exceedingly well, and they have reason to feel satisfied with their success.

A CHANGE OF FRONT.

The protest made by the citizens' committee of Duluth against several vicious features of the proposed new tax law appears to have had some effect on the governor. His message to the legislature, while commending the bill reported by the tax commission, suggests that it be amended so that its provisions may not injuriously affect the vessel and grain interests of Duluth. He has also heeded the storm of protests from all over the state against the plan of reducing the limit of exemption to $25, and suggests that it be retained at $100, as especially beneficial to the people of small means. To this extent those who have assailed the vicious features of the proposed law have gained a victory.

In this connection the sudden "flop" of the Minneapolis Journal on the proposed tax law is significant of the strength of public sentiment in opposition to its provisions. The theorists of the Journal have heard from the people. They have found that the vicious features of the proposed changes in the present system of taxation will not be accepted by the state, and that the people of Minnesota prefer the existing defective law to the one proposed by the commission. These views were brought directly to the attention of the Journal by a petition which the business interests of Minneapolis will present to the Hennepin county delegation in the legislature. It is a formidable petition, bearing the names of all the chief business interests of that city, and will undoubtedly have considerable influence in inducing the legislature to defer action until the people have a chance to vote on the proposed constitutional amendments. The petition furnishes positive proof that the business men are profoundly alarmed by many of the features of the proposed law, alarmed, as the Journal admits, "to such an extent that the adoption of the law without substantial amendment would create in them a state of apprehension bordering on panic. And such a state of mind would temporarily, at least, cause the same effect that actual damage would." In deference to this expression of opinion, the Journal backs down from its former attitude and favors the amendment of the law so that "it will not, if put into operation, work the graver of the hardships that now seem likely to flow from it."

This is quite a back down on the part of the Journal. It is now close to the position originally assumed by The Herald, that the bill presented by the commission should not be enacted in any form at this session, because it is admittedly imperfect and in certain parts vicious, and that constitutional amendments needed to frame a just and satisfactory law should be prepared by the legislature for submission to the popular vote at next fall's election.

VAN SANT AND THE MERGER.

In his message to the legislature today, Governor Van Sant refers to the proceedings taken by him in regard to the so-called Great Northern-Northern Pacific merger. As in the reply which he recently made to the petition of leading business men of Minneapolis, who requested that he withhold prosecution of the merger case until such time as it could be demonstrated whether the merger is opposed to public interests, the governor sets himself up as a legal authority and flatly asserts that the law of the state has been violated. As The Herald understands the matter, that is the very point that he is asking the United States supreme court to decide. This being the case, why does he not wait until the court has given its opinion before he presumes to say that the organization of the Northern Securities company is a violation of the statute? Most people will prefer to await the decison of the United States court rather than accept the assertions of a man whose chief knowledge of law was gained in running a river steamboat. If the governor thought the law was violated, it was his duty to take legal action to determine the question. There his duty ended. When he began to "play to the gallery" by loud talk about the awful effect upon the state of the proposed merger, and tried to induce the governors of other states to unite in his crusade, he showed that politics was at the bottom of his move, and that he was actuated more by a desire to make political capital than to safeguard the interests of the state.

As in the letter to the leading jobbers and manufacturers of Minneapolis—men of sound business sense and good judgment—the governor expresses the gratuitous opinion that railroad competition is in the interests of the people. This is a subject upon which there is a difference of opinion. Many of the best and most successful business men of the state are fully convinced that the "community of interests" plan, with which the name of President James J. Hill is indisolubly connected, is preferable to the ruinous competitive practices that have prevailed in former years. This is the view held by those who have most carefully studied the question in all its bearings. After hearing the testimony of James J. Hill and E. H. Harriman, of President C. S. Mellen of the Northern Pacific, and President Harris of the Burlington, at Chicago, Chairman Martin A. Knapp of the interstate commerce commission, made a signed statement in the course of which he said: "There does not seem to be anything vicious in the actual combination of the lines." He further said: "I am firmly convinced that the safety of the public lies in government supervision of freight rates. It is the result of putting so much power in the hands of the few that is to be feared." With this latter proposition Mr. Hill is on record as agreeing. As Mr. Knapp says, there is nothing vicious in the merger affair. Realization of this fact, after the subsidence of the temporary excitement caused by the loud talk of Governor Van Sant and a few sensational newspapers a few weeks ago, has removed any anxiety that was felt by the people of Minnesota. They know now that their interests are not in any way endangered by the merger; they have seen freight rates steadily reduced under the "community of interests" plan; and they are convinced that Mr. Hill, who has done more than any other man to develop and build up the Northwest, has effected the merger to protect the Northwest from a real danger—the control of the Northern Pacific by the Harriman syndicate. The people of Minnesota are today more interested in the disposition that is to be made by the legislature of the vicious tax code than they are in the effect of the merger.

PRICES ADVANCING.

The price of international real estate varies very largely according to circumstances, but judging from the price proposed for the purchase of the Danish West Indies, $5,000,000, values are going up. For the great Louisiana territory, embracing an area four times as large as the German empire and seven times that of Italy, the United States paid about $15,000,000, and made one of the best trades in real estate known to the world.

For Florida, which was really a completion of the Louisiana purchase, the United States paid Spain $6,489,768, by the treaty of Feb. 2, 1819. This cession was considerably larger than the present state of Florida, including parts of Louisiana, Mississippi and Alabama. From Mexico the United States acquired, by the treaty of Guadalupe Hildago, the territory now comprising Nevada, Utah, parts of Arizona, New Mexico, Colorado and Wyoming and all of California. For this the United States paid $15,000,000, and there was an assumption of certain private claims amounting to $3,250,000. This acquisition was subsequently perfected by the Gadsden purchase, originally intended to straighten out a disputed boundary, and negotiated Dec. 30, 1853. That is generally supposed to have covered 45,535 square miles of Arizona and New Mexico, extending from the Gila river to the Mexican boundary. The United States paid $10,000,000 for this land, but Mexico relinquished claims against the United States for damages for Indian depredations, estimated at from $15,000,000 to $30,000,000. For this transaction Santa Anna, the president of Mexico, was banished as a traitor.

Alaska was purchased in 1867, the United States paying $7,200,000 therefor, or about 2 cents an acre. For the Philippines $20,000,000 were paid, and afterward $100,000 to straighten out errors due to the map with which the Paris peace commission worked. Exclusive of these purchases growing out of the Spanish war, Mr. Binger Hermann, commissioner of the general land office, estimates that we have paid for our foreign acquisitions $52,200,000. This is a sum, as he points out, less than the value of one year's output of Montana's minerals or of Minnesota's wheat, or of California's live stock.

The United States paid nothing for Texas or Hawaii, except assuming a considerable debt in behalf of the latter and a very considerable war made excusable by the former. To be sure the federal government in the compromise of 1850 paid Texas $10,000,000 to give up its claim on Arizona and New Mexico, which was virtually buying land of an overgrown state. Just at present no new purchases are contemplated, but if the time does come, it will be interesting to note where the price of real estate will be at that time.

Speaker Henderson's reason for not wishing to touch the tariff law is that the country is prosperous and we should let well enough alone. But if times were hard he would say we must not meddle with the tariff and so make matters worse. But before he is many years older Speaker Henderson will discover that the people require some bad features of the tariff law to be corrected. He may discover this when he seeks a re-election in Iowa.

Everybody now seems to be ready to begin all over again the business of ransoming or rescuing Miss Stone. Just as we were about to spring the trap the naughty Turkish soldiers frightened the timid bandits away. They are afraid to take the money at present, as the Turkish soldiers might capture it.

It appears that in order to remove the extra tax from beer without exciting unpleasant comment and without being called upon to make any concession to whisky, the ways and means committee has found it necessary to recommend the repeal of all that is left of the war tax. That will leave everything as it was before, and of course nobody can complain.

Representative Cummings is to introduce a bill for the coinage of 2½-cent pieces, perhaps to accommodate some of his church-going constituents whose consciences annoy them if they put only a penny in the contribution plate, but to whom a nickel looks too large for that purpose. But the people generally are not clamoring for such a coin.

The Portland Telegram says: "If Mrs. Carrie Nation joins John L. Sullivan in the 'Uncle Tom's Cabin' company, the people of all parts of the country will join with the Kentucky Daughters of the Confederacy in their desire for the suppression of the performance of the play." Still people do not have to go to see it.

Now it is reported that the reason has match between Marconi and Miss Holman was broken off was because he required a large cash dot in advance, or on the wedding day—but this may be only a piece of malicious slander.

The political prophets, who predicted a big plurality for Hugo are now trying to explain how it happened.

The Duluth legislators are holding a prominent position on the legislative stage.

These close elections are severe strains on the politicians' nerves.

MIRTHFUL REMARKS.

Philadelphia Press: Kwoter—As some one has aptly said: "Eternal vigilance is the price of liberty."

Jagley—Not always. Some times it's "ten dollars or ten days."

Ohio State Journal: "I don't mind filing this new saw while you are on the stage," began the stage carpenter, "but I would like to know what the noise represents."

"It represents me gnashing my teeth," replied the heavy villain, scornfully, as he stole from behind the wings.

Chicago Tribune: "How do you part your hair?" said the barber after he had finished cutting it.

"With a comb," replied the irritable customer.

"I didn't know. It looked, when you came in, as if you might have been doing it with a hayrake."

Washington Star: "I suppose you have to be very diplomatic in approaching members of your legislature with offers of money."

"Yes, indeed," answered Senator Sorghum. "If you don't look sharp they'll charge you three or four times as much as they are worth."

Judge: He (desperately)—I have proposed to you fifteen times. This is the last, and, in the words of the auctioneer, "Going at two dollars! Going, going! Who'll make it two-fifty?"

She (involuntarily)—Oh, George! If you will make it two-forty-eight" I'll say yes.

Pittsburg Chronicle: "I can't think," said the girl with the Julia Marlowe dimple, "what made Algy act so strangely last night."

"Did he propose to you at any time during the evening?" asked the girl with the Maude Adams nose.

"Yes."

"Then he must have been drinking."

Philadelphia Press: "Business is frightfully dull today," said the junior partner of the tailoring firm.

"No wonder," said the senior partner angrily. "Who wrote our ad for the papers today?"

"I did. Why?"

"Because, it says: 'Do you need an overcoat? Try our Melton and frieze.'"

Chicago Tribune: "This young Bohemian violinist," said the professor, "is the leading musical sensation of the day. In fact," he added, warming with his subject, "if the young man will pardon the slight pronunciation of his name, he is Jan. 1 of the twentieth century."

"You ought to have a good Kubelikking for that," replied the doctor, putting his hat on and going.

To My Mother.

Deal gently with her, Time. These many years
Of life have brought more smiles with them than tears.
Lay not thy hand too harshly on her now,
But trace decline so slowly on her brow
That like a sunset of the northern clime,
Where twilight lingers in the summertime
And fades at last into the silent night,
Ere one may note the passing of the light),
So may she pass—since 'tis the common lot—
As one who, resting, sleeps and knows it not.

JOHN ALLAN WYETH, in the Century.

The American Matador

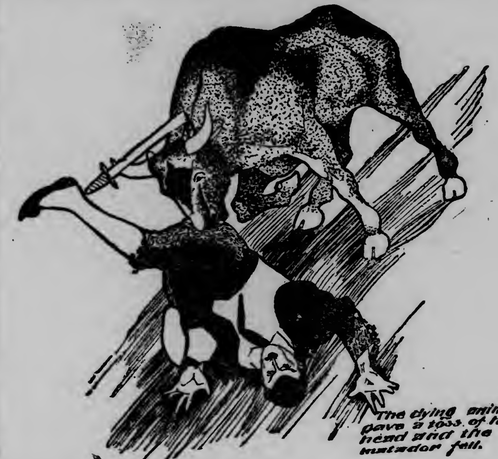
By CHARLES J. BAYNE

(Copyright, 1902, W. R. Hearst.)

The band was playing in the Parque Centrale, and half of Havana seemed to be circling around the statue of Isabella or dreamily reclining in the convenient seats, listening to the languorous strains of "La Mulatta Balladora." It was a scene such as no one can imagine who was not there in the uncorrupted days before the Pearl of the Antilles had become Americanized. It was pure Havana.

A foreigner, in those days, was stared at as openly as the native courtesy of Cuban and Spaniard would allow. It is not remarkable, therefore, that when Rawlston's broad shoulders came into view, as he joined the Wednesday evening throng, he attracted unusual attention. His years at Yale had given him both a physique and a swagger. They had given him a manliness which betrayed itself in every movement. Idleness and curiosity had brought him there. He was studying types of Cuban beauty. Perhaps some enemy had put it into his head to write a book.

He had paced the Prado Centrale for some time in a more or less listless sort of way. The senoritas, powdered half an inch deep and waving their gaudy fans, all looked alike to him. It was growing monotonous. He was about to return to the Pasaja and go to bed, where he could draw on his imagination for the charms of



brown beauties and fried bananas. He had decided to take a farewell turn and go, when his eyes suddenly rested upon a young girl, whose genuine beauty made him start. She was typical in everything but artificiality. The languorous lids, the dark, dreamy eyes and olive complexion were all there; but upon them lay a subtle charm which captivated him. It was partly superior intelligence shining from her eyes and partly the naturalness which appealed to a manly man who hated sham. Rawlston loitered and watched her from the corner of his eyes until the "Marcha Real" was played and the crowd started home.

He fell in behind his new-found beauty and the inevitable mother and followed them at a respectful distance. To his amazement and delight they went into the Pasaje, but in a moment more they had disappeared.

* * * * * * *

The moon shone with a mellow glory through the trees of the Prado as Rawlston sat on the balcony of the quaint old Havana hotel with Angelica Linates beside him. He had outwitted duenna-ship. He had even succeeded in inspiring in the young girl beside him a fervor of affection, which belongs only to the children of the sun. His only rival was riches. Old Linares was a tender father, but a failure as a man of affairs. He had lost all, and it was Angelica's dominant desire to see his last years spent in competency and peace. The don, Spaniard though he was, owned a hacinda which yielded 100,000 pesos a year.

But, she was a woman, after all. She loved courage and strength.

Rawlston saw his one avenue to success. It was daring and dangerous, but it was sure.

* * * * * * *

Christmas day dawned clear and warm. Carriages and volantes and pedestrians were hurrying toward the bull ring for the great event of the year. Six bulls were on the program, the Princess de Merino was to be present.

The bugles blew and the bloody sport began. Cheer after cheer arose as the toredors dispatched the duke of Veragua's cattle until only one remained. The gates opened and in came the last victim to be butchered to make a Cuban holiday. He pawed the earth in the center of the arena and a wicked light came into his eye. It was evident that he was the most vicious of all. The picadors came to madden him. The sharp spikes, with streamers, and explosives, were dexterously thrust into his neck. The smell of the charred flesh filled the arena and the varigated streamers mocked the wound. The infuriated animal was at the highest tension of murderous anger.

It was time for the matador to come and play the highest stake in the game between life and levity. He came, tricked out in all the gorgeousness of his calling. But his face was not bronzed like those the spectators had seen before. There was something foreign in his aspect which his costume could not conceal. He held his sword with a careless grace and walked with an elastic step. The maddened animal caught sight of him and with his sharp horns lowered thundered at him with a roar which echoed throughout the arena. The matador held his sword with a firm grasp and awaited the onslaught. He knew how to reach a vital spot at the base of the neck and he made a quick thrust. The stroke went home. But in the last spasm of life and energy the dying animal gave a toss of his head and the matador fell. The vast crowd cheered and applauded after their pitiless fashion, and rising to their feet showered money and scattered cigars over the fallen matador.

There was but one scream, and the delirious multitude did not pause to see that one little brown girl had swooned.

* * * * * * *

They were long, tedious days, there in the Pasaja, but Rawlston finally guessed that he would have a cigar, "if you don't mind," and "For God's sake, give me a New York paper."

Angelica smiled happily and indulgently.

The hacienda of the Spanish don is marvelously productive these days—for Yankee brains will tell; and those whose good fortune leads them to the neighborhood of Marianao, a few miles from Havana, if they see a brood of fatty youngsters with somewhat clearer complexions and sturdier limbs than one usually encounters there, will no doubt find a welcome in the hospitable home of the American matador.

GOV. VAN SANT'S LETTER.

Minnesota Commercial West: Thirty-seven of the leading jobbers and manufacturers of Minneapolis—a large majority of the firms in the city of the grade to whom the petition was presented—signed a request to Governor Van Sant to withhold prosecution of the merger case until such time as it be demonstrated that the merger is opposed to public interest. This request was presented to Governor Van Sant on Tuesday, and on Wednesday he replied to the petitioners in a manner that suggests that he has overlooked the real point at issue.

After citing the law bearing on railroad consolidations in Minnesota, on which the prosecution before the United States supreme court is based, he says: "The consolidation of the Northern Pacific and the Great Northern Railway companies through the organization of the Northern Securities company is clearly a violation of the provisions of the statute quoted above. * * * It is my bounden duty to prevent, if possible, the consolidation referred to. * * * Competition in the matter of rates always has been, and ever will be, beneficial to the public."

Governor Van Sant has, by this declaration, transformed himself into a court of last resort. He has the right of every citizen to an opinion on the merits of merger and of competition, but he has no right to tell the people of Minnesota what that opinion is, and incorporate it in a statement that should have to do only with his duty in relation to official action in the merger case.

Governor Van Sant had one duty to perform in connection with the merger—the duty of seeing that the law of the state is complied with. The courts are established for the purpose of passing on such questions, and Governor Van Sant had discharged his full duty when he brought legal action to determine the question.

It is quite unnecessary for him to declare the law in advance of the decision of the United States supreme court. It is equally unnecessary for him to declare that competition is "and ever will be" in the interests of the people. He may be wrong in one or both instances.

There are thinking and law-abiding men in this state—outside of railroad offices—who do not agree with him on the competitive proposition. They have the right to their judgment without having their motives questioned. They believe that competition as we have had it has practically ceased to have influence because a higher and stronger competitive law has come into play—one that will prevent, in large part, ruinous competitive practices, and give instead stability of rates that will grow steadily less until the lowest level is reached on which business can be conducted. They believe the merger is the first step in this direction.

These men believe that the competition the governor refers to is opposed to the interests of the people, hence, following the evolution of all law, ruinous competition will be checked by mergers, and Governor Van Sant will find himself supported by a theory that is dead, although it may have for some time sufficient influence to make it valuable as an "issue."

Governor Van Sant has made a mistake that indicates his prejudice in the matter by stopping to discuss questions outside of the legal aspect of the case before him. This is a gratuitous offering on his part, just as was his "call to arms" in his attempt to bring other states to his support. The issue is as strong before the supreme court with the state of Minnesota the petitioner as it would be with many states asking legal decision.

Governor Van Sant's petitioners are business leaders of the state. They are the men who have accomplished results. They are in the habit of thinking for themselves, and they are not to be deterred in that course by the "play" of Governor Van Sant to lofty patriotism. This fact may as well be understood now as at any other time.

Preparing to Depart.

There ain't no use o' lingerin' in the country day by day,
When the boughs are bleak an' barren, an' the flowers are laid away.
There ain't no birds a singin' nor no honey bees to hum,
Exceptin' fur the wind, you'd think the world was deaf and dumb.
I am gettin' tired o' waitin' fur the finery of spring,
When the snow drifts all have melted an' the trees their treasures fling
Across the road, an' welcome, I am weary of repose,
So I'm goin' to the city where the gold brick grows.

I'm goin' to the city; there's the place to see the sights,
At night it's like a garden that is blossoming thick with lights.
You must keep your eyes wide open if you feel disposed to roam—
But you've got to take some chances, if you stay right here at home.
The songs you hear 'em singin' in the op'ry house an' hall
Ain't in it with the bird songs; but they beat no song at all.
So I'm goin' where excitement isn't permanently froze.
I'm goin' to the city where the gold brick grows. —Washington Star.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: Only to the old is youth a precious jewel.

No man can ever make a woman believe he loves her unless he will put his head in her lap sometimes and tell her it rests him.

Our honor is something that is hurt when we get found out.

A woman's idea of a good photograph of herself is when a friend looks at it and says, "What a beautiful woman! Who is she?"

When you have tried everything else on a woman and it has failed tell her you are puzzled to know why it is she always reminds you of the Faubourg St. Germain.

IF NOT A JUDGE OF

Pianos

Bring in a friend. If he knows good Pianos, we'll gain another customer and you will be helped in the choice you make.

Bring in your friend anyway, and please him as well as yourself in looking over our line of

KRANICH & BACH

Pianos. They can be bought for small prices. It is real economy to look them up. Unsurpassed in DURABILITY, delightful in TONE, stylish in case—they SATISFY, and that's no small matter.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

Open Saturday Evenings.

AT THE HOTELS

As far as the hotels were concerned election night was the quietest one the city has known. There was not a sign in the lobbies of a man the worse for drink, nor were many people about waiting for the result. All the hotels kept bulletins posted of the progress of the count. It is believed that the ability of telephone subscribers to get the bulletins by 'phone, added to the cold weather, interfered with the gathering of crowds around the hotels.

* * *

"The paper mill workers' strike," said a traveling man from Appleton, who is stopping at the St. Louis," is not for higher wages but for shorter hours. The men in the paper mills in the Fox river valley work 12-hour shifts. With the modern methods employed in paper-making, it is necessary to keep the great paper machines in operation the twenty-four hours round, else the working parts will rust from the water that is run through the machines. There are no stops except to clean up the machine or to make repairs, and in the latter case the machines are cleaned up all the same. The mills dislike to put on another shift, because each shift adds to the difficulties encountered in turning out an even article of paper, as to finish, color, etc. One of the greatest criticisms a paper mill has to meet is that its product does not run evenly, and the more changes there are in the crews during the day the more likely there is to be an uneven product. On the other hand the men, who make good wages, claim that they should not be asked to work half of the twenty-four hours."

* * *

A party of coal magnates made up of John J. Rhodes and W. K. Fields, of St. Paul, L. P. Eckles, of Columbus, Ohio, and J. E. Henderson, of Milwaukee, spent yesterday afternoon at the Spalding.

* * *

Judge Nelson, of Virginia, is one of the guests at the St. Louis. The judge is a justice at Virginia, but has prospered as much physically as he has politically, and is one of the popular characters of the Mesaba range.

* * *

Mrs. W. N. Moulton and Mrs. R. J. Sewell, of Two Harbors, are visiting in the city, guests at the McKay.

* * *

F. M. Bailey, Holyoke, Mass.; D. Parsival, Dubuque; J. W. Palmer, Minneapolis; S. A. Brodin, Boston; H. C. Barker, New York; E. T. W. Craig, Pittsburg; Charles H. Fee, Detroit; Terry Naughton, St. Paul; J. F. Lynn, St. Louis, and L. P. Erkels, Columbus, are registered at the Spalding.

* * *

Mrs. C. J. Clement, St. Paul; Jack Moloney, Eau Claire; G. Dahlstrom, John B. Ranger, Minneapolis; Mrs. J. Dunivan, Chisholm, and W. Baernstein, Minneapolis, are at the McKay.

* * *

Clarence G. Wilson, New York; E. H. Page, Minneapolis; Will Wuffenbach, Boston; M. Fisher, Eveleth; John A. Branch, Ashland; F. E. Burgan, Calumet, Mich.; Albert Goodman, St. Paul; A. D. McGliman, Rochester, N. Y.; C. C. Taylor, Chicago, and J. H. Roberts, St. Paul are at the St. Louis.

A Nick In the Bolo.

Washington correspondent New York World: Governor Taft, before the senate Philippines committee today, told of a fight in Mindanao, in which some American troops engaged a lot of natives armed with bolos. One of the American sergeants had a hand-to-hand encounter with a native. The boloman struck the sergeant a blow in the neck, almost decapitating him. The soldier's life was saved because the bolo had a good-sized nick in the blade. The carotid artery just fitted this nick and was not severed, although the neck on each side was cut. The sergeant, Governor Taft said, supported his head in his hand and rode thirty miles to a surgeon. The wounds in his neck were sewed up and the man is now alive and well.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER

E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.

Saturday, February 8.

Just one big laugh for everybody. The funniest of all the funny shows.

Willis Maxwell Goodhue's Joyful Oddity

HELLO BILL

The Merriest! The Jolliest! And the laughiest ever.

Prices—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Star Lecture Course

First M. E. Church, Duluth.

REV. THOMAS DIXON, Jr.

Of New York City.

Saturday Evening, Feb. 8.

LECTURE:

"Backbone."

Ticket and seat, 50 cents, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the Door.

A TEST EXPERIMENT.

Peculiar Power Possessed By a New Medicine.

Of new discoveries there is no end, but one of the most recent, most remarkable and one which will prove invaluable to thousands of people, is a discovery which it is believed will take the place of all other remedies for the cure of those common and obstinate diseases, dyspepsia and stomach troubles. This discovery is not a loudly advertised, secret patent medicine, but is a scientific combination of wholesome, perfectly harmless vegetable essences, fruit salts, pure pepsin and bismuth.



These remedies are combined in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and will preserve their good qualities indefinitely, whereas all liquid medicines rapidly lose whatever good qualities they may have had as soon as uncorked and exposed to the air.

This preparation is called Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and it is claimed that one of these tablets or lozenges will digest from 300 to 3000 times its own weight of meat, eggs and other wholesome food. And this claim has been proven by actual experiments in the following manner: A hard boiled egg cut into small pieces was placed in a bottle containing warm water heated to ninety-eight degrees (or blood heat), one of these Tablets was then placed in the bottle and the proper temperature maintained for three hours and a half, at the end of which time the egg was as completely digested as it would have been in a healthy stomach. This experiment was undertaken to demonstrate that what it would do in the bottle it would also do in the stomach, hence, its unquestionable value in the cure of dyspepsia and weak digestion. Very few people are free from some form of indigestion but scarcely two will have the same symptoms. Some will suffer most from distress after eating, bloating from gas in the stomach and bowels, others have acid dyspepsia or heartburn, others palpitation or headaches, sleeplessness, pains in chest and under shoulder blades, extreme nervousness as in nervous dyspepsia, but they all have the same cause, failure to properly digest what is eaten. The stomach must have rest and assistance, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give it both, by digesting the food for it and in a short time it is restored to its normal action and vigor. At same time the Tablets are so harmless that a child can take them with benefit. This new preparation has already made many astonishing cures, as for instance, the following:

After using only one package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I have received such great and unexpected benefit that I wish to express my sincere gratitude. In fact it has been six months since I took the package and I have not had one particle of distress or difficulty since. And all this is in the face of the fact that the best doctors I consulted told me my case was Chronic Dyspepsia and absolutely incurable as I had suffered twenty-five years. I distributed a half dozen packages among my friends here who are very anxious to try this remedy.

MRS. SARAH A. SKEELS,
Lynnville, Jasper Co., Mo.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents for full sized packages. A little book on Stomach Diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart & Co., Marshall, Mich.

LOST MONEY

By Evasion of Clearing House Rules By Banks.

New York, Feb. 5.—New York clearing house banks have lost many thousands of dollars directly through evasion of a clearing house rule adopted three years ago, which puts a tariff of one-tenth and one-quarter of 1 per cent, according to distance on the collection of all checks drawn on out of town banks and which pass through New York oanks. The practice has grown to such an extent that it has nullified in many instances the article of the constitution of the clearing house, which imposes a heavy penalty on any bank which collects money on checks without charging the tariff prescribed, in order to stop the practice. A circular has been sent out by the clearing house association, to all banks that are members of the association, calling attention to the penalties.

THREE PERISHED.

Mother and Two Children Dead at Waterloo, Ia.

Waterloo, Iowa, Feb. 5.—Mrs. Ed Kutchner and two children were burned to death in their home last night in a fire caused by the overturning of a lamp. One other child was fatally burned and three others seriously injured.

OLDEST CO-ED

In the Country at Northwestern Academy.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Evanston boasts the oldest "co-ed" of any educational institution in the country. Mrs. Virginia Waterman is a student in the Northwestern academy at the age of 60, and she expects to take a full college course. Mrs. Waterman will graduate from the academy this year, and will then go to Cornell university, where she expects to take up her residence with "the other girls" in Sage hall.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

Mardi Gras Carnival—$46.70.

NEW ORLEANS FEB. 3 TO FEB. 15.

February 3 to Feb. 9, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short Line) will sell tickets to Mobile, Ala., and return for $44.70, and to New Orleans, La., and return, account of above, for $46.70. Good returning until Feb. 15, or by payment of 50 cents return limit will be extended until Feb. 28. Four trains daily, including famous Lake Superior limited. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

$500 REWARD!

We will pay the above reward for any case of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverite, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 100 boxes contain 40 Pills, 50c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and Imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist.
435 West Superior St. - Duluth, Minn.

SHE MADE A FORTUNE

In Far Off Alaska and Also Captured a Husband.

Has Jewels and More Money Than She Can Count.

Novel Experiences of Ohio Girl at Dawson and Nome.

Muncie, Ind., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Colvin Beaton, formerly of Cincinnati, who enjoys the distinction of being the only woman to go to the Klondike "broke" and come back with a fortune, who figured in a romance there while cornering the coal market, is here to visit her father, T. H. Hefel, and will remain here a few weeks. She will return to the Klondike in the spring. While she was not strong when she went into Alaska Mrs. Beaton is today a healthy and robust woman. Aside from gaining strength and riches there she also found a husband who is rich in the possession of Alaskan gold claims.

A few years ago Mr. Hefel came to Muncie from Cincinnati with his daughter. After a short time she became dissatisfied here and went West. In Seattle she concluded to go to the Klondike. The fare was $100 and she had but $122. The plucky woman made the trip and arrived at St. Michaels without money. Soon she drifted to Rampart City, where she attracted the attention of Colvin Beaton, proprietor of a restaurant.

He offered her $50 per week to act as attendant, and as soon as the fair clerk assumed her duties at Beaton's business flourished. Miss Hefel found her employment easy and the remuneration entirely satisfactory; but the Yukon froze over, and business became dull. Rampart City was dead. So the fair clerk found herself wanting again, in that she was unable to sell her earrings and other jewelry to tide over until June.

Returning to Dawson City, after subsisting upon dog and seal oil for several weeks, the woman bought the entire lot of the first vegetables that arrived. She cornered the market and opened a small restaurant, a meal, with cucumbers and radishes, bringing her $12.

After realizing a snug sum Miss Hefel proceeded to Nome. There she found a great demand for coal that was readily obtainable. She supplied herself and, with options and contracts, boosted the price. The effect was electrical upon the older merchants. After getting a substantial hold Miss Hefel dropped the price from $45 per ton down to such a figure that the other merchants sold out to her. With absolute control of the product the price soared to $100 per ton. Next she purchased some apparently worthless claims. These were worked with but little returns. But they turned out to be valuable so she closed them and they are still intact. The woman finally decided to go into the hotel business, but there was no place for the building, scarcely, and, worse yet, no material. A log tent was bought for $2100. It was soon filled with roomers and the clever manager realized a neat sum.

Miss Hefel continued to invest in frozen real estate. She purchased claim after claim and prospered. Today she is a heavy stockholder in fifty-three important claims.

Homesickness overcame Miss Hefel and she concluded to close her hotel and return home for a brief period, at least. Returning she met Colvin Beaton, the man who had befriended her when she arrived broke. Beaton wooed and won the pretty girl he had befriended. He did not know of the fortune the girl possessed. He had gold of his own and didn't care whether the woman he married had anything or not.

After their marriage they started for California. They have spent considerable time in this and other states, but prefer the North and will return in the near future.

When asked what she was worth, Mrs. Beaton, toying with a pretty heavy bracelet of pure gold, which she said "would weigh about $160," said: "Well, really, I cannot answer that question, for—well, for one reason, I do not know, and for another, I have not even told my husband, and surely I would not impart to a stranger what I would not tell my husband."

Mrs. Beaton has two trunks, massive ones, filled with otter and other valuable fur clothing, rich dresses, fur trimmed, and a big box of jewels, which she said she bought at Tiffany's.

VON BUELOW'S

Stand In Resisting Higher Tariff Rates Is Endorsed.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—A preponderance of press and public opinion seems to unquestionably support the imperial chancellor count Von Buelow, in resisting the demands of the aristocracy for an increase of tariff above the rates prevail in the new bill. The discontent of this powerful section of the governments supporters adds to the difficulties of the chancellor's position and naturally causes some gossip in the reichstag lobbies to the effect that if the bill fails the imperial chancellor would be discredited before the country and the emperor.

The ministry has taken a stand against the Agrarians after the most careful investigation of the situation with the confidence that the country would support it. Nothing would be done without the emperor's sanction. The ministry is determined under no circumstances to not accept any higher rates than the bill calls for. The chancellor is understood to be awaiting a favorable opportunity.

The sky looks bluer, the sun shines brighter, a feeling of youth and strength creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

LOCKED IN.

Mrs. Ericcson's Fear of Burglars Caused Her Death.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Fear of burglars was the indirect cause of the burning to death of Mrs. Amelia Ericcson here today. Mrs. Ericcson's dread of house-breakers led her to lock and bolt all windows and doors to her house. The house caught fire from a gasoline explosion. Neighbors heard Mrs. Ericcson crying for help, but were so much delayed by the latter's precautions against intruders that entrance was gained too late.

Wrinkles are smoothed away by its healing touch. Brain tired and depressed people will find a cure in Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

AT WEST DULUTH

W. E. Kern, the newly-elected Democratic alderman of the Eighth ward, was receiving the congratulations of his numerous West Duluth friends this morning. In the face of the strong opposition that he met and the popularity of Robert Cochrane, the Republican nominee, who was a candidate for re-election, it is conceded that Mr. Kern has good reason to be congratulated.

Last year Mr. Kern ran against Alderman Swenson in the same ward and was defeated by less than a dozen votes. This year he ran against a man that was considered by the politicians in both parties of the Eighth ward to be an even stronger candidate than Mr. Swenson and defeated him by a majority of 56 votes.

There are various reasons assigned by the workers of both parties for Mr. Kern's election. The Democrats claim that among the things that defeated Mr. Cochrane this election was the circular that gave his purported attitude regarding the eight-hour labor proposition, and because he is said to have done nothing in matters pertaining to acquiring the water plant for West Duluth. They also hint that Mr. Cochrane's defeat is partly due to two city officials in West Duluth that Alderman Cochrane has supported in the past.

The Republicans claim that while the eight-hour labor question may have had something to do with Mr. Cochrane's defeat, the principal reasons were the former alderman's action regarding a certain street commissioner, who was said to have been absent from the city on business of his own for some time and was permitted to draw salary from the city during that time, and this, with Alderman Cochrane's approval. The Republicans, some of them, also say that Mr. Cochrane's campaign might have been conducted by men more experienced in politics.

According to the count made last evening Mr. Kern's total vote was 459, as compared with 403 for Mr. Cochrane. The Republicans put in the hardest work previous to election in the First precinct and the result is shown by a vote of 107 for Mr. Cochrane against 88 for Mr. Kern. The Democrats worked the hardest for their candidate in the second, third and fifth precincts. In the second precinct, where Mr. Cochrane resides, Mr. Kern's majority was 19 as compared with a majority of 35 against Mr. Swenson last year; in the third precinct, Mr. Cochrane's majority was 8, while Mr. Swenson had a majority of 42 over Mr. Kern in the same precinct last year; in the fourth precinct, Mr. Kern's own precinct, the Democratic candidate had a majority of 40, but he had a majority of 43 in the precinct over Mr. Swenson last year; in the fifth precinct Mr. Kern's majority was 52, while his majority over Mr. Swenson in 1901 was 35; in the sixth precinct Mr. Cochrane had a majority of 7, and a year ago Mr. Kern only had one vote in the precinct; the seventh precinct gave Mr. Cochrane a majority of 8, and the eighth precinct gave him a majority of 13. Last year Mr. Swenson carried both these precincts.

The Democrats claim that the Scandinavian vote that went largely against Mr. Kern for Mr. Swenson last year was thrown to Mr. Kern this year. They claim that if more work had been done in the first precinct, where 32 voters registered did not vote, the majority of 19 for Cochrane might have been overcome. There is quite a discrepancy between the figures representing the registration and the actual votes polled in many of the other precincts of the Eighth ward.

So far as can be learned there were no bets placed on the aldermanic contest, and very little on the mayoralty election in this portion of the city. Last evening a Duluthian is said to have come to West Duluth and offered to wager $75 on a majority of 200 for Mr. Hugo, which was taken up and divided between three business men of this portion of the city.

One West Duluth Republican will win a bet that was somewhat peculiar. Last fall he was met by a Democrat that wished to wager that Mayor Hugo would not be a candidate for re-election. This was before the mayor's statement that he would not run. The Republican said that he would do even better, that he would bet $5 that Mr. Hugo would be a candidate, would be nominated and would be elected. When the statement was published the Democrat declared that it was such a sure thing for him that the Republican might take back his money. This the latter refused to do. After Mr. Hugo was nominated, the Republican extended the same favors to the Democrat, but he was game and staid by his bet. The Republican will get the money.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. J. J. Lauermann, of 411 Fifty-eighth avenue west, celebrated her 50th birthday anniversary yesterday, and last evening entertained about twenty-five of her friends and neighbors in honor of the event.

C. W. Stewart, one of the West Duluth chicken fanciers, returned this morning from St. Paul, where he has been for several days attending the poultry show. Mr. Stewart was not an exhibitor there. He says that the St. Paul show was a good one, but for its size was not better than that of the Duluth Poultry association, which was held a week ago in this city.

Harry Huntoon, who has been teaching school several miles back of Duluth, returned this morning to attend the teachers' examinations that will be held at the Jackson school the latter part of this week. Mr. Huntoon has been teaching in the vicinity of the new logging road of the Brooks-Scanlon company and says that while there are two trains per day, averaging thirty cars of logs each, over the new road, yet it is not able to furnish logs fast enough to keep the big mill at Scanlon operating day and night.

A girl has been born to Mr. and Mrs. G. Parbek, 5023 Grand avenue, and a boy to Mr. and Mrs. L. Erickson, of 127 Sixtieth avenue west.

The Women's Foreign Missionary society of the Asbury M. E. church will meet at the residence of Mrs. Adams, Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock. A program of musical and literary selections will be rendered.

J. Theabault, of Jamestown, N. D., is a guest of his sister, Mrs. John Grau, of Central avenue.

Mrs. Ketzer is entertaining her mother, Mrs. Joseph Lane, of New Ulm, Minn.

Miss Mollie Doyle, of 3519 Raleigh street, entertained at her home a number of her young friends, the event being in honor of her 10th birthday. The evening was spent in various amusements, after which refreshments were served.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

Embroideries.

Cambric Embroideries — from 2 to 4 inches. Price, a yard..... 5c

Nainsook Embroideries — extra good quality, desirable stylish patterns, widths up to five inches—a yard..... 10c

Torchon Laces with insertions to match, widths ½ to 4½ inches, actual 10c to 15c values; at—a yard..... 5c

Full line of choice new 1902 Embroideries now in.

Undermuslins.



Fine Muslin Skirts, with deep cambric flounce trimmed with 3 rows torchon insertion and ruffle of torchon lace. A splendid value at— $1.00

Muslin Gowns, high neck, square yoke, trimmed with torchon lace or embroidery. Very special 49c

Untrimmed Muslin Drawers—deep hemstitched flounces, three styles to select from. Price, a pair..... 25c

"Marguerite" Corset Covers, full front, trimmed with embroidery, torchon or hemstitched ruffles. Your choice at..... 25c

Untrimmed Corset Covers, plain tight fitting style. Special value at..... 9c

Housewives' Gingham Aprons—head to foot style; special offer for Thursday only..... 29c

Gingham Aprons, extra full and long. Special value at..... 25c

Corset Special.

Figured Dresden short Corsets, grey, white or black; a special lot in nearly all sizes. Extra value at, a pair..... 47c

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

New Spring Suits, Jackets



Our first shipment of new Spring garments just received. It includes Suits, Skirts, Short Jackets and Raglans—the very latest and most popular styles, made with the exacting care as if made-to-measure.

The new Spring Suits are in plain Granites, Cheviots, Coverts, Venetians and Broadcloth—and are black, blue, brown, castor, mode or grey—Skirts are all Nearsilk lined, are shaped for close fitting over hip with an extra flare effect at the bottom—some with bands of Moire Silk trimming—Jackets are lined with best quality Taffeta, are handsomely braided or otherwise trimmed in accord with the style demanded this season. This first showing is a complete line of garments select in style, fit and finish at exceptionally reasonable prices.

To make room for the new goods we offer the balance of our entire line of Winter Cloaks and Jackets at just ONE HALF OFF

New Wash Fabrics.

A full, complete showing of the handsomest line of Wash Goods ever seen in Duluth—from the finest sheer fabrics and tissues in exclusive patterns down to the pretty Dress Ginghams and Cheviots.

Standard Apron Ginghams, large or small checks, in good colors—special value, a yard... 5c

36-inch best quality Percales, dark and medium colors in pretty patterns—regular 12½c values—a special leader at... 10c

New Dress Ginghams—either plain colors or fancy stripes and checks. Ask to see those 12½c values which we make leaders at—a yard..... 10c

32-inch Madras, fast colors in pretty stripes. An excellent wash material for shirt waists—choice, a yard..... 15c

Edinborough Zephyrs — a pleasing variety of these novelties in effective corded designs—a strong, durable cloth for summer dresses. Per yard..... 15c

32-inch Shirt Waist Cheviots in neat stripes—a fabric that will launder handsomely— per yard..... 20c

1902 Irish Dimities — our own direct importation. The prettiest, newest patterns and colorings. Actually the choicest dimities made, delightfully cool and gracefully draping. Scores of patterns to select from at, a yard..... 25c

Valentines.

For St. Valentine's Day each recurring year—the dainty card reminders are made daintier and prettier than ever. We are showing the handsomest line of Valentines in Duluth. For beauty of subjects, and highly artistic shapes, they will meet the most exacting requirements of the public. The prices range from—

1c, 5c, 10c, 25c and up to $2.00

Book of the Year

"Schley and Santiago."

By George Edward Graham—endorsed by Rear Admiral Schley as the only correct story of the movements of the Flying Squadron and the battle of Santiago. Price..... $1.19

Knit Underwear



Final quickstep prices put on many little lots of high grade Underwear for general clearance. An unusual opportunity for economy.

Women's extra heavy ribbed Cotton Vests and Pants, fleece lined, silk trimmed, usual 50c quality as a special leader, during this sale at—per garment..... 35c

Women's Ribbed Cotton Union Suits, extra heavy fleeced—button across bust—silk tape and crochet trimmed—sold elsewhere at 65c—here tomorrow at, per suit.. 42c

Women's Heavy All-Wool Pants, small sizes only—celebrated "Luzerne" make, sold regularly at $1.00 and $1.25—special price Thursday, a pair..... 59c

Women's Fine All-Wool Union Suits—in black and grey—button down front—sold regularly at $4.00 and $5.00 per suit. We have a few small sizes which we price to close at, per suit..... $1.98

SHIPPERS

Of England Discuss Matters of Interest to This Country.

London, Feb. 5.—At the annual meeting of the chamber of shipping of the United Kingdom today, several points interesting to the United States were raised. Col. Emil Ropner, M. P., president of the organization referring "to crimping" and "blood money" in the United States, said the chamber earnestly hoped the British ambassador at Washington would succeed in inducting the United States government to introduce legislation making "crimping" a criminal offense.

Regarding ship subsidies, Col. Ropner said the United States possibly would pass a ship subsidy bill, with the result that there would be a rapid extension of the United States mercantile navy and keener competition, which would require all the energy and enterprise of British ship owners to meet.

The chamber unanimously passed a resolution urging the British government to make an effort to secure the exemption of British shipments from the payment of the tonnage tax levied at United States ports, and use its good offices to induce the United States pending further legislation, to enforce the federal and state laws in regard to desertion of seamen and the payment of "blood money."

QUICK WORK.

Burglars Get $6000, Kill the Sheriff and Escape.

Fort Smith, Ark., Feb. 5.—Robbers at 2:30 o'clock this morning at Clarksville, Ark., blew up the safe at the Bank of Clarksville with dynamite, secured a sum estimated at $6,000, killed John Powers, sheriff of Johnson county, who attempted to capture them, and escaped before the citizens were aware of their presence.

COLLAPSED.

Part of the McCormick-Behnke Building at St. Paul Falls.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—A portion of the northwest corner of the second floor of the McCormick-Behnke building, Fourth and Wacouta streets, heavily loaded with teas and spices, collapsed this morning at 10:25. John Nelson, the elevator man, was carried with it, but escaped with slight bruises.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

Annual Excursion South—

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account Mardi Gras being held at New Orleans and Mobile, the North-Western line will have on sale round-trip tickets to these points at greatly reduced rates Feb. 3 to 9 inclusive, good to return on or before Feb. 15, with the privilege of having return limits extended until Feb. 28. Full information regarding rates, limits of tickets, stop-over privileges, etc., cheerfully given. Be sure and see that your ticket reads via the popular North-Western line, leaving Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street or Omaha depot.

AT POKER

Hanna Clever as Well as In Politics.

New York, Feb. 5.—The Times publishes the following:

The Hon. Marcus Aurelius Hanna, now United States senator from Ohio, has done many things to make his fellow citizens open their eyes and envy him. He is now doing grand work in the way of projecting peace and harmony between capital and labor. Right well he knows how to do it, for he has had much to do with that line as an employer of labor at and about coal mines for three decades at least. In the early years as a coal mine operator, he, with many others from Ohio and Pennsylvania, went to Montreal each year about this time to bid on supply coal for the Grand Trunk Railway company, representing many hundreds of thousands of dollars annually.

It was always the custom to be on hand ahead of the day for opening the bids, and the respective bidders put up at St. Lawrence Hall hotel on James street. It often happened that the bids were not opened on the specified day and an award made promptly. So to while away the time a quiet little game of poker was indulged in. The story goes that when the delay was an extended one there was lots of fun, and that if "Mark" did not capture the contract that year he had the other bidders at such a pass that his gains at poker squared what they might have been on the filling of the contract. He is clever at many things, is Senator Hanna, and he has not forgotten the old days by any means.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

ADJOURNMENT CONTINUED.

New York, Feb. 5.—The trial of Albert T. Patrick for the murder of William Marsh Rice was adjourned again today owing to the continued illness of Juror John D. Campbell.

BORING FOR OIL.

Rome, Ga., Feb. 5.—The Rome Petroleum & Oil company, chartered in South Dakota, capital $1,000,000, began boring for oil near Rome today. The Empire Natural Gas & Oil company, capitalized at $500,000, has been incorporated in New Jersey by southern capitalists to bore for oil in Floyd county.

AN APPEAL LTO CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 5.—It is expected that an effort will be made to secure legislative authorization for the retirement from the naval service of Constructor Hobson.

A bad complexion never gets better of itself. Doctor with Satin-Skin Cream, gaining healthy satin skin. 25c.

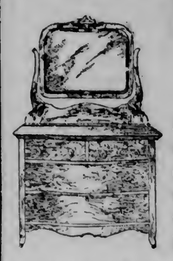


OPERA BOX SELECTED FOR PRINCE HENRY AND OWNERS WHO DECIDED TO GIVE WAY.

(The Hitchcock box is the one indicated by cross.

The social bickerings over the entertainment of Prince Henry have already began. New York has been much stirred up because of a row about an opera box. The entertainment committee has planned a special performance in the Metropolitan Opera house, all for the prince's benefit. Five boxes in the center of the hemicycle were selected for the use of the royal guest and his suit. The detail of consulting the box holders, however, was overlooked. Thomas Hitchcock, who owns a box in the exact center of the row, objected. He refused to give way for the prince, and the dispute waxed warm. Finally he agreed to grant the use of the box for the prince. Mr. and Mrs. Hitchcock are prominent members of Gotham's most exclusive social set.

Dressers and Chiffoniers





A valuable opportunity to purchase these useful pieces of furniture at 20 per cent reductions from our usual prices. Odd pieces, no doubt, but just what you want to go with iron beds or folding beds. See the following money-savers.

Golden Oak Chiffonier.	Mahogany Finish Chiffonier.	Golden Oak Dressers.
$ 8.00 value for.....$ 6.40	$11.00 value for.....$ 8.80	$13.50 article for.....$10.80
$11.00 value for.....$ 8.80	$16.00 value for.....$12.80	$17.50 article for.....$14.00
$13.00 value for.....$10.40	$17.00 value for.....$13.60	$19.00 article for.....$15.20
$17.00 value for.....$13.60	$22.00 value for.....$17.60	$22.50 article for.....$18.00
$22.00 value for.....$17.60	$24.00 value for.....$19.20	$29.00 article for.....$23.20
$25.00 value for.....$20.00	$27.50 value for.....$22.00	$31.50 article for.....$25.20

Odd Commodes to go with above Dressers or Chiffoniers.

The G. C. Steele Co.

226 and 228 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

Complete House Furnishers. We sell on EASY TERMS.

FEARED THE GIRLS

Would Be Too Attractive For Susceptible Crown Prince.

Why the Kaiser Did Not Send His Eldest Son.

Then Chose His Sailor Brother as the Emissary.

New York, Feb. 5.—A Berlin cable to the World says:

There is an excellent reason, according to court gossip, why the kaiser did not choose as his emissary to the United States his eldest son, the crown prince. Of course, this young man is engaged in studies that ought not to be interrupted. But in addition to that the kaiser was afraid of the American girl. His imperial majesty, who is nothing if not wide awake, has heard many things of the American girl and her charms. The crown prince, he knew, has all the sentimental temperament of the German, and during his stay on the Rhine last year it was said that some American girls made a fiery impression on him. So his royal highness, who has not yet got over the flirtation at Blenheim with Miss Gladys Deacon, could not be trusted. The kaiser's other sons were too young.

Then the choice inevitably fell on Prince Henry, Germany's sailor prince. He is the right hand of the kaiser for all ceremonial purposes. His devotion to the kaiser is quite idyllic, and the kaiser in his superior way recognizes the fidelity of his brother and his absolute trustworthiness.

Nevertheless the kaiser's determination to send a deputy on a complimentary visit to President Roosevelt was a surprise to everybody here. Even in court and government circles no hint had been given. It is believed that it was a sudden inspiration. The kaiser is impulsive, and was said to be greatly impressed by the president's message acknowledging the graceful proposal that the kaiser's new yacht should be christened by his daughter.

As for Prince Henry, if he liked he might become the most poular and best beloved man in Germany. He is the image of the most poular ruler that ever the Hohenzollern house produced—the late Emperor Frederick—and this not only in outward appearances, but in mental and intellectual characteristics. He is not so tall or so broad as his father. There is less of the great blond Viking about him, but he has the same fair beard, the same blue eyes that look right straight at you, the same pleasant, somewhat weak mouth, the same merry twitch of the lips when he speaks. Kaiser Frederick was adored by the Berliners. Prince Henry has only to take the trouble and he could have the people at his feet.

But that is what Prince Henry will not do, and for the best of reasons. He will not set himself between his brother and his brother's subjects. Henry is the most loyal and the most affectionate of brothers and the most dutiful of subjects. Occasionally he and the kaiser do not see eye to eye on questions of state or on marine matters, but Henry's hard common sense comes to his rescue on such occasions, and he succumbs to the logic and the stronger will of Brother Wilhelm.

FIGPRUNE Cereal

A perfect cereal coffee of delicate flavor and fragrant aroma.

The blending of California figs and prunes with well ripened grain makes a fruit and grain coffee far superior to any other cereal beverage.

By our process all the delightful flavor of the fruit and healthful strength of the grain is retained.

Tastes like coffee—looks like coffee. Healthful—nutritious.

Boil from 5 to 10 minutes only

ALL GROCERS SELL.

FIGPRUNE CEREAL.

GIRL JILTS

Her Fiance In Order to Marry His Grandfather.

Binghampton, N. Y., Feb. 5.—Miss Edith Jackson, of Ramsey county, Minn., and James Hayes, a wealthy land owner of State Line, were engaged to be married and the wedding day was fixed for Feb. 3. Miss Jackson has been living with her sister, and preparations for the wedding, which was to be the social event of the season, went rapidly forward until a few days ago.

Within the past few months Miss Jackson has become an ardent convert to spiritualism and spent much time in studying the occult. Among the devotees was William Hayes, 81 years old and grandfather of the prospective groom. Last Friday Miss Jackson informed her fiance that the engagement was off and that preparations for the event must cease.

She gave as her reason that during the previous night she had a revelation that instructed her to marry William Hayes that they might be joined not only in this world but in the future spirit life, where she would quickly follow him. In obedience to this command she insisted on breaking the engagement.

James Hayes has accordingly brought an action against his grandfather for hypnotically alienating the affections of his prospective bride, and a warm legal entanglement is promised.

INDIGNANTLY

Russell Sage Spurned Offer to Compromise.

New York, Feb. 5.—Friends of Russell Sage are discussing the story that the Marchioness D'Ajuria, who recently instituted a suit to recover $75,000 damages from Mr. Sage, alleging that he had attacked her while she was in his office, had approached the aged financier with an offer to compromise the case out of court.

According to the story the interview between the two was rather heated. Mr. Sage is said to have declared:

"I wouldn't compromise the suit for 10 cents. Go ahead and do your worst."

It is said that Mme. D'Ajuria became very indignant, and after a stormy scene left the financier's office, where she is said to have gone with her offer of compromise.

Mr. Sage says, and his lawyers agree with him, that he believes the woman's suit will never be brought to trial. On the other hand the lawyer for the marchioness, Abe Hummel, says the case is a very serious one, and will be pushed to a conclusion in the courts.

Lawyer Hummel declared that if any offer for a settlement had been made by Mme. D'Ajuria, it had been done without his knowledge and consent.

SIX TRIALS

Convinced Them That They Loved Each Other.

Owensboro, Ky., Feb. 5.—Ben Hardin and Mrs. Nannie Sims, of the Happy Hollow neighborhood, in Hancock county, have been married after an experience rarely paralleled.

This is the fifth marriage for Hardin and the third for Mrs. Sims. Her two former husbands died, while two of Hardin's wives died and he was divorced from the other two.

Another singular thing about this wedding is that more than 30 years ago Hardin and Mrs. Sims were sweethearts, and were to be married. The wedding was set, license procured and the preacher on hand when the bride-to-be changer her mind and declared the wedding off.

BIG REWARD

For Trunk Shipped In Dead Man's Name.

Columbus, Oho, Feb. 5.—On behalf of Mrs. W. J. Brogars, of Wabash avenue, Chicago, Clark Doughty, of this city, formerly associated with Rod J. McDowell, dancing master, deceased, was offered $1000 reward for the trunk that once belonged to McDowell. The trunk contains jewels and medals said to be worth $20,000. It has been shipped about the country in the name of the dead man, and all traces of it has been lost at Dayton, Ohio.

$12.90 Madison, Wis., Via North-Western Line.

Account Agriculture Mass Convention being held at Madison, Wis., the North-Western Line will sell round trip tickets Feb. 3rd, 4th and 5th, good returning until Feb. 8th, at the low rate of $12.90. Train leaves daily at 5 p. m. from Omaha depot. Secure tickets and reservations via the popular direct-route at 405 West Superior street.

CRUMPACKER

Explains Purposes of Resolution to Investigate Suffrage Question.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Representative Crumpacker, of Indiana, author of the resolution presented to the Republican caucus last night and to be further considered at a caucus next Monday night, authorizes the following statement as to the general purposes of the movement so as to correct an impression that it was anything in the nature of a "force bill:"

"The resolution submitted to the caucus was designed to secure a full and thorough investigation of the suffrage question not only in the South, but in all the states that have imposed material restrictions upon manhood suffrage. There is a general belief that there is a number of states that have disfranchised a large portion of their citizens; that the colored population by the operation of state laws is entirely eliminated as a political quantity and yet it counts in apportioning representation among the states. It is the general belief that the Southern states have at least thirty-five representatives in the house and the electoral college resting upon a fictitious basis. If this be found to be true in fact and representation be reduced accordingly as the constitution imperatively requires, it would go a long way toward settling the race question. Such a method would have none of the characteristics of a force bill. It would require no force for its execution. Defranchising states would suffer a reduction of political power which they could regain by educating their citizens and admitting them to the privilege of the ballot. The whole question would rest with those states.

"But the caucus is asked for solely to ask for a thorough investigation through a congressional commission especially appointed and required for that purpose and when the facts as they really exist are laid before congress and the country such action may then be taken as the situation requires."

BY STRATEGY

A Little Miss Kissed the Unkissed Man.

Salem, Mass., Feb. 5.—Edward H. Knight, who suddenly jumped into fame when Mayor Hurley declared that he had not been kissed and who afterward not only corroborated the mayor's statement, but vowed that he never would be kissed, has been caught by strategy.

W. A. Cleveland, a produce dealer, offered a reward to the girl who would first kiss Mr. Knight. An enterprising young miss set out to win the reward. She is Miss Millet, a pretty young girl about 14 years old.

With two companions she went into Mr. Knight's store. She pretended she was about to make some purchases and then she had something to tell Mr. Knight in confidence. The unkissed man unsuspectingly lowered his head a little, while the little miss moved as if she was about to whisper into his ear. Like a flash she turned, reached for his mouth and then a smack sounded through the store.

She fled as if for her life, followed by her companions, who had kept at a respectful distance, afraid of what might happen. Mr. Knight took the incident good-naturedly, admitting that he had been cleverly caught.

Miss Millet went straight to Mr. Cleveland and claimed the $5 reward, and she got it, too, for there were witnesses to corroborate her story. Mayor Hurley is jubilant. He says he has regarded it as a reproach to the town to have a man over 21 who could boast that he had not been kissed.

"NO CAUSE"

Said Jurors, But Murray Left His Wife.

Lima, Ohio, Feb. 5.—Mrs. Amanda E. Murray has been granted a divorce from William T. Murray. The principals of this case figured in a scandal that shook the county about two years ago, when the husband sued Harvey Rumbaugh, an aged and prominent farmer, residing near Harrod, this county, for $10,000 damages for the alienation of his wife's affections. The suit lasted over a week, and resulted in a verdict of no cause of action by the jury, but the husband since that date has not lived with his wife.

MORE GOLD FOR EUROPE.

New York, Feb. 5.—Lazard Freres have added $500,000 to their engagement of gold for shipment to Europe tomorrow. This brings the total engagement for tomorrow's steamer up to $1,250,000.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

DR. EVANS' Penetrating Counter-Irritant

For Dyspepsia, Diarrhae, Cholic, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Diphtheria, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Sore Throat. For sale by all druggists.

Read what other people say about it:

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 3, 1902.
I have used Dr. Evans' Penetrating Counter-Irritant for neuralgia and sprains and cannot recommend it to the public too highly. N. F. RUSSELL,
Of firm of Bridgeman & Russell, Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 7, 1902.
Have used Dr. Evans' Counter-Irritant for a severe cold and sore throat and found instant relief. Its work is wonderful. Respectfully yours, C. A. DAY,
Famous Shoe Store, Duluth.

THE FROCKS AND FRILLS FOR SPRING

Irish Eyes and Hyacinth Are Both Very Popular Blues, and Are Effectively Combined With Coarse Upholstery.

New York, Jan. 27.—As far as frocks and frills are concerned, spring is here. It is a hothouse, steam heated, plate glass protected spring, it is true, but as dressmakers reckon the season, the winter if officially a thing of the past, and sample matching and general shopping is discussed only in linen, muslin, challie, lawn, velling and gingham terms. Every woman who has eyes to use and ears to hear and energy enough to carry her around to the dressmakers is well aware of the supreme importance of having a spring hop sack, a camels' hair velling or a very light jute cloth made up immediately for the premeditated trip South or for possible changes in the weather from frost to sunshine.

Every well regulated wardrobe must count at least one transparent woolen gown, and, spite of strenous efforts of manufacturers and modistes to introduce other less hackneyed colors, some shade of blue is the general preference. From dark Holland linen blue to bright Jay blue the women select these gowns, and a good many of them betray a warm liking for veilings that are woven with hemstitched stripes or with little satin or silk dots and wiggles and diamonds and stars. On another side a preference is shown for big and little velvet disks applied to the rough surface of the veiling, and this last is quite the smartest frivolity of the moment.

Does it not go without saying that the well designed veiling is trimmed with lace? There is a model of a lately completed blue "filmsy" to show one of the best ways of trimming with velvet dots and heavy upholstery lace. The foundation of this not expensive woolen material, which used to be called English etamine, is a changeable dark green taffeta. Here it is necessary to say parenthetically that a dark taffeta, full of quick, changeable lights, is the requisite foundation for any of these blue transparent woolens. The taffeta shows hardly at all through the curved band of ecru upholstery lace that is let in to aid in breaking the line of the skirt, because upholstery lace is thick, made of rough jute, or unbleached cotton, or unbleached flax. It is nevertheless tremendously effective as an adjunct to a hairy surface, woolly material, and as it is as often is not dyed in one or two colors, it symphonizes well with all the spring cloths. In this particular gown a series of wine red velvet disks are applied just above the course the lace takes, and with this smart and simple skirt a decorative waist trimmed with an abundance of lace, a wide tucked collar of taffeta like the lining, and big frills and choux of hyacinth blue Liberty silk allows for just that note of spring-like gaiety that every new gown should unmistakably strike.

After open meshed woolly fabrics the next dressmaking interests centers about the spring silks. Foulards, of course, we always have with us, with taffeta royeuse and crepe de chine. They, however, are tried and true friends of long standing, and the ardent shopper always has eyes out this seasons for some silken novelty. Half weight peau de sole has been accorded this year the position as a popular novelty that we gave twelve months ago to Louisine. Louisine was worn and found wanting, and those who proved it inadequate are now sure that half weight peau de sole possesscs every admirable quality. It is soft, rich, light to carry, but very durable, and it comes in lovely new colors.

For evening wear there is sunset pink, limestone white and an exquisite azure called prairie blue. Soberer tones for afternoon gowns is a shade of tan that the saleswoman call tawny, flint gray and willow green. It need hardly be mentioned that these silks are only made into gowns for occasions and that they are all trimmed with lace. To show how slightly we have departed from the fashions of the past five years a perfectly fresh model of 1892, worked in heavy Flemish lace and the new peau de sole, is worthy of study. Its broad, stitched down tucks is the one essentially modern feature in this nice study in willow green and imitation antique lace.

The best news about the challies is that they are to be worn just as faithfully as ever and that no woman can purchase more wisely than at the counter where pretty close striped ones are sold. Very close striped green and black, blue and black, black and white and lilac and black challies beguile one at every turn. Some of the loveliest of this type have their stripes no wider than hair lines, with just here and there on each width a black or green or blue polka dot. After all is done and said in the name and credit of other spring fabrics, the challie comes nearer to combining satisfactory effects with economy than any other material in the market.

Trimming with bands of dotted material promises to be a strong feature from this time forward in all branches of tailoring and dressmaking, and in the world of linen things it is to be the ruling passion. Most wonderful to behold are the soft satin sacred linens, the damask dotted linens and the embroidered linens, all offerein in the shops where the spring stock is being sold. Among the almost issesistible attractions are linen robes with hemstitched treatments and rough, prickly natural flax frocks. Quite as sweetly typical and sturdily useful as anything yet seen in linen, thickly and heavily embroidered in black dots. With this was sold a hat of violet blue straw, decked with mammoth ex-eyed daisies that had black velvet petals of glossy white linen.

This brings us naturally round to a discussion of hats in general and spring flowers in particular. Numbers of straw crowns with taffeta brims or taffeta crowns that have straw brims will soon be forced into street wear before we get comfortably into all straw chapeaux. As to the flowers it is almost more than feminine flesh and blood can do to resist buying handfuls of them to pile on felt and velvet winter headgear. Everything in a floral way so far has appeared in trails and wreaths. Crimson rambler and creamy banksia roses are twisted together and gloriously crown the flexible hay green straw; trails of variegated "ladies' parasols," many-colored wallflowers, nasturtiums and orchids in ropes and drooping clusters nod behind the plate glass show windows as naturally as in a garden, and women buy them with as much avidity as though their heads were bare and this was the time for wearing wreaths of roses in our hair.

GREAT THROW.

Plaw Sends the Hammer Record-Breaking Distance.

Berkeley, Cal., Feb. 5.—In a practice throw on the campus, Alfred D. Plaw, of the university of California hurled the 16-pound hammer 187 feet and 4 inches from a 7-foot circle. The world's record held by Flanagan, of New York, is 171 feet 5 inches and the American inter-collegiate record, held by Plaw himself, and made in 1900 is 165 feet 9 inches. Plaw will go East with the university track team this spring.



Long three-quarters box coat of silky moire astrachan with bear collar, revers and muff.

MOIRE ASTRAKHAN BOX COAT.

MILITARY COAT.

Full length military coat of dark red broadcloth, with scalloped cape, tucked and turned back in front. From Caspary & Lewinson.

RETIRING ....FROM.... BUSINESS

Our entire stock of Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Solid Silver and Silver Plated Ware, Clocks, Etc., must be turned into cash before April 1st, regardless of cost or value. Don't miss the opportunity to buy first-class goods for LESS THAN WHOLESALE COST.

Come and get our prices.

The Standard Jewelry Co.,

324 W. Superior St. St. Louis Hotel Bldg.

FURNITURE RECOVERING.

Your chair or couch recovered with Pantasote Leather—will give entire satisfaction at a very small cost. Pantasote is a good substitue for leather—has the appearance and wearing quality of genuine leather. We have it in four colors and invite you to call and see the material and get estimates of covering any piece of upholstered furniture.

We have furniture coverings in Tapestrys, Velours, Damasks and other materials. All colors and patterns to choose from at the lowest prices in the city.

If you have a Couch, Chair or Sofa that is in need of new springs—the old relined or a new covering—we can do the work and supply you with materials at a very low cost now. "SPECIAL" offer to those not ready to have work done and delivered now: We will take the order and complete work at our leisure and deliver any time before April 15th.

DULUTH UPHOLSTERING STORE, 12 W. Superior St. Zenith Phone 320

WAS FIERCE.

Particulars of the Recent Bloody Combat With Bolomen.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 5.—Manila papers received by the steamer Empress of China, have particulars of the recent attack by bolomen on a company of the Ninth infantry at Samar, which resulted in the death of seven of the eighteen attacked, wounding of eight others, five seriously. The detachment from Company E was struggling through a thicket near Dapdad Pueblo, when a large band of bolomen rushed upon them. A bloody hand-to-hand combat ensued. The detachment clubbed their rifles and standing back to back, they swung them at the heads of the enemy. Several eventually managed to bring their rifles into play and the bolomen gradually fell away, leaving the small force of Americans with but four of them unwounded. The bolomen lost heavily. A detachment of native soldiers, attracted by the sound of the firing hurried to the scene, but arrived too late to take part in the combat. It is believed the unexpected approach of these reinforcements caused the bolomen to retreat, thereby saving the detachment from annihilation.

SURVEY

Will Be Made of Copper River Basin In Alaska.

Seattle, Feb. 5.—Because of recent promising gold discoveries in the Chestrechena country, in the Copper River basin, Alaska, the United States coast and geodetic survey has detailed a party of its men to leave Seattle to make an extensive topographical and geological survey of the country early next spring. D. C. Witherspoon, assistant topographer of the service, arrived in Seattle last night. He will purchase provisions here and start for Valdez next week. His intentions are to get supplies in the interior in advance of the party. F. C. Schraeder, who made a partial survey of the Copper River basin in 1900 will be in charge of the survey.

HOW TO GET A START.

"I'm sick and tired," said the cynic, "of hearing wise millionaires throw contalk advice to ambitious young men. 'Don't watch the clock,' 'Do more than you are paid to do,' 'Industry, thrift and perseverance,' and all that string of fish. The young man of my acquaintance who has made the most rapid success in life owes his start to a box in a safety vault," says the Chicago Tribune.

"When he first truck the town he had enough money to go down and rent a $10 box for a year. He was wise enough to pick out the vault chiefly patronized by extremely rich men, and he spent time enough sitting around to determine just when there was likely to be most of them in the vaults.

"Then he get hold of about $1,000,000 worth of confederate bonds, which he kept in his box, and when there was a crowd of near-sighted millionaires in the place he'd get busy and clip coupons for an hour as if it was a terrible bore. By and by he began to get on nodding terms with some of the old boys with the chinchillas and big bank accounts.

"Finally, when he had worked it up for several months, and was getting down close to his last dollar, he called on one of his old safety deposit vault friends and struck him for a job. The old man looked at him for a moment over the top of his glasses and then spoke up.

"'Let me see. I've seen you over at the safety deposit vaults, haven't I?'

"The young man admitted the charge, and was given employment a few weeks later at a salary of $100 a week to start with. He's a partner in the firm now. Of course the box wouldn't have done him any good if he hadn't been able to make good, but there are plenty of $20 a week clerks in this town right now who could put up just as rich a front as he if they only had a chance.

"Perseverance and thrift are all right in the rural districts, but when it comes to this man's town you've got to get next to the right people, and it takes a smart man to do that in a couple of years."

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

THE WORLD'S MEDICINE.

BEECHAM'S PILLS

FOR ALL

BILIOUS and NERVOUS DISORDERS,
Sick Headache, Constipation, Wind,
Weak Stomach, Impaired Digestion,
Disordered Liver & Female Ailments.

Prepared only by the Proprietor, THOMAS BEECHAM, St. Helens, Eng., and 365 Canal Street, New York. Sold everywhere in boxes, 10c. and 25c.

FIGHT ENDS IN SENSATION

(Continued From Page 1.)

were checked over again with the same result.

It was then decided that the ballot boxes should be guarded in the vault of the clerk's office and a police officer was called in. The boxes will be watched closely till the dispute is settled by the official count or recount.



MAYOR T. W. HUGO.

The vote for mayor throughout the city was:

	Hugo.	Truel-sen.	Dwor-schak.
First ward—			
First precinct	73	79	0
Second precinct	58	60	0
Third precinct	164	99	5
Fourth precinct	208	127	3
Fifth precinct	44	41	0
Total	549	397	8
Second ward—			
First precinct	120	121	5
Second precinct	148	129	2
Third precinct	102	148	6
Fourth precinct	133	169	3
Total	512	568	15
Third ward—			
First precinct	69	105	1
Second precinct	129	125	2
Third precinct	108	109	4
Fourth precinct	109	123	2
Total	415	453	9
Fourth ward—			
First precinct	44	68	4
Second precinct	59	94	1
Third precinct	45	70	4
Fourth precinct	99	97	2
Fifth precinct	69	71	1
Total	316	370	12
Fifth ward—			
First precinct	172	165	2
Second precinct	95	108	1
Third precinct	82	131	3
Fourth precinct	94	132	4
Fifth precinct	37	49	1
Total	480	585	11
Sixth ward—			
First precinct	34	30	1
Second precinct	115	63	2
Third precinct	61	31	0
Fourth precinct	142	122	11
Fifth precinct	48	52	12
Sixth precinct	37	29	5
Total	437	334	31
Seventh ward—			
First precinct	165	94	12
Second precinct	121	123	0
Third precinct	191	162	8
Fourth precinct	66	71	3
Fifth precinct	70	85	1
Total	553	476	24
Eighth ward—			
First precinct	102	89	3
Second precinct	46	64	2
Third precinct	78	89	5
Fourth precinct	66	98	0
Fifth precinct	38	89	3
Sixth precinct	15	11	0
Seventh precinct	22	20	1
Eighth precinct	21	11	0
Total	391	462	14
Grand total	3,633	3,645	124
Hugo's plurality, 8.			

There were 1291 voters that registered but did not vote for mayor. The total vote compared with the registration is as follows:

	Vote.	Registration.
First ward	999	1,054
Second ward	1,108	1,216
Third ward	897	1,019
Fourth ward	723	850
Fifth ward	1,062	1,355
Sixth ward	811	953
Seventh ward	1,013	1,294
Eighth ward	847	987
Total	7,457	8,616

ALDERMANIC RESULTS.

The success of M. B. Cullum in the First ward aldermanic contest was wonderful, in the first place, a Democrat in that ward has to overcome a normal two to one Republican vote to be elected. Dr. Cullum was further handicapped by the fact that he lived in the western part of the ward, while the alderman by right of rotation belonged out at Lakeside. He made the fight on non-partisan lines, saying that he intended being alderman for the entire ward and not for the section in which he lived. He was further backed in his fight by two years' record in the council that is above reproach.

The aldermanic vote in the First ward was:

	Persons.	Cullum.
First precinct	96	57
Second precinct	68	43
Third precinct	109	151
Fourth precinct	149	184
Fifth precinct	38	49
Total	460	484

Cullum's majority, 36.

In the Second ward Theodore Krumsieg, Democrat, was re-elected by a majority of 135 against a plurality of 14 two years ago. He ran away ahead of his ticket and won out quite handily. The vote was:

	Fider.	Krum-sieg.
First precinct	117	144
Second precinct	102	169
Third precinct	127	125
Fourth precinct	130	173
Total	476	611

Krumsieg's majority, 135.

In the Third ward the aldermanic contest resulted in a surprise to many, but not to those that had followed the fight closely. James L. Cromwell, president of the present council, and the man that made many warm friends while acting mayor of the city a few months ago, was defeated in a clean, hard fought contest by Joseph Mannheim. The vote:

	Crom-well.	Mann-heim.
First precinct	95	108
Second precinct	136	118
Third precinct	90	119
Fourth precinct	122	115
Total	443	460

Mannheim's majority, 17.

Thomas Trevillion, Republican alderman from the Fourth ward, was re-elected for the sixth consecutive term by a greatly decreased majority. For the past ten years Mr. Tevillion has presided over the aldermanic affairs of the ward and has the distinction of having served in that



HENRY TRUELSEN.

capacity longer than any other man in the city.

Fred T. Little, the opponent of Mr. Trevillion, is a well known, old resident of the Fourth ward and succeeded in giving him a hard run in the upper precincts. The vote was:

	Tre-villion.	Little.
First precinct	74	38
Second precinct	85	23
Third precinct	62	48
Fourth precinct	96	90
Fifth precinct	61	78
Total	378	287

Trevillion's majority, 91.

It remained for William E. McEwen, a novice for aldermanic honors, to show the old timers how to run. Nothing in the political records of Duluth can compare with the showing he made in the Fifth ward yesterday. In the Third precinct he ran about three to one and in his home precinct he ran over six to one. His majority of 382 is the largest ever given an aldermanic candidate in this city. The vote:

	Cutliff.	McEwen.
First precinct	146	166
Second precinct	72	113
Third precinct	55	156
Fourth precinct	61	165
Fifth precinct	9	78
Total	343	725

McEwen's majority, 382.

In the Sixth ward, Eric Olson, Republican, was handsomely endorsed for the record he has made in the council during the past two years. In a three cornered fight he won out with 145 more votes than the other two candidates combined.

A peculiar feature of this fight was that the Socialist Labor candidate got two more votes than the Democratic candidate. However, Mr. Kriz ran behind the vote he polled two years ago. The vote:

	Olson.	Nelson.	Kriz.
First precinct	41	16	8
Second precinct	120	37	19
Third precinct	69	16	15
Fourth precinct	165	58	54
Fifth precinct	45	22	45
Sixth precinct	38	12	22
Total	469	161	163

Olson's plurality, 145.

The Republicans of the Seventh ward re-elected Roland D. Haven with a flattering majority. Mr. Nylander made a remarkably good showing despite his defeat. The vote was:

	Haven.	Nylan-der.
First precinct	152	113
Second precinct	109	139
Third precinct	109	98
Fourth precinct	68	69
Fifth precinct	116	69
Total	554	488

Haven's majority, 58.

Much surprise was expressed when the returns from the Eighth showed that Robert L. Cochrane, the Republican candidate, had been defeated by W. E. Kern, who rolled up a majority of 56.

The Eighth ward is not in the habit of piling up majorities like that and it is no wonder that it knocked the breath out of the politicians. The vote was:

	Cochrane.	Kern.
First precinct	107	88
Second precinct	45	64
Third precinct	85	77
Fourth precinct	61	101
Fifth precinct	39	91
Sixth precinct	18	11
Seventh precinct	25	18
Eighth precinct	22	9
Total	402	459

Kern's majority, 56.

CARRIED HUGO'S WARD.

The fact that Truelsen carried Mayor Hugo's home ward and precinct caused much interesting talk in political circles. It was figured that Hugo would carry the Second precinct by about 30, but instead Truelsen carried it by 13. At Republican headquarters it was also figured that the first precinct of the Fifth would give Hugo 100, but it only gave him 7. The ward was considered Hugo's by 150 and Truelsen carried it by 105.

In view of the fact that the Republicans and Socialists were so anxious to deny any trading down in the Sixth ward, it is interesting to note that the ward gave Hugo 100 just as it was said it would, and that the Socialist candidate for mayor only got 31 votes, while the Socialist candidate for alderman polled 163.

The election did one thing very effectually—it destroyed the prestige of L. M. Willcuts, M. M. Gasser and others as political prophets. They had been making all kinds of claims for Hugo, claiming that he would be elected by a large majority. They bet their money almost entirely on majority, offering at first 300, then 400 and yesterday dropping to 300. All bets on this basis were at even money. Mr. Willcuts bet on 400 majority. As a result the betting contingent of the Republican machine is sadly lacking in enthusiasm over the re-election of Mayor Hugo. They have the satisfaction of getting the fight on general merits, but they lost most of their money and they bet a great deal more than they will admit.

As a sample of the style of political prophecy in which Mr. Willcuts and his men deal, it is enough to cite the fact that they were figuring on a narrow majority for Hugo in the First ward and some of them even admitted that they might lose the First. The result shows that the First ward saved Mr. Hugo, if any particular section can be said to have done so.

Their calculations on the Fifth ward were also sadly off, for they were certain of carrying that and yet Truelsen carried it easily.

Throughout the campaign there were insinuations that the Stevens faction, which includes many of the so-called "state" crowd, would knife Hugo at the polls. Toward the day of election these mutterings grew stronger.

The result shows, however, that they were totally unfounded. The Seventh ward, the home of Capt. Stevens, and where his greatest strength lies, gave Hugo 7 plurality, all that he could ask.

CHARTER AMENDMENTS.

The proposed charter amendments were beaten completely. The vote was largely in favor of the amendments, but as it requires an affirmative vote of three-fifths of all the votes cast to adopt amendments, each one of the four was consequently defeated by more than 1000 votes.

Every person that did not vote on the amendments practically voted against them, and it seems the only way to get the charter amended is to get it through at a general election and on a separate ballot, or at a special election.

The first charter amendment was designed to increase the efficiency of the permanent improvement revolving fund. The charter provides that the assessments for improvements shall not be collected until the improvement is made. This means that the money in the permanent improvement fund can be used but once in every season.

The object of the amendment was to allow this money to be used two or three times in a season by levying 75 per cent of the cost of any improvement as soon as the council ordered the work done.

This amendment came the nearest of any of the amendments to carrying and yet it was defeated by 1386 votes.

The vote on it by wards was:

	Yes.	No.
First ward	461	149
Second ward	481	146
Third ward	348	106
Fourth ward	288	56
Fifth ward	443	99
Sixth ward	377	92
Seventh ward	401	149
Eighth ward	382	134
Total	3,076	913

Affirmative vote necessary to adopt the amendment, 4462.

The second proposed amendment was also designed to promote public improvements. Under the present provisions of the charter a certain percentage of the property owners to be assessed for any improvement must petition for it. A person fighting against his neighbors in regard to an improvement might make the little to a 2-foot lot over to a number of people thereby preventing the petitioners from securing the requisite number of signatures.

The second amendment which was defeated provided that any piece of property owned jointly, all owners thereof should be considered as one owner. Thns amendment was lost by 1841 votes.

In detail the vote was:

	Yes.	No.
First ward	463	106
Second ward	472	126
Third ward	344	95
Fourth ward	283	53
Fifth ward	464	87
Sixth ward	358	92
Seventh ward	397	125
Eighth ward	387	117
Totals	2,621	801

Affirmative vote necessary to adopt the amendment, 4462.

The third of the proposed amendments was defeated by 1340 votes. It provided for a return to the city treasury from the county treasurer, all penalties collected on general taxes of the city.

The vote was:

	Yes.	No.
First ward	479	106
Second ward	472	126
Third ward	354	88
Fourth ward	283	44
Fifth ward	419	83
Sixth ward	286	66
Seventh ward	417	101
Eighth ward	402	102
Totals	3,122	795

Affirmative vote necessary to adopt the amendment, 4462.

The fourth of the defeated amendments was that which was to provide West Duluth with a trunk sewer system. The Seventh and Eighth wards are badly in need of such a sewer system, but it can only be built under the present charter provisions on petition from property owners to be assessed. Most of these property owners are non-residents and will not petition. In the amendment it was proposed that when fourteen out of sixteen aldermen considered the improvement necessary it should be made without this petition. This was defeated by 1339 votes as follows:

	Yes.	No.
First ward	392	176
Second ward	464	157
Third ward	318	128
Fourth ward	273	62
Fifth ward	414	100
Sixth ward	271	91
Seventh ward	397	128
Eighth ward	394	127
Totals	2,923	969

Affirmative vote necessary to adopt the amendment, 4462.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body: Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

SENT FREE TO MEN

Free Trial Package of This New Discovery Mailed to Every Man Sending Name and Address—Quickly Restores Strength and Vigor.

Free trial packages of a most remarkable remedy are being mailed to all who will write the State Medical Institute. They cured so many men who had bat-



A. E. ROBINSON, M.D., C.M. Medical Director.

tled for years against the mental and physical suffering of lost manhood that the Institute has decided to distribute free trial packages to all who write. It is a home treatment and all men who suffer with any form of sexual weakness resulting from youthful folly premature loss of strength and memory, weak back, varicocele, or emaciation of parts can now cure themselves at home.

The remedy has a peculiarly grateful effect of warmth and seems to act direct to the desired location, giving strength and development just where it is needed. It cures all the ills and troubles that come from years of misuse of the natural functions and has been an absolute success in all cases. A request to the State Medical Institute, 386 Elektron building, Ft. Wayne, Ind., stating that you desire one of their free trial packages will be complied with promptly. The Institute is desirous of reaching that great class of men who are unable to leave home to be treated and the free sample will enable them to see how easy it is to be cured of sexual weakness when the proper remedies are employed. The Institute makes no restrictions. Any man who writes will be sent a free sample, carefully sealed in plain package so that its recipient need have no fear of embarrassment or publicity. Readers are requested to write without delay.

ALL DUBIOUS.

Some Loggers Fear They Will Lose Money This Season.

Despite the bright outlook for the coming season that is claimed by many of the lumbermen, some of the loggers are complaining that conditions are exceedingly unfavorable to them, and that some of the operators are bound to lose money in this winter's operations.

They account for this by declaring that wages are so high and that the cost of living has advanced so much that the increased cost of operations will eat up all the profits. It is known that many of the logging contracts were not made until well along in the winter because the loggers were holding out for the best possible terms from the lumbermen. They held that the price of lumber had advanced and that the lumbermen could afford to pay more this season than in the past. Many of the lumbermen are doing their own logging, but there are some contractors that are said to be sorry they entered any contract for the winter.

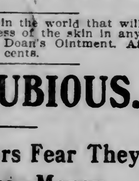
There is a steady demand for men for the woods, and wages paid run all the way from $30 to $36 and even $40 per month.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

No External Symptoms.

The blood may be in bad condition, yet with no external signs, no skin eruption or sores to indicate it. The symptoms in such cases being a variable appetite, poor digestion, an indescribable weakness and nervousness, loss of flesh and a general run-down condition of the system—clearly showing the blood has lost its nutritive qualities, has become thin and watery. It is in just such cases that S. S. S. has done some of its quickest and most effective work by building up the blood and supplying the elements lacking to make it strong and vigorous.

"My wife used several bottles of S. S. S. as a blood purifier and to tone up a weak and emaciated system, with very marked effect by way of improvement. "We regard it a great tonic and blood purifier."—J. F. DUFF, Princeton, Mo.



SSS is the greatest of all tonics, and you will find the appetite improves at once, strength returns, and nervousness vanishes as new rich pure blood once more circulates through all parts of the system.

S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. It contains no minerals whatever. Send for our free book on blood and skin diseases and write our physicians for any information or advice wanted. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DISCOUNT SALE ON ALL

WINTER OVERCOATS

When we advertise a discount, WE MEAN EVERY WORD OF IT. The backward weather has left us with entirely too many Overcoats. Hence this GREAT CUT IN PRICES.

Handsome, stylish $30.00 Overcoats, reduced to $24.00
Handsome, stylish $25.00 Overcoats, reduced to $20.00
Handsome, stylish $20.00 Overcoats, reduced to $16.00
Splendid values $15.00 Overcoats, reduced to $12.00
Splendid values $12.00 Overcoats, reduced to $9.60
Good $10.00 Overcoats reduced to $8.00

BOYS' REEFERS AND OVERCOATS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

C. W. Ericson,

No. 219 WEST SUPERIOR ST. RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

SHOALS IN THE LAKES

New Charts Are Being Made By Maj. W. L. Fiske.

Important to the Commerce of the Great Lakes.

A Combination of Charts With Automatic Gauge Indicators.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 4.—Maj. W. L. Fiske, of the engineer corps, United States army, now stationed at Detroit, is engaged in a most important work in relation to the commerce on the Great Lakes. It is to devise a system whereby a master of a vessel may instantly calculate the actual depth of water in the harbors and known shoals of the lakes. Maj. Fiske is the author of an important innovation in recording existing depths of water in the navigable channels of the lakes, based upon the lowest known level.

In this connection it may be interesting to give a brief sketch of the engineer who is projecting the new system. Maj. Fiske was graduated from West Point in the class of 1877. From then until 1880 he was stationed at the United States engineering school at Willet's Point, New York harbor. Until 1882 he was assistant to Gen. Quincy A. Gilmore in local charge of river and harbor works in Florida. Principally the works under his jurisdiction at that time were the beginning of the jetties at the mouth of St. John's river and at the entrance to Cumberland sound. He was assistant to Col. W. T. Mansfield at Galveston, Tex., until 1884, the chief work being the Galveston jetties.

In 1885 he acted as secretary of the Missouri river commission at St. Louis. He was assistant professor of civil and military engineering at West Point for a time, but from 1887 until 1891 he was stationed at New Orleans in charge of the river and harbor works on the Louisiana coast. He had charge of the construction of the jetties at Sabine Pass, La., and Texas, and also the surveys of the South Pass, Mississippi river, upon which depended the payments made to the jetty company. He leads for maintaining that channel. He was engineer of the Seventh and Eighth lighthouse districts, and went to Duluth in 1892 to assume charge of the river and harbor works of Lake Superior.

While stationed at Duluth he greatly improved the harbors of Duluth, Superior and Minnesota Point. He was again stationed at the engineering school at Willet's Point until 1895, as instructor in electricity and submarine mining. From there he went to Portland, Ore., where he remained until 1899. He built the locks at the Cascades of the Columbia river; the jetty at the mouth of the river; the jetty at Coose bay, and the fortifications at the mouth of the Columbia river. He was also engineer of the Thirteenth lighthouse district, embracing Oregon, Washington, and Alaska. He was in charge of the defenses of Portsmouth, N. H., harbor until the end of 1900. He also had charge of the river and harbor work between Boston and Portland, and did important work in the construction of a harbor of refuge at Sandy Bay, Cape Ann, Mass. Since the beginning of 1901 he has been stationed in Detroit in charge of the United States lake survey, including the preparation and issue of charts and the investigation of lake levels.

At present, under the old system, only the relative depth of water in a given harbor is known, owing to the lake level basis upon which depths are reckoned. There may be less water in a harbor, or in any of the connecting channels of the lake, than is indicated upon the charts. To obviate this discrepancy, under the proposed system there never will be less water than is recorded, because the new charts are to be based upon the lowest known level for a great series of years. Recently Maj. Fiske consulted the Washington authorities on the subject and received authority to formulate the new system. He now is issuing a new series of charts based upon the new standard low-water reference planes.

Referring to the subject, Maj. Fiske said: "The great advantage of the standard low water reference planes for soundings on lake survey charts is that in the lakes themselves there probably will always be a little greater depth of water than indicated by the charts. Therefore, when the navigator is working by them and not cognizant of the prevailing stage of water they cannot lead him into trouble."

As indicated on the lithographed chart now being issued, the elevation of these now standard low water reference planes expressed in feet above the mean sea level at New York is: For all charts pertaining to Lake Superior, 600 feet; Lake Michigan, 578 feet; Lake Huron, 578 feet; Lake Erie, 570 feet, and Lake Ontario, 243 feet. The standard low water reference planes for the various river charts will be made consistent with those for the lakes which they connect. The lowest monthly mean stage of water in Lake Superior of which there is official record was 600.19 feet, in March, 1880. It is improbable, at least for many years to come, that in the season of navigation the stage of water in Lake Superior will fall below 600 feet. If a higher elevation were chosen there would be danger that the charts at some time might indicate more water than actually existed. Therefore, 600 feet has been chosen as representing the safest stage for all possible conditions.

The lowest monthly mean stage of water in Lakes Michigan and Huron was 578.59, in December, 1895, and the elevation of 578 feet, therefore, has been adopted as the standard low water reference plane for these lakes. The monthly mean stage of water in Lake Erie was 570.70 feet in November, 1895, and the elevation of 570 feet has been adopted. That of Lake Ontario was 245.50 feet in November, 1885, and the elevation of 243 feet has been adopted.

As rapidly as the work can be done the soundings on all lake survey charts issued by the engineer department will be reduced to this plane. Early next summer the charts will be supplemented by a system of automatic gauge indicators for the rivers and harbors of the great lakes. Each gauge will continuously show, in figures large enough to be read for a distance of two miles with a good glass, the additions to be made to the soundings on the corresponding harbor, coast or general survey chart to give the actual depth of water for the stage prevailing at the time. Maj. Fiske is now engaged upon the designs for these indicators, which will be of standard pattern.

The combination of charts with automatic gauge indicators will furnish vessel masters at all times absolutely reliable inforation as to the depths of water prevailing at any particular harbor along any particular river. Maj. Fiske says he wishes to work on the most cordial terms with all who are interested in the charts, and will gladly receive suggestions that will make them more useful. He especially desires information about any shoals that may not be on the charts that may be definitely located and recorded.

For the last four years, according to a table prepared by Maj. Thomas M. Symons, United States engineer corps, Buffalo, the level of Lake Erie at Buffalo has been falling. Until 1900 the fall was gradual, then it became greater than in previous years. He has found that the lowest water in the period of navigation occurs in the spring and fall, when the harbor is busiest. The highest water during four years was on Nov. 21, 1900, the stage being plus 6.4 feet, and the lowest Dec. 4, 1898, and March 13, 1901, when minus 4.4 feet was recorded on both dates, the range of fluctuation being 10.8 feet.

Lame Shoulders

Omega Oil

A person with lame shoulders comes pretty near being helpless. A lameness in the arms or leg or back is just about as bad. Some men have to stop work while suffering in this way, but a woman usually has so much to do around the house that she just *has to* keep going as best she can. The best remedy for lameness is rest, and a cure is reached quicker when the lame spot is bathed and rubbed freely with Omega Oil. It is an oily



liniment of a green color, and is so much better than other liniments, and so different in all ways, that you should never lose time fooling with something else. All good druggists sell Omega Oil, but if you happen to go where it is not on sale, please tell the druggist he ought to get a supply of his wholesaler. If you want any pain or ache to be quickly cured, Omega Oil is the remedy that will do the work. 50c. a bottle.

MAY FIGHT.

Representatives of Pugilists Desire to Fix Up the Match.

New York, Feb. 5.—Another conference probably will be held this afternoon between representatives of Jeffries and Fitzsimmons, the pugilists, with a view to finally coming to terms for a fight at San Francisco. Most of the difficulties in the way of signing articles are understood to have been overcome.

ENGLAND.

Her Policy In Boer War Defended By Count Sternberg.

New York, Feb. 5.—Count Albert Sternberg, who took part in the Boer campaign, and who now declares that the treatment he has received from British press and official and non-official Englishmen leaves him no cause to be an Anglophile, has written a letter to the London Times, says the London correspondent of the New York Times, in which he says that while England is hated, the Englishman is respected and loved. The hatred always arises from a sense of moral and mental injury and to this extent the continent has a right to hate England, because her policy is at all times directed to promoting continental complications. The continent does not understand the Boer war, and attacks England's political morality because it misunderstands the principle which England represents, the principle which made England's greatness political egotism.

The economic advantage to be derived from the gold fields, says Count Sternberg, was merely a contributory cause of the South African war. The real cause, making action imperative, was the English principle, the essence of which is free trade and straightforward competition. On the continent this feeling is not understood, because the continent does not enjoy the blessings of a civilization and a government based on the word "straight."

Count Sternberg says he always thought England was the enemy of the continent until he visited the United States and studied the economic conditions there. He now believes that the continental hatred of England is ungrateful, and that the continent ought to awake and recognize that "its true enemy is arising in the West, like a great sun of gold whose first rays already have been projected across the Atlantic. Germany and all Europe should join with England."

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distress. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

JAPS MAY COME.

Tokio, Jan. 24, via Victoria, B. C., Feb. 5.—There is a possibility that the Crown Prince of Japan may visit the United States before long. He has expressed a wish to travel in America and Europe and has now taken the necessary preliminary steps of communicating his desires to his majesty, the emperor.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

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WEAKER MARKET

Wheat Started Out Lower, and Ruled Rather Weak.

Trading In Futures Very Quiet on the Duluth Board.

Flax Market Was Steady and Business Was Quiet.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 5.—The wheat market started out lower this morning and ruled rather weak during the session. The cables were slightly lower, reflecting the decline in the American markets yesterday, and the moderating weather also had a bearish effect. Minneapolis millers report the flour demand very poor.

The Liverpool market closed ½c higher. Berlin was unchanged and Paris unchanged to ½c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 382,000 bus, last year, 396,000 bus. Shipments, 145,000 bus; last year, 228,000 bus. Clearances, of wheat and flour, were 346,000 bus.

Corn and oats in the Chicago market were weaker. The former declined ⅝@⅝c and the latter 1@⅝c. Primary receipts of corn were 161,000 bus; last year, 671,000 bus. Shipments, 296,000 bus; last year, 440,000 bus. Clearances were 12,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 172 cars, and at Chicago, 11, a total of 183 cars, against 177 last week and 309 last year.

The Duluth market was very quiet and there was an entire lack of snap. May wheat opened ¼c off at 76¾c, sold at 76⅞@76¾c, then fell steadily to 76⅜c at 11:30. The decline continued to 75¾c at 12:40 and the rallied slightly and closed there. This was a decline of 1@1¼c. Cash sales declined the same and Minneapolis ½c.

Cash sales were 40,000 bus. There was no change in prices. No. 1 northern selling at 76¾c under May. No. 2 at 5c under, and No. 3 at 7c under.

Flax was quiet and steady, May opening unchanged at $1.75 and selling up to $1.76.

After holding steady at that price up to nearly noon it settled back to $1.75 and closed at that price, an advance over yesterday of ¼c. Cash and to arrive seed closed without change.

There was a demoralized condition where the closing on oats was reached and a price of 40c was finally made. Corn declined ½c and rye 1c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat: Cash—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 70½c; No. 3 spring, 68¾c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c; May, 75¾-76c; July, 75¾-76c; Sept., 76¾-77c; Dec., 76¾-49@73c. Corn, 61¼c. Flax—cash, to arrive and February, $1.72; May, $1.75¼.

Car inspection—Wheat, 35; last year 19; oats, 1; flax, 4.

Receipts—Wheat, 100,635; oats, 5657; rye, 265; barley, 2343; flax, 20,778. Shipments—Wheat, 800; flax, 3028.

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CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars	$ 0.74
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	73¾
No. 1 northern, 2650 bus	73⅞
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	71¼
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71¾
No. 2 northern, 3 cars	71⅞
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69⅝
No. 3 spring, 1 car	69⅝
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	70
No. grade, 1 car	66½
Barley, 13 cars	55
Flax, 1 car	1.72½
Flax, 1500 bus	1.72½
Flax, 1 car, rejected	1.69½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grains Had Quiet Opening With Bearish Tendencies.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Grains were quiet at the opening today and showed a slightly bearish tendency. May wheat opened ⅛c and ¼c to ¼c and ⅜c lower at 78c to 77¾c on slightly lower cables, a fair amount of selling and moderating weather. The cable decline reflected the local weakness here yesterday. St. Louis was offering more than Chicago. Although the lower corn market influenced plenty of selling, it was fairly well taken and May sold up to 78⅛c, causing again later and selling around 78c or a shade lower. Local receipts were only 11 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 172 cars, making a total for the three points of 183 cars, against 177 last week and 309 a year ago.

The weakness in corn depressed May wheat to 77¼c; later a reaction in corn and some covering by shorts in wheat sent May up a trifle. The close was barely weak, ⅜@½c down at 77¾c.

Corn was weak at the opening on selling by commission houses and on lower cables. Local speculators bought to some small extent, but, though there was a temporary recovery, the selling orders in sight kept the price down. May opened ½@¾c to ¼@⅝c lower at 62⅝c to 62¼c, sold to 62⅜@62½c and reacted to 63¼c. Receipts were only 45 cars.

Bears pounded away at corn until May fell to 62¼@62⅝c, a loss of 1c from yesterday. Shorts began to cover to secure profits and a fair reaction followed. May closed a trifle weak, ⅜@⅝c lower at 62¼c.

Oats were dull early, with no feature to the market. The leading influence was the corn weakness. May opened a shade to ⅛c down at 43¼c to 43⅜@43½c, and eased to 44⅜c. Receipts were 37 cars.

Provisions had some early strength, based on a fairly strong hog market at the yards. The cash inquiry is beginning to have some bullish effect. Commission houses were bidding for pork and lard and influenced slightly better prices. May pork opened 5c up at $15.95 and advanced 25c. May lard, 2½c up at $9.50, and eased a shade; and May ribs a shade higher at $8.47½@8.50, and sold at $8.50.

Close: Wheat—February, 74⅝c; May, 77¾c; July, 76¼c. Corn—February, 60¾c; May, 63¼c; July, 62⅞@63c; September, 61⅞@62c. Oats—February, 43c; May, 44c; July, 33c; September, 22½c. Pork—February, $15.60; May, $15.85; July, $15.92½. Lard—February, $9.30; May, $9.45@9.47½; July, $9.55. Ribs—February, $8.35; May, $8.47½; July, $8.57½; September, $8.67½. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.73; May, $1.78. Rye—

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6.25. Sheep—Receipts, 14,000; sheep and lambs, strong to 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4.50@5.35; fair to choice mixed, $3.75@4.50; Western sheep, $4.25@5.65; native lambs, $3.50@6.30; Western lambs, $5.35@6.30. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 7850; hogs, 30,647; sheep, 14,757. Shipments—Cattle, 1889; hogs, 4757; sheep, 2292.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a lull in the trade on account of the cold weather. The bulk of the business transacted was with local consumers, who bought heavy horses for city use. Values:

Drafters, extra	$160@$210
Drafters, choice	130@ 160
Drafters, com. to good	115@ 130
Farm mares, extra	120@ 145
Farm mares, choice	100@ 120
Farm mares, com. to good	80@ 100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best goods for shipment and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, fresh prints	25		
Creamery, tubs	22	@	24
Creamery, storage, tubs	21	@	22
Dairies, fancy	19	@	20
Packing stock	12	@	14
EGGS.			
Fresh	23		
Storage	20		
CHEESE.			
Twins, full cream, new	12½	@	13½
Twins, full cream, old	11½	@	11
Full cream, young America	13	@	14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15		
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½	@	13
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primos	7		
HONEY.			
New fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	13	@	14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	14
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
PEAS AND BEANS			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@	2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 15	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
NUTS.			
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	12		
Cocoanuts, per doz	75		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	12		
Pecans, per lb	12		
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@	8
FRUITS.			
Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@	8 00
Apples, per bbl	3 75	@	5 00
Apples, per box	1 85	@	2 00
California figs, per box	10	@	1 40
Turkey figs	1 10	@	1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@	3 50
California lemons	3 00	@	3 25
Bananas	1 75	@	2 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 00		
Dates, Fard, per box	1 00		
Sugar waited dates	1 25		
Navel oranges	3 00	@	3 25
Cranberries	8 00	@	5 25
VEGETABLES.			
New celery, bunch	30	@	35
Mushrooms	60		
Lettuce	1 25	@	1 65
Green onions, per dozen	15		
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 25	@	2 50
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	2 25	@	2 50
Beets, per 100	1 10		
Carrots, per 100	1 10		
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50		
Potatoes, per bus	85		
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 75		
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 25
Mint, per bunch	30		
Turnips, per 100	70	@	85
Parsnips, per 100	1 75		
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@	85
Oyster plant, per doz	85	@	85
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	65		
Parsley, per doz	65		
Head lettuce, per doz	90	@	1 00
CIDER.			
Common juice, ½ bbl	2 50	@	2 75
Russet apple, ½ bbl	3 00	@	3 25
Russet apple, per bbl	5 25	@	5 50
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3½	@	4
DRESSED POULTRY			
Hens	9	@	10
Spring chickens	11		
Geese	9	@	10
Turkeys	12	@	12½
Ducks	10		
MEATS.			
Mutton	7		
Lamb	9		
Veal, good	7½		
Veal, fancy	8		
Dressed beef	6½	@	8
Hogs	4½		
Pork loins	10½		
Lard	10		
Lard, compound	8		

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Butter, firm; creameries, 16@23c; dairies, 15@21c. Cheese, steady; cheddars, 9¾@10c; twins, 10¼@10½c; daisies, 10¾c. Young Americas, 11@11½c. Eggs—strong, at mark, cases included, 27.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 5.—Butter—Receipts, 5,189 packages; strong. State dairy, 15@22c; state creamery, 19½@27½c; June creamery, 16@22c; renovated, 15@21c; factory, 14@18c. Cheese—Receipts, 419 packages; firm. State full cream small early made fancy colored, 11½@11¾c; state full cream small early made fancy white, 11¼@11½c; large early made colored, 10¾; large early made white, 10¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 6,194 packages; strong. State and Pennsylvania, 29c; western at mark, 29c; southern at mark, 28@28½c.

FOUGHT WITH BOERS.

F. Bolofskey, who had a restaurant in Portland, Ore., sixteen years ago, arrived from South Africa a few days ago and, after calling on his old-time friends, took his departure for the Transvaal again. Bolofskey is a soldier in the Boer army, having served in that capacity from the opening of hostilities with England up to four months ago, when he took a six months' furlough to recuperate from wounds in both legs, says the St. Louis Post Dispatch.

While fighting for the cause of Kruger he met in the field a Boer woman, brave as a lioness, who was also fighting the despoilers of her home and country. Bolofskey became enamored of this intrepid woman, and his affection was reciprocated. They were married in the field within sound of the roar of the enemy's guns. The husband continued to fight, but he induced his wife to give up the hardships of the campaign. Since plenty of male recruits began to come in it was not necessary for the women to bear arms.

The Boer women are said to be sure shots, cool of action and possessed of wonderful powers of endurance; trained from babyhood to the use of firearms and nerved to stand the most rigorous outdoor life, it was no unusual hardship for them to step into the ranks of warfare. Their bravery and self-sacrifice is likened to that of the women of Alexandria, who used their hair for bow strings during the siege of the Roman legions.

Bolofskey says he is well satisfied with his contract with the Boers. At the conclusion of the war he, in company with every Uitlander, is to receive 1000 acres of land of his own selection. South Africa abounds with 1000-acre tracts that would be considered valuable in this country.

In the opinion of Bolofskey the Boers are prepared to fight a long war. Sixteen months ago there were only 16,000 men in the field; now there are about 50,000. Seventy-five per cent of this number are Uitlanders. Strange as it may seem, there are many Irishmen, Scotchmen and Englishmen in the Boer ranks.

There are three powder mills in operation on the Boer soil, and Bolofskey says that ammunition for Kruger's army is actually landed from British ships at Delagoa bay.

ADVANCE IN COPPER

Removed Depression In Other Stocks to Some Extent.

The Closing Was Moderately Active and Was Irregular.

Large Buying of Southern Pacific Sent Up the Price.

New York, Feb. 5.—There were running sales of 3,500 shares of Metropolitan at the opening at 173½ to 174, compared with 172¾ last night. The buying was based on reports of the proposed lease of the company to a securities holding corporation. Northwest rose 1¼; Amalgamated Copper ran off ¾. Elsewhere in the list fractional gains were the rule, but there was a sprinkling of losses. Large offerings cancelled the gain in Metropolitan, but its decline did not effect kindred stocks nor the general market, which advanced. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie pfd. gathered 2¾; & Sault Ste. Marie pfd. gained 2¾; Northwestern common and preferred, American Express, United States Express and Third Avenue 1¼@2½, and Lackawanna, General Electric, Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic preferred and Pacific Coast 1. In the active quarter Rock Island, Sugar, People's Gas and Manhattan were a point or more higher. Amalgamated Copper recovered its loss and became quieter. Toward 11 o'clock Manhattan broke a point to 136, but the general market held well. Dealings in United States Reduction and Refining stocks were made at 38½@39¾, for the common, and 114@116¾ for the preferred.

Fresh selling of copper coupled with a reaction to yesterday's close or under by the Tractions, turned the market heavy and there was some material declines from the top figures. Lackawanna broket 3, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis 1¾, Brooklyn Rapid Transit preferred, North American and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred lost 1 to 1¾. The prominent railroads were neglected and moved very narrowly. Amalgamated fell to 72¾, but rallied later to above 73. American Express made a further gain to 226, Northwest preferred gained 4¾, the common 3¼, and Colorado & Southern first preferred and second preferred, Wabash preferred, St. Paul and Sugar were lifted a point. Bonds were irregular.

The rebound carried prices to the best of the day except for the local tractions. Lackawanna recovered 1¼ over last night. The market began semi-stagnant at the advance and yielded in spots. The local traction stocks continued to work downward, Metropolitan selling at 31 despite some violent upward movement in other specialties. Amalgamated Copper was the principal feature, rallying 2¼ from the lowest, thus placing it about a point over yesterday's close. A rise of 4 points in New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred revived a demand for other junior Vanderbilts and Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis afined 1¾. St. Louis & Southwestern stocks were active, the preferred rising 1¾. Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie preferred recovered to 103, the best.

Amalgamated Copper rallied strongly to 75¼c; removing the depression elsewhere to some extent. Large buying of Southern Pacific carried it up 1⅝ to the highest on record. St. Paul made its gain 2. Great Northern pfd, 3; Soo pfd, 4½; Wisconsin Central, 1½, and several others, about 1 point. Local traction stocks declined, Metropolitan falling 1¾ under last night. The closing was moderately active and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	75½	72½	74⅞
Anaconda M. Co.	34¼	33¼	34¼
Atchison, T. & S. F.	77	76⅝	77
do pfd	97⅝	97	97⅝
Baltimore & Ohio	103½	102½	103½
do pfd	90	88	90
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	66⅜	65½	65½
Chesapeake & Ohio	46	45½	46
Chicago & Alton	34½	33¾	34¼
Col. F. & I. com.	87	87	87
Chi. Great West. com.	23⅜	22	23
Erie com	39¼	38⅞	39¼
do 1st pfd	69½	69	69¾
do 2nd pfd	55⅞	55⅝	55⅞
Great Northern pfd	188	188	189
Louisville & Nashville	104⅝	104¼	104⅝
Leather	11¾	11¼	11¾
do pfd	80⅜	80¼	80⅜
Manhattan Con	137	135¼	135⅝
M., St. P. & St. Ste. M.	43¼	42½	43¼
do pfd	104¾	100¼	104¾
Missouri Pacific	103½	102	103½
New York Central	162¼	161¼	162¼
Norfolk & Western pfd	92⅞	92⅜	92⅝
Ontario & Western	35¾	33¾	33¾
Pennsylvania Ry.	149¾	148¾	149¼
Pacific Mail	45⅝	45½	45⅝
People's Gas	100¾	100	100⅜
Republic Iron & Steel	16¼	16¼	16¼
do pfd	69¼	69¼	69½
Reading	57	56⅝	56⅞
do 1st pfd	82¾	82	82¾
do 2nd pfd	63¾	63¾	63¾
Rock Island	163	162¼	163
Southern Ry	33¼	32¾	33⅛
do pfd	94⅝	94⅜	94⅝
Southern Pacific	64¾	62⅞	64⅜
Smelter	47	47	47¼
do pfd	97½	97½	97½
Sugar Refinery	128⅝	127	127½
St. Paul	165¾	163¾	165¾
T. C. & I.	64	63¾	64
Texas Pacific	35½	35¼	35½
Union Pacific	102¾	101¾	102½
do pfd.	89¾	89¼	89¾
U. S. Steel	43⅞	43	43⅞
do pfd	93⅞	93	93⅝
Wabash	23⅜	22½	23
do pfd	43⅜	42¾	43¼
Western Union	91	90½	90¾
Wisconsin Central	30¾	19¾	20¾
do pfd	40¾	39⅞	40⅜

The total sales were 583,600 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorff to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The most experienced readers of the market say that there is no change in the speculative situation, and that the absence of liquidation and bull news is significant. They look for an advance whenever there is a general movement, and in the meantime on recessions advise the purchase on the active railroad stocks, preferably St. Paul, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and the coalers. Much surprise is felt by pessimistic traders at the larger houses in the large blocks coming and the failure of the court to hand down a decision in the Northern Securities company case, the slump in copper, coal exports and the rejection by the British government of the Boer peace proposition. The inference is that so far as sound stocks are concerned, the market has been thoroughly liquidated, and that while it may halt or waver when stocks give way, as in the case of Copper, such effects will be temporary.

There is a growing interest in the affairs of the People's Gas company, and the theory explains that Lawson is likely to enter the vulnerable list. Shrewd brokers in the stock exchange inform the writer that the loan market furnishes evidence that some heavy bondholders have unloaded a large line of P. O. Gas and are borrowing the stock temporarily to hide the real source of the selling. The franchise tax, the probability of 75 cent gas and the troublesome Ogden Gas company are believed to be at the bottom of the liquidation. The company's annual report is awaited expectantly, and notwithstanding semi-official announcement to the contrary, rumor has been current, it will be disappointing in net earnings and dividend earnings.

Gossip on Amalgamated continues bearish and the indications are parties who advanced the stocks are now working on the short side in anticipation of increased depression in copper trade and a cut in the dividends a few weeks hence, when it is expected one-half of 1 per cent will be declared.

* * *

Town Topics: The market is likely to be irregular today as a result of the large gold shipments to be made tomorrow, but the influence of this movement will soon pass over and the market will do better. We continue bullish on Southern Pacific and consided this stock a good purchase at the present time, and we also advise buying Reading second, P. C. Gas and the tractions. Metropolitan should advance on the report of a new securities company formed to lease it and other roads in New York. Copper should go lower, but the railroads are in a good position to advance.

* * *

Ridgeley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—In my judgment the best play is to buy Southern Pacific on scale of half point up. It will close par before breaking to 67, though the advance may be very slow. There are too many bulls on the stocks just now. The pool may feed out some 50,000 shares and buy back 3 or 4 points lower. I hear many inquiries about Copper and Sugar. Copper ahs had a six point reaction and ought to be a purchase below 74 or further on a scale down or else with a stop at 72. Sugar depends almost altogether on the action of congress. If Cuban raw sugar is admitted half the regular tax then the stock will probably sell a great deal higher. As to the general market, I wired you, "The danger is that commission houses are carrying less stocks on margins than at any time since 1900." There is no weak interest to be shaken out and any material decline is extremely unlikely. Indications are very strong that the next pronounced move will be upward. I continue to advise purchases of St. Paul, Atchison, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific, Tractions, on reactions or on a scale down.

* * *

Dow-Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Sugar was firm on better reports from Washington on the Cuban question, the copper stocks were heavier on heavier London, and the belief that the insiders were discouraging purchases at these levels. Some good buying orders were reported in Reading, and considerable importance was attached to the recent advance in Lackawanna in this connection.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 5.—Coppers were a little tired today. The question of the next dividend of ⅝ per cent caused some selling of Amalgamated Copper. With Amalgamated Copper weak we cannot expect other coppers to be strong. Lots of bearish news is being circulated on Amalgamated Copper but most of it seems to us puerile. Tri-Mountain steadied down, and while manipulation may bob up again we think the South Range stocks have been boomed enough for some time on expectations beyond the result that realization will bring. Not the first mill returns but the eventual mill returns will tell. Should hold off a bit before buying.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventura	22¼	22½
Allouez	3½	3⅝
Anaconda	34	34½
Arcadian	4¾	5½
Amalgamated	74⅝	75
Arnold	50	51
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	27	28
Bilt	40½	41
Bingham	23½	24
Phoenix	4¼	4½
Bonanza	1½	2
Calumet & Hecla	635	650
Centennial	13¼	13⅜
Trinity	13⅝	14¼
Copper Range	60	60¼
Dominion Coal	70½	70⅝
Elm River	2¼	2⅝
Franklin	15½	15⅝
Frankland	...	50
Isle Royale	22¼	23
Michigan	10¾	11¼
Mohawk	35¾	36
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3	3¼
Old Dominion	23¼	23½
Osceola	...	85¼
Parco	32¾	33
Quincy	140	145
Rhode Island	2¾	3¼
Santa Fe	3½	3
Tamarack	260	262
Tecumseh	...	2
Trimountain	74	74½
Utah	25	25¼
United States	17¼	17¾
Victoria	5½	5¾
Wolverine	52½	52
Winona	1½	2
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	75c	$1.50

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 5.—Cotton opened steady with prices 1 to 3 points higher on firm Liverpool cables and light port and interior receipts. After call prices advanced, March reaching 817; May, 819, and July, 821. Trading was fairly active at the early session.

Cotton—Spot closed quiet and steady; mid ups, 8 5-16; mid gulf, 8 15-16; sales, 600 bales. Cotton futures closed very steady: February, 814; March, 815; April, 820; May, 819; June, 820; July, 821; August, 809; September, 779; October, 772.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 5.—Today's statement of the treasury balance in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the decision of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $174,547,631; gold, $88,101,641; silver, $18,777,965; United States notes $11,803,007; treasury notes of 1890, $97,008; national bank notes, $12,762,686; total receipts this day, $1,762,337; total receipts this month, $6,567,477; total receipts this year, $257,847,204; total expenditures this day, $1,665,000; total expenditures this month, $6,005,000; total expenditures this year, $236,640,174; deposits in national banks, $114,452,455.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 5.—Close: Money on call steady at 2¼@2½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at 487½ for demand and at 484½@484⅝ for 60 days; posted rates, 485@488; commercial bills, 484½@484¾. Bar silver, 55⅝; Mexicans, 43¾. Government bonds strong; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds firm.

DEATH LIST.

Most Noted Woman of Chickasaw Tribe Is Dead.

Denison, Tex., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Serena Short, aged 81, the most noted woman of the Chickasaw tribe, is dead at her home at Emmet. She had figured prominently in the work of civilizing the tribe of which she is a member. She was the mother of Mrs. Johnston, wife of the governor.

Hartford City, Ind., Feb. 5.—Mrs. Rebecca Evilsiser, who would have been 100 years old March 12, committed suicide at the home of her son at South Whitely. She chocked herself to death by stuffing a large handkerchief down her throat.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Thomas D. Robertson, a pioneer banker and lawyer of northern Illinois, is dead at Rockford, aged 84. He was a native of Edinburgh, Scotland.

Minneapolis, Feb. 5.—Dr. H. W. Foster, mayor of Bozeman, Mont., died at St. Mary's hospital in this city of heart trouble. He had been at the hospital about six weeks. Dr. Foster was for many years a prominent citizen of Bozeman, and was also known in Montana as a politician.

SURPRISE FOR ALL

Was Furnished By the Message of the Governor.

Unexpected Comfort For Duluth on the Tax Bill.

Ex-Governor Ramsey Is Given a Warm Welcome By Legislature.

From The Herald State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—(Special to The Herald.)—Governor Van Sant's message contained some surprises for everybody. Such vigorous expression of opinion on the disposal of the tax code had not been looked for, even by those who believed the governor to be in sympathy with the plan to push the bill through without discussion or amendment. Hardly less surprising were his utterances on the Duluth points of protest, in which the Duluth delegation found unexpected comfort. Of course the consent of the legislature to the proposed amendments has yet to be obtained, but the governor's expressions will do good work among a certain class of members.

The committee from the joint session to wait upon the governor escorted the governor, who carried under his arm a bulky pile of manuscript, which included his message and the tax commission's report. Speaker Dowling introduced him to the legislature and he was received with applause. Mrs. Van Sant had a seat near the clerk's desk. While the governor was reading his message great applause was aroused by the appearance of ex-Governor Ramsey, Minnesota's first executive, who was escorted to a seat in the front of the chamber.

Gov. Van Sant gracefully remarked that the legislature did well to applaud Governor Ramsey, for he was undoubtedly the noblest Roman of them all. The governor then read his message, and was interrupted several times by applause, particularly on his recommendation of a change in the personal property exemption.

At the conclusion of the message a speech was called for from Governor Ramsey, but he made none, merely rising and bowing to the legislature, when Governor Van Sant introduced him with the jocular guess that the members would be better pleased to see their first governor than they could be to see their last one.

After the joint session had arisen, Representative Laybourn said that if the friends of immediate action on the tax bill were as well disposed and as fair as the governor, Duluth would be satisfied and there would be no trouble about getting a fair compromise. In view of the Roberts amendment to the rules reported by the rules committee, however, he saw no hope of such favorable inclination being developed.

In the house Mr. Roberts, of Minneapolis, introduced a resolution to have the part of the governor's message relating to the tax code referred to committee on taxes and tax laws and on appropriations and the merger portion to the committee on appropriations. The resolution was adopted.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

PLEADED GUILTY.

William Schulz Given an Indeterminate Sentence.

Milwaukee, Feb. 5.—William Schulz, who murderously assaulted Assistant Janitor Edward Meyers with a sledge hammer at the Niagara flats yesterday, pleaded guilty today to murder in the second degree and was given an indeterminate sentence. In his plea the prisoner states that he did not intend to commit the assault, but was unable to control himself.

DEFENSE CLOSES.

State Introduces Rebuttal Testimony In West Case.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—A special dispatch from Grand Forks, N. D., says: The defense rests in the West murder trial and rebuttal testimony is now in order. Mr. West went on the stand again this morning and was cross-examined for about an hour. There was little of importance developed in the cross-examination. The state then began introduction of rebuttal testimony.

A LEGACY OF THE GRIP

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system, and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

FIRE AT FOLEY.

Nearly a Block in Business Section Destroyed.

St. Paul, Feb. 5.—A Foley, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: Fire started last night between 11 and 12 o'clock in Young & Young's dry goods establishment and resulted in the destruction of nearly a block in the business portion of the village. The fire totally destroyed Young & Young's store, Fred McGonagle's barber shop, Fish's photograph gallery, L. G. Sperry's law office, N. R. Lewis' meat market, and John Hoffman's harness shop. Total loss, $15,000; insurance, $6000. No lives were lost, although there were narrow escapes. Four families are left destitute.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is obvious.



LAST DAY!
Friday 10 p. m., Feb. 7
Get in your subscription. All stock advanced to 25 cents per share after this day and date.
Shares Now 10c Each.
Until closing day. Well down 900 feet. You will have to hurry.
$10.00 buys 100 shares
$25.00 buys 250 shares
$50.00 buys 500 shares
$100 buys 1000 shares
$200 buys 2000 shares
$500 buys 5000 shares
Get all you can before advance.
Send all telegrams, communications and remittances immediately to
United States Fuel Oil Company,
144-146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn.
LAST DAY, FEB., 7

LIFE CONVICTS.

For God's sake I beg of you help me to gain my liberty For twenty years I alone have suffered for the crime of five May God bless you with all of the blessings of creation if I again obtain my freedom."

An old man, worn and weary from the years of toil which he has undergone in expiation for his crime, a crime in which fifty were implicated, but for which he alone pays the penalty, makes his appeal to the man who so ably defended him nearly a quarter of a century ago, but who was powerless to stay the doors of the penitentiary which closed upon the murderer for life. Twenty-one years of toil and sorrow, twenty-one of life's best years lost; yet hope dies not—defying Justice she makes one last appeal for mercy, says the San Francisco Bulletin.

No. 10,455, before his incarceration within the walls of San Quentin, H. E. Brown, prays to his old associates and friends in Sonoma and Mendocino counties, and especially to Attorney John Tyler Campbell, of Santa Rosa, that they intercede for him at the shrine of executive prays that for old friendship and for humanity's sake they endeavor to regain him his liberty, which is life.

The story of Brown's life reads like a page from a romance. Individual judgment as to his degree of guilt and the justice of the punishment meted out to him should



Why Don't You Seek Relief?

A really healthy woman has little pain or discomfort at the menstrual period. No woman needs to have any. Wine of Cardui will relieve all those smarting menstrual pains and dragging head, back and side aches caused by falling of the womb and irregular menses.

March 29, 1900, Mrs. W. H. Jones, of Cameron, Mo., wrote the following to The Chattanooga Medicine Company: "I ask you for advice for the treatment of my complaint. I hear a great many women in my condition are cured by Wine of Cardui, so I send for the medicine." The medicine was sent with plain directions regarding treatment required, and August 31, 1900, she wrote again: "Perhaps you will remember Mrs. W. H. Jones who wrote to you six months ago asking for advice which you so kindly gave her. I never will be able to thank you enough for it. I suffered terribly at my monthly periods for three years. I would sometimes go for seven months with no flow at all. Now I have my health back again and am expecting to be confined in January. I cannot praise your medicine enough."

WINE OF CARDUI

has brought permanent relief to 1,000,000 women who suffered every month. It makes the menstrual organs strong and healthy and gives women relief from the terrible aches and pains that blight so many homes. The only thing necessary is to seek relief—to go to a drug store and get a $1.00 bottle of Wine of Cardui and take the medicine in the privacy of your own home.

Greenwood, La., October 14, 1900.

I have been very sick for some time. I was taken with a severe pain in my side and could not get any relief until I tried a bottle of Wine of Cardui. Before I had taken all of it I was relieved. I feel it my duty to say that you have a wonderful medicine.
Mrs. M. A. YOUNT.

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

MESSAGE OF GOVEROR

(Continued from page 1.)

preparation of the proposed measures now so familiar to all of you.

> That their work has been done faithfully and conscientiously cannot be gainsaid, and for the earnest, honest and impartial discharge of their duties they are entitled to the unstinted praise of the people of our state.

The gentlemen composing this commission and lawyers of eminent ability, and have in the past occupied such public positions as fitted them especially for the onerous burdens which they assumed. These facts suggest most emphatically the wisdom of carefully considering their work done, and refraining from criticism until their proposed measures are thoroughly understood. It must be borne in mind that limitations were placed upon the commissioners by the constitution. This fact made their duties particularly exacting, and that you may fully understand the difficulties under which they labored I refer you to their report, which accompanies the bills proposed by them.

That the measures proposed are perfect no one will claim; even the commissioners assert that a more satisfactory code might be framed were it not for constitutional limitations. Nevertheless, that the measures proposed are an improvement over the present insufficient system of taxation will not be doubted for a moment. I am aware of the fact that opposition to the adoption of the measures has arisen, and has occasioned many suggestions looking to the defeat of the measures or the postponement of their consideration.

> In my judgment, it is wise to meet the issue now. To temporize will simply amount to deferring the consideration of the very important questions which now confront us.

No time will ever be more opportune than the present to meet this great question of taxation, so important to the welfare of our state. If in your judgment the bill is defective, let it be amended. If too drastic, let it be changed. Counsel among yourselves earnestly and candidly and make whatever changes your wisdom dictates as proper. The suggestion that the matter of legislation be delayed until the constitutional limitations be removed does not commend itself to my judgment, for we have no assurance that the people will ever remove these limitations. Past experience demonstrates that so large a percentage of our people persistently fail to vote upon constitutional amendments as to make submission quite uncertain. Hence, deferring this important matter will in all probability simply delay the consideration of the issue which now confronts us. If the bill proposed is passed by you, and subsequently the constitutional limitations are removed, then the law can be so amended as to conform to the new conditions. The primary purpose of tax legislation is to compel all property to bear its just burden of taxation, except, of course, such as public policy suggests should be exempt.

> There should be no discrimination. The property of all should be treated alike.

Laws should be so framed that every dollar of the man of means should correspond to taxation the same as every piece of property of his less wealthy neighbor. Under our present system the comparatively poor of our state bear more of the burden of taxation than the wealthier classes. Such conditions should no longer exist. It is largely due to the fault of our system. The greatest evil of taxation is the inequality of the burden. I have sufficient faith in human nature to believe that every man will ungrudgingly pay his share of taxes if he is satisfied that his neighbor does likewise. The evident intention of the commission in framing this bill was to so provide that taxation should rest alike upon the shoulders of all. It is therefore in my judgment imperative that you meet these conditions frankly, fearlessly and without delay. The code reported by the commission will go very far to correct these deplorable existing conditions. During your last session it was conceded by all that our tax laws should be corrected. Many of the other states have taken up this important subject and compiled laws far in advance of these which now control us. Let us not be behind the other states of the Union, but imitate their prudence by meeting the tax issue now. This code, we are advised, embraces the best efforts and wisdom of other states which have framed tax codes with a view to full, equal and just taxation. Let your purpose be to so legislate that taxes may be apportioned in a fair and equitable manner to all classes and kinds of property. It is not my purpose to analyze the proposed code in detail. I commend it to you as a vast improvement over our present inefficient system.

> That provision alone which provides for a franchise tax on public service corporations will bring large revenues to the state. Corporations of this character are so taxed in many states of the Union.

Without going into details, permit me to call your attention to the provision for a permanent tax commission. In the state of Michigan a law was passed providing for such a commission—that being practically the only change in the then existing law—and the first year after the same went into operation assessments were increased about $350,000,000.

Every interest should have an opportunity to be heard, and no injustice should be done to any industry or to any individual. The large interests of our state will probably be represented and seek a hearing, but we must bear in mind that the man who has for years uncomplainingly paid his share and more of taxes cannot appear, but his rights as a citizen and taxpayer should nevertheless be considered. The best way to aid him is to see to it that all who have contributed too little, or have escaped altogether pay their full share, and in that event his burden will be lessened.

It is confidently predicted that the enactment of this code will result in largely increasing the assessment in our state. If so, the rate of taxation will be materially decreased, and if those who oppose the listing of all property at its full money value will bear in mind that as assessment increases the rate decreases, less opposition will be heard. This, however, suggests a matter certainly calls for your most earnest consideration. The issuance of bonds by municipalities is limited to a percentage of existing local assessments. If you so legislate that assessments will be materially increased, then you should consider the advisability of enacting a measure which will prevent the corresponding increase of municipal bonded indebtedness.

> I would recommend that an amendment be made placing the exemption on personal property at $100, as it has been for many years. This will be especially beneficial to the people of small means. This suggestion, I am advised, meets with the approval of the tax commission.

I would also suggest that the bill be so amended as to require the listing of property on May 1 rather than April 1, for the reason that the time to prepare for putting into operation the new code, if it passes, probably will be too limited to make the necessary preparations for proper assessment.

> Our grain men express the fear that the proposed code, if put into operation, would be against their interests and drive their business into Wisconsin.

By making the date of listing the same as in that state, and exempting all grain in interstate transit, although temporarily stored in elevators, would place these interests upon an equal footing with those of our sister state. This, in my judgment, should be done. All other grain except that in interstate transit is assessed and taxed in Wisconsin as other peronal property, on May 1. This suggestion, I am also advised, meets with the approval of the tax commission.

The proposed code provides for the repeal of the vessel tonnage tax. In this respect allow me to make the following suggestions:

Every good citizen takes pride in the commercial advancement of his state. It should be our policy to foster tendencies which promise greater wealth and prosperity to any section of the state. Although remote geographically from the seaboard, it is apparent, unless prevented by legislation, that this state may soon outstrip many of her rivals in the magnitude of her shipping interests. The registration of vessels navigating international waters at the port of Duluth indicates that it is a favorite port. When we bear in mind that interstate tonnage is beyond the taxing power of the state, and that the revenues derived from a tonnage tax upon vessels must always greatly exceed what would arise from any other method applied to that class of property, it is apparent that the subject is one which calls for your most careful consideration.

> I trust, therefore, that you will be able to enact legislation which, while not in violation of the constitution, will preserve to the state advantages already gained, and present no impediment to the growth of our influence over navigation upon the great lakes.

By request of the commission to revise our general laws, I submit the following:

Inasmuch as chapter 241 of the laws of 1901, providing for the appointment by the justices of the supreme court of commissioners to revise, codify and annotate the existing general laws, expressly excludes from their consideration "statutes on the subject of taxation," and as it is desirable that the revision, when completed, should contain all public laws, appropriately arranged, it would seem advisable that such legislation be had as will be conducive to that end. It is obvious also that the work of the commissioners is of such character that it should not be unduly hurried. The legislation of the past thirty-five years has reached an enormous bulk, much of which is now obsolete, and, on many subjects, redundant and contradictory. Only the most patient research and painstaking labor can reduce it to that harmony which the public interests require. That the work may be continued in such manner as to accomplish the best results, action should be taken at the present session. The commissioners will submit for your consideration some suggestions on the subject, to which I invite your attention.

The entire matter now rests with you. It is for you to decide whether the work of your tax commission will be in vain or not. I trust, and have faith to believe, that your deliberations will result in great good to the state, and that a tax law will be placed upon the statute books that will equal, if not surpass, that of any other state in the Union.

I am advised that the members of the tax commission, if desired, will at all times during your session, be ready and willing to respond to your call and give you whatever assistance and information you may request.

> At this time I desire to inform the legislature of the suit brought by the state of Minnesota against the Northern Securities company of New Jersey.

Believing that this corporation was organized for the purpose of evading and violating the laws of the state of Minnesota by consolidating the properties of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railway companies, which companies own parallel and competing lines of railway within the state, I requested Attorney General Douglas to bring suit in the name of the state to prevent such consolidation. That such consolidation is against the law is clearly shown by reference to our statutes. I quote from sections 2716 and 2717 of our General Statutes:

"Sec. 2716. No railroad corporation shall consolidate with, or in any way become owner of or control any other railroad corporation, or any stock, franchises, rights or property thereof, which owns or controls a parallel or competing line.

"Sec. 2717. No railroad corporation, or the lessees, purchasers or managers of any railroad corporation, shall consolidate the stock, property or franchises of such corporation with, or lease or purchase the wroks or franchises of, or in any way control any other railroad corporation owning or having under its control a parallel or competing line; nor shall any officer of such railroad corporation act as an officer of any other railroad corporation owning or having the control of a parallel or competing line."

These laws have not only been held to be constitutional by the supreme court of the United States, but also to declare a wise public policy.

That the Northern Securities company can, and if not prevented by the courts will, merge or consolidate the lines and properties of the two railway companies under one management is evidenced by reference to sections 3 and 4 of the articles of incorporation of the Northern Securities company, which authorize this corporation "to purchase, hold, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge or otherwise dispose of shares of the stock of any other corporation or corporating, association or associations of the state of New Jersey, or any other state, territory or country, and while owner of such stock to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon. To aid in any manner any corporation or association of which any bonds or other securities or evidences of indebtedness or stock are held by the corporation; and to do any acts or things designed to protect, preserve, improve or enhance the value of any such bonds or other securities or evidences of indebtedness, or stock."

These powers are as broad as language can make them, and authorize the Northern Securities company not only to vote the stock of the Great Northern and Northern Pacific Railway companies, and thus exercise all the powers and privileges of ownership and control, but specifically empower the corporation to do any acts or things designed to enhance the value of the stock of the companies mentioned which, of course, includes the right to increase freight rates directly, or to change the classification of freight so as to increase the rates.

Knowing that several other states in addition to Minnesota would be affected by this consolidation, and that the declared public policy of such states, through constitutional or legislative provisions, was similar to that of our state, I deemed it wise to call a conference of the governors and attorneys general of the states through which these lines of railway pass, in order that such method of procedure might be adopted as would be uniform. This conference was held at Helena, Montana. There were present the governors and attorneys general not only of our state, but of ontana, South Dakota and Idaho, and the attorney general of Washington. The governor of the last named state died just prior to the conference, and owing to this fact his successor, Governor McBride, was unable to attend. Governor McBride, however, has since in a public interview called the attention of the people of his state to the dangers threatened by the consolidation of these two companies. The conference was harmonious throughout, and that the official representatives of the various states were wholly in sympathy with the purposes of this state and its determination to oppose this consolidation, is shown by the following resolution which was unanimously adopted:

"In our opinion the consolidation or threatened consolidation of the Great Northern, Northern Pacific and Burlington railway systems in the several states through which they run as parallel and competing lines is contrary to sound public policy, and also with the exception of Idaho, is a violation of the constitution or laws of said states, and mindful of the obligation which the law imposes in such cases upon the officials of the several states here represented, we hereby give our unqualified approval and endorsement to any proper and suitable proceeding which may be instituted in any court having jurisdiction by the sovereign state of Minnesota, or any other state affected thereby designated, designed and intended to speedily and finally test and determine the validity of such consolidation or threatened consolidation. And further, we unanimously protest against any combination or consolidation which restricts or stifles free competition in the trade or commerce of the country."

It was determined, owing to the importance of the case, and for the purpose of getting the matter disposed of at as early a date as possible, to bring the suit in the supreme court of the United States in the first instance. The question of original jurisdiction in that court was argued on Jan. 27, 1902, by Attorney General Douglas and one of his associate counsel, Hon. M. D. Munn. The application to file the bill was opposed by the Northern Securities company, and some of the ablest corporation lawyers in New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania appeared in behalf of that corporation.

> If the supreme court does not take jurisdiction it is the intention of the attorney general to at once bring suit in the state courts, and every effort will be made to speedily have the case reached in the court of last resort, where it must finally be disposed of.

Neither this company, nor any other company, combination, consolidation or trust shall violate the laws of our state if it can be prevented.

What the final decision will be it is difficult to foretell, but it does not seem possible that a New Jersey corporation, no matter what its capitalization, will be permitted to violate the laws of the sovereign state of Minnesota. If the final decision should be against the state the battle is not then lost. There is one remedy that never fails and which is more supreme even than the supreme court. I quote the words of Judge Brewer in an address made at the bi-centennial of Yale college, in which he said, speaking of trusts and the inability of the courts to crush them, "Appeal must be taken to the great court of public opinion, whose decrees are irresistible. In that court every man is counsel and every man is judge."

It is a pleasure to commend Attorney General Douglas for the able and efficient manner in which he has endeavored to vindicate our laws. I learn from him that the enactment upon our statute books, and which are quoted above, are ample and that no additional legislation is required at this time, but if, during your sessions, any further legislation should be needed I will immediately communicate such fact to you. While you have been called together solely for the purpose of considering the tax code, yet in view of the extraordinary expenses attending this suit, and the great array of legal talent in opposition, I would suggest that a sufficient sum of money be placed at the disposal of the legal department to employ associate counsel to properly continue the litigation and meet the expenses necessarily connected therewith.

Before closing I desire to congratulate you upon the splendid record made during the last session. You received, and justly merited, the approval of the people of the state. Your acts were uniformly in the interest of the commonwealth you so loyally represent. I doubt not that your deliberations and acts during this session will be equally meritorious and that you will again receive the approval of a grateful public.

SETTLED.

Receiver Will Not Be Necessary For Dowie's Industries.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—On the announcement in court by the counsel in the Dowie-Stephenson suit for receivership of the Zion lace industries that an agreement had been reached by the parties to the suit out of court, Judge Tuley dismissed the suit and announced that Elmer Washburn, whom he had named as receiver, would not be appointed. Attorneys for both sides refused to announce the basis of settlement, but it is supposed that the full amount claimed by Samuel Stephenson, about $250,000, is close to the amount agreed upon. Attorney Packard, for "Dr." Dowie, said:

"The fact that Judge Tuley, in this decision, exonerated 'Dr.' Dowie from the charges of fraud, led to the settlement. We did not deny that money was due Stephenson, but we fought the case because the charges made reflected upon 'Dr.' Dowie."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Six boys coasting down the Hamilton boulevard hill at Peoria, Ill., crashed into a street car and four of them are now in the hospital. The accident may result in the death of Richard Day, who has a crushed skull and is hurt internally, and Wallace Markley, who is hurt internally. Earl Langton was injured internally and Roscoe Coyle's right leg broken.

Sam Johnson and William Sullivan, two followers of Crazy Snake, the belligerent Creek Indian, have been arrested for interfering with Creeks who attempted to improve their allotments, and have been placed in the federal prison at Muskogee.

The body of Patrick Corrigan, a well known contractor, was found Tuesday near Mellen, Wis. Corrigan has been missing since Saturday and it is supposed he succumbed to the cold and was frozen to death. There were no marks of violence upon the body.

Thirty-five men and eighty-five bodies have been recovered from the Hondo mine in Mexico. Of the thirty, few will recover, as all are badly mangled. The Mexican authorities have taken up the mater and are now engaged in an investigation.

"Kid" McPartland, of New York, knocked out Otto Siedluf, of Chicago, in one round at Milwaukee Tuesday night.

Old, enfeebled and a victim of somnubulism, Robert Haydon, aged 80 years, arose from his bed at Washington, Ind., Tuesday morning and wandered down a nearby lane, where he lay until frozen to death.

Al Neil and Mike Donovan fought a twenty-round draw at Los Angeles Tuesday. This is the third time Neil and Donovan have met, Neil getting the decision twice.

Laura Irvin, aged 70 years, an inmate of the poor asylum, at Shoals, Ind., who wandered from the premises Sunday noon, was found Tuesday morning in the river bottom one and a half miles away, frozen to death.

Jealousy caused Mrs. Robinson McCool to shoot Joseph Lewis and her 10-year-old daughter and then instantly kill herself at Havana, Ill. Her intended victims were not fatally wounded. She left a letter confessing to the murders of Lewis and requesting that the three bodies be taken for burial to Peoria, where she had a burial lot.

A request has been made of President Northrop, of the Minnesota state university, by Booker T. Washington, for a negro graduate of the agricultural college of Washington. The governor of Tuskegee, Ala., college. Mr. Washington will be notified that no colored man has ever graduated from the college, though there are several at present in the institution.

Reed Yates, of Omaha, stabbed and probably fatally wounded Ella Depew early Tuesday in front of the Klondike hotel, at Omaha. Yates is under bonds to apepar in the criminal court on a charge of robbery. According to the girl's story she was the only witness to the alleged robbery and the stabbing is the result of her refusing to leave the city and not testify against him.

At Glenjean, Fayette county, W. Va., Monday night, a mob went to the home of T. Willims a colored herb doctor, called him to the door and shot him to death. Before he was killed he managed to return the fire and in the morning Mose Dinnen was found a short distance away shot through the stomach. He died in the afternoon saying that he was passing along the road and was struck by a stray bullet. Ignorant negroes believed Williams to be a conjurer.

WOLVES AND DEER.

A Few More Facts For Warden Fullerton.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Permit me, through your valuable paper, to express my opinion in answer to a statement made by the astute politician and genial game commissioner, Sam Fullerton, in the issue of The Herald of Jan. 17, regarding "wolves and deer." I had just returned from an extended cruise through the northern part of the state and was looking over the copies of The Herald that had accumulated during my absence when I spied the article above mentioned in which Mr. Fullerton would have us believe that he is well posted on matters pertaining to the preservation of game. If he would take enough time to investigate this matter for himself he would discover that he has been misinformed. Many times during my travels through the woods have I come across carcasses of deer, partly eaten by wolves, and there was no snow to speak of on the ground, and on my latest trip I had an experience which I shall never forget. We had pitched our tent on the banks of a small lake in the northern part of Itasca county and after supper were preparing for the night when we heard a wolf howling and coming for the lake. We barely had time to take out our revolvers when a splendid big deer bounded past within fifty feet from where we stood and on its trail, not more than seventy-five feet in the rear, was the wolf we had heard howling in hot pursuit. It being a bright moonlight night we could plainly discover the pursued and pursuer. The deer had got onto the smooth ice and had made three or four desperate lunges when the wolf was on top of him. We fired upon him, when he immediately made for the opposite side of the lake and when we arrived at the spot where the deer was first attacked, we found him with his throat badly torn and breathing his last. During the night the wolf came back and brought with him the whole pack, and judging from the noise they made there were a great many. We slept very little that night but sat up and discussed ways and means for the extermination of that awful pest.

In discussing this matter with different parties here, I have been informed that it is not only the timber wolves that are exterminating our large game, but the "wolves" that are hunting for the large lumber camps are probably doing the most damage in that direction. This is common report and it seems to me, if it it a fact, that Mr. Fullerton, with the large appropriation made each year for the preservation of game, could and should stop this promiscuous slaughter. He is doing good work in the way of prosecuting parties for having deer and moose hides in their possession, but he ought to get after those that do the killing for the camps. It might be hard work, but that is what he is paid for. I would suggest that the executive agent and all his deputies, during the winter season, organize themselves into a wolf hunting party, scour the forests where wolves abound and kill them. In that way they can do more to preserve our game than they can in watching a few of the sports in the city that go deer hunting occasionally and very seldom shoot any.

I would like to comment on Mr. Fullerton's suggestion that we adopt the game laws of Maine, in Minnesota, but do not wish to take up any more of your valuable space. I will state, however, that I consider the game laws of Maine very unjust.

With the kindliest feeling toward Mr. Fullerton, I am, respectfully,
A. H. BAWDEN.

Duluth, Feb. 4.



It Takes the Place of the Doctor.

Hinkley's Bone Liniment

often saves lives and doctor's bills.

In many cases of illness, where the doctor is not needed, cannot be reached, or must be waited for, **Hinkley's Bone Liniment** is invaluable. It is prompt, sure and safe. It relieves pain of every kind, soothes and quiets.

Sold everywhere in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

The Highest Standard of Perfection



In the art of brewing is shown in the "MOOSE BRAND BEER," made by the Duluth Brewing and Malting Company, and bottled by them at their brewery. It is absolutely pure, free from noxious chemicals or other deleterious ingredients, possesses all the good qualities of a genuine natural beer, and has made many friends through sheer merit.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.

Either 'Phone—241.

DR. LYON'S **French Periodical Drops**

Strictly vegetable, perfectly harmless, sure to accomplish DESIRED RESULTS. Greatest known female remedy.

CAUTION Beware of counterfeits and imitations. The genuine is put up only in paste-board Carton with fac-simile signature on side of the bottle, thus: Send for Circular to WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Sole Agents, Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Loss Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for pamphlet and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhœa and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION OF ADMINISTRATOR—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Jan. 21st, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles Lakari, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Sanna Lakari, City of Virginia, of the County of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Charles Lakari, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 16th day of December, A. D. 1901, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this County, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to her, Sanna Lakari, granted.

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said Court, on the 14th day of February, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 21st day of January, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.) W. G. BONHAM, Judge of Probate.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 22-29, Feb. 5, 1902.

Catarrh and Colds Relieved in Ten to Sixty Minutes.—One short puff of the breath through the blower supplied with each bottle of Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder, diffuses this powder over the surface of the nasal passages. Painless and delightful to use. It relieves instantly, and permanently cures catarrh, hay fever, colds, headache, sore throat, tonsilitis and deafness. 50 cents. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—27.

WOMEN FEMALE BEANS great monthly regulator: strongest, best, safest: contain Ergot, Tansy, Pennyroyal; not a single failure; longest, most obstinate cases relieved in a few days; $2.00 at B. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST?

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—
It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—
It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—
As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—
By using a little care in turning off lights when not in, use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

Good Old Grandma's Advice



The children are sick—send for grandma! Who is there like her for wisdom and gentleness, and sympathy, since the first baby came? What would we have done without her?

"Cascarets are splendid, my old mother praises them very highly, and says she would never be without them."—Howard W. Wellman, 129 Fremont Street, Fairmount, Ohio.

"I suffered seven years with tape-worm but didn't know I had one. Two months ago I was taken with inflamation of the bowels, sour stomach, sick headache. I tried Cascarets and had not taken them a week before I was relieved of a tape-worm 15 feet long. I am very much better."—Mrs. John Stone, Put-In-Bay Island, Ohio.

"After taking Cascarets for a few nights before retiring, I was able to pass a tape-worm 24 feet in length. Cascarets have our praise, and I will willingly furnish a testimonial to anyone who desires it."—Mrs. Harry Wood, Kenneth, Ind.

"I was troubled for a long time with liver complaint and was in such misery that I had to give up work. I took but 4 doses of Cascarets before I was able to go to work again."—Mrs. Jos. Kresling, 1921 Congress St., St. Louis.

The wisdom of years of experience with her own health, and grandpa's and the children's, and children's children has taught grandma what is good for her and the several generations of family she has looked after. Grandma of today knows and advises that Cascarets Candy Cathartic are the only perfect family medicine for all bowel troubles, children's diseases, diseases of the stomach and liver, sick headaches, biliousness and bad blood.

Cascarets

Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 510

Keeping One's Name

Before the Public Is a Part of Advertising. But Telling the Public Why That Name Is Kept Before It Is Generally a More Valuable Part

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Only Two Left

Call at once.

$1100 ---------- { A Corner 50x150 feet.

$1000 ---------- { Inside Lot 50x150 feet.

Those first class residence lots in best part of East End—the cheapest lots in the city, of this class. For sale exclusively by—

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,

First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

RELATIONS PLEASANT

Between Civil and Military Authorities In the Philippines.

Taft Says He and Chaffee Patched Up Differences.

Military Looking With More Favor on Civil Rule.

Washington, Feb. 5.—In his statement before the senate committee on the Philippines, Governor Taft dealt especially with the question of the relations of the civil and military authorities in the islands and his statement was received with much attention by the members of the committee. Today's session began with the understanding that there should be no interruption by members of the committee until the entire presentation of this branch of the subject was complete. Governor Taft began by saying the entire civil and military jurisdiction was formerly in the hands of the army and navy; there was some difference as to the mode of procedure. This had arisen during the administration of Gen. MacArthur and caused more or less correspondence. The army had contended that the chief authority in the islands was vested in the military by the chief executive, as in case of war. In this view the commission did not concur. This difference did not, however, extend to the control of the municipalities. In this connection Governor Taft explained at some length the contention between the commission and Gen. Chaffee, which had, he said, arisen over the habeas corpus provision in the commission's code. That provision had been inserted, he said, to protect native officers who surrendered and who are subject to arrest on charge of crimes committed while in the insurrection service, believed to be contrary to the rules of civilized warfare. Such charges against these men were common and often they were unfounded. The provision had, however, been invoked in the interest of an enlisted man serving in Cebu, who was seeking to secure his release from the military service in an indirect way. Thus a conflict had arisen and the question had been referred to Washington, with the result that instructions had come back that the differences must be compromised.

"Gen. Chaffee and I are on the most friendly and cordial terms," he said, "and we had no difficulty in reaching an understanding, after a prolonged conference. Our compromise was reached on the understanding that a writ of habeas corpus would not lie against military officers, a civilian employe of the military branch or a prisoner of war."

Governor Taft also said that there had been some difference of opinion as to other matters in this method of administration and that naturally the natives were more favorably inclined toward the civil government because they were represented by men of their own nationality in that branch of the service, while on the other hand the army was principally concerned in bringing the war to an end. He thought, however, the military authorities were coming to look with more favor on the civil institutions.

In answer to a question by Senator Patterson, Gov. Taft said it was not true that a majority of the people can read and write.

KNOXVILLE

Entertains Admiral and Mrs. Schley In Pleasing Manner.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 5.—The principal event of today's program for the entertainment of Admiral Schley, was a parade in which the distinguished guest formed the central figure.

The formal address of welcome was made by President Lockett of the chamber of commerce. Later the admiral and wife were entertained at dinner by Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Lockett.

Tonight the admiral will be the guest of honor at a banquet in the women's building, and President Lockett will present Admiral Schley with a handsome gold and silver loving cup on behal fof Knoxville citizens. Simultaneously Mrs. Schley will be entertained at dinner at the music room in the women's building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.

No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.

Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

TRAIN RULES.

Northwestern Employes Are Attending a School.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—More than a score of Northwestern division superintendents, conductors, train dispatchers and engineers are attending a train order school here. The teachers are the members of the committee on train rules, made up of the following superintendents: T. A. Lawson, Madison division; G. W. Lawrence, Galena division, and W. A. Cantillon, Minnesota and Dakota division. The school is to familiarize the men with the new code, which will be established on the Northwestern in April.

BUY OIL LANDS.

English Company to Enter the Texas Fields.

Beaumont, Tex., Feb. 5.—The papers have been placed on file here in which the Hogg-Swayne syndicate transfers to an English company, yet to be formed, seven and one-eighth acres of land in the Proven oil field for a consideration of $150,000 in cash and $600,000 in stock of the proposed capital stock of the company. It is stated in the deed that the projected company is to be organized in Great Britain.

OUR FRIEND.

Germany Refused to Interfere In the Spanish Trouble.

Berlin, Feb. 5.—The German foreign office confirms the substantial accuracy of the subjoined statement which the Kreuz Zeitung prints today, relative to Germany's course towards the United States during the war with Spain. It says:

"Almost exactly four years ago the Spanish ambassador here asked Germany whether Germany would lead in action against the United States for the protection of the monarchial principle. The answer was a definite refusal, and the same answer was given a month later, about the middle of March, when the invitation reached Germany to participate in the intervention undertaken upon the initiative of Austria. This was in the weeks following the sad sastrophe of the Maine, when it was believed intervention would facilitate an understanding between the United States and Spain. Nevertheless, our government commanded Herr Von Radowitz, the German ambassador to Spain to inform the Madrid government that Germany was not in a position to prevent the Spanish-American war."

BILL ADVANCED.

Legislature Pays No Attention to Committee Report.

Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 5.—The house today advanced the bill which prohibits the use of any kind of book in Kentucky schools that does not give full credit to Schley for the Santiago victory. The committee on education reported it adversely, but the house, by a vote of thirty-eight to five, advanced the bill, the report of the committee notwithstanding.

ROBERTSON GOES TO MANILA.

Pekin, Feb. 5.—Maj. Edgar B. Robertson of the Ninth infantry, started today for Manila, and Capt. Andrew Brewster, of the same regiment, assumed command of the United States legation guards.

GOING TO CHARLESTON.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—Members of the Cook county Democracy tomorrow will leave Chicago for Charleston, S. C., at which puace they will arrive Feb. 10. The trip will last ten days and cover nearly 3000 miles.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

SMITH IS COADJUTOR.

Philadelphia, Feb. 5.—A. Mackeye Smith, rector of St. John's Episcopal church, Washington, D. C., was today elected coadjutor to Bishop Whitaker of the Pennsylvania diocese.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$11,000 BUYS ELEVEN-ROOM house, East End; two parlors finished in cherry; dining-room and hall finished in oak; hardwod finish throughout; bath and closets; heated by steam; cellar under whole with cement floor. $2,500 cash will handle it—balance to suit at 5 per cent.

$10,000 BUYS FINE DOUBLE house, each ten rooms, besides bath rooms and closets, hardwood finish; hot water heat; brown stone foundation above ground. Houses alone cost more than price asked. Will rent for $90, or $100 per month.

Store for rent No. 3 West Superior St.

Fire Insurance written at lowest rates. Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance,

Chas. P. Craig & Co,

Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres

For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,

518 Board of Trade. DULUTH, MINN.

FOR SALE—$3650

House No. 4417 London Road, 14 rooms. Bath, city, water, sewer, grate, mantel, stone foundation, good cellar. Large grounds.

$2100

For a centrally located eight-room house, which has modern conveniences, and all in good condition. Only a five-minute walk from the Spalding.

$2000

For your choice of several fine bargains in dwellings. We can suit you as to location. Call and look over our list.

MAKE US AN OFFER.

For house No. 1132 East Sixth street, four rooms. Stable and shed. Good well. Lot 25x140.

FOR RENT—

A nice new five-room flat. City water, sewer, bath and gas—at $20 per month.

Money to loan in any amount at 5 per cent.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

EAST END.

$11000 Takes 12-room modern house, fine location.
$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, fine location.
$5000 Takes 8-room modern house, fine location.
$5000 Takes eight-room modern house, fine location.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg

Farm Lands!

In large and small tracts. Prices per acre range $2.50 per acre and upwards.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg

$2750—Biggest investment speculation in city. Almost full sized lot—corner—good substantial seven-roomed house. Insured $1000, well rented. Value nine years ago, $7700. Five minutes' walk from this office, below Second street. Buy this and double your money in two years. Cannot be duplicated now less than $5000. Investigate. T. W. Wahl & Co., 210 Exchange building.

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water.....$12.00

Cosy 4-room flats in the Wieland Flats at moderate prices. Steam heat, bath, city water included 2120 West Second Street, seven rooms.....$14.00

Four pleasant rooms at 214 Twenty-eighth avenue west at $9.00

Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water.....$6.00

Mendenhall & Hoopes

208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

DIRT CHEAP! DIRT CHEAP! DIRT CHEAP!

Lot on London Road, between 15th and 16th avenues..... $1000

Lot on London Road, corner..... $1000

Lot on Superior Street, between 19th and 20th avenues..... $1500

LITTLE & NOLTE

American Exchange Bank Building.

MONEY ON HAND

for loans at lowest rates. No delay.

Applications Wanted.

E. D. Field Co. 204 Exchange Building.

Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

ACRES

We have some very desirable tracts of land in 4, 5, 10 and 40-acre tracts and up. Some of them within the corporation limits; also Douglas and Carlton Counties. If interested in acres, let us know.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,

H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

BUSINESS OPENINGS We have many good openings to offer in all lines of business.

We can sell your business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,

Albert L. Preston, Manager,

309-310 Palladio Building.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, $100, $110; and $125. Organs, $10 and $20. Cash and monthly payments. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

RAILROAD TIES FOR SALE—3,000 ties for public sale at office of Jay M. Smith, receiver, Government building, Duluth, Thursday, Feb. 6, at 2 p. m. sharp. M. A. O'Conor, special agent, G. L. O.

FOR SALE—ONE MILE FROM CITY limits, on good road, cheap. Six-room house at West End to trade. What have you got? Charles R. Stai, 904 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—BROWN SPANIEL PUP, 5 months old. Call 1315 West Superior street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND—about $2000 worth of boots and shoes. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE—ONE CUTTER, GOOD AS new; will sell cheap. Address H 64, Herald.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT FURNITURE lunch counter, chairs, tables, desk, sideboard, crockery urn, ice chest, whole outfit. S. Sellick.

$155 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant mahogany case, used six months and cost $350. I need the cash as I am leaving the city. Miss Anna Johnson, room 4, Metropolitan block.

FOR SALE—WORK HARNESS, $10; carriage harness, $8; set carriage runners, $4; pair bob sleighs, $10; iron pump and forty feet pipe, $5; one beautiful family Jersey cow, fresh, $40. E. Downie, 2012 West First street.

FOR SALE — SMALL HOUSE, NO. 23 First avenue east; must be sold at once and removed from premises as soon as tenante can vacate. See N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

LOW PRICES ON SECOND hand organs and square pianos—$10 and up. Easy payments. French & Bassett, corner First street and Third avenue west.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Joe Nelson, 21 Harrison addition.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Jan. 23, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street. Will exchange in fat cattle.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 368 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minonk, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 800 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—NAMES OF PERSONS HAVink weak lungs or consumption. Our free trial will convince you as thousands can testify that there is nothing better, Karnaga Herb Remedy company, 304-134 Monroe street, Chicago.

The State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis.—ss.

In District Court, 11th Judicial District.

In the matter of the application of the Board of Trustees of School District No. 11, of St. Louis County, Minnesota.

The board of trustees of School District 11, of the County and State aforesaid having presented to the undersigned, a Judge of said Court, a petition under the provisions of section 3654 General Statutes of Minnesota, 1894, to acquire a site for a school house for the use of said district upon the piece or parcel of land in said County, described as follows:

Beginning at the northwest corner of Section 25, in Township 60, north of Range 15 west fourth p. m., thence east along the north line of said Section, 1435 feet to a point, thence south at right angles to a point, thence south at right angles to said last mentioned line, 890 feet to a point, which last named point is the beginning of this description; thence east and parallel with said north line of said section, 150 feet to a point, thence south and at right angles to said last named line, 150 feet to a point, thence west and at right angles with said last named line 150 feet to a point, thence north 150 feet to the place of beginning, containing one-half acre of land, more or less.

Now therefore it is ordered that Saturday, the 15th day of March, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day at the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County, be and the same are hereby designated as the time and place when and where commissioners will be appointed to appraise the value of said land and the damages which may accrue by the taking and use of the same.

Duluth, February 4th, 1902.

J. D. ENSIGN,
Judge of Said Court.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 5-12-19, 1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT ONCE. Midland hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK. Apply T. W. Wahl, 201 Exchange.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 1001 East First street.

WANTED—TWO LADY SOLICITORS for Duluth and Superior. Call or address Room 7, over Big Duluth, between 10 and 12 a. m.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1509 Jefferson St.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Mrs. J. M. Gidding, 1405 East Superior street.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT office, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.

All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544. Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—500 SAMPLE DISTRIBUtors, either sex, good pay, steady work; experience unnecessary. Kiowa Mfg. Co., Station C, Chicago, Ill.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR THE right man, not to canvass, but to represent old established manufacturers having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from our office. Straight salary, not conditional upon results, but upon faithful work. No experience required. Chance for promotion. State age and give references. Address Manager, box 589, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—TWO COAT MAKERS AND one pants and vest maker. Millaney & Stram, Grand Rapids, Minn.

$20 A WEEK Straight salary and expenses to men with rig to introduce our Poultry Mixture in country; year's contract; weekly pay. Address, with stamp, Monarch Mfg. Co., Box 1746 Springfield, Ill.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us; facilities afforded that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE — TWENTY five energetic young men to learn telegraphy and railroading, and accept positions as railroad telegraph operators at good salaries with first-class chances for promotion. For particulars, telephone, write or call Duluth Business University, No. 105 West Superior St.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS AND OTHERS, LEARN A business in one day that will eventually make you grow rich; no book or medicine scheme; we teach you every detail for $1.00. Novelty Supply Co., 81 Syndicate block, Minneapolis, Minn.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions for the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. Write for our 1902 catalogue. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer. Apply at 224 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid or at dining room work. Private boarding house preferred. Address B 49, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY THE day in family, or will take work home. Call 225 East Superior street, telephone 892.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING TO TAKE home, or will go out by the day. 1150 East Sixth street.

WOMAN WOULD LIKE WASHING OR cleaning by the day. E 66, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS STATIONARY engineer in Duluth or vicinity; twenty years' experience; first class references. Address H 88, Herald.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripsis treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115

LOST.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUP answering to name of Laddie. Return to William White, 408 East Second street for reward.

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT A THOROUGH AND EXperienced as well as conscientious teacher for violin, call on Ch. Trautvetter, 216 W. Sup. St., second floor, Room 107.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

TEAMS WANTED.

WANTED—TEAMS TO WORK AT SAW mill. Hubbard & Vincent.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

ELOCUTION.

DRAMATIC READING, ORATORY, stage training. Laura Frankenfield, 409 Masonic Temple.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1902. Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 5, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAKE SUPERIOR FISH CO.

D. GOLDISH, PROPRIETOR.

Wholesale dealers. Lake Superior trout and whitefish. Fresh water herring a specialty. 30 E. First St. Zenith Tel. 1122.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

$20 A MONTH, NO. 322 EAST FOURTH street; five rooms, city water.

$15 a month, No. 805 East Second street; six rooms, city water.

$10 a month, No. 411 East Superior street, three rooms; suitable for shop.

$50 a month, No. 416 East Superior street; two floors, suitable for store or sales-room.

$8 a month, No. 119 Third avenue east; three rooms.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.,
112 Exchange Building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT. 817 WEST Michigan street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED STEAM heated room. Inquire of janitor, 218 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room, first floor. 212 East Fourth street.

WANTED—TWO LADY ROOMERS OR married couple to room. 13 West Fourth street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 320 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS; LIGHT HOUSEkeeping permitted. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room; West End; cheap; all modern conveniences. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOMS; WATER, sewer, bath. 831 West First street.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 115 West Second street

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FRONT rooms. 111 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 715 West Fifth street.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY WANTS ROOM AND board in private family; East End preferred. Address F, 68, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED IN private family; gentleman preferred. 313 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A FURNISHED FLAT OR house of five or six rooms until May 1. No children. Best of references. H 65, Herald.

WANTED—TO RENT, A FIVE OR SIX room house or flat, quite centrally located. Rent must be moderate. Call or address 5 West Superior street.

WANTED — TWO ROOMS IN CENTRAL part of city for light housekeeping by two young ladies. Address E 38, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 313; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 412 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE. AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—ROLL TOP DESK AND chair. Also fifteen to twenty feet of hardwood office counter. K 77, Herald.

WANTED TO BUY—SECOND-HAND light canopy top surrey, in good condition; must be cheap. H. A. Schreck, 5523 Grand avenue west.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock, next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Sullson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 29, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 63, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m. at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Wilfred Harris, sachem; L. G. Holloway, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. P. Armstead, sachem; T. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2204, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C. J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 66, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:40 a.m.	3:40	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:30
8:15 a.m.	3:10	Ar. Proctor Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	1:13	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	1:05	Ar. Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	12:50	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	12:57	Ar. Eveleth Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	12:34	Ar. Sparta Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	12:12	Ar. Biwabik Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	12:30	Ar. Mtn. Iron Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	12:27	Ar. Hibbing Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv. Duluth Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar. Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar. Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar. Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P. M.	P. M.	Daily except Sundays.	A. M.	P. M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast. Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.		† 11:55 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday. Sleeper ready at 8 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*5 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
**4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	**10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	**10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	b 6:30 p m
a 1:55 p m	"	a 6:55 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
b 9:00 p m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		b 6:30 a m
a 1:55 p m		b 9:10 p m
a 11:10 p m		a 7:55 a m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 42 All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*7:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m All points East.

†8:25 a. m. Lv—LOCAL—Ar. †9:25 p. m Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

10 PAGES. **DULUTH EVENING HERALD.** 10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

NOTABLE WEDDING

Hay-Whitney Marriage a Brilliant Event.

Guests Included Highest Officials of Land.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Helen Hay, eldest daughter of Secretary of State John Hay, and Payne Whitney, of New York, son of ex-Secretary of the Navy Whitney, were married today at noon at the Church of the Covenant. The wedding was the most notable social event of the season in Washington, being celebrated in the presence of the highest officials in the land, including the president and his cabinet, and of what is recognized as the best of New York and New England society. The Hay family has been in mourning since the death of Adelbert Hay, but for this one day the mourning was put aside and the wedding was celebrated with all the pomp and circumstance that would have characterized it otherwise.

For several days past the guests have been gathering and preparations have been making for the wedding. The groom's father, ex-Secretary of the Navy William C. Whitney, came to Washington with a party of distinguished friends, including Sir Edward Colebrooke, C. T. Barney, Miss Barney and Mr. and Mrs. Gerald Paget. While Whitney Payne, the bridegroom had gathered about him at the Arlington a large number of his college chums and friends. Presents almost without number have been pouring into the Hay home for the last fortnight. It is believed their number exceeds 400, many being articles of almost priceless worth. But it has not been possible, owing to the reluctance of the family, to obtain a complete list of these presents, though it is known that they include a yacht and jewels, houses and lands and articles of art without number.

The church where the ceremony was performed was elaborately and artistically decorated with flowers and greens. Back of the pulpit and before the organ, tall, graceful palms formed a great bower of dark green; and beneath, great sprays of Easter lilies trailed to the ground. A candelabrum, twice as tall as a man, stood at either corner of the pulpit platform, each bearing twelve lights. Down the center aisle was a beautiful bridal path made up of lilies attached to the pews at the side. The walls of the church were festooned with Southern smilax, topped with great masses of Easter lilies, caught up by bows of white ribbon.

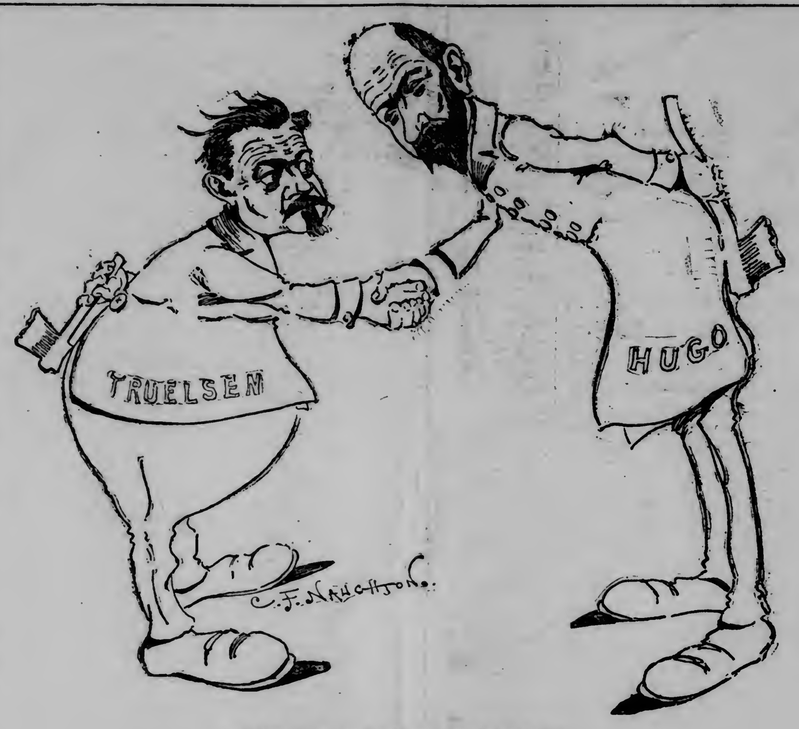
The church was crowded. Its seating capacity is only 600, which promised badly for the 1000 persons invited. It was believed that official Washington could not be accommodated even in a small measure, so the invitations were limited to friends of the contracting families, the only exception being in the case of the diplomatic body. Even here it was not possible to include in the invitations the entire diplomatic list, and the elect were the heads of legations and their ladies alone. So in the case of the United States congress, the persons invited were those who were on personal relations with the Hay and Whitney families.

The ushers were all bachelor friends of the bridegroom, namely: Henry Clews, Jr., Frederick Kernochan, J. N. Waterbury, Jr., Milton S. Barger, Gouvenour Morris, of New York; James N. Wadsworth, of Geneseo, N. Y.; Hughes D. Scott, of Philadelphia, and Maj. Charles L. McCawley, U. S. M. C., of Washington. Mr. Whitney's best man was Eugene Hale, Jr., son of the senior senator from Maine.

The bride was assisted by two maids, her sister, Alice Hay, and Dorothy Whitney, the 15-year-old sister of the bridegroom. They were prettily gowned in crepe de chine made over white silk, and wore great picture hats of white felt with long white ostrich plumes. The bride wore neither jewels nor lace and her toilet was one of extreme simplicity, consisting of a gown of plain white satin completed by a tulle veil, caught in place by a coronet of orange blossoms.

A beautiful feature of the wedding was the musical program, which had been arranged by the Hay sisters. Four of the six numbers were selections from Wagner. The music was as follows: "Pilgrim Chorus and Evening Star," from "Tannhauser;" "The Processional March" of the "Meistersinger" and the "Prize" song from "Die Meistersinger;" "Wedding March," by Dudley Buck; the "Swan Song," Elsa entering the cathedral, the introduction to the third act and the wedding music from "Lohengrin," and a march, "Midsummer Night's Dream," by Mendelssohn.

The organist was softly playing the "Prize," from "Die Meistersinger," as the hour of 12 struck. Immediately the soft notes gave way to the splendid refrain of the "Lohengrin" wedding march and the bridal party entered the church and moved down the aisle. Miss Hay leaned upon the arm of her father, and her maids followed closely. The little party was preceded by the ushers to the platform, where the bridegroom, with his best man, stood in waiting. Mr. Hamlin read the service quietly and without oratorical effect, and the responses were made in low but firm voices by both bride and groom. The carriages of the bridal party were driven directly to the Hay residence, where an elaborate wedding breakfast had been spread.



"LET US AT LEAST BE FRIENDS."

Mr. Hugo and Mr. Truelsen met yesterday morning. They shook hands and the defeated candidate congratulated the mayor. Both concluded they had every right to feel proud of themselves, and the mayor said he was particularly happy to think that in two years in office he had succeeded in making two new friends.

DULUTH MEN ARE HEARD

Give Lucid Explanation of the Tonnage Tax.

Its Advantages to Minnesota Plainly Shown.

From The Herald State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth delegation was the first to have a hearing on the proposed tax code before the committee on taxes and tax laws of the house, which is the first of the two committees to take the matter up. The delegation representing Duluth vessel interests, consisting of Capt. Alex. McDougall, Capt. J. T. Rose, G. Ash Tomlinson, D. T. Helm and H. R. Spencer, arrived today and through the efforts of the Duluth delegation and the courtesy of the tax committee, were accorded a speedy hearing.

The session of the house lasted just six minutes. Representative Wallace, in behalf of the tax committee, introduced the tax bill and then moved an adjournment of the house and called a meeting of the tax committee. Representative Laybourn introduced the speakers. He first introduced H. R. Spencer as the author of the vessel tonnage act, which has resulted in the enrollment of 300 vessels at the port of Duluth. Mr. Spenced said:

"Up to 1895 there never had been a vessel of any size calling Duluth its home port. In that year a vessel was being built to be called the Zenith City. It seemed appropriate to have it hail from Duluth, but this was impossible on account of the tax system. This was the origin of the vessel tonnage tax bill. On Jan. 1, 1895, there were fifty-six small tugs enrolled at Duluth with a tonnage of 500 tons. As a result of that bill on Jan. 1, 1902, there were 288 vessels of the largest size, with a tonnage of 288,000 tons, enrolled at Duluth. Under the present law, levying a tax of 3 cents per net ton on vessels, the state last year received $9287, of which amount it retained half. In 1894 the receipts from vessel taxes were $3008 of which the state got nothing. The question may be asked why such a small rate should be imposed. Under the laws of the United States ships may hail from any port it is desired and the name of their home port is painted of their stern. One-quarter of the vessels on the lakes now advertise Duluth in this manner. If the tax rate is raised, all they have to do is to paint out the name of Duluth and put in place of it the name of some other port. Instead of the present large revenue from this tax, the state would get nothing. Wisconsin has enacted our law and will get this revenue and this advertisement. We live on the Minnesota side of the bay and we are here because we wish to keep these advantages for Minnesota. There is at least one ship now sailing out of San Francisco bearing the name of Duluth on its stern. While the state got $10,000 last year, in five years it will have three times that much if the present system is continued. It is better to get that by continuing the system than to get nothing by abolishing it. It is to your interest to encourage lake shipping in every manner possible, for it results in cheap transportation for your products. The railroads last year charged you 8 or 9 cents a bushel on wheat from Fargo to Duluth and the boats took it 1000 miles for an average of 2.7 cents. The roads charge for coal $3 per ton from Duluth to Fargo and to carry the same coal from Buffalo to Duluth the boats charge 45 cents per ton. Vessel property is not exempted from taxation. Practically all shipping from Duluth is owned by stock companies whose stock is taxed in whatever state it is owned. Many of these companies are incorporated in this state, bringing in large fees for that purpose."

Capt. Alex McDougall was introduced as the inventor of the whaleback. Said he: "I am not personally interested in any vessel tonnage now hailing from Duluth. I am here as a citizen of Min-

(Continued on Page 4.)

REBUILD.

Superstructure of Brooklyn Bridge Must Be Reconstructed.

New York, Feb. 6.—Bridge Commissioner Lendenthal, who has been seeking a remedy for the congestion of traffic on the Brooklyn bridge, says the only adequate solution of the problem is the reconstruction of the entire superstructure of the bridge.

"The bride is strong enough," said he, "but as it is now constructed can never meet the demands which are and will be put upon it. There is only one thing to do, just as son as the East river bridges are finished, commence to rebuild the entire superstructure.

"This will be a gigantic task, involving the expenditure of several million dollars, but it is absolutely necessary. The towers, cables and anchorages need not be disturbed."

The commissioner's plans call for the rebuilding of the superstructure and the substitution of two rows of tracks, one above the other, as called for by the plans for the East river bridges now in process of erection.

MADE MISTAKE IN AGE

For That Reason Life Insurance Company Cancels a Policy Which Was Issued More Than Fifty Years Ago.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Because Thomas Chalmers of the firm of Frazer & Chalmers made a mistake in his age, a life insurance company has cancelled a policy on his life, issued more than 50 years ago. Mr. Chalmers has brought suit in the superior court, to have the company's action annulled.

When Mr. Chalmers in 1851 was, as he says in his bill, "a workingman, following his trade as a machinist," he took out a policy for $2100, giving the date of his birth as June 14, 1820. A few years later his daughter visited his old home in Scotland and consulting the parish register discovered that the date of her father's birth was June 14, 1816.

Mr. Chalmers took out another policy for $2000 with the same company in 1866, and in filling his application gave his correct age. He continued to pay the premiums on the first policy, he says, after the second policy had made the company acquainted with his true age. Finally, in 1901, the policy was cancelled.

CRUSADE AGAINST BARBERS

New York, Feb. 6.—A crusade has been opened in this city, by a member of the board of health, with a view to bringing about strict observation of sanitary rules in barber shops. Sponges are placed under the ban, the use is ordered of powdered alum (instead of alum in sticks), the relegation of the powder puff is decreed and fresh towels and clean hands are recommended.

ALL ABOUT A BISHOP

English Barristers Pouring Over Legal Volumes of the Time of Henry VIII to Determine Ecclesiastical Rights of King.

New York, Feb. 6.—One of the strangest spectacles in London, says a dispatch from that city to the Tribune, is the scene enacted daily in the divisional court before the lord chief justice. This is the mandamus proceeding directed against the archbishop of Canterbury and the vicar general for hearing and considering certain doctrinal objections to the confirmation of Canon Gore, as bishop. Three protracted arguments were made Wednesday for and against the right of intervention between the election and confirmation of a bishop of the English church, the lord chief justice vainly endeavoring to induce the barristers to get on. The laywers tables were loaded with musty folio volumes of statutes in the time of Henry VIII and Queen Elizabeth, from the British museum and the Lameth library, and the learned solicitors were constantly unclashing great brass hinges and poring over worm-eaten pages.

The object of this extended invasion of the ecclesiastical archives is to demonstrate whether any limitation can be placed on the rayal prerogative in the selection of a bishop, when the prime minister has, according to custom, presented two names and the monarch has been pleased to favor the first rather than the second.

TWO DEAD, FOUR INJURED

Telluride, Col., Feb. 6.—Two men are dead and four others seriously injured as the result of an explosion of powder in the powder house at the mouth of Japan tunnel. The dead are:

D. R. O'CONNELL, aged 45, married.

ALPHONSO FLARIETA, aged 22.

Injured: John Franck, shift boss, badly jarred and cut about head; Santino Marta, powder thawer, both eyes and back injured; C. C. Weir, water packer, badly cut about face; Henry Meldrum, blacksmith, right arm and side badly hurt by falling timbers.

All buildings around the tunnel are a complete wreck.

Marta, who was thawing powder in the powder house, stepped out of the building for a moment and the powder, becoming heated, exploded, the concussion setting off the entire powder supply, amounting to several hundred pounds. About 400 yards distant was stored tons of dynamite. The door of the building was blown in, but the dynamite was undisturbed.

PEARSON MUST RESIGN

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Professor Charles W. Pearson will be asked to resign from the faculty of Northwestern university, the Tribune says, if the report of the committee appointed to investigate his case is accepted by the executive committee of the board of trustees. The decision was reached after a two hours' session behind closed doors last night, at which the communication written by the professor on Tuesday was read and the case reviewed. The members of the examining committee are Dr. Bonright, acting president of the university; Dr. Shepard, business agent, and M. H. Wilson, a trustee.

The report, in substance, it is said, will declare that Professor Pearson has transgressed the rules of propriety in openly declaring the fallibility of the Bible while occupying a chair in an institution supported mainly by contributions from members of the Methodist church; and that he should seek a chair in some liberal institution where he would be at liberty to preach any doctrine he might desire. For these reasons, the conclusion is drawn that the university trustees should ask Professor Pearson to resign.

Professor Pearson, when informed of the verdict of the trial board declined to discuss the matter. On previous occasions, however, the professor has declared that he would accept the verdict of the trustees without a murmur. He has said further he would not stay where he was not wanted. Professor Pearson was not asked to attend the meeting and did not know one had been called until it was over. The executive committee of the board of trustees will meet next week. The Pearson report will be given to them at that time.



Photographs by Clinedinst.

THE WEDDING OF PAYNE WHITNEY AND MISS HELEN HAY.

Mr. Whitney is a son of William C. Whitney, former secretary of the navy, and Miss Hay is the talented daughter of John Hay, secretary of state. She is a poet and has published several books. The wedding invitations numbered nearly 1,000.

LONDON DOCKAGE BILL

Millers and Lumber Shippers Appear Before Senate Committee on Commerce In Favor of the Nelson Bill.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The senate committee on commerce today granted a hearing to representatives of the National Millers' association and others interested in the passage of Senator Nelson's bill, generally known as the London dockage bill. There was a full attendance of the committee and a large number of representative millers and lumbermen from the great lakes region. The complaint of American shippers of grain and lumber manufacturers or raw material, is directed against the London Dock company. London is a free port, but the London Dock company, nevertheless, makes excessive dockage charges against all American vessels. President F. H. Madgeburg of Milwaukee, of the American Millers' association; John Crosby, of Minneapolis, and J. J. McKelvey, of New York, general counsel for the Lumber Exporters' association, appeared before the committee today in advocacy of the Nelson bill. John J. Hemphill, of New York, an attorney representing the Trans-Atlantic Steamship company, appeared in opposition. The hearing lasted nearly two hours and the several speakers received close attention. At noon the committee adjourned, but agreed to give another hearing next Monday.

Tomorrow the house committee on interstate and foreign commerce will grant a hearing to those interested on the same subject, Representative Tawney of Minnesota having presented a bill almost identical to the Nelson bill.

GERMANY'S POSITION

Considers It Important to Controvert the Wrong Impression That She Was Disposed to Do Anything Unfriendly.

Berlin, Feb. 6.—The official British denial that Lord Pauncefote, the British ambassador at Washington, on April 14, 1898, made a second proposal to the powers to remonstrate with the United States, was today laid before a high German official, whose functions give him absolute first-hand knowledge of everything just as it occurred. He reaffirmed the statement made in these dispatches yesterday. Referring to his copious notes, he dictated therefrom to the correspondent of the Associated Press the following data:

On Feb. 14 the Spanish ambassador at Berlin asked the German government whether Germany was willing to head a European movement against the United States in defense of the monarchic principle. The next day the ambassador was informed by order of the emperor that Germany would under no circumstances take the action desired.

Spain renewed her efforts in March to secure some action by Germany, but she was again answered with a refusal. At the same time Dr. Von Holleben was instructed to take part in any steps at Washington in the interests of peace only, if all the other five government powers participated. On April 7, the joint note was handed to President McKinley.

We were informed from Washington April 14 that the British ambassador there proposed a second collective note, declaring that armed intervention in Cuba would be unjustifiable. Again, upon the emperor's order, the German representatives at Washington, Rome, Vienna and Madrid, were instructed that Germany would refuse to participate in such a declaration as she saw no prospect that anything could be accomplished thereby.

The correspondent of the Associated Press gets the impression, that while the German government wishes to avoid the appearance of desiring to fall into the United States arms, on the other hand she regards it important to controvert the wrong impressions that Germany was disposed to do anything unfriendly to the United States.

OFFICIAL ACCEPTED BRIBE

New York, Feb. 6.—John T. Ford, deputy tax commissioners for Bronx borough, was arrested today charged with the acceptance of a bribe. It was alleged that he accepted $100 from J. Bowie Dash, president of the Hudson Coffee company, as a consideration for undervaluing real estate. Dash, who made the complaint against Ford, said that the latter solicited the bribe. Dash said that he gave him $100 in marked bills and notified the police. When Ford was arrested the police said the bills were found on him. Ford was held for examination.

Bayha & Co.

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in City of Duluth.

Our Terms: CASH OR CREDIT

Make a good investigation and compare quality with prices and you will find we are 20 per cent lower than any other House Furnishers in this city—we care not who it is. We don't throw out one or two articles for a bait, but give you rock bottom prices on our entire line. Everything in Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc., Etc.

Special Discount on Lace Curtains for this coming week.

Our Terms.....
$ 5.00 Down on $ 25.00 Worth of Goods
$ 6.00 Down on $ 30.00 Worth of Goods
$ 7.00 Down on $ 50.00 Worth of Goods
$ 8.00 Down on $ 60.00 Worth of Goods
$ 9.00 Down on $ 75.00 Worth of Goods
$10.00 Down on $100.00 Worth of Goods

Wilton Velvet Carpets at $1.00 per yard—made, laid and lined, and on time at that.

BAYHA & CO.

24 and 26 East Superior St. Look for big Wire Sign on roof.

REORGANIZED.

Merrill & Ring Interests Transferred to a New Corporation.

The reorganization of the Merrill & Ring lumbering interests was formally consummated today, when quit claim deeds were filed in the office of the register of deeds transfering the big sawmill and yards to the Merrill & Ring Mill company. The consideration named is nominal, but the revenue stamps affixed to the quit-claim from the old mill company to the new indicates a consideration of $8,500. The mill, yard and dock property is located in the Third division of West Duluth.

In the first document filed Clark L. Ring as trustee quit-claims to the Merrill & Ring Lumber company the sawmill property at West Duluth. The property was deeded to him Sept. 9, 1896, in accordance with an agreement with the creditors of the firm of Merrill & Ring in August, 1896. The consideration is purely nominal.

The transfer to the trustee in 1896 occurred as a consequence of the panic in the lumber trade starting the winter before with a great failure on the Pacific coast, which extended to Michigan and the East, and in its relations caught many other lumbering concerns. In order to avoid alarm caused by the general distrust at that time, this action was taken to conserve the large interests of the Merrill & Ring Lumber company, and which were brought out intact.

THEY WILL PETITION.

Candidates at Ely Not to File Affidavits.

City Clerk Peter Schaefer of Ely was at the court house this morning getting supplies for the primary election to be held at Ely next Tuesday. The city election will be held the first Tuesday in April.

Mr. Schaefer says there is little likelihood that the primary elections law will be largely applied in Ely. The aldermanic aspirants have all declared their intention to ignore the primary election law and get their names on the ticket by filing a petition. They have found out that they can save $10 by this course.

Mr. Schaefer says he does not undertake to question the merit of the new law when referred to municipal elections in larger cities or to general elections, but doubts the advisability of applying it to municipal elections in smaller cities.

At the coming election at Ely there will be elected a mayor, city clerk, treasurer, assessor, municipal judge, special municipal judge, six aldermen and three constables.

Mr. Schaefer says that Ely is active this winter. The four mines in that vicinity—the Chandler, Pioneer, Savoy and Zenith—are all getting out stockpiles, ready for the opening of the ore-shipping season. Logging operations thereabouts are also on a large scale.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Steak Chop House.

The ladies of Pilgrim Congregational Church will receive 10 per cent on all CASH sales at Lundmark & Franson's Grocery Store, 15th avenue east and Second street, Friday, Feb. 7. Special sale of Universal Flour, and Fairy Soap. Phone 97.

BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

Total In the County During Last Year.

As nearly as can be determined from the reports made according to law, there were 1788 births in St. Louis county last year and 1049 deaths. Clerk of the Courts Johnson has received the year's reports from Secretary Bracken of the state board of health, and his assistants are now engaged in the long job of entering up in the registers in his office the essential facts contained in each individual report. The health officer of each municipality is allowed 25 cents for each report made to the state board of health. The payment of the fee is made from the county treasury. After the state board is through with the reports, it summarizes them and sends them on to the clerk of the courts for entry and payment of the fees. One of the reports of a death in an outlying town is filled in in part as follows:

"Disease: Cholera in Phantom."
"Contributing cause: Warm weather."

The reports by municipal divisions are as follows:

	Births.	Deaths.
Biwabik	63	24
Duluth	1064	769
Floodwood village	12	4
Ely	116	75
Hibbing	145	51
Iron Junction	—	1
Mesaba	31	9
McKinley	4	3
Industrial Iron	20	5
Proctorknott	9	10
Tower	18	2
Sparta	10	—
Virginia	50	
Alborn	2	
Biwabik town	7	3
Breitung	28	14
Canosia	3	4
Clinton	3	—
Culver	2	5
Duluth town	1	—
Fayal	39	3
Floodwood town	1	—
Grand Lake	1	2
Great Scott	7	2
Gnesen	4	2
Herman	13	4
McDavitt	8	4
Industrial	1	—
Mesaba	2	1
Midway	5	—
Mesaba Mountain	33	5
Morse	13	4
Nichols	4	2
N. Independence	1	—
Rice Lake	3	—
Solway	5	1
Bruhl	1	—
58-16	136	35
Eveleth		

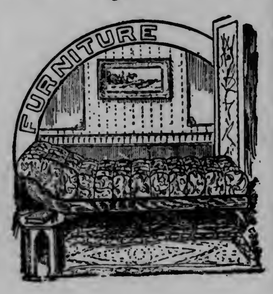
TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

The sky looks bluer, the sun shines brighter, a feeling of youth and strength creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

An $18.00 Couch for $12.00

$25.00 Bedroom Suits for $18.00
$10.00 Dining Tables for.....$7.00
$6.00 Center Tables for.....$4.00
$5.00 Rockers for.....$3.50



This is our Bargain Week!

Come and see for yourself.

CARPETS sewed, laid and lined. No extra charge this week.
LADIES' WRITING DESKS from $3.50 to $15.00.
Your Credit Is Good. Our Terms Are Easy.

Gately Supply Co.,

Open until 10:30 Saturday Evenings.

8 East Superior Street.

WOULD BE BARRED

Police Officers Make Discovery In Connection With New Charter.

Less Than Half Eligible Under Provision as to Height.

Cigarette Smoking Is Another Bar to Holding Positions.

If the forty-two men composing the police force of the city were applicants for the positions they now hold under the civil service regulations only nineteen of them would be eligible.

The civil service requires that candidates for the police department must be five feet and ten inches in height and weigh at least 160 pounds.

Most cities only require police applicants to be five feet and eight inches in height, and it is claimed that the two inches extra required in Duluth is likely to lose the department some valuable men.

Although this provision of the civil service has been in existence since last July it was only discovered by the policemen and general public this morning. As a matter of fact the civil service is something of a secret service.

On the present force more than half the men are under five feet and eight inches in height, though they all meet the requirements in weight. One of the men who only measures five feet six weighs close to 200, and he thinks about the only thing that could save him would be to have a steam roller run over him.

The policemen that were members of the department before the adoption of the new charter are not in any way affected by civil service regulations, so far as holding their positions go, but if for political or other reasons it should be claimed that "height" requirement was effective prior to July last, two of the men might lose their positions thereby.

Cigarette smokers need never hope for the privileges, trials and sorrows of a policeman's life. They are barred by the same provision that prevents a five-foot nine-inch man from becoming an officer.

Some of the officers were feeling a little nervous over the discovery today saying that a strict enforcement of the regulation might hurt more than the two mentioned, for at the foot of the civil service provision there is a clause which reads:

"Any of the foregoing disqualifications shall be good cause for the removal of any eligible from the service after his appointment."

This would certainly make an opening for any politicians that might seek revenge on policemen whose political beliefs were not compatible with the administration. However, that seems but a remote possibility at present.

McKinley Memorial Fund.

The McKinley memorial fund has now reached over $1,500, and is about completed and will be closed in a very short time.

Previously acknowledged	$1488.51
Fon Du Lac school children	2.00
Stowe school children	3.75
C. H. Graves	1.00
C. E. Mallinson	.50
H. F. Allen	.50
E. R. Gill	.50
William Harris	.50
Telephone operator	.25
Cash	.25
Mary Dillon	.25
E. L. Millar	1.00
Rebecca R. Bailey	1.00
L. M. Poirier	1.00
Sally Hicks Merrill	1.00
Marie Merrill	1.00
Betty Merrill	1.00
Gladys Reynolds	.50
A. A. Taussig	1.00
Total	$1505.01

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

SPECIAL MEETINGS.

Series at the Second Presbyterian Church.

At the Second Presbyterian church special meetings Rev. T. H. Atkinson addressed a good-sized audience last night on the subject of 'Personal Effort," basing his remarks on "Philip and the Eunuch." The address was a fine effort. Hhe showed very clearly that God saves men to make them saviors of men, and that through human instrumentality sustained and controlled by the Holy Ghost He reaches the heart of humanity.

In speaking of Philip's strange choice, or rather response to the divine call, he said there are any number of men willing to respond to the call from a large church with a large salary who have no time or inclination to respond to a call such as Philip received, and there are not a few in the church who refuse to do the little things because God does not give them an opportunity to do big things. Philip did a little thing with large results and the church will accomplish great results if its officers and members are willing to do the little things.

The evangelist emphasized three points necessary in personal work: First, the worker must have assurance of his own salvation before he can commend Christ or His gospel; second, the unsaved are condemned already, really lost without Christ; third, they can be saved, because there is salvation offered through Christ's atoning death to all mankind.

Mr. Atkinson's singing of the hymn, "O, That I Like a Bird Had Wings," was very fine.

UNIVERSITY OF MINNESOTA

GLEE CLUB!

At High School Assembly Hall, 8 p. m., Friday evening, Feb. 7, under auspieces of Senior Class. Admission, 50c.

THE DAKOTAS

Edgar Patterson Reported to Have Been Killed By Wolves.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Cavalier—Edgar Patterson, formerly a resident of this county, is reported to have been killed by wolves in the Canadian northwest. Mr. Patterson was well known in this vicinity, having resided in the county for some time. Lately he moved to Canada and nothing had been heard of him until the news of his tragic death.

Minot—The rapid settlement of Ward county has made it expedient to establish several new postoffices in order to accommodate the new settlers who are continually peopling distant parts. Maj. Murphy has been in correspondence with Congressman Marshall relative to opening several new offices, and late dispatches from Washington are to the effect that postoffice service will be established at Lynch, with J. Staumand as postmaster; Markille, William B. Markfille, postmaster; Bjelland, Henry Knudson, postmaster; Renville, Frank McDonald, postmaster, and Hall, M. O. Hall, postmaster. Many new settlers will be benefited, as mail facilities are in many cases very meager.

Edinburgh—Fire originating in the drug store of Hanson & Co., practically destroyed the business portion of the village. The flames gained rapidly and before any help could be procured the drug store, together with all its contents, was a mass of ruins. The high winds carried burning lumber to the general store of Meistad Brothers, which was likewise razed. An unoccupied store building was the third to succumb to the flames. The cause of the fire is unknown. Losses: Meistad Brothers, $10,000; Hanson & Co., $7,000; an unoccupied building, owner unknown, $400. All the buildings were partly insured.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—While Henry Stringham, a well-known resident, was at work with an ice cutting crew, he had a miraculous escape from instant death. One of the men, who was twenty feet above Stringham, accidentally dropped a heavy iron ice bar. The bar struck Stringham a glancing blow and knocked him senseless. Had the bar struck him squarely on the head he would have been killed instantly.

Spearfish—Horse men from the Slim Buttes, northeast of Spearfish, report a peculiar malady that affects their animals. They have lost many horses during the last few weeks from some cause that cannot be accounted for. Animals in the best possible condition of flesh and health become affected. They grow dull and listless and finally wither in the hind quarters, soon dying. Examination shows diseased kidneys, but so far has failed to throw any further light as to the nature of the disorder.

Deadwood—Charles Meyers, William St. Clair and John Lund are in jail charged with administering knock-out drops to Andrew Owens and robbing him of $130 in currency. Owens is a visitor in Deadwood, and started out to see the town, encountering Meyers, St. Clair and Lund who steered him into a saloon, where he found himself the next afternoon, penniless. The police did not find any of the stolen money, but they are known to have changed several large bills after leaving Owens.

FUNSTON ACCEPTS

Invitation to Banquet to Be Given at Denver.

Denver, Feb. 6.—Governor Orman has received a letter from Gen. Funston accepting the invitation tendered by the governor to become the guest of Colorado at a banquet to be given to Gens. Funston and MacArthur at some future date. Gen. Funston says he is unable to set a date as he cannot say when he will be released from the hospital where he has just undergone an operation. It is expected the banquet will occur some time in March.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Furnessia, Glasgow; Neustria, Marseilles and Naples.
London—Arrived: Masaba, New York.
Liverpool—Arrived: Kansas, Boston.

NEW COAL COMPANY.

Columbus, Ohio, Feb. 6.—The United States Coal company was incorporated by the secretary of state today with $2,000,000 capital. The purpose is to develop an 18,000 acre coal tract in Jefferson county. The Peters Cartridge company, of Cincinnati, increased its capital stock from $500,000 to $1,000,000.

RUMOR IS AT WORK

All Sorts of Stories Afloat as to Mistakes In Ballots.

Institution of a Contest Necessary to Get a Recount.

Precautions Taken to Protect Ballots From Molestation.

There is a possibility that a recount of the mayoralty vote may cut Mayor Hugo's plurality down to six votes.

In the Fifth ward a ballot was thrown out that was claimed for Truelsen, and in the Second ward a ballot was counted for Hugo which the Democrats claim should either be counted for Truelsen or thrown out altogether.

Constant rumors which are in circulation on the street that big mistakes have been unearthed in favor of the Democratic candidate, seem to emanate from that peerless paragon of publicity promoters, the Guess Again society.

Hundreds of inquiries have been made at this office as to the authenticity of these reports. Nothing new can possibly develop in the situation till the official canvass is made in the council chamber next Monday evening.

It is not probable that this official counting will differ materially from the unofficial count, though there is always the possibility that the judges in making out the precinct return slips may have made mistakes, either one way or the other. The official count on Monday evening will deal with the return slips and not with the ballots.

The friendly recount must be instituted by the beginning of a contest. Then the ballots will be brought out and counted over. If mistakes should be discovered which are considered likely to turn the result of the election, the contest would be pushed. If not, it would be dropped.

The forty-two ballot boxes have been removed from the vault in the city clerk's office to a larger vault in the basement of the city hall building.

This vault has two heavy iron doors. The outside door is locked by a combination lock, and City Clerk Cheadle, who is a Democrat, is the only person that has the combination.

The inside door locks with a key, and Oscar Mitchell, the city attorney, who is a Republican, has the key. The guard of policemen has been removed.

The two questionable ballots, which may possibly cut Mayor Hugo's plurality down to six, are known to exist only from reports made by election judges.

It is said that the first ballot had no cross in the regular blank space for marking, but instead the cross was on the opposite margin and in front of Mr. Truelsen's name.

This ballot was thrown out. That is, it was not counted for either man, and the Democrats claim that it should have been counted for Truelsen, under the supreme court decision of two years ago, which gave Hugo several disputed votes, saying that the intent of the voter was very clear, whether the ballot was properly marked or not.

The second ballot is very peculiar. In the other contest between Mr. Hugo and Mr. Truelsen the supreme court passed on all sorts and conditions of queerly marked ballots, but they had nothing like this is reported to be.

In the little square opposite Mr. Hugo's name there is a slight slanting line. Not a cross, just a straight line.

In the square opposite Mr. Truelsen's name there are two crosses, one drawn irregularly over the other.

This vote is said to have been counted for the Republican candidate, the judges claiming that the voter had started to vote for Truelsen and then crossed it over and tried to show that he was voting for Hugo by simply drawing a slanting line.

The Democrats claim that the voter started to vote for Hugo and drew the first line of the cross, but seeing his mistake, he made two crosses opposite the name of Truelsen in order to make his intent more plain.

If the vote should not be counted for either man, it would reduce Mr. Hugo's plurality one, and if it should be counted for Mr. Truelsen it would reduce Mr. Hugo's plurality by two votes.

There is a report that a large number of ballots in the Fourth precinct of the First ward were not signed by the judges, and that they could be thrown out on this technicality, but very little stock is taken in this report.

The Fourth precinct of the First ward is the one that gave Hugo a plurality of 83, thereby wiping out the lead of 77 which Truelsen had obtained in thirty-four other precincts.

Ex-Alderman Cox says that William E. McEwen's majority of 382 for alderman in the Fifth ward was not the largest ever. He defeated Walter Thompson for alderman in the Sixth ward at one time by a majority of 724.

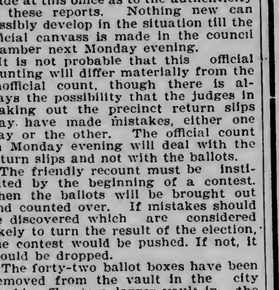
That was when the vote in the Sixth ward was much heavier than at present—before the second paper limitation was placed on the right of franchise.

MISS BONNIE DELANO

A Chicago Society Lady, in a Letter to Mrs. Pinkham says:

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Of all the grateful daughters to whom you have given health and life, none are more glad than I.

"My home and my life was happy



MISS BONNIE DELANO.

until illness came upon me three years ago. I first noticed it by being irregular and having very painful and scanty menstruation; gradually my general health failed; I could not enjoy my meals; I became languid and nervous, with griping pains frequently in the groins.

"I advised with our family physician who prescribed without any improvement. One day he said,—'Try **Lydia Pinkham's Remedies.**' I did, thank God; the next month I was better, and it gradually built me up until in four months I was cured. This is nearly a year ago and I have not had a pain or ache since."—BONNIE DELANO, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.—*$5000 forfeit if above testimonial is not genuine.*

Trustworthy proof is abundant that **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** saves thousands of young women from dangers resulting from organic irregularity, suppression or retention of the menses, ovarian or womb troubles. Refuse substitutes,

Freimuth's

Busy Under-Price Friday!

Shrewd buyers watch for this weekly list, for the special lots of merchandise offered here are a genuine saving over regular prices

$5 Colored Taffeta Silk Waists—delicate shades in popular colors, handsomely corded, tucked or hemstitched effects, all new this season. Friday's price..... **$3.75**

$2.50 Domet Wrappers, in fancy Persian patterns, yoke back, braided collars — on sale Friday at the special price of..... **$1.48**

Black Sateen Petticoats —fine accordeon pleated or ruffled flounce. Friday price..... **79c**

60-in Turkey Red Table Damask, guaranteed fast color—pretty checks and floral patterns —regular 45c quality. Friday price, a yard..... **25c**

24x50 all linen Damask Towels, regular 30c quality. Friday, each..... **19c**

Grey Cotton Blankets—extra heavy, fancy borders, regular price $1.35. Friday, a pair..... **89c**

Ladies' Embroidery Collar tops, neat patterns, regular price 10c. Friday price, each..... **5c**

Ladies' Shoe Special—Assorted lot $1.25 and $1.50 values, but all sizes—in either button or lace, heavy or light soles. Friday price—a pair..... **$1.00**

Misses' Shoe Special—Assorted lot, $1.25 and $1.50 values, but all sizes. Good, serviceable school shoes. Friday, a pair..... **75c**

Kirk's Toilet Soaps — 3 cakes in box, really worth 20c. Odors: Russian Roses, or Lilac. Friday, a box..... **10c**

35c Black Wool Mittens —double knit, fancy backs, misses' or children's sizes. Friday, a pair..... **25c**

Women's 25c Cotton Hose, extra heavy, lisle finish, fast black, spliced heel and toe, good value at 20c. Friday, a pair..... **13c**

Cotton Art Squares—Special prices for Friday only—
7 ft 6 in by 9 ft, at..... $2.50
9 ft by 9 ft, at..... $3.05
3 ft by 10 ft 6 in, at..... $3.25
9 ft by 12 ft, at..... $3.75

36-inch Swiss Muslins, regularly sold at 15c. Friday at..... **10c**

Fancy Neck Ribbons—Pretty patterns, 4½ inches wide —regular price 25c. Friday price..... **19c**

Embroidered Lawn Handkerchiefs, regular price 10c. Friday..... **5c**

New Satin Tucked Belts with pretty buckles, regular value 40c. On sale Friday at..... **29c**

Specials From Our Daylight Basement.

$3.50 Air-Tight Stoves, good size, special price for Friday..... **$2.39**

39c Galvanized Coal Hods, for Friday only—each..... **23c**

6-inch Stove Pipe, Fridays price—per length, only..... **12c**

10 bars Laundry Soap, good quality. Special Friday..... **25c**

Porcelain Cups and Saucers, plain white, all new shapes. Price for Friday, a pair..... **5c**

Gold Band Tumblers—thin blown, regular $1.00 a dozen kind—on sale Friday at—each..... **4c**

Fancy 65c Cuspidors—white and gold decorations. Friday..... **49c**

PROGRAM

Of House Leaders on War Revenue Reduction Bill.

Washington, Feb. 6.—One of the house leaders, whose position gives him the fullest information as to the outlook of legislation, said today:

"The program for considering the war revenue reduction bill is fully understood, but it is not desired to give those who oppose the majority the fullest information on the exact time of its consideration, in order to assist their opposition. One thing has been settled beyond any doubt—that the bill will be passed exactly as reported, except in minor verbal committee changes. The length of the debate will be about two days, which seems about reasonable as there is no great pressure for time. As to when the debate will begin—it will hardly be next week, as some thirty Republican members will be absent before and after Lincoln's birthday. So that it will not be taken up until there is a full Republican attendance, when it will be passed without amendment."

LIBRARY SOLD.

London, Feb. 6.—The Evening News prints a dispatch from Madrid which announces that the Marquis De Jerez's famous library has been sold to an American for £40,000.

VISITED U.

The Schleys Hold Informal Reception at Knoxville.

Knoxville, Tenn., Feb. 6.—This morning at 11 o'clock Admiral and Mrs. Schley, accompanied by many citizens and Professor Dabney, visited the university of Tennessee buildings and grounds. They held a levee in science hall auditorium, where Admiral Schley subsequently addressed the students at chapel exercises. Mrs. Schley was entertained informally at the woman's building at the university. This afternoon a reception was tendered Admiral and Mrs. Schley by the local chapels of the Daughters of the American Revolution in the women's club building, and later the admiral unveiled and dedicated a marble tablet on the site of the first blockhouse or fort built by the pioneer settlers of Knoxville. The blockhouse stood on the present court house square.

HITCHCOCK FAVORS

The Morris Bill, With Some Slight Exceptions.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Secretary of the Interior Hitchcock has approved of more of the provisions of the Morris bill for opening up the Chippewa Indian reservation. He thinks that sealed bids should be submitted for timber instead of putting it up at auction.

A. G. Barnard, of Cass Lake, who has been working night and day to secure agreement on the bill, said yesterday afternoon that he was very sanguine the committee on Indian affairs would make a favorable report on the bill. Bernard and Ed Warren will remain here until final action is taken.

GRAIN-O

THE PURE GRAIN COFFEE

Some people can't drink coffee; everybody can drink Grain-O. It looks and tastes like coffee, but it is made from pure grains. No coffee in it.

Grain-O is cheaper than coffee; costs about one-quarter as much.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

LAST DAYS OF THE

10th ANNUAL STOCK REDUCING SALE!

All Overcoats, Suits, Trousers, Full Dress, Fancy Vestings, made in our usual good styles, at 25% BELOW OUR REGULAR PRICES.....

Our regular patrons are earnestly requested to take advantage of this unusual buying opportunity.

MIES,

DULUTH'S LEADING TAILOR,

Opposite Board of Trade. Either 'Phone 181. 308 West First St.

Long Distance Telephone Rates Reduced.

St. Paul, former rates 75c—our rates 50c
Minneapolis, former rates 75c—our rates .. 50c
Rush City, former rates $1.10—our rates .. 50c
Pine City, former rates $1.25—our rates .. 50c
Night Rates Half of Above.

And hundreds of other towns and cities with rates in proportion. Our lines are now open for business.

Zenith City Telephone Co.

TEACHERS.

Those Who Are Taking Examinations At Jackson School.

The teachers' examinations for state certificates began this morning at the Jackson school and will last until Saturday evening. The examinations are being held under the direction of County Superintendent A. T. Park and are for teachers desirous of securing first or second grade certificates.

Today the examinations are chiefly on the first grade subjects. There are nineteen applications for first grade certificates, a larger number, says Superintendent Park, than there is any record of in similar examinations in previous years. There would undoubtedly have been a much larger number of teachers here for the first grade examinations, were it not for the fact that arrangements have been made whereby most of the range teachers can have their examinations today without coming to Duluth.

Similar examinations are today being held at Virginia and at Tower, Superintendent S. W. Gilpin acting as the county superintendent's assistant at the former place and Superintendent D. O. Loveland in the same capacity at Tower. There are, however, a few range teachers here.

The list of subjects for examination included physics, geometry, algebra, civics, physical geography or general history. Tomorrow morning the examinations will begin on the second grade subject. Saturday afternoon time will be taken for music and drawing.

Next summer the examinations will be held at Hibbing and Ely. There are no examinations at the present time for teachers' permits, but these may be granted at the discretion of the county superintendent, where the marks of the applicants fall below the minimum.

Following are the names of the county teachers taking the examination for first grade certificates, and the locations of their schools: Esther L. Anderson, Hermantown; Marion K. Bain, Iron; Mabel C. Cox, Midway; Gertrude L. Carey, Duluth; Frances P. Dailey, Hermantown; Tillie Goodwin, Arnold; Rosa Grettum, Arnold; Louise V. Hopkins, Columbus Junction; Agnes R. Holt, Gnesen; Harry A. Huntoon, Gnesen; Effie M. Johnson, West Duluth; Minda J. Knutson, Adolph; Bertha V. McHolland, Floodwood; Ethel M. Monroe, Floodwood; Charles S. Palmer, Rice Lake; Rose A. Sullivan, Proctorknott; Grace A. Sharpe, Duluth; Gertrude M. Seery, Hermantown; Dorothy S. Tvedt, Midway.

SUSTAINS INJURY.

W. C. Agnew Has His Leg Considerably Damaged.

W. C. Agnew sustained a painful injury this noon in a fall while returning from a trip to the Mesaba range. Mr. Agnew was a member of the Pickands-Mather party, which had been up to Hibbing on a special train. The train returned as far as the trestle leading to the ore docks, but was halted there by repair work in progress, and the party were obliged to alight and climb down the embankment. Mr. Agnew slipped and fell heavily on top of one of the members of the party, a distance of about five feet. He didn't think he was injured much, and walked five or six blocks toward the street car line, but subsequently the injury grew so painful that he had to be assisted to the Spalding. Dr. McComb was called and found one knee badly bruised and torn. The wound was dressed and sewed up, and it is believed that no serious consequences will result.

CALL EXTENDED.

Lakeside Presbyterian Church Calls a Pastor.

The Lakeside Presbyterian church has chosen a new pastor.

Rev. Sutherland, of Salem, Ind., was tendered the place by a unanimous vote of the congregation last evening.

Since the resignation of Rev. J. B. Ferguson some time ago the pulpit has been filled by "supplies." Rev. Sutherland preached here last month and it did not take the congregation long in making its choice.

If the call is accepted it is expected that the new pastor will begin his work here about March 1.

Commissioners to Meet.

The county commissioners will hold their regular monthly meeting tomorrow. It had been expected that Commissioner Fred Kugler would be back to make an informal and unofficial report on "Some Gushers and Dusters as Seen by a Tenderfoot in Texas Oil Fields," but Mr. Kugler is hardly likely to appear on the scene in time. For the same reason a big bunch of applications for tax abatements will probably also go over. Considerable routine business is in the auditor's hands ready for action, but nothing of especial importance or interest seems likely now to come before the meeting.

Overstocked Sale of Woolens.

The end of the stock-reducing sale of Mies, the tailor, is near at hand. The stock of woolens has been greatly decreased, yet there is a splendid chance now to select a handsome overcoat pattern or nobby suit and take advantage of the 25 per cent reduction.

F. D. DAY & CO. | F. D. DAY & CO.

Sale Extraordinary!

Libbey Cut Glass

20% off on any piece

of our elegant cut glass. One week only

Once a year only we cut prices on cut glass in order to make room for the new goods coming.

Grand bargains in other goods will be shown in our west window for a few days.

F. D. DAY & CO.

Fashionable Jewelers, 315 W. Superior St.

TO HAVE A CONTEST

Curlers to Have Big Affair Winding Up With Supper.

Sides Chosen By President and Vice President to Play.

All Rinks Have Been Broken Up and New One Formed.

Every year the curlers at some time during the curling season have a contest between sides chosen by the president and vice president. The losing side pays the expenses of a supper served in the club house during the evening. It is always one of the very happy events of the curling season and one that is looked forward to with great anticipations.

In accordance with the custom there will be a contest of this nature this week. It will be played tomorrow and Saturday. Time was when an afternoon and evening was all that was necessary to play the event and give all the curlers a chance. Now it takes an afternoon and two evenings. The sides will be headed this year by D. W. Stocking as president and C. A. Duncan as vice president.

In order to give unusual interest to the event, the rinks have all been broken up. The games committee has formed new rinks and they are as follows:

PRESIDENT'S SIDE.

R. N. Hoople, Thomas Gibson, R. H. Draper, D. W. Stocking, skip.
Walter Newcomb, H. S. Newell, Capt. McLennan, Donald Morrison, skip.
L. A. Arbograst, E. A. Forsyth, A. B. Black, A. H. Smith, skip.
Ralph Davis, C. H. Thornton, J. T. Hickman, A. W. Frick, skip.
S. H. Jones, J. T. Pugh, F. R. Kennedy, G. F. Mackenzie, skip.
J. P. Morrow, P. S. Anneke, F. A. Day, George Gibson, skip.
Herbert Warren, E. D. Field, S. L. Reichert, G. H. Letteau, skip.
S. T. Welch, W. H. Denham, C. F. West, George Tyre, skip.
W. E. Morrow, W. E. Richardson, J.C. Hunter, C. B. Woodruff, skip.
Dr. Stocker, George K. Taylor, J. H. Upham, S. A. McPhail, skip.
W. S. Eaton, N. L. Leach, J. E. Catlin, Harry Hurdon, skip.
A. C. Manson, S. H. Rothermel, Dr. Milne, Ralph Bradley, skip.

VICE PRESIDENT'S SIDE.

W. C. Sherwood, W. Schupp, E. A. Currier, C. A. Duncan, skip.
G. Wells, L. M. Larson, F. W. Hargreaves, R. J. MaceLod, skip.
G. P. Stillman, F. A. Brewer, J. H. McCullough, C. F. Macdonald, skip.
R. Haig, W. Walker, F. W. Heimick, C. R. Ash, skip.
E. E. Johnson, R. R. Wells, E. F. Burg, W. L. McLennan, skip.
H. Farmer, C. A. Paine, W. J. K. Osborne, W. B. Dunlop, skip.
A. C. Willcuts, T. F. McGilvary, E. M. Whyte, F. A. Greene, skip.
W. C. Sargent, J. K. Persons, G. W. Meldrum, W. E. Magner, skip.
F. W. Eva, W. B. Silvey, C J. McBride, Alex MacRae, skip.
C. L. Fredericks, C. Graff, G. H. Spencer, E. N. Bradley, skip.
E. Swenzel, A. E. Tvedt, E. Jacobi, Dr. Cleland, skip.
P. J. Neff, P. Helmick, M. H. Alworth, Ron Smith, skip.

The games will be played as follows:

FRIDAY.

VICE PRESIDENT. PRESIDENT.
W. B. Dunlop vs. C. B. Woodruff.
W L. McLennan vs. G. F. McKenzie.
F. A. Greene vs. George Gibson.
Alex MacRae vs. George Letteau.

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

Duncan vs. Stocking.
Cleland vs. Ralph Bradley.
R. J. MacLeod vs. A. H. Smith.
E. Bradley vs. A. W. Frick.

SATURDAY EVENING.

W. E. Magner vs. D. Morrison.
C. F. Macdonald vs. George Tyre.
C. R. Ash vs. S. A. McPhail.
Ron Smith vs. H. Hurdon.

The games committee urges all skips to see that their men get out. Any players who have been left out of the drawing are asked to leave their names with the caretaker at the rink and they will be provided for.

It is also desired that all curlers attend the supper that will be given Saturday evening at the club house.

PERSONALS.

C. M. Campbell, of Sparta, is stopping at the St. Louis.

H. J. Brooks, of Drummond Bros.' packing house, is at the McKay.

J. E. Faught, a Bemidji merchant, arrived at the McKay last night.

C. E. Blanche, the new general agent of the Northern Pacific is confined to his room at the Spalding with a slight indisposition.

C. S. Pollock, manager of the Standard Oil company's office here, returned last night from a trip to Aitkin, Bemidji and other points in the western part of his district. Mr. Pollock expects to bring his family here from Marquette as soon as he can get a suitable house.

Editor Schaefer, of the Ely Miner, was at the St. Louis yesterday.

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Walsh have left for a ten-days' visit at Shomberg, Ont.

Supt. Brown, of the Northern Pacific, is absent on a trip over his division.

A. O. Wilson, traveling freight agent of the Burlington, and John B. Rayne, who occupies the same position with the Minneapolis & St. Louis, are spending a few days in Duluth.

C. E. Bailey, a well-known mining engineer from Eveleth, is at the Spalding.

Henry Johnson, a prominent citizen of Iron River, is at the McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg left this afternoon for a month's trip to the East and South.

C. W. Patterson, of Grand Forks, is one of the Spalding's guests.

Mrs. A. H. Stevens left today over the Eastern for a visit in Chicago.

A. B. McDonald, of Chippewa Falls, is at the Spalding.

Editor P. E. Dowling, of Eveleth is in the city today, a guest at the McKay.

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton, Miss Peyton B. M. Peyton will leave over the South Shore this evening for Boston, whence they will sail via a Dominion line steamer for a cruise of the Mediterranean.

J. J. Wall expects to leave on the Omaha this afternoon for the South.

W. J. West, of Buhl, is at the St. Louis.

Frank Helmick went to St. Paul last night over the Eastern Minnesota.

George Spencer, D. T. Helm and Capt. J. T. Rose went to St. Paul last night via the Eastern to promote Duluth's interests with the legislature.

F. F. Grant, Mrs. Grant, G. W. Haggart and S. Birch are a party of Fargo people that are at the Spalding.

Capt. E. Morcom came down from Tower to attend tomorrow's meeting of the county board.

Will S. Taylor, of Appleton, manager of the pulp wood company, came up this morning to get posted on the spruce situation.

Mrs. L. D. Kitchell left this afternoon for a visit at Cincinnati, Mr. Kitchell accompanied her as far as St. Paul.

Mrs. George H. Crosby, of Lester Park, has been very ill with inflammatory rheumatism for some time and during the past two or three days her condition has aroused grave apprehension. Today she is somewhat improved.

Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Hirschman have returned to their home in St. Paul, after a three weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Levy.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. All fun this week.

Edward Van Horn and Josephus Brown, former subjects of Great Britain, have taken out second papers.

Articles of incorporation of the Lake and Cook County Abstract company were filed with the register this morning by Alexander McLean, William Elder and Arthur Howell. The capital is $10,000. As previously published, this corporation is owned by interests operating in the two counties referred to, which have realized the need of an abstract service there.

According to the report of the Lake Superior Car Service association the total number of cars handled at the head of the lakes during January was 25,144, as compared with 20,267 in the same month last year. The association makes no account of cars used in carrying logs or arriving here with freight destined for other points without transfer.

Default judgment for $366.66 has been taken in district court by the Duluth Brewing and Malting company against John Kostelz.

Duck Gaem, the West End Chinaman, whose predilection for carrying a butcher knife to bed with him is deprecated by his friends, was adjudged insane by a medical commission before Judge Bonham yesterday afternoon and was committed to the Fergus Falls hospital.

Parlor theater. Season's greatest show.

Professor Ourat will organize the last adult beginners' class Wednesday, Feb. 12.

The Woman's auxiliary of St. Paul's church will meet at Mrs. Suffel's home, Sixteenth avenue east and Superior street on Friday, at 2:30 p. m.

Mrs. Fred Blake, of Park Point, fell and broke her arm while walking across the bay on the ice yesterday. The ferry boat was laid up yesterday and all Park Pointers had to walk.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Harry B. Earhart, of Chicago. Mr. Earhart lived in Duluth for a number of years and Mrs. Earhart is a sister of Mrs. John A. Stephenson.

TO GET COLDER.

Break In the Steady Rise In Temperature.

The temperature continues to rise slowly in Duluth and the head of the lake region. This morning the government thermometer registered four degrees above zero, when yesterday morning it was two degrees below. The weather has been gradually warmer all day up to the middle of the afternoon.

The forecast for tonight and tomorrow is generally fair and slightly colder, with fresh and brisk northwest winds. Continued cold will extend over the state and it will be the coldest in the northern and western portions.

It is growing colder again in Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and Alberta. The areas of low pressure overlie Lake Superior and Texas and Oregon. Light to heavy falls of snow occurred throughout the lake region and Northwest last night. The precipitation at Duluth was .06 inches.

The Rock Cut.

The contractors who are widening the steet at the point of rocks have begun working from both sides of the big rock plie. A large amount of stone has already been blasted away from the rocky wall, but so large is the wall that a score of big loads of rock already taken away hardly seems to make a showing. Fragments from the rock, during the blasting, have broken many of the windows in the candy store across the street from the work.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Today's treasury statement of balance in the general fund excluding the $150,000,000 gold reserve in division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $177,008,409; gold, $87,872,153; silver, $20,008,068; United States notes, $11,742,927; treasury notes of 1890, $121,466; national bank notes, $12,349,467; total receipts this day, $1,382,399; total receipts this month, $7,889,376; total receipts this year, $339,213,603; total expenditures this day, $1,325,000; total expenditures this month, $7,330,000; total expenditures this year, $287,973,174; deposits in national banks, $114,225,776.

Over-Work Weakens Your Kidneys.

Unhealthy Kidneys Make Impure Blood.

All the blood in your body passes through your kidneys once every three minutes.



The kidneys are your blood purifiers, they filter out the waste or impurities in the blood.

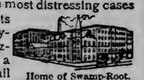
If they are sick or out of order, they fail to do their work.

Pains, aches and rheumatism come from excess of uric acid in the blood, due to neglected kidney trouble.

Kidney trouble causes quick or unsteady heart beats, and makes one feel as though they had heart trouble, because the heart is over-working in pumping thick, kidney-poisoned blood through veins and arteries.

It used to be considered that only urinary troubles were to be traced to the kidneys, but now modern science proves that nearly all constitutional diseases have their beginning in kidney trouble.

If you are sick you can make no mistake by first doctoring your kidneys. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney remedy is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases and is sold on its merits by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sizes. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling you how to find out if you have kidney or bladder trouble. Mention this paper when writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y.



Home of Swamp-Root.

WASN'T CURED.

Didn't Get Well of Anything.

I spent three weeks with a friend in Dayton last winter. She was using Postum Coffee exclusively as a beverage at meals. I said, 'I thought you were so fond of coffee that you could not be induced to give it up.' 'Well,' my friend said, 'We got to liking this Postum Coffee for it serves as a food as well as a beverage, and we have all felt so much better since leaving off the old coffee.'

I learned to make the Postum and made it fine, so when I went home I began to serve it to my husband instead of the old fashioned coffee. About a week afterwards I asked him how he liked the coffee, and told him I had been trying a new kind. He says, 'I think it is most excellent. Is it Mocha or Java or a mixture?' I told him that it was the famous Postum we had read so much about and he most jumped from his chair in surprise, but the change has become a fixture and he will never give up Postum and go back to the old fashioned coffee, for we not only like it better but we feel so much better in every way." This lady's name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

PERJURY.

Edward L. Anderson, a Homesteader, Under Arrest.

Edward L. Anderson, a homesteader near Carlton, was arrested, brought to this city this morning and arraigned before United States Commissioner Pressnell, on the charge of perjury. The complaint was filed by Assistant United States District Attorney F. N. Dickson, and charges Anderson with swearing falsely regarding a homestead entry and alleged improvements made on the same. The homestead consists of 160 acres in 25-47-20. Anderson entered a plea of not guilty, and his hearing was set for Feb. 26, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon. His bonds were in the amount of $1,000, which he furnished, and was released from custody. Anderson is defended by H. H. Hawkins

NOTHING NEW.

In spite of the reports to the contrary, there is absolutely nothing new since The Herald's report at the time of Vice President Fitch's visit concerning the decision to remove the South Shore's general offices from Marquette to Duluth. It was stated at the time that such is the intention of the company, and that it is the intention to move the coming spring.

No offices have been leased, nor has any date been set or any plans made for the removal as yet. Propositions have been made, and are now under consideration by the executive officers of the company, looking to this end, but no decision has been reached up to this time. In the first place, provision must be made in Duluth for about twenty families, who will come here with the general offices, besides the many single men also employed.

Just at present the prospect for procuring house room for such a number of families is rather unpromising, and the officers of the company are said to be averse to forcing their employes to move under such conditions. A most important factor in hastening the removal of the offices would be the erection of a score of houses here.

WAS PERSISTENT.

Now that the election is over, about one person out of every fifty has a story to tell of the self-sacrificing spirit of some worker for Mayor Hugo that won him several of those eight votes that constituted the mayor's majority. While all these stories of the hairbreadth escape the mayor had from being relegated to "go way back and sit down" may be true, it was discovered yesterday that Mayor Hugo certainly owes a debt of gratitude to an enthusiastic young lady who holds a responsible situation in one of the offices of this city, but for whom he would have lost two of those eight votes.

This young lady had been laboring earnestly during the latter part of Tuesday afternoon to get two young men of her acquaintance out to the polls. She could not vote herself, but she was determined to get in two votes for Mr. Hugo in some way. Finally the young men, in jest, suggested that if the young lady was willing to accompany them to the polling place they would vote as she desired. They did not think she would accept the conditions imposed for the polling place was not situated in a locality that young ladies are accustomed to visit nights, but this young lady is of a nationality that never takes a dare, and she stood pat.

She went with them to the polls, reaching the place just ten minutes before the polls closed. The young men were gentlemen of their word and voted as she requested for Mr. Hugo. She has been resting easy in the consciousness of having done her duty, until another friend has been so unkind as to raise doubts in her mind as to whether the young men really did vote for her candidate.

THE GLEE CLUB.

The Minnesota Glee club, which will give an entertainment at the High School Assembly hall on Friday, is making a trip through the state this week. It is giving like entertainments at St. Cloud and Brainerd. The same program has been presented at each place.

The local senior class, under whose auspices they come here, is making every effort to make the affair a success in every way. The advance sale of tickets has been large. There is little doubt but that a large audience will hear them when they come here.

The seniors are arranging to give the college boys a warm welcome. A reception will be given for them at the Masonic temple after the concert. All of the senior and junior classes and the alumni and faculty of the school have been invited.

JUMPED IN.

While coming over from Park Point this morning a woman tried to jump from the dock to the ferryboat and came very near taking the all water route to the world beyond.

The ferry was trying to make a landing through the heavy ice, and finding that he could not push in where he was, the captain gave the signal to back out and try for a new opening.

The woman thought the boat was backing off for the other side of the canal and made the jump. She got very cold and wet and was rescued just in time to keep her from going under.

TAX DECISION

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—A Fargo, N. D. special to the Dispatch says: Judge Pollock today rendered a decision in the tax case of the G. A. Scott Threshing Machine company, which is fighting an assessment for taxation of property shipped into North Dakota after April 1, the date on which the statute says property must be assessed. The court's decision holds that property can be assessed when there is no evidence that the taxes have been paid for the current year in other states. The case will be appealed to the supreme court as a number of machinery houses are backing the suit.

Senator Clapp Wires.

Mayor Hugo has been kept very busy receiving congratulations by wire, letter and personal service since Tuesday night. This morning he received a telegram from Washington, which read as follows:

"As the colored brother said of the possum: 'De breed 'am small, but 'de flavor am delicious.'

"MOSES E. CLAPP."

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

Friday Extras!

$7.50 Walking Skirts at $5.00

For Women and Misses. Brown, Grey and Mixtures. New Cut for Spring.

Clean ups in various lines at a small part of their real worth—you know the qualities! And you know that you will always find what is advertised here.

$1.25 Dressing Sacques 50c—

Not a large lot, but enough for early comers; complete sizes in blue, pink and red, of a splendid quality Elderdown—tomorrow 50c each.

Fine Kersey Capes—

Very much reduced. Just as good and as nice as anything you'll be able to get later—but we simply follow out our policy of carrying nothing over from season to season for street wear—and for evening wear—tan, brown, navy black, red, grey—and light colors for evening wear—all lined with rich satin—

$15.00 Capes at $10.00
$25.00 Capes at 13.50
$25.00 Capes at 16.50
$30.00 Capes at 20.00

And a third of on everything running up as high as $75.00.

$1.50 Waists at 50c each—

A small lot—including Flannelettes and Sateens—mostly all sizes—tomorrow 50c.

$4 French Flann'l Waists $1.90—

About twenty-five left in the best colors—beautifully all-over tucked—tomorrow $1.90.

$2.75 Petticoats 50c each—

A handful left from yesterday's selling.

$12.50 to $25.00 Tailored Suits $5

Some good numbers are still here—good colors—and about all sizes regularly sold at from $12 to $25—$5! now.

Fine Tailored Suits Half—

You'll not be able to get such values again until possibly next year at this time—clean up means—closed eyes to losses—

$25.00 Suits at $12.50
$40.00 Suits at 20.00
$30.00 Suits at 15.00
$50.00 Suits at 25.00

Winter Coats at Half—

If you pay $10 you'll get an extra good coat that sold for $20; if you pay more you'll get proportionately beter values—the assortment is not large now—but they are all late styles.

Mussed Muslin Underwear

50c for 75c and $1.00 Corset Covers of Nainsook and Cambric; lace trimmed. Broken sizes.

$1.50 for $2.75 Chemises of Nainsook; trimmed with lace and beading. Broken sizes.

50c for 75c and $1.00 White Petticoats of Cambric. Some with Torchon lace trimming. Slightly soiled.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

DEATH LIST.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—M. S. Anderson, a prominent stockman and a politician in Iowa for a number of years, is dead at his home in this city, the result of injuries received in Fredericktown, Ohio, Jan. 24, when he fell on a sidewalk. Mr. Anderson was well known throughout the central and western part of the country. He formerly lived at Williamsburg, Iowa, where he was known as the "lieutenant" of Capt. J. M. W. Rumple, of Marengo, Iowa, now congressman from that district. He has had several political offices in the state and removed to Chicago a short time ago. He was about 52 years old and was married.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Rev. Joseph Stuckey is dead at Danvers, Ill. He was a bishop of the Mennonite church and had been in charge of the Danvers church since 1860. One brother, Rev. Peter Stuckey,, is located at Wayland, Iowa. Bishop Stuckey had traveled extensively over the middle states establishing new churches. In all he had ordained eighteen bishops and baptised 1350 persons.

Joliet, Ill., Feb. 6.—James Egan, who served with distinction during the war under Farragut as gunner, died here today, aged 60 years. He was a member of the National Naval Veterans' association and a wealthy pioneer resident here.

London, Feb. 6.—The police here have just been informed of the death, a few days ago, at his apartments, near Regent Park, of Adam Worth, alias "Harry Raymond," well known in America in connection with the Manhattan bank and other big robberies. Worth's name was frequently mentioned in connection with the theft of the Gainsborough picture, but the London police say the rumor of his participation in that affair was never confirmed.

Paris, Feb. 6.—The correspondent of the New York Herald cables his paper announcing the death today of Mme. Ratazi De Rute, directress of the Nouvelle Revue Internationale. Under the name of "Baron Stock," Mme. Ratazzi De Rute conducted the Nouvelle Revue Internationale and was one of the most noted women in Europe. She was the daughter of Letitia Bonaparte, niece of Napoleon I, and Thomas Wyse, once British minister to Greece. She was born at Waterford in 1827.

New York, Feb. 6.—John H. Pell, a well known attorney of this city, died of heart disease yesterday at his residence. After graduating from Columbia in 1852, Mr. Pell became a resident of Colorado and later, after practising law in Minnesota, was elected to the state senate. He served in the civil war with the First Minnesota volunteers and was provost marshal at Harper's Ferry. After the war he returned to this city.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The state department has been informed through Counsel Atwell, at Roublex, France, of the death of Dubois Gregoire, United States consular agent at Lille.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Word was received today of the death last night of Jonathan Clark, at his plantation, Fruitland, Fla. Mr. Clark was a pioneer citizen of Chicago and is said to have erected more buildings in this city than any other man.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Mrs. Katherine Horan, 90 years old, died today. She leaves four sons, all prominent citizens of Eua Claire, and two daughters, Mrs. John McDonough and Mrs. Senator McDonough.

FOR MURDER.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—A Bismarck, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: Ulric Chilkoff was brought in from West Superior last night by Sheriff Bogue and lodged in the county jail to await preliminary hearing for the murder of Simon Welch. Although the train did not arrive until nearly midnight, there was a crowd of several hundred at the railway depot to see the prisoner, who was visibly nervous when he saw the crowd, fearing some violence might be attempted Chilkoff talks freely, but so far denies any knowledge of the crime.

We will place on sale tomorrow the following lots in

House Wrappers

in new Spring materials that have in new Spring Materials that have just arrived. They are made in the best possible manner and fit perfectly.

At $1.25 of fine Percales in all the newest colors and trimmed nicely and lined to waist. Regular $1.50 values.

At $1.75 of fine Percales made with yoke and trimmed and lined to waist. Regular $2.00 values.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

WEST TRIAL.

Attorneys Are Making Concluding Arguments to Jury.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—A Grand Forks, N. D., special to the Dispatch says: In the West trial this morning the applications of the attorneys for instructions to the jury on various points were continued. After this the address of Mr. Bangs was continued. Mr. Corliss will open for the defense this afternoon.

ASSASSINATED.

Sofia, Bulgaria, Feb. 6.—M. Kamtchett, the minister of public instruction, was assassinated today in his study, by a Macedonian, who pretended he wanted to present a petition. The assassin subsequently committed suicide by shooting himself.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Henry Scobie and Mabel Owens.

BIRTHS.

PETERSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Hjalmar Peterson, of 321 First avenue east.

O'BRIEN—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Fred O'Brien, 603 Garfield avenue.

SWANSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. T. Swanson, 316 West Fourth street.

DEATHS.

HARVEY—Alexander Harvey, aged 28, died last night at St. Mary's hospital. The remains will probably be taken to Port Arthur for interment.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1358

FLOOD & HORGAN, Undertakers and Embalmers

JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses. EISCHEN BROS, 329 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

FASCINATING COMPLEXION OF A healthy face comes from using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder, magical beautifiers. 25c.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to extend thanks to the O. R. C. and friends for their kindness in our sad bereavement in the loss of our father.

MABLE AND MORTON REEDER.

Card of Thanks.

We desire to return our sincere thanks for the many acts of kindness shown us during the sickness, death and burial of our beloved husband and father, and wish particularly to thank Fidelity lodge No. 105, A. O. U. W., No. 10 I. O. G. T. and D. of H. lodges.

MRS. J. LARSON AND FAMILY.

Catarrh for twenty years and cured in a few days.—Hon. George James, of Scranton, Pa., says: "I have been a martyr to Catarrh for twenty years, constant hawking, dropping in the throat and pain in the head, very offensive breath. I tried Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. The first application gave instant relief. After using a few bottles I was cured. Sold by Max Wirth, No. 13 West Superior street.—1.

PANTON AND WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

The tinware sale of the year!

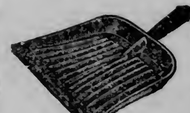
The big basement department fires the opening gun of the new year's campaign with a tremendous sale of tinware—a sale that will be a delight to every housewife that loves to save.

We have just received the largest shipment of tinware ever made to any retail house at the head of the lakes. These goods were bought at a very low figure, and we have marked the prices extremely low for this sale, which commences tomorrow morning and continues for several days.

Quantity purchasing—an outlet unequalled by any three stores in this city—turning over stocks rapidly—paying spot cash for everything—discounting every bill—selling everything at the very lowest price it will stand, these are just a few of the elements entering into this tinware sale.

These prices cannot be duplicated when the sale is over. See our big corner window for the best display of tinware ever shown in Duluth.

Don't forget to come to this sale tomorrow.



Open Dust Pans—Japanned—sold everywhere at from 8c to 10c each, at this sale 5c

Covered Dust Pans — Japanned — worth 15c, at 10c

Tin Wash Basins—No. 7, worth 10c each, at 8c

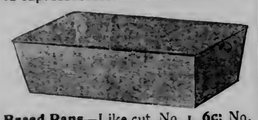


Colanders with side handles, like cut, 10-inch ..... 10c | 12-inch 15c

Drinking Cups—Retinned, seamless, all sizes, choice for 5c

Cake Pans—Retinned, with tubes, all shapes—2-qt. 13c; 3-qt, 15c; 4-qt, 18c

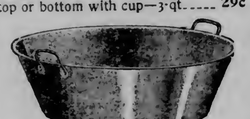
Muffin Pans—6-cup, 10c; 8-cup, 15c, 12-cup 19c



Bread Pans—Like cut. No. 1, 6c; No. 2, 7c. No. 3 ..... 8c

Dinner Buckets—Round, with apartment and cup—3-quart. 19c

Dinner Buckets—oblong, coffee in top or bottom with cup—3-qt. 29c

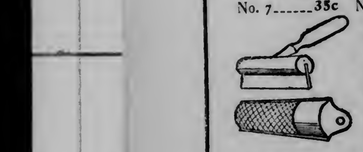


Dish Pans—heavy, retinned—prices—
10-qt ..... 29c 14-qt 33c
17-qt ..... 43c 21-qt 49c

Dippers—retinned—no seams—prices;
1-qt ..... 8c 2-qt ..... 10c 3-qt 12c



Tea Kettles—flat copper bottoms—
No. 7 ..... 35c No. 8 ..... 43c



Box Graters, like cut—each 1c

Apple Corers—each 3c

Drinking Cups—half pint, IC tin, each 1c

Graters—half sheet, wood handles, back braces—each 5c



Water Pails—Galvanized, like cut—10-qt, 19c; 12-qt, 22c; 14-qt 25c



Coal Hods—Japanned—15-inch 15c
16-inch ..... 19c 17-inch 29c

Fire Shovels, short handles, each 3c

Oil Cans, IC, 1 gallon 15c
2-gallon 33c



Graduated Measures, 1 qt, usually sold at from 8c to 10c, special—at 5c

Mrs. Brooman's Sink Strainers—enameled, will not rust, a regular 25c article, price—each 19c

Wash Boilers at factory prices—No. 8, IC, flat copper bottom, pieced covers, each 75c, No. 9, IX $1.15

Pie Tins—all sizes, 6 to 11 inches, 8 and 9 inch at 3c



Preserve Kettles—like cut—
3-qt, each 15c
4-qt, each 17c
5-qt, each 18c
6-qt, each 21c
8 qt, each 25c

Sauce Pans same prices as Preserve Kettles.

Galvanized Tubs—will not rust, nor dry up and leak as the wood tubs.
No. 10 ..... 55c No. 11 ..... 65c
No. 12 ..... 75c No. 13 ..... 85c



Folding Lunch Boxes—
Small size 15c Large size 19c

Coffee and Tea Pots—
1-qt ..... 10c 2-qt ..... 15c 3-qt 19c

Cookie and Cake Cutters—assorted shapes and patterns—choice for 3c

Pudding Pans, retinned, 1-qt 8c
2-qt ..... 11c 3-qt 12c
4-qt ..... 13c 5-qt 15c
6-qt ..... 17c 8-qt 19c

GERST ARRESTED.

Buffalo's Former City Treasurer In the Toils.

Buffalo, Feb. 6.—Philip Gerst, former city treasurer, was arrested today charged with misappropriating $7,600 of the city's funds. Gerst was removed from office in December last by Mayor Diehl. He was charged at that time with misconduct in office and during the investigation of the charge admitted misappropriating $5,000. Since that time an investigation of the city treasurer's office has been made under the new city administration of Mayor Knight.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25c.

NOT THE SAME.

Case of Mixed Identity With Benjamin Daniels.

Denver, Feb. 6.—The police authorities of Cheyenne, Wyo., do not believe that Benjamin Daniels, who served three and one-half years in the Wyoming penitentiary, charged with stealing government property from Ft. Russell and Camp Carlin in 1879, is the same person recently appointed by President Roosevelt to the marshalship of Arizona, the confirmation of which appointment is withheld by the senate pending investigation. The last heard of Daniels was from New Mexico, where he was in the ranch business. This was within the last few years. This Daniels had no middle initial, whereas the Arizona man is reported as having one. Friends of the Arizona Daniels living in Cripple Creek who have known him for over twenty years deny emphatically that he has any prison record.

DULUTH MEN ARE HEARD

(Continued from page 1.)

nesota to point out some of the advantages to be gained by a continuance of the present system. Vessels are operated under federal laws and they register wherever they choose. Water transportation on the lakes is the cheapest on earth. In ten years the wheat rate has averaged 2 cents per bushel, and the industry is one that is of great benefit to the country. It costs less to carry grain to Buffalo than the stevedore charges for loading it out of New York. The state should have great pride in the port of Duluth. The time is coming when there will be hundreds of ships hailing from Minnesota that will sail the salt seas. It can do no good to drive this registration out of the state, while there are great benefits in keeping it here."

Representative Peterson, of Minneapolis, wanted to know what the delegation had to say as to the constitutionality of the system and as to whether they wanted the whole state to contribute for the benefit of Duluth.

Mr. Spencer said, in reply, that when the law was passed it was argued that it was unconstitutional, but the risk was taken and the point was never raised. The law was made constitutional by a subsequent amendment to the constitution. As to contribution, he said nobody is contributing anything except the vessel interests, which are giving $10,000 in taxes that would not come otherwise. All that comes from this law is pure velvet, and he assumed that everybody would be willing to let the vessel interests keep on contributing. Mr. Spencer added that he had spent Saturday forenoon with the tax commission, and that the commission had drafted an amendment that would give what Duluth desired.

Mr. Tomlinson was the next speaker, and he was introduced as a vessel owner and agent. He spoke particularly of the benefits resulting from repairing and outfitting vessels at their home port, which he said made a big item. In 1895 three merchant vessels wintered at Duluth; this winter sixty vessels are wintering there. Repairs are necessary on all of these vessels, and in the spring comes their outfitting, which must average $500 a vessel. He said that 50,000 tons of vessel property owned by a customer of his is waiting to see how the measure comes out before registering at Duluth.

Capt. J. T. Rose was introduced as the managing owner of a vessel line, owned entirely in Canada, but incorporated under the laws of Minnesota, in order that its boats might be registered at Duluth to get the benefit of the present taxes. If the law is changed these boats, like all the rest, can go to Superior in a day and at no cost. It seemed to him to be a simple proposition of gaining these taxes or losing all taxes from this source.

D. T. Helm was introduced as a vessel agent, and said that undoubtedly the tonnage would remove to other ports if the law is not re-enacted. Yesterday he received orders not to take out new papers on a number of vessels until the tax question is settled. If the tax is raised this tonnage would be withdrawn. Wisconsin has the same law as Minnesota and the tonnage would hail from Milwaukee, Superior or some other lake port. He said that there are vessels on the Pacific coast that were built at Lorain and registered at Duluth. He predicted that within five years the amount of Duluth's registered tonnage would be multiplied at least three times. It seemed foolish to change the tax system so as to drive all this tonnage to other ports.

Representative Jacobson, the irrepressible, wanted to know if the continuance of the present tax would keep freight rates down. Mr. Spencer replied that the less expense the vessel interests had the cheaper the rates would be. Mr. Jacobson said that he was very glad to know that, because that principle did not apply to railroads. This sally was greeted with laughter.

Mr. Laybourn announced the willingness of the delegation to answer any questions, and several were asked and answered, after which Mr. Spencer thanked the committee for its courteous reception of the Duluth delegation. The hearing was distinctly fruitful of good results, and the attitude of the house members, who were present throughout, was very encouraging.

• • •

The meeting of the senate this morning was short and not very eventful. The bone of contention was the report of the committee on special rules to govern the senate's actions. These rules have been reported heretofore and were in substance merely prohibitive of general legislation. They provided, among other things, that if the committee on the reception of bills should turn down a bill that was presented, it would take a two-thirds vote of the members of the senate to overrule this committee's decision. This provision was fought by Senators Ryder, Daly, McGovern, McNamee and Everett, and the discussion continued for about an hour. A motion was made to indefinitely postpone the report of the committee on rules, but this was defeated, 39 to 17. A motion by Senator Jones to amend the report to read "majority" instead of "two-thirds" was adopted and the report of the committee as amended was then adopted, 34 to 7.

The lieutenant-governor appointed the same committees as last year. This gives Duluth a member on the tax committee, Senator F. B. Daugherty.

Senator Knatvold introduced a bill, senate file No. 1, appropriating $40,000 for executive expenses. This was passed under suspension of the rules.

STRENGTH OF OPPOSITION

To Railroading the Tax Bill Through.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—(Special to The Herald.)—The plot thickens. The first pitched battle of the special session yesterday in the house resulted in favor of the opponents of the bill, and only very shrewd management on the part of its adorers prevented a division of the house that might have been surprising.

The Roberts amendment, making the bill a special order of business to be disposed of before anything else, was taken up, marked the emergence of the Ethiopian that had been ill-concealed within the legislative wood pile. Had the amendment gone through as it stood the railroaders would have won an important point, and their scheme would have been well on its way to a triumphant conclusion. The opposition was so determined, however, and its strength was so unexpected, that the movement had to be switched off upon a sidetrack by a compromise, which came about through the wily mediation of the shrill-voiced law-maker from Lac Qui Parle county, J. F. Jacobson.

When it was seen that the amendment could not go through he rose and offered a substitute, as reported yesterday, providing that the tax code should be made a special order of business when it is reported by the tax committee back to the house. The requirement that the bill should be reported not later than Monday, leaving a very short time for hearings on its provisions, had to be abandoned. The decision to make the code a special order of business after a chance for discussion by the public has been offered is no victory for the friends of the bill, for nobody had any idea of mixing consideration of the bill up with other legislation.

• • •

The objection was made by some members that the committee might keep the bill indefinitely if it was not required to return it on a fixed day, but this objection was disposed of by the statement that the house can call the bill back from the committee at any time by a majority vote.

• • •

Hearings will begin very soon, and it looks as though there would be plenty of people wanting to be heard. C. L. Wallace, chairman of the house tax committee, said yesterday that he would arrange for a meeting today, if necessary, and Representative Laybourn wired Mayor Hugo word to that effect.

• • •

The Duluth delegations arrived in the city yesterday, and they have been busy ever since. The citizens committee delegation, consisting of A. D. Davidson, H. B. Moore and E. G. Swenstrom, is at the Merchants, and it has been working steadily. Mr. Davidson, the chairman of the delegation, is well acquainted throughout the central part of the state, and he is well qualified to urge the objections of Duluth against the provisions of the tax code that smell danger to her. He is accompanied by his business associate, A. D. McRae, who has also taken active part in the work.

• • •

The deelgation from the Trades' assembly is also very active, and its members have been working with the labor leaders of the Twin Cities. Last night they appeared before the Minneapolis Trades' assembly, and arrangements were made to have a meeting of the federation council of the State Federation of Labor today and of the St. Paul Trades' assembly tonight. The latter meetings to be called especially for action on the tax code. The Duluth delegation is composed of Henry Dworschak, president of the Duluth Trades' assembly; Gordon O'Neil and Henry Perault. Mr. Dworschak came down Tuesday and made the arrangements for the Minneapolis meeting.

• • •

A local paper made a remarkable attempt at Mr. Dworschak's name. He was split up into two people, and appeared as H. Varshaw and D. W. Orschak.

• • •

Representative Jacobson is enjoying a new reputation; that of peacemaker. In the past his line has been considered particularly belligerent, but in the house yesterday, when matters were at their warmest on the fight over the Robert's amendment, he suddenly abandoned the role of fighter and poured oil on the troubled waters by a substitute that immediately calmed the storm. He did it to avert a showing of hands for and against the tax code, and to prevent a complete wreck of the movement in behalf of the code.

• • •

The storm center was due to shift from the house to the senate today, according to the most reliable legislative weather prophets. It was not to be on the tax code, however, but on the report of the rules committee in reference to the introduction of bills, the importance of which was obscured in the house by the fight on the Robert's amendment. The expected oppositon to the plan of shutting out all general legislation in the house did not materialize, but it was expected that a good deal of it would show up in the senate. There was no lack of prophets to predict the defeat of the rules reported by the committee, and in the event of their defeat in the senate the acceptance of them by the house will be nullified, as favorable action upon them must be concurrent.

There are many members of the senate that are in favor of leaving the door open to any legislation that may wish to enter and receive consideration. There were many that thought that in the house, but they kept very quiet about it. Action on the board of control law, either to divorce the penal and educational institutions from each other or to kill the law altogether, is ardently desired by many members of both houses, and the proposed rules would shut out any such measure.

Senator Thompson of Fillmore county has called attention to the fact that the passage of the tax code in any form would make necessary a number of other measures to adjust things to the conditions that the new law would create. For instance, the present law restricting the bonded debt of cities, towns and villages to certain percentages of assessed valuation would be largely increased if the proposed increase in valuation were made, and reductions of these limits would have to be made. This point, however, the governor touched upon in his message, and this makes such legislation proper, even under the proposed rules.

• • •

Some playful members of the legislature put up a cruel joke on Representative Pugh, of Duluth, Tuesday night. Along toward midnight, when the Duluth people that are here were waiting anxiously for returns from the city election that had taken place that day at home, Mr. Pugh was as anxious as though he had been himself a candidate for all the offices that were voted upon. He had one unsatisfactory telegram, and said that he expected a telephone message. When he said this, one of the crowd disappeared, and a few moments later there was a call for Mr. Pugh from the telephone. When he emerged from the telephone box a few minutes later he was a picture of grief. "Heart bowed down" showed in every move he made.

"We're licked," he said, sadly. "Mr. Hugo just telephoned me that he had been defeated by 200 majority."

Utterly dejected, Mr. Pugh sat down in the hotel lobby and mourned. The crowd watched him as long as it could hold in, and then, when Representative Rich of Ramsey county offered to bet him that Hugo was elected, he saw the joke, and none were merrier over it than he, so great was his relief. He is still trying to determine whether the joker was Representative Anderson of Winona or Representative Noyes of Barnum, but suspicion points more certainly to the latter.

• • •

During the session yesterday morning a lot of rubbish in the basement of the capitol caught fire and filled the house chamber with smoke. There was little excitement, and the fire was easily put out. The worst damage was a crop of jokes about the fire having been caused by the governor's message or by the opposition of the Duluth delegation to the tax code.

• • •

As the matter stood before this morning's session of the senate, the matters that could come up were as follows: The tax code, the anti-merger, any tax measures, any matters of local effect not objected to by members from the districts affected, acts of a curative nature, acts fixing the limits of bonded indebtedness to accord with expected changes caused by the new tax code if it is accepted, matters touching the revision of the statutes to be brought before the legislature by the commission on revision, and any matters that two-thirds of the members of either house are willing to accept. This is providing the rules shutting out general legislation were adopted. If they were turned down there would be absolutely no limitation on the quantity or class of legislation that might be introduced, and no limitation on the length of the session except that provided by the constitution, ninety days.

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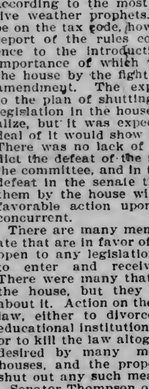
Whatever method is adopted of discussing the tax code on committee, it is proposed to have it taken up and dissected section by section in each branch of the legislature, and each particular provision will be discussed and tinkered with as it is reached. The probable plan of handling it in committee will be to have a joint committee of the two houses consisting of the two tax committees hear objections together and then consider the bill separately and report back to their respective houses.

• • •

Every day sees the prospects improve for the opponents of the code. The friends of the bill are compelled to helplessly witness a disintegration of their forces that is constantly going on. While the chances are still that the bill will pass as amended, there are so many amendments in view that if half of them are passed the tax commission could pass the bill in the street after the session and never know it.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

The Kind that's Right.



BLATZ BEER
MILWAUKEE
enjoys a reputation never before attained by a product of its kind. A perfect brew, with a natural, delightful flavor.
Different brands adapted to different tastes. Try a case. You'll not regret it.
BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

CAPITAL INCREASED.

Federal Trust Company Starts With Two Million.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—The Federal Trust company, of Chicago, of which Thomas P. Phillips is president, will begin business with a capital of $2,00,000 instead of $1,000,000, as first announced and $500,000 surplus instead of $125,000. E. H. Gary, of the United States Steel corporation; Edward A. Shedd, of Marshall, Field & Co.; Frank A. Lowden and others are reported to have joined the enterprise.

LANDED SMALLPOX.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—The Warren line steamer Kansas, Capt. Waters, which left Boston Jan. 21 for this port, arrived here yesterday and landed fourteen cases of smallpox.

The Fire, Smoke and Water Sale

Is going on lively. We ask the people to excuse us for locking the door so many times today--our room is small and we could not spare any more space to help. Our bargain tables are as good as ever. Our help will work all night tonight to make the prices still lower than advertised to make a clean sweep this week. Keep your eye open for us on Saturday.

Don't Forget the Number.

522 W. Superior St

AT WEST DULUTH

The wheels of justice were buzzing lively at the West Duluth court today, Judge Stone trying two criminal cases. The first case that was called this morning was that of the state against Patrick and Thomas Riley, booze clerks in Bowery dispensaries.

The complaining witness was Joseph Juveland, a young man that resides in West Duluth, and who claims that, Monday evening, while he was in a Bowery saloon ,the Riley brothers started in to make him a subject for the hospital. The evidence introduced this morning goes to show that they pretty nearly did it, for Juveland's face is terribly bruised and marked up.

Juveland testified that the trouble was started by the Rileys, who claimed that they had old scores to settle, and that Patrick Riley struck him a sudden blow in the chest, knocking him backward among a lot of beer kegs and refuse. He says that Thomas Riley then jumped on him with both feet and proceeded to stamp in his face; that the friends of the Riley brothers kept Juveland's friends from interfering.

The defense this morning attempted to show that the blows struck were in the nature of little cuffs and that Juveland cut and bruised his face while he was trying to get up. The case will probably be finished this afternoon.

The second case to be disposed of today is that against William Arbor, who is charged with non-support of his wife. Arbor was arrested some time ago and put under bonds to preserve peace, the complaining witness being his wife. Since then it is alleged that his bonds were no good, and the wife, in protection to herself and he rest of the family, has had him arrested and the charge brought.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Passon, who have been the guests of Mrs. David Kerr, of Oneota, during the past week, have returned to their home in St. Paul.

A marriage license has been issued to Miss Edith Milligan and Thomas Cashin, both well-known West Duluth young people. It is understood that the wedding will take place in the very near future.

The remains of William Studemann, who was killed at Mitchell & McClure's banking ground a few days ago, were shipped to Saginaw last evening for burial. The remains were accompanied by Mrs. Studemann and her sister, Mrs. McKinnon. The deceased formerly resided at 15 Fifty-eighth avenue west.

Rev. John Feehely and Victor Method have returned from Chicago, Detroit and other points, where they went in the interest of St. James' church.

They are still telling how it happened in the different precincts of the Eighth ward, and inquiries are numerous as to whether "it is all over yet."

P. A. Mitchell returned last evening from a short business trip in the East.

Nicholas Collins is visiting relatives at Taylor's Falls.

Don't forget the L. O. T. M. Poverty Ball at Great Eastern hall.

FILIATRAULT, UNDERTAKER.
Funeral director and embalmer. Parlor next to Bank, West Duluth. Open day and night. New 'phone 3003 Picture frames. Work guaranteed.

IN MICHIGAN.

Serious Accident to Ice Boating Party Off Menominee.

Menominee—In an ice boat smash-up Monday evening on Green Bay, Joseph Eveland had his leg broken and three others had narrow escapes. The boat was going at a mile-a-minute rate about six miles north of the city and struck rough ice. The runner plank broke and the boat tipped over. Eveland and Ed Nowack were pinned beneath it, but the latter escaped with slight injuries. Dan Dugas, who was at the tiller, was thrown twenty-five feet. A spar came down and grazed the head of Miss Frances Shaver. The party had to walk six miles ashore and carry the injured man.

The systems of the Menominee Electric Light, Railway and Power company and Marinette Gas, Electric Light and Street Railway company have been merged. The deal involves $400,000. The two lines will connect a belt line formed around the two cities, which will be the largest street railway system north of Milwaukee.

Ironwood—The Twin City Street railway, operating between Jessieville, Ironwood, Hurley and Gile, will be extended to the Montreal mine next summer and branches built to the Aurora location at Ironwood and to the Montreal river falls, three miles north of the city.

Escanaba—About seventy-five saloon men met the other evening at Escanaba to discuss the straitened condition of their trade in that city. General conversation on the subject was the order, and several of the saloonists also made speeches pertaining to the best mode of eliminating the trouble. Committees were appointed to call upon the mayor and prosecuting attorney, but these gentlemen, owing to the fact that they are but acting from higher authority, could do nothing for them. The mandate closing the saloons on Sunday is a hard blow, from which many of them may not recover, as a great part of their business was derived from Sunday trade.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.



Every Woman is interested and should know about the wonderful MARVEL Whirling Spray. The new Vaginal Syringe. Indispensable and Invaluable. Best—Safest—Most Convenient. It Cleanses Instantly.
Patents Granted
Ask your druggist for it. If he cannot supply the MARVEL, accept no other, but send stamp for illustrated book—sealed. It gives full particulars and directions invaluable to ladies. MARVEL CO., 44 and 46 Times Bldg., New York.
The Whirling Spray Syringe sold in Duluth by
MAX WIRTH, Druggist 13 W. Superior St

WILL GET NICE SUM

A. Maitland of Negaunee Has Good Deal Under Way.

To Get $100,000 If Pickands-Mather Deal Goes Through.

Some Sales of Mesaba Ore Under $3 Are Reported.

A. Maitland, of Negaunee, Mich., stands likely, it is said, to store away a profit of nearly $100,000 if his deal with the Pickands-Mather people goes through. According to current gossip among mining men, the consideration for the transfer of the lease to the property near Hibbing and that south of the Fayal, which is likely to be consummated in the next few days, will be $125,000. It is understood that Mr. Maitland paid Archie Chisholm and D. C. Rood $25,000 for their rights in the lease something over a year ago. While he has held it, it is said, he has had to pay the royalties at 25 cents for two years' minimum outputs of 25,000 tons each, which would amount to $12,500. The deepest drill hole on the range—112 feet, pretty well all in ore—is said to have been put down on the Hibbing property before Mr. Maitland acquired the lease. Since the option was taken by the Pickands-Mather people, a test shaft has been sunk for them by Mr. Maitland. There is said to be an earth surface of fifty feet pretty well over the iron deposit, and it is likely that the property will be opened, if the deal goes through, as an underground proposition. The fee to the property is owned by Mrs. Day, of Minneapolis.

The Republic Iron and Steel company lists among its assets in its annual statement 14,000,000 tons of ore at 50 cents a ton.

Another mineral lease was filed with the register yesterday afternoon. William H. Cole acquires the mining rights on the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section 11, and the n½ of the nw¼ of 12, 57-21. The lease passes from M. H. Alworth, of Duluth, M. D. Hull and Edward M. Gaylord, of Chicago,, F. D. Owsley, of Virginia, and Frank A. Schulte, of Virginia. The minimum is 50,000 tons the first year, and 100,000 tons a year thereafter, on a royalty of 25 cents.

Quite a few sales of Mesaba ore are said to have been made at less than $3. It is quite likely that some mines are getting the $3.25 and $3.35 that was reported as the probable price for the season's output of Bessemer Mesabas, and that others are holding off for the upshot figures. But it is said to be true, nevertheless, that one of the big fellows on the Mesaba is not the only miner that has sold this season's output at $3.85. The report may have been instigated by the bear factor in the market.

The two leases running to Louis W. Hill filed in the register's office yesterday, which cover property in 31, 58-20, are said to embrace iron properties since leased by the Eastern Minnesota interests to the Fay Exploration company. These properties will be opened at once. They are near the Day and Burt mines, which belong to the Consolidated group.

It is a matter of gossip among iron men that the report that the four big mines on the Mesaba would be worked to their full capacity, or at least to 1,000,000 tons product, this season, is a little premature. Indeed, it is said that there will be a disposition to cut down the operations of all save, perhaps, the Stevenson, as compared with last season. The Stevenson is likely to be pushed because of the sliding scale of royalties, which affords Corrigan, McKinney & Co. incentive to mine the property on a large scale.

TO BE SOLD.

Superior Goes After Lumber Stock For Personal Taxes.

The first instance at the head of the lakes of the sale by auction of a lumber stock to pay delinquent personal taxes is likely to occur in West Superior within a week. The lumber that will be sold at auction sale comprises 250,000 feet of white pine, owned by the McCall Lumber company, of Simcoe, Canada, and is piled in the lumber yards of the Peyton, Kimball & Barber company, near the Superior approach to the Duluth-Superior bridge.

The city authorities of West Superior claim that the lumber company has failed to pay its personal taxes, amounting to $2584, Jan. 31 being the last day for the payment of personal taxes.

The city council a few nights ago passed a resolution directing the seizure and sale of the lumber and yesterday the assistant city attorney and city treasurer attached the lumber.

It is said that the city of West Superior is contemplating other actions of a similar nature, and that the attachment of yesterday is about a beginning.

The attachment and proposed sale is of interest to the lumbermen of this city, from the fact that Alexander McCall, of Simcoe, is at the head of the lumber company and has in past years had a large amount of lumber cut at the Scott-Graff mill. During the past year Mr. McCall has been manufacturing on the other side of the bay. The local lumbermen believe he is not a man that will let matters go as the indications show, but that he will go into the courts and make a determined fight.

Wrinkles are smoothed away by its healing touch. Brain tired and depressed people will find a cure in Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

CEYLON TEA

BLACK OR GREEN,

The Highest Degree Of Excellence

in the manufacture of tea has been attained by the Ceylon tea planters. Absolutely free from adulterants, rolled by machinery, and possessing greater strength Ceylon Tea is the PUREST and most ECONOMICAL tea before consumers.

Finest the World can Produce,

Lipton's

CEYLON-INDIA TEAS

BLACK OR GREEN.

Absolutely Pure, Fragrant and Refreshing

Wholesale Distributors,

Stone-Ordean-Wells Co

JONES HELD.

Mail Carrier Must Answer to Federal Grand Jury.

The hearing of Milo D. Jones, the mail carrier, was held before United States Commissioner Pressnell yesterday afternoon and he was held to the United States grand jury, charged with tampering with registered mail.

It is alleged that while on his route Jones was given two letters to register, by Mrs. E. Halseth; that with the letters he was given $15, with instructions to put $10 in one letter and $5 in the other when he reported to the registery department. It is claimed that the money was not reported at the postoffice and a few days later the carrier quit. Two days afterward the letters and money were turned into the postoffice by a relative of the carrier.

In his defense Jones claimed that he had forgotten the letters and money until after he quit the department, and that he turned the money over to the postmaster as soon as he found it.

His reasons for quitting the service were that he had been drinking heavily and felt sick and disgusted with himself. Jones was represented by Clarence B. Miller, while Assistant United States Attorney Dickey appeared for the government.

CHANGED.

Style of Apparel Affected By Woodsmen Has Improved.

It is a matter of comment among the veteran lumbermen of the Northwest that there has been a great change in fashions among the woodsmen regarding their personal attire and equipment, and that the woodsmen of today are clothed very quietly and modestly to what their predecessors were when the lumber industry was new in the white pine North.

Those lumbermen whose recollections extend back over a period of twenty-five years can readily recall the gay apparel of the Michigan woodsmen in the early days. Then the river men wore long-legged, high-heeled and thick-soled leather boots of fancy though substantial make, the soles thickly filled with spikes that made a plainly marked trail whenever the owner came along a board sidewalk or crossed a saloon floor. They very quickly wore out wooden sidewalks and floors. Such boots cost the woodsmen from $12 to $20 a pair, but they thought they had to have them.

In those days, too, the knight of the cant-hook who really thought he was the real thing was begirdled with a red silk sash with dangling tassels that reached to his knees. Those sashes sometimes cost as high as $20.

The older lumbermen remember when the woodsmen were fond of fancy habiliments, and the red and blue Mackinaw jacket and trousers and fancy tasseled cap distinguished the man from the lumber camp whenever he came to town.

Twenty-five years has witnessed as great a change in woodsmen's fashions as in that of the ladies, not so much in the cut of garment, perhaps, as in colors and material. The day of bright-colored garb is over; there are no more high-top fancy boots, no more silk sashes. The brilliant-hued Mackinaw jacket and thick blue trousers have given place to similar cut garments in plaids of blue, red, yellow and somber-hued trousers. Within the last two years these colors have been largely supplanted by heavy plaids of browns and grays, with or without yellow stripes. The fancy tasseled cap has disappeared and the men wear instead sensible woolen caps and heavy felt hats. The prevailing style of footwear is the heavy rubber shoe which fits over a comfortable and sensible covering of woolen or felt.

In these days when the woodsman comes to town, instead of decking himself out in gay apparel, he is content to go to the clothing stores and buy a moderate priced suit of "store clothes," and perhaps, if he is a young man and ready for a few days' good time, he adds to his purchase a "boiled" shirt and starched collar.

CHIEF OF POLICE

Feeling That the Office Should Be Taken From Politics Growing.

Present System Believed to Be Detrimental to Good Service.

Considerable Speculation as to Who Next Chief Will Be.

General public sentiment seems to be in favor of taking the police department out of politics.

From frequent expressions heard on the street this sentiment seems to be very strong and gaining in strength.

The talk at this time is probably due to the fact that the department has cut so much figure in the recent campaigning.

It is claimed by those interested in the movement that it is just as necessary to have a good competent man at the head of the police department—a man of experience—as it is in the fire department.

The fire department is kept out of politics for the reason that people believe it would be dangerous to property to be constantly taking men from private life and political ranks and trying to make fire fighters out of them.

The same argument is believed to hold good with the police to a certain extent. Crime fighting is a profession in itself, and those interested in a non-partisan police administration say that the constant change of chiefs and officers is detrimental to the protection of society and property.

The politicians, however, do not seem to take to the non-partisan view very strongly. At present there are at least eight candidates for chief of police and several for the place of captain.

There is a strong sentiment in favor of having the temporary appointment of Chief Troyer made permanent, but Republicans of influence were today talking seriously of the probability of appointing either County Commissioner Patterson or W. W. Butchart to the office of chief of police.

There is also much speculation as to what would happen to the department if the recount of ballots next week should elect Henry Truelsen.

One the very best of authority it is said that Henry Truelsen had not made a promise relative to the office of chief of police, except that he would consult his friends and endeavor to select a clean, straightforward chief—one that all would have confidence in.

The alleged slate published in the morning paper on election day was a fake from start to finish.

If Mr. Truelsen should be successful in the recount and consulted his friends he might find many that would be anxious to see him keep Mr. Troyer at the head of the department. It was Truelsen that put him in line for his present position, and as he has never been mixed up in politics, either one way or the other, there is a possibility that he might be selected.

A wild eyed rumor was circulated by the Republicans just before election that Mr. Truelsen had promised to fire Mr. Troyer if elected, and the like of the alleged slate, was manufactured for the occasion and for the purpose of getting certain inside information as to the names of criminals that had visited Duluth in the past thirty years, and also their pictures, both to be used for campaign purposes.

But the non-partisan scheme for the police administration is supposed to go farther than the chief's office. The captain of police is an important office, but he and the entire force could probably be removed from office without much difficulty, despite the civil service provisions of the new charter. The civil service as regards the police removals is something of a farce.

SATISFIED.

Open Winter Is Pleasing to the Street Railway Company.

The open winter which Duluth has had thus far may not be to the liking of loggers or merchants but there is one concern which has no fault to find and that is the street railway company.

An open winter means a great saving for the street railway company for it is expensive work to clear tracks of snow and a blizzard means a heavy addition to the operating expenses. This year there has not been a storm or fall of snow that has bothered the company in the least. The snow plow has not been out of the barn more than once or twice during the winter.

There is plenty of time still, however, for the elements to make things lively for the company. February and March usually bring the heaviest storms of the year. There have been few winters, though, when the company has had so little trouble during the first part of the winter as in this.

A BENEFIT.

Concert For St. James Orphan's Home at the Armory.

The entertainment which will be given at the Armory tomorrow evening for the benefit of St. James' Orphan home promises to be one of the largest ever held in the city. The cause for which it is to be given is one that readily appeals to everyone. The home, which is located in the West End, has about eighty children at the present time, and to care for these little ones takes a large amount of money. Recently the institution has felt the need of funds pretty keenly, and Duluth council, Knights of Columbus, has undertaken this concert for the purpose of replenishing the treasury.

The children who are in the orphanage are found good homes as rapidly as possible, but there are always a large number of them in the home. Many of them have been picked up off the street and put in the way of leading good lives and making good men and women.

The program for the concert is an attractive one. Bishop McGolrick is to deliver an address on the work of the home. There will be a fine program of music, a considerable portion of which will be contributed by Flaaten's orchestra. In addition, Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss Farrell and E. W. Prophet will sing.

WANTS WALKS GIVEN CARE

A Business Man's Comment On Slippery Sidewalks.

"As soon as the city government recovers from the official strain caused by the great rush of wrok resulting from the campaign," remarked a business man with gentle sarcasm this morning, "he will in several directions at once in trying to navigate Superior street, "I hope they will think somewhat of the comfort of their constituency and do something for these slippery walks. Of course, we haven't any right to expect that a little sand or something of that kind should be sprinkled on these glassy walks as long as the campaign was on. Little matters like broken limbs and personal damage suits against the city are of very little consequence as compared with the vital interest of the city in the late campaign. But, it struck me that perhaps now that the great official carnisle is past and that the city is saved once more we might expect to see these slippery walks made a little less dangerous. It is almost impossible to walk safely on Superior street. On the avenues the walks have been positively dangerous for a week or two. I wonder if we can't have a little relief?"

The Curling Scores.

At the curling rink last evening a game was played between rinks skipped by A. K. Smith, of Superior, and C. F. Macdonald. The former won, the score being tied on the thirteenth end. Smith scored two on the fourteenth end. A game was also played by A. H. Smith and G. H. Letteau in the district medal contest. Scores were as follows:

G. W. Meldrum,	E. E. Johnson,
F. A. Day,	C. Graff,
E. N. Bradley,	E. M. Whyte,
A. H. Smith.—9.	George Letteau.—12.
Duluth.	Superior.
N. L. Leach,	H. B. Standbury,
C. J. McBride,	J. F. Bishoff,
C. R. Ash,	P. H. Smith,
C. F. Macdonald—11.	A. K. Smith—13.

SPARROWS.

Prof. Ulrich Tells Something of the Way They Propogate.

"You see those little English sparrows out there on that wire," said Professor Ulrich of the biology department of the High School the other day. "There's quite an interesting story connected with their importation and propagation on this continent. Up to about fifty years ago there were none of the species in North America. Then a German, who wanted some of the familiar birds around, brought over a few pairs from Europe and let them go. The birds found conditions so very favorable that their numbers increased enormously. They began to spread all over the eastern part of the country, driving out many of the other birds that interfered with them. They were hardy birds and very bold. They lived wherever man did. Their fighting ability won them homes and made them the terror of the smaller kinds of birds who came in their way.

Since the time when they were first introduced on to this continent they have spread rapidly westward covering a certain number of miles each year. Twenty years ago there was not a sparrow in this state; now we see hundreds of them all around. They have now reached as far west as the Rocky mountains. It will be only a year or two until they reach the Pacific coast. This seems an impossible result in such a short space of time, but a little figuring will show the enormous rate at which they increase.

"Probably the average length of life for a pair is ten years. Each pair rears on an average ten other pairs each year. So you see that at the end of the first year each of the pairs brought here originally would have caused eleven pairs to come into existence. At the end of two years there would be 121; at the end of three years 1331 and so on until at the end of ten years there would be 25,937,-690,801 pairs or 51,876,381,902 birds—a number which is impossible to comprehend. And all those the progeny of a single pair in the short space of ten years. It is easily seen that at that rate of increase it would take but a little while to populate an immense area.

"Of course all of those birds do not survive, but the majority of them do. They live in cities where hawks do not bother them much and most of them live out their natural lives.

"They are a great pest and their enormous increase is rapidly becoming a serious question. They drive out all of the other birds, song birds and others, that are of use to man. As an example of this, there were in this state a few years ago a great number of blue birds. They were unable to cope with the increasing army of sparrows and were driven out. They now are extremely scarce about this region. Some states have already found it necessary to offer a bounty for the killing of them. The other states should follow their example.

"Many peculiar things have been observed in connection with their wars on the other birds, which show a surprising amount of intelligence. They frequently drive the swallows which build mud nests under the eaves of houses, out of their homes. One way of retaliation which the swallows often use is this: They communicate the story of their troubles to a numbers of other swallows and all of them get mud and close over the hole in the nests while the sparrows are in them. The mud dries. The sparrows are unable to get out and they starve to death in their stolen homes. This has been observed many times."

LUMBER RATE

Duluth-Chicago Lines Said to Have Made It Nine Cents.

Considerable lumber is moving South and East by rail, and a rumor has been current for a day or so that the Duluth-Chicago lines had made a rate of 9 cents a hundred between the two cities.

The traiff rate on lumber, Duluth to Chicago, is 15 cents, and no open reduction has been made, though there has been no particular effort to keep secret the concessions made from tariff. The tariff has been shaded 5 cents per hundred for all business that it would attract and which the lines could spare the cars for.

As far as can be learned, however, nobody has yet obtained anything better than 10 cents. The lines claim that they are not anxious to carry much lumber at that, for they have hard work to get the equipment for loading it out.

Regarded with the eye of a lumber shipper, the movement by rail from Duluth this winter is not a large one, because the shipper is accustomed to cargoes instead of carloads, but as compared with previous winters, the shipments by rail to Minneapolis, Chicago and other points have been considerable.

AMUSEMENTS.

"HELLO, BILL."

The attraction at the Lyceum Saturday evening will be a comedy by Willis Maxwell Goodhue, entitled "Hello, Bill." The company presenting it is claimed to be one of unusual excellence and includes Messrs. Charles P. Morrison, Warren W. Ashley, O. Kane Hillis, Hugo Goldsmith, John G. Edwards, Robert Watt and the Misses Henrietta Lee, Eelanor Lawson, Justine Wayne, Carolyn Allen and Marion Kirby.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

Busby Bros.' big company in that representative temperance drama, "Ten Nights in a Bar Room," a piece which never grows old, will be at the Sixth Avenue theater Friday and Saturday. There runs through it a vein of pathos peculiarly touching and sweet. Notwithstanding its frequent production, it is said to be seldom that one sees the play as it is now presented by Busby Bros.' colossal spectacular company. It is like meeting an old friend after many years. The management has brought together in this production all the requisites that go to make up a first-class entertainment.

Club Is Opened.

The Young Men's Catholic club, at 212 West Fourth street, was opened last evening and a fine program was given. Capt. T. F. Maginnis, who is here for a short vacation after a long period of service in Porto Rico, spoke on army life in that island. Bishop McGolrick also spoke.

James Fitzgerald gave a recitation. Miss Carroll sang and E. B. Miller and R. O'Keefe gave a piano duet.

COFFIN IN HIS OFFICE

Built to Receive Body In Sitting Posture.

Cadiz, Ohio, Feb. 6.—Dr. A. L. W. Bowers, sage, prophet and alleged faith healer, is very ill at his home at Winfield, in the Tuscarawas hills, thirty miles northwest of this city. Burdened by the weight of three-score and three years, it is believed it will not be long until the doctor will be laid to rest in the uncanny coffin which for more than a dozen years has reposed in his office for the last emergency.

Dr. Bowers was born in 1817 at Bowerston, Ohio, which town acquired its name from that of his family. In his boyhood he was afflicted with rheumatism and became a hopeless cripple. After he had lain in bed for three years an itinerant Dunkard preacher happened along and asked permission to restore the invalid to health. Kneeling by the bed the Dunkard prayed that the affliction leave him. Bowers thereup arose from his bed. Since then until recently he has enjoyed marvelous health.

When he became older Bowers applied himself to the study of medicine, and has practiced for fifty-eight years. He is a firm believer in the efficacy of roots and herbs, and uses these plain remedies in preference to modern drugs. Dr. Bowers does not at all discourage the use of drugs, but believes in prayers as well as the remedies he uses. By his integrity and right living, and the great good he has accomplished, he has built up an extensive practice. He has made a specialty of tumors, cancers and epilepsy, and has wrought some wonderful cures, as many in this county and adjoining counties will testify.

Dr. Bowers claims that in all his life he never used a profane word, and neither chewed nor smoked tobacco. For about twelve years the doctor has kept in his office at Winfield a large hardoak coffin, painted white and covered by a sheet to protect it from dust. Dr. Bowers delights to remove the covering and show to visitors this grewsome and massive sepulchre in which he will take his long rest. The casket is so constructed as to receive the body in a sitting posture.

Mrs. Bowers, somewhat younger than her husband, is yet living, as are five children, who have grown up and gone from home. Dr. Bowers says he has frequently entreated his wife to make his winding shroud, which is to be of white linen, but her devotion and dread of being left behind induces her to put off the task from day to day. Dr. Bowers until recent weeks, was a tireless walker. Three years ago he thought nothing of walking from his home to Canton, Massilion, Wooster or Alliance, and frequently covered afoot a circuit of 200 or 300 miles in visiting his relatives.

Annual Excursion South—

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account Mardi Gras being held at New Orleans and Mobile, the North-Western line will have on sale round-trip tickets to these points at greatly reduced rates Feb. 3 to 9 inclusive, good to return on or before Feb. 15, with the privilege of having return limits extended until Feb. 28. Full information regarding rates, limits of tickets, stop-over privileges, etc., cheerfully given. Be sure and see that your ticket reads via the popular North-Western line, leaving Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street or Omaha depot.



Our modern advanced Electro-Medical Methods Cure Where All Other Treatments Fail.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES AND NEWSPAPER RECORDS SHOW.

Men, Many of you are now reaping the results of your former folly. Your vitality is failing and you will soon be lost, unless you do something for yourself. There is no time to lose. Nervo-Sexual Debility is never on the standstill; with it you can make no compromise. Either you must master it or it will master you, and fill your future with misery and indescribable woe:

NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY.

We Have treated so many cases of this kind that we are as familiar with them as you are with the very daylight Once cured by us you will never again be bothered with weak organs, nervousness, failing memory, loss of ambition and other symptoms which rob you of your strength and absolutely unfit you for the duties of life. Our treatment for weak men will correct all these evils and restore you to what nature intended—a hale, healthy and happy man with physical and mental powers complete.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Electro-Medical treatment **Varicocele, Stricture, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Rupture, Kidney and Urinary Diseases** and all associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **Free and Confidential,** and we give each person a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

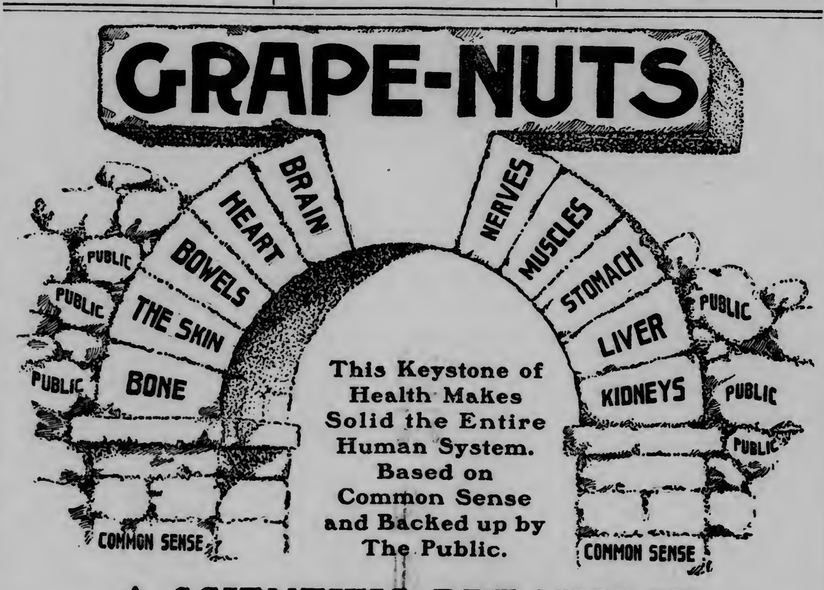
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Consultation in person or by letter free.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.



A SCIENTIFIC BREAKFAST.

Rightly selected food will cure more than half the diseases. Try a scientific and healthy breakfast:—Fruit of some kind, preferably cooked; a dish of Grape-Nuts, with cream; two soft-boiled eggs. Put two eggs in a tin pint cup of boiling water, cover and set off for nine minutes. Whites will then be the consistency of cream and most easily digested. One slice of bread with butter; cup of Postum Cereal Food Coffee.

On that breakfast you can work like a horse and be perfectly nourished until noon. Your nervous troubles, heart palpitation, stomach and bowel troubles, kidney complaints, and various other disorders will gradually disappear and firm, solid health will set in.

Why? You have probably been living on poorly selected food; that is, food that does not contain the required elements the body needs. That sort of food, and coffee, is the direct or indirect cause of more than half the ills the human body acquires.

Grape-Nuts is a perfectly cooked food and both that and the Postum Food Coffee contain fine microscopic particles of phosphate of potash obtained in a natural way from the grains of the field and by scientific food experts incorporated into food and drink. That element joins with the albumen in food to make gray matter, which is the filling of the brain cells and the nerve centers all over the human body.

A man or woman thus fed is scientifically fed and rapidly grows in vigor and vitality, and becomes capable of conducting successfully the affairs of life. To produce a perfect body and a money making brain, the body must have the right kind of food and the expert food specialist knows how to make it. That is Grape-Nuts and Postum Cereal Food Coffee, produced at the pure food factory of the Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., at Battle Creek, Mich.

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Our assortment of foreign and domestic cigars is the largest and most carefully selected in the city. All the well known makes, from which we select a few—

LA VERDAD, LA LINDA,
EL MODELO, GATO,
EL TELLO, LA EMMENCIA,
TENNYSON, TOM MOORE.

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DRUGGIST,
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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 6.—Temperatures have moderated in all districts east of a line drawn from Bismarck, N. D., to El Paso, Tex., and in that portion of Canada lying north of the Dakotas. It is growing colder again in Colorado, Wyoming, Montana and Alberta, with zero temperatures in the latter district. Areas of low pressure overlie Lake Superior, Texas, Utah and Oregon. The barometer is high in north Atlantic states and districts north from and including Montana, and pressures are rising rapidly in Rocky Mountain districts. Light to heavy falls of snow occurred throughout the lake region and Northwest, and rains over Gulf and Pacific coast states.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	6	Memphis	16
Bismarck	0	Miles City	4
Boston	12	Milwaukee	6
Buffalo	8	Minnedosa	—2
Calgary	—6	Modena	14
Charleston	34	Montgomery	38
Chicago	8	Moorhead	6
Cincinnati	6	New Orleans	38
Davenport	6	New York	12
Denver	24	North Platte	10
Detroit	6	Oklahoma	26
Dodge City	26	Omaha	10
Duluth	4	Pittsburg	14
Edmonton	—16	Port Arthur	—2
El Paso	24	Portland	38
Escanaba	—2	Prince Albert	4
Galveston	44	Qu'Appelle	—6
Green Bay	—2	Rapid City	12
Havre	—2	San Francisco	48
Helena	14	Santa Fe	24
Houghton	2	Shreveport	38
Huron	2	Spokane	18
Kamloops	16	St. Louis	20
Kansas City	26	St. Paul	—2
Knoxville	8	S. Ste. Marie	8
La Crosse	—8	Swift Current	—6
Lander	10	Washington	8
Los Angeles	40	Williston	—2
Marquette	6	Winnemucca	32
Medicine Hat	—18	Winnipeg	—6

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 a. m. (Central time), today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and colder tonight and Friday. Fresh and brisk northwest winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Friday: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight with light snows in east portion and colder in west portion. Brisk northwest winds.

Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Friday, continued cold tonight and colder north and west portions. Brisk northwest winds.

North and South Dakota—Fair tonight and Friday; Colder tonight.

All Friends of Uncle Sam.

Recent events in Germany in relation to foreign affairs, have proved somewhat disquieting to those British politicians who interpret every German move as embodying ultimate danger to the British empire. Prince Henry's proposed American tour, the kaiser's rumored intention to visit the czar in July to witness the special maneuvers of the Russian Baltic fleet and the disclosure by the Berlin Vorwarts of the German government's secret plans to amplify the large naval program sanctioned by the reichstag in 1900, are some of the things which are viewed with uneasiness. The British statesmen assert that the kaiser, by dint of his compliment in having his yacht built in the United States, Prince Henry's tour and other contemplated devices, will succeed for all practical purposes in putting Germany on an equal footing with England in American favor. They also say that the probable visit of the emperor to the czar represents William's determination, if possible, to avert an Anglo-Russian understanding forestalling German influence in Persia, while the prematurely revealed purpose of the powers in Berlin to build more warships illustrates the kaiser's resolve to push forward the expansion of the imperial navy in the direction of equality with the English fleet. The pro-Russians grow excited and vehement over their theories, and urge the government to hasten an Anglo-Russian entente before the kaiser anticipates England in that regard, and thereby, through France's alliance with Russia, Germany, by its alliance with Austria and Italy, and its excellent understanding with the United States, accomplishes the effectual isolation of Great Britain. The United States can view these foreign worries with complacency. The powers are all our friends, or claim to be, thus placing this country in a distinct and enviable position. Alliances may be made or not, as pleases the empires, the United States will make none, but continue to rule the industrial and financial world to the best interests of its people.

The President and Schley's Appeal.

The officials of the navy department are experiencing considerable anxiety over the result of the president's review of the Schley matter. The calling of the four officers who participated in the battle of Santiago to the White House and the long consultation with them, shows clearly that the president does not intend to review the case in the usual prefunctory way. To do so would have been merely to refer the Schley appeal and the judge advocate's comment to the department of justice, where the attorney general would in all probability find that the navy department, which under the law has jurisdiction of such matters, had not committed any legal error in its conduct of the inquiry. This would have been in strict accord with the time-honored service idea that the navy can best take care of its own affairs and uphold its own honor. This view will now have to be abandoned, and the service is already beginning to nerve itself for a decision by the president quite as startling as, although somewhat different from, that of Admiral Dewey six weeks ago. It is said that people who have had an opportunity of talking with the president on this subject since the court of inquiry were surprised to find from his frank expressions that he inclined to the belief that Schley had been in actual command at the battle, aside from all minor questions regarding his exercise of that authority. Naval officers in Washington who know of this inclination have not been able to suppress more or less anxiety about it, but they reasoned that a reopening of the case would undoubtedly be avoided by a reference to the attorney general, relying on the great pressure of important national matters on the president's time. There is ground, however, for saying that the president considers nothing of greater importance to the country than the morals of the navy, and is determined that a just solution of the affair, which has accomplished so much injury, shall be found, regardless of mere personal prejudices. The impression is growing that the president will so decide the appeal that the Schley-Sampson controversy will be ended for all time.

CRISIS IN CONGRESS.

The fight on the revision of the tariff precipitated by the vote in the ways and means committee of the house on Mr. Babcock's bill to remove the tariff duties on iron and steel has confronted the high protectionists in congress with a serious situation. It is probable that a test vote will be reached in the house next week that will decide whether the committee on rules is hereafter to decide what legislation shall be considered or whether the house is again to become a deliberative body and proceed to enact laws that are demanded by the people. It is claimed that there are fifty Republican members who will vote for the Babcock bill, if given an opportunity. Should they unite with the Democrats on a vote, the radical protection men who now control the machinery of the house would be overthrown. The "insurgents," as those who have refused to follow Payne, Dalzell and Grosvenor are called, may be kept in line by means of a caucus. It is thought that nearly all would abide by the decision of a Republican caucus, and thus the movement for tariff revision would be throttled. But there are some who might not enter the caucus or abide by its decision, preferring to make an open fight in the house, and it is with these members that the leaders must reckon. If there are enough of them to defeat the rule which will shut out all amendments to the war revenue repeal bill, the Republican leaders will be face to face with a serious crisis.

It is said that there was a considerable display of feeling by Chairman Payne at the meeting of the ways and means committee when the vote on the Babcock amendment was taken. Payne made threats that it might be found desirable for the committee to go into the Northwest and take the protective duty off lumber. Mr. Babcock's response to this was that he would welcome such action; that he had voted for a $1 rate of duty on lumber while he was in the business of manufacturing lumber, and that he would have been satisfied with a $1 rate instead of $2, which had been finally incorporated in the Dingley tariff by the action of the senate after the house had voted to fix the lumber duty at $1 per 1000 feet. Mr. Payne's threat is regarded as a bluff.

It is believed that Speaker Henderson would rule against the Babcock bill if offered as an amendment on the floor to the bill reducing the war revenues. If the members who favor the Babcock idea voted to override the decision of the speaker on an appeal, an interesting situation would be presented. There is no question that a large element of the Republican party, particularly in the West, is in favor of reciprocity and tariff revison, and that every effort is being made by the Republican leaders to present that sentiment from finding expression on the floor of the house. They may succeed in this effort at the present time, but they are riding their high protection horse to a fall.

CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES.

If some of our national legislators had their way the constitution of the United States would be amended as often as such legislation could be enacted. The wise statesmen of early generations, those sturdy pioneers in legal lore doubtless foresaw that the time would come when the agitator of future days would seek to improve the provisions of the staid old constitution under which the country has thrived, and they placed suitable safeguards around the ancient document so that a real necessity for improvement must arise before a change could be made. This safeguard is in the legislatures of the different states, three-fourths of which must ratify any amendment proposed by congress. It is naturally an exceedingly difficult, if not impossible task to secure such action on any measure, the necessity of which is not apparent to all. In spite of this the constitution tinkers are ever a twork and the present congress has rather more than the usual number of constitutional amendments to deal with, a list of those now pending being as follows:

Election of senators by popular vote	11
Federal regulation of corporations and co-partnerships	4
Inauguration day in April	3
Taxing power of congress enlarged or restricted	3
Income tax sanctioned	3
Woman suffrage	2
Anarchy a high crime	2
Fifteenth amendment appealed	2
Treason defined	2
Polygamists disqualified for congress	2
Congress to regulate marriage and divorce	2
No federal or state aid to sectarian institutions	1
Uniform qualifications of electors in all states	1
Assaulting high federal officers a special crime	1
Limited terms for supreme court justices	1
Federal jurisdiction over use of water	1
Six-year presidential term	1

There are forty-four proposals in all, covering eighteen different subjects. Some of them are without doubt meritorious, but it is very doubtful if any of them are enacted for years to come.

THE EXTRA SESSION

Before the report of the tax commission was made public, before it was known what its recommendations would be, and what would be the character of the bill prepared for the consideration of the legislature, the News Tribune opposed an extra session and urged that one should not be called by the governor because the Republican grafters in the legislature might bring discredit upon the party. That was the reason it then offered against an extra session. Now it says "the reserve motive" of its action was fear that the special interests of this city and county would suffer from the new tax bill. This is evidently an afterthought, and The Herald must decline to accept it as true. The News Tribune was afraid of the effect politically—that was all. The interests of Duluth were not considered in any way until later—when the contents of the commission's report were published.

But the new tax system proposed by the commission is not wholly bad. It has some good features as well as some vicious provisions. It is undeniable that the present tax system is defective and works injustice and should be changed. An extra session was a necessity in order that the recommendations of the commission might be considered and the foundation laid for a satisfactory tax code that would deal justly with all interests. Governor Van Sant's best act since he was inaugurated was the call for an extra session. It is admitted by the framers of the new tax bill that a perfect system cannot be secured without changes in the constitution. Every person who has given the subject the study it requires recognizes the truth of this statement. The constitution must be amended, and how could it be amended without an extra session of the legislature to frame suitable amendments for submission to the vote of the people at the next state election? If no extra session had been called, the vote on the required amendments would have been delayed for two years at least. Would this have been desirable? It might be so regarded by those who look upon the existing tax system as all right. But the vast majority of the people of Minnesota believe the present system is unfair and unjust, and that those best able to bear the burden of taxation escape payment of their proper share of it. The Herald has full confidence that the legislature will not adopt the tax bill as reported by the tax commission, but will lay it aside as an admittedly imperfect measure and proceed to the preparation of constitutional amendments that, if voted on favorably by the people, will enable the next legislature to frame a satisfactory tax code that will be just to all interests.

The merchants and business men of Cortland, N. Y., are contemplating forming an organization in which all members will be pledged to use newspapers only as a medium of advertising. This proposed action is taken for mutual protection, as the business men are continually being bled by local societes to take advertisements in bills and programs for entertainments. The opinion that such advertisements do not pay is universal, and in order to protect themselves such a society is contemplated. Almost every merchant is anxious to join the society.

Of people who live under the smoke blanket of a city Dr. Kuhn, of Kansas City, says: "The lungs of a great many are almost black, and there are very few whose lungs do not contain small clots of soot and smoke." The proper thing to do, therefore, is to abate the smoke nuisance.

Dr. Parkhurst sticks to his opinion that a human soul may be deprived of immortality because of sins done in the body, and he quotes Scripture to prove that he is right. He may later find other things in the Bible that may serve to stimulate apathetic church members who are not in their pews in bad weather.

Cannot the Cubans see that they have only to enact laws establishing an exorbitant tariff to become prosperous? Let them build a high tariff wall around the island and be prosperous! That is what the Republican leaders at Washington would do if they had the chance.

If it be true that knee breeches must be worn by all the male guests at King Edward's coronation, the reason why ex-President Cleveland was not named as one of the American representatives is obvious.

Lord Kitchener has been authorized to spend $4,000,000 for railways in South Africa. He says he needs the roads to subjugate the Boers, and it must be admitted that the grade crossing is deadly.

The Literary Digest is conducting a discussion of the question whether a man can be a Christian on $5 a week. Well, he cannot be much of a sinner on that amount.

According to the San Francisco Examiner, no unmarried female goes unchaperoned in that city. Those who know San Francisco will agree that it is a wise precaution.

The most disgusted man seen for a long time was a Virginia negro who stole a minister's valise a few days ago and found it contained only sermons.

Sir Robert Ball says the glacial period is 3000 years away yet. Consequently the ice companies may safely lay in their usual stocks this winter.

A drunken Missourian smashed two drug stores in which whisky was sold "for medicinal purposes." Carry the news to Carrie.

Three Americans are already preaching Mohammedanism in the Philippines. This is how we extend "the blessings of civilization and Christianity," etc.

Why should there be so much said about Mrs. Waterman, of Evanston, becoming a college student when she is only 60? Many women live a century.

Mr. Carnegie says money is worthless except to give away. But may it not depend on how much money a man has?

Pleasant Chapman is a candidate for congress in Illinois. May the result of the contest not be unpleasant to him.

The poet who wrote the lyrics of "Spotless Town" is not dead. The report was probably another advertising scheme.

The variableness of New Jersey weather is accounted for. A woman is director of the weather bureau there.

Mr. Schwab did not break the bank at Monte Carlo and he is very indignant at the accusation.

Boats are still running on Lake Superior. Winter navigation is an accomplished fact.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: It is a wise woman that lets her servants have their own way.

Being a crank depends a good deal on who turns the handle.

The kind that ought to drink themselves to death never do; they just keep getting a bigger thirst.

A week-old New Year's resolution ceases to be an ailment that will cure itself; it is a disease that must be got rid of.

A woman will get mad at you if you don't try to have the last word, because you have to do that to give her another chance to have it.

Figuring the Ratio.

St. Paul Dispatch: It was nip and tuck again between Hugo and Truelsen in the race for mayor of Duluth. Two years ago Hugo's plurality was 6, this year it is 8. At this ratio of gain Hugo may expect a fair-sized plurality in the election of A. D. 2000.

A Pair of Winners.

Baltimore American: A racehorse named Death is winning nearly every race he is entered in. One of these days some wise horseowner will introduce an animal named Taxes, and then there will be a race worth seeing.

AN AVERTED MISFORTUNE

BY DOLLY GRAY

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

As Norma Blair took her place behind the counter that morning she felt the usual hopelessness stealing over her.

Somehow, in spite of her daily determination to take heart and look on the bright side of things, she could not rid herself of the heavy despair that seemed to have settled over her spirit.

This sense of helplessness, coupled with the constant realization of circumstances that possessed her had the effect of paralyzing her efforts, even while she yearned to achieve.

During the three months that she had acted as saleswoman in the hosiery department of Kent & Co., she had made a record for herself notable chiefly for its indifference.

The knowledge of this fact clung to her conscience as a laden weight, dragging her struggling hopes lower each day. This morning she went about the arrangement of her stock with a forlorn apathy, in striking contrast to the brisk cheerful movements of her companions.

A few early customers were arriving. One of them, a woman with a querulous voice and fussy manner, approached Norma, asking to look at a certain style of hosiery.

The girl felt instinctively that she belonged to that trying class of individuals who are always "looking," but who never buy. Such customers inevitably gravitated to her as to a magnet.

Yes, it was even as she had feared. The new arrival, after having exhausted Norma's patience and tried her temper to the utmost, departed without making a single purchase. The girl looked up to find a displeased eye upon her. Hollis, the head of the department was regarding her with an expression of dissatisfaction. Such glances from him had become very frequent of late.

Norma flushed with sudden resentment. "How on earth can they expect me to make sales when I seldom have a genuine customer?" she rebelled, mentally.

Those other girls—the favorites—up at the far counter were always fortunate in selling. And why? They had the best patrons that the store boasted.

Norma's heart contracted as she glanced in their direction. They were all exceedingly trim, attractive young women. One of them, Grace Whitney, was a particular favorite, not only with the customers, but with every one in the store. She was an exceptionally pleasant girl, possessed of a comliness due as much to her amiability as to her charm of feature and manner.



Norma's chief reason for not envying Grace was that the latter remembered her daily with cheerful words and smiles. Today, however, the unfortunate one felt a new resentment even against Grace.

"No wonder she is so light-hearted. Who wouldn't be in her place?"

Just then she caught a sweet smile and nod from Miss Whitney and felt somewhat ashamed.

During the lunch hour Grace paused and chatted several moments with Norma.

"Cheer up, little girl," cried the former in the friendly manner customary among the young women of the department. "What's troubling you, my dear?"

"Oh, everything!" replied Norma, wavering between tears and smiles.

"Everything! Why, hope it isn't so bad as that. Sometimes, you know, we are apt to exaggerate our misfortunes."

Then Norma's restraint gave way. "Oh, if you knew!" she burst forth impetuously, "you wouldn't, you couldn't say that!"

"Come," said Grace gently, "let us find a quiet corner where we can talk it over by ourselves."

It was truly a story of hardships that Norma confided to her sympathetic listener.

Norma was one of a family of five, deserted by a heartless stepmother and forced to depend upon their own efforts for support. She was the oldest of the family. The three brothers were too young as yet to earn much. The other sister, Clara, had been obliged to take a position as waitress in a restaurant. As her hours were limited from 11 to 3 o'clock daily she managed to find time for housework also. So besides fulfilling her duties as waitress, she took entire charge of the little flat where the five made their home.

But even with both girls working it was hard indeed to meet expenses. They lived very meagerly and were forced to make many sacrifices.

"If I could just succeed with my work here," pursued Norma, "the other troubles wouldn't seem so dreadful. It's this awful feeling about my poor record that depresses me so. Oh, Miss Whitney, sometimes I'm afraid Mr. Hollis will complain to the firm, and then—but I can't think of that. It would be terrible. What would become of us? Clara couldn't support us all—the poor girl wors like a slave as it is. No, I won't think of it!"

"That is right," said Grace emphatically. "You must not think of it. Don't allow yourself to entertain the idea of being discharged. Make up your mind that you will keep your place. Listen! Perhaps you don't imagine it now, but there was a time when I had fully as much to face as you have. At first I, too, was despondent. Then I saw that it was selfish of me to think only of my own troubles, determined to be cheerful for the sake of others, at least."

"Yes," began Norma, "but how—"

"I understand just how you feel," Grace assured her. "Don't think I am heartless. I do not blame you for being rather alarmed when you realize conditions. But one thing I have learned through experience, and that is: No matter how overwhelming our burdens may be, we must hide them resolutely from the eyes of others."

"Oh, it is so hard," sighed Norma.

"I know it, but it is the only way—the right way. What you need to do right now is to brace up and start at your work in a different spirit. Forget, at least for the time being, all about your troubles. Be alert and alive to the interests of those you serve. You cannot succeed unless your mental attitude is hopeful, unless you are courageous and expect the best. Don't brood. Brooding never did anyone any good, whereas a brave, cheerful state of mind will in the end win your battles for you."

Norma began to feel the contagion of Grace Whitney's positive optimism. She went back to her work with a new courage.

Her spirits sank, however, when, later in the afternoon, Hollis paused to tell her that the superintendent wished to speak with her in the office.

Norma felt what was coming. As she passed the counter where Grace was at work she gave her friend's hand a nervous little pressure and whispered hurriedly, "I'm afraid the worst is about to happen. The superintendent has sent for me."

Grace waited anxiously until Norma should reappear. The girl's frightened eyes and white face haunted her. She was aware of alarm and distress.

When at length she did catch sight of Norma returning down the aisle her distress grew into a great and aching pity. A single glance at the girl's face told her that her fears were realized.

"They must not—they shall not discharge you," whispered Grace, as she caught Norma's hand in an impulsive grasp. "You simply must be given a chance—a fair trial. I won't see you leave this store—it shall not be!"

Norma shook her head hopelessly. "No use," she murmured, struggling with her tears. It's all over now."

Grace seemed to take a sudden resolution. She left the counter, telling Norma not to give up, but to await her return.

She went straight to the private office office of John Kent, the head of the firm. He was exceedingly busy, but paused at sight of the resolute face and animated eyes of Grace Whitney.

"Have you time to listen to my troubles?" she asked briefly.

"Certainly, Miss Whitney. What can I do for you?"

Grace proceeded at once with her story. "And now, please, won't you give Miss Blair another chance? I'm sure you won't regret it," she finished with assurance.

John Kent mused doubtfully. "Hollis has complained to me several times about Miss Blair," he said at length. "The books show that her sales are very small. Of course, we must look out for our own interests, you know. We cannot afford to keep a poor saleswoman."

"But," urged Grace, "she has not been given an opportunity to show what she can do. She has not had a fair chance. She is really a conscientious worker, but her efforts show for little because she is placed in an unpopular part of the store and has charge of an indifferent stock. Give her the same chances that the rest of us enjoy and you'll find some day that she'll prove of value to you."

Miss Whitney had an insistent, yet pleasant air of expectancy that was hard to deny. So the coveted "Very well" was spoken that gave Norma Blair a longer trial.

Grace could hardly wait to convey the wonderful news. Norma's gratitude overflowed in tears and broken words of relief and gladness. However, greatest was her delight, the happiness that glowed in the heart of Grace Whitney was greater still.

The prophecy of the latter was fulfilled. Norma Blair still holds her position with Kent & Co. as one of their most valued saleswomen and John Kent is glad of his decision.

LAUGHING MATTER.

Chicago Tribune: "How long were you in the soap business?"

"About fifteen years."

"How did you come out?"

"I cleaned up with $50,000."

Yonkers Statesman: Patience—Did you enjoy the drama last night?

Patrice—Enjoy it! I should say I did! Why, I cried nearly the whole time!

Philadelphia Press: First Neighbor—I am afraid my children bother you.

Second Neighbor—What nonsence! Why they are not over to my house more than eighteen hours of the twenty-four.

Washington Star: "We are going to organize a political glee club," said the caller.

"Well," answered Senator Sorghum, "I'll contribute liberally on one condition."

"What is that?"

"Go and serenade my hated rival four or five hours a day. If we can wreck his nerves the victory is ours."

Philadelphia Catholic Standard: "How do you like the roast lamb, Mr. Knox?" inquired the landlady.

"Lamb? Ah! yes. Mary's lamb," said the cranky boarder, for harking back to his childhood he realized that Mary's pet might easily be that old now.

Detroit Free Press: Fenton-Smith—I thought you had made a highly favorable impression on that Boston young woman.

Benton-Jones—So I thought, but she writes, in reply to my proposal, that she could never trust her life's happiness with a man who puts postage stamps on upside down.

Washington Star: "Remember," said the man of ideals, "that George Washington succeeded brilliantly. And he never told a lie."

"Well," said Senator Sorghum, reflectively, "maybe he never told a lie. And then again maybe that is one of these stories that a man circulates now and then in order to make a good impression among his constituents."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

The Great Solvent and Eliminator of URIC ACID and other POISONS



Registered by U. S. Patent Office.

Its similarity to the Blood Serum in Composition Accounts for the "Peculiar Efficacy" of this Water in Uric Acid Diathesis, Gout, Rheumatism, Bright's Disease, etc.

The Water is Far Superior to the Lithia Tablets

John V. Shoemaker, M. D., LL. D., *Professor of Materia Medica and Therapeutics in the Medico-Chirurgical College of Philadelphia*, in the *New York Medical Journal*, July 29, 1899. "An additional advantage and extremely important reason for the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER lies in PECULIAR EFFICACY of the the fact that its composition approximates that of the SERUM of the BLOOD; therefore it is admirably fitted for absorption into the blood current and immediate INCORPORATION with the watery portion of the NUTRIENT FLUID. It becomes at once identical with the BLOOD SERUM. These are qualities which far surpass those possessed by any extemporaneous solution of a single chemical preparation, as when a LITHIA TABLET, *e. g.*, is dissolved in water for immediate administration. When we speak of a dose, it is of a quantity altogether relative, and what the physician emphatically desires in a dose is THERAPEUTIC EFFICIENCY. THIS WE HAVE IN BUFFALO LITHIA WATER

* * * * "By SWEEPING URIC ACID *rapidly out of the system it alleviates the miseries of* gout. *It is efficacious in* RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, DIABETES, MELLITUS *and a number of* NERVOUS AFFECTIONS. * * * * * *

"Unquestionably, although the speedy removal of URIC ACID and other products of faulty tissue change is of conspicuous benefit, *yet to prevent their formation is a service still more important.* This service is performed by the BUFFALO LITHIA WATER when it corrects those digestive failures which are responsible for the production of deleterious materials."

BUFFALO LITHIA WATER is for sale by Grocers and Druggists generally

Testimonials which defy all imputation or questions sent to any address,

PROPRIETOR BUFFALO LITHIA SPRINGS, VIRGINIA.

AT THE HOTELS

An old man with an evident distinction of having seen better days drifted into the Hotel McKay this morning and stepping up to the desk in the writing room hunted for a copy of the city directory. He was a gentleman in bearing, as much so as when he wore clothes with which creases were a newer acquaintances than the apparel he had on today.

Seating himself, the old man took the directory in his lap and began scanning the pages as if looking for some name or address. All at once he seized the pages in his hands as if they were a pile of bills and began running the edges through his fingers as if he were a bank teller pressed for time. The farther he got into his task the faster he went at it. An especially rapid pace caused the directory to fly to the floor. Then the old man stared into vacancy just a moment, sighed and reached over slowly and picking up the book restored it to its place on the desk and walked out of the office.

Nobody knew his name. Nobody had ever seen him before. But that there had been a dramatic climax of a pecuniary nature in his life was quite evident to all that had watched the incident. Possibly all of them felt just a trifle softer for having seen it.

* * *

William Orr, an extensive owner of timber land along the international boundary, is in the city, accompanied by Mrs. Orr. He is stopping at the St. Louis.

* * *

William S. Williams, of Barnum, is a guest at the McKay.

* * *

S. J. Casson came over from Ashland last evening and is registered at the Spalding.

* * *

O. B. Warren, of Negaunee, is a guest at the Spalding.

* * *

D. McMillum, Chicago; A. B. Howell, New York; F. M. Parker, Rice Lake, Wis.; Charles Kemper, Boston; J. A. Brand and wife, Ashland; W. Busche, Minneapolis; Henry Dimment, New York; C. H. Underwood, Tacoma; A. J. Taylor and R. M. Weyerhaeuser, Cloquet, are at the Spalding.

* * *

George Temple, W. F. Watson, Minneapolis; H. Aklestad, Aitkin; John B. Rayner, Minneapolis; H. F. Brooke, Eau Claire; C. F. Dilworth, St. Paul; A. E. Dunsmoor, Virginia, and E. F. Sternberg, St. Paul, are at the McKay.

* * *

S. C. Scott, Sandstone; Edmund B. Huil, Big Wing, Alberta; Louis Moffett, G. H. Chisholm, Gordon, Wis.; Sam T. Teimbach, Gloversville, N. Y.; E. J. Doane, Detroit, Mich.; J. S. Melstrup, Bay City, Mich.; C. F. Moulton, Madison; W. M. Cain and J. B. Moore, Carlton, are at the St. Louis.

We Have No Kick Coming.

With the price of meat a-mounting,
And the price of milk the same,
It keeps us all a-counting
Up the cost of this great game
Of living in a country
Where's there plenty, and to spare,
But I'll not kick if Morgan won't
Monopolize the air!

We should pay the extra money
For our edibles and such,
And learn to think it funny
When the highest price they touch;
We should pay out taxes gladly,
For it's nothing more than fair,
As long as Morgan doesn't go
Monopolizing air!
We may live to see the day that
All the clothes we wear are his;
We may have to learn to say that
"All my biz. is Morgan's biz."
But we have no real kick coming
As long as he's so fair.
Let us hope he'll take no notion to
Monopolize the air.
Monopolize the air!
Monopolize the air!
—JACK APPLETON in Cincinnati Commercial Gazette.

The Solitaire Habit.

Philadelphia Record: "Take my advice," said a married man to a friend who is engaged, "and never contract the solitaire habit. It is fatal to domestic happiness. You seem surprised, but it is the truth. Apparently nothing could be so innocent and harmless as sitting in one's own home, with a pack of cards playing soltaire. But the habit grows on one so. The victim eventually finds that he is losing his will power. He becomes an unsociable fiend. He cannot concentrate his mind on anything else. He loses his taste for reading and conversation bores him. His wife cannot get him to go out with her, and she regards him as a disagreeable old bear. He may make up his mind to leave the cards alone, but his will is gone. He is restless and irritable, like a toper without his drink. I know what I'm talking about, because I'm a slave to the habit. That's why I warn you."

Surely Something Else.

Anaconda (Mont.) Standard: It is virtually settled that Ambassador Reid will wear knee breeches at the coronation.

VISIONARY REFORMERS.

Omaha Bee: The unexpected often happens, but the expected happens still oftener. It was to have been expected that practical municipal reformers like Seth Low would not be able to satisfy visionary vice exterminators like Dr. Parkhurst. Men of this stamp never will find a well governed city until they enter the New Jerusalem with its pearly gates, emerald and sapphire walls and gold brick pavements. The vehement remonstrance entered by Dr. Parkhurst against Mayor Low's tolerance of surreptitious traffic in liquor on Sunday in Greater New York only emphasized the lack of patience and practical wisdom on the part of the New York reformer, who expected that all of the flagrant abuses and vile practices of Boss Croker's Tammany braves would be swept away by a mayor's proclamation.

The response made by Mayor Low to Dr. Parkhurst's tirade should be satisfactory to all rational people. Mayor Low's declaration that drastic laws cannot be enforced against public opinion is based upon experience. While the public sale of liquor on Sundays in New York and in every other city can be suppressed by stringent police regulation, there is insurmountable difficulty in preventing its illegal sale in private. This does not spring from the unwillingness of the authorities to prevent surreptitious traffic in liquor, but from the presence in every large city of a very large body of people who yield no obedience to these clauses of the law because of the provisions conflicting so seriously both with their personal habits and with their opinions. Nothing but discussion, agitation and experience under our American conditions can solve a problem of this character. What is true of New York is true of all large population centers in America.

Mayor Low's effort to minimize the worst evils that had grown up under Tammany rule certainly must commend itself to all dispassionate students of this problem. His first steps have been directed to the closing of the dives and disreputable resorts and to the suppression of the pernicious blackmailing practices of the police that have caused so much scandal in the metropolis. When public opinion in New York has been educated sufficiently to support him in other measures demanded in the interest of good government, we feel sure Mayor Low may be depended upon to exercise his power to the fullest extent.

AMUSEMENTS.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.
J. J. Laundergan, Manager.
Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, Commencing Friday, Feb. 7—
Busby Bros.'
Grand Revival of
"TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM."
Prices—Night, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee, 10c and 20c. Reserved Seats on sale at Smith & Smith's Drug Store and LeRicheux's Fourth Street Drug Store.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, February 8.
Just one big laugh for everybody. The funniest of all the funny shows.
Willis Maxwell Goodhue's
Joyful Oddity
HELLO BILL
The Merriest! The Jolliest! And the laughiest ever.
Prices—Dress Circle $1 00; Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Star Lecture Course
First M. E. Church, Duluth.
REV. THOMAS DIXON, Jr.
Of New York City.
Saturday Evening, Feb. 8.
LECTURE:
"Backbone."
Ticket and seat, 50 cents, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the Door.

An Ideal Medicine.

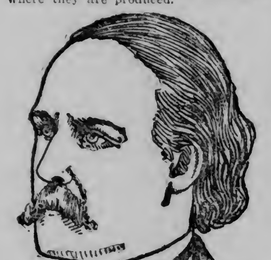
A New Discovery Which Cures All Forms of Catarrh.

The tablet is the ideal form in which to administer medicine, but until recently no successful catarrh tablet has ever been attempted. There is now, however, an excellent and palatable remedy for catarrh in tablet form, known as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and sold by druggists, composed of the most recent discoveries in medicine for cure of catarrh and results from their use have been highly gratifying.

The old time treatment of catarrh was in the form of inhalers, washes, douches, sprays, etc. Later on internal remedies were used with greater success, but being in liquid or powder form were inconvenient to use and like all medicines in liquid or powder form, lose their medicinal properties when opened or exposed to the air.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain highly concentrated antiseptics, Red Gum, Blood Root, etc., which kill the catarrh germs in the blood and mucous membrane, and in this respect are strictly scientific and modern, because all authorities are now agreed that catarrh is a constitutional blood disease, and local applications can have only a transitory effect.

The use of inhalers, douches and sprays is a nuisance and inconvenience and can in no wise compare favorably with the same antiseptics given in tablet form internally, where they can reach the stomach and blood and kill catarrh germs right where they are produced.



A prominent lawyer and public speaker of Pittsburg says: "I have been troubled with catarrh of the head and throat for twelve years. In this climate it seems impossible to get rid of it. The continual dropping of mucous from the nose into the throat caused irritation and hoarseness, seriously interfering with my public speaking. It took me an hour or more of coughing, gagging, expectorating and sneezing every morning before I could settle down to work and this condition gradually brought on catarrh of stomach, causing loss of appetite, poor digestion and a foul breath, which annoyed me exceedingly. My physician advised me to try Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and I took them for two months and was astonished to find how quickly they cleared my head, throat and stomach and I have no hesitation in recommending them. They are not only pleasant to take, but they seem to get at the very root of the trouble, because since using them I have had no trace of catarrh."

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents for full sized packages.

They can be carried in the pocket and used any time and as often as desired since they contain no cocaine, mercury or any other injurious drug.

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
121 19th Ave. W. Phone 4711

Superfluous Hair, Moles and Warts permanently removed by electricity.
Hair Switches for the new style hair dressing.
KNAUF SISTERS, 101 West Sup. St. Both 'Phones.

Duluth Wholesale Supply Company
114 West Michigan Street.
We sell Groceries direct to hotels, restaurants and large consumers at wholesale prices.

SKYLIGHTS, CORNICE,
Gravel Roofing and Sheet Iron Work.
DEETZ & CO.,
408 East Superior St.
Zenith Telephone 793. Long Distance 793

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—
Hotel McKay
One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

A Perfect Food Drink
"Figprune" made from the choicest fruits and cereals grown in California.
Possesses a delicate flavor
The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 830 West Superior st., Duluth.

ELEVEN PERISHED

Terrible Gas Explosion In Butcher Shop In Chicago.

Whole Trostle Family Was Wiped Out of Existence.

Bodies Charred Past Human Semblance In Most Cases.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—It is believed that eleven is the correct number of people who lost their lives by the explosion of gas in the Trostle butcher shop, at 376 Twenty-second street, last night. The bodies, charred past human semblance in the majority of cases, lay at a nearby morgue today, while firemen, assisted by laborers still dig in the ruins on the bare possibility that more bodies might be under the debris. Fire Chief Musham today declared his belief that the explosion was that of a pocket of gas. A force of laborers was put at work at daybreak tearing up and repairing the gas pipes which were damaged by the two explosions following that in the butcher shop, but when the coroner learned of it he ordered the work stopped.

"I want no changes in present conditions made, unless necessary, until I have investigated fully to discover if negligence was in any way responsible for the loss of life," said he.

The following is believed to be a correct list of the dead:

TROSTLE, OTTO, owner of butcher shop.
TROSTLE, AUGUSTA, wife of the above.
TROSTLE, OTTO, JR., aged 11 years.
TROSTLE, ANNA, aged 9 years.
TROSTLE, LENA, aged 7 years.
TROSTLE, MINNIE, aged 6 years.
TROSTLE (baby), aged 2 years.
TROSTLE, FRED, nephew of Otto Trostle.
KNEIPP, SOPHIA, niece of Mrs. Trostle.
ROSENTHAL, MARY, aged 32 years, a neighbor visiting Sophia.
——OTTO, an employe, last name not known.

The cause of the explosion has not yet been fixed. Two business men in the vicinity said the explosion was in a defective boiler connected with the gas system in the basement of the building occupied by Butcher Trostle, which employes attempted to thaw out. Others insisted the explosion was caused by the gas itself, but they were unable to say how the gas had caused it.

The experts of the People's Gas company are investigating the cause and are as yet uncertain. They think someone was thawing out a pipe and that the explosion resulted. The city fire marshal is likewise uncertain as to the first cause.

The most graphic story of the incident was told by J. Pauly, of 66 Twenty-second place, who stood across the street when the building went up.

"The first thing I knew," he said, "I was blown against a telegraph pole. I was facing the market and it seemed that the whole building rose up in the air at once and then collapsed into the cellar, a heap of ruins. I ran across the street, and as I crossed the car tracks I could hear the cries of the people imprisoned in the wreckage. Almost immediately the flames burst out all over the place, and it seemed that everything was on fire at once.

"Then I caught sight of a man crawling out of the basement. He did not seem to be badly hurt and called for help. I recognized him as the sausage maker Trostle had hired a few days before. I do not know what his name is. A man who ran up jumped down to help him, and between us we got him to the street. He was able to walk and went away at once.

"The first explosion in the building disconnected the gas mains and they caught fire at once. The fire seemed to follow the pipes, and five minutes later the manhole in Archer avenue blew up with a report almost as loud as the first. The manhole to the east followed in a few minutes.

"We could hear the cries in the basement growing fainter, and we had to allow the sufferers to die without doing anything to help them."

J. C. Kleiner, proprietor of the drug store at Archer avenue and Twenty-second street was a witness to the explosion. He says that no one came from the butcher shop after the shock.

"I was standing in the front of my store when the explosion occurred," Mr. Kleiner said, "I was just looking down Twenty-second street, when the building trembled. I saw the entire front of the butcher shop fly out into the street, and instantly there was a dash of flame. I turned to the telephone and called up several doctors and told them of the disaster. All of them responded.

"As I turned to look down the street again, I saw the fire department coming. Then the manholes began to blow up and one by one the caps were blown high in the air. The force of the explosions was so great that the windows in the street cars were shattered.

"I do not believe a person in the butcher shop of the flat above escaped."

On Monday Otto Trostle insured his life for $500, making his wife the beneficiary. Yesterday Mrs. Trostle called on the insurance agent and asked if the oldest two children could be insured. She said she had a presentiment that something would happen. The agent was instructed to write policies of $2000 each.

FROM ORIENT.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 6.—Included in Oriental advices received here is a decree of the empress dowager, which shows a most friendly spirit toward foreigners. The decree is issued in connection with the anti-Christian outbreak in Shan Si, and calls upon the viceroy Shun Pan to act in connection with the governor of Shan Si and cause the desperadoes, who have killed the Belgian missionaries and their converts to be surrounded and slain. A number of local officials are cashiered and ordered to case the capture of the desperadoes and in the event of failure, they are to be forever dismissed from service.

From Vladivostock news is given of a battle between Cossacks and a band of 2000 ex-Boxers, who were found near the village of Tukhumo which they had plundered. The brigands were behind earthworks and the Cossacks after shelling them with guns charged them with swords and bayonets in the face of a severe fire from the Chinese. The losses of the Boxers were heavy and the Russians had seven wounded. The rebel leader fled to Mongolia.

The Japanese have an expedition in South Formosa, which is engaged in wiping out the bandits who have been ravaging those districts and up to Jan. 15, the expedition which is made up of 800 troops, 150 police and 200 coolies, had killed between 300 and 400 bandits. A number of officers and men of the expedition had been killed in the severe fighting. The districts south of Tainan which are closely guarded and all gates watched, are terrorized by the bandits.

Vancouver, B. C., Feb. 6.—News received by the steamer Empress of China gives details of a recent attack on a British steamer by Chinese mutineers. Chinese soldiers, 200 in number, lired on the steamer Nanking on the West river, wounding the chaplain of the British flagship Glory and slightly injuring another officer. The shooting took place at midday on Jan. 18, when no trouble of any kind was suspected. The affair was reported to Hong Kong by Rev. B. L. Hardy, military chaplain at that city, and he said the soldiers concerned, though native troops, were mutineers. The two wounded men are Rev. Charles E. Cowan, the chaplain, and an unknown European customs officer. The gunboat Rubin has gone to investigate the matter.

COLDS



I regard my COLD CURE as more valuable than a life insurance policy. It not only cures colds in the head, colds in the lungs, colds in the bones, but it wards off dangerous diseases such as grippe, diphtheria, pneumonia, and consumption.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Rheumatism Cure seldom fails to relieve in one to three hours, and cures in a few days.
Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure positively cures all forms of indigestion and stomach trouble.
Munyon's Cough Cure stops coughs, night sweats, allays soreness and speedily heals the lungs.
Munyon's Kidney Cure quickly cures pains in the back, loins or groins, and all forms of kidney disease.
Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weak men.
All the cures are 25 cents, at any drug store.
Munyon's Guide to Health should be in the hands of every mother. It will help them to know the symptoms of every disease and tell them the proper treatment. Sent free to any address.
Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.
MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

MIND READER

Located Money and Indiana Robbery Mystery Cleared Up.

Bloomington, Ind., Feb. 6.—A singular mind reading experiment, the success of which has not only made a local professor famous, but has cleared up one of the strangest robbery mysteries on record, has stirred Bloomington.

A family named Harmon, living just outside the town, was recently robbed of $4000. All theories of tramps were soon exploded and suspicion narrowed down to the three daughters of the house, Rachel, Rhoda and May, who presently caught the popular infection and began to distrust each other. Matters were in this condition when D. O. Spencer arrived in town to give a series of mind readings. His visit was eagerly seized upon as a possible solution of the affair.

Upon consultation he agreed to find the money for a percentage, provided the Harmon sisters would subject themselves to a test. The sisters consented and a crowd gathered to witness the exhibit.

Miss Rachel was the first to come under Spencer's influence, but the trial revealed nothing. Miss Rhoda was next called, and the mind reader placed his hand upon her forehead. When he moved she followed as if hypnotized.

Spencer led his subject about the house with the excited throng in their wake. Finally they went out of the door and commenced a tour about the place. At the corn crib they halted, Spencer and Miss Harmon dropping to their knees as by common consent.

"The money is buried there!" cried Spencer.

A spade was quickly brought and a few shovels of earth taken from the log foundation and the missing treasure discovered.

Miss Harmon fainted at the shock and was with difficulty revived. The general belief is that Miss Rhoda, who is a somnambulist, had removed the money while asleep from its accustomed receptacle and was in total ignorance of its hiding place.

In Girlhood

There is a great need of motherly watchfulness and care. A growing girl needs all her strength, and if she is nervous and melancholy, and loses appetite there is surely something wrong. This is especially true as the young girl approaches that important period of change when the womanly function is established. Timely care and proper treatment at this period may save much after suffering.



The best medicine for young girls who are nervous, melancholy, and irregular of appetite, is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It cures nervousness, dizziness, and melancholy, promotes the appetite, and gives the body robust health. There is no alcohol in "Favorite Prescription" and it is entirely free from opium, cocaine, and all other narcotics.

"My daughter was troubled with dizziness and constipation and was very nervous for five years," writes Mrs. M. Carter, of 1545 4th Street, N. W., Washington, D. C. "I tried several doctors but they gave her no relief. At times she would eat nothing, had green and purple circles under her eyes, and was melancholy. A woman friend of mine told me to try your 'Favorite Prescription' and 'Pleasant Pellets' which I did. After taking one bottle of each she began to improve and is still improving. People said she looked as though she were going into a decline. She is twelve years old. There are no circles around her eyes now and she is healthy and robust, eats as much as any child, and is growing fatter every day."

Dr. Pierce's Pellets regulate the bowels.

BECOMING STRAINED

Situation In Iron Trade Grows More and More Perplexing.

Due to Phenomenal Demands on Last Half of Year.

Doubtful If Demand Is Warranted By the Requirements.

New York, Feb. 6.—The Iron Age says: The situation in the iron trade is becoming more and more strained and perplexing, owing entirely to the phenomenal demand which is now dealing with the tonnage of the second half of the year, the capacity of the first six months having been taken up in the principal lines. In the strict sense of the word, there is no evidence of speculation; but it is, of course difficult to judge to what extent the freer buying of consumers for the distant future is warranted by known requirements.

Many of the larger interests have been buying freely of pig iron for the second half. We are advised of one lot of foundry iron of 10,000 tons for the Chicago district. There have been purchased round blocks of basic pig in St. Louis and elsewhere, with an inquiry for 10,000 tons from Indiana for the second half. There has been some heavy buying of charcoal iron by car wheel works, a large share of it going to Southern furnaces. There is a large inquiry in the market from cast iron pipe founders, which has only been satisfied to a moderate extent. While prices are not quotably higher because large interests note no change, as a matter of fact the market had advanced and one leading Lehigh company has put up their prices. While some weeks since sellers were willing to make some concessions for delivery during the second half, they are now demanding and getting full prices. The steel market is in a very unsatisfactory state for the smaller rolling mills. It is true that the leading interests have been looking into the question of importing steel, but we cannot learn that anything has been done. Further sales of foreign steel billets have taken place and negotiations for additional quantities are pending.

SALISBURY

Discusses Dutch Note In Tone of Unusual Flippancy.

London, Feb. 6.—Lord Salisbury, the premier, unveiled a life-sized marble statue of the late Queen Victoria at the Junior Constitutional club last night.

Speaking at a dinner after the unveiling, the premier referred to the recent Dutch note in a tone for him of unusual flippancy. He said that doubtless some of his auditors thought it a bit of luck to catch a cabinet minister and extract from him some information concerning that abortive crisis which had lately filled columns in the newspapers. He doubted, however, if they would extract much. For himself, he was unable to imagine the object of the Dutch government, for whose friendly feelings he had the greatest admiration, but he could not see the precise object they hoped to gain by this curious step.

"It was clear that the Dutch," continued Lord Salisbury, "had no authorization from our enemies on the continent, since from the moment this action on the part of the Netherlands government was announced these enemies vied with each other in declaring the Dutch action to be undesired.

"His majesty's government certainly knew nothing of the genesis of this movement. The fact that such a step was taken, however, reminds me that we have arrived at a condition of things, which, in a critical period of this character, always occurred, a period when there would be many persons attempting to bring numerous people of different views together, and when there would be many suggestions which it would be neither easy nor desirable to notice."

The premier explained that his only reason for alluding to such things was that a time was coming when the people must think more of the suggestions of their intelligence and less of the suggestions of their emotions.

"There is no longer any question of sentiment," continued Lord Salisbury, "We have entered upon a matter of business which we must push through. What we are now seeking is security. Any peace which recognzes fully the rights of the sovereign and gives us security for the empire, we should not accept, only with willingness but with delight."

DISCARDED BY HEIRESS.

Lucky Matrimonial Escape For an American Girl.

Berlin, Feb. 6.—Deprived of his expected dowry because he was found to be an undesirable suitor, Lieut. Carl von Stutterrheim, a former German infantry officer, has begun proceedings against Miss Lillian Middleton, an American heiress, who is temporarily resident with her mother in Berlin.

Von Stutherrheim seeks by this action to compel Miss Middleton to pay his debts contracted by him in anticipation of winning the heiress' hand and fortune. The police have seized all available assets belonging to Miss Middleton, consisting of her wardrobe and jewelry.

Miss Middleton's mother broke the engagement when she discovered the lieutenant's unsavory past and learned that he had been discharged from the army. Von Stutherrheim confessed that he expected to support his wife out of his winnings on the race track.

It has been ascertained that the ex-lieutenant employed detectives to investigate Miss Middleton's finances and subsequently attempted to purchase a diamond necklace on the strength of the engagement. Miss Middleton belongs to a prominent New York family. Her father, who died recently, was a wealthy merchant, who did a large business with Japan.

PRINCE'S SAFETY

Will Be Carefully Looked After on Every Occasion.

A Select List of Guests Will Attend the Launching.

Naval Militia Will Form Special Guard For Prince.

New York, Feb. 6.—Wallace W. Downey, member of the firm which is building Emperor William's yacht, has returned from a conference with President Roosevelt. The president is said to have asked particularly about the arrangements as to the crowds at the launching. He is said to have told Mr. Downey that Prince Henry is to be the guest of the nation, and that the nation will be responsible for his safety. For that reason great care is imperative in editing the list of guests and seeing that no one not vouched for by a responsible person shall be permitted to attend. Mr. Downey has had charge of all the arrangements for the launching, and all the invitations are to be sent from his office. Lists are to be furnished him by the German embassy, the president and Mayor Low. In addition to names on these lists the firm will invite a number of friends and fellow shipbuilders. It was to prevent a too wide distribution of courtesies that the authorities have been careful to restrict the number of invited guests. Every name must be revised by the secret service bureau at Washington. No name not vouched for in the most satisfactory manner will be allowed to remain on the list.

The New York naval militia, 500 strong, will act as special guard for the prince and the president at the launching. It will be formed in a double line from the pier on which the prince, president and the launching party will land; and through the line party will march to the launching stage to be erected under the bow of the Meteor.

A large force of secret service men from Washington, central office men and policemen in uniform also will be on duty. A squad of secret service men, representing all foreign nations, also will be present to see that no crank is permitted to get near the prince. These latter officials, the leading men in their line of work in the greatest European capitals, will, it is stated, accompany the prince on his tour of the country.

Reports of much interest will be made today at the regular meeting of the chamber of commerce, when the various committees charged with the reception of Prince Henry will tell what has been done.

Elaborate preparations are being made for the decoration of the Metropolitan Opera house on the night of the gala performance in honor of the prince. A sub-committee is preparing a scheme of decoration which will make the auditorium appear like a bower. The colors of Germany will be conspicuously displayed in all parts of the house. The plans call for the expenditure of many thousands of dollars.

NOYES' CASE.

Attorney General Knox Gives a Preliminary Hearing.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Attorney General Knox today gave a preliminary hearing in the case of Judge Noyes of the United States court for the Nome district of Alaska, who recently was convicted of contempt by the United States court of appeals at San Francisco. The attorney general has the record of the court under consideration and it is expected that within a week or two he will advise the president as to whether Judge Noyes has been guilty of such offenses while judge in Alaska as to render his further service in that capacity undesirable and if so, whether the offenses were of so grave a character as to warrant his removal. There were present at today's hearing Mr. McLaughlin, counsel for Judge Noyes; Mr. Ralston and Mr. Brewster, representing the Wild Goose Mining company, which was a party to the trial at San Francisco, and Mr. Frost.

E. S. Pillsbury, who represented the court in the proceedings, is in the city, but was not present today and the attorney general suggested the advisability of not going into the hearing without first giving him an opportunity to be present. All parties acquiesced in this suggestion and the hearing was postponed until Feb. 8.

LUCKY MAN.

A Laundry Driver Inherits $150,000 From an Uncle.

Owensboro, Ky., Feb. 6.—Warren M. Dent, a driver for the Morganfield steam laundry, has received notification from Glasgow, Scotland, that his uncle, Warren W. Dent, who died there the 6th of the month, left him by his will his entire fortune of $150,000. Dent is 30 years old and has worked industriously as a laundry wagon driver for some time.

He is happy over his good fortune, but he expected it at his uncle's death. He said that about the first of this year, he had a letter from his uncle in which he stated that he was now old and infirm and could not live long, and that he made his will, leaving him everything he had. He said his uncle, who was somewhat eccentric, advised him in the letter not to marry and never to have anything to do with women.

Dent's parents came from Scotland to Mississippi, where he was born. His mother died in Memphis of yellow fever and his father was a shipbuilder and went to Michigan, where he died. He says when a baby he was stolen by a woman woman who took him to Texas, where he stayed until he was 14 years old, since which time he has worked for himself.

He at once becomes the richest man in Morganfield, and has more money than is embraced by the capital stock of both banks there.

Nature is the Best Doctor!

It is wonderful the provision nature has made for the cure of disease. There are hundreds of gentle acting herbs, roots, flowers, etc., that each cure some certain ailment or disease.

We have a selected stock of herb and botanical remedies that have been prepared by a scientific man of over thirty years' experience in treating sickness with these kind of remedies.

They are not expensive and it will cost nothing to come and talk matters over with us. Address or call
THE HERBAQUEEN CO.,
319 First Avenue East.

HAS A HOODOO

Hard Luck of the Hyde Family Has Continued.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—Mrs. Sarah Hyde, her daughter, Mrs. Thomas Phillips, and her 19-year-old son, a cripple, were sent to West Superior Tuesday night at the expense of the city. These were the last of the unfortunate Hydes who came to Minneapolis from St. Louis four months ago and whose case was the most pitiful ever brought to the notice of the poor department. A sister of Mrs. Phillips at West Superior has rented a house for her relatives and will see to it that they have shelter and food until the family is able to get on its feet again.

Last October the Hyde family, consisting of father, mother, two daughters and the husband of one of them, and the crippled son, reached Minneapolis, having traveled overland in an emigrant's wagon from St. Louis. They were without money and unable to procure work or a home, and were living in their wagon near the city. They were suffering from want of food and proper shelter and were driven to seek aid from the poor department. John Hyde, the father, said that a Minneapolis man in St. Louis had told them of exceptional chances for the laboring man in this city, and had induced them to sell out and make the trip.

The 18-year-old girl daughter, the only one able to work, was sent back to St. Louis, where a position in a soap factory had been offered her. She expected to be able to send money to her destitute father and mother and the crippled brother, but she had been there only a short time when placed under quarantine, in which helpless position she remained for a month. In the meantime the father had found a place to work, but misfortune followed him, too. A board fell and he was knocked from a scaffold on which he was working. He sustained several broken ribs, and a friend in St. Paul consented to furnish him a place to live until he regained his health and strength. Then his wife fell and broke out several of her teeth and received other injuries. Mr. Phillips, the son-in-law, recovering from illness, secured work in the woods, and it is to him that the family now look for support. The boy is not able to do manual labor and has not the education to do any other kind of work. During the past three months the family has been dependent upon the city for support.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.
S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

CURES WEAK MEN FREE.

Send Name and Address Today---You Can Have It Free and Be Strong and Vigorous for Life.



INSURES LOVE AND A HAPPY HOME.

How any man may quickly cure himself after years of suffering from sexual weakness, lost vitality, night losses, varicocele, etc., and enlarge small weak organs to full size and vigor. Simply send your name and address to Dr. A. W. Knapp, 783 Hull building, Detroit, Mich., and he will gladly send the free receipt with full directions so that any man can cure himself at home. This is certainly a most generous offer and the following extracts taken from his daily mail show what men think of his generosity:

"Dear Sir—Please accept my sincere thanks for yours of recent date. I have given your treatment a thorough test and the benefit has been extraordinary. It has completely braced me up. I am just as vigorous as when a boy and you cannot realize how happy I am."

"Dear Sir—Your method worked beautifully. Results were exactly what I needed. Strength and vigor have completely returned and enlargement is entirely satisfactory."

"Dear Sir—Yours was received and I had no trouble in making use of the receipt as directed, and can truthfully say it is a boon to weak men. I am greatly improved in size, strength and vigor."

All correspondence is strictly confidential, mailed in plain, sealed envelope. The receipt is free for the asking and he wants every man to have it.

FORTUNE

Is Now Awaiting a Missing Girl at St. Joseph, Mo.

St. Joseph, Mo., Feb. 6.—If Harriet Tracy can be found a fortune of $100,000 will be turned over to her. She is now 18 years old, and may be known by the name of Harriet Rivers, as that is the name of her adopted parents.

When the girl was an infant her mother died, and her father, A. L. Tracy, was unable to care for her. She was taken by Miss Mary Cull, who kept her several months. Father Ignatius Donnelly, who is now in a monastery in Arkansas, was a priest here then, and the families lived in his parish. He told Tracy to take the child from Miss Cull and give her to Frank Rivers and his wife.

Rivers was at that time a shoemaker, but has since become a barber. Both himself and his wife are French Canadians. They went away soon after the child was turned over to them, going to Kansas City, and from there to Chicago. They have lived in St. Louis since they went away, but for ten years no trace has been found of them. It is possible that they have returned to Canada.

Miss Cull did not forget the baby she had kept several months. She has since fallen heir to a fortune, which she desires to leave to the girl she knew and loved as a little child. It is on her account, as well as for the father and brothers of the girl, that the search is being made. Tracy has also become rich since the baby was taken away, and the girl will inherit her share of her father's estate.

An appeal has been made to Father Donnelly, but he will not tell where the child may be found. In the search for the girl a brother of Rivers has been found, but he says he knows nothing of the whereabouts of the missing girl. The brother is Dennis Rivers, employed in Tilt's shoe factory in Chicago. A photograph of the girl, taken when she was 10 months old, is the only one the family has of her. Her brothers and Miss Cull are making the search and they believe the girl is still living.

WHEAT DIRECT TO SWEDEN.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 6.—The steamer Matilda has been chartered by Kerr, Gifford & Co., of this city to carry 600 tons of choice milling wheat from Tacoma direct to Stockholm. This will be the first shipment of wheat from the Northwest direct to Sweden.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail, 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



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Sold in Duluth by S. F. BOYCE, Druggist, 830 West Superior Street.

WHEAT IS STRONGER

Market Started Out Shade Lower But Sold Up.

Cables Easy, Favorable Crop Reports and Light Receipts.

Trading Was Fairly Active on the Duluth Board.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 6.—The wheat market showed more strength this morning, although the news from the outside was somewhat bearish. The cables were slightly easy and the reports in regard to the growing crops were favorable. On the other hand, the receipts were small. A strong sentiment prevailed, however, and prices advanced from the opening figures.

The Liverpool market declined ¼d. Paris was 8c lower to unchanged. Antwerp was unchanged.

Primary receipts were 350,000 bus; last year, 456,000 bus. Shipments, 161,000 bus; last year, 257,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated, 121,000 bus.

Corn in the Chicago market advanced ¼c and oats ⅜@½c. Primary receipts of corn were 692,000 bus; last year, 650,000. Shipments, 252,000 bus; last year, 282,000 bus. Clearances were 5800 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 217 cars, and at Chicago, a total of 218 cars, against 341 last week and 337 last year.

Trading in wheat was fairly active on the Duluth board and the market strong-er. May opened a shade lower at 75⅞c, sold up to 76⅝c at 10:05; a few moments later it sold at 76¼@76⅜c, and then advanced to 76⅝@76¾c at 10:52, selling at 76⅝c at 11:15.

From there it declined to 76¼c at 11:40, rallied to 76⅝c at 11:48 and closed at 76¼c, an advance of ¼@⅝c. Chicago advanced ⅜@⅛c, and Minneapolis, ½c.

Cash prices continue without variation at 2½c under May for No. 1 northern, 3c under for No. 2, and 7c under for No. 3. A fair amount is coming in. Sales were 35,000 bus.

Flax was very steady, opening ¼c off at $1.75, selling at $1.75¼ and declining to $1.75. It steadied there until near the close when it weakened and closed at $1.74½. This was a decline of ¾c. Cash and to arrive flax declined ½c.

Corn advanced ½c and oats ¼c.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 northern, 76c; No. 2 northern, 71½c; No. 3 spring, 69½c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 77c; No. 1 northern, 76c; May, 76¾c; July, 77¾c. Minneapolis, No. 1 northern, cash, 72½c; May, 75c; No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 40¼c. Rye, 56c. Barley, 49@58c. Corn, 62c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and February, $1.71½; May, $1.74½.

Cars inspected—Wheat 79; last year, 11; oats, 1; barley, 3; flax, 30.

Receipts—Wheat, 18,392; oats, 1644; barley, 3846; flax, 31,486. Shipments—Wheat, 2727; corn, 11,032; oats, 1562; flax, 7154.

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REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 2 cars..... $0.73½
No. 1 northern, 2500 bus 73¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 73½
No. 2 northern, 12 cars 71¾
No. 2 northern, 1 car 70⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 71
No. 2 northern, 1 cars 71⅞
Rejected, 1 car 69⅝
No. 1 car No. 3..... 69½
Flax, 1 cars rush 1.72½
Flax, 1200 bus to arrive 1.72½
Flax, 1 car rejected 1.69½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Trade Quiet, Speculation of Non-Committal Sort.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Speculation at the opening of the grain markets today, was of the non-committal sort. Trade was very quiet. What there was of the meagre news influenced traders toward the selling side. May wheat opened ⅛c lower to unchanged at 75⅞c to 75¾c, on slightly easy cables, some selling and favorable reports of growing crops. Early sales for May were at low as 75@75⅛c. At this price covering was protable to many of the crowd and gradually, as a number of buying orders were executed, May reacted. The sentiment seemed to undergo a change and May sold at 75c. The weather though moderating, still retards the interior movement seriously. Local receipts today were limited to one car; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 217 cars, a total for the three points of only 218 cars, against 341 last week and 337 a year ago.

Revival of the export demand and British advices from St. Louis and Kansas City with a slightly better cash situation, helped May wheat up to 75¼c. The close was firm, ⅜@⅝c higher at 75⅝@75¾c.

Early conditions in corn indicated a dull day. There was no important news, and trade took on no features early. May opened ¼c to ⅜c down at 43c to 43⅞c with wheat. The cables were slightly lower, but did not show as much decline as was registered here yesterday. The southwest was selling to some extent and commission houses had selling orders. The weather conditions favored lighter feeding, but retarded the movement to such an extent that today's receipts were only 20 cars. Predictions also were for colder weather soon. Under such influence May fluctuated very narrowly and at the end of the first hour was at 42¾c.

Corn had a small upturn in price with wheat. May selling up late to 43⅜@½c and closed firm, ⅜c higher at 43⅝c.

Oats were fairly well supported at the opening. May started unchanged to a shade lower, at 44c to 43⅞c on the early bearish feeling in other pits. Business was dull, but prices held and May later sold to 44⅛c. Receipts were only 41 cars.

Provisions were quiet but better prices at the yards caused pork to sell up at the opening. Later fluctuations were narrow with fractional declinations on selling. May pork opened 5c higher at $15.90, and lost the gain; May lard started a shade up at $9.47½, and May ribs a shade higher, at $8.47½@8.50, and sold off 2½c.

Close: Wheat—February, 75¾c; May, 75¾@¾c; July, 76⅝@¾c. Corn—February, 60¾c; May, 63¾c; July, 63¼c; September, 62¼c. Oats—February, 43⅜@¾c; May, 44¾@¾c; July, 38¾c; September, 32¾c. Pork—February, $15.90; May, $16.02½; July, $16.10. Lard—February, $9.40; May, $9.55; July, $9.65. Ribs—February, $8.45; May, $8.57½; July, $8.676. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.73; Southwestern, $1.70; May, $1.76. Rye—February, 58¾c; May, 61¼c; July, 60¾c. Barley—Cash, 59@64c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $9.40. Cash: Wheat

Main Office—227 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—326 West Superior St.

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—No. 2 red, 84@85c; No. 3 red, 79@84½c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@78c; No. 3 hard winter, 75@77c; No. 1 northern spring, 76@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@77c; No. 3 spring, 72@75c. Corn—No. 3, 59½@59¾c. Oats—No. 2, 45@45¼c; No. 3, 44¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

A. D. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—Liverpool shows the greatest premium above our markets in a long time. The supplies of wheat in the United States are ample, there is no question of shortage. It is purely a question of price. There does not seem to be a great deal just now to make the market active. Fluctuations are not likely to be wide. Winter wheat is all covered. Sentiment pretty generally bearish. Think May wheat around 77c low enough.

Corn—Of late corn advances, while some of the leading traders here buy it freely. When they stop, the market declines. I think it will sell lower. Believe it a sale on all rallies.

* * *

Price Current: Snow covers wheat. Condition unchanged, fair to good, but unusually susceptible to future weather conditions. Interior grain offerings light.

* * *

J. F. Harris, Chicago: Our English correspondent writes under date of Jan. 24: "The season here and in France is so far very favorable and holders are becoming discouraged. By the time you get this letter white wheat will be arriving and will continue in a fairly steady stream, trade will have to deal with actual wheat to be ground and not merely on passage."

* * *

Topeka, Kan.: Secretary Coburn, of the Kansas state bureau says: "So far as we have any advices, the condition of the growing wheat is all that could be desired. Outlook Feb. 1 never more promising. Increase in acreage about 12 per cent, or an area now of about 5,000,000 acres. Much of it under five to twelve inches of snow, which means present good and future promise. Unofficially, it is said farmers have 35,000,000 bus of old wheat.

* * *

A Topeka message on Secretary Coburn's report on growing winter wheat says: "The next winter wheat crop will be less 100,565,381 bus and estimate 35,000,000 bus old wheat in bins of the farmers."

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	....75⅞B	74⅛-¼	77⅝-¾	83⅝-¼
High	....76⅝B	74⅝	78¼	83⅞-¾
Low	....75⅞B	74⅛-¼	77⅝	83⅝
Close	....76¼B	74⅜	78⅜-¼B	84A
July—				
Open	....76⅜B	75¼	77⅝@78	83⅝B
High	....77⅛B	75⅝	78½	83¾
Low	....76⅜B	75¼	77⅞	83⅝B
Close	....77⅜B	75⅞	78⅜-½	83⅝A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	....44@43⅞-44	63@62⅞	$15.95
High	....44⅝-½	63⅝-½	16.02½
Low	....43⅞-44	62⅝	15.85
Close	....44⅜-½	63⅜B	16.02

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 6.—Wheat—Spot, 2 red winter steady, 6s 2d; 1 northern spring quiet, 6s 1d; 1 California steady, 6s 3d. Futures quiet; March, 6s 1d; May, 6s 2d. Corn—Spot quiet; American mixed new, 5s 4d; American mixed old, 5s 5½d. Futures quiet; February, 5s 3¼d; March, 5s 3¼d; May, 5s 3⅝d.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—There was a much firmer tone to the wheat market today and although small gains made one or two efforts to cover before the end of the session and close was firm 1c per bushel higher than last night. Foreign markets were generally steady and there was a much better demand at the seaboard for export. Country movement in the Northwest as well as in the Southwest continues light and we are inclined to look for another large decrease in the visible supply again this week. Liverpool reported their market steady, ¼d lower in sympathy with our weak closing last night. Continental markets were generally quiet. There was a fairly good demand for cash wheat here by local millers, but offerings were very light. Minneapolis reported flour demand there continues dull. Seaboard reported good business done there last yesterday and today for export, and we are inclined to think foreigners will buy more freely, provided our market holds steady. Weather throughout the winter wheat belt continues favorable. Trade was fairly large, but mostly all of a local professional character. Local shorts were the best buyers, while the Southwest were good sellers. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 350 cars.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market after ruling firm early owing to very light country offerings and predictions of colder weather for tomorrow, later declined ⅜c per bus on selling by local bears, but shortly before the end of the session the market rallied and closed firm, ¼c per bus higher than last night. There was a much better cash demand here for what little corn there was offering and prices were relatively ¼c per bus better than yesterday. Kansas City reported somewhat better demand there. Foreign markets were steady. Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day. Crop reports from the Argentine continue unfavorable and there was some long corn bought in this market today for Rosario account. With the country movement so light, practically nothing, and prospect of decided improvement in the cash demand we cannot see how prices can decline but expect a steady general advance. Of course local bears can depress the market temporarily by sales of wind but it will take actual corn to bring about a permanent decline and this is not in sight yet in fact as we said before whatever corn the farmers have which can only be a moderate quantity they will undoubtedly keep until the prospects for the next crop are assured. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 65 cars.

Trade in oats was light today, but the market ruled firmer on covering by shorts and in sympathy with corn. May closed ⅜c. July ¼c higher than last night. Country offerings continue very light, practically nothing, while there was a better cash demand with prices for car lots ½c higher than yesterday. The general situation looks strong and with country movements so extremely light we cannot see how prices can decline in fact we look for them to advance materially. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 55 cars.

Provisions opened strong on less hogs than expected, and higher prices at the yards. The market ruled dull but steady the last hour when an advance took place, closing with good gains for the day. Several local shorts covered freely and the sharp rally in grain stimulated the bulls. At the advance there was very heavy selling by packers and local longs. Hogs tomorrow, 30,000.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Cattle—Receipts, 10,000, including 1000 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.60; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows, $1.25@5.25; heifers, $2.50@5.50; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.50@4.00; calves, $3.00@7.50; Texas steers, $4.00@5.50. Hogs—Receipts, today, 37,000; tomorrow, 30,000; left over 3976; strong to 5c higher; mixed and butchers, 5.90@6.35; good to choice heavy $6.30@6.60; rough heavy, $5.00@6.25; light, $5.75@6.10; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.35. Sheep—Receipts, 12,000; sheep, strong to 10c higher; lambs, steady to 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4.00@5.30; fair to choice mixed, $3.80@4.60; Western sheep, $4.25@5.65; native lambs, $3.50@6.35; Western lambs, $5.00@6.30. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 16,581; hogs, 35,178; sheep, 15,517. Shipments—Cattle, 3384; hogs, 4179; sheep, 851.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 74⅝c to 74⅞-75c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 75¼c bid to 74⅞-75c.
Curb, May wheat, 74⅞c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 6.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 74c to 74½c; May, 74⅜c; July, 75⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; 1 northern, 74@74½c; 2 northern, 73@73½c.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—Butter, firm: creamery, 16@26½c; dairy, 15@21c. Cheese, steady; cheddars, 9¾@10c; twins, 10¼@10½c; daisies, 10⅜c; young Americas, 11@11¼c. Eggs, strong, at mark, cases included, 27c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 6.—Butter—Receipts, 4211 packages, firm; state dairy, 15@25c; state creamery, 20@26c; June creamery, 16@23c; renovated, 19@23c; factory, 14@22c. Cheese—Receipts, 715 packages; firm; state full cream, small early made, fancy colored, 11½@11¾c; state full cream, small early made, fancy white, 11¼@11½c; large early made, colored, 10¾c; large early made, white, 10¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 4703 packages; weaker, state and Pennsylvania, 28@29c; Western at mark, 28c; Southern at mark, 27½c.

MARDI GRAS.

New Orleans Carnival Opens Formally With Ball of Momus.

New Orleans, Feb. 6.—The carnival of 1902 which socially has been in progress for three weeks past actually opens tonight with the parade and ball of Momus. The city is already well filled with strangers, and the railroads report that the travel from now until Tuesday will be heavy. The weather today was threatening, but there is a prospect of a clear night for the pageant which promises to be of great splendor. The annual arrival of Rex occurs on Monday, and among those who will assist in the reception will be the Burgesse corps of New York. Pretus has his pageant on Monday evening. The Rex procession takes place on Tuesday. The Comus pageant on that evening and balls by Comus and Rex will close the carnival. Many distinguished people from various parts of the country have reserved rooms at the hotels, and will be here to enjoy the festivities.

AGAINST CO-EDUCATION.

The Question Is Arousing Interest at Columbia.

New York, Feb. 6.—The first evidence of student interest in the question of co-education at Columbia university was sounded by an editorial which appeared in the Columbia Spectator, the undergraduate newspaper, which protests in no uncertain terms against the use of the swimming pool by women students. The editorial, which occasioned a great deal of discussion at the university, reads in part as follows:

"An announcement that the gymnasium swimming pool will be opened on Wednesday evenings for women calls for comment. We believe that student sentiment is directly against such action not from any spirit of selfishness, but merely for a regard for Columbia tradition. Columbia is not a coeducational institution, though certain school for women have recently been included in the university, they were for good and sufficient reasons located at a distance from the campus. The constant presence of women students on the campus and their admission to such buildings as the gymnasium is a bar to that spirit of cordial fraternity that is one of the pleasantest characteristics of life at college."

OPPOSITION GAINS

A Seat In Parliament From County Down.

Dublin, Feb. 6.—The election for parliament in the East division of County Down, to succeed Dr. J. A. Rentoul, Conservative, (elected without opposition in 1900), who was recently appointed a judge of the city of London, has resulted as follows: James Wood (land purchase candidate), 3576; Col. R. H. Wallace, (Unionist), 3429; Wood's majority, 147. The result is that the opposition gains a seat in parliament.

NOVELTY

In Dinner Will Mark Dedication of New Laboratory.

New York, Feb. 6.—The dedication tonight of the new leboratory of engineering, presented by Andrew Carnegie to the Stevens Institute of technology of Hoboken, will be attended by a novel feature in the shape of a dinner. The tables will be set to represent iron works in full blast. Oysters will be served from an open hearth furnace, cakes will be baked in miniature Bessemer converters and the punch will be drawn from a roaring blast furnace.

Around the table will be laid a tiny track on which will be run trucks filled with "steel ingots" and "railroad spikes" of bread. The ice cream will be in the form of "T" rails.

At the conclusion of the dinner President Henry S. Morton, on behalf of the Alumni association of the institute, will present Mr. Carnegie with a piece of the first "T" rail ever made.

THREE CORPSES FOUND.

New York, Feb. 6.—Three corpses, probably of sailors, lost in the storm of last Sunday night, have been recovered in the last twenty-four hours on Long Island coast.

HAVE A NEW GAME.

New York, Feb. 6.—Ping-Pong, the new game, has invaded the National Sporting club, says a London dispatch to the Herald, and in a set of five games just played between two stock brokers, $10,000 changed hands.

ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Market Opened Strong and Continued So During Session.

The Upturn Turn In Southern Pacific Was Continued.

Close Was Rather Irregular But Broad and Active.

New York, Feb. 6.—There was a very active demand for a number of stocks which were favorites in yesterday's speculation. Metropolitan jumped 2¾ and the other local tractions were strong in sympathy. Northwest rose 1½ on the transfer of 1,000 shares and United States Express opened up 1¾. There was very large absorption of United States Steel stocks and of Southern Pacific, but their advance were fractional. Amalgamated Copper ran off after opening upo tractional. The market became feverish and yielding, Amalgamated Copper and the Tractions leading the reaction. Metropolitan and Sugar fell back to yesterday's close, and Amalgamated over a point under. Southern Pacific and recently prominent specialties rose strongly, but the movement was very uneven. The advance reached 2¼ in Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie, ½ in C. C. & St. L., 2¾ in Illinois Central, 2 in Lake Erie & Western, and a point or over in Southern Pacific, Canadian Pacific, Baltimore & Ohio, Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis, New York Central, New York Central, Wheeling & Lake Erie and Consolidated Gas. Lackawanna declined 1¾. The grangers, Pacifics and United States Steel fell back, some of them falling below last night and pulled back Southern Pacific, and checked the upward tendency elsewhere. The market hardened again before 11 o'clock.

Buying developed at several new spots while there was selling at other points, notably in Sugar and Amalgamated Copper. Penn. was prominent in the rise and its gain of 1¾ was re-enforced by similar or larger gains in Toledo, St. Louis & Western, and Rock Island. Southwestern stocks rose 2¾ and 2¼ respectively for the common and preferred and Illinois Central touched 140½. Lackawanna fell about a point further and American Express and United States Express were also a point lower. The tone of the market was rather heavy and dull at noon.

Large buying of Sugar carried it to 125¾ and Amalgamated Copper recovered its decline. United States Express rallied to 2 over last night and Northwest rose 4 in all. St. Paul gained a point and Wheeling & Lake Erie first and second preferred 1½ each. Lackawanna lost 4¾ in all and Distilling preferred reacted a point.

The prominent stocks fell slightly below the best, but there was no pressure of offerings at any point. Third Avenue advanced 6½. St. Paul 4¼, C. C. & St. Louis 3½, Peoria & Eastern 2¾ and Erie second preferred, Canadian Pacific, Western Union, Westinghouse Electric, Canada Southern and C. & T. 1½. United States Express continued its rise to 1¾. Large buying orders were placed in Southern Pacific again and the Pacifics sold at the highest of the day.

The demand slackened but prices were well maintained. Lake Erie & Western moved suddenly up 4 points and the pref-4 and New York Central rose 2. Rock Island preferred 6 on light trading. C. C. & St. L. Island advanced 2½, Denver & Rio Grande prefrred 2, common 2⅜, Iowa Central preferred 2½ and American Express, Chicago, I. & L. preferred, United States Reduction preferred rose to 11½ over last night. There was some realizing, which made the closing rather irregular, but broad and active.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Am. Copper	75	73⅝	74½
Anaconda M. Co.	24½	24	24
Atchison, T. & S. F.	77⅝	77	77⅝
do pfd	97½	97½	97½
Baltimore & Ohio	104⅜	103¾	104@
Brook. Rap. Transit	66⅜	65⅞	66⅜
Chesapeake & Ohio	46¾	46	46
Chicago & Alton	34⅜	33¾	34
Col. F. & I.	86⅝	86	86
Chic. G. W. com.	23¾	23	23¾
Erie com	39¾	39½	39⅝
do 1st pfd	70	69½	69¾
do 2d pfd	57	56¾	57
Louisville & Nashville	104⅞	104½	104⅝
Leather	11⅝	11¼	11⅝
do pfd.	81¼	81	81¼
Manhattan Con.	136	135½	135⅝
Mo. St. P. & S. Ste. M.	44¾	43¾	44⅛
do pfd.	107	105¾	106⅞
Mo. Pacific	103⅝	103	103⅝
New York Central	161¼	162½	163⅝
Norfolk & Western	56⅜	56¼	56⅜
Ontario & Western	34⅞	33⅝	34¼
Pennsylvania Ry.	150⅞	149½	150½
Pacific Mail	45⅜	45½	45⅞
People's Gas	101	100	101
Republic Iron & Steel	17⅞	16⅜	16⅝
do pfd	69⅝	68⅜	68⅜
Reading	57⅝	56⅞	57½
do 1st pfd	82⅜	82¼	82½
do 2d pfd	64½	63¾	64
Rock Island	165¼	163¾	165¼
Southern Ry.	33¼	32⅝	32⅞
do pfd	94⅞	94¾	94¾
Southern Pacific	65⅞	64¾	65⅜
Smelter	47⅝	47	47⅛
do pfd	97⅜	97¾	97¾
Sugar	129¼	127	128½
St. Paul	166¾	164¼	166¾
T. C. and I.	64¼	64	64
Texas Pacific	38¾	38½	38½
Union Pacific	103⅛	102½	102⅞
do pfd	89⅞	89¾	89¾
U. S. Steel	44	43⅞	43⅞
do pfd	93⅞	93⅜	93⅝
Wabash	23¾	23	23¾
do pfd	43⅞	43¾	43⅝
Western Union	91⅝	91	91⅛
Wisconsin Central	21	20½	20½
do pfd	41½	40⅞	41

The total sales were 772,000 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Despite the fact that current dealings continue almost entirely professional, market views are bullish for the bull and the indications are that the big combines will adhere for some time barring serious accident, to their policy of taking up individual stocks and advancing them. Southern Pacific is a case in point and is considered a sure purchase on small reactions as the intention of the pool is to put it above 70 on the present movement. During the period of increased activity in this stock Reading has been neglected. The latter, however, will be taken in hand again, it is said, before long and will be moved up on large earnings in the protracted cold spell. Friends of Mr. Keene say that this operator is as bullish on Reading issues as he is on Southern Pacific. As regards immediate manipulation of the market there is a theory that the big bulls made today the occasion of their demonstration because they feit that circumstances at the close of the week will be less favorable to such efforts. Among the deterrent features expected to materialize then are further gold exports. Some authorities figure that unless there is a decided change in the situation in the meantime enough gold will go out Saturday to bring the total of the week up to $9,000,000. While this prospect may result in a setback in places, it causes no apprehension as the receipts of money from the interior continue liberal and there are strong hopes congress will pass some law which would put an end to the piling up of a large surplus in the treasury.

* * *

Town Topics: We look for a more active and higher market today, bullish sentiment having been stimulated by the advance in the late trading yesterday by confirmation of the report of a new company to take over control of the Metropolitan and, possibly, some of the other traction properties, by the favorable reports of earnings, and by the great activity in the iron trade. The banking interests have come in the market, and greater activity should develop. Southern Pacific is still the bull card, and although it has already had a good advance it will go much higher. The Steel stocks should do better and the preferred is a good purchase. Buy Reading second preferred and hold it. Distillers preferred will hav a further advance, and it will pay to buy Atchison preferred, Baltimore & Ohio, and Union Pacific. Work on the long side of People's Gas. A further rally in Copper is expected and certain interests are bulling Sugar. Buy Pressed Steel Car and Foundry for profits later on, and hold them both for higher prices.

* * *

Dow-Jones to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The activity and strength in Southern Pacific was a feature, but the rather open buying by brokers usually trading for the pool, caused the belief that the bull account was getting too large and insiders were selling stock. It was thought that a strong effor was being made by influential holders of Illinois Central to bring thta stock more on a level with other issues, making the same or a smaller return. Chicago buying was reported in St. Paul. It was thought that the Vanderbilt pool advanced New York Central to help their operations elsewhere.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 6.—Coppers were exceedingly dull today and without feature. No news and nothing worth commenting on.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22½	23
Allouez	3¼	3⅝
Anaconda	33½	34½
Arcadian	5¾	6¼
Amalgamated	74⅝	74¾
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed		25
Atlantic	27	28
Baltic	39¾	40
Bingham	23½	24⅜
Phoenix	4	4¼
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	620	630
Centennial	12⅝	13¼
Copper Range	59¾	60
Cochita	60c	75c
Dominion Coal	69½	69⅝
Elm River	2⅞	3
Franklin	15	15⅞
Humboldt		50
Isle Royale	22½	23½
Mass	18⅝	19
Michigan	11¼	11½
Mohawk	35¾	36
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3	4
Old Dominion	23	23½
Osceola	84½	85½
Parrot	32	33
Quincy	140	144
Rhode Island	2¾	3
Santa Fe	3⅝	3¾
Tamarack	257	263
Tecumseh		2
Trimountain	73	74
Utah	25	25½
United States	17¼	17½
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	51	52
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	$1.00	$1.50

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow, Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.—At the metal exchange 13c was bid for lake copper, but 13¼c was the lowest offered. The same quantity of electric was offered at 13c and the same quantity of castings at 12c. The best bid for lake after the close was 12¾c and there was no bid for electric.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 6.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 to 4 points higher on firm Liverpool cables, light receipts and bullish reports from southern spot markets. Short covering sent March up to 8.34, May 8.24 and July to 8.26, around which figures the commission house contingent sold freely. A feature of fluctuations was the closing of the breech between March and Map options, selling at 8.24.

Spot closed steady, middling uplands, 8 7-16; ditto gulf, 8 11-16. Sales, 213 bales. Futures closed steady: February, 8.20; March, 8.24; April, 8.25; May, 8.24; June, 8.26; July, 8.26; August, 8.13; September, 7.86; October, 7.81.

TO DEATH.

Sultan's Brother-in-Law Sentenced While Safe In Paris.

Constantinople, Feb. 6.—The sultan's brother-in-law, Damad Mahmud Pasha, has been sentenced to death. Mahmud has long been prominent in the young Turk movement, and was recently expelled from Greece at the behest of the sultan. Mahmud went to Rome and the sultan requested his expulsion from Italy. It was refused, but Mahmud proceeded to Paris, where he remains in safety. All the sultan's blandishments failed to induce him to return to Turkey, so the criminal court was instructed to issue a warrant for Mahmud's arrest and to try the fugitive by default. The result was that he was condemned to death.

HILL AND DODGE

Elected Directors of Equitable Life Assurance Society.

New York, Feb. 6.—James J. Hill and Marcellus Hartley Dodge have been elected directors of the Equitable Life Assurance society. Mr. Dodge is the grandson and heir of Marcellus Hartley, who expired suddenly at a directors' meeting. He is a student at Columbia university.

YUKI LANGUAGE

Is to Be Preserved By Means of Phonograph.

Berkeley, Cal., Feb. 6.—A young chief of the Yuki tribe of Indians is on his way from Mendocino county to the University of California in order to help the ethnologists to record the manners, customs and beliefs of his people. He is a full blooded Yuki, but speaks and writes English fluently. At one time the Yukis were the fiercest Indians in California. The language of the tribe will be recorded and preserved in the university by means of the phonograph.

SENT TO FIELD.

Boers to Have Copies of Dutch Note.

London, Feb. 6.—In the house of commons today Mr. Balfour, the government leader, announced that copies of the correspondence exchanged between the government of The Netherlands and the government of Great Britain on the subject of peace in South Africa, had been mailed to Lord Milner, governor of the transvaal and Orange River colonies, who was instructed to ask Lord Kitchener to communicate the contents to the Boer leaders in the field.

PHELAN APPEARS.

Washington, Feb. 6.—James D. Phelan, recently mayor of San Francisco, and one of the California commissioners appointed to represent the state in favor of the Chinese exclusion bill, appeared before the house ways and means committee today.



LAST DAY!

Friday 10 p. m., Feb. 7

Get in your subscription. All stock advanced to 25 cents per share after this day and date.

Shares Now 10c Each.

Until closing day. Well down 900 feet. You will have to hurry.

$10.00 buys 100 shares
$25.00 buys 250 shares
$50.00 buys 500 shares
$100 buys 1000 shares
$200 buys 2000 shares
$500 buys 5000 shares

Get all you can before advance.

Send all telegrams, communications and remittances immediately to

United States Fuel Oil Company,
144-146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn

LAST DAY, FEB., 7

Articles of Incorporation OF Panton & White COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, whose names are hereto subscribed, do hereby associate ourselves together and agree to be and become a corporation under and by virtue of Title 2 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of 1894 of the state of Minnesota, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end and for that purpose we, the undersigned, do hereby agree to, adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation, that is to say:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be Panton & White Company.

The general nature of the business of the corporation shall be manufacturing, buying, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring, holding, owning, mortgaging, pledging, selling, exchanging, assigning, transferring, or otherwise disposing of, and dealing, investing and trading in, goods, wares and merchandise of every class and description and carrying on and conducting a general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

The corporation shall have power to buy, purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell and convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, demise, or otherwise dispose of, all such real estate as the board of directors of the corporation shall deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of conducting and carrying on its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

If deemed necessary or convenient by the board of directors of the corporation for the purpose of carrying on and conducting its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business, the corporation shall have power to buy, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock, bonds, debentures, negotiable paper or other evidences of indebtedness created or issued by any corporation or corporations, and while the holder of any such stock to exercise all the rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers conferred by the laws of the state of Minnesota, and of the objects and purposes as hereinbefore stated, it is hereby expressly provided that the corporation shall also have the following powers, that is to say:

To do any and all the things herein set forth as objects, purposes, powers, or otherwise, to the same extent and as fully as a natural person might or could do, and in any part of the world, as principal, agent, contractor, trustee or otherwise.

The principal place of transacting the business of the corporation shall be in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of the corporation shall be the first day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) dollars and the same shall be paid in such manner and amounts and at such time and upon such conditions as shall be prescribed by the board of directors of the corporation.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand (125,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming the corporation are as follows, to-wit:

John Panton, Duluth, Minnesota.
William White, Duluth, Minnesota.
Joseph B. Cotton, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five (5) directors, who shall be stockholders of the corporation and a majority of whom shall be residents of the state of Minnesota.

The members of the board of directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation, or at any adjournment thereof, for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The first board of directors of the corporation shall consist of John Panton, William White, Joseph B. Cotton, Neis N. Ole and Edward A. De

RISING BREAST

And many other painful and serious ailments from which most mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "Mother's Friend." This great remedy is a God-send to women, carrying them through their most critical ordeal with safety and no pain. No woman who uses "Mother's Friend" need fear the suffering and danger incident to birth; for it robs the ordeal of its horror and insures safety to life of mother and child, and leaves her in a condition more favorable to speedy recovery. The child is also healthy, strong and good natured. Our book "Motherhood," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by addressing application to Bradfield Regulator Co. Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

MARINE NEWS.

Lights and Fog Signal Recommended By Lake Carriers.

At a conference in Cleveland between members of the Lake Carriers' association committee on aids and navigation and representatives of the Shipmasters' association new lights and fog signals were recommended as follows:

Rauleaux ranges at Point aux Pins; eight gas buoys in the straight channel at Toledo, four on each side of the channel; gas buoy in the river near Craig's shipyard and a buoy near Presque isle; range lights on Point Edward near the mouth of the St. Clair river; gas buoy at the lower end of St. Clair canal cut on the east bank; three gas buoys to mark the American channel at Slag island, St. Clair river; two gas buoys to mark the St. Clair middleground; elevation of the beacons and range lights at St. Clair flats from the canal to Harson's island.

Lake Superior—Fog whistle at Michigan island; a lighthouse and fog whistle at Rock of Ages near the western end of Isle Royale; fog whistle at Sand island, and gas buoy to mark the channel in St. Mary's river near the Dark hole.

Lake Michigan—Gas buoy an Manhattan shoal near Death's Door, North Graham shoal, Hog island reef, Driscoe shoal in Green bay, South Fox Island shoal, Boulder shoal south of Gull island, Major shoal in the straits of Mackinac, Garden island shoal; permanent lighthouse and fog whistle on Racine reef; light and fog signal on outer waterworks crib off Chicago harbor.

For Lake Erie a light and fog signal at Point Albino and gas buoys for Seneca and Waverly shoals near Buffalo were recommended.

SEVERAL IMPORTANT CHANGES.

The supervising inspectors of steam vessels have completed their annual session in Washington. Several important changes were made in the regulations affecting traffic on the lakes. One provides that hereafter when a steamer and consort come to anchor a red light must be placed at both the bow and the stern of the consort, so that other vessels will have a warning not to run over the towline and foul the wheel. Another is that in case of danger the signal shall be not "several short whistles," but "five or more." Another change is to allow the local inspectors to examine at lake ports lake engineers who desire a license for ocean vessels instead of going to an ocean port for the examination.

PORT COLBORNE HARBOR.

Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 6.—The interest in the harbor improvement at Port Colborne felt on this side of the lake is very great, yet it does not seem possible that anything contemplated there can do more than spur our people on to taking care of the Buffalo-New York route. A Buffalo dredger states that the work on the new breakwater at Port Colborne will not be finished for two seasons to come, and he does not believe it will be in that time. When completed there will be twenty-two feet of water in the outer harbor, protected by a crib breakwater that extends westward from a short distance outside the present piers 5700 to shallow water. All this work is necessary to insure the stopping of loaded vessels there in stormy weather; otherwise they would be obliged to pass on to Buffalo and the Canadian route would suffer. All of which may spur Buffalo on to deepening the inner harbor here as it should be.

MARINE COOKS' UNION.

Niels N. Peterson, a cook from Milwaukee, who is making a tour of the lakes instituting cooks' unions, says he has met with great success so far, and at Chicago, Buffalo, Ashtabula, Cleveland, Toledo, Detroit, Bay City, Marine City and Port Huron thriving unions have been started. Mr. Peterson says it is not expected that the work can be completed before next winter, but that a good start has been made. One feature of the organization when completed will be shipwreck and death insurance, and it is proposed to provide a $75 funeral fund. Last season wages in this branch of marine labor were $6 a month for first cooks on the big freighters, and $20 to $25 for second cooks. It is said the men are pretty well satisfied with the wages for first cook, but that a better class of assistants could be had if the seconds' wages were increased.

NOTICES TO MARINERS.

Notice has been given that on the opening of navigation, 1902, the color of the two lights at the Grosse isle station will be changed from white to red, without other change. This station is located near the northerly end of Grosse isle, westerly side of the main channel of Detroit river.

On the opening of navigation, 1902, the color of the keeper's dwelling and the towers at this station will be changed from yellowish drab to light straw color with white trimmings. This station is located to the northward and westward of Grassy island, westerly side of the main channel of Detroit river.

At Sacketts harbor light station the color of the red-brick tower and the keeper's dwelling at this station will be changed to white. The station is located on Horse island, southerly side of the entrance to Black River bay, and about one and a third miles westerly of the entrance to Sacketts harbor, easterly end of Lake Ontario.

NO PARDON.

State Board Denies the Petition of the Youngers.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—The state board of pardons, after a long executive session yesterday, denied the petition of Coleman and James Younger for full pardon. The board issued the following statement:

"Application denied for the reason—other considerations aside—that it is premature. The petitioners are on parole by virtue of an act of the legislature, extending the parole system to life convicts, and no decision should be made in this case that cannot be properly followed in other cases. The petitioners have been on parole less than seven months, and we are unwilling to establish a precedent that the releasing of life convicts who have served on parole that length of time, except in cases where the facts be special and extraordinary."

The Youngers, sent to the state prison for life for connection with the Northfield raid, were released on parole after a long fight in their behalf. The pardon board had refused to grant a pardon, and then the legislature passed an act for their benefit permitting the board to parole life convicts. Under this the Youngers were released from prison, where they had served a quarter of a century.

The petition for pardon was filed recently. It was represented that under the parole they were not permitted to leave the state, and they wanted to return to their old home in Missouri. Petitions from all parts of the state poured in for them.

The board of pardons considered the plea of Andrew Tapper, sentenced to hang for the murder of Rosa Mixa, at Chaska, for commutation to imprisonment for life. The board denied the application and Tapper will be hunged Feb. 18.

HAVE POWERS

Boer Delegates Deny the Statement From Great Britain.

The Hague, Feb. 6.—As an outcome of the conferences held here, the Boer delegates have issued a communique thanking the Dutch government for its effort toward bringing about peace in South Africa, and denying the British statement that they have had no instructions from South Africa since March, 1900. The delegates affirm they possess plenary powers still in force, and declare that the reply to Great Britain to the Dutch note proves that the only object of the former country is the extermination of the Boer nation, and is a further obstacle to any idea on the part of the delegation of applying to the British government for safe conducts, or anything else. It is understood that the Boer delegates, with Dr. Leyds, the European representative of the Transvaal, will have another conference with Mr. Kruger today.

It is rumored here that Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch premier, will request the use of the cables in order to sound Mr. Steyn, former president of the Orange Free State, respecting the waiving of independence, and to induce Mr. Steyn and Mr. Schalkburger to issue a proclamation recognizing the right of the delegates in Europe to represent the republics in any negotiations.

Mr. Wessels, in an interview, insisted that there could be no valid negotiations without the concurrence of the Boer delegates in Europe, and, like the other Boer leaders here, he seemed convinced that neither Steyn Schalkberger nor the Boer generals would approach Lord Kitchener with peace proposals.

Making Money In Prison.

A remarkable example of cunning has been unearthed in one of our large prisons. A convict had perfected a die and was making silver dollars, and distributing them through accomplices on the outside. Naturally the officials were very much surprised at the discovery, but no more so than the person who receives a counterfeit article in place of the genuine. It is therefore very important when you ask for Hostetter's Bitters to see that their Private Stamp over the neck is unbroken, if you value your health. For fifty years the Bitters has been recognized as the best health maker in existence, and if you are a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatulency or nervousness, it is because you have never tried it. Try it at once.



We do as we advertise.

Modern dentistry at reasonable prices and no non-graduates employed.

Full Set Best Teeth $10.00

NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN PLATES ARE ORDERED.

Gold Crowns (22-k) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns ... $5.00
Gold Filling up from $1.50
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Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays 10 to 12.

Drs. Johnson & Kaake,

Mesaba Block, 407 W. Superior St.

HUNT FOR TREASURE

The Strange Quest of Mrs. Jason Morrison In Arkansas.

She Caused Half a County to Lose Its Head.

Claimed That the Cherokee Indians Buried It There.

Yellville, Ark., Feb. 6.—Residents of the southern portion of Marion county are deeply interested in the prospect of a second appearance of Mrs. Jason Morrison, formerly Annie McDaniel, a woman who caused half a county to lose its head with her stories of buried treasure and her ability to induce reputable and ordinarily cautious men to separate themselves from their hard-earned dollars. During the past few days Dan Dodson has received a letter in which the woman states that having heard that the water in the Buffalo river is at the lowest point known for many years, she is preparing to return to renew the search for the vast treasure, which she claims was hidden by the Indians during their enforced journey to the Indian territory. She has announced no definite date for her return, but she is expected soon.

The woman's first appearance in Marion county was in February, three years ago. She was a dark skinned, with high cheek bones and straight black hair, appearing to be of Indian parentage. She spent a fortnight in wandering about the country in a mysterious search without giving out any clew to her strange conduct. Then to the family with which she made her home the woman claimed to be a lineal descendant of Tecumseh, the famous Indian chief, and that she was in search of a lost silver mine and a vast amount of treasure that was hidden by the Indians removed from the southern states. The locality in which she was operating was not far from the road over which the Indians had been transported, and the rumors of buried treasure are a part of the legendary history of the southern end of the Ozarks. The location of the treasure was indicated by certain marked trees and rocks and these were known only to herself, being handed down on a chart.

After the story had time to filter through the neighborhood, the woman, who gave her name as Annie McDaniel, announced that she had found the region in which the treasure was hidden. She wanted men to guard the treasure and would hire men at $2 a day for that purpose. When she promised $2 a day for armed men the whole neighborhood proffered their services in the search. J. N. Pennington, a well known resident of the county, was chosen her chief guard. Under him was ten armed men with revolvers and rifles. William Fletcher, Mr. Pennington's son-in-law, was hired to do the cooking for the party. Dan Dodson was chosen to act as foreman over the laborers who were to uncover the treasure. A dozen other men were hired as assistants. A log cabin was erected on the banks of the Buffalo and here the woman dwelt with her retainers.

When she first started to locate the treasure she had a few dollars. These she expended for provisions and for a share in the proceeds other men advanced her money without security. The laborers became imbued with the woman's enthusiasm and none asked for their pay. It was on March 2 that the party went into camp. Within two weeks the party located a promontory on the course of what one writer has termed the most crooked river in the United States. Upon the promontory stood a tall pine tree of great age. Directly across the river a ledge of rocks was found in the river, at this point the river flowed three or four feet deep. Examination of the tree showed an arrow mark pointing toward the river, in the exact line of the ledge of rocks. Across the river lay a huge block of stone, scoured by the rapid current upon which were two arrows crossed. One of these was in an exact line with an imaginary line drawn from the tip of the arrow on the pine tree. The woman then announced that upon a third tier of rock was another arrow, from which another line extended, would locate the treasure at the point of intersection.

Three days' search located the arrow and when the lines were run out it was discovered that the point of intersection lay in the river course, where the water was four feet deep. Just at this period came the spring freshet and the entered wait depleted the party's food. When she intimated her exchequer had also been depleted and that research must be abandoned for the lack of funds, they were forthcoming.

The story of the mysterious search on the Buffalo had become known at the north end of the state, having been taken up by local newspapers and prominent citizens were willing to help. All through the spring the search was continued, men wading in the cold waters of the mountain stream over waist deep, while searching for a cap rock which the woman claimed had been cemented into the top of the excavation. The spring passed quickly, warm weather came and the water of the river lowered. All this time the woman had proved her apparent sincerity by providing all of the provisions needed by the two score of men at work. When she obtained funds she divided most of the money among the most importunate of her assistants. In June the woman announced that she herself had located the caprock and that on a certain night the caprock would be lifted. Additional men were hired to guard and wagons were hired in which the treasure was to be hauled away, and sentinels thrown out around the bend, in which the work was being prosecuted.

The eventful night came. In bright moonlight the women led the march into the river, followed by laborers armed with picks and shovels and all surrounded by a cordon of armed men. Somehow one caprock could not again be located by the woman and after standing about in the water waist deep until after midnight, the search was abandoned. The next day the woman announced her intention to build a dam, which would divert the waters of the river and permit the object of their search to be accomplished.

This time funds came in with a rush most of the larger contributions to the woman's treasury from many well-known residents of the southern portion of the country, excitement was at white heat and it was not safe to announce within hearing of the woman's retainers any doubt of the truth of the story that she was telling. W. R. Jones of Yellville, then running a newspaper and now a real estate broker, was threatened with personal violence because he endeavored to throw cold water upon the scheme through the columns of his newspaper. Scoffers of the hidden treasure spent several days at the scene of operations. Until June 15 no lagging of the enthusiasm of the woman's laborers manifested itself, although some of them say that they became suspicious immediately after the night on which the woman failed to locate the caprock which covered the treasure.

Meanwhile conservative men continued to ridicule the men engaged in the search and disorder was manifested among the woman's retainers. John Pennington, the chief of the guard, was the first to show signs of mutiny. When he demanded back pay for himself and son-in-law, the woman told him that she had no money. He resigned in favor of Dan Dobson and his desertion was followed at intervals during July until there remained hardly more than a dozen men at the woman's camp.

These spent their time wandering over the hills looking for a silver mine which the woman claimed was marked by rude figures on rocks and trees. The search actually located the marks described by the woman and on the side of a bluff was found a cave. In the cave were piles of bones, charred sticks and other indications that Indians had at one time occupied the cave, but as one of the men told the story, "nary a silver dime or a bit of silver in any shape" did they find.

As fall approached recruits and funds were not obtainable. The craze had ended and most of the men engaged in the enterprise went back to their homes and their senses. On Sept. 25, the camp on the Buffalo was broken up and the McDaniels woman declared that she would return to Coffeyville, Kan., her home, where she would await favorable conditions for the resumption of her search. She promised to return with additional funds and prosecute the search with more vigor than ever. Jason Morrison, a native of Marion county, followed the woman to her Kansas home and there married the woman. The couple have since lived in Coffeyville. What the woman's scheme was, no one has been able to fathom. She certainly spent the greater portion, if not all she secured from her dupes, in the search. When she left Marion county it was on foot. Not a dollar's worth of treasure of any sort was located, save that which came from the pockets of the believers of her tale and apparently the woman left the county poorer than when she came in.

Since her departure there have been further efforts to renew the search, for there are still a few men in the county who believe in it, but no treasure has ever been found. Now that the woman has announced her intention to return and resume the search, it will be interesting to know just how long she will maintain what is now in popular belief a useless task.

Creamy essence of sweet flowers, healing balsams and milk of plants, describes daisy Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.

KAISER'S

Imperial Yacht Reaches the Danish West Indies.

St. Thomas, D. W. I., Feb. 6.—The German imperial yacht Hohenzollern, which left Kiel Jan. 18 and touched at Gibraltar Jan. 23, arrived here yesterday morning. Admiral Count Von Baudissin, her commander, was seen on board the yacht. He said that the Hohenzollern had had an unusually fine voyage through the North sea, over the Bay of Biscay and the Atlantic, and that no incident of importance occurred during the trip. The Hohenzollern will coal here Thursday and will leave next Saturday for Bermuda, where she expects to arrive after a run of about two and one-half days. At Bermuda the yacht will coal and remain one day and a half. She will then leave for New York and hopes to make the run from Bermuda to that port in forty hours. Or she may wait fine weather at Bermuda. Admiral Von Baudissin explained that the roundabout course taken by the Hohenzollern followed Emperor William's orders concerning the care of the yacht. The emperor desired that she arrive in New York in good order. The admiral expressed pleasure at his approaching visit to the United States. The Hohenzollern is a magnificent boat. Her rooms are finished in bird's eye maple and rosewood, and are beautifully papered and decorated with quantities of pictures, photographs and sketches collected during the tours made by Emperor William.

The musicians were not on board; they will go to the United States on the Kron Prinz Wilhelm with Prince Henry. It apears that the Hohenzollern never fires salutes.

Admiral Von Baudissin visited the governor of the Danish West Indies at noon. He will dine with the governor tonight.

When the admiral landed he was saluted by the shore battery. The governor visited the admiral on board the Hohenzollern this afternoon.

The report that Prince William Eitel-Frederich is on board the Hohenzollern is untrue.



Cured After Years of Pile Torture.

James Kenton, Memphis, Tenn., says: "I suffered the tortures of itching piles for years, and not even mercurial ointment would relieve me. One 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure cured me entirely." All druggists sell it. Book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free, Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

CAN THIS BE TRUE?

MEDERINE

$100—GUARANTEE—$100

STATE OF WISCONSIN, } ss.
West Superior, }
Douglas County, }

JOHN A. MONGER makes oath that he is a partner in and Manager of the Mederine Remedy Co., County and State aforesaid, and that said Company will pay the sum of One Hundred (100) Dollars for each and every case of Blood Disease, Catarrh, Rheumatism or Gout that cannot be cured by MEDERINE. JOHN A. MONGER.

Sworn to before me and subscribed to in my presence, this 19th day of August, A. D., 1901. (Seal.) JOHN A. HOBE, Notary Public.

N. B.—We make this guarantee after 15 years test of the curative qualities of "Mederine."

IT CURED ME OF CATARRH

LOS ANGELES, CAL., Feb. 27, 1900.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
West Superior, Wis.

Gentlemen:—I take great pleasure in telling you that MEDERINE cured me of Catarrh of the worst kind. I tried various remedies, but they did me no good. Finally I bought a bottle of MEDERINE. It gave such prompt relief that I took a full course of six bottles, and I am now cured. It is surely a wonderful remedy.
A. FRANK WILLIAMS.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything.
MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

A FAMOUS ACCIDENT

On the Mississippi Recalled By One Who Was There.

Barber Shop, With the Gamblers, Lifted High In the Air.

All the Rest of the Boat Was Torn to Fragments.

New Orleans, Feb. 6.—The biographies of Capt. William Campbell, the last of the old New Orleans-Vicksburg packet liners, who died at his residence on St. Charles avenue recently, said the most thrilling incident in his eventful life was his miraculous escape from the steamer Princess, which blew up in midstream, and from which he escaped without a scratch.

Capt. George H. Devol was on the Princess with Capt. Campbell. He remembers it all.

"O, yes, I was there," and the famous river gambler's face lighted up as he tapped the marble floor with his cane. "I was there. I was running a big game of roulette in the barber shop when the Princess blew up," and there was a minute's silence, while the feeble tapping of the floor continued.

"It was between 6 and 7 o'clock in the morning. We were about three miles below Baton Rouge. The boys had begun to lay down their money with both hands. There were thirty-nine people crowded into the barber shop, and it was a heavily played game. I probably had $2000 to $3000 stacked up in silver and gold coins. Everything was excitement and every cheek flushed, for we had been up all night, as you may understand, when, without a moment's warning, everything was blank. I heard a terrible crash and breaking of timbers. There was a rush of steam and smoke through the windows and door of the shop, and I jumped to pull down the windows and the shades to keep it out. The steamer seemed to have been blown to atoms and our little shop was left there suspended in midair. No one knew what had happened.

"What the woman's scheme was, no one has been able to fathom. She certainly spent the greater portion, if not all she secured from her dupes, in the search. When she left Marion county it was on foot. Not a dollar's worth of treasure of any sort was located, save that which came from the pockets of the believers of her tale and apparently the woman left the county poorer than when she came in.

Since her departure there have been further efforts to renew the search, for there are still a few men in the county who believe in it, but no treasure has ever been found. Now that the woman has announced her intention to return and resume the search, it will be interesting to know just how long she will maintain what is now in popular belief a useless task.

"You will understand the barber shop was on the starboard side, and just across the cabin was the pantry and a long row of staterooms. These were all full of sleeping passengers. A fourteen Baptist preachers had gotten on the boat at Baton Rouge, coming down to a conference in New Orleans. Every one of those fourteen ministers were blown into eternity by the explosion. Very few of their bodies were ever found.

"Capt. William Campbell was the steward on the Princess. He and I were cabin boys together sixty years ago on the old Ohio river packet, the Diligence, which was built and sent out from Wheeling. We traveled the rivers together, he steadily rising in the river trade, until he finally commanded some of the best boats on the mighty stream.

"On this morning of disaster, Steward Campbell was way forward, on the starboard deck, on the same side as the barber shop, and that is what saved him. He was untouched. The master of the Princess, Captain Wilson, went down with his boat.

"Well, there our barber shop stood—thirty-nine gamblers inside of it—poised in the air on stilts, the underpinning already affire and liable to drop into the river at any moment. It was the most precarious and at the same time most curious spectacle I have ever known—the way we had been left there, the barber shop cut off clear and saved from the wreck and ruin.

"I looked out and I saw two boats in sight, the Peerless and the McCrey, the former being nearer us by some distance. I shouted to the captain to come up and take the boys off. The captain saw that our stilts were on fire, and he was afraid to get very close, but he pushed up near enough so the rousters threw out a long plank from their upper deck and our door. I had bundled up my roulette wheel and put my gold and silver in a bag. The porter packed them over the tipsy plank and I followed, as did all the thirty-nine of the gamblers.

"They took us ashore and the McCrey came up and began to pick up the bodies that came to the surface. They were landed on the bank and laid out in a row, to be viewed by the coroner of the parish. As I walked down the line, trying to recognize some of the disfigured features, I found a large case knife, with the word 'Princess' on it, and a pair of nutcrackers from the dining room. They had been blown over on the bank, 500 yards away, by the force of the explosion. I picked them up and kept both. I gave the knife to my good friend, Chap Hyams, and the nutcrackers I presented to Col. John A. Cockrill, the well-known newspaper man."

SOARING.

Explanation of Rise In Soo Stock---The South Shore.

New York, Feb. 6.—The advance in Soo stocks is the result of speculation based on large earnings. It is reckoned by the Canadian Pacific, will have to pay 7 per cent on preferred stock this year. The Canadian Pacific owns $3,535,000 out of the $7,000,000 preferred stock, and $7,066,600 out of the $14,000,000 common. The fact has kept a good many people from buying into the property as it is thought the Canadian Pacific has every temptation not to be too liberal in the matter of dividends. The earnings, however, are very large as a result of last year's crop in Manitoba, and the Canadian Northwest, and it has been figured that the road may show 8 per cent on common for the year.

Efforts have been made to stimulate speculation in Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic stocks on the strength in Soo stick. The advance in the former is thought to be a move by the pool in the latter to market some of its holdings. It is obvious that the prosperity of this country will redound to the benefit of the Canadian railroads and that their receipts from traffic will warrant higher quotations for their shares.

The continued speculative interest in Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic has exerted much interest and conjecture on the floor of the stock exchange. Gossip yesterday attributed the greater part of the buying to interests identified with the Rutland railroad and Dominion Securities company's plans. The selling of Canadian Pacific was detected under cover of strength of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic and "Soo" line shares, as also some profit-taking for Toronto account in the latter issues, due partly to the fact that there was no confirmation of dividend rumors.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Thousands of unsigned circulars, bearing the union label, are being sent through the mails to members of St. Paul labor unions, urging them to work against the passage of the tax code as at present drawn. The reduction in the amount of the personal property exemption and other objections are cited.

President and Mrs. Roosevelt and party who will accompany them to the Charleston Exposition will leave Washington for the South next Monday night on a special train over the Southern railway.

Ten of the military prisoners confined in the stockade in one of the camps at the Presidio escaped Tuesday night and have not been traced. Their exit from the encosure in which they were confined was made through a tunnel which they had secretly constructed.

August Koch, a laborer, was ground to death in a large hot air fan at the Pan-Handle shops at Columbus. Koch had gone into the hot air chamber to warm and it is supposed he was drawn into the fan by the suction. Nearly every bone in the man's body was found to have been broken when it was removed.

What is believed to be the lid of a provision box of the missing sloop-of-war Condor was washed ashore at Victoria, B. C., with the rim of a blue-jacket's cap. The paint on the board is all but obliterated, but the letters "Con" can be distinguished and there are traces of other letters following them.

The gift of $75,000 from John D. Rockefeller for the erection of a social and religious building was formally accepted by the Brown university corporation Wednesday afternoon.

In inclement weather the man who exposes himself bids for a severe cold in the head and usually gets it. And the cold neglected or improperly treated becomes nasal catarrh, a disease as obstinate as it is offensive. Don't waste time with "medicines" that dry and irritate the membrane, but cure yourself speedily with Ely's Cream Balm, the recognized specific or catarrh. Price, 50 cents. Sold by druggists and by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren street, New York.



Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

BALDHEADS would be a curiosity if Dandruff, Itching Scalp and Falling Hair were promptly arrested and cured by using

Coke Dandruff Cure

Results are absolutely certain. Price returned if satisfying results are not produced. Only the genuine is sure. Imitations and substitutes are worthless--sometimes dangerous.

Coke Shampoo and Toilet Soap

Has no equal for the complexion. Results are quick and highly gratifying.

A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 10-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

SYPHILIS

Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians, $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:

COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
263 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.

A HOUSEHOLD AND STABLE NECESSITY.

Greene's Infallible Liniment is an antiseptic healing dressing, curing cuts, bruises, scalds, sores and all lameness, soreness, stiffness, sprains and pain of muscles and joints. It soothes the nerves, and heals and strengthens the parts where applied.

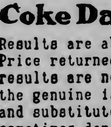
Hundreds of letters from families, athletes, trainers, stock-breeders, public officials, veterinaries, etc., attest the wonderful virtues of this pain-reliever and healer. It is as much superior to other liniments as an electric light is to a tallow candle. Prepared by J. W. GREENE & CO., 17 Van Buren St., Chicago, Ills.

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE L. L. LINIMENT

For sale by Schutze Bros., Saddlery; E. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; G. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackey, Horseshoer; Helmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jonson, Two Harbors, Minn.

"A FAIR FACE MAY PROVE A FOUL BARGAIN.' MARRY A PLAIN GIRL IF SHE USES

SAPOLIO



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Dreams, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation. Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Imparts vigor and potency to every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. 50 CENTS 50c a box, 5 for $2.50 by mail. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY—It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN—It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE—As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP—By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES—215 West Sup. St.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

revive the grass and flowers, giving them beauty, vigor and freshness. In precisely the same way

PALMO TABLETS

put vigor and health into the nerves of men and women who have lost strength, and grown discouraged and despondent.

No matter what brought about your condition, Palmo Tablets will not fail to infuse new blood, life and nerve-happiness into your entire being.

Results are a scientific certainty.

50 cents per box, 12 for $5. Guaranteed. Book, free.

MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

ADVERTISING Doesn't need to be original. It needs to be truthful and to the point. To select well among old things is equal to inventing new ones.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$6000 Takes 8-room modern house within 5 minutes walk of First National Bank.

$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, on East Second street.

$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, hot water, in East End.

$11000 Takes 10-room modern house, on East First.

$11000 Takes 10-room modern house, on fine corner, on Superior street; easy terms.

$5000 Takes 8-room modern house in East End; easy walking distance; hot water heat.

$12000 Takes a 14-room modern house in East End. Fine property and location.

We have the largest list of choice property. Call and see us.

A. C. VOLK & CO., 202 Palladio Bldg

GHOSTS

Said to Haunt Farmer's Home In Southern Illinois.

Centralia, Ill., Feb. 6.—Supernatural happenings in the house of Benman Edwards, in the village of Richview, a few miles south of here, have converted even the most conservative inhabitants to a belief in ghosts.

The Edwards, who are highly respected in the community, have until recently scouted all suggestions of ghostly visitations as the creations of a mind diseased, and it was only when their little one-story home became the center of popular excitement and the most practical efforts failed to explode superstitious theories, that they reluctantly admitted themselves baffled.

The trouble commenced about two weeks ago one quiet evening when Mr. Edwards was engrossed in a book and his wife lightly fingering a guitar. As she strayed from melody to melody she suddenly became aware of a yellow light in front of her that waved about the room and disappeared. It returned this time a plainly outlined sword, and while the startled woman looked it passed three times under her husabnd's chair and faded away.

A night or so after this happened Mr. Edwards was starting down town, and just as he opened the door of his home a bright light, fully ten feet in length and three inches wide, sprang into the air, crossed the road just in front of him, and then vanished.

He did not mention seeing the lights until Thomas Martin, a neighbor, told of a strange sight he and his wife saw at the Edwards home.

The Martins live north of the haunted house, and as they were on their way home from town Monday night, about 9:30 o'clock, they passed the haunted house. When they were about even with the front door it slowly opened and the head of a man appeared in the aperture. Presently the full form of a man donned itself against the background, and as the Martins drove away the door slowly closed.

Inquiries developed the fact that no one was in the Edwards home, with the exception of two little girls.

On Tuesday evening of last week Mr. and Mrs. Edwards saw a man pass the north window of their home. Mr. Edwards ran to the front door and Mrs. Edwards to the back, but they could find no one.

The house, formerly in the old town, where Richview stood before the railroad came through, was occupied by a Mrs. Schneider. Old settlers says that its reputation was then uncanny.

Mr. Edwards bought the house and moved it to where it now stands.

STRIKE IS ENDED.

Nebraska City, Neb., Feb. 6.—The packing house of the Morton Packing company resumed operations today after a strike extending over a month. The terms of the settlement with the employes it not made public. Only the hog department was in operation today, but the entire plant will be running next week.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

For Sale

$90.00 per front foot, Superior street lot, near 21st avenue west.

$10.00 per front foot for improvement only. East End lots supplied with water, gas and sanitary sewer.

$1300 For 327 acres, 1¼ miles from Foxboro. No stone. Easily cleared. Has a fine spring and other special advantages as a dairy farm. Adjoining lands held at double this price.

RICHARDSON & DAY,

EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$6000

For an East End residence with nine rooms and all modern conveniences.

$1100

For a fifty-foot lot on East First St.

G.G. Dickerman & Co

Trust Co. Building.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

$1275 Seven-room house, almost new, street graded, city water; near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$750 25x140 feet, upper side Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east.

$2000 Eight-room house, water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$275 For 40 acres good farm land in section 20, 52-14. Considerable good pine, hardwood and cedar timber, halfmile from school A property in central part of city that is rented a as to pay 10 per cent on price asked. 'PHONE 789.

T. G. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE.

Two choice sites for brick houses — 15th avenue east, 4th avenue west. Both locations always command highest rent.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,

400 Burrows Building.

Biggest snap in a modern 10-room house in heart of city. Do not fail to call in and see us.

T. W. Wahl & Co.

201 Exchange Bldg.

KILLED HIS PARTNER.

Clayton, N. M., Feb. 6.—Oscar Bell was shot and killed by James Goode at the latter's home last night. They were partners in the cattle business. Goode gave himself up. Nothing definite is known as to the cause of the shooting.

CAVOUR FLOATED.

New York, Feb. 6.—The British steamer Cavour, from Rio Janeiro for New York, which went ashore at Long Beach, L. I., Jan. 21, in a snow storm, was floated early today and proceeded to this port.



Who Can Tell

You turn may come tomorrow. Prepare for it today. Consider whether you have a proper amount of insurance on your property. If not, should you not, in justice to yourself and your family, secure the necessary protection at once? You want the best. We furnish it.

Graves-Manley Agency

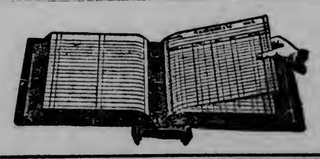
Insurance and Bonds.

Torrey Building, First Floor.

Duluth, Minn.

We carry them in stock.

Chamberlain & Taylor.



Loose Leaf Ledgers.

Chamberlain & Taylor.

Peachey & Lounsberry, PRINTERS.

Zenith Phone 336. L. D. Phone 307-3

High Quality. Full Count. Prompt Service.

15 SECOND AVE. WEST. DULUTH, MINN.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$11,000 BUYS ELEVEN-ROOM house, East End; two parlors finished in cherry; dining-room and hall finished in oak; hardwood finish throughout; bath and closets; heated by steam; cellar under whole with cement floor. $2,500 cash will handle it—balance to suit at 5 per cent.

$10,000 BUYS FINE DOUBLE house, each ten rooms, besides bath rooms and closets, hardwood finish; hot water heat; brown stone foundation above ground. Houses alone cost more than price asked. Will rent for $90, or $100 per month.

Store for rent No. 3 West Superior St.

Fire Insurance written at lowest rates. Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance,

Chas. P. Craig & Co,

Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres

Fo Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,

518 Board of Trade. DULUTH, MINN.

Farm Lands!

In large and small tracts. Prices per acre range $2.50 per acre and upwards.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Big

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.

No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.

Franklin J. Puiford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

LOOK THESE UP.

$1000 Will buy a seven-room house in the West End. Stone foundation; good repair.

$700 Will buy a seven-room house and three lots, 75x125 corner, in West Duluth.

$400 Will take another house and lot we have in West Duluth. One block from street car line.

$1800 Will buy seven-room house on East Fifth street. City water. These are all bargains. We have others. Money to loan at 5 per cent.

Julius D. HOWARD & CO.,

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

216 West Superior Street.

FOR SALE!

House and Lot, $900 all cash; or $400 cash, balance in mortgage at 6 per cent. This house has just been thoroughly repaired.

Pulford, How & Co

100 Trust Company Building.

FOR SALE.

1107 West First Street.
2107 East First Street.
414 East Third Street.
316 East Third Street.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO

1 Exchange Building.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 513 Board of Trade.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

ACRES

We have some very desirable tracts of land in 4, 5, 10 and 40-acre tracts and up. Some of them within the corporation limits; also Douglas and Carlton Counties. If interested in acres, let us know.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,

H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

TEN PER CENT NET—

Four new brick dwellings in East End, each has six rooms and bath; hardwood floors throughout; all modern conveniences; below Third street, west of Fourteenth avenue east; all rented to pay 10 per cent net on $12,000—an excellent investment.

$5000 Buys a 9-room residence (new), below Third street, and west of Thirteenth avenue east; hot water heat, hardwood finish, panneled wainscoting, tile vestibule, modern throughout. This is a bargain. For sale exclusively by

A. W. Taussig & Co.

305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

BUSINESS OPENINGS We have many good openings to offer in all lines of business.

We can sell your business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,

Albert L. Preston, Manager,

309-310 Palladio Building.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, $100, $110, and $125. Organs, $10 and $20. Cash and monthly payments. George W. Tleiz, 34 West First street.

WANT CASH OFFER FOR QUARTER section on Mesaba that owner must sell. 627 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—BROWN SPANIEL PUP, 5 months old. Call 1815 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ONE MILE FROM city limits, on good road, cheap. Six-room house at West End to trade. What have you got? Charles R. Stal, 904 Torrey building.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND—about $2000 worth of boots and shoes. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT FURNITURE lunch counter, chairs, tables, desk, sideboard, crockery, urn, ice chest, whole outfit. S. Selick.

$155 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant mahogany case, used six months and cost $350. I need the cash as I am leaving the city. Miss Anna Johnson, room 4, Metropolitan block.

FOR SALE — SMALL HOUSE, NO. 23 First avenue east; must be sold at once and removed from premises as soon as tenants can vacate. See N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

LOW PRICES ON SECOND hand organs and square pianos—$10 and up. Easy payments. French & Bassett, corner First street and Third avenue west.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Joe Nelson, 21 Harrison addition.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Jan. 23, at Evan Johnson's, 2908 West Helm street. Will exchange in fat cattle.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 518 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES! Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy jogging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Feb. 5th, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Emma C. Gilbert, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Carl B. Gilbert, of the county of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Emma C. Gilbert, late of the county of St. Louis in the state of Minnesota, on the 30th day of January, A. D. 1902, at the county of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of her death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the surviving husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to said Carl B. Gilbert, granted;

It is ordered, That said petition be heard before said court on the 3rd day of March, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county.

Ordered further, That notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 5th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.

W. G. BONHAM,

Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)

Duluth Evening Herald—Feb-6-13-20-1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 413 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—TAILOR, PANT AND DRESS maker. John Rindal, 1911 West Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park Place.

WANTED—DISHWASHER AT ONCE. Midland hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Call at 1001 East First street.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 1509 Jefferson St.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Mrs. J. M. Gidding, 1405 East Superior street.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.

All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—OFFICE BOY. ADDRESS application in your own writing to "Calumet," care Herald.

WANTED—BOY 17 TO 20 YEARS OF age, to learn crockery business; also one to learn carpet business. French & Bassett.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us; facilities afforded that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE — TWENTY five energetic young men to learn telegraphy and railroading, and accept positions as railroad telegraph operators at good salaries with first-class chances for promotion. For particulars, telephone, write or call Duluth Business University, No. 105 West Superior St.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS AND OTHERS, LEARN A business in one day that will eventually make you grow rich; no book or medicine scheme; we teach you every detail for $1.00. Novelty Supply Co., 81 Syndicate block, Minneapolis, Minn.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPER DEsires position in bookkeeping or office work. Address B 48, Herald.

A COMPETENT COOK WISHES A SITuation in a private family where second girl is kept. Address H 32, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or is willing to take home washing. Address A. W., Herald.

WANTED—CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

POSITION BY AN EXPERIENCED lady stenographer, best of references; good penman. Address H 63, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer. Apply at 224 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid or at dining room work. Private boarding house preferred. Address B 49, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY THE day in family, or will take work home. Call 225 East Superior street, telephone 892.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripsis treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115

LOST.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD WATCH ON Superior street, or Second avenue east. Return to St. Luke's hospital and receive reward.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUP answering to name of Laddie. Return to William White, 403 East Second street for reward.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,

Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT A THOROUGH AND EXperienced as well as conscientious teacher for violin, call on Ch. Trautvetter, 216 W. Sup. St., second floor, Room 107.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. C. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

ELOCUTION.

DRAMATIC READING, ORATORY, stage training. Laura Frankenfield, 409 Masonic Temple.

FOUND.

FOUND — LADIES' POCKETBOOK. Owner can have same by calling at this office and identifying same.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1902. Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 5, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAKE SUPERIOR FISH CO.

D. GOLDISH, PROPRIETOR.

Wholesale dealers. Lake Superior trout and whitefish. Fresh water herring a specialty. 30 E. First St. Zenith Tel. 1122.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FIVE-ROOM HOUSE with bath, hot water, and hard-wood floors. Apply 221 Ninth avenue east.

FOR RENT—TWO NEW SEVEN-ROOM houses on Twenty-eighth avenue west and Third street. Inquire 2701 West Third street.

$20 A MONTH, NO. 322 EAST FOURTH street; five rooms, city water.

$15 a month, No. 805 East Second street; six rooms, city water.

$10 a month, No. 411 East Superior street, three rooms; suitable for shop.

$50 a month, No. 416 East Superior street; two floors, suitable for store or salesroom.

$8 a month, No. 119 Third avenue east; three rooms.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO., 112 Exchange Building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, and two furnished, both in connection. 202 West Second street.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT. 817 WEST Michigan street.

FOR RENT—ONE FURNISHED STEAM heated room. Inquire of janitor, 218 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 320 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS; LIGHT HOUSEkeeping permitted. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room; West End; cheap; all modern conveniences. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR RENT—EIGHT ROOMS; WATER, sewer, bath. 831 West First street.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 115 West Second street

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT rooms. 111 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 715 West Fifth street.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY WANTS ROOM AND board in private family; East End preferred. Address F, 68, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED IN private family; gentleman preferred. 213 West Fourth street.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—A FURNISHED FLAT OR house of five or six rooms until May 1. No children. Best of references. H 65, Herald.

WANTED — TWO ROOMS IN CENTRAL part of city for light housekeeping by two young ladies. Address E 38, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC. 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1225.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

PERSONAL.

WANTED—NAMES OF PERSONS HAVink weak lungs or consumption. Our free trial will convince you as thousands can testify that there is nothing better. Karnaga Herb Remedy company, 304-134 Monroe street, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huttquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 55, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Gesch, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armistead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 220, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv	Duluth	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar	Proctor	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar	Iron Jctn	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar	Wolf	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar	Virginia	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar	Eveleth	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar	Sparta	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar	Biwabik	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar	Mtn. Iron	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar	Hibbing	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv Duluth Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
‡ 1:25 p.m	St. Paul	‡ 1:55 p.m
‡ 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	* 6:30 p.m
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast	* 6:45 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	‡ 11:55 a.m.

* Daily ‡ Daily Except Sunday.

Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**6 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 59 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 6:00 a m
b 6:00 a m		a 8:55 p m
a 9:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	b 7:55 a m
8:00 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:00 a m
a 4:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 8:10 p m
arrive p m		a 9:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday. Union Depot and 229 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 4

All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*7:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv——LOCAL——Ar. †7:25 p. m Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

12 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

12 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 7, 1902. TWO CENTS.

HISTORICAL SOCIETY

POOR MAN'S OBJECTION

To Proposed Tax Code Set Forth to Committee.

Bankers Also Strongly Oppose the Measure.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee on taxes was called together immediately after the adjournment of the morning session and its session continued until nearly 1 o'clock. Representatives of organized labor and of the Twin City banks were heard. This afternoon the Duluth and Minneapolis grain interests were given a hearing.

The first speaker was Gordon O'Neill, of the Duluth labor delegation. He told the committee of the position that had been taken on the tax code by the Duluth Trades assembly. It considered, he said, that the proposed radical changes in the taxation system would mean injury to the interests of labor in many ways. To compel the return of personal property at its full value, and to reduce the exemption from $100 to $25, would increase the poor man's tax burden. The labor interests of Duluth also objected, he said, to the taxation of the grain in Duluth elevators, as it would drive them out of business and deprive many men of employment. The provisions of the new code on the taxation of bank deposits would cause a withdrawal of deposits and precipitate a panic. The taxation of vessel property would drive away Duluth's registered tonnage and deprive Duluth of the prestige it now has and the state of the taxes it now receives.

John Giesike, of the St. Paul Trades assembly, delegated at a meeting held last night at the solicitation of the Duluth delegation, spoke against the proposed reduction of the personal property exemption, and said that his instructions were confined to opposition on this point.

The bankers had their hearing next, and it was an important and interesting one. E. A. Merrill, of the Minneapolis Bankers' association, and president of the Minnesota Loan and Trust company, was the first speaker, and he made a strong argument for postponement of consideration of the tax law until the constitution had been amended and a campaign of education begun that would result in the creation of a law satisfactory to everybody. He had no sympathy with the tax dodger, and he thought a proper tax should be paid as readily as a proper meat bill. But he did not think the proposed law was proper legislation, and he quoted the report of the tax commission as containing the strongest arraignment of the law that had been made. When the commission said that the present constitution is an insuperable obstacle to proper tax legislation, it implied that the proposed law is not proper. If the commission in nine months had to confess itself unable to frame a proper law, the legislature could not improve it in three weeks He said that the banks pay a larger proportion of taxes now than other interests, but they were not objecting because of the tax on themselves but because of the tax on their customers. To tax savings deposits at 3 per cent would confiscate the earnings of the savings of the poor, and this would discourage frugality and industry. In New Hampshire a tax of ½ to 1

(Continued on Page 4.)



FIREMEN FIGHTING THE THREE MILLION DOLLAR FIRE IN WATERBURY, CONN.

OFFICIALS ARE LUCKY

Auditors Dunn and Iverson Strike It Rich.

Grubstaked Timber Cruisers In Alaska.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Special to The Herald.)—State Auditor Dunn and Deputy Auditor S. G. Iverson are likely to become comparatively rich men as the result of having "grubstaked" two former state timber cruisers for a prospecting tour in Alaska. These two ex-cruisers, Herbert T. Gates and E. A. Gates, of Princeton, in company with R. F. McClellan and eight other parties, discovered and located mineral claims on a tract of land in the Valdes district, containing a moderate amount of gold and a great deposit of copper. The property is divided into eleven shares. Auditor Dunn and Deputy Auditor Iverson, under their agreement with the Gates brothers, were to furnish funds for the expenses of the latter, and in return were to have a half interest in whatever property the two prospectors acquired.

Auditor Dunn went to New York in December, with a power of attorney from Mr. Iverson and the Gates brothers, and, in company with R. F. McClellan and other members of the prospecting party, negotiated for the sale of the entire property at $100,000 per share, or $1,100,000 for the entire property.

The share of each prospector was one-eleventh of the whole, or $100,000, so, under the agreement, the auditor and his deputy are entitled each to a half share of $50,000.

Auditor Dunn and his associates will not become capitalists at once, however, as the purchasers merely agreed upon the price, and tok an option on the property, paying 2½ per cent down, and agreeing to pay the remainder in installments, completing the deal in 1904.

HAPPY AND HOPEFUL

Prospects Are Excellent For the Success of Duluth Opposition to Parts of the Proposed Tax Law.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—While the men who are working to save Duluth from the threatened effects of the proposed tax on grain and vessel property are not yet ready to put on their coats and go home, they are all happy and hopeful. Matters look very well indeed for the success of the Duluth opposition to these planks in the bill. The situation is improved by the fact that the outlook for the bill itself in anything like its present form is growing gloomier every hour. The Duluth vessel delegation, which had the honor of being the first to enter a protest against the tax code or any of its provisions, had a patient and respectful hearing before the house committee, and it was generally agreed on all hands that the results were excellent. The committee on taxes and taxation met in the font of the house chamber, and nearly all of the members remained to hear the discussion out. The galleries were well filed also. The tenor of the questions put to the Duluth men during the hearing was friendly, and indicated no hostility whatever. Even Representative Jacobson's only attempt to "butt in" was in the form of the perpetration of a joke that showed him to be in good humor.

* * *

All of the Duluth delegates are working like Trojans, and besides the good effect of yesterday morning's hearing, much has been done in the line of heart-to-heart talks with members. The vessel men have yet to appear before the senate committee on taxes and taxation, and the grain interests have to be heard in both houses. On the grain point the Duluth men will be assisted by Minneapolis men, and if the hearing is anything near so successful as that on the vessel tax, the battle may be considered far more than half won.

* * *

The labor delegates are having more success in their talks to audiences of one or two among the members of the legislature than they are with the Twin City labor leaders, who seem to be somewhat afraid to take a hand in the fight. The Minneapolis Trades' assembly refused to go into it at all. Attempts are being made to rally the St. Paul assembly, and this evening there will be a meeting of the federation council of the State Federation of Labor to hear the Duluth men. President Dworschak of the Duluth Trades' assembly made a strong speech before the Minneapolis assembly, but the matter was complicated there by a row that took up the attention of the assembly, and the members would not take up the fight. Better results were hoped for from the St. Paul assembly and the federation council.

* * *

The house committee was to have hearings all day today, and the grain interests were to be heard this after-

(Continued on page 7.)

HANGED.

Frederick Shultz Pays Death Penalty at Canadian "Soo."

Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., Feb. 7.—Frederick Shultz was hanged today. One night in the first week of August last Shultz returned home intoxicated, and after a quarrel with Mrs. Craig, a woman who passed as his wife, deliberately shot her. He was arrested and after a trial was found guilty and sentenced to death.

Shultz was also known as Lindsay but on the way to the scaffold, confessed that neither one was his right name. He refused to say what it was really on account of friends. When Shultz killed Mrs. Craig he also shot and badly wounded her 13-year-old daughter.

A FORGER.

Tacoma Young Man Arrested In San Francisco.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—A young man, who gave his name to the police as R. G. Sutton, of New Orleans, but who was subsequently identified as Ray Sutton Garlick, of Tacoma, has been arrested on charges of forgery and obtaining goods by false pretenses. Representing himself as the nephew of William Alvord, president of the Bank of California, Garlick bought a gold watch and diamond ring from W. E. Vandersilce & Co., and offered in payment a check for $100, bearing Mr. Alvord's signature. He had previously telephoned to the firm that he would call to make some purchases, and Mr. Alvord, when notified of the fact, pronounced the alleged nephew a fraud. A policeman was therefore in waiting, and, after the check had been passed, Garlick was placed under arrest. In his pockets were found six checks, all bearing the forged signature of William Alvord. His notebook showed that he came here recently from Tacoma en route to enter the University of Chicago. The young man was well supplied with money when he came here. He stopped at the Palace hotel. He said: "I forged those checks because I got hard-up and needed the money."

FIRE CAUSES A PANIC

A Big Conflagration In the Sanford Building, In Chicago Greatly Alarms the Occupants of the Adjoining Skyscrapers.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—A fire that destroyed the Sanford building, 38 Randolph street early today, almost occasioned a panic among the tenants of the twelve-story Trude building, which adjoined the burning structure and among the employes of the cloak factory of Marshall, Field & Co. The fire started in the paints and oils of the George E. Watson company, which occupied the first two floors and destroyed the stock of George F. Rosche & Co., pianos, who occupied the three upper floors. So rapid was the spread of the flames and so dense the smoke that occupants of the neighboring buildings fled hurriedly to the street. In the Trude building several hundred pupils of the Chicago business college marched out in good order. One woman almost suffocated, was carried out by firemen, but soon revived. Several small explosions among the paints in the fire frightened spectators and several firemen were hurt by falling bricks. No serious accidents were reported. The damage to the building and stock was about $60,000.

Fire today did damage to the extent of $50,000 to the 5-story building and contents at 148 Michigan avenue.

The building was used as a storehouse by Gage Bros., millinery dealers, and the Central Union Telephone Supply company. The greatest damage was sustained by the former.

BOYCOTTED THE MINISTER

Brazil, Ind., Feb. 7.—An unique boycott is reported from Cloverland, just west of here. The minister, who is holding a revival meeting at the principal church, made a trip to this city on the street car and as a consequence there has been a very slim attendance at service and the meeting will probably close.

His congregation is principally laborers and their families and they are in sympathy with the street car strikers.

The strikers have issued a call for a mass meeting to be held on the Feb. 12, when it is expected they will organize a co-operative general merchandise store in retaliation for the action taken by the Merchants association, which recently passed resolutions opposing boycotts.

LIBERTADOR WAS NOT SUNK

Willemstad, Island of Curacoa, Feb. 7.—The Venezuelan revolutionary steamer Libertador (formerly the Banrigh) erroneously reported to have been sunk by a Venezuelan gunboat at Porto Colombia, was cruising off this island last night and was off the coast of Curacoa at 4 o'clock this morning. She communicated with the shore by boat, and must have steamed away shortly after 4 a. m. It is believed that the French cruiser D'Estrees, which arrived here during the morning, disturbed the operations of the Libertador.

It is stated that the landing of war munitions on the Venezuelan coast by the Libertador will now be very actively pushed.

AN OPIUM SMUGGLER

Custom Officials at San Francisco Arrest Man Who Claimed Trunk In Which Was $1200 Worth of the Drug.

San Francisco, Feb. 7.—The custom house officials here have arrested Frank D. Burton on a charge of smuggling. With him was captured a trunk containing seventy-five pounds of opium, valued at $1200, which had been shipped from Tacoma to Oakland. The authorities believed that Burton is connected with the gang that for some time has been successfully smuggling opium across the Canadian border. On Saturday Collector Stratton received a telegram from Collector Patterson at Portland, telling him that a trunk that had been checked at Tacoma as ordinary baggage for Oakland had been seized there, and in it were 150 tins of opium. Collector Patterson was asked to take all the opium out of the trunk, except one tin, and forward the trunk as though it had not been intercepted. This was done, and Burton was caught in the act of opening the trunk. He claims to have recently arrived from the Klondike, and says he got the trunk for a friend. The duty on the opium seized would amount to $450.

THEY MAY FIGHT A DUEL

Gen. Eagan of Embalmed Beef Fame Has Been Challenged By a Lawyer In Mexico, as Result of Quarrel.

Los Angeles, Feb. 7.—Owing to a misunderstanding in Guaymas, Mexico, two Americans became involved in a quarrel that is said to have led to a challenge to meet upon the field of honor. One was Gen. Charles P. Eagan, of embalmed beef prominence, the other Col. Willis P. Harlow, of Nogales, an attorney with a national reputation. Eagan, who has been representing W. C. Greene in his legal contest regarding the Cobre Grande copper mines of Mexico, met Harlow at the hotel. The two, so the story goes, had a warm dispute. Later, it is alleged, Harlow penned a challenge that was handed Eagan. Developments are awaited by the American colony, upon the return of Harlow, who is reported in conference with Greene at Cananea.

WHAT WOMEN CAN DO

An Exhibition Is to Be Held In New York Showing Many Things From Baby Incubator to Steam Yacht.

New York, Feb. 7.—Madison Square Garden has been leased for the month of May by the Professional Women's league. Everything in which women are professionally engaged or personally interested will be exhibited during that time. The exhibits, it is promised, will range from the newest variety of baby incubator to a steam yacht, designed and equipped by a woman to suit the tastes of women.

Departments will be devoted to women designers, goldsmiths, blacksmiths, barbers, trained nurses, school teachers, dentists, doctors and to every other profession or business into which the fair sex has entered.

The exposition will show how to furnish, care for and grace home, and also how to earn one.

PHYSICIAN'S MAD OFFER

Brooklyn Doctor Offers to Submit to Vivisection and to Aid the Operators While Making Their Experiments.

New York, Feb. 7.—As an outcome of the disputes in the medical fraternity between vivisectionists and anti-vivisectionists, Dr. James E. Russell, of Brooklyn, has offered to submit to vivisection. His offer is not considered seriously by physicians, as it is altogether unlikely that a member of the profession would attempt such a thing, even if the law would permit. Dr. Russell's offer makes the proviso that his wife and family are to be cared for in the event of his death. In his statement Dr. Russell says:

"I will, when able, assist my vivisecters by such notes as may be of interest or value to them and to me. The experiments are to continue until I am too exhausted to be of further value as a subject, or until I succumb. Should I survive at the end of a year of observation and experiment, I stipulate that I may elect to be released from further service, should I so desire."

UNITED AGAINST RUSSIA

Washington, Feb. 7.—While details of the negotiations cannot be developed here at present confirmation is to be had of the report from Pekin that the United States government is acting with Japan and Great Britain in resisting any action by Russia and China in the shape of a Manchurian treaty that would threaten the interests of the United States in that important section of the East. The state department has made perfectly clear to Russia its purpose to retain whatever trade advantages it has in Manchuria; and its determined attitude in that matter probably has prevented the summary closing of Manchurian ports to any but Russian trade. The questions now involved, namely those relating to mining concessions and the right to construct railroads in Manchuria are regarded as only secondary in importance to the question of the open door and whereby diplomatic representatives are acting under conservative but firm instructions on those points.

A NEW DANGER TO BARBERS

Wabash, Ind., Feb. 7.—Andrew Teeter, a barber at Akron, twenty miles northwest of this city, is at death's door from a peculiar cause. He has followed his trade for years and some time ago his lungs became affected. A specialist, brought from Wisconsin, made an examination and found the patient's throat and bronchial tubes full of short hairs imbedded in the membrane. It is thought the hairs were inhaled while Teeter clipped hair and the irritation brought on tuberculosis. His death is a matter of only a few days.

MINNEAPOLIS HOTEL BURNED

Minneapolis, Feb. 7.—Fire gutted the Vendome hotel, a 3-story building on Fourth street, between Hennepin and Nicollet avenues, early today. The building is in the heart of the retail business section, but good work by the fire department confined the flames to the hotel, although for a time adjoining property was seriously threatened. Many guests in the hotel had narrow escapes. The fire started at 3 o'clock and was under control by 8 o'clock. Loss estimated at $75,000.

SCHWAB LUNCHED

With Lord Mayor and a Few Others.

London, Feb. 7.—Charles M. Schwab, president of the United States Steel corporation, and Mrs. Schwab were entertained at a private luncheon today at the Mansion house by the lord mayor, Sir Joseph C. Dimsdale. The party included Sir Thomas Lipton, Archibald W. Maconochie, M. P.; Sheriff Bell and Col. Hunsicker, chairman of the Nickel corporation.

SOON BE OUT.

Coach Knipe Will Then Resume Work In Iowa.

Iowa City, Iowa, Feb. 7.—Coach A. A. Knipe, has written the Iowa board of Athletic control that he will be out of the hospital of the University of Pennsylvania the last of March. He will leave Philadelphia at once for Iowa City to assume personal charge of the track team.

Coach Knipe is recovering from an operation on his back to remedy an injury caused during his work on the track team in his last year at Pennsylvania. He neglected the injury for six years, thereby lengthening his stay in the hospital when he finally determined to have it remedied.

COMISKY CHOSEN

Omaha, Feb. 7.—Bishop Scannell returned today from Cheyenne, Wyo., where he met with the priests of the Cheyenne diocese for the purpose of selecting a successor to the late Bishop Lenihan. The result of the meeting was not made public, but it is understood that Father Comisky was chosen. His name will be submitted to the bishops of the province of Dubuque and by them sent with their recommendations to the pope.

ATHLETIC SCHEDULE

Is Announced at the University of Minnesota.

Minneapolis, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The University of Minnesota football and baseball schedules have been announced. The football season will begin Sept. 27 and close on Thanksgiving day. The games at Minneapolis will be with Carleton, Ames, Beloit, Nebraska, Illinois and Wisconsin. Iowa will be played on Oct. 25 at Iowa City. Michigan will be played on Thanksgiving day, either at Detroit or Ann Arbor. The game with Michigan on Thanksgiving day will be a regular affair after this, if the venture is financially a success. The Minnesota team will probably be much weakened by the loss of Dobie, who goes to coach the Iowa Agricultural college.

The baseball schedule includes games with Notre Dame, St. Thomas, Decorah, Nebraska and Wisconsin. The trip through Virginia and New York as originally planned has been given up on account of faculty opposition.

During the spring there will be three big track meets. There will be a dual meet with Iowa, Wisconsin and Chicago. At the Chicago meet it is probable that men from California and Leland Stanford will compete.

YOUNG ROOSEVELT ILL.

President's Son Said to Have Pneumonia.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Owing to the illness of Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., who, it is said is suffering from pneumonia at Groton, Mass., Mrs. Roosevelt will leave for Groton this afternoon where she probably will remain for some days. Mrs. Roosevelt has been obliged to recall her invitations for a tea next Monday and also to cancel all her engagements in Washington for the present.

It is not known whether the proposed trip of the president to Charleston will be abandoned. It is known that he will go if his son's condition will warrant it, and much will depend upon Mrs. Roosevelt's report after she reaches the young man's bedside.

KILLED HIS WIFE.

Topeka Man Then Attempted His Own Life.

Topeka, Kans., Feb. 7.—Because she was about to secure a divorce from him, John Kay, an employe of Crosby's flour mill, beat his wife to death with a flat iron last evening. He then attempted to take his own life by hanging himself from a bridge near his home. He was cut down before life was extinct and revived.

VALDES LIVELY.

Many Miners Making It Outfitting Headquarters.

Seattle, Feb. 7.—The steamer Jeanie has arrived from Illianna with thirty-six passengers, all save one of whom, A. N. Doty, are from Valdes and points between that town and Juneau. Norman R. Smith and Judge Day, of the Trans-Alaska company were passengers to Juneau, where they left the vessel.

The Valdes passengers of the Jeanie included Lieut. Charles F. Andrews, of the American military forces operating in the Copper River country.

Valdes is reported unusually lively just now owing to the fact that many miners are outfitting and making that place a starting point for the Chestochena placer diggings. Hundreds of tons of supplies were leaving daily by dog train for the Chestochena.

MARAIS CAPTURED.

Mattjesfontein, Cape Colony, Feb. 7.—Lourne Eramous, better known under the name of Commandant Marais, has been captured in the neighborhood of Laingsburg. Marais was the leader of the Boers who operated in the Zwart Kop range in 1901.

Fur Lined Coats at Wholesale Prices.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern THE BURROWS STORE. SUPERIOR ST. 1st AVE W.

Fur Coats at Wholesale Cost.

M. S. BURROWS.

FINAL CLEAN UP SALE OF

MEN'S UNDERWEAR!

The Lowest Prices Ever Quoted on Underwear of Known Value.

Norfolk— Unshrinkable Merino, full fashioned, well made and trim'ed, blue color—regular price $2.00—tomorrow only ---------- **$1.55**

All Wool Ribbed—Well made, pink and blue colors, regular price $1.25—tomorrow's price only ---------- **85c**

189 garments, odds and ends of our regular $1.50, $2 and $2.50 lines, Merinos, Wools, Worsteds—if you are in need of something to patch out the season with—here is your opportunity—tomorrow while they last $1.50, $2, $2.50 odd garments—choice ---- **$1.05**

Holroyd's finest Derby ribbed Australian Wool Underwear, regular price $3.50—for tomorrow our price only---------- **$2.65**

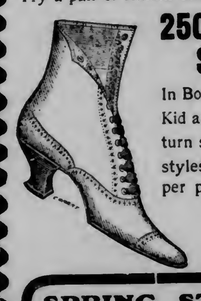
Norfolk Make—Finest worsted full fashioned, regular made, blue, grey color, regular price $3.50, tomorrow's price------- **$2.65**

Dunham — Best Australian wool, derby ribbed, French neck. White and Turquoise Blue colors—regular price $2.50—on sale tomorrow at---------- ------ **$1.95**

SATURDAY IN OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT.

The Hanan Shoes for spring of 1902

Our spring stock of Hanan Shoes for men and women is now ready. They have the call in every large city in America and are worn by the most particular dressers everywhere. We have the exclusive selling agency in Duluth for these celebrated shoes, and carry a full and complete stock; all leathers, such as patent kid, chromo patent, vici kid, velour and ox calf, etc.—newest lasts, Victor, Military, Nevada, Admiral, Columbia, McKinley, etc., in both lace and button styles—Shoes and Oxfords—for either street or dress wear. Try a pair of Hanan Shoes this season and you'll never wear any other make.



250 Pairs Ladies' $3.50 Shoes

In Box and Velour Calf, Vici Kid and Patent Kid. Welt and turn soles—in lace or button styles. Your choice for only—per pair— **$2.87**

350 Pair Ladies' $3.00 Shoes

In Lace or Button, Welt or Turn Soles—the best shoe in Duluth at the former price. In box and velour calf, patent calf and vici kid. Your choice for only— **$2.37**



SPRING STYLES NOW READY—YOUNG'S NEW YORK HATS—DERBYS—SILKS and FEDORAS

THE FAMOUS

The Bargain Shoe Store of Duluth

SPECIALS

For Tomorrow.

Child's 60c Buckle Arctics. Special tomorrow— **39c.**

Misses' 75c Buckle Arctics. Special tomorrow— **49c.**

Ladies' 60c all-felt Slippers. Special tomorrow— **39c.**

Ladies' 75c leather sole felt Slippers. Special tomorrow— **49c.**

Ladies' $1.50 leather foxed, turn sole and fur trimmed felt Nullifier. Special tomorrow— **98c.**

BELIEVED TO BE FOLMINA.

Victoria, Feb. 7.—A loaded two-masted steamer was reported passing Otter point last night which is believed to be the overdue steamer Folmina, now thirty-eight days out from Moji and reinsured at 15 per cent.

PHYSICIANS PROTEST.

New York, Feb. 7.—Resolutions have been adopted by the New York Academy of Medicine protesting against the decision of the treasury department classifying pulmonary tuberculosis with "dangerous contagious diseases" by which emigrants afflicted with the disease are barred from entering the country.

LARGE SALE.

Richardson & Avery Dispose of Eleven Million Feet of Lumber.

Contracts for another large lumber sale were signed yesterday afternoon. The Richardson & Avery Lumber company has sold 11,000,000 feet of its 1902 cut of white pine to Buffalo, Tonawanda and Chicago parties. The stock is being sawed by the Scott-Graff company, and a portion of it is already in pile. The lumber sold to Chicago will probably go by rail, while the stock sold to the Eastern dealers will not be shipped until navigation opens next spring. This deal is one of several that has been pending for some weeks, but was not fully consummated until yesterday.

Locally, the situation is all that the manufacturers could desire. There is much inquiry and a steady demand for lumber. It is claimed that the entire cut for the season of 1902 could be disposed of before the coming summer, were the manufacturers so disposed. Estimates have been given that place the advance sale of the 1902 cut at 100,000,000 feet, but by a majority of the lumbermen these figures are considered much too large. They believe that 65,000,000 to 75,000,000 feet would be much nearer a correct estimate.

There has been more or less comment regarding the tariff on lumber and its effect. Some lumbermen do not think there is so much importance to be attached to it as there was formerly, while others believe that if present lumber prices hold up or should go any higher, the Canadian lumber will be let in to compete with American lumber, in spite of the $2 tariff.

Some of the Michigan papers have been having much to say to the effect that the lumber industry has been ruined in Michigan because of the Dingley bill, the enactment of which led to the barring out of Canadian logs. The American Lumberman says that these papers should look up the records of white pine production in that state; that they will find the total production of the Lake Huron district has been lessened from 2 to 25 per cent, but it is far from being ruined. The lumber journal says that the effect of the bill has been to greatly increase the product of hemlocks and hardwoods as well as other forest resources, such as cedar, the manufacture of which adds more to the wealth of the community at large than does the manufacture of an equal amount of white pine under the old methods. The effect of the prohibition of the log export from Canada has not, then, acted adversely to the interests of Michigan, while it is known that it has been beneficial to the lumber business everywhere else throughout the country.

AMUSEMENTS.

"HELLO BILL."

Tomorrow evening at the Lyceum "Hello Bill" will be the attraction. The play is said to be an excellent one and much is also claimed for the company which includes: Charles P. Morrison, C. Kane Hillis, Warren W. Ashley, Hugo Goldsmith, John G. Edwards, Arthur Wingate, Miss Marion Kirby, Miss Carolyn Allen, Miss Eleanor Lawson, Miss Justine Wayne and Miss Henrietta Lee.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

Tonight at the Sixth Avenue theater "Ten Nights in a Bar Room" will be produced. The play will be given again tomorrow night and tomorrow afternoon there will be a children's matinee. This will be a special event for the little folks, and the play is one that will please them and that teaches a good lesson.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At your druggists.

TO SELL ITS PROPERTY.

Consolidated Land Company Lands to Be Sold.

The property of the Consolidated Land company, of West Superior, is to be sold at auction at the Douglas county court house. It will be bid in by the present stockholders. They will then pay to the county treasurer about $100,000 and this will satisfy the tax claims held against the company.

It is claimed that of the $100,000 that will be turned over to the county, the county will give $85,000 of the amount to the city and retain the rest. This amount would clean up the city's floating indebtedness.

All the street foremen that served the city under the Starkweather administration and those whose salaries were cut at that time, have combined their interests and will sue the city for the reduction in salaries. The claims will be about $500 and be placed in the hands of Crownhart & Foley, who are prosecuting the claims of the police and firemen. The question of paying up these back claims is now in the hands of the council finance committee and whether any action is begun will depend largely on the report of the committee. The question involved in the case of the foremen is whether they are to be regarded as city officials.

Two of the bond cases of the city of West Superior are to be tried in the circuit court of Douglas county some time next week. During the present term of circuit court, District Attorney Crownhart has secured the dismissal of about fifty tax cases against the county and has fifty more to be cleared from the calendar.

MUCH IN PROGRESS

Large Amount of Contract Work Around the Harbor.

Work Progressing on the Foundations For the Aerial Bridge.

The Consolidated Elevator Company's Dock Is Being Rebuilt.

Hugo & Tims have completed the pile driving for the foundations for the aerial bridge across the ship canal. This piling is cut off four and a half feet below the surface of the water, and solid timber grillage four feet thick is being placed on top of the piling. This grillage consists of white oak timber 12 by 14 inches in size, which was brought here from Arkansas, considerably more than 1000 miles. It is said by contractors to be an exceptionally good quality of oak, and many marvel that it can be brought so far and laid down so cheaply as it is. At the south side of the canal a coffer dam is now being built preparatory to constructing the foundation top of concrete. The blocks of concrete made for this job will be larger than any that have yet been prepared here. They will be 14 by 28 feet and six and a half feet thick. This will bring the concrete foundations six feet above the surface of the water at normal level. The concrete blocks will be made in the positions they will occupy.

Hugo & Tims are also rebuilding the Consolidated Elevator company's dock facing around the elevator docks by driving sheet piling. This sheet piling will be filled in with sand, making the docks practically filled work. The contractors are also building a sea wall between the two series of elevators, but running parallel with the shore. The purpose is to protect the Northern Pacific tracks along the bay shore at this point from being undermined by the wash from the current caused by the enlarged ship canal. The increased current and wash are causing much difficulty along the lower harbor, and it is said that considerable work will be necessary before long to protect several pieces of property from the undermining effects of the wash.

Hugo & Tims have also been notified by the engineers of the railways building the Garfield avenue viaduct that their bid for doing the timber work and laying the cedar block pavement on the viaduct and approach has been accepted. The materials have been bought for the job and work will begin next week on pushing the work.

This firm has contracts for all the work it can undertake this winter, and it is said that numerous other contractors are in much the same position.

EMBEZZLED.

H. A. Blume Makes That Charge Against J. M. Peterson.

Charged with appropriating $30 from collections made for the Peerless Laundry, J. M. Peterson, of 19 West Superior street, was arrested yesterday afternoon.

The complaint is made by Henry A. Blume, proprietor of the laundry. The young man under arrest has been working for him for nearly twelve years and is well known throughout the city.

Mr. Blume claims that he has been appropriating money in small amounts for some time past, these sums aggregating the amount charged in the warrant. Several weeks ago Mr. Blume says he brought the matter to the attention of young Peterson and he admitted taking the money, but promised to make it good as soon as possible. He failed to make any effort in this direction and yesterday got drunk. Mr. Blume decided that there was little chance of having the promise fulfilled and went before the county attorney for a warrant.

While this warrant was being issued young Peterson was arrested on a charge of drunkenness.

Peterson said last evening that he did not know why he was arrested and when told it was for embezzling $30, said that he had not taken any money.

EXPLODED.

Mystery as to Blood Covered Clothes Is Dispelled.

Crack!
Crack!
Crack!

These were not funny cracks. They describe the explosion of a murder theory.

It was a dark and fearsome mystery. It careened wildly into police headquarters yesterday afternoon.

A moment later members of the "flying squadron" stole softly from the building wearing rubber-heeled shoes and troubled looks.

The suppressed excitement was due to the fact that clothing had been found saturated with blood, up near the boulevard. It looked like murder from the start, because the clothing was apparently cut off a dead body by an undertaker, and also because it was neatly tied up in a newspaper.

One theory was that the men had been chased for four miles by a pack of wolves, and the wolves were so hungry they did not stop to unbutton their victim's clothing. After they were through eating, the head of the band—a long, low, rakish looking animal, suggested that in order to cover up their crime, they tie the clothing up in a bundle and leave it by the roadside.

But inquiry among the undertaking establishments explode this theory with three loud cracks.

Some weeks ago an undertaker was called on to bury a woodsman. He was compelled to cut the clothing off the body and the clothing was left in the undertaking rooms for several days. Finally a load of rough boxes were being taken out to Calvary cemetery, and the undertaker suggested that the driver take the bundle of clothing and throw it in a deep ravine. The driver simply dropped it off nearer the city.

YOUR STOMACH

Is The Cause Of Your Debilitated Condition.

When Out Of Order Everything Seems Wrong.

We have heard it said that 90% of all ills may be traced directly to the stomach. We believe this statement.

We know from personal experience, that there are many cases of debility, there are many people who are particularly susceptible to disease, there are hundreds who have even contracted consumption—simply because that greatest of all vital organs, the stomach, has not performed its important duty.

Be on the safe side and see that the action of the digestive functions is healthy.

You cannot expect to maintain your normal weight, you need not hope to be well and strong, and it is easy to get run down, when the food which is intended to give you strength and health, and replace waste tissue, is not properly digested.

Let us tell you what Vinol will do for the stomach. It will enable that organ to obtain from the food which is eaten all the nourishment contained in that food.

You can see that when this has been done the rest of the body will look after itself.

Mrs. C. F. Lewis, 94 Pool Street, Biddeford, Maine, says:

"I had severe distress in my stomach, was dizzy and suffered from numb feeling. Several doctors whom I consulted, told me that I had heart trouble and that my kidneys were out of order. After coming to this city, I employed a doctor three months, but he did me no good. I was finally confined to my bed, when my daughter bought me a bottle of Vinol. After taking three bottles of it, I am now able to be about the house and attend to my household duties. My stomach is better and since the first bottle I have had no dizzy spells."

It is because we know Vinol will do all we claim for it and is a bona fide remedy, that we are always glad to guarantee its action and hold ourselves in readiness to refund the price of it to anyone not absolutely satisfied with its action.

S. F. BOYCE

DRUGGIST.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr.

Tomorrow evening at the First Methodist church, Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., will be heard in a lecture on "Backbone," it being one of the attractions of the Star Lecture course. The Dallas, Tex., News said of him:

"He is one of the most unique orators of the present day, was 32 years old yesterday, and can hold an audience as long as he can talk. He talks as fast as a nervous woman in a church sewing circle, and is a master of all arts of oratory. In one moment he blazes like a meteor, in the next he thunders like a crest of belching batteries; again, he dazzles his audiences with a prodigal scattering of gems of thought, and then pounds them with a hailstorm of logic. If there is a double back-action, reversible patent-lever, eighteen-carat, web-perfecting, self-cocking, thoroughbred dispenser of original chin music in this country, it is Tom Dixon."

EXTRADITION

For Mayer Has Been Ordered By Commissioner Abbott.

Minneapolis, Minn., Feb. 7.—After four hours of heated legal argument yesterday afternoon, United States Commissioner Howard S. Abbott issued an order for the extradition of Francis S. Mayer, alleged to have forged debenture bonds of the Yokohama Steam laundry, Yokohama, Japan. He was arrested in this city Dec. 5, while en route from Japan to Europe. A writ of habeas corpus will at once be taken out by Mayer's attorneys and the case be brought in the United States district court. Commissioner Abbott's findings were that the evidence was sufficient to establish the offense as having been committed by Mayer, and pursuant to the provisions of the extradition treaty in force between Japan and this country, he certified the issuance of a warrant for the surrender of Mr. Mayer to the Japanese government. This is the first case of any importance since the extradition treaty between the United States and Japan went into effect in 1889.

DULUTH TO QUEBEC.

New Company Is Negotiating For Many Boats.

Cleveland, Feb. 7.—According to A. B. Wolvin, the head of the Great Lakes and St. Lawrence River Transportation company, that company is now in negotiation with the American Shipbuilding company preparatory to placing an order for all of the ships which can be built during the present year.

It is said the negotiations will be closed in a day or two. The boats will carry grain between Duluth and Quebec. The company has obtained possession of the elevator owned by the Great Northern railroad of Canada, stationed at Quebec, and it already has such facilities at Duluth. The elevator capacity, therefore, has been arranged for and there will be no difficulty whatever in that respect. Presently, when the time shall permit, it is the purpose to erect new elevators.

NEW DOCKS.

Better Facilities For Pickands, Mather & Co.

Cleveland, Feb. 7.—Pickands, Mather and company, of this city, are getting better facilities at the Lake Erie ports to take care of the expected big increase in business in the lake carrying trade. By the opening of navigation in 1903, they will have three new modern docks at Lake Erie ports for the rapid handling of ore and coal. Two of the new docks at Ashtabula will have a water frontage of 1500 feet. On the opposite side of the slip a coal dock will be built. Seven other docks will be started at Ohio ports this season by other large shippers.

ABDUCTION

Is Charge Brought Against St. Paul Procurer.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—Arthur Young, whom the police claim has been assisting the keeper of a disreputable resort at Cloquet, Minn., to procure young girls in this city, was formally charged with abduction.

Frederick Swanson, Edgerton street, father of Ella Swanson, a 17-year-old girl, whom it is alleged Young induced to go to Cloquet, makes the complaint. The case was continued by Judge Hine until Feb. 13. Young was held in $1500 bail. The girl was brought back from Cloquet by her father three weeks ago.

"Famous For Low Prices."

STACK & Co

After Stock Taking we find numerous lines of goods much too heavy. We have to cut these stocks down—cost or value not taken into consideration. Prudent buyers will find the entire store bristling with bargains.

Cotton Hose.

1000 dozen (one thousand dozen) is a fairly good sized purchase of Children's, Misses' and Boys' Cotton Hose. We have 100 dozen of the thousand already in stock—and on sale tomorrow—the following sizes: 5, 5½, 6, 6½, 7, 7½—all worth 10c a pair—at---------- **5c**

"Black Cat" brand Wool Hose for Misses and Boys, worth from 35c to 50c a pair—choice at ---------- **25c**

Ladies' Fleece-lined Hose—good heavy fleece, all sizes, a 15c value at-------- **10c**

Underwear for children, sizes 16 to 26, heavily fleeced, sold during the season at 25c a number. We'll have them ticketed tomorrow-------- **15c**

Ribbons.

Months ago we determined to give the ladies of Duluth some big things in Ribbon. We are fulfilling our promise and getting our reward. Even these last few days, cold as the weather was, found at all hours of the day our ribbon counter busy. Fancy Ribbons, Satin and Gros-Grain Ribbons, and all Silk Taffeta Ribbons—No. 22, 40, 60 and 80—all colors—choice, per yard---------- **10c**

Embroideries.

In three lots for tomorrow. You'll find values up to 25c a yard marked down to 10c and 10c values maaked at 5c—

Lot No. 1—7½c and 10c Embroidery at ---------- **5c**

Lot No. 2—12½c and 15c Embroidery at--- **7½c**

Lot. No. 3—18c to 25c Embroidery at-------- **10c**

Laces.

2000 yds of Fancy Laces, worth from 10c to 25c a yard — in plat Valenciennes, Normandy Laces, etc—on sale at, per yard------ ---- -------- **5c**

Toilet Soaps.

Over 5000 cakes — all milled goods, nicely perfumed, boxed, etc. Such well known 5c and 10c goods as Graham Bros.' Transparent Glycerine, Savon Violette, Armour's Fleur de Lis, Armour's Venetian Chypre, Olive Oil, etc. Choice of the lot, Three cakes for------ **10c**

Tam O'Shanters—A few 50c and 75c caps to close out—not over 2 dozen—any one in the bunch for---------- **33c**

1000 spools of Corticelli Silk, in black only, 50-yard spools—on a basket tomorrow, ticketed instead of 5c---------- **3c**

Eureka Hooks and Eyes, in black only—some stores sell them at 5c a card—price-- **1c**

Pins—400 in a paper—worth 4c, at---------- **2c**

Prints.

Hamilton's best fancy prints, reds, new blue, and all new styles; the 7c values at ---------- **5c**

Light Shirting Prints, in pretty stripes and figures, the best standard 6c quality at---------- **4½c**

Light Challies, dainty all wool effects, full width, worth regular 7c yard---------- **5c**

Ginghams.

Apron Ginghams, plain and fancy checks, the 7c quality—at per yard ---------- **4¼c**

Dress Ginghams, 50 pieces fine domestic ginghams, exact patterns of more expensive goods ---------- **7½c**

Yard-wide Percales, light and dark, stripes and figures, newest patterns, the 12½c kind ---------- **8c**

Domestics.

Cotton Batting, pure white hand rolled batting, full weight, the 8c rolls, at per roll ---------- **5c**

Satin stripe feather ticking, extra heavy and guaranteed to hold feathers, the 20c quality ------- **12½c**

Plain Domet, full width and good medium weight, the 8c quality, for this sale per yard ---------- **5c**

Waists and Underskirts.

Mercerized Sateen Waists, neatly finished, lined or unlined—actual value $2 each; for---------- **98c**

Mercerized Sateen Underskirts, good quality, made with flounce and ruffle—full width; only------ **$1.00**

$7 Dress Skirts of fine black Cheviot, silk taffeta braid and band, elegantly lined, made with full flare flounce--------- **$5.00**

Wrappers.

Percale and Calico Wrappers in pretty staple patterns, blue, red, gray and black ground for---------- **79c**

Lace Curtains, full length and extra wide protected edges—the regular $1 value for---------- **75c**

Advance Sale of Wash Goods.

Quality tells—prices sell.

Two thousand yards of new, choice wash goods in lengths from 2 to 10 yards to be sacrificed at less than manufacturer's cost. It will be a sale close to every woman's heart, for the goods offered are the identical ones that you must have some time or other during the summer months. So be on hand early Saturday morning, for crowds will be there; regular values up to 25c a yard. This gives you a rare chance to buy wash goods for next to nothing. Such values as here mentioned will not be duplicated again this season. Dresden Jacquards, Lawns, printed English Dimities and Batistes, satin striped fancy Lawns, Batiste Cordelia Cable Cords and fine French Cambrics in lace and embroidered effects; all at this one price, per yard---------- **8c**

Enameline ENAMELINE BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE

Enameline

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH

Brilliant. Clean. Easily Applied. Absolutely Odorless.

LIQUID-BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF!!

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink

ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.

Sold in Duluth at the

IDEAL BEER HALL.

Hotel Northern,

205 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

Duluth Brass Works,

Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbits. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

Johnson & Moe

The West End Busy Big Store, Duluth, Minn.

Important Special Sale!

Consequential events succeed each other rapidly in this store these stirring, clearing days. There must be no between season period of dullness here. No inactivity can be tolerated, and so every part of the big store is hustling with genuinely good news for shoppers who believe in economy, and who seek to double the purchasing power of their dollars. Our inventory revealed a much larger stock than usual at this season of the year and we are determined to make prices that will move all surplus during this month. News full of interest to money-savers follows.

A Penny Prize Guessing Contest.

We Shall Offer THREE GRAND PRIZES

For guesses of the number of pennies contained in display in our center show window, as follows:

1st Prize, Ten Dollars in Gold

To the party guessing the correct or nearest number of pennies contained in the display.

2nd Prize, One Combination High-Class Toilet Case, value $7.50, to party guessing the next nearest correct number.

3rd Prize, One French Beveled Mirror in heavy gold plated frame, value $3.00, to party guessing third nearest number of pennies.

In case of a tie in any of the prizes the awarding shall be left to two judges—one representative each from the Duluth Evening Herald and Duluth News Tribune, to be performed in such a fair manner as they may decide. CONTEST WILL CLOSE TUESDAY, APRIL 1. Any man, woman or child making a purchase in any department of 25 cents or over can participate in this contest by asking for a guess coupon and registering his or her name and address and amount of guess, these coupons to be deposited by customers in special boxes at each entrance door.

Johnson & Moe.

Dress Goods and Silks.

Important Price Concessions to Reduce Stock.

Fancy Wool Suitings, in plaids, checks and plain regular 15c and 19c kind; reduced to..... **12½c**

Scotch Plaids and Fancy Wool Suitings, 25c and 35c kind; reduced to..... **19c**

40-inch all wool Venetian Cloth, in plain and fancy mixtures, 69c quality. Special reduction price, per yard..... **48c**

50-inch all wool Ladies' Cloth, brown and gray mixtures, 98c kind; reduced to..... **49c**

40-inch black Figured Mohair Suitings, regular price 75c; reduced to..... **49c**

42-inch Silk and Mohair Novelty Suitings, two toner—black and green, black and red—former price $2.49 reduced to close, per yard... **$1.48**

Black Dress Goods.

40-inch Imported Black Novelty Suitings, former price $1.98; reduced to..... **$1.48**

40-inch Imported Suitings in plain and novelty effects, beautiful styles; former prices $1.25, $1.48 and $1.98. For this sale, your choice..... **98c**

27-in. guaranteed black Taffeta Silk, $1.25 kind, reduced to..... **98c**

Johnson & Moe.

Now Spring Wash Goods.

Fine Zephyr Ginghams, beautiful styles, worth 10c. Tomorrow, a yard..... **7½c**

Sea Iceland and Windsor Percale, in new handsome styles; regular price 15c. Tomorrow, per yard..... **11c**

Johnson Bros.' New Zephyr Ginghams and Madras Cloth, dainty choice styles, 15c and 18c quality. Tomorrow, per yard..... **12½c**

In the Cloak Room.

Special closing prices on Ladies' Walking Skirts, Ladies Tailored Suits, Ladies' 26-inch Box Coats, Ladies' Astrachan and Electric Seal Jackets and Capes, all subject to tremendous reductions to close and make room for Spring Stock. Now is the time to buy and save money.

Ladies' Tailored Suits, made in heavy grey and brown Melton; regular prices $12.50, $15.00, $16.50 and $18.00; your choice..... **$10.98**

Ladies' Tailored Walking Skirts, in brown, grey and black Melton, regular price up to $5.98; your choice now..... **$3.98**

Ladies' 26-inch Box Coats, silk lined, in black and brown, castor and navy wool Kersey, very nobby coats; regular price up to $10.00; to close now at..... **$4.98**

Johnson & Moe.

Ladies' Astrachan Fur Jackets.

To Close at Following Great Reductions:

Our $33.00 Jacket, to close, at..... **$22.50**

Our $35.00 Jacket, to close, at..... **$27.50**

Our $40.00 and $42.00 Jacket, to close, at..... **$32.00**

Our $48.00 Jacket, to close, at..... **$37.50**

Krimmer Jacket, best quality, regular price $65.00—to close—..... **$48.00**

Ladies' Astrachan Fur Capes, to close, at 20 per cent—1-5 off former prices. It means:

Our $20.00 Capes at..... **$16.00**

Our $25.00 Capes at..... **$20.00**

Our $28.00 Capes at..... **$22.00**

Children's Jackets to close at less than half.

One lot Children's Box Coats and Jackets, sizes from 3 to 12 years; former prices up to $4.00. To close at only..... **$1.98**

Ladies' Wool Waists, to close, at—

25 Per Cent.—¼ Off

Former Low Prices.

Lining Department.

15 pieces 34-inch Taffeta Skirt Lining, greys and browns, regular price 15c. For this sale, a yard..... **9c**

10c and 12½c Silisia, for this sale only..... **9c**

Brush Binding.

Challenge and Rusler Brush Binding, worth 8c; for this sale, a yard. **5c**

Spool Silk—Belding Bros.' 20-yard Spool Silk, worth 3c—sale price, a spool..... **1c**

Bargains in Our Model Cash

Grocery Department

for Tomorrow and Monday.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, direct from the country, per doz..... 22c

We have the cold storage stock to mix in.

Fancy Patent Flour, regular price $2.20; tomorrow, per 98-lb sack...$2.00

BAKERY GOODS.

Fresh Ginger Snaps, per lb..... 6c

Fresh Drop Cakes, etc, doz..... 8c

Fresh Doughnuts, doz..... 8c

Graham Crackers, per lb..... 9c

Soda Crackers..... 6c

Farina, in bulk..... 4c

Sago and Tapioca..... 5c

3 lbs Corn Starch..... 10c

Pure Fruit Jam, per can..... 8c

Jelly, in 5-lb pails, each..... 25c

10 bars good Laundry Soap..... 25c

Johnson & Moe.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. All fun this week.

Hear Flnaten's full concert orchestra at Armory tonight, for benefit of St. James' Orphans' home.

Judgment against the Northern Pacific Railway company for $5296.32 has been entered in district court by stipulation. Satisfaction of judgment has also been filed. The plaintiff in the action was Joseph A. Miller. He brought suit for damages against the railway company for personal injuries sustained in being knocked from a car while working as switchman near the "salt track" on Lake avenue. A stay was taken by the railroad preparatory to appeal, but this stay has been vacated by stipulation and the litigation closed.

George F. and Elise Todd have petitioned the district court to be allowed to adopt the son of Katie Grant.

Walenty Wisiak, Joseph Behncke and Peter Sojka, former subjects of Emperor William, have taken out second papers of naturalization.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' home. Excellent program.

Parlor theater. Season's greatest show.

Professor Ourat will organize the last adult beginners' class Wednesday, Feb. 12.

The revival services which have been held in the First Methodist church for several weeks past closed last evening. The service is pronounced the most successful of its kind ever held in the church, thirty-seven new members being received by Dr. Long last evening.

L. M. Linnell, of Embarrass, who is involved in the school district dispute over some property, says that his side of the case has not yet been heard and he requests that criticism be suspended until the hearing comes off in court.

The Elks entertained the ladies last evening in their hall and it was a delightful occasion, the attendance being large and the attractions pleasing. There was dancing and refreshments served. The committee in charge consisted of Messrs. Eden, Masseau and Swan.

PERSONALS.

S. L. Jackson has been called to Malone, N. Y., by the severe illness of his mother, who is in her 92nd year.

C. T. Fitzsimmons of the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company has returned from a trip to the Pacific coast.

A. D. Thomson and Ward Ames went to St. Paul last night to join the Duluth citizens' delegation which will appear today before the joint committee on taxes and taxation in a hearing on the proposed tax code.

W. C. Agnew's injuries from a fall at the Missabe road trestle yesterday have proven much less serious than was supposed at first, and he will be about in a day or so.

R. A. Eva went to St. Paul last night.

H. S. Bryan, master mechanic of the Iron Range road, is down from Two Harbors. He is at the Spalding.

J. J. Opsaht, of Felton, is in town, a guest at the Spalding.

A further improvement in the condition of Mrs. George H. Crosby is noted today according to the attending physician. She is nevertheless in a very dangerous condition and at best her recovery will be slow.

Mr. and Mrs. Herman Burg have gone to Mt. Clements, Mich. Mr. Burg is suffering from sciatic rheumatism.

C. S. Pollock will leave this evening over the South Shore for an over-Sunday visit with his family at Marquette.

G. G. Barnum expects to take the Omaha this afternoon for a trip to New York.

J. H. Norby, a Two Harbors general merchant, is in town. He is at the St. Louis.

O. D. Kinney expects to leave on the Omaha this afternoon on his return to Tarpon Springs, Fla. Mrs. Frederick R. Ahbe, of Tower, will accompany Mr. Kinney.

H. J. Wessinger will leave this afternoon for Chicago.

Joe M. Dalton, manager of the Schroeder Lumber company, of Ashland, is at the St. Louis.

N. Mills, superintendent of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railway, is at the St. Louis today. His headquarters are at Virginia.

W. A. Chamberlain, of Ashland, is a guest at the Spalding.

Fred M. Prescott, a Milwaukee manufacturer of sawmail machinery, is at the Spalding.

F. A. Cokefair left this afternoon via the Eastern Minnesota for a trip to Chicago.

Fred Clark returned today from a trip to St. Paul.

Thomas Thorburn left today on the Eastern for Winnipeg.

F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern railway, arrived in the city this afternoon.

W. Chipman, of Ottawa, arrived in the city this morning, and is stopping at the Spalding.

Vice President Phibin, of the Eastern Minnesota, will leave in a few days for a visit to his mother in Canada. He also expects to extend his vacation by a trip to Mexico.

A. T. Naugle came up from Chicago this morning to look after his cedar interests here. He is at the Spalding.

Ready For Mailing.

The finest assortment of fancy and comic Valentines in the city. New designs. Nothing like our stock at the head of the lake. Prices very reasonable. See our window display. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

$20, $22 and $25 Men's Overcoats and Ulsters

Selling at $14.85 at the Big Duluth.

The First Accident.

The first accident to a street car due to the blasting going on at the Point of Rocks, Fourteenth avenue west, occurred about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. A West Duluth car was passing about the time a charge was set off and through some misunderstanding in signals the car was run close to the wall, the fragments of the rock from the blast shattering some of the windows and narrowly missing some of the pasengers.

$5.85 for choice of 500 men's $10, $12 and $14 suits and overcoats at the Big Duluth.

Van Allen--Dugan.

Cards have been received in the city announcing the marriage, Tuesday, Feb. 4, of Miss Mollie Van Allen, daughter of Mrs. M. H. Van Allen, of Ortonville, Minn., and Edward John Dugan, of the same city. The wedding took place from the home of the bride's mother. Mr. and Mrs. Dugan will be at home at 40 Eleventh street north, Minneapolis. The bride is quite well known in Duluth, where she resided for a number of years. She is a niece of Mrs. Henry Van Brunt.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

PARK LOSES.

Decision For Supt. Denfeld In "Teachers' Certificates" Case.

Superintendent Park loses.

Judge Cant today filed his decision in the case of the State of Minnesota, A. T. Park, relator, vs. R. E. Denfeld, superintendent of the schools of Duluth. This was an action brought to compel Superintendent Denfeld to show cause why he should not make an annual report of the number of teachers employed in the Duluth schools, the number of substitutes and the kind of certificates which each one had.

In the decision filed today Judge Cant vacates the order to show cause.

Drop of Ten Degrees.

The thermometer showed a drop in the temperature of about 10 degrees from yesterday morning until this morning. The coldest record during the twenty-four hours was made in the night, the temperature dropping to 6 degrees below zero. The weather continues cold through out the Northwest, temperature ranging from 10 to 14 degrees below zero. The barometer is low over the St. Lawrence valley and the North Pacific coast districts, and high throughout the Northwest. The forescast for tonight and tomorrow is probable snow flurries and warmer, fresh northerly and easterly winds.

DEATH LIST.

Joliet, Ill., Feb. 7.—Edward Hager, a leading lawyer and vice president of the First National bank, is dead here, aged 56 years.

London, Feb. 7.—Thomas Sidney Cooper, the painter, who had exhibited at the royal academy for sixty-seven consecutive years, died today at his residence, Vernon Holme, Harbledown, the spot near Canterbury immortalized by Chaucer. Mr. Cooper, who was the oldest academician, had been ill for some time. He was born in 1803.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 7.—The two oldest residents of Northwestern Ohio died yesterday. They the Mrs. Hannah Torrens, aged 104 years, 7 months and 14 days, and Mrs. Dora Exteine, aged 104 years and one day. Mrs. Torrens will be buried at Saginaw, Mich., Saturday.

SOLDIERS HANGED.

Deserted From Army and Served With Enemy.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Two soldiers undoubtedly were hanged in the Philippines today in execution of sentences imposed by military commission by which they were tried and convicted of deserting to the enemy. Their names were Edmund A. Dubose and Lewis Russell, and both were attached to Company C Ninth regiment. While their company was operating against the insurgents in the province of Albay in August last the two men deserted and were afterwards discovered serving in the ranks of the enemy.

HE WILL RETIRE

Henry Truelsen Says Politics Will Know Him No More.

If the Recount Goes Against Him, He Is Through.

Must Get Into Business To Provide For Old Age.

Henry Truelsen will retire from politics.

If the official count and recount confirms the unofficial count and Mayor Hugo is finally declared re-elected, Mr. Truelsen will withdraw from politics permanently.

He will take this step, not because he is disgruntled by defeat, but he finds politics too much of a luxury for a poor man.

When he authorized the announcement of his probable retirement today, he said:

"I am getting to be an old man now, and I must get into some business where I can prepare for my old age.

"I must make a living for myself, and it is a hard proposition for a man to make a living in politics, especially where honesty in politics is such a luxury for a poor man.

"It seems best to me that I should get down to some steady work before I am too old, and my interest in politics from now on will be that of the general citizen."

Mr. Truelsen's retirement will be better news to the Republicans than the bulletins from the Fourth precinct of the First ward were on Tuesday night, when defeat seemed to be inevitable.

In the campaign which has just closed he fought, practically single-handed, the strongest and most united Republican combination that was ever put up in Duluth.

At the primary election in December the Republicans had 650 more votes than the Democrats, giving them that handicap in the recent election. Mr. Truelsen reduced this handicap to eight votes.

Mr. Truelsen is 58 years old. He was born in Schleswig, now a part of Germany, in 1844. While a very small boy his father lost his life by falling into a vat of boiling water. When 14 years old he started out to help his mother support the family, working sixteen hours a day as a hotel waiter and shoe boy, receiving $12 a year for his services.

He then became an apprentice in a grocery store at practically the same terms and worked at it till he was 22 years of age, when he decided to come to the United States.

He located in Eagle River, Mich., and became bookkeeper for John H. Hansen, a short time thereafter marrying Mr. Hansen's daughter. He came to Duluth in May, 1869, when there was not even a boarding house in this town. He was obliged to stop in Superior till he could build a two-roomed cottage on Minnesota Point. He had neither money, friends or acquaintances, and was obliged to take the first job offered him. That was mixing mortar.

In the fall of that year he secured work in a stone quarry, and the superintendent, hearing that he was from a mining country, supposed he knew all about drilling and blasting, and he was given an important position, when he had never handled a quarryman's tools before. A premature explosion, one day, led Mr. Truelsen to seek other employment.

In June, 1870, Mr. Truelsen went into the grocery business down on Minnesota Point with Michael Pastoret. In 1880 he acquired an interest in the Duluth Fish company, which is now the A. Booth company. The fish and grocery business was sold out in 1885 and 1886.

About this time Mr. Truelsen entered politics. He was alderman for eight years, and sheriff of St. Louis county for two years. From 1891 to 1895 he was president of the board of public works.

It was this year that the people of Duluth voted to buy the gas and water plant for $1,960,000. Mr. Truelsen contested the election and the supreme court decided in his favor. He then started in a campaign which elected him mayor in 1896, and which resulted in the purchase of the gas and water plant for $1,250,000 or $700,000 less than was first proposed. He won this fight over the Republican candidate by 779 votes.

In 1898 Mr. Truelsen was elected mayor for the second term, but in the spring of 1900 he was defeated for mayor by six votes, and that fall he was the Democratic candidate for congress and was again defeated. Tuesday he was defeated by eight votes, and that contest winds up one of the most interesting and unique political careers in the history of the Northwest, unless the recount results in Mr. Truelsen's favor.

$14.85 takes your choice of any overcoat or ulster in the house at the Big Duluth.

MEN'S OVERCOATS... AT EXACTLY HALF PRICE.

M. S. Burrows,

Hanan Shoes for Women.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We have just opened a large Shipment of

Fine Walking Skirts

In the prevailing styles for spring — and including the shades that will be popular this spring, consisting of Cheviots, Home Spuns, unfinished Worsteds, Kerseys, Venetian Cloths and Broadcloths—the following are particularly strong values:

$5.75—Made of fine all wool materials in browns, blues, Oxford, light and medium grays, made with deep flounce and tailor stitched—regular $7.50 values.

$10.75—Made in all the latest colors—in the 6 or 7 gored or flounce styles, beautifully tailored and perfect fitting. Regular $12.50 values.

We also show a large line from $14.50 to $25.00, made of fine Cheviots, Coverts or Broadcloths—in all colors—and made in the latest styles.

Misses' Walking Skirts $5.75.

In greys, blues, browns—made with pretty tucked flounce and perfect fitting—for $5.75. Regular $7.50 value.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

CONGRESS.

Question of Finance Occupied Attention of House.

Washington, Feb. 7.—This was the day in the house which belonged under the rules to the committee on war claims, but Mr. Mahon (Pa.), chairman of that committee announced that he did not desire to antagonize the legislative appropriation bill and asked that the day following the disposal of the oleo bill be given to that committee. There was no objection and the order was made. The house then went into committee of the whole and resumed the consideration of the legislative appropriation bill.

Mr. Smith (Ariz.) offered an amendment to increase the salary of the governor of that territory from $3000 to $5000 and used his amendments as a text for an assault upon the appropriations committee for discriminating against Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma and in favor of Hawaii in the matter of salaries for executive and judicial officers.

Mr Smith's amendment was ruled out on a point of order. A debate upon Cuba was precipitated in the house by Mr. Robinson (Ind.), who characterized the salaries paid in the Philippines. He suggested to Mr. Nedlands (Nev.) that he should add to his Cuban annexation resolution a provision that such annexation would be in line with the government's colonial policy. Mr. Newlands declared that his resolution did not contemplate the perpetuation of the colonial policy, but it was the declared intention to have Cuba ultimately admitted as a state. He said that immediate relief was necessary to prevent a crisis in Cuba.

IN THE SENATE.

Washington, Febe. 7.—When the senate ocnvened today it disagreed to the amendments of the house on the urgent deficiency bill and appointed Senators Hale and Allison as conferees on the present senate.

A bill appropriating $200,000 for the erection of a public building at New Castle, Pa., was passed.

The senate passed the pension appropriation bill and resumed consideration of the Philippine tariff bill.

Mr. Turner (Wash.), took the floor and spoke against the bill and general policy of the Republican party in connection with the Islands.

The senate this afternoon began the consideration of the pension appropriation bill.

$15, $16 and $18 Suits and Overcoats

Selling at $9.85 at the Big Duluth.

Minnie Cummins!

FANCY SKATER.

AT EAST END RINK TONIGHT!

GERMAN NAVY

Berlin, Feb. 7.—The secretary of the admiralty, Admiral on Tirpitz, opened the debate in the reichstag today over the naval estimates. He said the government hoped it would not have to ask further credits for this year's expenditure. Referring to the secret memorandum published by the Voerwaerts, Jan. 26, to the effect that when the present ship building bill expires in 1903 a new bill, containing the provision of the bill of 1900, which was rejected by the reichstag, would be introduced, the secretary indignantly repudiated the charge of deceiving the reichstag. He explained that the financial features of the memorandum, which merely reflected the ideas of the admiralty, would, in any case, have to be finally approved by the reichstag, and would only involve an additional amount of 6,000,000 marks annually toward the systematic construction of a fighting fleet.

Herr Bebel, the Socialist leader, who followed Von Tirpitz, said it was quite evident the secretary had not told the reichstag the whole truth. If he had done so the naval bill would not have been voted. Herr Bebel asked if it was a fact that the government intended to keep in commission, on the East Asiatic station for eight years to come, foru battleships and a corresponding number of cruisers and gunboats?

This question brought the secretary to his feet with the remark that Herr Bebel evidently knew the tenor of the portion of the stolen memorandum, which was not published by the Voerwaerts, and he called on him to name the person who purloined it.

$10, $12 and $14 Suits and Overcoats

Selling at $5.85 at the Big Duluth.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$12 Winter Jackets at $5 Tomorrow

Black and navy—in all sizes—about twenty-five in all—the last of certain lots—$12.00 Jackets at $5.00.

Three-Quarter Coats and Long Coats at Half

Take your choice tomorrow—and pay $7.50 for a $15.00 Coat—$10.00 for a $20.00 Coat, and $15.00 for a $30.00 Coat—and plenty of cold weather ahead of you.

$1.75 to $2.50 Eiderdown Dressing Sacques at $1.00

In all colors—our regular $1.75, $2.00 and $2.50 Sacques—just a small lot left—to clean them up quick we place them on sale at $1.00.

$4.75 Walking Skirts $2.75

Oxford Grey Walking Skirts with tucked flounce—regular $4.75 value tomorrow $2.95—all sizes.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

$5 Black Taffeta Waists at $3.95

New Spring Styles—with Gibson back, stitched yoke and sleeves—our regular $5.00 Waist—to keep things busy in February we've clipped the profit off—tomorrow, all sizes, $3.95.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

PRODUCE BURNED.

Milwaukee, Feb. 7.—A Daily News special from Appleton, Wis., says: Fire today entirely destroyed the offices and warehouses of the Neenah Cold Storage company at that city. The entire structure and contents are a total loss. It is estimated that $100,000 worth of cheese, butter, eggs and general farm produce were stored in the building, none of which was saved. The losse are well covered by insurance. The origin of the fire is at present unknown. The Neenah cold storage was operated by a stock company, the majority of the shares being owned by business and professional men of Appleton.

Your choice of 500 men's all-wool $10, $12 and $14 suits and overcoats for $5.85 at the Big Duluth.

REIMANS WILL.

Leaves $1000 to Circulate Ingersoll's Lectures.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—"To the Boston Investment company, of Boston, Mass., for the purpose of distributing Robert G. Ingersoll's lectures among Christians, in order to civilize them, I give and bequeath the sum of $1000." The foregoing is section 13 of the will of Morris Reiman, which was filed in the probate court here today.

The will leaves to the Hebrew Benevolent association of New Orleans a cotton plantation of 1760 acres in Yazoo county, Miss., with the proviso that the association bury the testator's body on the plantation.

The remainder of the estate, which was valued at $120,000, is left to members of the decedent's family.

20 Per Cent Discount

On all underwear at the Big Duluth.

GROSSLY NEGLIGENT.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 7.—The state railroad commission, in a report handed down today regarding the recent disaster in the Park avenue tunnel, New York city, censures the New York Central company, declaring it grossly negligent in placing an engineer in charge of a train who had not had experience in handling a train during "rush" hours.

Boys' and Children's Overcoats and Reefers

At 20 per cent discount at the Big Duluth.

TO EXPEL FRIARS.

Manila, Feb. 7.—The insular presidentes will present a petition to Mgr. Sbaretti, the apostolic delegate in the Philippines, on his arrival here from Rome, praying for the expulsion of the friars and friar bishops in the interest of the church as the Filipinos consider them unfit to serve in the house of God. A majority of the presidentes have already signed the petition.

Coughs and colds, down to the very borderland of consumption, yield to the soothing healing influences of Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup.

WALKER TESTIFIES.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Admiral John D. Walker, chairman of the isthmian canal commission, testified before the senate committee on inter-oceanic canals today.

BUST FOR SCHLEY.

Annapolis, Md., Feb. 7.—The house of delegates under suspension of rules, unanimously today passed the senate bill appropriating $3000 to place a bronze bust of Rear Admiral W. S. Schley in the state building.

ANOTHER ONE DEAD.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Another of the men with Waller in his terrible march across the Island of Samar is dead. Private William McKenzie, who died at Tacloban, Feb. 1, from liver complications contracted on the march.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

REVISION OF CREED.

Philadelphia, Feb. 7.—By a unanimous vote the Presbyterian committee on creed revision decided to devote both sessions today to the consideration of a brief statement of the confession of faith, which will prove acceptable to the entire Presbyterian church.

WELL SALTED.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—The International Salt company, with a capital stock of $1,000,000, was incorporated at Springfield today.

SCHWAB VISITS KING.

London, Feb. 7.—Mr. Schwab had half an hour's audience with King Edward at Marlborough house this afternoon.

Wrinkles are smoothed away by its healing touch. Brain tired and depressed people will find a cure in Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

ASK DRUGGIST for 10 CENT TRIAL SIZE.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Gives Relief at once.

It cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. It is absorbed. Heals and protects the Membrane. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50c.; Trial size 10c.; at Druggists or by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.

CATARRH



COLD IN HEAD

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Erick Johnson and Ida Oman.

Joseph Lesarge and Carrie Page.

Henry Scoble and Mabel Owen.

DEATHS.

STANG—Mrs. Anna Stang, wife of C. Henry Stang, died suddenly yesterday afternoon at St. Luke's hospital. Death was the result of an operation which was performed yesterday morning. Mrs. Stang has been in charge of the flower department of Panton & White's store for some time past. She was also prominent in the order of Maccabees. Few of her friends knew of her illness and many were profoundly shocked by the announcement of her death. The funeral service will be held Sunday afternoon in the St. John English Evangelical Lutheran church, Lake avenue and Third street.

DRINKWATER—Miss Elizabeth Drinkwater, aged 32, died yesterday at her home, 416 East Fourth street, of general tuberculosis. The funeral service will be held in the Cathedral at 8:30 tomorrow morning. Interment at Calvary cemetery.

FRINK—The funeral of the late William Frink was held at 2 o'clock this afternoon from his residence, 208 Eighth avenue west.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1298.

FLOOD & HORGAN, Undertakers and Embalmers

JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.

EISCHEN BROS, 129 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

A CLEAR SKIN CAN BE CULTIVATED and the plainest faces grow lovely using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

WHO WILL BE CHIEF

That Question Is Now Puzzling the Republican Politicians.

Rumor That It Will Go to George Randall Under Promise.

Strong Sentiment Among the People Favoring Troyer's Retention.

Republican politicians are trying to filter a perplexing political puzzle through their seething cranial cavities.

The puzzle is: Will Mayor Hugo make C. H. Troyer a permanent chief of police, or will he appoint George Randall—if so, why not?

The fight is on for this office. It is between the federal and county factions of the party.

A report emanating from the county faction is that Mr. Hugo promised the chief of police to the county crowd if they would swing in line actively for him at the recent election.

The county faction vote was solid with Mr. Hugo, and the members claim it is now up to the mayor to deliver the goods. They ask the appointemnt of Deputy Sheriff George Randall.

With the people generally there is an overwhelming sentiment favoring the appointment of Chief Troyer. He is a man that has worked from an unknown patrolman up to the office of chief of police, and seems to be the most popular man that has ever occupied the office. In all his police record there has been nothing savoring of scandal.

He is naturally a strong man for the place, and the federal faction is taking advantge of this to call off the promise to the county crowd.

It promises to be an exceedingly spirited fight, with the chances in favor of the present temporary chief, despite the fact that Mr. Randall is also very popular and possesses many of the essential qualifications for the office.

With the people generally there is a discrimination between the two in favor of Mr. Troyer, because he has never mixed in politics and the other man has to a certain extent.

It is reported that Mayor Hugo pledged himself to appoint Mr. Troyer—making the promise to a prominent minister of one of Duluth's largest churches, and in the presence of Alderman James L. Cromwell.

There seems to be nothing to this report. It is denied by all connected with it, and denied emphatically. The minister in question says that he is anxious to see Mr. Troyer retained, but he has never discussed the matter with the mayor and took no part in the recent election.

The Democratic majority in the new council will have nothing to say of this appointment, as the councils under the old charter did. The new charter gives the mayor plenary powers and appointment, and removal, so far as the chief of police is concerned.

Mayor Hugo positively declines to make any statement regarding the situation, saying that he prefers to wait till the time for appointing a new chief.

WOULD BE DEPOSITORIES.

Two Banks Make Application —Protest Against License.

The First State Bank of Tower and the Bank of Chisholm have made applications to be included among the depositories of county funds. The applications will be considered at this afternoon's meeting of the county commissioners.

The clerk of the courts reports the earnings of his office for January as $1018.40, of which $474.20 was county business.

The register's office earned $744.05 in fees in January.

Alger, Smith & Co. have filed a protest against the granting of a saloon license to Samuel Ralp. Ralp has applied for a license to sell liquors in town 54-12, near where Alger, Smith & Co. have logging camps.

Living In Hope.

These are eventful, epoch-making days in the county treasurer's office. A new register has been put in the ceiling, without materially affecting the pungency of the atmosphere brought in by callers from up country. The paper is still falling off the walls, and another section peeled off this morning. The treasurer's force believes that each successive peel-off brings them nearer to a newly papered office, on the theory that each strip that falls of its own accord won't have to be removed by artificial methods.

Deputy Treasurer Williamson posed as the promoter of a tragedy this morning. A mouse was found in the top of his desk, and Williamson ordered one of the other deputies to put the offender out of the way. An hour later the corpse of the victim was found in the corridor. The name of the actual slayer cannot be learned, and an effort has been made by Williamson and his friends to cover up his complicity in the crime. The young lady clerk forgot to follow the tradition of her sex, and didn't even jump on a chair.

Early and further sensational developments are expected of the strenuous and turgid life in the treasurer's office.

BOYS' REEFERS AT EXACTLY HALF PRICE

M.S. Burrows

Hanan Shoes for Women.

ORPHANAGE CONCERT.

Program to Be Given at the Armory.

The program for the concert that will be given at the Armory this evening for the benefit of St. James' Orphans' home is one that will commend itself to everyone. That there will be a very large audience is assured by the number of tickets sold. The program is as follows:

Overture—"William Tell" ..... Rossini
Fliaten's orchestra.
Soprano solo—"Ora Pro Nobis" ..... Pollogenigo
Miss Anna Farrell.
Address .....
Rt. Rev. Bishop McGolrick.
Baritone solo—Prologue of "I Pagliacci" ..... Leoncavalla
E. W. Prophet.
Sacred fantasia—"Providence" ..... Cobani
Flaaten's orchestra.
Soprano solo—"Kerry Dance" ..... Molloy
Mrs. James McAuliffe.
Grand selection from "Bohemian Girl" ..... Balfe
Flaaten's orchestra.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

BIG DEAL

For Consolidation of New York Traction Companies.

New York, Feb. 7.—Investigation shows that the report that the Whitney-Widener-Elkins-Dolan syndicate intended to organize a securities company for the purpose of acquiring the Metropolitan Street railway, and, eventually, perhaps the Manhattan Elevated and the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system is true. The plan which was considered but not definitely adopted at a meeting which was held last Monday evening contemplates the organization of a securities holding company. The capital stock of which would be between $20,000,000 and $30,000,000 to begin with, but provision would be made for the expansion of this capital to any amount that the directors might desire.

This securities company is to have control of the Metropolitan Street railway company, but will leave the operation of that road practically in the hands which are now guiding its fortunes.

Later on, but in the dim future, the securities company would have no objection to taking over on similar terms the Manhattan Elevated railway, the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system, the rapid transit subway, and perhaps street railway systems in other cities. This plan, however, is remote.

According to this source of information it appears that the Metropolitan finds it essential to its continued growth and prosperity to change its 122 miles of horse car lines into lines operated by electricity. It is estimated that the cost of changing these lines to underground electricity will be nearly $20,000,000. The interests who control the Metropolitan Street railway, therefore saw themselves confronted with the necessity of raising that sum.

In this emergency the plan of a security holding company with a smaller capital stock, which would be more easily controlled, was suggested and practically adopted. At the same time it was calculated that if the Metropolitan company's stock was limited to a 7 per cent guaranteed dividend the increased earnings of the system would so far exceed this limit, by reason of the improvements to be made, that the stock of the securities company would really be the more valuable, and, as it is understood that the new stock is to be subscribed at par, the profits resulting to the controlling interests from this financial undertaking would be quite large.

Underwear and Hosiery.



All broken lines of winter garments are given exceptionally low prices to close out quickly. The following Saturday specials are money savers.

Women's $4.50 and $5.00 Union Suits—fine all-wool, either black or grey, button down front. They are mostly small sizes, but if you can be fitted, they are a matchless bargain at—a suit—only $1.98

Women's Ribbed Cotton Vests and Pants—Fleece lined, neatly finished front and neck—regular 50c values, at—per garment .. 35c

Women's $1.00 All-wool Pants—some worth $1.25—a choice lot in small sizes only—priced to close at 50c

Children's Camel's Hair Underwear—Vests, Pants or Drawers—values up to 75c, at—a garment 39c

Children's Union Suits—heavy ribbed cotton—Florence style—grey or ecru—very special—a suit 42c

Women's Lace Lisle Stockings—fancy colors and black—the regular 50c quality elsewhere—our leader Saturday at—a pair 29c

Women's All-wool Stockings—elastic ribbed tops, natural heel and toe, really worth 32c—special—a pair 25c

Children's Elastic Ribbed Stockings—extra heavy, high special heel and toe, double sole, fast black, special Saturday price—a pair 21c

Children's Ribbed Wool Hose—natural heel and toe—the 20c kind—at—a pair 12c

Candy.

Assorted Chocolates—the 35c kind. Put up in ½-lb boxes—at, per box 12½c

Fruit Tablets—assorted flavors. Saturday, a lb 12½c

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

Candy.

Butterscotch Chips—crisp and fresh. Tomorrow, a lb 15c

Burnt Peanuts—sugar coated, a dainty confection. Special a lb— 12½c

Advance Showing Ultra-Modish 1902 Suits, Jackets and Waists



The most fashionable made-to-measure Women's Suits or Jackets do not excel either in quality, style, fit or finish the handsome new spring lines we are displaying in our popular Cloak Department. The most refined feminine critic can wish for no point of excellence not shown at this big advance sale of 1902 leading, stylish garments—The handsome Tailored Suits are of the popular Granites, Venetians, Coverts, Cheviots or Broadcloths—in all the most wanted colors, also black—elegantly garnitured, silk lined Jackets, in Eton, tight fitting or Norfolk blouse styles—while the Skirts have the new shaped hip effect and wide flare at bottom. First showing also of the Short Jackets and Raglans in the most approved styles.

1902 Silk Waist Special—Dozens of new taffeta Waists have just been received—they are in all the new, delicate shades decreed for spring fashions—are made with the popular bishop sleeve—and are handsomely tucked, corded, pleated or hemstitched—and have never been equalled in richness or variety by any store in Duluth. Popular leader at $5.50

All winter Cloaks and Jackets—stylish, handsome garments; regardless of value: in order to make room for the new goods are now offered at HALF PRICE.

SATURDAY SPECIAL—Children's wool mixed Dresses—pretty checks, plaids or two-toned effects; prettily made and neatly finished, will be offered tomorrow at these special prices:

Regular $2.00 values, any size, $1.25 Regular $1.50 values, any size, $1.00 Regular $1.00 values, any size, 75c

1902 Liberty Foulards

1902 Milanese wash Silks

1902 Valentines.

The prettiest creations in dainty missives for St. Valentine's Day are to be found at our Book Department. There are scores of new subjects, catchy designs, delicate tints in harmonizing colors—from the neatly embossed card to the filmy lace-like effect—they are the daintiest assortment of Valentines shown in this city. Prices range from—

1c, 5c, 10c, 25c and up

Schley and Santiago

The book everybody is reading—the truth concerning the great naval battle just told by an impartial witness, and endorsed by Admiral Schley as correct. 50 copies published to sell at $1.50—placed on sale at .. $1.19

All the New Magazines for February Now In.

New Undermuslins

Two styles fine Muslin Skirts with cambric flounces—trimmed either with deep ruffle of embroidery and hemstitched tucks or 3 rows torchon insertion and ruffle of torchon lace—both $1.25 values at, choice $1.00



Muslin Gowns—four select styles, trimmed with torchon lace, hemstitched ruffling or tucked yoking. Choice 88c

Untrimmed Muslin Drawers—flounce hemstitched, tucked or lace trimmed. Price, per pair 25c

Muslin Corset Covers, tight fitting—low neck, trimmed with pretty torchon edge. Special price 13c

Matchless Values in Dinnerware.



Open stock Pattern Dinnerware—decorated or plain. We have five patterns from which we offer choice of separate pieces at these prices:

15c Dinner, Soup or Tea Plates also Cups and Saucers, Oatmeal Bowls and Bone Dishes, at, each 8c

18c Water Pitchers, each 10c

35c Vegetable Bakers, each 23c

75c Platters, medium size, each 59c

$1.00 Platters, large size, each 69c

$1.00 Covered Dishes, at, each 69c

19c Tinted Jardiniers, medium size. Price 12c

100-piece decorated English Porcelain Dinner Set, pretty new shapes; our regular low price $10.75, special, Saturday only, a set $7.98

100-piece White Porcelain Dinner Sets—Colonial pattern, regular worth $9, special price tomorrow, set $6.98

Family Scales—regularly sold at $1.35—special tomorrow, each 95c

"Christy" Bread Knives, the 15c kind—special each 10c

35c Butcher Knives, fine quality steel. Special 25c

Fibre Scrub Brushes, regular price 15c. Saturday 10c

Folding Tin Lunch Boxes, regular price 20c; special, each 12c

Decorated Vase Lamps, burner and chimney, with shade to match; always sold at $1.00. Price for Saturday only, complete 69c

CLEARANCE OF MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES.



We are somewhat overstocked on Misses', Youths', Children's and Babies' Shoes, and, to clear up some lines entirely, will offer bargains Saturday that cannot be duplicated in Duluth.

Misses' solid Box Calf Shoes—extension sole, stock tip, lace or button, regular $1.50 values. Saturday only, a pair $1.00

Children's Kangaroo, Calf or Dongola Kid Shoes—button or lace—light or heavy soles—sizes 5½ to 8—good value at $1.25. Saturday only, a pair 75c

Children's Patent Leather Shoes, spring heel, lace only; heavy extension soles, stylish, dressy $1.50 Shoes, in latest style lasts, sizes 8 to 11. Saturday only, a pair $1.00

Little Gents' Box Calf Shoes; high cut; well made, solid shoes for school wear. Regular price $1.75. Saturday only, a pair $1.25

Soft sole Baby Shoes—a very fine assortment of regular 35c to 75c values. Saturday only, choice, a pair 30c

Kid Baby Shoes—hand turned sole, lace or button, small sizes only; values 50c and 60c. Saturday's clearance price, a pair 17c

Youth's Box Calf Shoes—heavy extension soles, solid leather—excellent for school or skating—sizes 13½ to 2—actual $1.50 values, at—a pair $1.00

Boys' Box Calf Shoes, same quality as above, but in sizes 2½ to 5½, worth $1.75 a pair. For Saturday $1.25

Up-to-now 1902 ..... Men's Furnishings



Our Men's Furnishing Department is replete with every stylish article that good dressers desire. See the especially attractive display of new stylish furnishings in our Lake avenue show window.

100 dozen all silk Neckwear—including four-in-hands, bandbows, tecks, batwings and string ties in handsome colorings, also black; together with a large sample line of made Tecks, any of which would sell regularly at 50c and 75c—the matchless assortment priced for our Spring Opening Sale at choice 25c

New Reversible Neckwear—consisting of Four-in-Hands, Imperials, Ascots and Tecks—all pure silk, nobby patterns and rich colorings—product of the best Neckwear manufacturers—the best values in Duluth at 50c

Men's Cashmere Hose—either black or tan—6 pairs for $1.25, or, per pair— 23c

Fancy Negligee Shirts—new spring line just opened. Plain or Mercerized Madras and Oxford Cheviots, in leading popular colors, together with one pair detached Cuffs. Perfect in fit and make. Prices ranging from— $1.00 to $2.00

Muslin Night Shirts—extra full and long, braided collar and front. Price 50c

Dainty 1902 Wash Fabrics.

The largest stocks ever shown in Duluth—Wash Silks—Fine Sheer White Goods, and Colored Textiles, in all handsome new novelties and popular weaves.

POOR MAN'S OBJECTION

(Continued From Page 1.)

per cent on savings pays the expenses of municipal government, but that would be impossible under the Minnesota constitution. National and state banks are able now to loan money at low rates, but the proposed tax would drive money out of the banks and thus increase the rate of interest, hampering the free conduct of general business and depriving labor of employment.

There was a tilt between Representative Peterson, of Minneapolis, who is the defender of the law in the committee, and Mr. Merrill, during which the latter held his own by quoting the commission's report against the commission's bill.

H. P. Upham, president of the First National bank, of St. Paul, made a vigorous, witty and convincing talk. He showed that most of the intangible property that it is sought to bring out for taxation is railroad securities, that already pay a tax. He showed that a holder of a Northern Pacific bond earning $40 a year in interest would have to pay $2 for it in England, where people are groaning under war taxes, $1.20 in Germany, $26.90 in St. Paul, $29.90 in Duluth, and $60 in Excelsior, Minn. He argued for an income tax, saying that it was the only fair and just means of bringing out the intangible property and making it pay taxes, which result he was sure it would accomplish. The claim had been made that the new law made no change in bank taxes. He said that now, by agreement, they are taxed at 50 per cent, so that his bank pays $24,000 this year. Under the new law it would pay $63,000. The new law, he said, would dry up the sources of prosperity. The jobbers and manufacturers could not stand it, because they would be compelled to pay taxes on full value and compete with jobbers and manufacturers in states where but small assessments are made. The committee adjourned to 2:30 this afternoon.

SPONGES MUST GO.

New York Barbers Cannot Use Them Longer.

New York, Feb. 7.—The barber shop sponge must go. Health Commissioner Lederle has so decreed. "No more unsanitary appliance exists than the barber shop sponge," said Dr. Lederle yesterday. "It is a menace to every face; it is a medium for the carrying of disease. There is no excuse for it, and I have decided that it must not be used in New York shops.

"Skin diseases are conveyed by the barber shop sponge from man to man. At the present time there is prevalent in Cleveland an epidemic of skin diseases, the origin of which has been traced to barber shop sponges. Every barber in New York will be notified to refrain from using sponges in his shop. I want patrons of barber shops to report to me every case of violation of the rule.

"There is absolutely no hardship to barbers in this rule. The sponge is the tool of the lazy man.

TO REFUND BONDS.

Plans For Relief of Railroad Has Been Perfected.

New York, Feb. 7.—According to John Byrne, president of the Pittsburg, Shawmut & Northern Railway company, which was closely associated with the failure of the Seventh National bank, of this city, and that of Marquand & Co., brokers, the Herald says arrangements have been made for refunding the outstanding bonds and procuring of new funds for financing the road. The old issue amounts to $5,000,000 and 5 per cent. According to Mr. Byrne there will be a new issue of $10,000,000 at 4 per cent.

SCHLEYS LEAVE KNOXVILLE.

Knoxvile, Feib. 7.—Admiral and Mrs. Schley left Knoxville this morning for Washington. The train is scheduled to make many stops along the way.

NEW POSTMASTER.

Washington, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—August Sahlberg has been appointed postmaster at Stockholm, Wright county, vice J. A. Mellquist, resigned.

After Dinner

To assist digestion, relieve distress after eating or drinking too heartily, to prevent constipation, take

Hood's Pills

Sold everywhere. 25 cents.

HOUSE AND SENATE.

A Few Bills Introduced In Both Branches.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house was called to order promptly at 10 o'clock this morning. Representative Sweet, of Hennepin, offered a resolution that the clerk invite the tax commission to be present during the committee hearings on the tax bill. Representative Laybourn, of Duluth, gave notice of debate and the resolution went over. Nine bills were introduced and referred to the committee on reception of bills, when appointed. These referred to terms of court in Jackson county by Representative Nygrist; the amendment of an appropriation bill for a bridge across a creek in Renville county by Speaker Dowling to cut the Duluth school elections out of the primary election law by excepting school boards in cities under 100,000 inhabitants by Representative Alford; to amend the law of 1895 relating to public highways in townships by Representative Berg; to authorize villages to issue bonds to take up floating indebtedness by Speaker Dowling; reducing hours of primary elections in cities under 4000, by Representative Morley; to amend the law relating to determination of heirship to government homestead of a deceased settler in certain cases, by Speaker Dowling.

The Jackson county bill and the speaker's creek bridge appropriation bill were passed under suspension of the rules, both being curative in their nature. The senate bill for the appropriation of $40,000 for the expenses of the session wa passed under suspension of the rules.

* * *

The senate this morning adopted a motion by Senator J. D. Jones, increasing the committee on reception of bills from 5 to 9.

Senator Somerville presented the tax bill and it was sent to the committee on taxes.

Senator Miller presetned a memorial, asking congress to pay the state 5 per cent on federal lands sold in Minnesota in past years. The payment would amount to $495,000.

Shortly after these matters came up, the senate adjourned until Monday afternoon, at 2 o'clock.

* * *

A meeting of the committee on taxes and tax laws was held immediately after adjournment, and the first ones to be heard were the members of the Duluth delegation, who were heard at yesterday's meeting of the tax committee of the house. Former Senator H. R. Spencer made the longest address, and it was much the same as that made before the house committee yesterday and reported in last night's Herald. Mr. Spencer's very forcible address made a good impression on the members of the committee, and in fact on the whole senate, for almost all the members of the senate remained during the committee hearing.

Senator Daugherty, who was acting chairman of the committee in the absence of Senator Somerville, introduced as the next speaker Capt. Alex McDougall. Capt. McDougall scored a good point right at the beginning. He said that previous to the enactment of the existing law on the taxation of vessels, he built and managed about fifty vessels at Duluth, none of which were registered, but all of which hailed from Buffalo because of the more favorable taxation in New York state. This condition will exist, the captain declared, if the present law is repealed in any way, only in a more pronounced way than ever.

Capt. McDougall was followed by G. A. Tomlinson and D. T. Helm, who spoke much in the same strain as yesterday. The speeches of the delegation were favorably received, and it is believed will bear good fruit.

Of the laboring men, Henry Perreault, of Duluth, made a short address. He endorsed the remarks of the other Duluth speakers on the vessel taxation, and pointed out that a repeal of the existing law will mean great harm to the working men of Duluth, and especially those employed in supplying business. He also spoke in favor of leaving the exemption of personal property at $100. His remarks were quite favorably received.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

MORE OIL STRUCK.

Glenwood Springs Col., Feb. 7.—Oil has been struck in a well at Parachute at a depth of 750 feet. It is of the same grade as that recently discovered in a well at Debeque. The second discovery has added to the excitement which was already at a high pitch.

EXCISE DUTY CONFIRMED.

Melbourne, Victoria, Feb. 7.—The federal house of representatives has confirmed the clause of the tariff bill imposing an excise duty of 11 shillings on grape spirits and has raised the excise duty on barley, salt, molasses and maize spirit to 12 shillings. Other spirits will pay a duty of 13 shillings. The import duty remains at 14 shillings.

NOT VERY SAFE

Are Safes In New York's City Hall.

New York, Feb. 7.—The ten or twelves big safes in the city hall, in which are stored vast quantities of valuable records, and in some of them cash and warrants, can be opened by any amateur burglar with a small sledge hammer. There are several of these safes in the mayor's suite of offices, and the others are in the rooms occupied by the city clerk. Some of them stand eight feet high and four feet thick. On the outside they look to be fire and burglar proof.

Soon after the present administration came into power William J. Moran, assistant secretary to the mayor, discovered that all the big safes in the building were purchased in the days of the Tweed ring. An examination of some of the safes was ordered. They looked strong enough. The front doors were thick and heavy and each was secured by one or more combination locks. There were heavy locks on each inner door, and in addition to the combination several keys were required to get into the safes.

However, the examination was extended to the backs, and then it was found that three insides of these monster safes were composed of inner walls of paper, an outer wall of thin sheet iron, and an inner filling of sand. The safes in the city clerk's office it was found, were built in the same way.

The sky looks bluer, the sun shines brighter, a feeling of youth and strength creeps over the soul after taking Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

COLD SNAP SPECIALS

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $22.50 and $25.00 .... $17.75

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $18.50 and $20.00 .... $13.75

Overcoats and Ulsters, worth $13.50 and $15.00 ..... $9.75

WINTER CAPS.

$1.50 Caps ..... $1.00 $1.00 Caps 75c

GLOVES AND MITTENS.

Gloves and Mittens worth $1.00, for 75c
Gloves and Mittens worth $1.50, for $1.10
Gloves and Mittens worth $2.00, for $1.49

Floan, Leverou & Co.

225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.

JAPAN IS PLEASED

By Sudden Rise of Her Loan Bonds In London.

Due In Some Measure to Trip of Marquis Ito.

Will Be Restored to Normal Position In the World's Markets.

Yokohama, Jan. 21.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Japan is noting with some satisfaction the sudden rise in London in the value of her new loan bonds, which a day or two ago were quoted at £78¾, a rise of £3¾. The war loan has jumped up £1½. The rise is attributed in some measure to the world tour of Marquis Ito. The moderate views of Marquis Ito, as expressed in New York, together with judicious "puffing" in London, are believed to have already gone far to restore Japan to her normal position in the world markets. Marquis Ito is expected to return to Japan about the end of the month.

The diet, after a holiday recess, is considering the introduction of several bills. It is expected that as a result of the victory of the cabinet over the constitutionalists—a result due, it is said, to the telegraphic instructions of Marquis Ito, president of the opposition party—the budget will be passed by both houses. One of the chief measures contemplated is a revised banking bill, designed to prevent the institution of "wild cat" banks.

United States citizens here are much interested in a rumor from New York of the possible establishment in Yokohama of an American bank. It is conceded here that the Americans suffer severely for the want of such an institution. All exchange effected by American citizens is calculated to inure to the advantage of European banks, and considering the amoritization of American share of the Chinese indemnity, and expenses of fleets and transports in these waters, together with the transaction of ordinary private business, it is thought that an American bank under American law could not fail to be a sound enterprise.

The year's reports show that Yokohama is again taking her old place as the premier port of Japan. Kobe had that honor last year. One of the causes of the readjustment has been the unusually active condition this year of the raw silk trade, a large proportion of which is exported from Yokohama. Since the production of the fresh article in June last, up to the middle of this month, some 100,000 parcels were sold. This is said to have been the most prosperous year in raw silk trade since the opening of this port to commerce.

Sun Yat Sen, the well-known Chinese reformer and revolutionist, who is now in Yokohama, recently surprised his followers by intimating that he would henceforth abandon violent methods of reform in China, would disband his secret society of which he is the head, and distribute its members over America and Europe so that they might become educated and inaugurate a campaign of education. Sun, whose kidnaping at the Chinese embassy in London created a sensation a few years ago, intends to return to China when the Chinese court reopens, and is now paving the way for his return. He is understood to be a marked man in China, and social reformers there have latterly been receiving short shrift.

The representative of the emperor of Japan at the forthcoming coronation of King Edward will be Prince Komatsa, who has twice been to Europe and is especially well known to the British royal family. He will be accompanied by a suite of high officials of the imperial household department and prominent military and naval officers, and will leave Japan during April.

Rev. R. S. Toy, a Chicago evangelist, is holding meetings in Yokohama on his way around the world. He expects to take in China, Australia, India, and proceed home by London, arriving in Chicago Jan. 1, 1903.

CABLE FLASHES.

From Calcutta the correspondent of the London Daily Mail in a dispatch says there is little doubt that India is threatened with another severe famine. This is the more to be dreaded because the area affected is practicaly the same that has been ravaged during the past two years.

The Brussels correspondent of the London Daily Telegraph declares it to be absolutely certain that owing to the attitude of the powers and the Boer leaders, the Dutch government is now firmly determined to abandon the Boer cause and any idea of fresh intervention.

The London Sun has brought suit against A. J. Balfour, the government leader in the house of commons for slander because of Mr. Balfour's declaration in the house that the Sun's interview with him concerning the overtures recently made by the Netherlands' government is a fabrication.

Boys' Overcoats at Exactly Half Price

M. S. BURROWS

Hanan Shoes for Women.

HEAVY LOSS

By Burning of 'Varsity Flat Building In Chicago.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—The 'Varsity flat building, situated at the southeast corner of Sixtieth street and Ellis avenue, was completely destroyed by fire last evening, aggregating a loss upon the owner of the structure and the tenants of $160,000. The building was four stories high and contained forty-seven flats, all of which were occupied. All the tenants had ample time to escape, and no lives were lost. The fire started in a pile of rubbish in the basement, and for a time it was impossible to locate the blaze. The building became so filled with smoke, however, that everybody was out before the flames were discovered.

During the fire an explosion of gasoline in a grocery store located in the building hurled Fireman James Tillman from the fire escape on the second story to the ground, breaking his thigh and injuring him internally. Robert Hartley, another fireman was thrown from a window in the second story, and his head cut badly. He was also badly burned by the explosion. Policeman John Cole, who was in the grocery at the time of the explosion, was thrown down and badly burned about the face.

The building was owned by Thomas Burns, of this city, and was fully covered by insurance.

AN EPITAPH.

Carnegie Suggests One That Would Fit Himself.

New York, Feb. 7.—In his address at the opening of the Stevens institute of technology, in Hoboken, Andrew Carnegie, in accepting a casket containing a piece of the first rail rolled, said:

"To think that my name should figure on the same casket with Robert L. Stevens is an honor beyond all expectation, for among men none was of more value than he. The list of geniuses you can count on the fingers of two hands, but it is not complete without the name of Robert L. Stevens.

"I had no inventive mind, simply a mind to use the inventions of others. I think a fit epitaph for me would be 'Here lies a man who knew how to get around him men much cleverer than himself.'"

ABSTRACTORS

Hold First Annual Meeting and Elect Officers.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—A constitution and by-laws were adopted and officers elected at the first annual meeting of the Minnesota Abstractors' association held yesterday at the Windsor hotel. About thirty members of the new organization were present.

The following were the officers chosen: President, W. E. Dempler, St. Paul; vice president, C. W. Hamason, Ada; secretary, W. S. Jenkins, Minneapolis; treasurer, A. W. Thompson, Preston; executive committee, A. T. Koerner, Richfield; A. C. Heath, Buffalo; F. W. Hemick, Duluth.

The session was devoted to the discussion of methods and forms of abstracting and the liability of abstractors under the state law. President Dampler urged that greater attention be given to the study of abstract law by the members of the association.

The meeting closed with a luncheon. The next session will be held the last week in January, 1903.

SHERIDAN BARRACKS

Will Be Enlarged and Made Modern In Every Way.

The Army Posts Through Country Are All Too Small.

Soldiers at Fort Sheridan Go to the Philippines Soon.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Maj. Gen. Otis, commanding the department of the lakes, has returned from Washington where he was in attendance on the sessions of the army post board called by the secretary of war to consider the needs of the different army posts.

As to the recommendations of the board, Gen. Otis said it would not be proper to speak in advance of the report of the secretary of war. It is understood, however, says the Chronicle, that the barracks at Fort Sheridan will be enlarged and made modern in every respect. Since the United States became a world power and troops are required for work abroad, the posts throughout the country have been found too small for the accommodation of the regiments and batteries recruited to fighting strength. In addition to Fort Sheridan many of the other army posts will be enlarged.

That the work at the fort will be undertaken at once, is said to be assured. Owing to orders from headquarters the troops now quartered at the fort, will leave shortly for the Philippines. Their places will not be taken until the soldiers ordered from the far East have returned. In the interim, the carpenters and masons will have almost undisputed possession of the place.

"The movement of troops is at present the business of most pressing importance in this department," said the general. "All of the Twenty-third infantry are to be sent to the Philippines very shortly. Part of the regiment is at Fort Sheridan, the remainder at Columbus barracks, so that Fort Sheridan will be denuded of troops.

"The place of the present garrison is to be filled by the Twentieth, which is now on its way home from the Philippines, one battalion having sailed about the end of December and two others Jan. 15.

"The post must have accommodations for a larger number of men than it can now take care of properly. When it was built the companies had an average of sixty-five men each. Now they are filled up to the full 104. Besides, we have two light batteries there. On a peace footing a battery has eighty-five men. Now it is 165. So it will be necessary to increase the accommodations at the fort and it must be done at once."

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Joseph Krummel, a young Bohemian, shot and killed his sweetheart, Mary Alexa, at her home, No. 79 West Sixteenth street, Chicago, Thursday night, and then fired two shots into his own brain. It is believed he will die. The tragedy occurred in the presence of the girl's mother. Krummel was despondent because he was out of work.

Dan McLeod, of Hamilton, Ont., threw Charley Wittmer, of Cincinnati, twice Thursday night in succession; the first fall in 20:03 catch-as-catch-can; the second fall in 22:45 Graeco-Roman. The contest was to have been a straight Graeco-Roman, but McLeod did not so understand, and refused to go on the mat unless the contest was made a mixed one.

Russell B. Drake, the absconding insurance agent of Tiffin, Ohio, who was captured in Mexico after a two-years' chase, pleaded guilty to the charge of forgery today and was sentenced to the penitentiary for seven years.

James McGerry was burned to death in a fire that destroyed his home at Evans, Iowa. Other members of the family had narrow escapes and several were badly burned.

A cable dispatch states that the Norwegian steamer Dudley was wrecked on the Mexican coast near Vera Cruz, to which port she was bound from Port Arthur with a cargo of 350,000 feet of pine lumber. All hands were saved.

Jailer Williams mortally wounded Peter Kane, an insane prisoner in frustrating an attempt of two other prisoners to break jail at Greely, Colo. When Williams unlocked the cage for the purpose of putting Kane inside, Thomas Huff and David Fair, charged with highway robbery, made a dash for the door. Williams shot at Huff, but the latter saved himself by holding Kane in front of himself as a shield.

WHEELER IS GUILTY.

La Crosse, Wis., Feb. 7.—Edward Wheeler, the prominent confectioner on trial for being the author of 15-year-old Pauline Oeltjer's troubles, was yesterday found guilty by the jury. The case has been one of the most sensational in the court's history. C. L. Hood and P. W. Mahoney defending Wheeler and Morris and Hartwell appearing for the state. Many prominent citizens have appeared in the case as witnesses. The finding of the jury was that the little girl was of previous chaste character.

Everything you buy at this store has those dependable attributes that will stand the scrutiny of home inspection, and the test in the crucible of time. We'd sooner have your patronage because of the superiority of our merchandise than because of low prices. We try to combine the two, but dependability is always the first consideration. The sterling worth of the Glass Block merchandise is a household word.

PANTON & WHITE THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE DULUTH, MINN.

Trade here until 10 o'clock tomorrow night.

Bargain Counter 1
Reserved for special sale of 15c, 20c, and 25c, white Nainsooks, Dimities, etc., at the remarkably low price of per yard..... 10c

Bargain Counter 2
Reserved Saturday for the exhibition of the most elaborate exhibition of Valentines ever shown in this city, prices 1c to $3.50

Bargain Counter 3
Reserved for a mammoth stock of fresh, crisp, new embroideries imported direct by us from St. Gall and other embroidery centers.

Bargain Counter 4
Reserved for a special sale of those $1 corsets at 49c—made of fine batiste, in girdle, medium, low and high bust—$1.00 Corsets at.. 49c

The Glass Block store is an exemplification of what can be accomplished by performing every act according to the highest standard of merchandising: One price to all, all purchasers treated alike, careful and deliberate dealings, and the prohibition of any trifling deceptions whatsoever, believing that every customer whose confidence we merit must be respected and protected.

Drug Department.
Imitation Ebony Brushes, Hair Brushes, Hand Brushes, Complexion Brushes—always sold at 39c; Saturday, each..... 25c

Soiled Music Folios.
The "Messiah" published at 50c; The "Holy City" published at $1; "Elijah" published at $1; also banjo methods, violin books and selections at only 25c

Lunch Cloths.
All pure linen and partly finished by expert needle workers—they are all samples used by the makers to convey to the customer a clear idea as to how each pattern would appear when finished; worth $3.75, $4 and $6 each—special at $1.98, $2.75 and..... $3

20c Brushes 10c.
Fine Imported Tooth Brushes—made at the Imperial Brush Factory; sold regularly at 20c—Saturday's sale, at, each 10c

Saturday is always glove day.



Another year's experience in glove buying and selling is added to the oldest, but liveliest glove department in the city. We are selling superior gloves at very reasonable prices. New gloves received for tomorrow.

Just received a shipment of ladies' all wool white gloves, fleeced, price.. 50c
Ladies' all wool black golf gloves—price..... 25c
Last day of the 69c glove sale—we offer tomorrow for the last time ladies' two-clasp kid gloves, at..... 69c
Ireland Brothers Mocha Gloves at.... $1.00
Fownes' Dagmar Two-clasp Street Gloves at..... $1.50

Advance sale new silk waists.

Tomorrow we show several new styles of pretty silk waists. They come in dark, medium and evening shades. The newest creations in the market. You should see these new styles anyway—we will not urge you to buy. Just look at them. They are exquisite.

Taffeta Silk Waists—black and colored—beautifully tucked and feather stitched down front and sleeves—new style sleeves and cuffs—pretty stock collars, new dip front—price..... $3.98

Black Taffeta Silk Waists—several different effects—entirely new—designed for early spring wear—beautiful qualities of silk at $4.98 and..... $5.75

Exquisite Silk Waists at $4.98 and $5.75—equal to swellest custom-made waists. In all newest spring styles, fashionable shades, best silks, some are tucked, others hemstitched, many are handsomely appliqued with lace and trimmed with velvet ribbon—$4.98 and..... $5.75

Black Satin Waists—daintily tucked and pleated—ruffled front—beautiful garments at..... $5.75

New stock men's work shirts, overalls, jumpers

THE WORKINGMEN of Duluth have been urging us so strongly to put in a stock of overalls, work shirts, etc., that we have yielded. It's a new departure for us—the stock is new—the goods are unsurpassed for those attributes necessary to make a working garment durable and inexpensive. The stock is in charge of a man of wide experience with these goods. We invite an inspection and assure our patrons of the best values and lowest prices procurable.

Men's heavy blue duck shirts—double stitched seams, felled, corded bosoms, French yoke—cut full length, full width—roomy and generous sizes—all sizes to 17½—price..... 50c

Men's black and white striped shirts—double or single bosom fronts, double felled lap seams, full sizes—extra well made and finished—cut from correct patterns, all sizes to 17½—price..... 50c

Boys', same as above, ages 12 to 18..... 50c

Men's blue denim overalls—with or without bibs—stud buttons—full sizes—cut from correct patterns—all size waists and any length inseam—price only..... 50c

Men's blue denim overalls—extra heavy, a clear blue twill cloth, bib and elastic suspenders—three patch pockets—gusseted seats—double stitched seams all through—price..... 75c

Painters' overalls—made of heavy unbleached duck, stud buttons, good quality—price..... 50c

Jumpers—Blue and white checked and plain blue..... 50c

Jumpers—Extra heavy weight, double stitched—three patch pockets—double cuffs and collars..... 75c

Black sateen shirts—Extraordinary good values at these Introductory prices..... 50c, 75c, $1.00

Boys' brownie overalls—all sizes up to 14 years—blue denim especially good and durable..... 25c and 50c

New stock men's and boys' sweaters — up-to-date styles—Boys' all-wool—fancy and plain colors—in two shades—sizes up to 34 inches, prices—



$1.25, $1 and 75c

Men's All Wool Sweaters, fancy stripes, and plain colors—made up in combination colors from newest shades of yarn—prices—

$1.50 and $1.00

Beautiful wash goods at low prices

It is impossible to picture on paper even a fair representation of our magnificent line of Novelty Dress Goods. Fresh styles come in almost daily, only to stay here a day or two. You'd have to be here almost every day to keep track of the new things. We always have rare bargains—a special sale for tomorrow of the following—there'll be a crowd—come early.

6c Apron Checked Ginghams at..... 4c
10c Fleeced Wrapper Cloths at..... 5c
15c Fleeced Wrapper Cloths at..... 8c
12½c Corded Lawns at..... 8c
10c Zephyr Ginghams at..... 7c

Do not fail to see our handsome new Lawns, Dimities, Ginghams, Chambrays, Silk Tissues, etc.—rivalling even silk for beauty—excelling any wash fabric ever invented for wear and durability.

Step around to the Silk Counter and see the new Wash Silks—beautiful to behold—easy to buy, for they are economically priced.

Big fur sale Saturday.



$35.00 Ladies' good Astrachan fur jackets to go at $19.50. Made from good quality selected fur, nice glossy curl, satin lined, large collar and revers; all go at..... $19.50

$35.00 electric seal fur jackets to go at $19.50—large collar and revers, satin lined and perfectly made, coat sale price..... $19.50

$30.00 fur capes in wool, seal, astrachan and electric seal, to go at $19.50, 30 inches long, satin lined, full sweep, these are bargains..... $19.50

$5.00 fur scarfs, with large cluster of tails, to go at..... $1.98

WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S UNDERWEAR.

Women's camels' hair vests and pants, balance of stock closing at..... 75c
Women's combination suits, best Egyptian yarn, closing at..... 75c
Children's combination suits, 1 to 6, choice for..... 25c
Women's all-wool black hose, extra heavy, worth 25c, at..... 19c
Infants' vests and drawers, various kinds, to close, at ... 15c

Dining Room Furniture

For a few days we have decided to quote exceedingly low prices on our lines of China Closets, Sideboards, and Extension Tables. A cleaning up of these prices is necessary to give us room for new goods arriving on every train. An average saving of 20 per cent on each article. We mort earnestly invite your inspection to see that we mean what we say.

Oak China Closets.		Oak Sideboards.		Oak Dining Tables.	
$17.50 value for	$14.00	$15.00 value for	$12.00	$ 6.50 value for	$ 5.20
$22.00 value for	$17.60	$18.50 value for	$14.80	$ 8.25 value for	$ 6.60
$24.00 value for	$19.20	$20.00 value for	$16.00	$ 9.00 value for	$ 7.20
$25.00 value for	$20.00	$26.50 value for	$21.20	$10.50 value for	$ 8.40
$27.50 value for	$22.00	$30.00 value for	$24.00	$13.50 value for	$10.80
$32.50 value for	$26.00	$32.50 value for	$26.00	$17.50 value for	$14.00
$35.00 value for	$28.00	$40.00 value for	$32.00	$22.50 value for	$18.00
$36.00 value for	$28.80	$45.00 value for	$36.00	$26.50 value for	$21.20
$45.00 value for	$36.00	Chairs to Match the Above Sets at all Prices.		$30.00 value for	$24.00

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHINGS.

Furniture, Carpets, Draperies.

The G. C. Steele Co.

226 and 228 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

Crockery, Stoves, Tinware.

IN MICHIGAN.

Six Men Have Miraculous Escape From Falling Bucket.

Crystal Falls—Six men were at work in the bottom of the new shaft of the Great Western mine, and had sent up a bucket loaded with a ton of rock to be dumped on the surface 400 feet above them. The shaft is perpendicular, and the men were thus directly under the ascending load. As the skip reached the landing the steel cable broke, allowing the whole load to fall back to the bottom. The men heard the noise, and, realizing their danger, darted close to the walls and escaped without a scratch. The momentum of the falling bucket was so great that it was buried in the loose rock, while on the surface there was no one but who expected to see the mangled remains of the men hoisted from the shaft.

An obstacle to the flotion of the $15,000 refunding bonds recently authorized has arisen which may prevent the placing of the issue with a Cleveland concern, as negotiated. The trouble concerns the legality of the original bonds. It is known that they were issued in proper form, but there is no data to show it, the record having been lost or never made. The records of the election and proofs of publication and posting of the notices, as required by law, cannot be found, and the city officials are in a quandary over the matter.

Sault Ste. Marie—Richard Hazzard was terribly burned on the face and hands in a fire caused by a gasolene explosion. Two plumbers were slightly singed in putting out the fire. Hazzard is in a precarious condition.

Iron River—An aid fund has been started by the men employed by the Hemlock Mining company, and hereafter the insurance companies will practically be boycotted. An assessment of 50 cents a month is paid by each man, and benefits are paid in case of injury, total disability or death. All the employes are members and the affairs of the fund are in the hands of the company officials.

The construction of a spur track from the main line to the Great Western mine has been started by the Milwaukee road and will be ready for operation by the opening of navigation. The North-Western road heretofore has hauled the ore from this property, and the present move is the first inroad made by the Milwaukee at any of the old shipping mines of the Crystal Falls district. The Great Western will soon be shipping at thse rate of 300,000 tons per annum, and it is stated that the Milwaukee has secured a long-time contract to haul it to Escanaba. Evidently a fight is to be made for business in this section.

Menominee—Elder Ludlow, a Marinette Dowieite, and fifteen others of that faith have been holding meetings near Stephenson, Mich., lately for the purpose of persuading the farmers of that vicinity to give up raising hogs. The elder hopes in time to make them cease the sinful practice of raising hogs and eating pork.

H. M. Finnegan made a run in the Menominee bowling alley which is said by expert bowlers to have broken the world's record for number of games played. Finnegan, in seven consecutive games, ran up the remarkable score of 1402, an average of over 200 for each game. The scores of the games are as follows: 210, 177, 222, 183, 209, 171 and 230.

THE DAKOTAS

Absconder Visits His Old Home and Is Captured.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Aberdeen—J. F. Geeslin, who absconded from James, this county, in the fall of 1900 with $3000 belonging to the Farmers' Elevator company at that place, was captured Wednesday at Faulkton and is in jail here awaiting trial. An acquaintance saw him pass through here Tuesday morning. The sheriff at once surmised he would go to Orient to visit his wife and son, the latter being agent for the C. M. & St. P. railway at that place. Geeslin stayed at Orient, but a short-time and went to Faulkton with the evident intention of taking a train and leaving the country. He was very fond of his family and the officers believed he would sooner or later pay them a visit and kept a close watch. He was agent for the Farmers' Elevator company and had the implicit confidence of the stockholders prior to his flight.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—One of the largest cattle and ranch deals in the history of this country has been consummated in the purchase by the Hackney Boynton Land company of the W. L. Watson ranch near McKenzie. The purchase included six sections of range and hay land and 800 head of cattle. The consideration was over $40,000. Mr. Watson started business twelve years ago with a comfortable fortune made in the cattle business in that time. The Hackney Boynton company is investing extensively in cattle and ranch property and it will buy additional land and make this ranch its headquarters in the cattle business in the state.

Edgeley—J. A. White brought a young man into the village, whom he found wandering aimlessly over the prairies. The young man was taken to Sturgeon's drug store and Dr. Barbour did what was possible for him. His feet, hands and ears were badly frozen. The man gave his name as Jule Hendrickson, and said his home was in Montpelier, N. D. A telegram brought his brother, Chris Hendrickson, who recognized him and took him home with him. The young man was demented over religion.

Grafton—The newly appointed board of trustees for the institute for the feebleminded to be erected here this season, met today, qualified and elected officers. Col. W. C. Freumann was elected president, J. E. Gray secretary and F. C. Zculsdorf treasurer. Mr. Midgarden, a member of the board, will go to Fairbault to look over the institution there. Plans will be made as soon as possible, and to that end the board will meet again Friday to interview Architect Hancock, of Fargo.

Fargo—In the local state court the case of Miles vs. Case-Scott company, for $20,000 damages, was transferred to the United States district court. Miles claims to have been employed on one of the threshing rigs of the company, and while on top of the machine, fell through, his leg being so badly lacerated that amputation was necessary. He alleged the material of which the top of the machine was made was defective.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once. Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 7.—Zero weather continues in the Northwest, the coldest being 10 to 14 degrees below in the Red River valley. Temperatures have fallen somewhat during the past twenty-four hours over the western lake region, the Ohio, Mississippi, Missouri and Red River valleys and have risen in districts north of Western Montana and Washington. Light falls of snow occurred in the lake region, portions of the Dakotas, Montana, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta, and rain over Pacific coast states. The barometer is low over the St. Lawrence valley and North Pacific coast districts and high throughout the Northwest.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	20	Memphis	30
Battleford	—10	Miles City	—2
Bismarck	—4	Milwaukee	2
Boston	18	Minnedosa	—16
Buffalo	16	Modena	18
Charleston	28	Montgomery	44
Chicago	2	Moorhead	—12
Cincinnati	10	New Orleans	48
Davenport	—2	New York	22
Denver	22	North Platte	10
Detroit	14	Oklahoma	20
Dodge City	20	Omaha	0
Duluth	—6	Pittsburg	20
El Paso	34	Port Arthur	—2
Escanaba	—2	Portland	38
Galveston	50	Qu' Appelle	—14
Green Bay	—4	Rapid City	6
Havre	—6	San Francisco	48
Helena	14	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	4	Shreveport	36
Huron	—2	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	42	St. Louis	12
Kamloops	28	St. Paul	—4
Kansas City	6	Sault Ste. Marie	4
Knoxville	32	Swift Current	—8
La Crosse	—2	Washington	20
Lander	12	Williston	—10
Los Angeles	38	Winnemucca	30
Marquette	0	Winnipeg	—20
Medicine Hat	0		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably snow flurries and warmer tonight and Saturday; fresh northerly and easterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Saturday: Wisconsin—Parly cloudy tonight and Saturday with probably snow flurries Saturday south and west portions; slightly warmer south portion tonight; variable winds. Minnesota—Generally fair tonight and Saturday except probably snow southwest portion; northerly winds. The Dakotas—Snow flurries tonight and Saturday.

The Negroes Moving Northward.

Washington has lost its distinction of being the leading negro city of the United States, and it is said that it does not grieve in the least over the loss of the honor. It is apparent from the census reports that the negroes are moving northward. While they will never come into the frigid latitude of Duluth in any great numbers they are coming much farther north than ever before. It was in 1890 that Washington acquired the rather unique distinction of being the leading negro city in the United States, although it was fourteenth from the top in aggregate population. In 1870 the census showed an aggregate of 38,726 colored people in Washington and Georgetown. In 1880 the number had increased to 52,135, a gain of 13,409 in the decade. It then stood third in point of negro population, New Orleans ranking first and Baltimore second. In 1890, however, the negro population had jumped to 75,572, a gain in ten years of 23,437, putting Washington ahead of both the others. New Orleans, from the first place, which she had long held, falls to third. According to the last census, Washington fell to the seventh place in the matter of black inhabitants. It is evident that if Philadelphia maintains its present ratio of gains it will show a heavier negro population than Washington in 1920, if not by 1910. Indeed, it now looks as if the third rate city of Memphis will soon overtake and pass Washington as a negro center. According to the ocial figures even Chicago gained 4749 more blacks than Washington.

The South In Congress.

In the agitation by the Republican members of congress over the suffrage in the South three factions have developed: Those who favor investigation looking toward reduction of representation in those Southern states which succeed in disfranchising colored men without in so doing violating the constitution of the United States; second, those who favor a federal elections law, and third, those who want the whole subject left severely alone. Representative Cannon is the recognized leader of this third division, and he will be heard from. The Southern Republicans lead the second corps; they want federal interference to over-ride such elections systems as the Goebel law in Kentucky, the Nesbit law in Missouri and similar plans which have been adopted in border and Southern states to put all the election machinery into the hands of the Democrats. In fact, this proposal comes from border state Republicans, notably those of Tennessee, Kentucky and Missouri. They have had a committee at work drawing a measure upon which they agree in presenting. The remaining faction, led by Messrs. Moody, Crumpacker and Dick, have agreed upon a resolution of inquiry looking to the appointment of a committee of eleven to make the investigation. Mr. Moody's proposal was originally for an inquiry into Louisiana's election system, as a test, but this has been broadened out to cover the whole field. While these three members agree in the proposal they submit, their motives are somewhat different. Mr. Dick who is a lieutenant of Senator Hanna, has always been opposed to disturbing the Southern situation, either in congressional representation, or in Republican national conventions; it was this influence which found expression through President McKinley, two years ago. Mr. Dick's approval of an investigation therefore looks like a move for delay. Mr. Crumpacker had originally advocated a direct scaling down of representation on the basis of facts already in the possession of congress; he, too, has yielded to the extent of having an investigation first. His measure presented to the caucus this week will undoubtedly receive some action from the house and an investigation will at least be ordered.

WOULD INJURE THE STATE.

The Duluth delegations that have been given hearings before the house committee on taxes at St. Paul are very hopeful of the outcome of the agitation to prevent the enactment of a law that would injure the vessel and grain interests of this city. The vessel taxation question is so plain that it is strange any member of the legislature should favor a change from the tonnage tax question. The state, under the existing system, derives a revenue of $10,000 annually from the vessels registered here. If the system proposed by the tax commission were adopted, the vessels would withdraw from registration here and go to another port, and the state would lose the yearly revenue of $10,000, while Duluth would be deprived of the prestige of being the port of hail of a large fleet of vessels.

The objections to the proposed excessive taxation of the grain business are equally sound. For more than twenty years the grain trade has striven to build up and further the interests of grain-growing in the Northwest, and has bent its efforts towards greater economy in marketing, more rapidity, and safety in transportation, increased ease of traffic in and disposal of grain grown in Minnesota in the markets of the world. It has believed that the prosperity of both farmer and grain dealer is bound up in a continued improvement of conditions, a further lessening of cost of carrying grain to market and less obstacles to the easy interchange of commodities. Grain flowing to market at home or abroad can be readily diverted by any obstacle against trade from one point to another offering as fair facilities, while the millions of dollars spent in the erection of grain elevators and storehouses at Minnesota terminal points are fixed and immovable and might be made absolutely valueless were the wheat and other grain that has been flowing into them diverted to other terminals.

The passage of the bill proposed by the tax commission that provides for a change in the taxation of grain in transit through the state and stored in its public and private elevators would be a serious blow to the grain trade of Duluth. It would set up an insurmountable obstacle to the business, driving from the state the storage of grain in terminal elevators at both Duluth and Minneapolis to points close by where the provisions of taxation are less drastic and severe. It would take away from the price the Minnesota farmers receive for their grain marketed in this state the sum proposed to be unjustly added to the present tax, which would be about 2½ cents a bushel on wheat and 5 cents on flax, and would ruin the business of hundreds of grain firms and terminal elevators, all for the benefit of firms and houses in neighboring states. Surely no one will contend that it would be wise to inflict such a blow on both the farmers and grain dealers of Minnesota.

A JUST MEASURE.

There is a bill before congress to pay the widow and other heirs of the late Fitz John Porter the amount of the salary that he received during his years of suspension from the army.

This bill asks only for simple justice. The sacrifice of that gallant and faithful soldier was the most notable and outrageous assertion of political prejudice that ever blotted our military records. Porter was punished to shield Gen. Pope from the obloquy that his wretched failure at the second Manassas would have brought upon him had not he and his partisans saddled the responsibility for it upon Porter. The testimony on which he was convicted and dismissed from the army was palpably biased and shamefully insufficient. Porter lived to see the decree of the court-martial that degraded him condemned almost universally and repudiated by many of those who most ardently defended it at the time it was delivered. When time and a calm review of the case had cooled the passions and corrected the misapprehensions of men, it was generally conceded that a great wrong had been done to this gallant and gifted soldier.

After his retirement from the presidency Gen. Grant went over all the testimony, including that which was given by Confederate generals years after the trial, and declared that Porter was innocent of the charges on which he was tried, convicted and punished, and that he should be reinstated. Many other famous soldiers of the North proclaimed a like change of mind on the case. Congress considered the question time after time, the friends of Fitz John Porter growing stronger continually. In March, 1885, a bill to relieve Porter passed both houses, but was vetoed by President Arthur. A like bill to retire Porter as a colonel was passed in 1886 by an overwhelming majority of both the senate and house and was signed by President Cleveland.

Porter was then vindicated by the government as he had been long ago by public opinion, but for twenty-three years he had suffered under a charge of which he was innocent, and instead of being a mere colonel in his old age he would, it is safe to say, have risen to the rank of major general before the time for his retirement. His country, after all, made scant reparation to a faithful and heroic soldier whom it had permitted to remain a victim of malice for nearly a quarter of a century. No member of congress should oppose the bill that provides for justice to his family.

A PECULIAR SITUATION.

The diminution of bank note currency has been very marked during the past few months and the government financiers are looking about for a means to check it. The reason for the decline is very plain, and it rests largely in the purchase of bonds by the government. In the closing months of 1901 Mr. Gage, then secretary of the treasury, faced a peculiar financial complication. The treasury was burdened with a surplus, which was increasing at an unprecedented rate, while the commercial interests of the country were clamoring for more money. There was a demand for an immense volume of money for the moving of crops, particularly in the West and Southwest, and Wall street was unable to supply this demand without risks of financial shortage on the speculative market. Call rates advanced sharply, and the tightness of the foreign money market served to add to the complication. In that emergency, in response to appeals from the banking interests of the country, Secretary Gage began a system of liberal bond purchases, using the surplus in the treasury to retire bonds purchased for the sinking fund. The result of Mr. Gage's bond purchases had the desired effect of easing the commercial money market, by placing a portion of the treasury surplus in circulation, but it produced another condition that is the cause of study and consideration by the financiers and will have to be settled by the new treasurer. The purchase of bonds by the government, to keep down the treasury surplus, has had such a stimulating effect on the bond market that the national banks of the country can make more money by selling their bonds on deposit in Washington to secure circulation than they can by loaning their bank notes, based on these bonds.

It has been reported to be the intention of Secretary Shaw to continue temporarily, at least, the policy of his predecessors in the purchase of bonds, although the peculiar conditions brought about may deter him from so doing. There is a relief in sight, however, and that is in the prospective repeal of the war revenue taxes. This, if accomplished, will to a great degree obviate the necessity for continuing the bond purchases in order to prevent the accumulation of an idle surplus in the treasury. A reduction of more than $75,000,000 in the government's annual receipts, which would result from the enactment of the war revenue repeal, would act at once as a relief to the commercial demand for available money and make extraordinary bond purchases unnecessary. For this reason, if for no other, the bill for the repeal of the war taxes should pass congress without delay.

The clamor of the public that something be done for Cuba, the well-known attitude of the administration and the several criticisms over the delay seems to make but little impression on the members of the ways and means committee, who are hostile to the islands. It has been reported that Payne, Dalzell and Grosvenor are weakening, but there is no apparent indication on the surface. There is not much doubt, however, but what they will be brought into line by the strong influence at work and that something will be done, and at no distant day.

A member of congress is said to have recently received the following letter from a constituent: "Please send me some of the volumes containing memorial addresses for dead members of congress. There is nothing I read with so much pleasure as obituaries of congressmen." The recipient of this letter was not Congressman Morris.

The New York Post is of the opinion that Senator Bacon's adroit amendment, by which the new executive department is to be entitled the department of commerce and labor, probably had something to do with the easy adoption of the bill by the senate.

A Paris artist says New York's wealthy women are so beautiful that he hopes to be able to paint several of them for coming generations. That man evidently wants to do a land-office business. He has laid the foundation for it.

A press clipping bureau working by order of Senator Hanna collected 12,000 editorial notices of the late President McKinley, and not one of them but praised his life and regretted his death.

A new party in Ohio that wants to abolish army and navy chaplains and chaplains for all legislative bodies, takes the legislative chaplain at least entirely too seriously.

Six Italian Scientists started several months ago to walk around the world. Two are already dead, and a third is not expected to recover. The foolkiller is close behind the other three.

A Philadelphia woman died the other day at the age of 108, all of which time she spent in that city. After such a lengthy experience she should get a quick discharge from purgatory.

It is surprising that Sybil Sanderson broke her engagement with her lover merely because he had another wife. A little objection like that is not always insuperable.

The Atlanta Journal asks if William Allen White will please designate some American statesman, besides himself, who measures fully up to what he thinks an American statesman should be?

Chicago club women are waging a war against the comic valentine. But who ever saw a valentine that could be properly styled comic?

And now some one has started a discussion of the queston, "What shall we do with our idle rich?" Why not make them work?

The new breed of tail-less dog may find life burdensome in fly time, but he can calmly gaze upon the small boy with the tin can.

The task of carrying protection and imperialism on both shoulders is becoming more difficult.

Any man who does not work can break into New York society. Look at Terry McGovern.

The Chinese have taken to drinking beer since the recent invasion. Another illustration of the spread of civilization.

It is not the wicked alone that stand in slippery places—on Superior street.

Men's first quality Storm Overshoes..... 79c
Men's $1.25 Arctics for only..... 98c

WIELAND'S

Ladies' coin-toe Storm Overshoes at..... 39c
Ladies' Storm Rubbers, 50c grade for..... 36c

123 WEST SUPERIOR STREET,

SHOE SALE

Tomorrow (SATURDAY) will be another Banner Day—Several new lines added to the long list of genuine bargains. Everyone is surprised at the extraordinary bargains offered.

Lot 1.
Men's $5.00 Box Calf and Enamel, rope stitch, swellest and newest styles, sale price— only..... $3.48

Misses' and Children's Shoes.
Misses' $2 and $2.25 Shoes, kid tip, a good bargain..... $1.48
Children's kid, lace or button, sizes 8½ to 11—90c Shoes, sale price..... 69c
Children's shoes, sizes 7 to 8—75c grade, at..... 59c
Infants' Soft sole Shoes at only, per pair..... 25c
Ladies' Lambs' Wool Soles, per pair at..... 9c

Felt Shoes.
Men's $4.50 Dolges' Felt Shoes, to close out..... $2.00
Men's $3 guaranteed Rubber Soles; sale price..... $2.25

Boys' $1.25 and $1.50 satin calf lace shoes, good styles; sale price..... 98c
Men's Felt Slippers, per pair only..... 49c

Ladies' Jersey Leggins and Boys' Leather Leggins at cost.

Lot 2.
Men's $4 box calf, velour calf, vici kid and enamels, heavy sole extension edge or plain—latest styles—sale price
$2.98

Lot 3.
Ladies' Laird, Schober & Co.'s $5 hand turned and welt sewed patent or kid tip. Your choice of any of these for
$2.98



$4 and $5 Shoes at $2.48—Men's $4 and $5 black and tan—heavy sole—also light kid and patent leather—a good style shoe and will go fast at
$2.48

Men's $2.50 to $5 black and tan; light and heavy soles, box calf and kid—$5 shoes are coin toe—no pointed toes; sale price
$1.98

Boys' Shoes.
Boys' $1.75 and $2 calf and box calf Shoes..... $1.25
Little Gents' $1.25 and $1.50 box calf, extra quality at..... 98c

Ladies' Felt Shoes.
Ladies' Felt Shoes; $1.50 grade..... $1.00
Ladies' Fell Slippers—per pair only..... 39c

Lot 4.
Ladies' $5.00 and $3.50 kid and patent leather welt sewed, latest styles, sale price only..... $2.48

Lot 5.
Men's $2.00 to $4.00, plain toe and tip, nearly all sizes—cleaning up price..... $1.48

Lot 6.
Ladies' $4.00 Enamel, heavy extension soles, newest style, equal to many $5.00 shoes sold—sale price only..... $2.98
Ladies' $2.50 and $3.00 kid or patent leather tip, light or heavy, rope stitch soles, the newest, sale price..... $1.98
Ladies' Spring Heels $1.75 to $2.50, kid or calf—now..... $1.48
Ladies' $1.50 to $1.75, lace or button—kid tip, sale price—only..... 98c
Ladies' $1.25 and $2 25 Strap Slippers at..... 89c
Misses Shoes—P. Cox and Merriam's make, $2.00 and $2.25 qualities, kid or patent tip, also cloth trimmed—sale price..... 98c

This sale is for cash only.
Be on hand early — as early buyers have the best choice.

AT THE HOTELS

Fred Miller, who is ahead of Nixon & Zimmerman's big company in "The Strollers," is at the St. Louis. Mr. Miller wrote both the score and the book of "Ship Ahoy," one of the first American-made musical comedies to attract attention back in the early '90s. It was a great money maker.

"I've got another one here," said Mr. Miller, this morning, tapping his forehead, "and it's going to beat 'Ship Ahoy.' But I'm not going to spring it until the right moment."

Mr. Miller is a brother of Arthur E. Miller, formerly manager of the Lyceum theater, and who is road manager of the "Strollers" company. The latter has been managing some of Jacob Litt's biggest companies, until this season, "Musty" (or Ambrose) Miller, who used to be treasurer of the Temple is manager of the "King Dodo" company.

"Everywhere I go, my name makes trouble for me," said Mr. Miller. "One of your prominent citizens asked me a few minutes ago in acknowledging an introduction if I was 'of the Fred Miller Brewing company.' Down at Kansas City they said: 'Another Miller? Well, which one are you? We've had this season already, 'Musty' Miller, 'Dusty' Miller, 'Frosty' Miller and 'Chesty' Miller. What's your nickname?' I had to admit that I was just a plain Miller, and the change seemed to do them good."

* * *

"The manager of our street railway system in Des Moines tells me that gates on the cars like those you have on the big cars here, have saved the company $50,000 in damages for injuries. From this you can imagine they must have saved considerable personal grief."

The speaker was a commercial man from Des Moines, stopping at the Spalding, who had got into a conversation about the gates on the new cars, in which several criticisms had been offered about the innovation. "Nine times out of ten, a woman in a hurry gets off a car while it is still in motion and as many times she jumps backward when the car is going forward. It's a funny thing that many times the person least fitted by nature or present conditions to get off or on a car when it is moving is the one that will always do it. It is pretty difficult to have an accident with these gates in service, and every town that has given them a fair trial wouldn't have them given up."

* * *

Ed Sample, Bay City; A. W. Sergeant, Minneapolis; Joseph Morris, Two Harbors; O. A. Wennberg, Wausau; O. A. Peterson, Fond du Lac; A. S. Harris, Minneapolis; S. A. Jones, St. Cloud, and Mrs. S. Rapson, Ely, are at the McaKy.

* * *

William P. Christopher, Chicago; F. H. Letourneau, Minneapolis; Joseph Dinsmore, Ely; J. W. Johnson, Jr., Chicago; M. Bottoms, A. Brace, Ashland; G. H. Tremble, Milwaukee; Ed Putnam, St. Paul; Mrs. L. H. Seely, Cloquet; Frank C. Berry, Wadena, and C. F. Ainsworth, Minneapolis, are at the St. Louis.

* * *

W. W. Broughton, St. Paul; F. M. Bunch, Chicago; F. A. Robinson, Minneapolis; R. A. Clarke, New York; E. J. George, Providence, R. I.; Charles Porter, New Haven, Conn.; George L. Van Duyn, Milwaukee; C. C. Shannon, Rochester, N. Y.; Ed Thomas, Butte, and George W. Freed, Philadelphia, are at the Spalding.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

DOUBLED

Have Farm and City Values In Northwestern Minnesota.

Crookston, Minn., Feb. 7.—The story of the rapid increase of the value of farm lands and city property is told in unmistakable manner by the records of the office of the register of deeds of Polk county for January. During the month 104 transfers of farm property were listed in various parts of the country, covering 21,000 acres, the consideration being $337,066. Forty-six transfers of village and city lots were recorded, embracing seventy-five pieces, the cash paid being $27,300. Against this statement is that of January, 1901, when the transfers numbered 91, embracing 27,599 acres, the consideration being $148,179, and twenty-five deeds covering forty-seven city and village lots for which $6406 was paid.

A little computation shows that this year the land values averaged about $11 an acre, while a year ago they were under $6 an acre.

The lots sold last year averaged $136 each, and in January of this year the average price was $364.

The outlook for a large immigration this year is first-class, and the valley will, from present indications, be the mecca of thousands of families of those who have already purchased farms, while other thousands will come and buy lands that will be occupied another year. Already the tide of buyers and settlers has set in, and this week thirty car loads of household goods and machinery will arrive from one county in Iowa.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

IN JAIL EIGHT DAYS.

Young Clements Thinks His Damages Were $5,000.

Brainerd, Minn., Feb. 7.—Papers have been served on Sheriff Ole Erickson in a $5000 damage suit brought by C. A. Clements, who travels for a Minneapolis piano firm. J. T. Sanborn is made a party to the suit with the sheriff. He had a warrant sworn out for Clements' arrest last summer for jumping his board bill and Sheriff Erickson caught the young man at Sauk Rapids and locked him up. He was in jail eight days and finally settled and was released by the sheriff. No return was ever made by the sheriff on the warrant. Clements claims an agreement was made with hotel men that the piano company was to pay his board bills.

A CROOKED CASHIER.

Has Been a Forger For Fifteen Years.

Lincoln, Neb., Feb. 7.—A crook and forger for fifteen years while the public respected and trusted him. This has been the career of Cashier A. H. Gould at the wrecked Platte Valley bank of Bellwood, Neb.

According to his own confession he has uttered $45,000 in worthless paper and until a few days ago escaped detection by a perfect chain of forgeries. In addition he admits having defaulted to the amount of $5000 by failing to make any records of certificates of deposit.

Speculation on the grain market, he said, dating back for fifteen years, caused his downfall.

On Jan. 3 the vault of the Bellwood bank was dynamited and totally destroyed. It was reported that several thousand dollars was taken. It is now suspected that Gould planned a fake robbery in order to cover up a portion of his forgeries.

WHITE COFFIN

Provided and Fido Was Buried In It.

Washingeon C. H., Ohio, Feb. 7.—Upon the death of a pet dog at the home of William S. Gordon, in this city, a telegram was sent to Mrs. Ward Clement, New York city, who, during her travels in Europe with her husband recently, purchased the little pet, notifying her of the dog's death. She immediately telegraphed back to give Fido a respectable burial. Accordingly an undertaker was employed and a white coffin, artistically lined with white muslin and excelsior, and with a snow-white pillow for the dog's head, was provided. A grave was dug and the little pet was tenderly laid in its last resting place.

RECALLED A BEQUEST

Because a Sermon Did Not Suit Him.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 7.—The late Isaac D. Lemmon intended to bequeath $500 to the Edwin Ray Methodist church and he drew his will to that effect, and it was duly witnessed. Shortly before his death he attended service at the church and heard a sermon not to his liking, and immediately thereafter, as developed in the filing of the will, he added a codicil revoking the bequest. He never confided to any one the subject of the sermon or what the minister said that aroused his ire.

KILLED BY LOGS.

Fatal Accident to Frank Babkie at Menominee.

Menominee, Mich., Feb. 7.—Frank Babkie was instantly killed yesterday while unloading logs in the Bay Shore Lumber company's yard. The logs are unloaded directly from the cars into the water, and when Babkie knocked the binding chain loose he was unable to get out of the way and was knocked into the water. When found he was in the water and under several logs. His face was crushed in and almost every bone in his body was crushed. His home was at Spruce, Oconto county, Wis.

A pathetic incident of his death was a letter found in his pocket from a sister at Spruce, saying his mother was worrying about him and for him to come home as soon as possible in the spring.

THOUSANDS IDLE.

Distress Among Unemployed In Norway and Sweden.

Stockholm, Feb. 7.—There is great suffering among the unemployed in the chief cities of Sweden and Norway. A union or idle working men has been formed in Gothenburg and the names of 5000 persons are unparalleled in the history of that city.

The situation in other labor centers is scarcely more favorable. The town councils have been petitioned to organize relief works to tide over this period of depression. They are blamed for want of foresight in failing to provide means for carrying the poor through the severities of the present winter.

QUINN BOYCOTTED.

Milwaukee, Feb. 7.—The Federated Trades' Council has declared a boycott against whatever Harry Quinn may do in a baseball way and it was resolved to carry the fight into other cities as well. Quinn is in the bookbinding business and his employes were concerned in a strike here, which is still on. They complained to the council that Quinn was not treating them fairly and the boycott was declared.

FAILS STEADILY.

No Decided Change However In Sampson's Condition.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Alarming reports were afloat here today to the effect that Admiral Sampson had taken a serious turn for the worse within the last twenty-four hours. Inquiries at the Sampson residence and of the naval physician developed that there has been no decided change in Admiral Sampson's condition, but that a steady retrogression is in progress which is common to his disease.

THE SCHEPP RELEASED.

New York, Feb. 7.—The ship L. Schepp, from Hong Kong, which went ashore on Feb. 3 off Point Lookout, was floated early today and started for this port in tow.

LONDON BUSINESS.

London, Feb. 7.—The statement of the board of trade for the month of January shows an increase of £4,143,800 in imports and a decrease of £499,000 in exports.

AMUSEMENTS.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.
J. J. Laundergan, Manager.
Two Nights and Saturday Matinee, Commencing Friday, Feb. 7—
Busby Bros.'
Grand Revival of
"TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM."
Prices—Night, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee, 10c and 20c. Reserved Seats on sale at Smith & Smith's Drug Store and LaRicheux's Fourth Street Drug Store.

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.
Saturday, February 8.
Just one big laugh for everybody. The funniest of all the funny shows.
Willis Maxwell Goodhue's Joyful Oddity
HELLO BILL
The Merriest! The Jolliest! And the laughiest ever.
Prices—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Star Lecture Course
First M. E. Church, Duluth.
REV. THOMAS DIXON, Jr.
Of New York City.
Saturday Evening, Feb. 8.
LECTURE:
"Backbone."
Ticket and seat, 50 cents, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the Door.

100 pairs Ladies' small size house-slippers, former price $1 to $2.50—at ... **19c**

200 pairs Ladies' small size shoes, worth $1.50 to $3, sizes 2½ to 3½, at **49c**

THE McDONALD SHOE SALE

$10,000

Stock of McDonald & Company, of Ottumwa, Ia., bought by us at 40c on the dollar. On sale Saturday morning. Come and get shoes at much less than good shoes cost to make.

300 pairs Misses' Shoes, tan and black—worth up to $2—broken sizes—price... **59c**

300 pairs Ladies' small sizes Rubbers—sale price... **9c**

300 pairs Mens' Rubbers, sizes 6 to 8—sale price ... **29c**

WE HAVE ADDED 3000 PAIRS OUT OF OUR OWN STOCK. BARGAINS FOR EVERYBODY!

Ladies' $3.50 Shoes at $2.69.
500 pairs Ladies' $3.50 and $4.00 Patent Leather, Enamel and Box Calf Shoes—heavy or light soles—all stylish, up-to-date styles; all sizes—sale price... **$2.69**

Infants' Shoes.
200 pairs Infants' Soft Sole Shoes — worth 25c to 50c—sale price— **13c**

Ladies' $5.00 Shoes $3.98—500 pairs Ladies' Ideal kid, enamel box calf and vici kid shoes—Harry H. Gray's and Todd and Bancrofts make of $5.00 Shoes, all new and stylish footwear—price... **$3.98**

Men's $6.00 and $7.00 Shoes—350 pairs Strong & Garfield's and Stetson enamel patent leather box and velour calf shoes—all new style shoes—sale price... **$4.60**

Child's Shoes.
150 pairs 75c to $1.50 Shoes—sizes 5 to 8—sale price only— **49c**

Ladies' $3.00 Shoes at $1.98;
400 pairs Ladies' welt and turn Shoes; all sizes and styles; a great bargain; sale price... **$1.98**

Ladies' Shoes.
100 pairs Ladies' $2.00 to $3.00 Tan and Black Vici Kid Shoes — narrow widths—sale price... **98c**

148 pairs Ladies' Box Calf and Vici Kid Extension soles—McDonald's price was $2.50—our price... **$1.69**

79 pairs Ladies' high cut Skating Shoes—thick soles... **$1.98**

SLIPPERS.
Women's Warm Slippers at—
39c, 49c, 69c, 89c

Misses' Shoes.
A lot of Misses' Oil Grain Heel Shoes, worth $1.25; sale price... **69c**

200 pairs Misses' $1.35 Shoes—kid and patent tip—sale price... **98c**

300 pairs Shaft Pierce & Busby $2.00 and $2.25 Vici Kid Box Calf and Patent leather Shoes—on sale at the low price of... **$1.48**

Infants' Shoes.
Infants' 50c Shoes... 39
Infants' 55c Shoes... 49
Childs' 75c Shoes... 59
Childs' 89c Shoes... 69

Misses' 65c Buckle Arctics—sale price... **39c**
Child's 50c Buckle Arctics—sale price... **29c**
Women's 50c Storm Rubbers—sale price... **39c**
Women's 75c Fleece Lined Rubbers... **49c**
Men's $1.40 heavy Buckle Arctics... **89c**
Men's $1.00 Storm Alaskas—sale price ... **75c**
Men's $1.50 Felt Shoes—sale price... **98c**
Boys' wide toe Arctics—sale price... **59c**

Men's Shoes.
29 pairs Men's small size Shoes, plain toe, sale price... **69c**
Men's $1.48 oil grain working Shoes; sizes 6 to 8; sale price... **89c**
Men's $1.50 satin calf Shoes—all sizes; sale price... **98c**
Men's $2 and $2.50 Shoes at... **$1.48**
Men's $3 Shoes, heavy extension sole... **$1.98**
Men's $3.50 and $4 enamel, box calf, and patent leather shoes—sale price... **$2.98**

Boys' Shoes.
60 pairs Boys' $1.25 tap sole Shoes, sizes 2½ to 5½... **79c**
140 pairs Boys' vici kid and satin shoes—$1.75 value, at... **$1.19**
75 pairs Boys' Shoes, worth $2 to $2.50, broken lot—sale price only... **$1.69**
100 pairs Little Gents' 90c box calf shoes—sale price... **69c**
150 pairs Little Gents' $1.25 satin calf and box calf shoes... **98c**

PHILLIPS & CO
218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

MURDER CHARGED

Against Three Men and Two Women at Lebanon, Ohio.

Hezekiah Stites Was Writing a Letter When Assaulted.

Mrs. Logan Says Bob Harlan Told Her About It.

Lebanon, Ohio, Feb. 7.—The common pleas court room was crowded when Newton Upton, Vernon, Lewis, Nellie Herron and Hessie Berger were brought into court for their preliminary hearing, charged with the murder of Hezekiah Stites on the evening of Feb. 6, 1900. Bob Harlan, also charged with complicity in the crime, is confined in jail at Hamilton awaiting his trial for pocket picking.

The farmers for miles around came into town and the very best of order prevailed throughout the proceedings, as every one, on account of the numerous robberies and murders that have taken place in this county during the past few years, is interested in seeing some of the criminals brought to justice. During the last fifteen years ten murders have been committed in this county, and the murderers are supposed to dwell within the confines of the county.

Stites was a bachelor, who lived alone some distance from the main road, and spent much of his time in his home. He was a great lover of books, and was a subscriber to many of the leading magazines and newspapers. At the time of the assault he was seated at a table with his writing materials and papers, and when found cold in death his pen lay on the floor at his feet and an unfinished letter spattered with blood was found on the table.

The murder was committed on Tuesday evening, and the body was not discovered until the following Friday, when a neighbor, C. C. Emmons, called to borrow a magazine. Mr. Emmons found the body divested of clothing from the waist down and the skull crushed in by a heavy club and two sticks of stove wood that were left covered with blood. The condition of the room showed that a terrible struggle had taken place. Newspapers had been used to wipe the blood of the old man from the murderer's hands.

The first two witnesses were Chief of Police Langdon and Captain of the Night Police Kelly, of Middletown, who testified as to the story of the chief witness in the case, Nellie Herron, told to them on the evening of Jan. 27. The principal witness of the day was Mrs. Allie Lagon, of Middletown.

She testified that during the summer of 1900 she lived with Bob Harlan on a farm about four miles from the Stites house; that Harlan at different times told her about the murder of the old man. A few months ago they went to Middletown, and she lived with Harlan on a canal boat between that city and Cincinnati, and also at the boarding house of Mrs. Laurena Taylor. When she and Harlan had a quarrel she would threaten to tell about the murder, and Mrs. Taylor gave a tip to the police.

She testified that Harlan told her that Newton Upton, William and Vernon Lewis and Hessie Berger had killed Stites with clubs, finishing the job by choking him, and that when they thought he was dead the Berger woman had taken three pocketbooks from his pockets that contained $189. While she was removing his clothing in order to get at the pockets that were in his underclothing the old man made a last desperate effort. He struggled to prevent her getting his money, and the second blow with the club silenced him forever.

She told of the finding of the clothes of Hessie Berger on the night of the murder hid away in a chimney at her house, and that they were stained with blood, and that they had afterwards been burned.

PASSION

For Fine Dresses Led Woman to Desert Her Family.

Sandusky, Ohio, Feb. 7.—A veritable passion for finery, beautiful dresses, gowns and hats, which she thought her husband could not afford to furnish her, so preyed upon the mind of Mrs. Charles N. Buddenhagen that she disappeared, leaving four little children, and for three weeks her whereabouts were unknown. This week Mrs. Buddenhagen was brought back from Cleveland, where she had been located in the home of a wealthy family, employed as a nurse for the children.

Mr. Buddenhagen is the superintendent of the gas department of the local gas and electric company, and receives a large salary. He has always been devoted to his wife, whom he married under romantic circumstances. She was a Defiance girl, and twelve years ago ran away from home to marry Buddenhagen. They have four children, one of whom, a little boy, has been a sufferer for months as the result of a burned arm.

Mrs. Buddenhagen, who is pretty, always bore an excellent reputation, though her love of dress was noticeable. For several weeks she had been sending away her clothing, and one day she disappeared completely. When her husband found her she was willing to return home, but offered no explanation except that she wanted to earn money and buy more gowns.

She had kept her identity and troubles a secret while in Cleveland. Mrs. Buddenhagen is now on the verge of collapse, and her condition is serious. She is watched all the time, lest she again run away or attempt to end her life.

Only one remedy in the world that will at once stop itchiness of the skin in any part of the body; Doan's Ointment. At any drug store, 50 cents.

POSTAL CARD

Mailed Twenty-Five Years Ago Just Received.

Chillicothe, Ohio, Feb. 7.—A postal card mailed in Columbus, O., twenty-five years ago, has just been received by the party to whom it was addressed. The recipient is J. Myron May, of Kingston, and when he called at the postoffice the card was handed him with other mail. The postal had been written by a friend of May, but he was dumfounded when he read the missive, for the matters referred to were decidedly stale. May at first thought it was a hoax, but upon looking at the card again he saw it was dated 1877, and that the postmark of the Columbus office was of the same year. May is now trying to figure out where the postal card has been all these years.

WANTS NINTH DIVORCE.

Deserted Two Days After Her Last Marriage.

Elwood, Ind., Feb. 7.—Mrs. Belsonia Arms-Hoop, teh much-married woman of this city, is now ready to file her ninth appliction for a divorce in the county courts, her latest equisition as husband having deserted her she claims, after a honeymoon of two days. Mrs. Arms was three times married to the same man, with divorces in between, and five times led other men to the altar, only to be deserted and again to have recourse to the courts.

Noah Hoop, a farmer, near this city, was her latest husband. She was refused a license until she paid the costs in her last divorce case, and produced the money. Elder Clifford, at Anderson tied the knot.

The couple returned to this city Saturday night, lived together until Monday morning, when the husband decided he had experienced sufficient matrimonial bliss, bade his wife goodby forever and took his departure. The woman was not at all discouraged at the result of her venture and is ready to try again. All of her husbands are living.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

DOUBLE LIFE

Of William Wright Was Revealed By His Death.

Whitestown, Ind., Feb. 7.—On Dec. 26 last, William Wright, a prominent and highly respected citizen of the town, died. He had a very fine watch which he directed to be sent to Charles T. Wright, a son by a former marriage, in Chicago. His widow forwarded the watch a few days after his death, and the correspondence which followed shows that Wright, the deceased, had been since 1876 a bigamist. Wife No. 1 has been here for a week past investigating the career of her husband since he deserted her and their six children in Chicago in 1875.

He came to Whitestown very soon after leaving his family in Chicago, and in 1876 married Mrs. Elizabeth J. Brandon, a prominent young widow of the community, with whom he lived happily until his death.

Up to 1893 Wright visited his Chicago wife and children once a year, representing to them that he was traveling over the country selling lightning rods. He left $500 insurance to wife No. 2, who, since his death, has applied for a widow's pension, as Mr. Wright was a member of Company A, Eighty-first Indiana regiment.

In the light of recent developments she will probably withdraw her application for the pension, but there may be a contest for the insurance. Had it not been for the dying request of Mr. Wright neither of his wives nor the world would have known of the double life he had been living.

WEDDING GIFTS

To Miss Hay Were of Enormous Value.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Miss Hay's wedding presents, which were put on exhibition for her close friends, outrival in worth those of any other bride of Washington in many years. From the groom she received a diamond collar, President and Mrs. Roosevelt sent an antique clock of historic value, which Miss Hay reckons among her most cherished gifts; Lord and Lady Pauncefote also sent as their offering an imported clock of exquisite workmanship.

Among the other gifts were a huge silver bowl, handsomely chased, from the German ambassador; a rare etching by Mueller, from the French ambassador, and a bolt of silk and other gifts from the Chinese minister and Mme. Wu.

W. C. Whitney's gift is a diamond brooch and a ruby and diamond ring. Col. O. H. Payne gave a diamond necklace and pearl and diamond brooch; Mr. and Mrs. Almeric Paget, a diamond and ruby brooch, in the shape of a bee.

From Secretary Hay, her father, Miss Hay received a tiara of diamonds, and from her mother a silver tea service. Miss Dorothy Whitney, the bridesmaid, sent an emerald and diamond ring. A set of gold plates came from Mr. and Mrs. George Gould; a silver and gold table service, consisting of a large rose bowl and six compotes, from Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Carnegie; a silver centerpiece and eight silver dishes from Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid; an embroidered Japanese portiere from the bride's uncle and aunt, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Hay; a set of flat table silver from Mr. and Mrs. Mathews, an uncle and aunt, and a silver toilet set from their children.

Capt. Leonard Hay, another uncle, sent a Sully portrait, and an aunt, Mrs. Woolfolt, an antique jade rosary. Senator and Mrs. Hanna gave an empire clock; Mr. and Mrs. Richard Harding Davis, a loving cup; Eugene Hale, Jr., four gold dishes; the Yale crew of '93, a large loving cup of superb workmanship; Senator and Mrs. Hale, a large silver dish; Mr. and Mrs. H. C. Lodge, a rare porcelain vase.

There are laces and jewels, rare embroideries and bric-a-brac in bewildering profusion.

Blotched, rough, red, tender skin, smoothed to satin softness, using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

TOO STRONG FOR MAUD

Was His Story of Knock-Out Drops.

Springfield, Ohio, Feb. 7.—Miss Maud Gossett, of 110 East Liberty street, has disappeared from home because her mother insisted on her marrying Ed Manning, a soldier who recently returned from the Philippines. They were engaged when he enlisted in the army to fight his country's battle, but she jilted him because he was late in arriving home. Manning did not reach here until three days after the other Springfield boys.

He told her that after he had been discharged and drawn his money he fell in with a stranger who gave him knock-out drops, and the last he remembered he was in a bed in a hotel minus his roll and a diamond ring he had purchased for her. She says he made it "too strong" and she refused to believe his story. Her mother thinks she has gone to Medway to visit friends.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distess. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

Contagious Blood Poison

There is no poison so highly contagious, so deceptive and so destructive. Don't be too sure you are cured because all external signs of the disease have disappeared, and the doctor says you are well. Many persons have been dosed with Mercury and Potash for months or years, and pronounced cured—to realize when too late that the disease was only covered up—driven from the surface to break out again, and to their sorrow and mortification find those nearest and dearest to them have been infected by this loathsome disease, for no other poison is so surely transmitted from parent to child as this. Often a bad case of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Scrofula or severe skin disease, an old sore or ulcer developing in middle life, can be traced to blood poison contracted in early life, for it remains smoldering in the system forever, unless properly treated and driven out in the beginning. S. S. S. is the only antidote for this peculiar virus, the only remedy known that can overcome it and drive it out of the blood, and it does this so thoroughly and effectually that there is never a return of the disease to embarrass or humiliate you afterwards.

Like Begets Like. ***The Sin of the Parent.***

SSS cures Contagious Blood Poison in any and all stages; contains no mineral to break down your constitution; it is purely vegetable and the only blood purifier known that cleanses the blood and at the same time builds up the general health.

Our little book on contagious blood poison is the most complete and instructive ever issued; it not only tells all about this disease, but also how to cure yourself at home. It is free and should be in the hands of everyone seeking a cure. Send for it.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

HAPPY AND HOPEFUL

(Continued from page 1.)

noon. The St. Paul bankers were to have a chance to talk this morning. There will be ample opportunity for everybody to be heard before the committees. At the meeting of the house committee yesterday Representative Jacobson wanted it announced that all hearings must be concluded by Saturday. At this Representative Laybourn, of Duluth, entered a vigorous protest against any particular rush in the consideration of the tax bill. The bill had only been introduced that morning, he said, and it was important enough to warrant greater opportunity for discussion than Thursday, Friday and Saturday would allow. Even if the committee's sessions ran into next week, everybody should be heard. Chairman Wallace, of Minneapolis, said that every interest should be heard, if the committee's sessions lasted two weeks.

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The outlook for the tax bill itself is literally appalling. The plan to have the tax committees of both houses meet jointly, hear protests, and then consider the bill separately and report it back to their respective houses fell through, owing to opposition among the members of the senate committee. Everybody with a protest will have to go before both committees. Amendments will be offered in each committee separately, and unless by some miraculous chance the amendments should be the same in both instances, presently the legislature will find itself with two very badly mangled tax bills to be reconciled as best it may. The plan of having the hearings before a joint committee would have saved much time and labor, and the work ahead under the system adopted is formidable.

• • •

The tax bill was to be introduced in the senate today by the tax committee, and then referred back, after which the senate committee was to begin its hearings. When each committee has heard everything there is to be said the committees will discuss the bill in executive session. Probably the senate committee, at least, will take up the bill chapter by chapter, and as each chapter is considered will report it back to the senate for amendment or final disposal. There is a strong chance that in its progress through the legislative mill the bill will be so altered and complicated as to make enemies of those who are its strongest friends now.

• • •

The Winona board of trade has taken action on the tax bill, and resolutions asking for the postponement of the measure to the next session and for the preparation of constitutional amendments to be presented to the people this fall were printed and handed around to the members of the legislature yesterday. Representative Anderson, of Winona, is one of the warmest opponents of the bill.

• • •

Representative Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, was introduced to the delegation representing the vessel interests in the house chamber yesterday morning by Representative Laybourn, his opponent on many a debate. The first thing Mr. Jacobson said was that some compromise might be made on the points to which Duluth objects. "And if you don't accept that you won't get a blamed thing," he added, his voice running into his argumentative falsetto. G. A. Tomlinson told him that the cartoonists did not do him justice, and he said that Mr. Laybourn didn't, either.

• • •

When Reading Clerk Jones, of the house, picked up the tax bill and began to read yesterday, many house members turned pale and looked about for a chance to escape. He did not read it all, however. He read the title, a portion of the first clause and then skipped to the last clause, and let it go at that. Everybody breathed a sigh of relief. This constituted the first reading of the bill.

• • •

Dr. John H. Dorsey, of Glencoe, representative from McLeod county and leader of the minority in the house, was surgeon of the Third regiment at Chickamauga, and he takes a great interest in the Duluth militia boys who were there. He inquired about many of them.

• • •

Both Senators Baldwin and Daugherty are resting comfortably in the thought that their absence from Duluth on election day did not make any difference in the result. Before leaving Duluth they paired on the election.

• • •

Representative Noyes, of Barnum, who announced that he was a friend of the tax bill and that he was in favor of its immediate passage without amendment, says that he was only fooling and that he is too good a neighbor to Duluth to go back on her interests in that way. He came in for a good many prods from Duluth people while he was keeping up the joke.

• • •

L. M. Willcuts passed through St. Paul yesterday morning on his way to Faribault, but he did not stop long enough to get into the whirl of the fight on the tax bill.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

A LEGACY OF THE GRIP

Is often a run-down system. Weakness, nervousness, lack of appetite, energy and ambition, with disordered liver and kidneys often follow an attack of this wretched disease. The greatest need then is Electric Bitters, the splendid tonic, blood purifier and regulator of Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Thousands have proved that they wonderfully strengthen the nerves, build up the system, and restore to health and good spirits after an attack of Grip. If suffering, try them. Only 50c. Perfect satisfaction guaranteed by W. A. Abbett, Druggist.

GREAT HOTEL

To Be Built By Relative of Dewey.

New York, Feb. 7.—A relative of Admiral Dewey, William C. Dewey, of Springfield, Mass., is to erect a new hotel on Fifth avenue. It is to be built between the Waldorf-Astoria and the Holland house.

Mr. Dewey has bought a site for the proposed hotel from the New York Realty corporation. It covers Nos. 4, 6, 8 and 10 West Thirty-first street, ten feet west of Fifth avenue. The plot is 97 by 98.9 feet, and holds the old Alvard mansion and stable. This property was purchased by the New York Realty corporation from the Alvard estate last December at about $300,000, and is resold without the passing of title at a profit to the seller of about $100,000. The hotel to be built by Mr. Dewey will be twelve stories high, and will cost more than $750,000, making the total investment about $1,250,000. John H. Duncan will be the architect. Mr. Dewey is a banker and manufacturer.

If there's a hint of Catarrh taint apply Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder without delay. It will save you suffering, heal you quickly whether you have been a slave one month or fifty years. It relieves cold in the head and catarrhal headaches in ten minutes. The Hon. David Mills, Minister of Justice for the Dominion of Canada, endorses it. Sold by Max Wirth, No. 13 West Superior street. —2.

DISCOUNT SALE ON ALL
WINTER OVERCOATS

When we advertise a discount, WE MEAN EVERY WORD OF IT. The backward weather has left us with entirely too many Overcoats. Hence this GREAT CUT IN PRICES.

Handsome, stylish $30.00 Overcoats, reduced to... **$24.00**

Handsome, stylish $25.00 Overcoats, reduced to... **$20.00**

Handsome, stylish $20.00 Overcoats, reduced to... **$16.00**

Splendid values $15.00 Overcoats, reduced to... **$12.00**

Splendid values $12.00 Overcoats, reduced to... **$9.60**

Good $10.00 Overcoats reduced to... **$8.00**

BOYS' REEFERS AND OVERCOATS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

C. W. Ericson,

No. 219 WEST SUPERIOR ST. RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

D. O'Leary's Cash Grocery

THE RIGHT-PRICE STORE.

17 EAST SUPERIOR ST. BOTH 'PHONES.

Everything imaginable in Fresh Fruit and Vegetables, consisting of Lettuce, Celery, Radishes, Onions, Oyster Plant, Cauliflower, Tomatoes, Sweet Potatoes, Spinach, Etc., Etc.

Special attention given to shipping orders.

4 Celery ---------- 10c
3 Lettuce ---------- 10c
Radishes, per bunch ---------- 5c
Green Onions, per bunch ---------- 5c
Bananas, per doz ---------- 15c
Bananas, per bunch ---------- $1.35
Corn, Peas and Tomatoes 3 cans for ---------- 25c
2-lbs Tomatoes ---------- 25c
Large Stalks Cal. Celery, each 5c
2 lbs Coffee ---------- 25c
Catsup, per gal ---------- 50c
Apples, per peck ---------- 40-50-60c
5 lbs Choice Dairy Butter ---------- $1.00
Bulk Creamery, per lb ---------- 25c
10-lb tubs of Creamery Butter, per lb ---------- 24c
Oranges per doz ---------- 15c, 20c, 25c
Fancy Oranges, per case ---------- $2.40

Pure Leaf Lard, per lb ---------- 11c
Four 10c Sacks Salt ---------- 25c
Strictly Fresh Eggs, Saturday only, per doz ---------- 22c
Shoulder Ham, per lb ---------- 9c
Sugar Cured Ham ---------- 12c
Herring, per lb ---------- 5c
Table Syrup, per gal ---------- 30c
5-gal. cans of Maple Flavored Syrup put up for hotels and restaurants, per can ---------- $2.25
Flour, per Sack ---------- 95c
Saleratus, per pkg ---------- 5c
Good Lemons, per doz ---------- 10c
3 lbs. Mince Meat ---------- 25c
6 lbs. Navy Beans ---------- 25c
Cream Cheese, per lb ---------- 12c

Get our prices on your supplies, we can save you money

If you want a cup of delicious coffee, buy our 3-lb can for ---------- 85c



VIKING

Leads them all. Viking Flour stands for the highest in the art of Milling Products. Perfect machinery, skilled milling and best QUALITY Wheat makes it sweet, pure and strong. It is a prize winner everywhere.

GRONSETH & OLSEN,
401 and 403 East Fourth Street.

Gasser's Grocery.

The butchers' combine in executive session endeavored to devise ways and means to cut off our sources of supplies, but up to this writing have been unsuccessful. Judging from the great volume of business we enjoyed last Saturday and throughout the entire week, our action has met with public approval, and if we can have your continued support low prices in meats will be permanent. It's up to you. Note our prices.

Pork Loins whole per lb ---------- 10c
Pork Butts per lb ---------- 9c
Pork Shoulders per lb ---------- 8½c
Spare Ribs, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c
Pork Steak per lb ---------- 10c
Pigs Feet per doz ---------- 45c
Turkeys per lb ---------- 14c
Chickens, spring, per lb ---------- 14c
Hams per lb ---------- 12c
Select Oysters per qt ---------- 45c
Standard Oysters per qt ---------- 35c
27 lbs Boiling Beef for ---------- $1.00
Leg Lamb per lb ---------- 12½c
Lamb Stew per lb ---------- 5c
Lamb Steak, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c
Shoulder of Lamb per lb ---------- 7c
Round Steak per lb ---------- 12½c
Pot Roast, any cut ---------- 8c
Hamburger Steak, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c
Bologna, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c
Liver Sausage, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c

Grocery Department.

100-lb sack Gran. Sugar ---------- $5.20
This is equivalent to 19 lbs for ---------- $1.00
Butter, newly made, per lb ---------- 25c
5-lb box newly made Butter ---------- $1.30
Butter in crocks per lb ---------- 20c
3-lb can Blackberries ---------- 15c
1-lb can pure Fruit Jam ---------- 12½c
Santa Claus Soap, 8 bars for ---------- 25c
Ranch Eggs per doz ---------- 25c
Rolled Oats, 3 pkgs for ---------- 25c
Potatoes per bushel ---------- 85c

We are agents for Pasteurized Butter, the most perfect made, ask your doctor.

209-211 W. Superior Street

OSTBY'S GROCERY

32 East 4th Street.

Cash Prices—

Granulated Sugar per sack ---------- $5.17
Fancy Patent Flour per 49-lb sack ---------- 95c
Dunkley's Peaches and Pears, can ---------- 20c
Nice Corn—case lots—per doz ---------- 75c
Holland Herring per lb ---------- 5c
Best Ginger Snaps per lb ---------- 6c
Fancy Rio Coffee (Saturday and Monday only) per lb ---------- 11c
Strictly Fresh Eggs per doz ---------- 21c

We get our Butter and Eggs shipped in direct and sell to you at or below jobbers' prices.

QUICKSILVER IN WELL.

Pittsburg, Feb. 7.—John Seaginsky, a wealthy Pole of Homestead, and his three children, aged from 3 to 9 years are dangerously ill, from the effects of drinking water from a well alleged to have been poisoned by quicksilver. Seakinsky alleged it was spite work. The doctor says Seaginsky may recover, but that the children will die.

RATHBUN'S

29 East Superior St.

Both phones **656.** Simon Clark, Mgr.

Saturday Specials

IN PURE FOOD TABLE SUPPLIES AT POPULAR PRICES.

Sweet new made Table Butter, extra good value—per lb—
24 cents

New made Dairy Butter—per lb—
22 cents

Cooking Butter—per lb—
18 cents

Strictly new laid Eggs, every egg guaranteed—per dozen—
24c

Sweet Juicy Navel Oranges—per dez—
20c 25c 35c

New York Russett Apples—per peck—
40c

Kirks' Laundry Soap—10 bars—
25 cents

First Patent Flour—
98-lb sack— **$2.00**
49-lb sack— **$1.00**

Finnan Haddies, best stock of the season—per lb—
9 cents

FRESH VEGETABLES. FULL LINE.
Choice assortment at money-saving prices.

Mild Sugar-Cured Ham and Bacon—per lb—
13 cents

New York Full Cream Cheese—per lb—
15 cents

Canned Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, extra good stock at the money—
3 cans 25c.

Corn, Peas and Tomatoes, best goods packed—
2 cans 25c.

Success Brand Java and Mocha Coffee gives universal satisfaction—3-lb can—
85 cents

Pure Leaf Lard—per lb—
11c

SUNDRIES.

Sniders' Catsup, per bottle ---------- 20c
Aunt Jemima's Pancake Flour, 3 for ---------- 25c
Home Grown Carrots, per peck ---------- 15c
12 boxes Parlor Matches ---------- 5c
3 lbs bulk Starch ---------- 10c
3 lbs Sago ---------- 10c
3 lbs Tapioca ---------- 10c

RATHBUN'S,

29 East Superior St.

FORCED TO WALK

Street Railway System Temporarily Paralyzed This Morning.

Double Truck Car Jumped the Track at a Vital Point.

Blasting at Point of Rocks Causing Some Danger.

Hundreds of Duluth people walked to work this morning.

The West Duluth, East End, Lester Park and Woodland lines were partially tied up for over an hour on account of a double-truck car jumping the track on Piedmont avenue.

It was one of those accidents which seem to be unavoidable and for which no responsibility can be fixed, but it played havoc with traffic during the rush hour between 7 and 8 o'clock.

The report was current that three tons of rock had fallen on the tracks on Piedmont avenue, at the point where the city is cutting away fifteen feet of the Point of Rocks.

It was at this place the accident occurred, but it was a case of a double-trucker getting off the track rather than the rocks getting on.

From Michigan street to Superior street there is only a single track since the blasting began. The car picked about the only spot on the line where it could jump off and tie up traffic generally.

Its position made it almost impossible for the wreckers to handle it quickly, and before traffic was resumed there was a string of thirty West Duluth and East End cars west of the blockade and about as many east.

The West Duluthians going down town to their work walked about ten blocks and were transferred to the interstate line. East Enders walked in, though many of them caught stray Woodland or Lakeside cars.

Precautions are being taken to prevent recurrence of the trouble, but from now till April 1 the chances are that there will be considerable inconvenience on account of the blasting on Piedmont avenue.

Rocks weighing half a ton are hurled across the tracks at this point, but fortunately none have landed directly on the tracks so far. The worst of the blasting is yet to come.

Yesterday the workmen on this contract were given short notice to quit work by an angry woman. She went after them with a broom. The trouble was caused by a big rock, weighing several hundred pounds, rolling across the street and landing within a few feet of her candy store entrance.

Had it gone much farther it would probably have demolished the little frame building. This startled the woman considerably, and a moment later two big rocks went flying through her windows, and she decided to stop the blasting with a broom stick injunction.

The men refused to quit work, and the woman informed President Wilson of the board of public works that she would close up her candy shop and hold the city responsible for her loss of trade or any possible damage to her building.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

A Dance

Will be given by the West End Young Men's Dancing Club at Columbia hall on Saturday evening, Feb. 8th, and thereafter on every second and fourth Saturday of each month. All welcome. Tickets 50 cents per couple. Extra ladies free. Blewett's Orchestra.

REVIVAL MEETING.

Large Attendance at Second Presbyterian Church.

The attendance at the revival meeting at the Second Presbyterian church last night was larger than ever, and the interest is also on the increase.

Mr. Atkinson's forceful way of presenting the gospel has already won admiration, and his wonderful voice as a singer draws to the church lovers of music. The evangelist is a strong combination in himself. His singing of the song, "We Are Nearing the City," was very fine and the hearts of many were touched by it.

His address on "Sin" was quite striking, and as he dealt with the sins of omission as well as those of commission, he brought the whole audience in as guilty before God. The larger portion of the discourse dealt with the sin of the church member, and especially the church officer who refuses to work with God and His chosen leaders in the saving of souls. On this point the told some pointed stories which made his thought very clear to everyone.

Mr. Atkinson evidently believes that the church requires a larger view of her worth, and that her members require more of the Christ life before she can be much used as a reclaimer of lost humanity, and in closing a thrilling he urged every Christian to lay hold of his privilege to confess his sin of sloth and indifference and to unite for definite effort with him in trying to lead men to the Savior.

At the close of the service quite a few met him at the altar and pledged themselves for definite work. The meeting begins tonight at 7:30 p. m.

The Saturday Club.

The Saturday club will have "Lord Byron" as its subject for tomorrow's meeting. There will be a review of "Childe Harold" and "Vision of a Judgment."

"The Drama of Cain" will be read, with the parts taken as follows: Adam, Mrs. J. L. Washburn; Eve, Miss Goodale; Cain, Mrs. F. H. Barnard; Adah, Mrs. Harding; Villah, Mrs. H. J. Grannis; Abel, Mrs. W. D. Williams. There wil be a solo by Mr. Moe.

YERXA'S CELEBRATED

"Hoffman House"

Java Mocha Flavored

COFFEE

30c Per Pound.

In one-pound cartons. Same quality and same price as sold in Yerxa's Minneapolis, St. Paul and Fargo stores.

R. H. RATHBUN,
29 E. Superior St. Sole Agent for Duluth

Bon-Ton Bakery

and Candy Kitchen.

25 West Superior St.

Home Baking and Candy Making.

Delicious home-made Chocolates and Bon-Bons—per box ---------- 25c
Assorted Nongates per pound ---------- 25c
Assorted Buttercups, per pound ---------- 25c
Assorted Cream Caramels—per lb ---------- 25c
Assorted Cream Patties, any color or flavor made to order, a specialty—per lb ---------- 25c

We have a large assortment of Candies in fancy boxes.

BAKERY DEPARTMENT.

Cream Puffs—per doz ---------- 25c
Lady Locks—per doz ---------- 25c
Almont and Cocoanut Macaroons, dozen ---------- 10c

WE SERVE LIGHT LUNCHES

The Glee Club Concert.

The Minnesota Glee club, which gives an entertainment at the High School this evening, arrived in the city at 4:45 this afternoon. Members of the senior class and other high school students met them at the station and escorted them to their homes, where they will have dinner and prepare for the entertainment this evening.

The club has played with good success in St. Cloud and Brainerd. It presents an excellent program of college songs and light opera selections.

This evenings' entertainment is given under the auspices of the high school senior class, and the proceeds will aid in the publication of the Zenith and other class expenses. The entertainment begins at 8 o'clock.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

L. O. T. M.

ANNA STANG HIVE No. 61 will hold a special meeting tomorrow, Saturday, at 2 p. m. sharp, to arrange for the funeral of their late commander, Mrs. Anna Stang.
By order of the committee.

NOT YET ALARMED.

The Ice Man Still Preserves His Serenity.

The ice man tells you that there is plenty of time yet for his goods to show up in the field outside the canal. All the time, however, he is keeping a weather eye on the operations of that skin in the corner of the lake.

The ice harvest is a very uncertain matter. Fred L. Ryan recalls one incident in his career as the ice man that gives a fair example of this uncertainty.

One very cold winter, ice was making very fast. About two inches was being added every day to the thickness of the field. Mr. Ryan became alarmed lest it should get so thick that he couldn't handle it, and one evening was confiding his alarm to some friends in one of the hotel lobbies.

The next morning the ice man looked out over the lake to where his men and teams had been working the evening before. What he saw was a field of clear water as far as the eye could reach. An off-shore wind had risen during the night and blown all the rapidly thickening ice to the other end of the lake.

Report Filed.

In the matter of the United States Mortgage and Trust company against the Commercial Light and Power company, a report and affidavits have been filed with the clerk of the United States circuit court, by A. W. Hartman and R. R. Dunn, receivers. The report shows the cash receipts and disbursements from Oct. 1, 1901, to Dec. 31, 1901. There was a balance on hand Oct. 1 of $6616.62; cash receipts were $42,553.07, receiver's certificates amounted to $6000, making a total of $55,169.69. From Oct. 1 to December the disbursements were $47,398.29, leaving a balance Jan. 1 of $7771.40.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Fuerst Bismarck, Alexandra and Naples; Patricia, from Hamburg.

Queenstown — Arrived: Rhineland, Philadelphia for Liverpool.

Hamburg — Arrived: Pennsylvania, New York.

MAKES CHILDREN BRAINY.

Proof About Feeding.

It has been proved times without number that properly selected food will build up the brain. The testimony of a school teacher on this subject is good. The letter is long and only the important facts will be given.

"While I was teaching school in 1898, a little girl in the household where I lived was very fond of Grape-Nuts and would eat all she was allowed. I noticed that she was a remarkably bright pupil. There were five other children, all of one family, that were so marked in their work. They were really the brightest family I ever knew, so I questioned to find what they were using. They replied, 'Only Grape-Nuts.' I learned upon further inquiry that this was their chief diet for breakfast and discovered that ther luncheon consisted generally of Grape-Nuts with cream and a little fruit.

"I had suffered from dyspepsia, headaches and general debility greatly and, as I knew, my diet was not well selected, I took up Grape-Nuts Breakfast Food and carried it to school for luncheon. I soon discovered a change in my condition and found that Grape-Nuts afforded more nourishment than bread, meat, eggs or anything that I could take in my basket. After luncheon I would feel strong and bright for the afternoon's work while before I had frequently meen half ill.

"In the spring of 1900 I went to college, rented a room and boarded myself, subsisting largely on Grape-Nuts, and I cannot speak too highly of the food as a brain nourisher. At the end of a year's schooling I obtained a position in one of the ward schools in this, a college town, and am well and happy.

"The wife of the college principal tells me that there is no food that agrees with her as well as Grape-Nuts and that testimony was repeated by a lady friend in my own home." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

INCREASE THE KILNS

Cutler & Gilbert Will Enlarge Their Plant One-Half.

The Production Will Be Brought Up to 1200 Barrels Daily.

Will Be Ready For Operation Early In April.

Cutler & Gilbert are increasing the producing capacity of their lime kiln plant by 50 per cent. The enlargement is demanded by the continued and growing demand for building materials throughout the Northwest and the field covered by Cutler & Gilbert.

The firm now has six kilns at the foot of Ninth avenue west. The present plant produces 800 barrels of lime every twenty-four hours. Two new kilns are being added and they will bring the total capacity daily up to 1200 barrels a day.

The foundations for the two new kilns are being built by Hugo & Tims. The superstructures will be constructed as rapidly as practicable, and the new kilns will be in operation by the 10th of April.

During all the dull times in Duluth Cutler & Gilbert did a flourishing business in building materials. When building was least active in the city, it was especially active much of the time in the country to the west of Duluth. Other lime producers in this territory closed up shop and temporarily retired from business, but this firm has been an active factor in the trade ever since it began business.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

MAMMOTH CIGARS.

Tommy Walsh Brand Creates Much Surprise.

Tommy Walsh's mammoth cigars are the amazement of everybody that sees them. Tommy early became a devotee of the Panatella shape of cigars. But he used to get out of patience because they wouldn't last long enough. Tommy likes to light a cigar in the morning, keep smoking it all day, and only take it out of his teeth for meals. He has an inborn prejudice against lighting cigars or smoking a freshly-lighted one. He can't enjoy the weed unless it is liberally oiled up with nicotine.

So Tommy's fertile mind got active on the subject of averting all these things that he didn't like. The result was a cigar eight inches long, made of domestic tobacco in an enlarged panatella form. It doesn't last quite all day, but with a little coaxing one will ride him over between meals. The length of the cigar has made it a little inconvenient, because the cigar always arrives before Tommy does, and sometimes he doesn't want to give forewarning.

It is a little awkward in entering doors, if he happens to be a little thoughtless, because the cigar strikes the door and sprinkles flame and cinders in the face of the smoker, to his evident inappreciation. In fact, Tommy's captious friends find many ways in which his cigars are a nuisance, which they are not slow to acquaint the smoker with. But the philosopher from the rabbit district simply takes a tighter grip with his teeth, smiles and puffs contentedly.

TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS.

Thirty-Six Are Applicants, Eighteen For Each Grade.

Thirty-six of the county teachers are writing for certificates today at the teachers' examinations at the Jackson school. The subjects written on yesterday were those for first grade certificates, and there were eighteen applicants, leaving an even eighteen applicants that began today writing on second grade subjects. Among the names of those writing for first grade certificates and omitted from the list published yesterday was that of Miss Genevieve Burke, who is teaching in district No. 10.

Those writing for second grade certificates are as follows: Ida Shearer, French river; Axel W. Lindgren, West Duluth; Stella L. Berg, Duluth; Alvina Shallgren, Duluth; E. H. Hanson, Cassnosia; Louisa J. Fishan, Duluth; Anna Olund, Duluth; Dorothy M. Decker, Duluth; Georgia Wolf, Kelsey; George A. Kreager, Duluth; Anna Kent, West Duluth; Clara L. Johnson, West Duluth; Mabel De Yore, Glen Avon; Catherine B. McCurdy, Proctorknott; Agnes Dombrowski, Duluth; Esther L. Anderson, Duluth; Gertrude L. Carey, Lakeview; Grace A. Sharpe, Duluth.

Assets Are Larger.

A petition in voluntary bankruptcy has been filed in United States district court by Charles W. Wickmar and Breg L. Sayer, both of Eveleth, who are copartners and doing business under the firm name of the Range Grocery and Produce company. The schedule of liabilities and assets that were filed today differs from the usual schedule filed in that the total assets are given as nearly $2000 more than the total liabilities. In the schedule the liabilities of the firm are given as $2279.93, and assets as $4558.17. Of the assets $1036.47 is in unsecured claims, $1281.70 in debts on open account, $300 in bills and notes and $800 in personal property.

ANOTHER BRIEF.

One Filed With President In Sampson's Behalf.

Washington, Feb. 7.—E. S. Theall, representing Stayton & Campbell, counsel for Rear Admiral Sampson, called at the White House today and filed with the president a brief in the Schley case. The document is short and while it has not been made public it can be stated that it is devoted entirely to one subject—namely, a protest against the claim set up in Admiral Schley's appeal that he was in supreme command during the battle off Santiago. The paper will be considered by the president in connection with Schley's appeal and the navy department.

The principal point in the brief is the allegation that it was Sampson's custom when moving about among his fleet to hoist the signal "disregard movements of flagship," but that he invariably hoisted a special signal when going beyond signal distance of his fleet, directing the second in command to assume command. The brief says this signal had been brought on deck of the New York, but had not been hoisted when the New York returned to join in the battle.

Our Annual February Clearance Sale —OF— Suits and Overcoats

Starts Tomorrow.

Not an old garment in stock. Everything made up to our order for this season's trade by the world's best manufacturers, Hart, Schaffner & Marx.

All Ulsters at Exactly Half Price.

All $12.00, $13.50, $14.00, $15.00, $16.00 and $17.00 Suits ---------- $9.75
All $18.00, $20.00, $22.00, $24.00, $25.00 and $28.00 Suits ---------- $14.75
All $12.00, $13.50, $14.00, $15.00, $16.00 and $17.00 Overcoats ---------- $9.75
All $18.00, $20.00, $22.00, $24.00, $25.00 and $28.00 Overcoats ---------- $14.75

Cheaper Suits and Overcoats at the same Reductions in Prices.

Boys' Clothing arriving daily. The new department will be ready March 1st with the finest line of Boys' Clothing ever shown in the city.

Kenney, Anker & Denny,
409-411 W. Superior St., Duluth.

Prost!

You have our very good wishes, and we beg to remind you that nowhere can you procure better bottled beer than at the establishment the address of which is appended. We furnish "MOOSE BRAND BEER" as good a product as is made at $2.25 per case, delivered at your door, if desired. A postal is all that's necessary.

Duluth Brew'g & Malting Co.
Either 'Phone—241.



Music At the Curling Club, Tomorrow Night.

TICKETS 25c.

SUICIDE.

Wichita Grocer Found Dead In His Brother's Store.

Wichita, Kas., Feb. 7.—George Sutton, grocer, and a bachelor 46 years old, was found dead in his brother's store this morning. He had been shot and a revolver lay at his side. All indications point to suicide although no motive is known. He was to be married next Sunday and spent last evening with his fiancee. The police are not fully satisfied and suspect murder.

PROTECTION

For President and Others, Object of Anti-Anarchist Bill.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Chairman Ray of the house committee on judiciary today presented the report on the bill for protection of the president and the suppression of crime against the government. The report states that the committee has carefully considered the many anti-anarchist measures, and has sought to present a wise, conservative constitutional and effective measure. The purposes of the bill are summed up as follows:

Prevent resistance to and protect the president and vice president of the United States, and those by law in the line of succession to that high office.

Second—Protect the ministers and ambassadors of foreign government accredited to and within the United States.

Third—Prevent the open and deliberate approval of certain crimes, and also certain unlawful teachings, which, if permitted, are calculated and intended to breed lawlessness and crime against and culminate in the destruction of the government.

Fourth—Present the coming to or naturalization in this country of those who teach or entertain such pernicious doctrines.

Fifth—Prevent conspiracies in the United States to murder the rulers of other civilized nations.

Sixth—Providing adequate and uniform punishments for these offenses wherever committed. All the offenses against government and intended to impair or overthrow the government of the United States.

The report makes an elaborate presentation of the powers of congress to deal with the subject, the need of shutting out the lawless, who seek our shores, and the care the committee has exercised not to trench upon legitimate freedom of speech and of the press.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

EXCELLENT

Showing Made by Everett-Moore Telephone Companies.

Cleveland, Feb. 7.—The experts employed by the bankers' committee of the Everett-Moore syndicate to examine into the condition of the Federal Telephone company and its twenty-three subsidiary companies have made a partial report. All of the plants now in operation are said to be in the best possible physical condition, and with one or two exceptions the subsidiary companies are said to be earning from fair to excellent returns on investments. The net annual earnings of the combined properties, it is understood, aggregate nearly $400,000. The net earnings of the United States Telephone company (long distance), as indicated by the report, shows a net profit of about $155,000 for the past year. The complete report of the expert accountants will, it is expected, be finished within a few days, when the exact figures will be made public.

As a result of the favorable showing thus far indicated by the experts, members of the bankers of the bankers' committee, it is said, feel inclined to hold the properties intact, with possibly a few exceptions. It is admitted that the properties at Detroit, Dayton and other points where the plants have not been completely finished will probably be sold. It was stated today that rapid progress was being made in the effort on the part of the bankers' committee to finance the syndicate's telephone properties at Canton, Zanesville and Mansfield. Mr. Goff said that arrangements to complete the plants at the points named would doubtless be perfected within a few days.

COMPERS REITERATES.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Samuel Gompers was before the senate committee on immigration today and reiterated the statements heretofore made regarding Chinese immigration.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

BETRAYED BY NOTE

Which Was Found By His Baby on the Floor.

Prominent Clubman of Findlay, O., Involved In Divorce Suit.

Mrs. Sivalls Was Furnished Proof of Her Suspicions.

Findlay, Ohio, Feb. 7.—On highly sensational charges, Mrs. Susie L. Sivalls has applied for divorce from her husband, John T. Sivalls, a wealthy coal dealer, and one of Findlay's most prominent citizens. Mrs. Sivalls alleges cruelty and infidelity, and names Mrs. Mabel L. Burket, wife of Harley Burket, a grocer, and a society leader, as co-respondent. She asks for divorce, custody of her children and $5000 allmony.

Mr. and Mrs. Sivalls were married eighteen years ago at Marion, and have six children, the eldest, Miss Leora, being a beautiful girl of 17, and the youngest a babe in arms. Twelve years ago they came to this city and at once occupied prominent places in social and business circles.

John Sivalls is counted as one of Findlay's wealthiest men, and is one of the biggest coal men in this section of Ohio. He is best known as a clubman, and has always, at all times and places, been known as a "good fellow." Neighbors, and, until recently good friends of the Sivallses, have been Mr. and Mrs. Harley Burket. A petite, vivacious and brilliant brunette Mrs. Burket soon attracted the susceptible Sivalls into what is said to have been a more than platonic affection. There were frequent theater parties and suppers between the two families.

The fascination of her pretty little friend for her husband soon became apparent to Mrs. Sivalls. Her pleasures ceased and she was left at home with the babies, while Burket found his company evidently oppressive to his vivacious little wife.

The climax that led to the filing of divorce papers came Sunday night. Sivalls had gone ostensibly to his club and Mrs. Burket to church. Mrs. Sivalls was left at home with her children. Suddenly one of the toddlers came to her with a crumpled bit of paper that he had picked up on the floor. In the handwriting of her friend the wife read: "Tonight, at Shultz's." Realizing the situation she left her children with servants and, rushing into Burket's house, placed the evidence of his wife's actions in his hands.

The man and woman went at once to the wine rooms indicated on the scrap of paper and took up a lonely vigil on the opposite side of the street. They were soon rewarded by seeing a cab rattle up to the rooms and the pair they were hunting alight and disappear inside the brilliant portal. Burket flew to the police station and with the chief of police rushed into the wine rooms, and beside a bottle of champagne found his wife on Sivalls lap with her arms entwined around his neck. They were taken to the station, but later released, no charges being preferred. Mrs. Sivalls' petition for divorce, however, followed, and it is intimated that Burket will bring similar action against his wife.

Both allege they have undeniable proof of other meetings of the pair in various places. In her petition Mrs. Sivalls alleges that for the past year her husband has spent upward of $1000 for jewelry and silk gowns for his neighbor's wife. She says that once when she accused him of infidelity he flew into a passion and knocked her down.

"I was troubled for seven years with my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind. "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

HER MOUTH

Was Filled With Pins and Nails For Three Years.

Bangor, Me., Feb. 7.—A young woman who for three years kept her mouth full of pins and nails, and yet never missed a meal, is the wonder of the people of Veazie, a little village four miles from Bangor.

Clarissa Turner, the victim of this strange habit, is the daughter of James Turner, of Veazie. When she was a child she caught cold by going berrying barefoot, and this resulted in a severe attack of the chickenpox, which left her wholly deaf and partially blind.

One day a traveling quack doctor came along who declared that he could cure the girl, and for $10 he gave two bottles of medicine—one to be taken internally for the blindness, the other to be applied externally for the deafness. The result of the child's use of these medicines was that she soon became insane, being at times very violent. For twelve years she has not left the house, and her conditon is pitiful in the extreme.

While as a child she was very gentle, she now sometimes savagely attacks her mother. Formerly she was very studious, but now she never looks at a book, even in her lucid intervals.

The Turners declare that they have been aware for three years that their daughter had a habit of carrying fragments of glass in her mouth, and on several occasions she had been observed to add a pin or a small nail, but until about a month ago they had no idea that she was carrying a whole handful of rusted pins and nails between her tongue and cheek.

Clarissa, being easily excited, was allowed to keep the fragments of glass in her mouth, until one day in December Mrs. Turner observed that her cheek was greatly swollen. Then as the young woman appeared to be in a docile mood, the mother coaxed her to disgorge the strange mouthful. Here is what came out of Clarissa's mouth:

One hundred and ten common pins, two clap-board nails, two shingle nails, three pieces of glass and a large brass safety pin.

The small pins were black and corroded, and the nails were rusted, while the safety pin had left its impression as perfect as a die in the flesh on the inside of the cheek.

"And did she never take these things out of her mouth?" was asked of the girl's father.

"Never," said he.

A TEST EXPERIMENT.

Peculiar Power Possessed By a New Medicine.

Of new discoveries there is no end, but one of the most recent, most remarkable and one which will prove invaluable to thousands of people, is a discovery which it is believed will take the place of all other remedies for the cure of those common and obstinate diseases, dyspepsia and stomach troubles. This discovery is not a loudly advertised, secret patent medicine, but is a scientific combination of wholesome, perfectly harmless vegetable essences, fruit salts, pure pepsin and bismuth.



These remedies are combined in lozenge form, pleasant to take, and will preserve their good qualities indefinitely, whereas all liquid medicines rapidly lose whatever good qualities they may have had as soon as uncorked and exposed to the air.

This preparation is called Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets and it is claimed that one of these tablets or lozenges will digest from 3000 to 3000 times its own weight of meat, eggs and other wholesome food. And this claim has been proven by actual experiments in the following manner: A hard boiled egg cut into small pieces was placed in a bottle containing warm water heated to ninety-eight degrees (or blood heat), one of these Tablets was then placed in the bottle and the proper temperature maintained for three hours and a half, at the end of which time the egg was as completely digested as it would have been in a healthy stomach. This experiment was undertaken to demonstrate that what it would do in the bottle it would also do in the stomach, hence, its unquestionable value in the cure of dyspepsia and weak digestion. Very few people are free from some form of indigestion but scarcely two will have the same symptoms. Some will suffer most from distress after eating, bloating from gas in the stomach and bowels, others have acid dyspepsia or heartburn, others palpitation or headaches, sleeplessness, pains in chest and under shoulder blades, extreme nervousness as in nervous dyspepsia, but they all have the same cause, failure to properly digest what is eaten. The stomach must have rest and assistance, and Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets give it both, by digesting the food for it and in a short time it is restored by its normal action and vigor. At same time the Tablets are so harmless that a child can take them with benefit. This new preparation has already made many astonishing cures, as for instance, the following:

After using only one package of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets I have received such great and unexpected benefit that I wish to express my sincere gratitude. In fact it has been six months since I took the package and I have not had one particle of distress or difficulty since. And all this is in the face of the fact that the best doctors I consulted told me my case was Chronic Dyspepsia and absolutely incurable as I had suffered twenty-five years. I distributed a half dozen packages among my friends here who are very anxious to try this remedy.

MRS. SARAH A. SKEELS.
Lynnville, Jaspar Co., Mo.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents for full sized packages. A little book on Stomach Diseases mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart & Co., Marshall, Mich.

NO GAMBLING.

All Houses Closed at San Juan, P. R.

San Juan, P. R., Feb. 6.—The police last night, closed all the gambling houses in this city. With few exceptions they were Americans. In spite of the anti-gambling laws these places had been running openly. The new anti-gambling bill, introduced in the house probably caused the activity of the police.

"YOUNG GRIFFO" INSANE.

The Prize Fighter Ordered to an Asylum.

Chicago, Feb. 6.—"Young Griffo," the pugilist, was adjudged insane and ordered sent to an asylumn. The prize fighter some monthe ago was an inmate of an asylum, but he was given his freedom when it was thought he was cured. During the recent cold snap "Griffo's" feet and hands were frozen and although it was not found necessary to amputate them, the pain is said to have done much to unsettle his mind.

KICKED THE EDITOR.

Ottumwa, Iowa, Feb. 6.—Hon. T. J. Phillips, late Democratic nominee for governor, entered a plea of guilty in the charge of kicking Editor Moore, because of an article published in the Ottumwa Herald reflecting on him. He was fined $25.

NEGRO LYNCHED.

Nicolasville, Ky., Feb. 6.—Tom Brown, the negro accused of assaulting Miss Della Powell yesterday, was taken away from the sheriff and his deputies today, and lynched in the court house yard. Miss Powell was able today to clearly identify the negro when he was brought out to her brother's home, and then her brother led the mob that lynched the negro in the court house yard, before the officers could get him back into the jail.

HOUSE WRECKED.

Lafayette, Ind., Feb. 6.—Shortly after 2 o'clock this morning, a natural gas explosion wrecked the home of John Dorsen. Dorsen was thrown through a door out into the yard and instantly killed. His wife was dangerously injured.

SECOND COOK MISSING.

Waterbury, Conn., Feb. 6.—Search is being made in the ruins of the Scovil house for the body of William Hahn, second cook in the hotel, who has not been seen since the house was burned Monday morning.

CONSUL IS SICK.

Washington, Feb. 6.—United States Minister Bowen has notified the state department that United States Consul Goldsmith at La Guayra, has fallen ill and is unable to perform the duties of his office.

A NEGRO LYNCHED.

Nashville, Feb. 6.—Buless Whittaker, colored, charged with murder of John Doster, three weeks ago, was taken from jail at Lynchburg last night and hanged by a mob.

RECOMMEND REDUCTION.

New York, Feb. 6.—The chamber of commerce at its monthly meeting today adopted a memorial to congress recommending a reduction of tariff duties upon Cuban sugar and tobacco to be followed by reciprocal arrangements with the island upon the establishment of an independent Cuban government.

SCHOOL HOUSE BURNED.

Dayton, Ohio, Feb. 26.—Fire at the Sixteenth district school today resulted in the destruction of the building. All of the pupils escaped miraculously. The fire started from the furnace. Loss, $50,000.

The Van Guard,

407 WEST SUPERIOR STREET 407

FIRE, SMOKE AND WATER SALE!

SPECIAL NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC:

Our stock of Merchandise, consisting of a large stock of CLOTHING and FANCY FURNISHING GOODS, also a full line of HATS and CAPS, and over five thousand pairs of BOOTS and SHOES, we shall now make a clean sweep of the entire stock. We have settled with the insurance companies by appraisement. The appraisers allowed us 90 per cent on one-third of the stock and 33 on the balance. We shall give you the benefit of the appraising. We don't want any stock in our store that has been in smoke or water. Bring this bill with you. You will find the goods marked in plain figures on tables, in baskets and on shelves, each and every article as advertised in this advertisement.

Clothing Department.

Bargain No. 1.
One lot of Pants, Clay Worsted, Cheviots and Kennedy Gray..... **48c**

Lot No. 2.
Pants well worth $3, $4 and $5, slightly damaged, light and black..... **74c**

Lot No. 3.
Pants—You can match any suit—fine goods, our price..... **99c**

Lot No. 4—Snap—GRAB..... **$1.24**

Lot No. 5.
When you see this, you will feel happy—$5 to $9 goods..... **$1.99**

Men's Suits.

Our suits all in first class condition. 200 Suits, all sizes, well made, regular price $10; smoky price..... **$2.74**

We have in the house a thousand Suits, well made, all sizes, all colors and quantities, Worsted Hockanams, Cheviots, Cashmere and Meltons. We *close them* out at 33 1-3c on the dollar.

Men's finest of fine Suits, made expressly for our trade, that we have sold heretofore for from $15 to $25 each, to close them out quick, your choice..... **$8.75**

Overcoats.

We will surprise Duluth on our Overcoat Values, for never before have such low prices been quoted. Choice of 100 Overcoats, originally worth from $8 to $12 each—slightly damaged by smoke and water..... **$1.99**

200 of Men's latest styles Oxford Grey Overcoats with or without yokes, that have never been retailed for less than $15, now..... **$5.74**

No economically inclined person can afford to miss this sale.

Overcoats, the best in the house, Imported Meltons, Kerseys, Beavers and Wyeonings 33 1-3c on the dollar.

Ulsters.

A large stock of the latest styles 15c on the dollar. Now keep warm.

Lumbermen's Supplies.

Our stock of Lumbermen's Supplies, consisting of Mackinaws, Duck Coats, Reefers, Fur-lined Coats, and also an assortment of Lumbermen's Rubbers of all descriptions will be closed out at Slaughter prices.

Our Shoe Department.

Don't let the low prices quoted here prompt you to question the qualities, because out shoes have not been damaged in the least, they are all loose on tables and shelves, no boxes—marked in plain figures, **49c to $2.99**

Our Hat Department.

A complete assortment, consisting of all the latest and most fashionable styles, in all shades, shapes and colors for Spring. Table bargains, 89c for hats worth up to $3.00. Balance of Hat Stock 33 1-3c on the dollar.

Underwear.

Table No. 1.
Fancy Underwear, mixed, damaged by water and smoke, garments worth 50c to $1.00—our price..... **9½c**

You will find on Second table Wool Garments, worth $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00, for..... **19c**

One lot Underwear, damaged by smoke only—beautiful goods, for—a garment..... **38c**

One lot of Morris Woolen, best reputation pure wool underwear, not damaged, at .. **49c**

We will close all our genuine Switz Conde Underwear, at a garment..... **64c**

Wright's Health Underwear, your choice—per garment..... **74c**

Our genuine Australian Lamb's wool Underwear, good value at $3, a garment..... **99c**

Our best and finest Cashmere and Fancy Underwear, per garment..... **$1.24**

Suspenders.

25 dozen, well worth 50c to 75c per pair, while they last..... **8½c**

Sweaters.

25 dozen Sweaters, well worth $1.25—now..... **38c**

Laundered Shirts.

Laundered Shirts—a little smoky..... **14½c**

We will close all our Laundered Fancy Bosom latest styles, all sizes at— ***33 1-3c on the Dollar***

Neckties.

Our stock of Neckties are not damaged. You can't get away from them, they are so cheap.

Sox.

100 dozen fine Hosiery, placed in baskets at—per pair..... **3c**

Next Best.
Heavy Wool, worth 35c—per pair..... **9c**

Men's Overshirts.

We carry a complete line of Men's Overshirts, best made, 50c to $5.00 a garment. We will close them at ***25c on the Dollar***

Overshirts, one basket full, all wet, mixture, sale price..... **18½c**

Mittens.

Don't freeze your hands when you can buy Mittens from us for..... **8½c**

Undressed Kid Gloves and Mittens—$1.50 value—sale price..... **38c**

GET YOUR MONEY READY TOMORROW

Doors Will Be Opened Tomorrow Morning, Feb. 8, at 9 o'Clock

REMEMBER THIS SALE —A small amount of money will give you a large amount of first class merchandise. The stock must go.

The VANGUARD CLOTHING CO.,

Mesaba Block 407 West Superior St. Duluth, Minn.

DECLINE IN WHEAT

Market Starts Out Slightly Higher But Soon Declines.

Higher Cables Only Bullish Influence---Coarse Grains Week.

Flax Dull and Stronger Early But Declines Later.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 7.—The wheat market started out with a small degree of strength this morning, but soon declined under a moderate amount of selling. It steadied for a time and then again turned weak. The opening strength was due to the improvement in cables, but the weather in the West was reported favorable for the growing crops and this had a bearish effect. The Argentine shipments were 888,000 bus, against 1,296,000 bus last year. Liverpool market closed at an advance of ½d.

Primary receipts of wheat were 350,000 bus, last year 468,000 bus. Shipments 185,000 bus, last year 166,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 344,000 bus. Bradstreet reported exports of wheat and flour equalling 4,850,000 bus, for this week, as compared with 3,720,000 bus last week and 4,998,000 bus last year.

Corn and oats were very weak today in Chicago. Corn declined 1½c and oats ⅞@1c. Primary receipts of corn were 145,000 bus, last year 358,000 bus. Shipments 221,000 bus, last year 349,000 bus. Clearances were 140,000 bus.

Stocks of wheat at Duluth are estimated to increase 450,000 bus this week.

Trading on the Duluth board was very quiet. The market opened unchanged at 76½c, sold at 76⅝c at 9:31 and then sold down to 76¼c at 10:45. After that there was scarcely a trade and the close was at 76c, a decline of ½c. Chicago and Minneapolis declined the same.

Cash sales were 50,000 bus and prices unchanged but 1c under May for No. 1 northern, 3c under for No. 2 and 7c under for No. 3.

Flax was very quiet. The market opened ⅛c up at $1.75 and held steady at that price for some time, then slumping to $1.74¾ and finally closing at $1.74, a decline of ½c. Cash and to arrive declined ½c.

Corn and rye each declined ¼c and oats ⅝c. Oats fell off 5c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 71c; No. 3 spring, 69c. To arrive—No. 1 hard, 76½c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; May, 76c; July, 77c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, cash, 72c; May, 74½c; No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 39⅝c. Rye, 50½c. Barley, 49@58c. Corn, 61½c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and February, $1.71; May, $1.74.

Cars inspected—Wheat, 53; last year, 11; barley, 1; flax, 14.

Receipts—Wheat, 50,232; oats, 1928; barley, 4554; flax, 34,573. Shipments, none.

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WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
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Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars	$ 0.73⅜
No. 1 northern, 7000 bus	73¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	73⅝
No. 1 northern, 1500 bus	74
No. 1 northern, 3000 bus	73½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71½
No. 2 northern, 1000 bus	71⅛
No grade, 1 car	67⅝
No grade, 2 cars	69¼
No grade, 2 cars	68¾
Oats, 1 car No. 3	42
Barley, 1 car	55
Flax, 1 car cash	1.73½
Flax, 1000 bus	1.73
Flax, 5 cars rejected	1.69½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Wheat and Corn Both Open a Shade Higher.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—May wheat today opened a shade to ⅛c higher at 73¼c to 73⅛@73⅜c under the mild encouragement of the reciprocal attitude of Liverpool to the firmness here yesterday. The weather West, however, was reported "not unfavorable" and the professionals who alone inhabited the pit sold in a small way, sending May early to 73⅛c. Local receipts were 14 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 261 cars, making a total for the three points of 275 cars, against 260 last week and 384 a year ago. Argentine shipments were 888,000 bus, compared with 1,296,000 bus the corresponding week a year ago.

Shortly after the first hour wheat began to sag rapidly under the influence of corn selling and May sold down to 72⅝c, closed weak 1¼c lower, at 72⅝@73¼c.

Rain in Argentine and the consequent improved prospects of the crop in that country was influential in the corn market. May opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 38⅝@62¼c on higher cables, but dropped to 62¼c. Business was professional in character, and there was not much of it early. Receipts were 82 cars.

Selling in corn attributed both to St. Louis and local professional longs made the sentiment in corn decidedly bearish. May declined steadily as the session advanced and closed weak 1¼c lower, at 62¼c.

May oats opened ¼@¾c lower at 44⅝c and on selling by scalpers dropped to 44⅜c. Selling was in sympathy with other grains and the absence of buying orders. Receipts were 50 cars.

Provisions were dull and prices lower on heavy hog receipts. May pork opened 5@10c lower at $15.92½ to $15.97½; May lard 5c down at $9.50, and May ribs 5@7½c depressed at $8.50@8.52½. These prices did not change materially during the first hour.

Close: Wheat—February, 74¾c; May, 73⅝@73¾c; July, 77⅝c. Corn—February, 59¼c; May, 62¼c; July, 62¼c; September, 61¾c. Oats—February 42¼c; May, 43⅝c; July, 37¾c; September, 32½c. Pork—February, $15.65; May, $15.90; July, $15.97½. Lard—February, $9.35; May, $9.47½. Ribs—February, $8.40; May, $8.52½; July, $8.62½; September, $8.82½. Rye—February, 56c; May, 60@60¼c; July, 60c. Flax—Cash, Northwestern, $1.72½; Southwestern, $1.69½; May, $1.75. Barley—Cash, 56@58c. Timothy—March, $3.60. Clover—March, $9.35@9.40. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 84@86c; No. 3 red, 80@84c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@78c; No. 3 hard winter, 75@78c; No. 1 northern, 76@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 75@78c; No. 3 spring, 71@75c. Corn, 59¾c. Oats—No. 2, 44⅞@45¼c; No. 3, 44½@44¾c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The Exporter says: "While bids are still out of line, foreigners are less indifferent and shop probable disposition to buy. Large shipments from the Argentine do not appear to alter this disposition. If our market remains steady, there will be export business within ten days. If we advance sharply we doubt if foreigners will follow and should we decline much, think they would again hold off."

Modern Miller: The winter wheat crop is doing well, being favored by plentiful moisture throughout the entire breadth of the country, including California, where rains have been quite general. Snow covers the greater portion of the surplus wheat states, east of the Rocky mountains. There are no indications of an increase before spring.

Broomhall cables: Present visible supply of wheat in the chief ports of Argentine: Today, 1,504,000 bus week ago, 1,696,000; year ago, 2,944,000 bus. Corn: Today, 354,000 bus; last week, 518,000; last year, 512,000. The tone of the Argentine wheat market has improved during the past week, now being firm with a fair demand for export. Arrivals from the interior, however, are liberal, while the quality continues to be satisfactory. The corn market is also firm, owing to a fair export demand. Arrivals from interior points are nil. The drought, which still continues, is having a disastrous effect upon the corn crop.

A. H. Farnum's Chicago morning gossip: Wheat—Liverpool cables up about the same as our market was. We can't expect them to lead us, as they have advanced in the past three weeks 3 or 4 cents more than Chicago prices have. London quotes wheat on passage depressed. Our market here shows no sign of any decline. Men who take the most bearish and predict the lowest prices seem to be very glad to buy May when they can, under 78c.

Corn—Liverpool cables are ¼d higher. Weather continues severe. Believers in high prices are encouraged by this fact, as it materially increases consumption. I don't look for any advance today.

Oats—There is so little quotation in oats just now that the market has little dependence; it goes up and down with corn. Later there is apt to be some activity in the oats market due to the speculative situation.

Rycroft, of Chicago: We have 8000 bu Chicago hard winter wheat in store in Hamburg. Cabled our agent two days ago to sell at best and he has not been able to sell it yet. This shows the demand.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76½B	74⅜	73¼-⅜	84⅛
High	76⅝	74⅞	75⅜	84¾-⅞
Low	76B	74⅝	73⅝-¾	83⅝-¾
Close	76B	74¾-⅞	77⅝-¾	83⅜B
July—				
Open	77½B	75⅞B	78¼-⅝	84B
High	77½-⅝B	75⅞	78¼-⅝	84½
Low	76⅞B	76⅜-½	77⅛	83⅜
Close	77	75⅝-½	77⅞-78	83⅛B

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	44-⅛	63⅜@63½	$15.92@15.97
High	44⅜	63¾	15.97
Low	43¾	62½	15.90
Close	43½	62½	15.90

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 7.—Wheat, spot steady. No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 2d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 3½d; No. 1 California, 6s 3½d. Futures quiet. March, 6s 3⅝d. Corn, spot, quiet. American mixed new, 5s 4d; American mixed old, 5s 5½d. Futures quiet. February, 5s 3⅜d; March, 5s 3½d; May, 5s 5¾d.

Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 164,000 centals, including 144,000 American. Receipts of American corn during the past three days, 26,700 centals.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—

Puts, May wheat, 74-⅛c to 74c bid.

Calls, May wheat, 74½c bid to 74⅝-½c asked.

Curb, May wheat, 74⅛c bid to 74¼-⅜c bid.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 7.—Close: Wheat, cash, 73¾c; May, 74¼@74⅝c; July, 75⅝@75¾c. On track, No. 1 hard 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾@74c; No. 2 northern, 72¾@73c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 7.—Close: May wheat, 83¾c; July, 83¼c. Corn, May, 67c; July, 66¾c.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Wheat, after opening firmer, owing to higher cables from Liverpool, which was simply a reflection of our close of last night, later in the day, became weak on selling by long and lack of absence of export demand and in sympathy with the break in corn. The market closed heavy, ½c lower than last night. Liverpool reported the market as steady, ¼d higher for the day. Continental markets were irregular, some higher and some lower. Cash demand was very quiet here and the seaboard reported nothing taken there for export. Minneapolis reported flour demand dull and they predict larger receipts of wheat there in the next few days. Rains were reported in California where needed. There has been more or less talk about the mills in the Northwest grinding Manitoba wheat in bond. If they do, it will be a decidedly bearish feature as the flour would have to be exported to Europe and all our own goods would be left on the shelf. Trade was light all day, and mostly that of a local professional character, there is no outside speculation in the market, and the absence of demand is very discouraging, and until this improves, prices are likely to work to a lower basis. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 10 cars.

The corn market after opening steady, later became weak and broke 1¾c per bus on selling by local bears and later by leading bulls who became discouraged owing to the absence of outside speculation and the very poor cash demand. Country offerings continue light and estimated receipts for tomorrow were only 45 cars. The poor cash demand both here and in the Southwest is the discouraging feature. Foreign market were generally steady. Liverpool closed ¼d higher for the day. Our Rosario friends cabled the drouth in the north has done much damage but prospects in the South are somewhat better.

There was a fairly large trade in oats today and the market ruled easier in sympathy with corn. Country offerings were light, cash demand rather quiet. There was no special feature to the market beyond more or less selling by local bears. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 65 cars.

Provisions opened weak on 15,000 more hogs than expected and 10c and 15c lower at the yards. There was general surprise shown at the very small offerings and only until grain weakened was there any pressure. There is a great deal whispered and mysterious talk about the market being heavily bought by leaders, but as far as we can see it is nothing but an effort by leaders to bring the product nearer into line to sell against their manufactured product. Outsiders have a large amount of pork long and we think the outsider has more lard long than for years. Ribs held the best, but if we get another rush of hogs we don't think anything can prevent a material break and especially if grain weakens. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 32,000 hogs.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report the market steady in demand and prices. The common grade of farm horses were seemingly in the leading demand. North Dakota dealers were numerous on the market and bought actively. The local trade is somewhat slow as far as the speculative account goes. Consumers from that quarter, however, are more active. Values:

Drafters, extra	$155@200
Drafters, choice	150@150
Drafters, common to good	115@130
Farm mares, extra	125@150
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Cattle, receipts, 3500, including 200 Texans. Steady. Prime steers, $6.50@7.20; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.50@6.25; canners, $1.50@2.50; bulls, $1.50@2.50; calves, $2.00@6.50; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.50. Hogs, receipts, 25,000; left over 4898, 10c to 15c lower. Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.45; rough heavy, $6.00@6.20; light, $5.95@6.00; bulk of sales, $6.10@6.25. Sheep, receipts, 8000. Sheep and lambs strong. Good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.30; fair to choice mixed, $3.80@4.60; Western sheep, $4.25@6.65; native lambs, $5.00@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.45. Yesterday, receipts—Cattle, 10,056; hogs, 29,366; sheep, 14,784. Shipments—Cattle, 4638; hogs, 7425; sheep, 1475.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 7.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 16@27c; dairies, 16@23c. Cheese, steady. Cheddars, 9¾@10¾c; twins, 10?@10¾c; young americas, 11@12c. Eggs, firm. At mark, cases included, 23c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 7.—Butter—Receipts, 2831 packages; strong; state dairy, 15@25c; state creamery, 20@28c; June creamery, 16@23c; renovated, 15@21c; factory, 14@18c. Cheese—Receipts, 1,000 boxes; firm; state full cream, fancy small colored, 11½@11¾c; do early made, fancy white, 11¼@11½c; large early made colored, 10¾c; do white, 10¾c. Eggs—Receipts, 3,000 packages; firm state and Pennsylvania, 28@29c; Western at mark, 28c; Southern at mark, 27½c.

RETIRED.

Long Notifies Sampson and Brings Up Old Letter.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Secretary Long today issued the following order regarding the retirement of Rear Admiral Sampson:

Navy Department, Washington, Feb. 7, 1902.—Sir: In notifying you of your retirement, the department recognizing your services and deeply sympathizing with you in your impaired health, quoted with pleasure the following letter of the late President McKinley:

"Executive Mansion, Washington, March 13, 1899.—My Dear Sir: I am in receipt of your very considerate letter of March 9, in which you express a desire that, without reference to your own interests, the other naval officers who rendered such conspicuous service in the naval campaign in the West Indies, have the advancement which you recommend for them, and in which you ask nothing for yourself. I highly commend this disinterested action on your part. Let me assure you that I have the highest appreciation of your service as commander-in-chief of the Atlantic naval forces during the Spanish war, in blockading Cuba, co-operating with the army, directing the movements of the great number of vessels under your orders and at last, after the most effective preparation, consummating with the gallant officers and men under your command, the destruction of the Spanish fleet. It was in recognition of your services and your great skill that I recommended you to the senate for the advancement you had earned. Very truly yours,

"WILLIAM McKINLEY."

Very respectfully,

JOHN D. LONG,
Secretary.

Rear Admiral W. T. Sampson, 1613 New Hampshire Avenue, Washington, D. C.

BLIND PIGS.

Pelican Rapids People Succeed In Exterminating Several.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—A Fergus Falls, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: John Kling, Herman Grunwold, John Nelson, J. Vaala, A. Halvorsen, G. Iverson and Barney Nohe, were convicted of running blind pigs at Pelican Rapids and sentenced to pay fines ranging from $25 to $50 and costs each. Five will pay and two go to jail here. The round-up was the result of work of detectives employed by the local enforcement league.

MINNESOTA LANDS.

Nelson's Bill to Provide For Their Survey.

Washington, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Nelson today laid before the senate an amendment he proposes to urge when the sundry civil bill comes up for discussion which provides an appropriation of $50,000 to enable the secretary of the interior to proceed with the work of making a survey of the public lands in Minnesota. It is provided in Senator Nelson's proposed amendment that no settlement made after actual survey in the field shall operate to deprive the state of Minnesota of any lands to which it would be entitled under grants from the United States.

MRS. DAVIS TO VISIT.

Jackson, Miss., Feb. 7.—It is officially announced that Mrs. Jeff Davis will come to Jackson to greet the last legislature that will assemble in the historic capitol. It is understood "Beuvoir," her old home in the gulf coast will be purchased by the state and converted into a home for indigent Confederates.

FOUR PERISHED.

Cumberland, Md., Feb. 7.—At an early hour this morning the residence of William Robertson, near Paw Paw, W. Va., was entirely destroyed by fire. Four members of the family who were in bed asleep perished in the flames.

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Dealer in **A. J. CUMMINGS, Grain, Stocks and Provisions.**
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
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LAND SCRIP!
Can now supply Forest Reserve and Soldiers' Additionals.
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ADVANCE IN STOCKS

Trading on Larger Scale Than For Some Time Past.

Higher Prices the Feature, Although Realizing Was Prominent.

Amalgamated Was the Exception, Being Weak All Day.

New York, Feb. 7.—Uniform gains of a small fraction were well distributed all through the active list in the opening dealings. Only a few stocks showed any signs of depression, among which were Amalgamated Copper, Southern Pacific and Metropolitan. Illinois Central was lifted 1¼ on running sales and New York, Chicago & St. Louis rose a point.

There was an immediate resumption of the advance of special stocks as on yesterday, with the Vanderbilts showing the greatest strength. Cleveland, C., C. & St. L. was dealt in ex-dividend of 2 per cent and sold at 105¾, making it rise 3 points. St. Paul & Omaha rose 4, Illinois Central, New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred, Iowa Central and Third Avenue were 2@2½ higher and United States Express, American Express, Rocking Coal, Canada Southern, Denver & Rio Grande, St. Paul preferred, St. Joe & Grand Island, Iowa Central, Pacific Coast and Toledo, St. Louis & Western preferred 1@1¼. The strength of these stocks was utilized to cover profit taking sales in some of the leading railroads and specialties. Sugar declined to 127¾, but was lifted strongly to 130¾. There were heavy sales of Southern Pacific and Amalgamated Copper which lowered them a point and dragged the list down again. Some of the strong stocks sold off in sympathy, reactions of about a point occurring in Northwestern, United States Express, Rock Island, C., C. & St. L. and Sugar.

The pressure against the active stocks was increased, causing them to sag quite generally under yesterday's close. The rate in the less important stocks was also checked and there were some notable setbacks. The market became dull at the decline. Just before noon large buying orders were executed in Metropolitan and it bounded up 2¾ to 173¾ with some strengthening effect on other stocks. Brooklyn Transit rose 1¾ over last night. Prices sagged again when Amalgamated fell below 73 and Metropolitan reacted 1¾. Bonds were irregular.

The morning was dull and hesitating until a rise to 167 in St. Paul. The preferred rose 2¾ and reacted a point, and Rock Island recovered 1¾. The grangers and Pacifics rose to the best and the market generally hardened. Illinois Central gained 3¾ in all and Evansville & Terre Haute preferred, 2¾. On a previous reaction Lackawanna fell 4 under last C. C. C. & St. L., 2½ below the best. Large amounts of Amalgamated Copper came on the market and dropped 2½ under yesterday's close. The weakness had only a momentary influence on the general market, as supporting orders were placed in some of the Western Pacific and Southern stocks, rallying them to top prices. Atchison, Wabash preferred and Louisville were bought heavily at advances of about a point each. Des Moines & Fort Dodge also rose a point. Lackawanna fell 8 in all. The buying diminished and the market became quiet again.

The market became dull and irregular and there were declines of 1 to 1¼ in Third Avenue and Lake Erie second pfd., Lake Erie & Western com. and pfd., and New York Central and St. Louis. On the other hand, Lackawanna rallied 5 points, Smelting, 1¼, and Amalgamated, 1⅛, while Colorado Fuel gained 1, Hocking Valley pfd, 1⅝, General Electric, 2, Ford Dodge, 2, and St. Joe & Grand Island first pfd, 3¼. Manhattan broke 2 points in the final dealings on an unfavorable judicial decision. The closing was thereby unsettled and irregular.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	74⅜	72¼	72⅜
Anaconda M. Co	82⅞	79¾	79¾
Atchison, T. & S. F	78½	77⅛	78⅛
do pfd	98¾	97⅞	98⅛
Baltimore & Ohio	106	104¼	104⅝
do pfd	96½	96½	96½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅛	66	66⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	46⅞	46	46⅞
Chicago & Alton	34¼	33¾	34⅛
Col. F. & I	87	86	86⅝
Chi. Great Western, com	23¼	23	23¼
Erie, com	39⅜	39½	39⅝
do 1st pfd	69⅞	69¾	69⅝
do 2nd pfd	57	56¾	56¾
Louisville & Nashville	105⅝	104⅝	105½
Leather	11⅜	11½	11⅝
do pfd	81½	81¼	81⅝
Manhattan Con	138⅜	134½	134⅝
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M	44½	43⅞	43⅞
do pfd	107½	105½	105½
Missouri Pacific	103⅝	103¼	103⅝
New York Central	164⅛	163¾	163⅝
Norfolk & Western	57½	56¾	57⅛
Ontario & Western	33⅞	33⅞	33⅞
Pennsylvania	151	150	150⅛
People's Gas	101¾	101	101⅞
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅞	16⅜	16⅜
do pfd	69	69⅜	69
Reading	57½	56⅝	56⅞
do 1st pfd	82½	82¼	82¼
do 2nd pfd	64	63½	64
Rock Island	165¼	163¾	165
Southern Ry.	33⅜	32⅞	33¼
do pfd	95⅞	94⅝	95⅝
Southern Pacific	65⅝	64⅜	65
Smelter	47⅜	46¾	47⅛
do pfd	97⅝	97⅛	97⅞
Sugar	130¼	127¾	129
St. Paul	167¼	165⅜	166⅝
T. C. and I	64⅜	64	64
Texas Pacific	35½	35¼	35½
Union Pacific	103⅜	102⅝	103⅛
do pfd	90¾	89¾	89⅝
U. S. Steel	44⅛	43¾	43⅞
do pfd	94	93⅝	93⅞
Wabash	23⅝	23¼	23½
do pfd	44⅜	43¾	44⅛
Western Union	91⅝	91¼	91½
Wisconsin Central pfd	40¾	40⅜	40⅞

The total sales were 695,200 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Here is another stock that is slated for a big advance—Illinois Central. I learned Wednesday that there was a pool formed in it to put the price up 10 or 20 points. A 6 per cent granger selling below 140 cannot decline much in any case. The recent decision grants to the Illinois Central the most valuable terminal facilities in Chicago. I don't know of any stock on the list which seems nearer to being a sure thing.

The Atchison statement for six months ending Dec. 31, is almost a remarkable one. If not doctored the road has earned a net balance applicable to dividends of $8,700,600 in six months. After deducting 3½ per cent for the preferred, $5,850,000 which is at the rate of 11 per cent a year, is left for the common. Everybody who feels bearish jumps on Atchison, but there may be a rude awakening for the shorts some of these days. There is a consensus of opinion among those best qualified to know that railway earnings will certainly keep up to their present high standard and will probably continue to show increases. Certain large interests who for a long time advised their friends to keep out of the market are now predicting very much higher prices for many stocks this summer assuming average crops. Incidentally I have observed that these big fellows usually open their mouths and tell their friends to buy when the advance is about half over. In my judgment the trend is upward for the present and I continue to advice purchases of the central list on all recessions. Union Pacific is about due for a good advance.

* * *

New York to B. E. Baker: The Tribune says the trading in the stock market is increasing under the influence of larger outside demand and a better inquiry from important speculative and investment interests. The bond market has been a feature for the last few weeks and it now appears probable that the movement is about to extend to the stock department. At least the course of the market for the last couple of days suggests that money is ready to move into stocks. Business was better distributed than for many weeks.

* * *

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Some increase in commission business, moderate buying by investors and the noteworthy absence of liquidation are features of the market which sustain bullish sentiment and the feeling tonight is that while a reaction is in order it will be short lived and should therefore be taken advantage of to purchase good stocks. As is often the case in a bull movement, prices advance in the absence of stimulating news and even in the face of developments calculated to produce a setback, for example, the firmer feeling in money and the loss by the banks this week of over $4,000,000 to the treasury. As yet the monetary situation gives no concern to the manipulators and pools, who are talking confidently of higher prices for their favorite stocks. Among the latter are Missouri Pacific, Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and the Readings. In each instance the bull arguments relate to deals which will strengthen the properties but which may not get public announcements until the supreme court has disposed of the case of the Northern Securities company.

Judging from current reports from the iron trade and the comments of people close to the United States Steel corporation these stocks are likely to be taken in hand and moved up very soon. In fact indications point strongly to quiet accumulation both of the common and preferred shares, which, as compared with the great majority of stocks in the dividend list are considered low.

On the traction stocks, sentiment is bearish, the exception being Manhattan, which is being picked up on all reactions by the same interests which advanced it a while ago to 145 and which predict it will cross 150 again. The latter's new scheme in financing has been received so coldly that insiders are believed to be reducing their holdings of Metropolitan stock on all rallies.

Argument is made that Metropolitan is too high for the reason that under the plan of the managers dividends will be limited to 7 per cent. It is also pointed out that in the last fiscal year the surplus over dividends was nearly $35,000 which obviously will be turned into a very serious deficit, if the franchise tax law is sustained by the courts.

* * *

Town Topics—The market should open higher, but we look for some substantial shrinkage later on in anticipation of a rather unfavorable bank statement tomorrow, owing to the export of over $4,000,000 of gold during the week. Sentiment is bullish and the market will go higher later on and good stocks should be bought on any reaction. The short interest is nervous and has already covered pretty largely. Southern Pacific will go higher and we look for improvement later on in the Steel stocks and Union Pacific. Hold your Mexican Central, Atchison preferred and Rio Grande second preferred.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 7.—Absolutely no feature to local copper market today. When Amalgamated gets soft as it is today, the rest of the list becomes dull. When Amalgamated makes a new start the rest of the list will sympathize. For the time being, however, we should sell Amalgamated on all bulges.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22	22½
Allouez	3½	3¾
Anaconda	33	33½
Arcadian	5	5½
Amalgamated	72¾	73
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed	..	25
Atlantic	28	..
Baltic	39¾	40¼
Bingham	23½	24
Phoenix	4	4¼
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	620	635
Centennial	12½	13
Copper Range	58¾	60
Cochita	70c	75c
Dominion Coal	70	70¼
Elm River	2⅜	2½
Franklin	14½	15
Humboldt	..	50
Isle Royale	22¾	23
Mass	18	18¼
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	35	35¼
Mayflower	2½	3
Old Colony	3	3½
Old Dominion	22	23
Osceola	53¾	54½
Parrot	31½	32
Quincy	140	142½
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3⅝	3¾
Tamarack	255	260
Tecumseh	..	2
Tri-Mountain	13½	14
Utah	24¼	25
United States	17	17¼
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	51	52
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1½

COPPER GOSSIP.

Regarding copper, the New York News bureau says: "The upward trend has been checked and the strong buying movement has subsided lately. The market is subject to influences which are somewhat puzzling and may well baffle the wisest and shrewdest operators.

* * *

Dow, Jones & Co. to H. W. Laidley & Co.—The report again revived that the United Metal Smelting company has oversold is denied. Copper is strong but both buyers and sellers are wary.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 7.—Cotton opened steady with prices unchanged to 3 points higher and during the rest of the early session crept slowly upward on persistent bull support and nervous demand from the shorts. The early buying carried March to 8.28, May to 8.25 and July to 8.29. The new crop options also advanced and were fairly active.

Cotton spot closed steady; middling uplands, 8½; middling gulf, 8¾; sales, 385 bales. Cotton futures closed firm; February, 8.25; March, 8.30; April, 8.40; May, 8.29; June, 8.30; July, 8.30; August, 8.26; September, 7.96; October, 7.89.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 7.—Money on call steady at 2½@2¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange firm and recession with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅛@4⅜ for demand and $4.84⅝@4⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83⅜@4.84. Bar silver, 56¼c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds firm, state bonds strong, railroad bonds irregular.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 7.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $177,926,008; gold, $87,935,117; silver, $19,266,218; United States notes, $11,973,766; treasury notes of 1890, $120,615; national bank notes, $12,603,504; total receipts this day, $2,065,853; total receipts this month, $9,975,729; total receipts this year, $341,217,466; total expenditures this day, $1,950,000; total expenditures this month, $3,290,000; total expenditures this year, $289,923,174; deposits in national banks, $114,783,072.

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We will pay the above reward for any case of Live Complaint, Dyspepsia, Sick Headache, Indigestion, Constipation or Costiveness we cannot cure with Liverita, the Up-To-Date Little Liver Pill, when the directions are strictly complied with. They are purely Vegetable, and never fail to give satisfaction. 25c boxes contain 100 Pills, 10c boxes contain 40 Pills, 5c boxes contain 15 Pills. Beware of substitutions and imitations. Sent by mail. Stamps taken. NERVITA MEDICAL CO., Cor. Clinton and Jackson Sts., Chicago, Ill. Sold by
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LAST DAY!
Friday 10 p. m., Feb. 7
Get in your subscription. All stock advanced to 25 cents per share after this day and date.
Shares Now 10c Each.
Until closing day. Well down 900 feet. You will have to hurry.
$10.00 buys 100 shares
$25.00 buys 250 shares
$50.00 buys 500 shares
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Get all you can before advance.
Send all telegrams, communications and remittances immediately to
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144-146 Endicott Bldg., St. Paul, Minn
LAST DAY, FEB., 7

Articles of Incorporation OF Panton & White COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, whose names are hereto subscribed, do hereby associate ourselves together and agree to be and become a corporation under and by virtue of Title 2 of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of 1894 of the state of Minnesota, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end and for that purpose we, the undersigned, do hereby agree to, adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation, that is to say:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be Panton & White Company.

The general nature of the business of the corporation shall be the manufacturing, buying, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring, holding, owning, mortgaging, pledging, selling, exchanging, assigning, transferring, or otherwise disposing of, and dealing, investing and trading in, goods, wares and merchandise of every class and description and carrying on and conducting a general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

The corporation shall have power to buy, purchase, lease or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell and convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, demise, or otherwise dispose of, all such real estate as the board of directors of the corporation shall deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of conducting and carrying on its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

If deemed necessary or convenient by the board of directors of the corporation for the purpose of carrying on and conducting its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business, the corporation shall have power to buy, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock, bonds, debentures, negotiable paper or other evidences of indebtedness created or issued by any corporation or corporations, and while the holder of any such stock to exercise all the rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do.

Furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers conferred by the laws of the state of Minnesota, and of the objects and purposes as hereinbefore stated, it is hereby expressly provided that the corporation shall also have the following powers, that is to say:

To do any and all the things herein set forth as objects, purposes, pow

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one-sixth pure glycerin, is transparent and perfumed with the odor of natural flowers.

Will not injure the skin of a new-born babe.

Satisfactory and pleasing for the toilet.

It is the perfected product of scientific soap-making.

JAMES S. KIRK & COMPANY

SAN BLAS WATERWAY

A Resolution to Investigate the Mandingo Bay Route.

Believed That It Meets All Requirements For Canal.

Hansbrough Urges Bill For Reclamation of Arid Lands.

Washington, Feb. 6.—At the conclusion of routine business in the senate today a bill declaring the international railway bridge over the St. Lawrence river near Hogansburg, N. Y., a lawful structure, was passed.

Mr. Scott (R., W. Va.), called up and had read a resolution which he presented several days ago, providing for appointment of experts to examine what is known as the San Blas or Mandingo bay route for an isthmian waterway and to report to the senate the cost of constructing an inter-oceanic canal by that route. He disclaimed any intention to obstruct the construction of a canal or the passage of a canal bill, but he maintained the position of a route was still debatable. After thorough investigation he was convinced that the San Blas route met practically every requirement of the proposed waterway, but as the adoption of that route involves the driving of a tunnel through the granite of a mountain range sufficiently large to admit of the passage of any ship afloat, the route had been regarded as impracticable. Personally he was convinced that such a tunnel could be constructed at a reasonable cost.

Mr. Scott explained that the San Blas route connected the two oceans from the bay of Mandingo to the Gulf of San Blas on the Atlantic side to Pearl harbor in the Gulf of Panama on the Pacific side. Including the 5-mile tunnel the canal would be thirty miles long. He said that the harbors of the San Blas route had excited the enthusiasm of all engineers, who had investigated them. He believed the electrical power made it entirly practicable by this route to tow ships through the canal by electric trolley. At conclusion of Mr. Scott's speech, Mr. Morgan, chairman of the committee on interoceanic canals moved that the resolution offered by Mr. Scott, be referred to that committee.

Without objection it was referred to the committee on inter-oceanic canals.

Mr. Hansbrough (N. D.) addressed the senate on his bill appropriating the receipts from the sale of public lands in certain states and territories to the construction of irrigation works for the reclamation of arid lands. He claimed that the proposition was not a sectional one and said it would provide homes for many now homeless.

At the conclusion of Mr. Hansbrough's speech the irrigation bill was ordered to be the unfinished business when the Philippine tariff bill was taken up. Mr. Lodge suggested some minor verbal amendments to the bill.

The senate has passed a bill appropriating $2,500,000 for a postoffice building in New York city.

IN THE HOUSE.

Washington, Feb. 6.—The consideration of the omo bill was laid aside in the house today and the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill was taken up. An attempt to limit debate to two hours failed. Mr. Hemingway (Ind.), in charge of the measure, explained its provisions in general terms and pointed out the increases which it contained.

Under the latitude allowed in general debate, Mr. Talbert (S. C.) made a speech in opposition to the proposition emanating from the other side to cut down Southern representation because of disfranchisement of the franchise. At the conclusion of Mr. Talbert's remarks the bill was read for amendment under the 5-minute rule.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

THE TARIFF

In Philippines Is Discussed By Governor Taft.

Washington, Feb. 6.—Governor Taft appeared before the senate committee on the Philippines today with the intention of taking up the senate Philippine tariff bill and of devoting his attention to the revenue and tariff conditions of the Philippines, but before beginning with the subject he referred to a number of questions by Senator Carmack bearing upon subjects heretofore covered by the governor in his testimony before the committee.

Mr. Carmack quoted from the report of Gen. MacArthur of 1900 to the effect that there is substantial unity among the Filipino people in their opposition to the United States.

Replying, Governor Taft said that the commission had not originally accepted this conclusion, and that the commission's tour of the islands had convinced them that they were correct in their conclusion.

"That originally the people of the Philippine islands were much aroused, I do not doubt," he continued, "but the opposition does not continue in its general aspect. Since the second election of President McKinley the great majority of the people of the islands have been favorable to peace and to the acceptance of the sovereignty of the United States, and it would be impossible to continue the present system of guerrilla warfare without the system of terrorism, which now prevails That is my conclusion, and in so far as the statement differs from Gen. MacArthur's report to that extent I differ from him."

Governor Taft also said he differed from the report of Gen. Bell on the point of the general desire of natives to continue hostilities in Batangas. He did not believe the common people felt so inclined.

Taking up the question of the tariff, Governor Taft explained the system of tariff in the islands, saying that under the decision of the supreme court, no duties are being collected on articles going into the islands from the United States. The plan of the commission had been to have no internal system of taxation, for the support of the government of these islands. Under the present system there was a general poll tax, which netted about $7,000,000, while the receipts from customs were only about $5,000,000. Even children were taxed under that system. Under such a law there was tax on business enterprise, and that system had been continued to an extent by the commission. The commission had also decided to maintain the pole tax to the extent of $1 per head on adult males, but to apply it only to paying the governmental expenses of the towns and the provinces. The people of the islands had generally urged the imposition of the poll tax as necessary to get some of their numbers to work. Under the Spanish regime the plan had been used to enforce a sort of slavery.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, price 75c.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

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CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

STUDIES IN THE BOOK OF ACTS

THE SIN OF LYING

International Sunday School Lesson For February 9, 1902.

Acts 4:36—5:11. "And Joseph, who by the apostles was surnamed Barnabas (which is, being interpreted, son of exhortation), a Levite, a man of Cyprus by race, having a field, sold it, and brought the money and laid it at the apostles' feet.

But a certain man named Ananias, with Sapphira, his wife, sold a possession, and kept back part of the price, his wife also being privy to it, and brought a certain part, and laid it at the apostles' feet. But Peter said Ananias, why hath Satan filled thy heart to lie to the Holy Ghost, and to keep back part of the price of the land? While it remained, did it not remain thine own? and after it was sold, was it not in thy power? How is that thou hast conceived this thing in thy heart? Thou hast not lied unto men, but unto God. And Ananias hearing these words fell down and gave up the ghost: and great fear came upon all that heard it. And the young man arose and wrapped him round, and they carried him out and buried him.

And it was about the space of three hours after, when his wife, not knowing what was done, came in. And Peter answered unto her, tell me whether ye sold the land for so much? And she said, Yea, for so much. But Peter said unto her, How is it that ye have agreed together to tempt the Spirit of the Lord? Behold, the feet of them which have buried thy husband are at the door, and they shall carry thee out. And she fell down immediately at his feet, and gave up the ghost: and the young men came in and found her dead, and they carried her out and buried her by her husband. And great fear came upon the whole church, and upon all that heard these things."

Golden text: "Wherefore putting away lying, speak every man truth with his neighbor." Ephesians 4:25.

GENEROUS UNITY.

Unity of heart and life are essential to any community of Christians that would accomplish anything of note in the kingdom of God. The Holy Spirit's presence swept the apostolic church into that desirable accord almost at once. Few discordant notes were heard. "Out of every nation, and of all tribes and peoples and tongues" the Lord has brought his people, and will continue to bring them, for He seeks to "gather together into one the children of God that are scattered abroad." Of course the first large ingathering of converts had one thing in common that was conducive to unity—the fact that they were Jews, but even that favorable circumstance was largely discounted by the diversity of language and social custom that existed among them on account of the wide areas of the world over which they were scattered in their homes. It was the Lord's doing that brought them into such harmony of thought, faith and life.

The Christian faith has from the first been sensible of ethical duty. While they were enjoying the delight of spiritual exaltation, the Pentecostal church was not unmindful of the fact that some of their number were less fortunate than others in the matter of worldly goods. Hence, they proceeded to arrange for a supply of all needed things for their members. To this end, no man accounted the things he had to be his own, but was ready at the call of need to give all his possessions for the aid of the poor. Thus they undertook to "bear one another's burdens" in the most practical sort of a way.

The apostles at that time had special power in witnessing of the things of Christ's earthly life, and their testimony was calling those who heard it.

The church seems, however, to have overdone the matter of charity. The poor learned to depend upon the funds of the church for their subsistence, and so became poorer and poorer, while those who gave all they had to the common funds of the church became poorer, which made it necessary for the fund to be continually enlarged in order to meet the constant and increasing demand. Of course, there came a time when the scheme broke down of its own weight; and there does not seem to be much doubt that the reason why Paul had to solicit funds in the west for the poor saints at Jerusalem was because of the exceedingly bad economic effects of the early over-generosity of the members of the Jerusalem church.

One of the notable examples of the liberal disposition displayed by the church was the case of Joseph Barnabas of the island of Cyprus. Perhaps he was of that Jewish stock that had gone to Cyprus to work those copper mines that Augustus Caesar had leased to Herod the Great. At any rate, he sold a field that he owned, and brought the money to the apostles as a gift for the charitable work of the church. This incident is mentioned, not because of its importance by itself, but because it affords a sample of what was done by a large number of believers and further, because it furnishes a strong contrast to the next incident to be related.

PIOUS PRETENCE.

The highest spiritual privileges do not exempt one from the most commonplace temptations. The thought of the closing verses of the fourth chapter of Acts moves along in such an exalted strain that one is conscious of a severe shock upon the sudden transition to the dank moral atmosphere of Ananias and Sapphira, those arch hypocrites of the sunny days of religious fervor that followed Pentecost. The fifth chapter begins with the word "But," which seems almost like a mailed first thrust into one's face out of the clear radiance of a sunbeam. It introduces the narrative of a heinous offence against the very spirit of the young Christian community.

The love of money is said to be the root of all evil. The case under present study was an example of covetousness that led to such a lie as offended the moral sense of man, and that was characterized as more of a sin against the Holy Ghost than against man.

Ananias must be classed in the category of those who are wont to falsely claim that they have done all that they can do in the service of the kingdom of God. The number of such people in the church is legion. They are evident not only in matters of finance, but in every phase of Christian life and work. They think that they have done their utmost in giving when, as a matter of fact, they have not yet learned what it means to give. They devote to the Lord's work a fragment of time after all their own personal interests have been attended to, and then speak with satisfaction of the consecration of their time to the Lord. They claim to have given the Lord their hearts, but the passion of their souls is for money, or fame, or position in life. Genuine gifts will ever be acceptable to the Lord and to his work; but the hollow pretence that so often characterizes what men offer to God merits the same speedy nemesis that fell upon the heads of that man and his wife who had formed a "covenant of hell" to perpetrate a pious fraud on the church and the Lord.

Jesus said, "Take heed that ye do not your righteousness before men, to be seen of them: else ye have no reward with your Father which is in heaven." Ananias went to the apostles with his pretense of a very generous offering in order he might appear before the rest of the disciples as a man of superior piety. The Christian must fear God rather than man; he must love the favor of God rather than the praise of man. Christian work should not be done from the mere motive of pleasing any man, even though that man be one's pastor whom he loves; but the love of God and obedience to the will of his Son ought ever to be the controlling motive in each believer's life. If one lives under such a motive as that, his devotion to God's service will be purer and more constant.

"The time is come for judgment to begin at the house of God." The Lord's work is sacred, his house is sacred. Old Israel was taught this truth in many ways. Sometimes the direct voice of the Lord spoke, as to Moses at the burning bush, impressing on the mind of the individual the sanctity of the presence of the Lord. Sometimes it was an elaborate ceremonial that sought to impart the idea of reverence to the minds of the people. Sometimes, by fearful sanctions, infringements of the sanctity of things that pertained to the Lord's house and service were rebuked, as in the case of Nadab and Abihu, and of David and the ark; while outright dishonesty in the Lord's service were rebuked terribly in the cases of Achan and of Gehazi. It is dangerous for anyone to tempt the Spirit of the Lord in any way. No person can presume to sin against God merely because he is a child of God. If there is any difference in their punishments, the one who is of the household of faith will probably receive severer punishment than the unbeliever. In the cas of Ananias, death seems to have come without any invocation of judgment on the part of the apostles, and, in the case of his wife, Peter appears in the role of a prophet giving warning of what the Lord was about to do, rather than in the role of a judge pronouncing sentence. "It is a fearful thing to fall into the hands of the living God" to receive punishment for moral turpitude.

At the last analysis the sin of Ananias resolves itself into insincerity. Reality is demanded in the house of God. Lying is the resort of weakness, the confession of the unreality of the thing one is seeking to accomplish. A lie may deceive a man, but it can never deceive God. Hence hypocrisy in religion is the height of folly. Insincerity will quickly break up a human friendship, but insincerity cuts off real friendship with God at a single stroke. It is always a form of lying, and the devil is the father of lies, while truth is divine.

TRUTH INCARNATE.

No more beautiful stories are to be found in human literature than those of history and fiction that glorify the virtue of truth-telling. In Jeanie Deans, Scott immortalized the virtue of the actual Helen Walker, who refused to tell a lie even to save her sister's life, but who, when her duty to truth was done, heroically sought and obtained that sister's pardon. The author of Waverly erected a monument in his garden in honor of this maiden, and on it he had carved this tribute, "She would not depart a foot's breadth from the path of truth, not even to save her sister's life: and yet she obtained the liberation of her sister from the severity of the law by personal sacrifices whose greatness was not less than the purity of her aims. Honor to the grave where poverty rests in beautiful union with truthfulness and sisterly love."

There is an old Tamil drama that tells how Harishandra was tempted to tell a lie. He was given a treasure to keep. Then he was brought into such distress that he was forced to give up the treasure in order to preserve his virtue. Then the treasure was demanded of him, and, of course, he could not return it. He was told that, if he would deny that he owed the treasure, then the debt would be cancelled; but he refused to tell the lie. He passed through many trials, including the death of his son, and the condemnation of his wife to death, being told at each trial that his former estate would at once be restored if he would only tell some suggested lie; but he steadfastly refused, saying, "Even though thou didst offer to me the throne of Indra I would not tell a lie." He was forced to be the executioner of his wife. Before striking the blow with the saber, he said to her, "Let truth be maintained, let truth ride victorious over all, let truth be the light—truth alone the lasting solace of mortals and immortals." But as he struck the blow, the saber transformed itself into a necklace of pearls and the gods appeared to him, and Siva, the chief god, commended him for his fidelity to truth, and promised him the restoration of all things that had been taken from him.

But the story of truth incarnate that means most to the world is that of Him who said, "I am the way, the truth, and the life." He actually taught the truth of God, whether that truth was acceptable to man or not. He was "The Man of Truth" in all that he did and said. He suffered for the truth to which his life was devoted. He offered himself as a haven of refuge for all who loved the truth, and has proven himself such a refuge ever since his resurrection. But he is the enemy of all lying, and his judgment against liars will ever be as terrible as was that against Ananias and Sapphira.

BOWER REYNOLDS PATRICK.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

SEEK TO PRESERVE

The Cliff Dwellings In the States In Southwest.

Whole Towns of Them Brought to Light In Colorado.

The Most Wonderful Ruins In the United States.

Denver, Feb. 6.—For years past naturalists and historians have been complaining that unless some aggressive effort was made to preserve the wonderful relics called the cliff dwellings they would be inevitably destroyed by vandals and curiosity-seekers. The states in which these ruins are located are at last alive to their priceless heritage and the Colorado Cliff Dwelling association has been formed for the purpose of conserving for future generations gifts that can never be reproduced if destroyed.

These regions were a few years ago unknown, but are now intersected by railroads and as civilization creeps in the condition of things is appalling. The wonderful ruins are being demolished; fine large jars of prehistoric make are used as targets by the cowboys, who beguile their Sunday afternoons by peppering them with shot, and relic hunters carry away curios by the cartload.

The cliffdwellers lived in the great plateau of the Southwest and are believed to be the earliest inhabitants. Their ruins in New Mexico, Arizona, Colorado and Utah suggest the buildings constructed at the present day by the agricultural Indian tribes, and the name cliff dwellings is peculiarly appropriate to these demolished houses, which have been called by various explorers cliff palaces, balcony house, long house, etc. They are on Mesa Verde, a level plateau in Colorado overgrown with pinion and cedar, and were first described by W. H. Jackson, who, in 1874, made a tour of the ground. Later, various travelers discovered other ruins and remarkable ruins have been discovered by Richard and Alfred Wetherell, who own large herds of cattle and in excursions after them have brought whole towns to light. Their collection of skulls, pottery, stones and wood relics has been purchased by the Historical Society of Colorado. According to Richard Wetherell there are fully 500 ruins in the Mesa Verde alone, some of them of such a height we lose ourselves in wonder as to the means employed to reach the places from which these dwellings rise.

The chief feature of the architecture of these cliff dwellings is that one house held a whole village. This is particularly noticeable in the Cliff Palace, which is probably the largest ruin in America. The stones in this building are carefully dressed and the walls are perpendicular. Light and air seem to have been provided by means of small peep holes The mortar is colored to imitate the neighboring rocks. Balconies were common, and one remarkable dwelling has been called Balcony House, on account of the number of balconies found on it. A remarkable peculiarity is the circular room, which appears in every cliff dwelling. This is supposed to be the estufa or meeting place for religious and political assemblages, and in these rooms have been discovered cotton cloth, yards of yucca fiber, sandals, pottery, and maize in an excellent state of preservation. By their aid is pictured the lives of a people who inhabited this region long before the discovery of America.

All who have visited this section are impressed with the vast quantities of pottery scattered alone in the dwellings, but scattered over the land. This pottery shows no deterioration, though subjected for centuries to the inclemencies of the weather, and is often decorated with red and black markings. The dead were usually buried in a sitting position in a room walled up at the back of the dwelling. Scientific literature contains only a few clumsy descriptions of mummies found in these dwellings, but in all bodies the cranium has been subjected to artificial deformation, the reason assigned for which in infancy by the application of some flat object.

These cliffdwellers lived in such queer places, built so well, and have vanished so utterly that they are the mysterious of the aboriginies. Until within a few years damaged stone houses and broken pieces of pottery formed the basis of modern conceptions of them, but now the country has become more thickly settled and the explorations more common, intelligent delvers among the ruins are impressed with the wonderful skill of these dwellings and the strange preservation of things that in other climates would have crumbled away.

Colorado is at last alive to the importance of preserving the relics and a 10-years' lease of the land has been secured from the Indians, pending the decision of the government to make it a national park.

SAVED HER CHILD'S LIFE.

"In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by Pneumonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that, in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medicine saved his life." Millions know it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Lung diseases. W. A. Abbett, druggist, guarantees satisfaction. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free.

TOWED IN.

Crew of the Coastwise Schooner Has a Fearful Experience.

New York, Feb. 6.—The coastwise schooner Charles Noble Simmons, from Norfolk, Feb. 2, for Fall River, coal laden, was towed into port today by the steamer Indian. Capt. Green was disabled and all of the crew were frostbitten. Almost from the start the schooner encountered bad weather, the winds being high from the northwest and the cold intense. On Monday the gale assumed hurricane force and carried away the fore and main booms. Falling wreckage struck Capt. Green on the head and he remained unconscious until noon today. The mate navigated the schooner to a position opposite Fire Island, where she anchored to ride out the gale. The mate and crew were prostrated by the cold and had hands and feet frost-bitten. The steward was the only one on board able for duty.

MUST BURY HER.

St. Paul, Feb. 6.—Health Commissioner Ohage sent notice to J. G. Donnelly & Sons, undertakers, today, that they must bury the body of Mrs. Lena Anderson. "It is very proper to give the husband a chance to raise the money to bury her," said Dr. Ohage, "but the law does not allow anyone to hold a body indefinitely."

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

Sore Feet



Omega Oil is better for Sore, Tender, Tired Feet than foot powders, because it goes inside, where the pain is, while the powders stay outside. The Oil is such a simple remedy, and it is just as sure as it is simple. Bathe your feet at night with warm water and soap, wipe them dry and then rub Omega Oil in. Rub good and hard and often. That's all you have to do to make your feet well. 7?7

THE MAYOR'S MESSAGE

A BRIEF BUT IMPORTANT STATEMENT

CONCERNING HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT

"A Sovereign Remedy for Pain."

CITY OF SAGINAW, MICHIGAN.
Mayor's Office, Jan. 21, 1898.

Here you have my good word for Hinkley's Bone Liniment. I know its virtue. I have experienced its benefit. It was in use by my father before me, and was his sovereign remedy. It is a certain relief for pain. WM. B. BAUM.

So writes the Mayor of Saginaw, and his testimony, weighty and reliable, is worthy consideration. Many others add their word of praise for this truly great medicine. It stops pain of every kind, wherever located. It is always safe, sure and prompt. Try a bottle and you will never be without it.

It is prepared by Hinkley Bone Liniment Co., Saginaw, Mich., and for sale everywhere in 25c., 50c. and $1.00 bottles.

PILES DR. WILLIAMS' INDIAN PILE OINTMENT Is a SURE CURE for Blind, Bleeding and Itching Piles. It absorbs the tumors, allays the itching, gives instant relief. Every box is warranted. Sold by druggists. Sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents and $1.00 per box. WILLIAMS MFG. CO., Props., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pain in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials, a written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2078, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

The Only Health Coffee.

The stepping stone to perfect health is—Figprune Cereal. This delightful beverage is a great aid to digestion and its daily use, in place of tea and coffee, is already being recommended by physicians. 54 per cent fruit, 46 per cent grain. At all grocers.

Default has been made in the conditions of a certain mortgage, made and delivered by Joseph Sellwood and Ophelia Sellwood, his wife, mortgagors, to John D. Miller, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of February, 1892, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 24th day of March, 1892, at 8 o'clock a. m., in Book 67 of Mortgages, on Page 257, which mortgage was duly assigned by said John D. Miller, Mortgagee, to The Rutland County National Bank of Rutland, Vermont, by written instrument, dated June 21st, 1897, and recorded in the office of said Register of Deeds, on the 4th day of January, 1902, at 9 o'clock a. m., in Book 189 of Mortgages, on Page 27.

There is claimed to be due and there is due upon said mortgage at the date of this notice, the sum of twelve thousand three hundred and sixty dollars, failure to pay which constituting the default in said mortgage and made up as follows, to-wit: Principal, $9000; interest thereon, $2970.61; delinquent taxes for the years 1891, '92, '93, '94 and '95, paid by the Assignee of the Mortgagee on April 21st, 1899, $320.35; interest thereon, $69.04.

And whereas, no action or proceeding at law or otherwise, has been instituted to recover any part of the debt secured by said mortgage, except a certain action in the district court of St. Louis County, Minnesota, wherein John D. Miller was plaintiff and Joseph Sellwood was defendant, wherein judgment was rendered and docketed on April 23rd, 1897, and execution thereupon duly issued and thereafter duly returned wholly unsatisfied.

Now therefore, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

An undivided three-fifths interest in the south half (S½) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of the northeast quarter (NE¼) of section fourteen (14), in township fifty (50) north of range fourteen (14) west.

Which premises will be sold by the Sheriff of said County at the front door of the County Court House, in Duluth, Minnesota, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said debt and interest, including taxes so paid as aforesaid, and one hundred dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated January 10th, 1902.

THE RUTLAND COUNTY NATIONAL BANK OF RUTLAND, VERMONT, Assignee of Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Assignee.
Duluth Evening Herald Jan. 10-17-24-31, Feb. 7-14, 1902.

DEFAULT HAS BEEN MADE IN THE payment of the sum of nine hundred and fifty-two dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at this date, upon a certain mortgage made by Casper Henry Truelsen and Henriette D. Truelsen, his wife, mortgagors, to H. P. Pettengill, mortgagee, bearing date September 27th, 1892, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, on the 1st day of October, 1892, at 4 o'clock p. m. in Book 103 of mortgages on page 167. And no action or proceeding having been instituted to recover any part of the debt secured by said mortgage.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage and pursuant to the statute in such case provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises therein mortgaged and described and situate in St. Louis County, Minnesota, to-wit:

Lots numbered sixty-five (65), sixty-seven (67) and sixty-nine (69), on Minnesota avenue, Upper Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof, which premises will be sold by the sheriff of said county at the front door of the county court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, on Monday, the 24th day of February, 1902, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at public auction, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said debt and interest and fifty dollars attorney's fees, as stipulated in said mortgage, and the disbursements allowed by law, subject to redemption within one year from date of sale, as by law provided.

Dated January 9th, 1902.

H. P. PETTENGILL, Mortgagee.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-10-17-24-31-Feb-7-14-1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING ON CLAIMS—State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, Jany. 30, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Lucinda Smith, Deceased:

Letters of administration on the estate of Lucinda Smith, deceased, late of the county of St. Louis, state of Minnesota, being granted to Berlah Mascoffin.

It is ordered, that six months be and the same is hereby allowed from and after the date of this order in which all persons having claims or demands against the said deceased are required to file the same in the Probate Court of said county for examination and allowance, or be forever barred.

It is further ordered, that the 5th day of August, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at a term of said Probate Court to be held at the probate office in the court house in the city of Duluth, in said county, be and the same hereby is appointed as the time and place when and where the said probate court will examine and adjust said claims and demands.

And it is further ordered, that notice of such hearing be given to all creditors and persons interested in said estate by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks in The Duluth Evening Herald, a newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth this 30th day of January, A. D. 1902.

By the Court.
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.
(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—Jan. 31, Feb. 8-15, 1902.

ADVERTISING Doesn't need to be original. It needs to be truthful and to the point. To select well among old things is equal to inventing new ones.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$3000 Takes 8-room modern house in East End. Corner lot and hot water heat.

$2100 Takes 7-room modern, west of Sixteenth avenue east.

$2350 Takes 50 feet upper side East First street near 10th Ave. E.

$1250 Takes 50 feet upper side East Third street. All public improvements.

$1600 Takes 50 feet upper side East Second street, west of 15th avenue east.

$1000 Takes 50 feet on Second, near 21st avenue east.

$6000 Takes 8-room modern house in the heart of the city.

Property in all parts of the city.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

AT WEST DULUTH

The case of the state against William Arbur, the longshoreman who is charged with non-support of his family, was tried before Justice Stone last evening and was taken under advisement until some time today. The evidence showed that Arbur earns plenty of money during the season of navigation, and that he has given has family some money occasionally this winter, although his wife testifies that he afterward took most of it away from her in order to spend it for liquor. She testified that he beat and abused her, and that the children have not clothes enough to protect them from the cold.

The crime is a state's prison offense, and all a justice of peace can do is to bind the defendant over to await the action of the grand jury, or discharge him. Justice Stone visited the Arbur home and says he found things in a deplorable condition. Arbur is at the present time under bonds to keep the peace.

The assault case against Patrick and Thomas Riley, from the Bowery, was finished late yesterday afternoon and the defendants were fined. Thomas Riley had entered a plea of guilty in the morning, but when Justice Stone assessed him fine and costs to the amount of $15, he demurred, wanted to change his plea and have a trial. He was accommodated and in the afternoon was fined $5, the costs bringing the total up to $18.75. Patrick Riley's assessment for his connection with the affair was $13.40.

The Rileys declared that they would not pay their fine, when Lieut. Briggs gave them to understand that they would either have to put up their bonds for an appeal, pay their fine, or he would put them in jail. They weakened and paid.

The trial yesterday afternoon was one of the most exciting affairs that has occurred in the West Duluth court since it was established. Bowery friends of the Riley brothers were there in plenty. Diamonds flashed and numerous big fierce mustaches could be seen. At one time during the proceedings the whole Bowery crowd was gathered about the justice all trying to argue at once, but Lieut. Briggs rushed the crowd and they fell over themselves in the attempt to get seats.

One big Bowery leader flashed a letter that was purported to have been written by Mayor Hugo telling them to pay no attention to the West Duluth justice of court, and with this he tried a bluff, but it was no go, and he subsided. The mayor's name is said to be signed to the letter, but the authorities do not believe that the signature is genuine. The Bowery crowd, when the proceedings were over, were a disgusted lot of sports, for they evidently went to West Duluth with the intention of bringing things about their own way.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The poverty social given by the ladies of Pearl hive, L. O. T. M., last evening, in the Great Eastern hall, was a largely attended and very successful affair.

Some of the costumes were very much in keeping with the character of the social.

Frank J. Cullen, formerly engineer for George S. Deeks company, has gone to Hibbing on a business trip.

S. C. Murphy has been appointed on the finance committee of the A. O. U. W., to succeed E. W. Randall, who was lately elected grand recorder of the death.

The Royal Neighbors will soon have a camp at Proctorknott. Mrs. Ada Lawson, of Anoka, will install the new lodge.

There are said to be several parties in the city of late looking up another box factory site in West Duluth. It is understood that the Duluth Box factory, which was burned out this winter, will not rebuild here.

Mrs. C. Henry Stang, who died at St. Luke's hospital yesterday afternoon after an operation for a tumor, leaves a large number of friends in the city, besides her family, to mourn her demise. Mrs. Stang was the lady commander of the Anna Stang hive, I. O. T. M., of West Duluth.

Philip Barceau, who has been sick for some time, is able to be out again.

Henry Brayden is on the range for a business trip.

Mrs. W. H. Hawthorne is visiting relatives at Ashland.

C. H. Martz, of the board of public works, went over the Fond du Lac road yesterday in the interest of the improvements about to be made.

The ladies of Garfield circle, Ladies of the G. A. R., will have a social party in Gilley's hall Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 7, for their friends.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

DECISIONS

Handed Down By the Supreme Court of Minnesota.

St. Paul, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—The supreme court today handed down the following decisions:

Anna C. Larson, respondent, vs. Minneapolis & St. Louis railroad, appellant. Affirmed.

State of Minnesota, plaintiff, vs. Crookston Lumber company, defendant, held that a record made by the county clerk as ex-officio clerk of the county board of equalization, cannot, in collateral proceedings, be impeached or contradicted by parole evidence.

Anton Linden, respondent, vs. Northern Pacific Railroad company, and Fred Dampier, appelants. Order reversed and new trial granted.

George J. Graves and Lester V. Graves, minors, by Mary C. Graves, their guardian ad litem, appelants, vs. Modern Woodmen of America, a fraternal beneficiary society of the state of Illinois, respondent. Affirmed.

Andrew J. Finnegan, respondent, vs. Fannie S. Janeway, defendant, and Helen T. Leonard, appelant. Affirmed.

Frank E. Erne, appelant, vs. Pauline L. Holland, respondent. Affirmed.

RELEASED

From Prison That She Might Marry.

New York, Feb. 7.—A young woman who had once raised a credit check from 25 cents to $20.50 on a Brooklyn department store was again arrested late on Monday night on her return home from an entertainment with a young man to whom she is said to be engaged. Her name is Louisa Bretch. Before her arraignment in the Adams street court, Magistrate Durack received a letter from a member of the swindled firm expressing his willingness to withdraw the complaint. He said Miss Bretch was about to be married and that the young man to whom she was engaged would keep his promise in case she was not prosecuted. Otherwise the engagement was to be declared off. Under these circumstances Magistrate Durack postponed the hearing and allowed the accused to go home with her mother.

Miss Bretch is a stenographer and typewriter. Nearly two years ago she forged the name of a lawyer in whose office she was employed to some checks for small amounts. The office boy went to the bank, had the checks cashed, and got a part of the proceeds. Miss Bretch, however, got back most of the boy's spoils at a little poker game.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

TROOPS FALL BACK.

Venezuelan Soldiers Reach Carupano Much Exhausted.

Port of Spain, Island of Trinidad, Feb. 7.—The Venezuelan troops sent to disperse the insurgents in the vicinity of Guaria have been compelled to fall back upon Carupano, which place they reached in an exhausted condition. The troops lost in an exhausted condition. The troops lost in an exhausted condition. The troops lost a number of men killed or wounded in the skirmishes which they had daily with the insurgents.

A MONUMENT FOR MAURY.

New York, Feb. 7.—A proposition has been made, says a Paris dispatch to the Herald, by Dr. A. Bergeret, at the Sorbonne, to raise an international monument to Lieut. Maury, the pioneer of modern meteorology and hydrography. The occasion was a lecture by Dr. Bergeret, professor of terrestrial physics at the Sorbonne, on the "circulation of the air."

SHIP FOR A MUSEUM.

New York, Feb. 7.—The British ship Scindia, which went ashore at Ocean City, N. J., several weeks ago, and which it has been impossible to float, will become a museum. It is a fixture on the beach, with which it will be connected by a pier.

FAVORABLE REPORT

On Bill For Building at Green Bay.

Washington, Feb. 7.—(Special to The Herald.)—A favorable report was made today on Senator Quarles' bill for a public building at Green Bay, Wis. The bill carries an appropriation of $150,000.

Don't fail to attend concert tonight at Armory, benefit St. James' Orphans' Home. Excellent program.

Tonight

Is the Big Night at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Excellent Ice and Music.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk. Telephone 755, N. Call 4. Zenith 'Phone 713.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Climax Building and Loan Association

Is making the following loans:

$300 For three years, at 6 per cent interest, no commission, secured by a house and lot valued at $750. Building insured for $900.

$1500 To be repaid in five years with a monthly payment of $29.70 a month, no commission; secured by three buildings and lot valued at $1200. Insurance $2500.

More applications for loans are desired. Most advantages and least cost to borrowers. Get our figures before making a loan elsewhere.

Deposits of any amount from $1 up from any one at any time, for which certificates are issued pay from from 3 to 5 per cent interest. Dividends paid in cash 1st of January and July. No membership fees or fines.

CHAN SMITH, Sec.,
Office No. 2 First Avenue West, in Hunter Block.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$11,000 BUYS ELEVEN-ROOM house, East End; two parlors finished in cherry; dining-room and hall finished in oak; hardwod finish throughout; bath and closets; heated by steam; cellar under whole with cement floor. $2,500 cash will handle it—balance to suit at 5 per cent.

$10,000 BUYS FINE DOUBLE house, each ten rooms, besides bath rooms and closets, hardwood finish; hot water heat; brown stone foundation above ground. Houses alone cost more than price asked. Will rent for $90, or $100 per month.

Store for rent No. 3 West Superior St.

Fire Insurance written at lowest rates.

Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance,

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Fire Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres

For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,
428 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Farm Lands!

In large and small tracts. Prices per acre range $2.50 per acre and upwards.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Blg

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.
No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.
Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

Biggest snap in a modern 10-room house in heart of city. Do not fail to call in and see us.

T. W. Wahl & Co.
201 Exchange Bldg.

For Sale

On easy terms—eight-room residence with modern conveniences, fine location—2209 West Third street. Enquire Johnson & Moe's Department Store.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

HOUSES.

Seven-room house on Jefferson street, thoroughly modern..... $3000
Eight-room house on Third street, near 14th Ave. E..... $3000
Elegant residence, centrally located, on Fifth street..... $3200
Seven-room house, five blocks from postoffice..... $900
Great Bargain in West Duluth, house centrally located with water—..... $650
Great bargain, double house on corner and Jefferson street, modern..... $7800
Two lots very cheap in Helm's addition.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

BUSINESS OPENINGS We have many good openings to offer in all lines of business.

We can sell your business.

DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
309-310 Palladio Building.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, $100, $110, and $125. Organs, $10 and $20. Cash and monthly payments. George W. Tretz, 34 West First street.

WANT CASH OFFER FOR QUARTER section on Mesaba that owner must sell. 627 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES LAND NEAR Atkinson, Carlton county. Address H 92, Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, HARNESS AND sleigh, $60; suitable for delivery, draying, woodhauling, etc. Address H 91, Herald.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND—about $2000 worth of boots and shoes. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT FURNITURE—lunch counter, chairs, tables, desk, sideboard, crockery urn, ice chest, whole outfit. S. Sellick.

$155 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEgant mahogany case, used six months and cost $350. I need the cash as I am leaving the city. Miss Anna Johnson, room 4, Metropolitan block.

FOR SALE — SMALL HOUSE, NO. 23 First avenue east; must be sold at once and removed from premises as soon as tenants can vacate. See N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

LOW PRICES ON SECOND hand organs and pianos $10 and up. Easy payments. French & Bassett, corner First street and Third avenue west.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Joe Nelson, 21 Harrison addition.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Jan. 23, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street. Will exchange in fat cattle.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 303 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 318 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES! Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 800 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY—CANARY BIRDS. Inquire 109 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—CHATELAINE BAG CONTAINing some small change and handkerchief with name, Carrie Richards, on. Return to Herald office.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUP answering to name of Laddie. Return to William White, 403 East Second street for reward.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 319 FIRST AVE. E.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 5, 1902. Sealed proposals for dredging in Portage Lake ship canals, Keweenaw Point, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 5, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, captain, engineers.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — NURSE MAID. 1523 EAST Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for small family. Enquire 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. 1712 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework. 413 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park Place.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Mrs. J. M. Gidding, 1405 East Superior street.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

STENOGRAPHERS.

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING. All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—BOY TO WORK IN BILLIard hall, at Hotel St. Louis.

WANTED—BY MERCANTILE HOUSE, bookkeeper who has had some experience. Address in own hand writing, giving experience and references. Endion, Herald.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS PANTS AND vest maker. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors.

WANTED—TAILOR, PANTS AND vest maker. John Raindall, 1911 West Superior street.

WANTED—BOY 17 TO 20 YEARS OF age, to learn crockery business; also one to learn carpet business. French & Bassett.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us; facilities afforded that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE — TWENTY five energetic young men to learn telegraphy and railroading, and accept positions as railroad telegraph operators at good salaries with first-class chances for promotion. For particulars, telephone, write or call Duluth Business University, No. 105 West Superior St.

WANTED—AGENTS.

AGENTS AND OTHERS, LEARN A business in one day that will eventually make you grow rich; no book or medicine scheme; we teach you every detail for $1.00. Novelty Supply Co., 81 Syndicate block, Minneapolis, Minn.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED — POSITION AS SALESMAN for piano house either in or out of the city; over eight years' experience. Address Box H 96, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING IN FAMILies. 732 East Third street, upstairs.

YOUNG MAN, AGE 26 YEARS, POSSESsing character, ability and energy, desires situation with credit department of wholesale or manufacturing company. Party is a high school graduate and has had over nine years' experience in office work. Is perfectly familiar with the handling of credits and collections. He is now employed by large jobbing house in central Illinois city, and would be available after April 1. This will bear the strictest investigation. Address X L 4, care Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS BARTENder, long experience. Address H 96, Herald office.

YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPER DEsires position bookkeeping or office work. Address B 48, Herald.

A COMPETENT COOK WISHES A SITuation in a private family where second girl is kept. Address H 32, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or is willing to take home washing. Address A. W., Herald.

WANTED—CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

POSITION BY AN EXPERIENCED lady stenographer, best of references; good penman. Address H 63, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer. Apply at 224 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid or at dining room work. Private boarding house preferred. Address B 40, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY THE day in family, or will take work home. Call 225 East Superior street, telephone 892.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripals treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115.

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT A THOROUGH AND EXperienced as well as conscientious teacher for violin, call on Ch. Trautvetter, 216 W. Sup. St., second floor, Room 107.

ELOCUTION.

DRAMATIC READING, ORATORY, stage training. Laura Frankenfield, 409 Masonic Temple.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAKE SUPERIOR FISH CO.

D. GOLDISH, PROPRIETOR.

Wholesale dealers. Lake Superior trout and whitefish. Fresh water herring a specialty. 30 E. First St. Zenith Tel. 1122.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—TWO NEW SEVEN-ROOM houses on Twenty-eighth avenue west and Third street. Inquire 2701 West Third street.

$20 A MONTH, NO. 222 EAST FOURTH street; five rooms, city water.

$15 a month, No. 805 East Second street; six rooms, city water.

$10 a month, No. 411 East Superior street, three rooms; suitable for shop.

$50 a month, No. 416 East Superior street; two floors, suitable for store or sale-room.

$8 a month, No. 119 Third avenue east; three rooms.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.,
112 Exchange Building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT — COMFORTABLE, FURnished room, suitable for three or four young men. 204 West First street.

FOR RENT — FOUR LARGE NEW rooms with bath, electric and gas light, in brick flat at 216 West Fifth street. Water and heat furnished.

FOR RENT—SUITE OF ROOMS FOR light housekeeping, and two furnished, bath in connection. 202 West Second street.

THREE ROOMS FOR RENT. 817 WEST Michigan street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 320 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS; LIGHT HOUSEkeeping permitted. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — NICELY FURNISHED front room; West End; cheap; all modern conveniences. Address S. B., Herald.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished. $18½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 115 West Second street.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT rooms. 111 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 713 West Fifth street.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY WANTS ROOM AND board in private family; East End preferred. Address F, 68, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 32 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED IN private family; gentleman preferred. 313 West Fourth street.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED—A FURNISHED FLAT OR house of five or six rooms until May 1. No children. Best of references. H 65, Herald.

WANTED — TWO ROOMS IN CENTRAL part of city for light housekeeping by two young ladies. Address E 28, Herald.

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON, female complaints. Private hospital 413 7th ave. E. 'Phone 1235.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

PERSONAL.

FOR ADOPTION—A FINE, HEALTHY baby boy. Mrs. Banks, midwife, 330 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—NAMES OF PERSONS HAVing weak lungs or consumption. Our free trial will convince you as thousands can testify that there is nothing better. Karnaga Herb Remedy company, 304-134 Monroe street, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stillson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M., Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.

ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huttquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; H. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 113 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, Monday, Dec. 2. Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2204, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A. William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. Charles J. Hector, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 56, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall. James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor.. Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia.. Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth.. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta.. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik.. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.. Hibbing .. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia.....Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth.....Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar.....Ely.....Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
*1:25 p.m.	St. Paul	*1:55 p.m.
†11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	†12:50 p.m.
*7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks, Manitou, Pacific Coast, Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	*8:45 p.m.
*3:00 p.m.		†11:55 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	"Daily. ""Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
*9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	*4 00 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 50 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 45 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 11:15 a m
b 4:00 p m	" "	b 6:15 p m
a 7:00 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	a 7:55 a m
b 4:00 p m		a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	b 6:30 p m
a 1:55 p m		b 2:10 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 7:00 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 4
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*7:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m
All points East.

†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:15 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

18 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SECTION 1. Pages 1 to 10

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY 11

Minn Hist'l Society

HOUSE IN SESSION

Fight Over Hearing the Tax Commissioners.

Smith's Bill For Constitutional Convention.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The session of the house this morning began with a bare quorum present, though the attendance increased during the forenoon. Chaplain Knowles had a novelty to offer in the way of opening exercises, introducing Professor C. A. Heath, a colored singer, as "the second Sankey." He sang a hymn before prayer and after it gave a sentimental ballad entitled "Mother's Wedding Ring."

Representative Sweet, of Minneapolis, called up his resolutions inviting the tax commission to be present at the committee hearings on the bill, which went over yesterday on Mr. Laybourn's notice of debate. There was a fight on the resolution. Mr. Sweet opened it by speaking in its favor. He said that the commission ought to have a hearing as well as interests opposed to the measure. He had yet to hear anybody speak in favor of the bill before the committee.

Mr. Smith, of Hennepin, wanted to know if it was proposed to pay the commission for its attendance, and Mr. Sweet said that they would probably come without pay, but if necessary they should be paid.

Mr. Laybourn, of Duluth, opposed the resolution. He said that on its face it said nothing of pay, and now the gentleman speaks of pay. We have the code and sixty-one pages of apology for it. The hearings are open to advocates of the bill as well as opponents. If the tax commission or others wish to come they will have courteous treatment and will not have to undergo cross-examination as though they were accused of crime. The legislature should not attempt to shift the responsibility upon the tax commission. The bill is before the legislature to be acted upon, by ac-

(Continued on Page 2.)

LEGISLATURE IS BUSY

Labor, Grain, Elevator, Milling and Banking Interests of the State Heard By the Tax Commission.

From The Herald State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Yesterday was a busy day in the Minnesota legislature. There were hearings both morning and afternoon before the tax committees of both houses, and the labor, grain, elevator, milling and banking interests of the state were represented there by men who were in a position to make the strongest impression upon the committees and upon the members of both houses that attended the committee sessions. There were many of these, for interest in the tax bill is at fever heat.

The chances for the bill's passage are growing fewer every day. In the beginning its opponents were inclined to be a little alarmed at a project to railroad it through without giving any outside interests a chance to be heard. Now there is not the least idea anywhere that the bill will pass as it stands, and the number that believe it will not pass at all is growing hourly.

If the bill was not talked to death yesterday, it was talked into a very low state, from which it may never recover. When the members landed in St. Paul there were rumors of opposition to the bill, but it was supposed that it was practically all from Duluth, and the members from other parts of the state were inclined to treat lightly opposition from that end of the state, which is as nearly regarded as a foreign land by the remainder of the commonwealth as one part of a state could well be so considered by another. But that opposition, instead of being confined to Duluth and to one or two interests there, has been spreading and growing and rising every moment since. It has come from St. Paul, it has come from Minneapolis, it has come from Winona, it has come from Crookston, it has come from Winnebago City, it has come from almost every part of the state.

The farmer who was chuckling up his sleeve because he thought the tax code proposed by the commission would hit the banker and the broker and the bloated bondholder a deadly blow in their tenderest part, is now finding out that it would raise the assessed valuation of his farm from $5 to $10 an acre to $40 or $50 an acre. When that is shown to him he sees the point immediately, and as more of them realize

(Continued on Page 5.)

A LIGHTHOUSE DEPOT

Favored By the Secretary of the Treasury For Minnesota Point and Appropriation of $14,000 Is Recommended.

Washington, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The secretary of the treasury today transmitted to congress a letter recommending an appropriation of $14,000 for the establishment of a lighthouse depot at Minnesota point. In his letter to congress, Secretary Shaw says that in view of the large increase in the last few years of the number of buoys required to properly indicate the channels of Lake Superior in the vicinity of Duluth, there arises an urgent need for the establishment of a lighthouse depot for the storage, repair and making of buoys. The lighthouse board has concluded that a proper location for the lighthouse depot would be on the lighthouse reservation at Minnesota point.

The use of this site, the report recites, will make unnecessary the heavy expenditure for land which would be required if the depot were established elsewhere at Duluth, and will enable the board to establish it for a cost not exceeding $14,000.

STRAW BONDSMAN SENT UP

New York, Feb. 8.—Walter N. Fernbach, a professional straw bondsman, has been sentenced by Judge Foster to imprisonment with hard labor at Sing Sing prison for six years and ten months. Fernbach going on bond of a grand larcenist, swore he owned a certain property. Investigation showed that he had sworn falsely. Fernbach's wife appeared against him and told the court he had squandered $11,000 belonging to her, leaving her penniless.

BAD WEATHER IN ENGLAND

London, Feb. 8.—Snow storms and fog envelop practically the entire United Kingdom. The weather is the most severe known for twenty years. For a time this morning London was enveloped in darkness, traffic was interrupted and navigation on the Thames and Mersey was very dangerous. The unprecedented snowfall necessitated the suspension of outdoor work in many districts, and vehicular and railway traffic were carried on with the greatest difficulty. In parts of Scotland and Wales communications were entirely blocked.

PASS A HAIRY RESOLUTION

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Striking machinists of the Allis-Chalmers company have decided not to shave or cut their hair until victory comes to them in their protracted fight.

Such was the substance of a resolution adopted late yesterday at a meeting of Amity lodge at Amity hall, across the street from the Allis-Chalmers works. But it has not yet been adopted by other lodges, comprising the 5000 machinists who remain on strike.



CHIEF CHARACTERS IN BOER-ENGLISH PEACE NEGOTIATIONS.

The efforts of the Dutch government toward making peace between British and Boers have been watched with interest by the whole world. Great Britain's answer to the proposals of Holland, as transmitted by Dr. Kuyper, the Dutch premier, to Lord Lansdowne, England's secretary for foreign affairs, has been anxiously awaited. England's answer is the most important and decisive statement yet to be made concerning the British attitude in South Africa.

ALTAR BOY

Narrowly Escaped Death From His Vestments Catching Fire.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—John Hooster, an altar boy at Holy Angels Roman Catholic church, Oakwood boulevard and Vincennes avenue, was saved from burning to death yesterday only by the prompt action of the sexton, Owen Cawley.

While the boy, who is 13 years old, was engaged in his holy office of extinguishing the candles before the altar after the conclusion of mass, his vestments were ignited. There were about fifty women and children in the church at the time, but they were horror stricken. The boy struggled to tear the garment from him, but the light laces and linen burned fiercely. The commotion attracted the attention of Cawley, who was in the vestibule, and on discovering the acolyte's perilous situation, ran to the altar and, with his bare hands extinguished the flames just as they were reaching the boy's neck. Both were considerably though not seriously burned.

FAVORABLE

Condition of Young Teddy But President Postpones Trip.

Washington, Feb. 8.—The following statement was issued at the White House at noon today:

"The condition of the president's son is favorable. The doctors say that the president should not go to Charleston, as at any time within six days the disease may take a sudden turn for the worse. The president also is asked not to go to Groton, as his visit might excite the boy, who is not in immediate danger."

the president has abandoned his trip to Owing to the request of the doctors Charleston.

RIVAL ROAD

To "Three I's" to Be Built From Toledo Soon.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—It is rumored that a road is to be built as a rival of the "Three I's." The route of the new road is said to be from Toledo by the way of Findlay, Ft. Wayne and Kanakee, where connection will be made with the Illnois Central. Since the sale of the Three I's to the Vanderbilts, the business which heretofore has been divided with the Eastern lines, the Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania and other lines, has been transferred most exclusively to the Lake Shore.

This same road, says the Record-Herald, was contemplated two years ago, when a survey was made from Findlay to Kankakee. Since then the first part of the road has been completed from Findlay to Ft. Wayne, and it will not be long before work will be started north to Toledo and west to Kankakee. It is also reported that the Moores, who control the Rock Island road, are in the scheme.

CALIFORNIA ROAD

To Be Built By Americans and Englishmen.

New York, Feb. 8.—Lord Thurlow, of England, who has spent the last year in California in the interest of British investors, investigating the best route from Eureka to Eddington, thence on to joint the Northern Pacific, has arrived here. This road, he announces, will soon be built. The capital will be furnished half by European and half by American investors roughly speaking. Lord Thurlow spoke enthusiastically of th rich country which will be tapped by the new line, but refused to say exactly what route it will follow.

DEADLY WATERSPOUT.

New York, Feb. 8.—A waterspout has wrecked a station on the Jeronimo Mezzuita Central railway, causing many deaths and great damage on plantations, according to a Herald dispatch from Rio de Janeiro, Brazil.

WATCHMAN WAS BRAVE

Faced a Gang of Burglars Robbing a Bank.

Lancaster, Pa., Feb. 8.—About 2:30 o'clock this morning an attempt was made to rob the Gap National bank at Gap, Pa., sixteen miles east of this city, ending in a lively exchange of shots between the town's watchman, David Stamix, and the robbers. Stamix heard an explosion in the direction of the bank, and upon proceeding there found three or four men standing in front of the bank building. He demanded to know what they were doing there and was promptly ordered to hold up his hands. Stamix complied, but with a revolver in his hand, and he opened fire on the robbers, wounding at least one, as there were blood marks where they had been standing. The robbers returned the fire, Stamix backing away towards the home of the cashier with the view of getting assistance. When the shooting began two or three other men ran out of the bank building and, joining their comrades, disappeared in the darkness. An examination of the bank disclosed the fact that the men had made an ineffectual effort to enter the front of the vault, and then attacked the rear end. They had bored a hole into the rear plating and had attempted to blow the vault open with dynamite, but also without success. Early this morning a stranger stopped at Glen, a few miles east of Gap, and had a wound in his jaw dressed. He said he had received the injury by falling from a freight train and striking a piece of iron. It is believed he was the man wounded by the watchman.

DEMAND INVESTIGATION

Governor of Colorado Must Look Into Burning of Buildings of an Englishman and Report to State Department.

Denver, Feb. 8.—The News today says that a demand has been made upon Governor Orman by Secretary of State Hay at Washington, for an investigation of the destruction by a mob last summer of the buildings of William Radcliffe, an Englishman located on Grand Mesa lake in this state. Radcliffe appealed to British Ambassador Pauncefote for redress, demanding $55,000 damages from the state of Colorado. The trouble grew out of a dispute between ranchmen and Radcliffe over fishing privileges, and culminated in the killing of a ranchman named Womack by one of Radcliffe's guards. A few days later the buildings on the lakes were destroyed by fire, it was claimed, started by friends of Womack in revenge of his death. The matter was originally referred to Governor Orman early in January and according to the News, a communication from Secretary Hay has just been received asking what had become of it.

FEARED PENITENTIARY

Farmer's Son In Illinois Through Ignorance Committed a Forgery and Then Blew the Top of His Head Off.

Decatur, Ill., Feb. 8.—Because he did not know how to deposit money in a bank and had committed a forgery, John Kohler, aged 17, son of a farmer living near Decatur, killed himself. Kohler had earned $20 and came to the city to deposit it. When he stepped up to the teller's window he presented a check bearing his father's name; it was a forgry and an officer was called. He took the boy home for an investigation. Arriving there the officer stepped in one of the rooms to talk with the boy's mother about the matter. Young Kohler, thoroughly frightened and believing that he was going to be sent to the penitentiary, stepped into the next room, picked up a shotgun, placed the muzzle against his forehead and pulled the trigger. The top of his head was literally blown off.

MYSTERIOUS SHOOTING

Pullman, Wash., Feb. 8.—John Herbert Prentice, 21 years old was shot and killed at the home of his father, two miles west of town yesterday morning, under a peculiar circumstance. A coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from a gun shot wound inflicted by his own hands, but does not say whether it was suicide or accidental.

A deep air of mystery surrounds the affair. The young man lived with his father, a widower. The father, John Prentice, is 50 years old and very eccentric. He recently sold some land, and is believed to have money hidden about the place. Yesterday he was in Pullman and acted strangely. He bemoaned his fate, saying that a few years ago he was worth $100,000 and now he is nearly broke. The deceased inherited an estate valued at $10,000 from his mother in Oregon and expected to get it next month.

ORDERED TO BUILD

Decision In West Third Street Line Case.

Company Must Build It By Next November.

The street railway company must build the extension of the West Third street line, and have it completed by Nov. 1 next. That is the decision of District Judge Dibell, who today issued a writ of mandamus to that effect

The action was brought by the city of Duluth to compel the Duluth Street Railway company to build the line. The suit was based on an ordinance passed by the village council of West Duluth in 1891, which granted a 40-year franchise to the company. This franchise provided for two street car lines in the village—the one known as the Oneota street line, and the other as the Grand avenue or West Third street line. The latter street was to be finished and graded within a given period, but delays arose and it was not until 1894 that the street was opened through the Wheeler tract. The Grand avenue line was to begin at Sixtieth avenue west and run easterly to a connection with the West Third street line. The street was opened through the Wheeler tract in 1894.

The street car company when ordered by the city council recently to construct the Grand avenue line, as originally provided by the West Duluth ordinance, set up that the village had not provided the graded street arranged for in the sixty days prior to July 1, 1892, and that it was absolved from that obligation imposed in its franchise.

Judge Dibell holds that the line could not have been completed until the street was opened in 1894, and that the covenant to build the Grand avenue line was conditioned on the proper streets being graded sixty days prior to July 1, 1892. This condition was unperformed through fault of the village, and the respondent was relieved of its obligation to complete the line by the date set. But, the court holds, the mere non-compliance of the village with the provision with the clause requir-

(Continued on Page 2.)

AN EXCELLENT MEASURE

Former Governor Budd of California Says the Bill Before Congress For Chinese Exclusion Is a Most Satisfactory One.

New York, Feb. 8.—Former Governor Budd of California is in this city after having testified in Washington before the committee in charge of the Chinese exclusion bill.

The failure of the Kahn-Mitchell Chinese exclusion bill to pass before the end of this session, he said in an interview, will mean the extinction of the present treasury relations for the transit of Chinese across this country, and will mean a great influx of Chinese before the opportunity to enact restrictive legislation occurs again.

"The Kahn-Mitchell bill now before both houses is so framed," continued Governor Budd, "as to provide for the most humane treatment of those Chinese permitted entry to this country, and it excludes perfectly all Chinese coolies and laborers of all sorts.

"It was framed by Mr. Livernash after many consultations with the treasury officials and with the attorney general's office. It is as perfect a bill as can be devised and brings up to date in one bill all the six bills passed since 1882. It has been indorsed by the Pacific coast delegation, and by the California commission, as well as by Samuel Gompers and all other labor organizations.

"It is a bill against which nothing can be said, and there is no other bill under consideration which can in any way compare with it for effectiveness.

"If enacted into a law it will fulfill all the purposes for which it was drawn and will prevent the entrance into this country of the undesirable element among the Chinese. It makes adequate provision for the transit of Chinese across the country under treasury regulations now in force, and which have been considered effective heretofore."

Governor Budd will return to Washington Sunday night, in order to appear before the senate committee on Monday evening.

WILL NEVER SEE HER

Ex-Warden Soffel Has Retained Counsel For His Wife But Does Not Ever Want to See Her Again.

Pittsburg, Feb. 8.—Mrs. Soffel, who aided in the escape of the Biddles and was shot during the battle which resulted in their recapture and death, shows considerable improvement in her condition today. She is suffering more from mental distress than from the wound and it may be a week or more before she can be removed from the Butler hospital to the Pittsburg jail.

Her husband, ex-Warden Soffel, has retained counsel for her defense, but says he does not want to see her or have any communication with her in the future.

Mrs. Soffel is receiving letters from all over the country. Most of them contain tracts and advice of a religious nature. When she opens a letter and discovers that it is one of character, she turns it over to some of the nurses who read it. Many letters are also from attorneys, proffering their services free in her defense.

A TRACTION MERGER

Plans For Consolidation of Street Railway Lines In Large Cities Are Being Made By a Giant National Concern.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The consolidation of the principal traction interests of Chicago—and possibly the elevated roads—is the object of negotiations now in progress here and in New York says the Inter-Ocean.

Furthermore, it is probable, it is said, that this is but a preliminary step to the merging of the traction lines of five or more of the principal cities of the country into one great combination, probably the corporation reported to be in process of formation in New York.

The local combination and the giant national concern are being planned, says the Inter-Ocean, by the Whitney-Elkins-Widener-Ryan syndicate of New York and Philadelphia capitalists with the aid of J. P. Morgan. E. H. Gary, who is now in Chicago, is believed to have charge of the local deal.

President John M. Roach, of the Chicago Union Traction company, General Counsel W. W. Gurley, and James H. Eckles, a director, all have been in New York recently, it is said, in consultation with the heads of the Whitney-Widener-Elkins syndicate regarding the state of local traction affairs.

There has been a mutual interchange of stock between certain of the New York and Chicago banking interests, it is said, that would be relied on by Mr. Morgan in financing the colossal deal.

Another circumstance, which has been the subject of gossip, is the offer which the Widener-Elkins syndicate is known to have made to the Cleveland banks for the Big Consolidated system of electric railways owned by the Everett-Moore people in Cleveland. It is reported also that the same syndicate has made negotiations for the purchase of the principal Detroit street railways.

STUDENTS ARE TERRORIZED

Nashville, Tenn., Feb. 8.—The 600 students and the faculty of the university of the South, are terrorized by threats of mountaineers to wreck the institution. The chancellor, D. Wiggins, and Stewart R. L. Colmer, to whom special warnings were sent, have fled. The trouble is due to the establishing of a laundry at the university and the consequent loss by the mountaineers of the work of washing for the students, which was their main support. The first laundry built was burned and the decision to rebuild it was followed by a series of threatening letters.

Tell Me a Friend Who Is Sick.

No Money Is Wanted. Simply Let Me Send Him My Book.

You have a friend who is sick.

Write me his name. That is all—just a postal card. Send it as an act of humanity.

Tell me which book he needs.

I will either cure that friend or pay all all the cost of his treatment.

I will at least do the utmost that medicine can do. I will give the best advice in my power. I may fail, but there will not be a penny of cost if I do.

I will do this at the start:

I will send the sick one an order on his or her druggist for six bottles Dr. Shoop's Restorative. I will tell that druggist to let him test it for a month at my risk. If it succeeds the cost is $5.50. If it fails I will pay the druggist myself.

I will leave the decision to you.

Don't say that this is impossible, for I do just as I say. I have done it for years—done it with hundreds of thousands.

I will do it in any case, no matter how difficult. I only ask the sick one to be fair with himself and me.

I cannot always succeed. There are conditions like cancer, for which I know no cure. But I alone am the loser when I fail.

My records for five years show that 39 out of each 40 who accepted my offer, paid for the medicine taken. That means that 39 in each 40 are cured. That fact alone makes this offer possible.

There are 39 chances in 40 that I can cure your friend.

My success is due to a life time of effort, in learing how to strengthen the inside nerves. It is this nerve power alone that operates the vital organs. No organ is weak when it has sufficient power. I bring back the nerve power—that is all. It is just like giving more steam to an engine that is weak.

My book will explain it all.

Every soul who reads this knows some sick friend. You know somebody who will never find another way to get well.

Let me tell that friend my way.

I must be successful. My remedy must do what I claim. If it did not, such an offer as this would bankrupt me in a month.

The sick one is your friend—a stranger to me. If I am willing to do so much, won't you write a postal, that he or she may get well?

Simply state which book you want, and address Dr. Shoop, Box 685, Racine, Wis.

Book No. 1 on Dyspepsia.
Book No. 2 on the Heart.
Book No. 3 on the Kidneys.
Book No. 4 for Women.
Book No. 5 for Men (sealed.)
Book No. 6 on Rheumatism.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

STUDY OF ART

That Subject Occupied Most of the School Board's Time.

The members of the school board devoted most of their time last night to an executive session and to the discussion of the relative claims to eulogy of one teacher and all the rest employed in the city schools. Nothing of a public character developed from the executive session, although some of the eloquence indulged in behind the closed doors percolated the hearing of the newspaper men in an adjoining room.

Dr. Codding was the champion of a teacher at the Webster school. He reported on the subject of making the school artistic and providing space for a gymnasium, which projects have been promoted by the Twentieth entury club. The doctor confessed that he did not necessarily stand sponsor for the ladies' movement, but he had been led by it to make an investigation of the conditions existing at the school, and he came away an enthusiastic admirer of the work of the teacher. He disclaimed that he was a personal partisan of this teacher, and was willing to say that he could not recognize her if she passed him on the street, but on the subject of her work he was enthusiastic. She evidently was not teaching purely for the salary she was drawing from the city, or just to fill in the time before she should marry.

Superintendent Denfeld admitted all that the doctor had claimed for this teacher in particular, except when he made comparisons with other teachers.

"There are many others just as enthusiastic, just as conscientious and just as thoughtful," said Mr. Denfeld.

"Such for instance, as——" interpolated Dr. Codding.

"Well, you don't want me to say here," retorted Mr. Denfeld, as he glanced at a couple of newspaper men. However, Mr. Denfeld believed the general scope of the plan proposed by the ladies of the Twentieth Century club was an admirable one. They had proposed at first to try it in the Garfield school, but had been dissuaded for the reason that conditions there were less promising at the time than at the Webster, which is situated on Minnesota Point. Their scheme was to promote the sense of art of the pupils by placing works of sculpture and art in the halls of the school buildings.

Mr. Denfeld had hung on the walls of the board room an exhibit of the art work of the pupils of the various grades. He explained the progress that was made the method of study and traced the result.

The plan proposed by the Twentieth Century club, Mr. Denfeld said, was following out work that had been started at Aurora, Ill., and Salem, Mass.

The question of providing a room for a gymnasium at the Webster school was one that provoked some little discussion. President Milne thought the proposition to place the apparatus in the attic of the building opened room for doubt as to the structural strength of the building in that regard. He believed the committee on schools and teachers should look into that phase of it.

Mr. Denfeld said that the character of the apparatus proposed to be installed might dictate whether it should be placed in the attic or the basement. There was room in the basement, he added, and this might prove preferable.

Mr. Washburn summed up the sentiment of the members by moving a declaration of interest and good will for the ladies' movement and referring the matter to the committee as suggested by the president.

Superintendent Denfeld was given permission to attend the superintendents' department of the National Educational convention at Chicago the last of the month. Dr. Milne and Mrs. Mary L. Tily were appointed members of the board of examiners.

It was reported that a contract had been let to C. H. Thornton for printing the annual report of the board and that the preparation of the matter covering the last four years was drawing to a close.

Dr. Codding reported that two of the sustaining rods in the tower of the High School building had been broken by the vibrations of the tower, but said the matter had not been investigated.

The treasurer reported $103,686.61 on hand Feb. 1, as follows: General fund, $72,790.71; building fund, $2414.72; sinking fund, $28,-481.18.

Sixth Annual Ball.

Given by Court Eastern Star No. 86, U. O. O. F., at Hunter hall, Friday evening, February 14th. Flaaten's orchestra. Door rights reserved.

A BANQUET.

Traveling Men to Entertain the Jobbers Next Friday.

Invitations have been issued for a banquet to be given at the Spalding hotel, Friday evening, Feb. 14, by Zenith council, No. 40, United Commercial Travelers of America, to the jobbers of Duluth and Superior. This is the first affair of the kind to be given by the commercial travelers and they are making arrangements to make it a very brilliant and successful event. Zenith council has 185 active members and the jobbers that will be entertained number about 100, so that the attendance at the banquet, it is believed, will be about 300 persons. The dining hall will be appropriately decorated and toasts in keeping with the occasion will be given by members.

The officers of the council are W. N. Donaldson, senior counselor; C. A. Parker, junior counselor; P. W. Reimer, past counselor; C. W. Sutton, secretary-treasurer; W. H. Wilson, conductor; L. L. Culbertson, page; E. G. Masom, sentinel.

The committees having the banquet in charge are as follows:

Executive—E. G. Masom, chairman; A. McEwen, W. H. Wilson, C. W. Sutton, L. L. Culbertson.

Reception—E. M. Kelly, Albert Holcomb, C. A. Parker, D. E. Case, P. W. Reimer, A. S. Johns, Fred Marx, George McDonald, W. P. Mars.

Sixth Avenue Theater.

"Ten Nights in a Barroom" has lost none of its popularity. The Sixth Avenue theater was packed last evening when this drama was presented. Busby Bros'. company presented the play and the performance gave general satisfaction. Applause was generously bestowed on the performers. The specialities were good. This afternoon a children's matinee was given and tonight the play will again be produced.

That Exquisite Singing Tone of the

VOSE

PIANO

is the result of scientifically correct principles applied by master minds and of mechanics supplied with unlimited resources. These have produced a Tone of volume, purity and sweetness, and have made the VOSE one of the most desirable of the high-grade pianos.

Sold for cash or on the small monthly payment plan

FRENCH & BASSETT,
DULUTH, MINN.

TRIES TO KILL HER

Gus Jordan Goes After Kittie Williams With a Gun.

Declared He Would Have Her Love or Her Life.

Police Officers Have Dangerous Time In Capturing Him.

A tragedy was narrowly averted last evening by the clever finesse of Officer John Link.

Infatuated with a frivolous person named Kittie Williams, residing in the resort of Irene Marvin, in the white light district of St. Croix avenue, Gus Jordan decided he would either have the girl's love or her life.

Several times he called her up by telephone and threatened to kill her if she did not return his affection, and the police have kept a close watch for him.

Early last evening he appeared very unexpectedly at the Marvin house, and when refused admittance he kicked the door in. He drew a revolver in the hall way, and immediately persons of the frivolous set cut across tables and chairs on the bias in a frantic effort to get out of the building.

Jordan ran straight to the room of the Williams woman, and at one time had the gun right against her head ready to fire, but she escaped from him.

While he was chasing her from room to room, police headquarters was telephoned and some person blew a police whistle.

Jailer Fiskett responded to the telephone call and Officer Link ran over from Lake avenue when he heard the whistle.

Mr. Fiskett entered the house and was going up the stairway, when Jordan appeared at the head of the stairs with his revolver leveled at the jailer's head.

Mr. Fiskett drew his gun to protect himself in case of emergency and then began to argue Jordan out of his strong strategic position.

Officer Link looked in at the door, and taking the situation in, he ran to the rear of the house and secured a ladder. He placed this ladder up to a second-story window in a room just in the rear of Jordan's position. Then he ran up the ladder and burst his way into the room.

Jordan heard him, and with an oath stepped cautiously into the room with his revolver in hand ready to shoot Link. The latter stepped behind the door, and as Jordan's hand and leveled revolver passed within a few inches of his face he grabbed the gun with one hand, and simultaneously Fiskett and Link rained stunning blows on Jordan's head.

When Jordan was arraigned in police court this morning charged with threatening the life of Mr. Fiskett, he tried the insanity doge. He kept asking the people in the rear of the court room to go down to the Marvin resort and tell the Williams person that he was about to have the death sentence passed on him, and that he wanted to see her before he died.

When the court asked him when he wanted his examination he said:

"I don't want an examination. I want to see the girl."

The examination was set for next Tuesday and he was held in the sum of $250 bail.

Jordan has figured in just such an episode once before. Seven years ago he drove a policeman out of a resort at the point of a gun, the officer being unarmed. At that time he was bent on killing a woman, and the officer was trying to get him out of the place.

THE REVIVAL MEETINGS.

Rev. Mr. Atkinson Is Drawing Large Crowds.

At the revival at the Second Presbyterian church a large audience greeted Mr. Atkinson last night, when one of the best meetings of the series took place. Former meetings were somewhat impaired because of a defective furnace, which left the church cold, but this defect has been remedied so that people now worship in comfort.

Rev. Dr. Cleland and Mr. Wilkov, of the First church, took part in the service. Mr. Atkinson was at his best and his address on "Assurance" was practical, helpful and powerful. He made the distinction between salvation and the assurance of it very clear and in illustrating his though he told the story of a man who had taken his life because he was the son of toil and poverty. He had no knowledge of the fact that an estate awaited him in the Old World. His relative had left it for him. It was his, but he did not know it. He died thinking he was poor when he was rich. His riches did not do him any good. A great many are saved, but they do not enjoy salvation because they have no assurance of it. Our assurance depends on the testimony of God. "He that believeth in the Son hath eternal life." We rest only on Christ for salvation and on His word for our assurance.

The evangelist also said that assurance would produce among other things in the heart of the believer: (1) Peace. Being justified by faith we have peace with God. (2) Joy, the joy of the Lord, and delight in His service. (3) Courage to speak His messages and to tell the lost of our own assurance and of our ultimate hope of heaven through the finished work of the Savior. Assurance robs death of all fun, and only makes it God's message to land our sprits in glory.

At the close of the service quite a few asked for the prayers of the church.

The meetings will continue through next week and the evangelist will speak three times on Sunday. At 2:30 he will speak on the subject "Wrecks."

Midwinter Picnic.

The Ladies' society of the Endion Methodist church (formerly the Morley church) will give a midwinter picnic supper in the church parlors Tuesday evening, Feb. 11, at 6 o'clock. Tickets, entitling to a basket containing supper, 25 cents.

HOUSE IN SESSION

(Continued From Page 1.)

cepting, amending or rejecting it. If the house desires light on legal questions, it has a judiciary committee composed of seventeen able lawyers. The tax commissions' report is in, and we do not want another. Mr. Laybourn moved to table the resolution, but at Mr. Jacobson's request, he withdrew the motion, in order that the friends of the resolution might be heard.

Representative Burns, of Fillmore county, said there was no tax commission at present, but the governor had offered the services of its former members to the legislature and they have the same right to be heard as others. He had not expressed himself on the bill, but he recognized no leaders one way or another. Mr. Laybourn had been heralded as a leader of the opposition, but the house would recognize no such trust.

Sherman Smith, of Minneapolis, was not in favor of having paid attorneys come up in behalf of the state to tell us what to do. They could come in the same as others if they wished.

Mr. Larson, of Redwood Falls, said the commissioners had put in nine months on the bill and were qualified to help the legislature. The question was an important and broad one, and he wanted all the light he could get.

Mr. Jacobson was surprised that any member should object to getting any information they could. Few people understood how little difference there is between the present law and the proposed one. Features that are feared have been on the law books for forty-five years. The commission earned every dollar it got and he was surprised that the gentleman from St. Louis county could cast a slur upon them. They want no pay, but they will not intrude without invitation.

Mr. Dunn, of Ramsey county, spoke in favor of the resolution. He wanted especially to ask them about some of the proposed amendments.

Mr. Wallace, of Minneapolis, also argued for it. He said the commissioners were willing to come as three private citizens without expense.

Mr. Dobbin, of Minneapolis, wanted the commission to be present, though he was opposed to many features of the law.

Mr. Laybourn said he spoke only as an individual member, and claimed nothing else. He would work for a perfect tax code, and in doing so he claimed only the same lights as others. He was anxious to hear from the commission, but he did not want it to come under a resolution inviting a commission which the mover admits is not in existence. Mr. Roberts, of Minneapolis, offered an amendment, making the invitation personal to the commissioners instead of to the commission, and Mr. Sweet accepted it. The resolution as amended was adopted.

The following bills were introduced:

By Sherman Smith, Hennepin—Proposing constitutional convention.

By Sherman Smith, Hennepin—To prevent pouring of oil on ice of Lake Calhoun. The Lake Calhoun ice bill was referred to the committee on the reception of bills.

When the Smith bill on a constitutional convention was introduced, Mr. Johnson, of Minneapolis, asked for a suspension of rules, but the house refused to grant it. Then Mr. Johnson asked that the bill be placed upon general orders. Mr. Jacobson said that this was a tax measure, and should not be pocketed. It was the only way to get a constitutional amendment providing for a proper tax system in the opinion of many. Mr. Smith said that Minneapolis has a village charter, and wants a chance to get a better one. There was opposition to the proposition, several demanding that the bill go through the regular course, and another argument followed. Some of the friends of the tax law feared that action on the constitutional convention would be considered as binding the legislature to postponement of the tax law. Mr. Jacobson said the constitutional convention bill would not be an easy one to pass, and Mr. Smith said it would pass or there would be a fight.

Mr. Wallace, of Minneapolis, said that the convention bill is far more important than the tax bill. He would vote to pass it under suspension of rules, though it had passed the house twice and failed in the senate.

The motion to place the bill on general orders was lost, and it was referred to the judiciary committee.

The bill would submit the proposition to the people for their consideration at the fall election.

Senate file No. 4, providing for a memorial to congress asking it to pass a pending bill for the payment of a claim of the state, amounting to $195,000, was passed under suspension of the rules.

An adjournment was taken to Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The committee on taxes and tax laws met after adjournment and heard County Auditor Spencer of Roseau county, who spoke of the application of the tax law to his county, which would only be allowed a tax levy of $5000 under the new law, as it has less than $1,000,000 valuation. This would not be enough.

The committee adjourned to 2:30 o'clock Monday afternoon.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

ORDERED TO BUILD

(Continued From Page 1.)

ing a graded street to be finished by a certain date did not discharge the respondent of all obligation under the ordinance. The language of the ordinance does not suggest such a construction. It is hardly to be thought that the company expected to get a forty-year franchise, exclusive in its terms, and that its whole liability to build under the ordinance should depend on a strict compliance by the village with the terms of the sixty-day provision. The village on its part gave as its consideration a forty-year franchise. The respondent, for its consideration, gave a promise to build these two lines of street railway. The grading of Grand avenue was no part of the consideration.

Judge Dibell recounts the hard times following soon after the granting of the franchise, and deduces impliedly that the construction of the Grand avenue line was not necessary at that time, and that it would have been to the company's loss had it been built. He adds that there is no evidence that the respondent ever objected to the delay in the grading of Grand avenue, and that it was not until 1896 that a connection was provided on West Third street for the extension of the line referred to over the streets formerly lying in West Duluth.

TO CURE GRIP IN TWO DAYS.
Laxative Bromo-Quinine removes the cause. E. W. Grove's signature on every box.

POLICEMAN REILLY

Rescues a Connecticut Woman From Horrible Torture.

Mrs. William Cutter, of Hartford, the Victim, Tells the Story in an Interview—A Terrible Experience.

"It was horrible," said Mrs. Cotter. "I almost wished for death to relieve me. But help came in time and I am very grateful.

"Tell you the story? Yes, indeed. I never grow tired of telling it. Several years ago I was taken with neuralgia and suffered untold misery. I tried a great many doctors and several remedies with the result that I found temporary relief, but I was not cured and began to fear that I never would be.

"Then Policeman Reilly, who is a neighbor of ours, recommended that I try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People and I did so. I thought that the first box gave me some relief, and my husband insisted that I keep on taking them. I did and I can truly say that these pills are the only medicine that ever permanently benefited me.

"I used to have to give up entirely and lie down when the pain came on. My face would swell up so that my eyes would close. The pills cured all this and I have had no return of it for the last three years. I keep the pills constantly on hand as I believe they are a wonderful household remedy.

"To Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People I owe all the comfort I have enjoyed for the past three years in being free from neuralgia and I am glad to be able to recommend them."

Many who are now tortured with neuralgia will read with interest the above statement, which is beyond doubt as it was given over the signature of Mrs. William Cotter, whose husband has been Democratic register of elections in Hartford, Conn., for over ten years, and who is well known throughout the state.

Mrs. Cotter, who lives at No. 42 Windsor street, Hartford, is the mother of a happy family, and is now enjoying excellent health.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People will not only cure cases similar to that of Mrs. Cotter but, containing as they do, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves, they have proved efficacious in a wide range of diseases. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of grip, of fevers and of other acute diseases, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions and all forms of weakness, either in male or female. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are sold by all dealers or will be sent postpaid on receipt of price, fifty cents a box; six boxes, two dollars and fifty cents, by addressing Dr. Williams Medicine company, Schenectady, N. Y.

Asks Judge's Deed.

Mary Scarlett, through Francis W. Sullivan, as her attorney, filed in district court this morning an application for a judge's deed to the title of so much of lots 27 and 29, West Drew street, of the town of Portland, as lie in lot 13, block 124, Portland division of Duluth. The applicant sets forth that she derives title through a mesne conveyance from the corporate authorities of teh town of Portland, who held the property in trust for the benefit of the original occupants. This title passed Oct. 11, 1859, to David R. Greenlee, but there were certain defects in the passing of the title to Greenlee and to the applicants that the latter wishes to have corrected by a judge's deed. It is set forth that there are no disputants of the applicant's claim to the title to the property.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

ATTENTION!
Nord Stern Schw. Lodge No. 15 O. I. H. S. All sisters are requested to be at the Kalamazoo hall Sunday, the 9th of February, at 1 p. m., sharp, to attend the funeral of our late sister, Anna Stang.
By order of the committee.

NOT LIABLE.

Decision Favors John Owens In Northern Pacific Case.

Judge Dibell filed a decision in district court this morning finding for the defendant in the suit brought by the Northern Pacific Railway company against John Owens and his bondsmen as clerk of the courts. The action involved the liability of Owens for a deposit of court funds made in a bank, which afterward became insolvent.

The case was tried at the January term of district court. The railway company set up that it had paid into the hands of the clerk of the courts at that time—the late D. J. Sinclair—a sum of money to be used to meet the contingent award of commissioners in condemnation proceedings. The matter was in dispute for some time, and Sinclair turned the money over to Owens as his successor in the office of clerk of the courts. Subsequently, the court ordered the return of the money to the railway company, and Owens paid back only $1310, which was 65½ per cent of the amount originally paid into court by the railway company. He had deposited the court funds in the Marine National bank, which had failed as a result of a run started by the failure of other banks in the city, and the 65½ per cent represented the amount of the dividend paid by the receiver of the bank. The railway company contended that Owens was not ordered or authorized to deposit the money in the bank, except at his own risk, and that he should stand the loss.

Judge Dibell holds that the common law liability of a public officer was substantially that of a bailee for hire. Now the doctrine has become quite general that he is an insurer of the public funds coming to him by virtue of his office. However, it is held that the defendant acted in good faith in depositing the funds in the Marine bank, that he exercised care and diligence in the custody of the funds, and that it was lost without fault or negligence on his part. In his conclusions of fact, Judge Dibell decides that the Marine bank was in a safe condition almost up to the time its doors were closed.

THE GLEE CLUB.

Large Audience Delighted With U of M Boys.

The Minnesota university glee men held forth at the high school auditorium last night before a large and thoroughly appreciative audience. They were so well received in fact that two or three encores were demanded for every selection. The college boys thought it too much of a good thing, for after the concert was over one of them was heard to remark that Duluth people wanted more for their money than any one that the glee club had been up against.

About thirty-five college boys, composing the Glee and Mandolin clubs of the university, took part. Enthusiasm greeted both, but perhaps the Mandolin club was the favorite with the audience. The program was opened with Sousa's "The Stars and Strives Forever." An encore was responded to with "Zamona." The Glee club sang of their loyalty to the U. of M., and gave a very pleasing encore. "Harwood Gavote," by the Mandolin club, was followed by the "Mother Goose Medley," a combination of all of the known nursery songs, that was encored four times. On the third call the club gave an innovation in teh way of concert music. It was a nasal chorus. Each man held his hand over his nose and did something with startling effect. It delighted teh audience. On the fourth encore a bow and a pleasant smile was all that the crowd had coming.

Francis Robertson, who leads the Mandolin club, rendered a charming mandolin zolo, "Faust" Waltz, and the Glee club sang "The Mulligan Musketeers."

A selection from "King Dodo" delighted every one. Walter Brown sang the "Boatswain Bold." M. Cragg Walston rendered a violin solo. The Glee club sang a medley of catchy college songs, and "Pasionana," by the string musicians, and "Funicull, Funicull," by the two clubs together, closed the excellent program.

After the concert the musicians, alumni of both the university and the high school, and the senior and junior classe of the local school, repaired to the Masonic Temple, where a reception for the musicians was held. Dancing was indulged in until 12:30.

The audience was sufficiently large to yield a good profit to the senior class, which brought the clubs here

AT WEST DULUTH

Michael Kennedy, who was suspected of insanity, was picked up by the police of West Superior Wednesday and confined in a cell awaiting examination. Yesterday morning he committed suicide by strangling himself. He tied a strap around his neck, tied the other end to a bunk and kneeling down soon strangled to death.

Kennedy is supposed to be a character well known about West Duluth, who has gone by the sobriquet of 'Kicking Mike" Kennedy, at least that is the belief of a large number of West Duluth people, who say that Kennedy has not been seen for some weeks. So far as can be learned he has no immediate relatives and has been working about on the docks at odd jobs in this vicinity for some time. Kennedy was quite a drinker and it is said that this may have led to his insane condition. A prisoner occupying the cell next to Kennedy says that he was raving all Thursday night, but yesterday morning did not act unusual in any way.

Coroner Dudley, of West Superior, decided that an inquest was not necessary and the body will be held a few days to see if any relatives can be found.

ARBUR BOUND OVER.

Justice Robert Stone, of West Duluth, has rendered his decision in the case against William Arbur, charged with non-support of his family, and Arbur has been bound over to await the action of the grand jury, the offense, in case of conviction, being punished by imprisonment in the state penitentiary. Arbur was unable to put up bail and has been taken to the county jail to await the action of the grand jury.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Irving school alumni did not have the sleigh ride party last evening that the morning paper credited it with, but the ride will take place this evening. The members of the alumni will meet at the home of Miss Marie Tims. The report as to the dancing is also erroneous, as there will be none of that social amusement.

The 13-year-old son of G. M. Murray has been arrested for assault and battery. The complaint says that he bestowed punishment on Roy Jorgenson and gave another Jorgenson boy such a beating a few days ago that the lad had to keep his bed for some days.

Harry Knott, who is employed at the Mitchell & McClure banking ground, is said to have had a narrow escape from being crushed under logs yesterday. One of the logs broke away and started rolling for him and he jumped from a height of about twenty feet to save himself. One end of the log struck him in the face, making a deep cut and he was severely shaken up by his jump.

Charles Greeves has purchased a small lake back of Duluth Heights and is considering the proposition of stocking it with rainbow trout.

Frank Connors is the latest addition to the West Duluth fire department.

John Hagerty and family have moved to the Tremont hotel from Fifty-fifth avenue west.

H. R. Patterson has returned from a business trip to Scanlon.

O. Hoker is in Two Harbors on business.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Lansdale have returned to their home in Minneapolis after a few days' visit with relatives here.

William and George Chesire have returned to their home in Northern Michigan after a week's visit with West Duluth friends.

See cash prize contest for waltzers at the Samaritans' ball at Great Eastern hall next Monday evening, Feb. 10. Get invitations and tickets from members of the order. Seventy-five cents per couple. Supper by the Lady Maccabees extra.

FILIATRAULT, UNDERTAKER.
Funeral director and embalmer. Parlor next to Bank, West Duluth. Open day and night. New 'phone 1003 Picture frames. Work guaranteed.

Don't Forget
—the—
Dancing Club Ball
NEXT TUESDAY NIGHT.
Last Dance Before Lent. 25c per Couple.

A Noted and Distinguished Physician and Surgeon to Visit the Head of the Lakes.



DR. CHAS. A.

HOAG,

of Chicago.

The Head of the Lakes is to be honored with a visit by Dr. Charles A. Hoag, the noted and distinguished physician and surgeon, of Chicago, who comes by special request of a number of our best citizens. Dr. Hoag is widely known personally and his reputation is national as the leading specialist in the West in all affections of the Nose, Throat, Lungs, Heart, Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, as well as all nervous affections and their reflex action. He is constantly called in consultation all over the country for in these troubles he is the acknowledged authority. The Evening Herald hopes Dr. Hoag will be so favorably impressed with this section that he will again visit it that those who have tried so many times in vain to receive the desired aid may all be able to consult him in time. Many from this section have gone to Chicago in the past to consult him. The startling cures effected by Dr. Hoag have attracted the attention of the profession all over America. His diagnosis of a trouble in any of these ailments is relied upon by the entire profession. He fills his own prescriptions rather than trust it to another, and supplies his own, fresh, pure medicines that he knows he can rely upon for the best results in the shortest time. He performs every known operation in surgery at his hospital in Chicago, with the most astounding success. No matter what your trouble may be you can consult Dr. Hoag with that degree of confidence in receiving the desired relief, even if all others have failed. He may be consulted by a limited number of patients only, and those must not be under the care and treatment of any other physician. He will be in Ashland Thursday, February 13th, at the Athearn hotel, and at the West Superior hotel, West Superior, Friday, February 14th, office hours, 11 a. m. to 9 p. m.; Saturday, February 15th, office hours, 8 a. m. to 4 p. m., and may be seen privately in his rooms.

LETTER CARRIERS' BALL

Will Take Place at the Armory Monday.

At the Armory on Monday evening the letter carriers will give a dance that promises to be one of the leading public social events of the winter. Incidentally it is the first time that the letter carriers have ever given a public dance. The innovation is to raise money to entertain the postmaster general and a number of other distinguished men in Duluth next July. The various committees will have charge of the dance:

Floor—A. E. Halverson, J. Henneberry, A. R. Armstrong, S. J. Coultra, A. B. Heimbach, J. P. Jensen.

Refreshments—R. Randolph, C. Starkey, P. G. Thompson, J. F. McDonald, H. Teslaw.

Reception—R. D. Rice, F. Berkelman, M. S. McKenzie, L. Kusnerik, William P. Pinnell, Alfred Blais and J. S. Kriz.

ECZEMA; NO CURE, NO PAY.
Your Druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT fails to cure Ringworm, Tetter, Old Ulcers and Sores, Pimples and Blackheads on the face, and all skin diseases. 50c.

MAY STUDY PLANS.

Lima, Peru, Feb. 8.—The Peruvian government has granted to Alfred McCune and James Haggin, both Americans, permission to study for one year the plans of a concession for a railway from Chancay, department of Lima, or Huacho, on the bay of that name, to Cerro de Pasco, in the department of Janin.

Impaired Digestion

is quickly corrected by these wonderful pills—One trial will show you the reason for the big sales of

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere—In boxes 10c. and 25c.

Hotel Northern,
208 W. SUPERIOR ST.
Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

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PATENTS!
Mason, Fenwick & Lawrence,
James T. Watson,
Washington, D. C. Established 1861.
ALLOWANCE GUARANTEED If we report favorably on a preliminary examination as to patentable novelty. Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.
Palladio Bldg., Duluth, Minn.

RUPTURE AND PILES CURED WITHOUT CUTTING.



A GREAT HEALER.

Dr. Mitchell's Wonderful Cures Have Made His Name Famous the World Over.

There is no physician or healer living who is curing more cases of chronic and obstinate diseases than is Dr. Mitchell. During an experience of many years this true and great healer has cured thousands of those who had been pronounced incurable by the best physicians. His great magnetic gift enables him to accurately locate the diseased and weakened tissues, thus he never has to experiment for weeks to discover the real trouble.



A large number of people have been treated by Healer Mitchell, and all are enthusiastic over his work. He has not made a failure of any case that he has undertaken since coming to this city, and those who have received his treatment during the past four years endorse him highly. The Duluth Evening Herald has told of many cases, given the names and addresses of some of those whom he has cured, so if any are skeptical they can call upon the parties named and learn the truth for themselves. This great healer is today, without doubt, the most talked of man in the Northwest. Physicians, attorneys, clergymen, and in fact everybody are astonished at the wonderful work he is doing. Office, 17 East Superior street. 'Phone 579.

Bayha & Co.

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in City of Duluth.

Our Terms: CASH OR CREDIT

Make a good investigation and compare quality with prices and you will find we are 20 per cent lower than any other House Furnishers in this city—we care not who it is. We don't throw out one or two articles for a bait, but give you rock bottom prices on our entire line. Everything in Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc., Etc.

Special Discount on Lace Curtains for this coming week.

Our Terms.....
- $ 5.00 Down on $ 25.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 6.00 Down on $ 30.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 7.00 Down on $ 30.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 8.00 Down on $ 60.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 9.00 Down on $ 75.00 Worth of Goods
- $10.00 Down on $100.00 Worth of Goods

Wilton Velvet Carpets at $1.00 per yard—made, laid and lined, and on time at that.

BAYHA & CO.

24 and 26 East Superior St. Look for big Wire Sign on roof.

WANT OFFICE.

A Scramble For Office of Assistant City Clerk.

There are two Republicans and three Democrats out for the office of deputy city clerk. All five are hustling among the aldermen and seeking pledges for their support.

It's rather a good joke on the office seekers, but the aldermen have nothing to say about the deputy city clerk under the new charter as they did under the old charter. The office is filled by appointment by the city clerk instead of election by the council.

There seems to be but little doubt that H. W. Cheadle will be re-elected city clerk and if he is he will re-appoint Axel Zimmerman. In this Mr. Cheadle is backed by a number of the aldermen with whom he has discussed the appointment.

The Special Term.

It was an uneventful day in special term of district court today. The assignee of the Parisian Suit company filed his final account, which was allowed, and he was ordered to pay the creditors a final dividend on their claims of 5.9 per cent.

Other matters disposed of were: Mary Y. Magoun vs. Fireman's Fund Insurance company, motion for judgment, notwithstanding verdict, or for new trial, heard and submitted; Duluth Brewing and Malting company vs. C. O. Boystrom et al, judgment of foreclosure ordered; E. P. Alexander vs. C. B. Bailey et al, partly submitted.

Decision In Title Case.

A decision has been filed in district court in the case brought by R. Keyes against William Craig and others, involving the title to lot 14, block 2, Industrial division of the city of Duluth. It is ordered that the plaintiff recover from Craig the sum of $851.82 and interest, and from John R. Powling and John F. Moffett $967.22 and interest. The half interest of Craig in the lot referred to is to be sold to meet the claim against him, and the half interest of Charles G. Delitzsch is to be sold to satisfy the amount due from Powling and Moffat. The other defendants are to be foreclosed of any interest whatever in the title to the lot.

Ready For Mailing.

The finest assortment of fancy and comic Valentines in the city. New designs. Nothing like our stock at the head of the lake. Prices very reasonable. See our window display. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

Furniture Coverings.

Does your Chair, Couch or Sofa need a new cover? We have a large assortment at money-saving prices and will be pleased to estimate the cost of covering and repairing any piece of upholstered furniture you wish.

We have Pantosote Leather in four colors. Your chair covered with this material will last a lifetime. Let us figure with you. For estimate, call 320 Zenith Phone or drop us a postal and we will give your order prompt attention.

Duluth Upholstering Store,

12 West Superior Street.

TERRIBLE POSITION

John Berg Under Incline Counterweight as It Starts Up.

Balance Weight Car Has Immense Weight of Ten Tons.

He Miraculously Escapes Death But Suffers Severe Injuries.

The ten-ton counter balance car of the Seventh avenue incline ran over a workman this morning and only fractured his legs.

The man was John Berg, and his escape from death is difficult to account for.

Mr. Berg was employed by the street railway company and was engaged in making some repairs underneath the counter balance car at the foot of the incline at 9 o'clock this morning.

His body was under the car, but his legs were sticking out over the rail. The motorman at the top of the incline started the regular 9 o'clock trip while Berg was in this position.

There was no help for the workman. He rolled over flat on his stomach and tried to draw his legs in under the car away from the wheels, but only partially succeeded.

Those that saw the accident expected to pick up a dead man when the car passed over, but were surprised when Mr. Berg was able to sit up without help.

He was taken to St. Luke's hospital, where it was discovered that his right leg had sustained a compound fracture and that his left ankle was also badly crushed.

He stood the shock remarkably well, and a telephone message from St. Luke's hospital late this afternoon said that he was doing exceptionally well and both limbs would probably be saved.

MORE SOLD.

Richardson & Avery Dispose of Six Millions Feet More.

W. A. Avery, of Detroit, of the lumber firm of Richardson & Avery, arrived in the city this morning. The Richardson & Avery company has been very active in the local lumber market this week, and its total sales for the week amount to 17,000,000 feet, log run. About 11,000,000 feet of the sales have already been reported to parties in the East and at Chicago, and the remaining 6,000,000 feet will go in the same direction. Some of the lumber sold to Chicago will be moved by rail if the rates are satisfactory; if not, it will be held until the opening of navigation.

By this sale the Richardson & Avery company is practically out of the market for a time, having sold its cut a long way ahead. It is understood that the rest of the company's cut could be disposed of at the present time at a good figure, but it is the policy of the management to hold on until later in the season.

The lumber is being logged, rafted, cut and put on the docks by the Scott-Graff Lumber company, the latter being under a 20,000,000 to 30,000,000-feet contract with the Richardson & Avery company.

Attention, Maccabees!

All Sir Knights are requested to meet at the Maccabee Hall in Hunter Block at one o'clock SHARP Sunday, Feb. 9, to attend Lady Stang's funeral at the English Lutheran Church, corner Third Street and Lake Avenue North.

J. P. PETERSON, Com.
T. M. PUTMAN, R. K.

ATTENTION.

All members of Duluth Hive No. 1, L. O. T. M., are requested to meet at their hall tomorrow afternoon at 12:30 to attend the funeral of our late sister, Anna Stang.

F. E. Johnson, Com.

GOSPEL MEETINGS.

Salvation Army To Have Series Of a Week.

The local corps of the Salvation Army at the West End is preparing for a series of gospel meetings to be held every evening for one week to be conducted by Staff Captain Soderholm of Minneapolis division, assisted by the local officers of the army, accompanied by an excellent band from Minneapolis. The series will commence this evening with a concert at Normanna hall and continue with meetings every evening the coming week at the hall on Seventeenth avenue west and Superior street, except on Wednesday evening, when the meeting will be held at the Branch Bethel, at Fifth avenue west and Superior street.

The Sunday services at the hall will be led by Mr. Soderholm. The program for this evening at Normanna hall is as follows:

Song and music ..... Minneapolis Division band.
Invocation ..... Captain Bode.
Songs and music ..... Local Salvation Army band.
Scripture ..... Staff Captain Soderholm.
Solo—Selected ..... Lieut. Swanstrom.
Recitation ..... M. Hasselrath.
Solo—Selected ..... J. J. Moe.
Music—Selected ..... Minneapolis Division band.
Piano solo ..... Florence Nilson.
Speech—"A Good Word for the Woman" ..... Rev. John A. Anderson.
Songs and music ..... Minneapolis division string orchestra.
Declamation—"Treeas Engel" ..... Captain Bey.
Song—Selected ..... Captain Carlson.
Music ..... Local Salvation Army band.
Recitation—"Past and Present" ..... M. Liljeback.
Music ..... Minneapolis division band.
Speech ..... Captain Bode.
Benediction .....

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 311 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Parlor theater. All fun this week.

Stop at the Hotel Arlington. Everything first class, but the prices.

Joseph Netzel, formerly a subject of Germany, has taken out second papers.

Miss Clara Welming will leave for the East Monday to purchase a stock of millinery for the store she intends opening here the first of March.

An information of insanity was filed in probate court last evening against Catherine Hablen, of Hibbing. Nothing is known of the details of the case. The woman will be brought down this afternoon, and an examination may be held before Judge Bonham this evening or not until Monday.

Parlor theater. Season's greatest show.

Professor Ourat will organize the last adult beginners' class Wednesday, Feb. 12.

The Central W. C. T. U. will meet Monday at the M. E. church parlors at 3 p. m.

About twenty-five young people surprised Mrs. Louis A. Austin, of Rice Lake, on her birthday last Saturday. The evening was spent in dancing. Those present were: Messrs. and Mesdames J. H. Austin, W. M. Stycker, Mrs. E. C. McMinn; Misses Marie Russell, Maud Palmer, Ruby McMinn, Valetha Austin, Amanda Austin, Prudence Austin, Grace Johnson, Myrtle Johnson. Messrs. A. K. Cole, of West Superior; F. Hinkley, W. R. Addison, J. E. Brown, C. E. Worth, Walter Carey, F. R. Campbell, of Proctorknott; A. B. Helmer, George Sellick, Fred Berbig, Clifford McMinn, Parson Flat, Louis Austin, H. Berbig.

A stag dinner was given Friday evening in honor of Harry M. Levy, previous to his departure for Milwaukee, by his aunt, Mrs. J. D. Zlen, of 416 West Second street. Covers were laid for nine and a very enjoyable time was had by all present.

Photos, the best—Franz studio, 223 West Second street; low prices; ground floor.

During the month of January there were fifty deaths in Duluth and 166 births. The death rate was unusually low and the births extraordinarily numerous.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. W. M. Oddie and Mrs. W. D. Sanford, of St. Paul, are in the city visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. E. George, of Lester Park.

C. D. Rutherford, of Floodwood, is a guest at the St. Louis today.

E. A. Dewitt left over the Eastern today for the East.

Daniel Sullivan, who has charge of land affairs on the Red Lake reservation under Capt. Mercer, is at the St. Louis day.

Moses Chevrette, of Chisholm, is visiting in the city.

Ernest Miller, of 1325 London road, arrived home this week after a six weeks' visit with relatives in Chicago, Dayton, Onio and Sheboygan, Wis.

E. Summer, of the firm of Summer & Son, one of the best known Italian merchants in the city, returned yesterday from a trip abroad. Mr. Summer took his son over to Europe to spend some time studying architecture.

A. E. Delf, auditor of the South Shore road, is in tre city today.

Lou Marvin left today for Spokane, where he now resides. He used to be connected with the land department of the Northern Pacific road, and was stationed here. Mr. Marvin was on his way to the coast from a trip to the East.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., of New York, who lectures at the Methodist church tonight, is at the Spalding.

James Robertson, district freight agent of the South Shore road, went to St. Paul last night over the Eastern.

M. E. Fanning, of Virginia, is spending the day at the St. Louis.

W. C. Agnew will leave this afternoon via the Omaha for a trip East.

J. W. Naugle, of Gladstone, Mich., a member of the firm of Naugle & Holcomb, is at the Spalding.

Commercial Agent Frank Otis, of the Milwaukee, and Mrs. Otis, have gone to St. Paul for a visit.

Miss Lydia Grieser has gone to St. Paul to visit friends over Sunday.

Miss Clara Skeels, of the Buffalo flats returned the first of the week for a six weeks' visit with her parents in Marion. Mrs. Skeels has accepted a position with the firm of Baldwin & Baldwin.

YIELDED LITTLE.

Cash Register Robbers Ge Ten Cents.

A robbery that was not reported to the police department, took place at the lunch room of the Union depot a few days ago. During the early morning hours, when the night man in charge of the restaurant under the waiting room, had stepped out for a few moments, two men went in and removed the cash register, a very heavy piece of mechanism, weighing in the neighborhood of 200 pounds.

Next day the yard men found the register in the Northern Pacific yards about six blocks from the depot. The thieves had not injured it, simply opening the cash drawer and abstracting the contents, which happened to be a solitary 10-cent piece. The proprietor of the restaurant, now that he has his register back, considers that the thieves well earned the 10 cents in carrying the register as far as they did.

WON SOME PRIZES.

Duluth Men Captured Some at St. Paul Poultry Show.

Duluth owners of fancy poultry were pretty well represented at the recent poultry show in St. Paul, and it is a matter of note that a number of the best prizes were won by Duluth birds.

Theodore Hollister, president of the Duluth Poultry association, had pens of each of his three breeds, fifteen birds in all, and G. Hood Thompson had two pens of his Silver Grey Dorkings, eleven birds in all. Mr. Hollister carried off eleven premiums and Mr. Thompson ten premiums and a display, that will also carry the sweepstakes.

Mr. Hollister won first and second, on dark Brahma hens, first and second on pullets, first on cockerels and first on pen. Mr. Hollister also won third premium on blue Andulusian hens, second on cockerels, second on pullets and second on pen.

Mr. Thompson took second, third, fourth and fifth premiums for Silver Dorking hens, second and third for cockerels, second, third and fourth for pullets, second and third for pen and first for display.

COFFEE EYES.

It Attacks Many Persons There.

To illustrate how coffee can affect the eyes the words of a lady in Woodland, Iowa, are quoted:

"I was brought up to believe that tea was injurious, but was allowed to drink coffee from childhood. Ever since I can remember I have been subject to severe attacks of headache, otherwise my health was pretty good until a short time ago my eyes became affected; they ached and pained me continually and were often badly inflamed. I also had queer, dizzy feelings in my head almost continually.

"One time we were obliged to do without milk or cream for a few weeks, and not relishing my coffee clear, I left off its use. In a short time I was surprised to find my eyes greatly improved, and I felt better in every way, still I did not mistrust coffee, and began its use as soon as we got cream again. Within a few days my eyes were worse than ever. Then I resolved to quit coffee absolutely and take up Postum. This did and my eyes quickly recovered.

"My experience shows that while coffee caused headache and eye trouble, Postum Food Coffee does not produce any bad effects whatever and is greatly strengthening and nourishing." Name given by Postum company, Battle Creek, Mich.

Our Half Price Sale

On Ladies' Suits and Jackets

Is no "fire sale." We offer these absurbly low prices because we wish to close out the balance of fall and winter stock before our spring and summer goods arrive.

Children's Jackets at less than cost.

Our stock of Furs must be sold, and it is a good time to buy while they are cheap.

Children's Suits and Waists—a new lot just received.

OUR TERMS ARE EASY. Weekly or Monthly Payments

Gately Supply Co

Open until 10:30 Saturday Evenings. 8 East Superior Street.

CHINESE NEW YEARS

Began Today and Continues For Three Days.

This is the Chinese New Year's day, and the members of the Celestial race are taking their annual baths and yearly vaccation. Both are functions of great social importance. The Chinese New Year falls every twelfth moon. When the moon gets a little out of line with Father Time, the celebrants in the far East have to shift their New Year's day, and also their birthday, for every Chinamans' birth anniversary is reckoned from the first New Year's day following his advent into the world. In China it is a day of picturesque decoration and transparencies and of universal celebration and exchange of courtesies. All of the Chinaman's politeness comes to the surface at this time. The height of courtesy is to invite one's friends to take a bath with one's self, and the next is to give one's friend a gracious jolly.

Locally, the celebration of the holiday is confined to a recognition of the importance of the day. The Chinamen here indulge in no formal or concerted celebration. The holiday period lasts three days.

LINCOLN'S DAY BANQUET.

Fine Affair To Be Given at Pilgrim Church.

The Lincoln's day banquet at Pilgrim Congregational church promises to be a very successful affair. It is a question of accommodating all that want to come rather than filling the places at the banquet board. An attractive menu has been prepared, one that will tickle the palate of the most fastidious and at its conclusion there will be a feast of intellectuality that will satisfy everyone. Clarence B. Miller will be toastmaster. Toasts will be responded to as follows:

"Lincoln as a Man"—Rev. James G. Smith, of Superior.
"To the Ladies"—Hon. W. C. Culkin.
"Versatility"—J. Adam Bede.

The Curling Contest.

The president's and vice president's at the Curling rink began yesterday and is continuing this afternoon and evening. Four games were played yesterday evening and the vice president's side led by 9 points at the conclusion. The scores were as follows, the skip first named being on the president's side:

G. F. Mackenzie, 12, vs. W. L. McLennan, 14.
C. B. Woodruff, 4, vs. W. B. Dunlop, 16.
George Gibson, 15, vs F. A. Greene, 7.
D. Morrison, 10, vs. Alex McRae, 13.

Wins First Prize.

A. C. Pearson, of Duluth, wins the first prize offered by Leslie's Weekly for this week for photographic views of child life. Mr. Pearson selected two verses of John Greenleaf Whittier's beautiful poem, "The Barefoot Boy," and posed his 3-year-old son Galen to represent the boy. The little fellow appears on a rock in the middle of a creek with his trousers rolled well up above his knees and a happy smile on his face.

FIRE AT YANKTON.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—A Yankton, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: The large department store of W. J. Fantle & Bro., burned at noon today. Fire started in the basement and the flames spread rapidly through the light material of the stock. The building and stock are a complete loss. The value of the stock was $40,000 and the building, owned by E. P. Wilcox, was valued at $20,000. Both were fully insured. The fire threatens adjoining buildings in the same block.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—The Standard Oil company today secured a three months' contract from the state board of control.

The company will sell to the state every gallon of illuminating oil to be used in all the state institutions, excepting the Stillwater prison. The Minnesota Mercantile company will furnish the oils needed at the Stillwater prison.

Griggs, Cooper & Co., of St. Paul, secured the contract for supplying syrups and molasses to all state institutions.

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve in the division of redemption shows: Available cash balance, $179,838,535; gold, $87,899,770; silver, $20,648,159; United States notes, $12,342,339; treasury notes of 1890, $120 051; national bank notes, $12,531,096; total receipts this day, $1,833,760; total receipts this month, $11,869,490; total receipts this year, $342,211,216; total expenditures this day, $1,745,000; total expenditures this month, $11,025,000; total expenditures this year, $291,668,174; deposits in national banks, $116,273,191.

FIREMEN BURIED.

St. Louis, Feb. 8.—Mayor Wells, mounted police and a battalion of firemen led the funeral procession today of Assistant Chief Thierry, Franklin McBride, Charles Westenpoff and Daniel Steele, four of the seven firemen killed in Tuesday night's fire. Previous to this, religious services were held at the homes of the four men.

DEATH LIST.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—A special to the Dispatch from Neche, N. D., says: William Quinnel, a pioneer resident and leading farmer of Pembina county, died today from burns received while lighting a kitchen fire with gasoline, which he mistook for kerosene. He was prominent in fraternal lodge circles and will be buried at Bathgate under the auspices of the K. P. lodge of this place.

Cleveland, Feb. 8.—James W. Dickinson, former chief of the Cleveland fire department, died today after a long illness. eH was connected with the Cleveland department for nearly half a century and served as its chief for more than twenty years.

New York, Feb. 8.—Daniel Guernsey, soldier, lawyer and politician, died here today, aged 68. His home was for a long time at Poughkeepsie, where he held the office of county judge for twelve years.

Bartholomew F. Clune, a New York policeman, committed suicide today by shooting, rather than answer charges which had been preferred against him.

Thomas Manning, the well known yachtsman and yacht broker, is dead in this city from heart disease.

Laurel, Miss., Feb. 8.—H. B. Grant, aged 65, is dead. He was a civil engineer and West Point graduate. During the civil war he was a captain of engineers on Gen. Beauregard's staff and participated in the siege of Charleston and the defense of Macon and Savannah. He was the engineer of the new St. Louis bridge.

New York, Feb. 8.—Dr. Paul F. Munde, widely known in this country and in Europe as a gynecologist, died last night at his home in this city. He was a native of Saxony. He was brought to this country by his parents when a child. He graduated from the Harvard Medical school in 1886, served as a surgeon in the Bavarian army in the war of 1866 and distinguished himself in the Franco-Prussian war. He was the editor of the American Journal of Obstetrics from 1874 to 1892, one of the founders of the American Gynaecological society, of which he was president in 1898, and a member of the gynaecological organizations in England and Germany.

TELLS OF A MURDER

Kansas City, Feb. 8.—Rhoda Taylor made a written confession to the police of Argentine, Kans., across the river from here today that Noah Long, an aged stone mason, who disappeared mysteriously from his home there a week ago today, had been robbed and his body thrown into the Kaw river. Long was an old soldier and had drawn $210 pension money from the bank on Thursday last. The police are searching for the body in the river.

According to the woman's confession, Henry Donohue and James Goff were with her and Long at Donohue's house on the night Long disappeared. Donohue, who was infatuated with the woman, had, she asserts, taunted her with not beng able to secure the money from Long. During the evening, she declares, the men robbed the old man and then compelled her to start with him across a bridge over the Kaw. While in the middle of the bridge the men, she asserts, caught up with them, held Long back and ordered her to hurry on and not turn back.

A moment later she heard a splash, she says, and knew that they had thrown Long into the water. Donohue, Dave Moran, a nephew of the missing man, and the Taylor woman were arrested last Tuesday, and Goff was taken today after she had made the confession. All live in the bottoms along the river. Last night Moran attempted to kill himself by cutting an artery in his wrist. The nature of the charge against Moran is not known.

On the day before Long disappeared Thomas Carroll, 65 years old, was found dead in his house where he had lived alone for years. He was known to have considerable money, and wounds on his head made it appear that he had been murdered by robbers. No clue to his assailants have been found.

Following this, George Zimmerman, aged 63, a farmer, was found dead in his home, where he had lived alone, six miles west of Argentine. The body was frozen stiff. The coroner decided, however, that Zimmerman's death was due to heart disease.

CUT THIS OUT FOR REFERENCE.

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Rubber and steel stamps, stencils, notarial, corporate and lodge seals, wax seals, car seals, silk ribbon badges and banners, hat and coat badges, trade and pool checks, baggage and key checks, photographers' embossing presses, photo, campaign and society buttons, brass signs and door plates, brilliant glass signs.

WE DO—
Fine card and wedding engraving, steel die embossing, fine commercial printing, cleaning and repairing of numbering machines.

WE SELL—
Rubber stamp ink, stamp pads, numbering stamp ink, automatic numberers, check protectors (all the best kinds), price marking sets, rubber type, stencil ink and brushes, stencil letters and figures, etc., and furnish anything wanted for stamping or marking.

Consolidated Stamp and Printing Co.

BARKER & ORR, Proprietors,
322 W. First St., Ground Floor. Zenith 'Phone 755.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Glasgow—Arrived: Buenos Ayrean, Philadelphia; Phyrian from New York.
Liverpool—Arrived: Rhynland, from Philadelphia.
Genoa—Arrived: New England, Boston for Alexandria.
Copenhagen—Arrived: Hekla, New York for Stettin.
Antwerp—Arrived: Pennland, Philadelphia.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Robert E. Jones and Kathryn Mahady.

BIRTHS.

STOLTZ—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Albert Stoltz, 525 East Fourth street.
DAHLMAN—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Dahlman, 1607 East Fifth street.
JOHNSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Johnson, 208 Pittsburg avenue.
HANSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. M. H. Hanson, 2411 West Third street.
LUTES—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Lutes, 218 West Fourth street.
HOLLANDER—A son was born to Mr. and Mrs. William Hollander, on Feb. 5.
BULL—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Emerson K. Bull, of Fourteenth avenue east.

DEATHS.

MAGINNIS—The funeral of the late Christopher F. Maginnis will be held Monday morning at 8:30 in the Cathedral. Interment in Calvary cemetery.
PETERSON—Abraham Peterson, age 39 39 years, injured in a lumber camp a month ago, died Feb. 6 at his home, 521 Garfield avenue. Funeral services tomorrow afternoon at 2 o'clock in the Swedish Lutheran church.
STANG—The funeral of the late Mrs. Anna Stang will be held at 1:30 tomorrow afternoon in the St. John's Lutheran church, Lake avenue and Third street. Interment will be at Cleveland, Ohio.
Mombers of Welcome hive, No. 37, L. O. T. M., will attend the funeral in a body, meeting at the home of Mrs. Duff, 424 West Second street, at 1 o'clock.
OLSON—Henry A. Olson, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. John Olson, of 222 Devonshire street, died yesterday of quinsy. The funeral service will be at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon from the Olson residence.
CLOSE—Margaret L. Close, infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Close, 2324 West Third street, died this morning. The funeral service will be held in the Close home at 2 o'clock tomorrow afternoon.

Open day and Night. 728 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1256
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS. 109 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

NOT STICKY, GREASY, GUMMY OR disagreeable, but perfuming, exquisitely dainty, describes Satin-Skin Cream. 25c.



We cure Varicocele without cutting—thus avoiding the horrors of surgery.

THE LONGEST ESTABLISHED, MOST SUCCESSFUL SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN, AS MEDICAL DIPLOMAS, LICENSES AND NEWSPAPER RECORDS SHOW.

VARICOCELE

Whatever may be the cause of Varicocele, its injurious effects are well known. It is frequently the result of indiscretion, but may also be caused by blows, falls, strains, excessive horseback or bicycle riding or excessive dissipation. There is dull, heavy, dragging pain in the back, extending down through the loins; low spirits, weakness of body and brain, nervous debility, partial or complete loss of vigor and often failure of general health.

If you are a victim of this dread disease, come to our office and let us explain to you our process of treating you. You will then not wonder why we have cured hundreds of cases of Varicole within the past twelve months. Under our treatment the patient improves from the very beginning. All pain instantly ceases, soreness and swelling quickly subside, the stagnant circulation is rapidly restored to its normal condition, and the dilated veins assume their normal size, strength and soundness. All indications of the disease and weakness vanish completely and in their stead comes the pride, the power and the pleasure of perfect health and restored vigor.

We also cure to stay cured by our combined Eletcro-Medical Treatment **Nervo-Sexual Debility, Syphilitic Blood Poison, Stricture, Rupture and Urinary Diseases** and all the associate diseases and weaknesses of men. **Consultation** in person or by letter is absolutely **Free and Confidential**, and we give to each patient a **Legal Contract** to hold our promises. If you cannot call, write today.

REFERENCES: **Best Banks and Leading Business Men of this City**
Consultation in person or by letter free and confidential.
Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

Progressive Medical Association
No. 1 W. Superior Street, Cor. Lake Ave., Duluth, Minn.

COST OF BURIALS

County Commissioners to Investigate Difference In Prices.

Costs County More In Duluth Than In Outside Towns.

Applications For Abatement of Taxes---Road Fund Overdraft.

The county commissioners will investigate the pleasant subject of relative cost of burying subjects of the coroner's ministrations. Each commissioner will investigate in his own district and report at the next meeting of the board. Undertakers in various parts of the county are turning in bills at different prices for doing the work. In Duluth it costs $20 per burial. In Hibbing the undertaker gets $17, and at other points as low as $15 is charged. The board is a stickler for equality, particularly in death, and the commissioners from up country can't see why a man should have a $3 or $5 better burial just because he happens to die a violent or unattended death in the metropolis of the county.

In pursuing this edifying subject, apropos of some bills, yesterday afternoon, the commissioners were also treated to a discussion of coroner's fees by Associate County Attorney Crosby. Mr. Crosby explained that under the law the coroner had to be called in if the decedent was not attended by a physician; that in addition to the attendance of the coroner if the death was a violent one. In each case the coroner gets $5 and mileage. But it was the price of burials that attracted the most attention, and the commissioners will see if they cannot place all burials on the same scale.

A hearing was given L. R. Martin, who had applied for an abatement of taxes on ties. City Assessor Olafson was present and at times a fairly spirited colloquy occurred between the two. Mr. Martin was assessed for owning $8045 worth of ties, whereas he claimed to have had only $2455 so invested on May 1. He said he had no such number of ties in Duluth at that time, and that the railroad books would prove this.

Mr. Olafson said Mr. Martin had been asked to furnish a statement of his ties, but had failed to do so in time.

Mr. Martin admitted that he was tardy because he was out of the city at the time, but he said he had offered to prove by his books that the city assessor was wrong.

Mr. Martin was advised to get an assessor's certificate from Lake county showing the ties he had been assessed for there.

The application of R. A. Torren for an abatement of the personal property tax on a large vault in the Torrey building on the ground that it was real property brought out that the vault was added to the building for the use of the water company. The matter was passed over and Assessor Olafson was asked to investigate it.

A resolution introduced by Commissioner Patterson provoked some discussion. This resolution had for its purpose the setting aside of $7000 from the levy for the special road fund to meet the overdraft existing in the fund. Commissioner Patterson explained that he believed in meeting the overdraft, the amount that could not be collected on the tax, which he estimated at $2000, and the miscellaneous expenses of the fund, which would be $2000.

Mr. Berdie questioned if it was wise to set aside so much and if the conditions of the fund would not warrant a more hopeful view of the situation.

Mr. Patterson said that he did not believe in going ahead and spending money that the county could not collect. He wanted to arrange it so that the fund could not possibly be overdrawn at the end of the year. The resolution was finally adopted.

Action taken at the previous meeting declaring that the county had no interest in the St. Louis county building on the state fair grounds was rescinded. Commissioner Patterson explained that the action had been taken under the impression that the county had never contributed to the cost of erecting the building. However, he had learned since that the county had contributed $850 to the building, and he wanted to rescind the former action for this reason. Consequently the building will not be sold for the benefit of others than the county.

D. A. Petre, receiver of the St. Louis County Agricultural association, was authorized to collect the claims due for rental of spaces in the fair building and to report at the next meeting. The action was a formality necessary to the closing up of the receivership.

A resolution was adopted providing that in future on all taxes abated the legal penalty and interests should be figured on the balance not abated.

An appropriation of $300 was made for building a bridge on the Burnside road.

The First State Bank of Tower was appointed a depository of county funds to the amount of $10,000, and the surety bond was approved. The application of the Bank of Chisholm was withheld.

The incorporation of the city of Eveleth was provided for by the fixing of Feb. 28 as the day for holding the first city election. Three election districts are created.

"77" COLDS

PREVENTS AND BREAKS UP

"Seventy-Seven" is Dr. Humphreys' Famous Specific for Grip and Colds, consisting of a small bottle of pleasant pellets that fits the vest pocket, handy to carry.

"Seventy-Seven" cures Crip, Colds, Influenza, Catarrh, Pains and Soreness in the head and chest, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, General Prostration and Fever.

"Seventy-Seven" stops fresh Colds and breaks up Stubborn Colds that hang on and do not yield to ordinary treatment.

At all Druggists 25 cents, or mailed on receipt of price. Doctor's Book mailed free.

Humphrey's Homeopathic Medicine Co., corner William and John streets, New York.

Aldermen Elected Last Tuesday.



M. B. CULLUM, First Ward.

T. M. KRUMSIEG, Second Ward.

J. A. MANNHEIM, Third Ward.

THOMAS TREVILLION, Fourth Ward.

W. E. McEWEN, Fifth Ward.

E. OLSON, Sixth Ward.

R. D. HAVEN, Seventh Ward.

W. E. KERN, Eighth Ward.

THE DECISION.

More as to Judge Cant's Ruling In Supt. Park's Case.

Judge Cant's decision filed yesterday, quashing the writ of mandamus ordering City School Superintendent Denfeld to show cause why he should not be required to furnish a list of city teachers and their substitutes, showing the kind of certificates they were teaching under, was based on the finding that the law does not compel the city superintendent to report to the county superintendent.

The action was brought by County Superintendent Park, who claimed that City Superintendent Denfeld had ignored his request made Nov. 14 last, that he be furnished with such a list. Dec. 7 Judge Ensign issued a writ directing Superintendent Denfeld to show cause.

Judge Cant finds that the statute providing for the apportionment of the state school fund compels school districts to furnish complete reports to the state superintendent. The request of Superintendent Park, however, did not appear to have emanated from the state superintendent, but from the county superintendent himself. The court notes that perhaps the legislature intended to provide that county superintendents should receive this information, but the wording of the law left the matter in doubt. Corrective legislation should be had to clear up the uncertainty. Judge Cant orders that the writ be quashed.

Court Filings.

Judge Cant has granted a divorce to William Holmes from Eliza Holmes and awarded the latter the custody of the child.

The suit of the Duluth & Iron Range railway vs. C. A. Smith has been dismissed by stipulation.

Frank A. Raley has made a motion for a new trial in his suit against the Victor company on the grounds that the verdict was not justified by the evidence, and was contrary to law and on account of alleged errors of law.

Jessie H. Smith has brought suit in district court to recover from Richard A. Mabey $154.45 alleged to be due for stenographic work done in Minneapolis, Austin N. McGindley is plaintiff's attorney.

An affidavit for the garnishment of A. A. Farrington and Robert A. Eaton accompanies the complaints.

The defendants in the action brought by A. Fitger & Co. against A. Guthrie & Co. have filed a demand for a change of venue to Ramsey county. The complaint has not been filed as yet. P. C. Schmidt is plaintiff's attorney.



Cured After Years of Pile Torture.

James Kenton, Memphis, Tenn., says: "I suffered the tortures of itching piles for years, and not even mercurial ointment would relieve me. One 50 cent box of Pyramid Pile Cure cured me entirely." All druggists sell it. Book, "Piles, Causes and Cure," mailed free, Pyramid Drug Co., Marshall, Mich.

A CHIEF JUSTICE RECOMMENDS PE-RU-NA.

PE-RU-NA CURES CATARRH.



Hon. Silas Hare
EX-CHIEF JUSTICE OF NEW MEXICO.

Silas Hare, of Sherman, Texas, was born in Ross county, Ohio, Nov. 13, removed to Hamilton, Texas, when thirteen years of age. Served one year in the war with Mexico. Was chief justice of New Mexico in 1862. Practiced law in Indiana in 1850. Settled in Sherman, Texas, in 1865. Was district judge and was elected to Fiftieth congress, was defeated by Hon. Joseph W. Bailey, now United States senator from Texas. Is father of Maj. Hare, who served with distinction in the Philippine war. This distinguished gentleman in a letter from the Hamilton house, Washington, D. C., says:

"I earnestly recommend your Peruna to all persons suffering with catarrh or nervous disorders. I am satisfied that it is a good and wholesome remedy." SILAS HARE.

CATARRH CURES.

An Ever-Increasing Host of Witnesses.

It used to be very common to hear people say that chronic catarrh cannot be cured. The science of medicine has made all such statements absurd in this day and age of the world. Those who know of Peruna, know that catarrh can be cured. A few of the great multitude of witnesses to this fact will be given. The names and addresses are given that everybody may have an opportunity of investigating further if they desire.

Mr. Jacob L. Davis, Galena, Mo., writes: "I have been cured of my catarrhal affliction, and think that Peruna is all you claim it to be. You are at liberty to use this testimonial if you wish.

"JACOB L. DAVIS."

Mr. S. R. Hankinson, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., writes:

"I have suffered for a long time with severe headaches, caused from catarrh. Some time ago I was confined to my bed. I had severe pains in the region of my kidneys. I read of Peruna in a little pamphlet, and purchased a bottle, and felt a little better. I continued taking it faithfully and feel better than I have for fifteen years. Your Peruna has done wonders for me, and I am free to say that no words of mine can frame a sentence strong enough in praise of what Peruna has done for me.

"S. R. HANKINSON."

Mr. H. W. Hawes, No. 109 Grove street, San Francisco, Cal., writes:

"For nine years I was a sufferer from catarrh. I was advised by a friend to try Peruna. After taking one bottle I noticed much improvement, and the second cured me. I freely recommend Peruna to suffering humanity.

"H. H. HAWES."

Mr. F. G. Morrow, Strathroy, Ont., writes:

"I suffered for years with catarrh and I tried Peruna, and it cured me within few months, and I am very grateful and most pleased with the results I obtained from its use. Whenever I feel a cold coming on I take a few doses of Peruna and it at once throws off all unfavorable conditions. F. G. MORROW."

Mr. Samuel J. Peterson, conductor of the Detroit lodge I. O. O. F., 77 Madison avenue, Detroit, Mich., writes:

"Peruna has given me an iron constitution. I suffered for years with a most unpleasant catarrh of the head and throat which gave me an offensive breath. A friend advised me to try Peruna. I did so, rather skeptical in mind, and now there is nothing I have so much faith in as your catarrh remedy. In nine weeks I was completely cured, my general health was so greatly improved and I soon found myself stronger than I had been for years, and I can endure more strain and work than I have been able to endure for years. SAMUEL J. PETERSON."

If you do not derive prompt and satisfactory results from the use of Peruna, write at once to Dr. Hartman, giving a full statement of your case and he will pleased to give you his valuable advice gratis.

Address Dr. Hartman, President of The Hartman Sanitarium, Columbus, Ohio.

IN MICHIGAN.

Several Miners Had Their Feet and Hands Frozen.

Ironwood—Geo. Crannock, employed at the Great Western mine, Iron county, was picked up in the snow near the mine a few days since with both feet and hands frozen. It thought they will have to be amputated. John Charnitsky, an employe of the Columbia mine, was also picked up with hands and feet frozen. It will be necessary to amputate fingers and toes from both hands and both feet and it may be necessary to even amputate hands and feet to save the man's life.

Menominee—Another new industry, different from the average run, has started up in Menominee and promises to be a great success. Two gentlemen have leased Sawyer's poultry farm, north of the city, and are going into the business on a large scale. The place will be fitted up with brooders, hatchers and all things necessary to such an industry. There will be wire compartments and yards for the chickens from 5 to 6 feet hight, with coops heated by hot water, and protected from rats by wires sunk into the ground for several feet.

More room is needed for the schools at Menominee. The board is now renting four rooms in the St. John's building and even with that there are a large number of scholars out of school on account of the lack of room. Some are out altogether and some have to be admitted only for half time.

Crystal Falls—William Margison, a Crystal Falls diamond drill runner, had an arm broken while descending the shaft at the Verona mine last week. He was on his way down after having eaten dinner and was going at a rapid rate. He was standing near the edge of the cage, and put his hand into his vest pocket to get a match. In doing so his arm protruded out through the side bars and far enough so that it caught between the bars and the wall plate, snapping it in two before he realized what happened.

THE DAKOTAS

Lawrence Donovan Has Jumped His Bonds of $500.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Deadwood—Lawrence Donovan, of Sturgis, against whom an information had been filed, and who was released under $500 bonds, has left the country. Donovan and John Pfeifer, of Sturgis, were arrested for receiving stolen grain from the storehouse at Fort Meade. Two soldiers of the Thirteenth cavalry were implicated in the theft, and were tried by court-martial and sentenced. Pfeifer's case is being investigated by the grand jury, and it is expected that an indictment will be returned.

The circuit court calendar for the term which convenes in Deadwood Feb. 11, is the largest that has been known in this court since 1895. There are 134 cases, of which seventy-eight are jury cases and fifty-six court cases. It is expected that twenty other cases will be added before the beginning of the term.

Aberdeen—Commissioners of the Soldiers' home at Hot Springs are still wrestling with the accounts of Arthur Linn, former commandant. According to the ledger kept by Mr. Linn his clothing account is $1037.75 short, while according to his issue sheets he is short $1038.40.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Glenullin—The shipments of cattle from this place the past year were very encouraging. The records show a greater average than any previous season. This condition is highly gratifying to the farmers, as it was generally thought the immigrants would drive out the ranchers.

Fargo—City Attorney Miller has instituted an action against County Treasurer Ross to compel him to turn over to the city the penalty and interest on delinquent taxes. The treasurer holds the city is entitled only to the principal and holds back the rest on the advice of the state's attorney.

Bismarck—With the decision of the general land office, reservoir claims are again being accepted by the local land office, and seventy-one were filed during January. These claims give the settler the right to the land for two years, in which time the claimant must complete a reservoir containing at least 1,500,000 gallons of water. Several ranchmen have complied with the law, but many have taken advantage of the law to secure additional range for two wears. The reservoir claims may be covered by homestead entries, subject to compliance of the first claimant with the reservoir law. If that is not done, the homestead claimant may prove up on the land.

Steele—On Nov. 30, J. S. Dunham, an old settler, started to drive from his farm in Manning township six miles south of Steele, to Eldora, Col. No word has been received from him at either end of the route, and his brother, A. L. Dunham, of Eldora, as written to the publisher of the local paper which Dunham had ordered sent to his Colorado address to ascertain if he had started.

Wheatland—Mrs. A. Mosher, living on a farm about sixteen miles northwest of Wheatland, was stricken yesterday with paralysis and was left without the power of speech or movement. It is feared she will die.

IS CROOKED.

Austrian Held In New York For Raising Checks.

New York, Feb. 8.—Arpod Von Kuginyi, formerly a first lieutenant in the Austrian army, then a banker, and last a journalist is confined in the Tombs, because of the allegations of a German hotel keeper of this city, who charges Von Kubinyi with having raised two of his checks from $3 each to $80 each. This Von Kubinyi denies. He was held in default of $1000 bail.

Von Kubinyi says his father is president of the Bar association of the Northern district of Hungary and that his uncle is an equerry to Emperor Francis Joseph.

IOWA

Legislature Interested In Surplus For Extraordinary Expenditure.

Des Moines, Feb. 8.—Estimates of the treasury surplus available for extraordinary appropriations by the legislature have been transmitted to that body by the auditor and treasurer of state. They estimate that $257,572 is subject to expenditure. It is assured that the legislature will appropriate about $1,000,000 in addition.

Senator Allison has notified Gov. Cummins that little doubt exists that Iowa will be able to recover its entire war claim of $456,000 against the general government. Members of the ways and means and the appropriations committees of both houses are much interested for if the money can be recovered it will add that much to the amount available for extraordinary expenditures now in the treasury. The legislature could then appropriate about $2,100,000.

REMAINS

Of Distinguished Persons In St. Peter's Vault.

New York, Feb. 8.—An interesting ceremony has taken place in the vault of St. Peter's church, in the Tower of London, cables the London correspondent of the Tribune. The ceremony was the erection of a tablet recording that within the walls of the vault were deposited two chests containing the remains of many distinguished persons who had been beheaded on Tower Hill, and which for a time were interred beneath the floor of the chancel. The removal of these remains, which includes the bones of Lady Jane Grey, her husband, Lord Guilford Dudley, the duke of Northumberland and the duke of suffolk, all executed during the reign of Queen Mary, was carried out about forty years ago.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

For Something Special to Eat try **WALL'S Stag Chop House.**

SMOKERS SMOKE GOOD CIGARS...

Our assortment of foreign and domestic cigars is the largest and most carefully selected in the city. All the well known makes, from which we select a few—

LA VERDAD, LA LINDA,
EL MODELO, GATO,
EL TELLO, LA EMMENCIA,
TENNYSON, TOM MOORE.

S. F. Boyce
DRUGGIST,
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

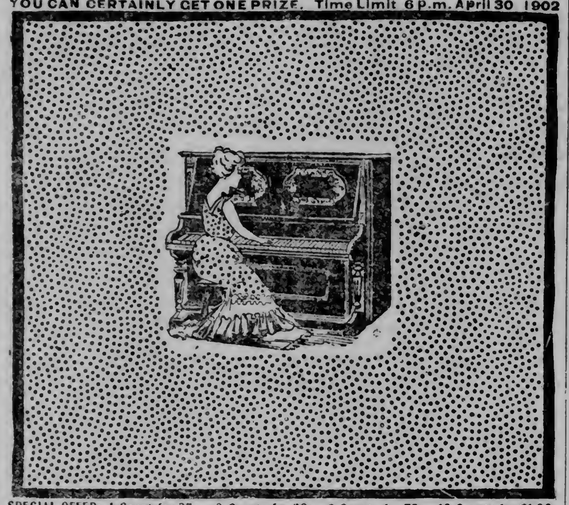
Free FOR YOUR **COUNT** — **A $500 Piano** OR **$500 in Gold** — **Free** FOR YOUR **COUNT**

And One Hundred $1.00 Cash Prizes Besides.

The one who guesses the correct number of d ots in this puzzle will receive an **Elegant Piano**, packed and delivered **FREE** on board cars, St. Paul, Minn.

In the event of two or more guessing the correct number the $500, value of the piano, will be divided pro rata among those who count the correct number. If for instance, there are only two that count the correct number each will receive **$250 in gold**. If there are five who count the correct number, each one will receive **$100 in gold**. There are also **One Hundred $1 Cash Prizes** which will be given the first hundred contestants counting next nearest the correct number.

YOU CAN CERTAINLY GET ONE PRIZE. Time Limit 6 p.m. April 30 1902



SPECIAL OFFER: 1 Count for 25c. 3 Counts for 50c. 6 Counts for 75c. 10 Counts for $1.00. SUBSCRIPTION WITH EACH COUNT.

Count Slowly and Accurately. It is worth your time for you are very liable to **WIN one of the 101 Prizes.** The Piano has been turned over to the State Bank of St. Paul and they will see that it is delivered to the winner. Every one is entitled to a registered count on receipt of each 25 cents sent for one year's subscription to the **Mail Order Monthly Magazine**, a publication adapted for both young and old, containing much valuable information, Beauty Secrets, Ask Editorials, A Children's Page, Women's Page, Farmer's Page, Page for the Traveling Public, and Interesting Stories. Get up a Club of Ten and each one agree to divide his prize with the other nine. This will give you ten chances to win a prize

REMEMBER you cut out the coupon and send it in with the number of dots you count together with your name and address plainly written. Address **The Dot Editor, of the Mail Order Monthly Magazine, St. Paul, Minn.** Each count will be numbered every day by an automatic numbering machine so no mistake can occur. All counts must be sent through the mail. All remittances must be made in Post-Office Orders, Express Money Orders, or Cash in Registered Letter, otherwise we are not responsible. No count will be registered unless accompanied with 25 cents, the subscription price of the **Mail Order Monthly Magazine.**

Fill out the coupon below and write plainly.

The number of dots I count is .....

DOT EDITOR, MAIL ORDER MONTHLY MAGAZINE
St. Paul, Minn.

Enclosed find..... for..... subscription to the MAIL ORDER MONTHLY.

Dot Editor No. 19.

Name.....

Post Office..... State.....

(State if you have sent other counts before.)

If you want the magazine sent to any one else send name and address on a seperate piece of paper.

If you don't have time to count the dots yourself, start the children at it for it has an educational value to them and a cash value to you. It teaches them accuracy and perseverance and inspires ambition. Maps and coupon charts will be sent you or your friends upon application. Send for them at once. The judges of this contest will consist of the following well known and responsible people.

J. C. JENSEN, Cashier State Bank of St. Paul, Capital $100,000.00.
HON. R. A. SMITH, Ex-Postmaster, and now Mayor of St. Paul.
E. J. HODSON, President Security Trust Co., St. Paul, Capital Stock $275,000.00.

DON'T DELAY—SEND YOUR GUESS AT ONCE TO
Mail Order Monthly. St. Paul, Minnesota.

A SUCCESS.

Orphans' Home Benefit Fills the Armory---A Fine Program.

A fine concert for charity's sake was given at the Armory last evening under the auspices of Duluth council, Knights of Columbus. The benefit was given for St. James Orphans' home at the corner of Twentieth avenue west and West Fourth street. The attendance was very large, every available seat in the Armory being taken and the gallery filled.

The program was an exceptionally fine one and some of the best talent in the city took part. Flaaten's orchestra opened the concert with the overture, "William Tell," and rendered several other selections at intervals during the evening, including the sacred fantasia, "Providence," by Tobani and the grand selection from "Bohemian Girl." The orchestra responded to encores. The soloists of the evening were Mrs. James McAuliffe, Miss Anna Farrell and E. W. Prophet. Mrs. McAuliffe gave a beautiful interpretation of the "Kerry Dance." Miss Farrell rendered Filiogenigo's "Ora Pro Nobis," and Mr. Prophet was heard in the "Prologue it Pagliacco," by Leoncavalli. The soloists were all well received and responded to encores.

An address was delivered by Bishop McGolrick, who talked for about thirty minutes along the line of Christian charity. He said the St. James home cares for about sixty children, no matter what their creed, who have lost their parents through death. Some of them, perhaps, have a mother, but she has been left with a large family and slender means of support and the children are better cared for at the home. The bishop urged the people of the city to visit the home and see for themselves how well the children are cared for and how happy they are.

He said there are many kinds of philanthropy at the present day; the philanthropist who believes in the principle, but never gives anything; the humanitarian, who builds houses of refuge for animals and erects marble shafts over their remains; those that build better stables for their horses than thousands of men put their heads under. There are many other kinds, but these names are examples. Bishop McGolrick said he admired socialism in a certain sense, but that there are socialists that do not believe in the principles of humanity. He cited as an instance a letter that he has received from a man on the range who says he was formerly a believer in churches and religion, but he has been reading certain books whose logic has convinced him that there is no charity in the Christian religion. The bishop said he had a mind to answer by saying: "Dear Sir—We have an orphans' home here with sixty children in it. While the great question is being settled for time and all eternity, we would be very glad if you will send down $5 for the home." (Laughter.)

"I believe," said the bishop, "that Christianity would have denied its very foundation were it not charitable. That man who announces that he is a church-goer and is not charitable, I believe his religion is all in vain, no matter what may be his creed. All those who are trying to be Christians are those that are practicing charitableness."

Bishop McGolrick then named three charitable institutions, Sisters of Mercy, Sisters of the Poor and Sisters of the Good Shepherd and gave an outline of the work of each organization and the self-sacrificing spirit of their members. He deprecated the vicious attacks that have been made on the statehoods by irresponsible writers. The bishop said that one of the great dangers that threatened the country today is paganism. He referred to the millions of people that do not go to church and have no religion, and asked if that were not a condition that tends toward paganism. Then, by quotations from ancient writers and their contemporaries, right down through the ages he showed that the pagans have had no feeling for the poor. Such a spirit he showed to be common with modern philosophers that have not the influence of Christianity in their lives. The whole philosophy of paganism, said he, is "Woe betide the poor man."

"But we, where Christianity has full power and influence, find men and women who are self-sacrificing and who will help the unfortunate."

In closing, the bishop urged that as often as they have the opportunity, people should be glad to render assistance to the charitable institutions, for every act of charity done unto one of God's little ones is the same as rendered to God himself.

Cleanse Your Blood

The cause of all spring humors, pimples and eruptions, as well as of that tired feeling and poor appetite, is found in impure, depleted blood.

The perfect blood purifier is Hood's Sarsaparilla, as multitudes know by experience.

It cures all blood diseases, from the smallest pimple to the stubborn scrofula sore—from morning tiredness to extreme nervous prostration.

Begin taking it TODAY.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Spring Medicine. Be sure to get Hood's.

NOT GUILTY

But the Editor Was Assessed $1000 For Costs.

Clearfield, Pa., Feb. 3.—"Not guilty, but pay the costs," is the finding of the jury in the libel case brought by Frank Harris, state treasurer-elect, against P. Grany Meek, editor of the Bellefonte Democratic Watchman.

The charge made by Mr. Harris against Mr. Meek, was criminal libel. The suit was based on a publication in Mr. Meek's paper reflecting on Mr. Harris during the recent campaign.

The costs amounted to about $1000. The case attracted widespread interest in political circles throughout the state and almost every prominent politician and office holder in the state was subpoenaed as witnesses.

SCHLEY'S AT HOME.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Rear Admiral and Mrs. Schley arrived in Washington this morning from their Western and Southern trip and went at once to their apartments in the Richmond. The severe cold from which the admiral has been suffering has greatly improved.

FELL ON ICY WALK

Christopher F. Maginnis Almost Instantly Killed on Slippery Walk.

Struck His Head on Curb Injuring a Vital Spot.

Young Man Was Well Known---Son of John Maginnis.

A distressing accident occurred on Fifth avenue west last evening resulting in the death of Christopher F. Maginnis.

The sidewalk, like most Duluth sidewalks, was ice covered and very slippery. Mr. Maginnis slipped and fell, striking his head on the curb and injuring a very vital part of the brain. He died within a few moments.

But a short time before his death he got up from the dinner table at his home, 410 Sixth avenue west, and told his mother that he must hurry to keep a skating appointment with a young lady friend.

When he left the house he was in the best of spirits and enjoying robust health. He said he was going out to the West Duluth rink. To reach Superior street he took the west side of Fifth avenue, and was seen to fall while in front of Jensen's office, midway between First street and Superior street.

The man that saw him fall hurried to his assistance when he did not attempt to get up, and found that he was scarcely breathing. He was carried into the Lawrence tailoring establishment where he died without regaining consciousness.

Coroner Boyer reached the scene of the accident shortly after Mr. Maginnis died and made a thorough investigation of the case. He says that it is such a plain case of accidental death that an inquest was not necessary.

It was reported that Mr. Maginnis fell against a printing sign at the outside of the sidewalk—the sign was there, but the coroner is satisfied that he struck his head on the crub and then clutched the sign board.

A great crowd assembled about the tailoring establishment shortly after the accident, and when Coroner Boyer was arranging to have the body removed to Durkan & Crawford's undertaking rooms, one young man in the crowd asked him who it was that had been killed.

"Some person said it was Christopher Maginnis," said the coroner.

"My brother!" cried the young man, who proved to be W. Graham Maginnis. The young man could not believe that the dead man was his brother whom he had seen so happy and cheerful at the dinner table but a short time before, and followed the undertaker's wagon to Durkan & Crawford's where he satisfied himself as to the identity.

Mr. Maginnis was the 21-year-old son of Mr. and Mrs. John Maginnis, a nephew of C. P. Maginnis and Hon. Martin Maginnis, of Montana.

Besides a father and mother the young man is survived by two sisters, Mary and Florence Maginnis, and by three brothers, Martin, Graham and James.

Mr. Maginnis was employed in the First National bank where he was regarded as an exceptionally capable and promising young man. He graduated from the Duluth high school in the class of 1900.

At noon today the funeral arrangements had not been announced.

An Ideal Medicine.

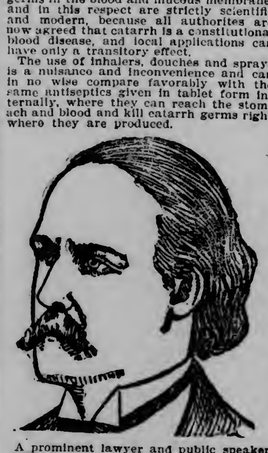
A New Discovery Which Cures All Forms of Catarrh.

The tablet is the ideal form in which to administer medicine, but until recently no successful catarrh tablet has ever been attempted. There is now, however, an excellent and palatable remedy for catarrh in tablet form, known as Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and sold by druggists, composed of the most powerful catarrh medicine for cure of catarrh and results from their use have been highly gratifying.

The old time treatment of catarrh was in the form of inhalers, washes, douches, sprays, etc. Later on internal remedies were used with greater success, but being in liquid or powder form were inconvenient to use and like all medicines in liquid or powder form, lose their medicinal properties when opened or exposed to the air.

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets contain highly concentrated antiseptics, Eucalyptol, Blood Root, etc., which kill the catarrh germs in the blood and mucous membrane, and in this respect are strictly scientific and modern, because all medicines in liquid or powder form are now agreed that catarrh is a constitutional blood disease, and local applications can have only a transitory effect.

The use of inhalers, douches and sprays is a nuisance and inconvenience and can in no wise compare favorably with the same antiseptics given in tablet form internally, where they can reach the stomach and blood and kill catarrh germs right where they are produced.



A prominent lawyer and public speaker of Pittsburg says: "I have been troubled with catarrh of the head and throat for twelve years, in this climate it seems impossible to get rid of it. The continual dropping of mucous from the nose into the throat caused irritation and hoarseness, seriously interfering with my public speaking. It took me an hour or more of coughing, gagging, expectorating and sneezing every morning before I could settle down to work and this condition gradually brought on catarrh of stomach, causing loss of appetite, poor digestion and a foul breath, which annoyed me exceedingly. My physician advised me to try Stuart's Catarrh Tablets, and I took them for two months and was astonished to find how quickly they cleared my head, throat and stomach and I have no hesitation in recommending them. They are not only pleasant to take, but they seem to get at the very root of the trouble, because since using them I have had no trace of catarrh."

Druggists sell Stuart's Catarrh Tablets at 50 cents for full sized packages.

They can be carried in the pocket and used any time and as often as desired since they contain no cocaine, mercury or any other injurious drug.

LEGISLATURE IS BUSY

what it means, more opponents to the tax bill are made.

The legislature had its eyes opened yesterday when it was shown by convincing arguments that the proposed bill means confiscation of the savings of the thrifty, ruin to the only lake port of the state, paralysis to the flour milling interests of the state, lower prices to the farmer for his grain, higher taxes on his farm, and the removal of safeguards that the laws he has made have thrown around his dealings with the grain buyers of the state.

The complete failure of the passage of the bill is freely predicted. Many and vigorous amendments to it in vital spots are certain if it does pass. Its friends are growing faint of heart and its enemies are becoming more aggressive and adventurous as each day's victories strike more doleful notes on its funeral knell.

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One of the most vigorous and indomitable supporters of the bill is James A. Peterson, of Minneapolis, who is a shrewd, capable lawyer and one of the best men in the house. He is a prominent figure in the committee meetings on the bill in the house. As each speaker against the bill shows signs of drawing near the close, Representative Peterson may be observed to twitch uneasily in his seat, and as soon as the speaker is through he is on his feet with a question. Now Mr. Peterson being a lawyer, and particularly adept at cross-examination, he is apt to have an advantge over many of the speakers, which he does not hesitate to use if he sees the chance. If he can manipulate an unwary speaker into a false or misleading position, he is pretty sure to do it. Luckily most of the men that have addressed the house are very capable themselves, and in most cases they have managed to give him the proper answer and to evade his lawyer's entanglements, in spite of his shrewdness and plausible sophistry.

• • •

Representative Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, has been noticeably quiet during the committee hearings. This conduct is so remarkable in him that members are anxious to know whether it is due to indisposition, or to the fact that he is engaged in cooking up in his mind a scheme to cause considerable trouble all in a bunch to make up for lost time.

• • •

Representative Alford's bill removing the elections in the independent school district of Duluth from the operation of the primary election law, introduced in the house yesterday morning, applies only to Duluth, and the only change it makes in the existing law is to substitute 100,000 inhabitants for 50,000 in the portion of the law relating to the application of the primary election system to school, library and park board elections. Mr. Alford would have moved the passage of the bill under suspension of the rules had he not feared that some suspicious members might look with disputatious minds upon any attempt to tamper with the primary election law, unless they fully understood its purely local effect. So it was sent through the regular course of this session and referred to the committee on the reception of bills, which, by the way, has not yet been appointed in either house.

Mr. Alford said yesterday that the expense of a primary election in the Duluth school district would be about $2500, which is more than the cost of a regular election, which would have to be held anyway. Thus the expense of the school election would be more than doubled. Besides, it would have the effect of introducing the words "Republican" and "Democrat" into Duluth school elections for the first time, and that is an innovation that would probably not be enjoyed. There is no opposition to the measure here, and it will undoubtedly pass unless some one in Duluth does not like it and objects.

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Another bill introduced yesterday makes a slight change in the primary election law by providing that in cities of less than 4000 inhabitants the polls shall be open only from 9 o'clock in the morning to 5 o'clock at night; that in cities of 4000 to 12,000, the hours shall be from 7 a. m. to 6 p. m., and in cities over 12,000, from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

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The Duluth labor delegation was successful in interesting the St. Paul Trades assembly to the extent that that body sent a representative to talk against the reduction of the personal property exemption before the legislature. The delegation returned home yesterday afternoon, and so did the representative. The members of the citizens' committee, A. D. Davidson, H. B. Moore and E. G. Swanstrom did not leave yesterday, but remained to keep up the good work they are doing.

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Among other Duluth people that were here yesterday were C. H. Graves, B. G. Segog and Adelmer Snyder. Mr. Sogog spent a good deal of time explaining to many anxious inquirers how the election result in Duluth happened, and J. Adam Bede, who is also here, has taken offering some very ingenious explanations as well.

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S. A. Harris, of the Minneapolis Bank of Commerce, one of yesterday's speakers before the tax committees, said in the house that the disasters following a plague of grasshoppers wouldn't be in it with those that would follow an application of the proposed tax law.

• • •

The friends of the bill in the house yesterday sought to bolster up their cause by introducing a resolution asking the members of the tax commission to sit with the committee and talk over the matters that were objected to. Representative Laybourn killed this proceeding by giving notice of debate, and under the rules this forced the resolution over to today, when its adoption will be valueless.

• • •

There was nothing doing in the senate today. At the conclusion of the hearings yesterday the senate committee on taxes and laws adjourned to Monday, and as the senate adjourned Friday, this left the senate chamber bare.

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Representative Burns' bill relating to road work in townships, introduced yesterday, abolishes poll tax work. Very little of St. Louis county's road work, if any, is done this way.

• • •

The first grain men to have a hearing before the house committee yesterday afternoon were from Duluth. The house committee on taxes and tax laws met in the afternoon and listened to extended arguments from those who are interested in defeating the proposed tax on grain in elevators. The grain delegation from Duluth, consisting of M. J. Forbes, Ward Ames, A. D. Thomson and George C. Spencer, made a remarkably good impression, and it is believed that their appearance before the committee and their discussion of the question of grain taxation will have much effect upon the committee's decision. A large number of members of the house, outside of the committee, were present.

The first speaker was M. J. Forbes of the Consolidated Elevator company of Duluth. Mr. Forbes told the committee that his is the only elevator company at the head of the lakes having all of its houses in Minnesota. He said that each year the company pays about $15,000 in taxes, about $40,000 or $50,000 in interest to banks in Minnesota, and about $50,000 in insurance premiums to Minnesota insurance agents. The company employs 150 men in its plant in its busy season. He explained that the company's rate for unloading, cleaning and loading out grain, together with fifteen days' storage, is a ½ cent per bushel and a ½ cent for thirty days' storage thereafter. The grain is shipped as far as possible while navigation is open and from the close of navigation until it opens again in the spring it keeps arriving for storage. Mr. Forbes declared that if it were not for this winter storage of grain, the elevator business could not be operated at a profit and the company could not continue. Therefore should grain in elevators be taxed as proposed in the present bill, it would be impossible for the Consolidated Elevator company to do business in Duluth. The elevator company simply could not afford to pay a tax on the grain in its elevators on April 1. For instance, he explained, grain could be shipped in during the last ten days of March and shipped out during the first five days in April and get the benefit of the rate of a ½ cent for loading in cleaning, loading out and storage. But during this time the tax will be levied and the elevator owner will have to pay taxes on this grain, which will be in his elevator only temporarily. This is manifestly unfair, but Mr. Forbes declared that such would be the case. Not more than 30 per cent of the grain received at the Colsolidated elevators is Minesota grain and the majority of that stored there during the winter months is there only temporarily, awaiting the opening of navigation. With the proposed tax in force the Duluth elevators would have to go out of business for they could not compete with other states, Wisconsin for instance, which would welcome with open arms the chance to establish a market in Superior.

Ward Ames was the next speaker. He said that he believed the advocates of the bill to be sincere in their desire to enact a law that will benefit the state's interests. "But," he added, "if the bill is enacted in its present form it will do much more harm than good." Mr. Ames said that he has been in business in Duluth for fifteen years, and has seen the grain business there grow from nothing to its present magnitude. Realizing that the enactment of the proposed law would mean ruin to the Duluth grain interests and menace to the life of the board of trade there, he, in behalf of the board of trade, wished to protest against it. Mr. Ames was asked by Representative Burns what he considered wheat in transit. He said that all wheat, whether stored in an elevator or not, headed for some point beyond the storage point, is in transit.

A. D. Thomson spoke from the view point of a buyer and shipper of grain in Duluth. Said he:

"If this bill is passed and enforced I will have to take my residence in another state, remove my office to another state, do my banking in another state and transact all of my business in another state. I will have to do this because I will be able to buy grain cheaper in other states for the reason that you will have a tax on grain which they do not have. The states of Michigan and Wisconsin are quite well equipped to handle grain. If you want to drive the grain and banking business out of this state, put through this law. Of course by stress of circumstances some of the business will have to come to this state, but that part will be very small. Upon whom does it come, the farmer will pay this tax after all."

Representative Burns wanted to know why, if the tax gets back to the farmer, would it drive Mr. Thomson out of business. Mr. Thomson replied:

"I say that some of it will come back to the state. But it will drive me out of business because there will not be enough of it now in the state to keep me busy and I do like to be kept busy. You won't deny me that. I like to keep busy."

That settled Mr. Burns.

George C. Spencer of the Duluth grain firm of Spencer, Moore & Co., was next introduced. He said:

"I take it for granted that it is not intended to pass any bill to work any hardship on any business interest in Minnesota. There has been built up in Duluth a great grain market under the supervision of the laws of Minnesota. Grain shipped to Duluth is inspected under the laws of Minnesota, a system that has given the grain inspected under it a standing the world over, the Minnesota inspection being accepted anywhere. It gives our grain its market value. The grain is sold by commission men under bonds to the state to render best returns to the owner. Now if you impose a tax, be it ever so small, that neighboring states do not impose, then either the grain must be sold at a price that will allow for the payment of the tax or else it goes out of the state to other markets where none of the above conditions exist. We handle our grain on extremely small margins, a quarter of a cent per bushel being the average commission a shipper expects to get. The ports of the world fix the price, be it New York or Liverpool, and every charge that is imposed between the producer and the consumer simply lessens the price paid to the producer. If our own state adds charges that other states do not, it follows that the producer will send his product where he can get the greater price. This takes it beyond the state and beyond all control of the state. Is this desirable? Does it benefit our state? Are we not rather benefited by being able to market nearer home, where we are protected by our own laws? Shall the people of other states be placed in a position to do with our products what our own citizens cannot? I think not. This grain is on its way to market somewhere and it should be placed on the same basis as grain in other states to which it can go."

Capt. McDougall was called upon by Mr. Laybourn for an address, and he spoke of the different ways the grain can be shipped to their objective points in the East without coming to Duluth, ways that would be cheaper should the proposed tax be imposed. C. M. Harrington, of Minneapolis; A. C. Loring, of the Consolidated Milling company, of Minneapolis, and several others addressed the committee on the same subject. Mr. Loring particularly made a strong impression, speaking from the standpoint of the miller. He said that the proposed law would kill the flour milling industry of the state.

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The senate having adjourned, few senators outside of the members of the tax committee were present at the hearings yesterday afternoon. The committee met at 2:30 o'clock, with Senator Daugherty acting as temporary chairman. The first speaker was E. A. Merrill, of Minneapolis, who gave the same speech that he had before the house committee in the morning. During his talk Senator Snyder, of Minneapolis, said that he believed the passage of the proposed constitutional amendments improbable, and he thought the legislature ought to embrace the opportunity of improving the present tax laws. At the same time, he was bitterly opposed to the inquisitory features of the proposed law, and he would fight them as tending to encourage crime and perjury.

S. A. Harris, of the Minneapolis Bank of Commerce, was the next speaker, and he emphasized several points that Mr. Merrill had made. He said that the man with small savings, too little to be used in any other way than for deposit in a savings bank until his little fortune has grown to large enough proportions to be used in the purchase of a home or a farm, should not be taxed. In many states such savings are exempted, in some cases up to $400. The proposed law was framed designed to hit the tax dodger, but there are not so many tax dodgers in the West as there are in the East. The tax dodger is not the active business man, who has his money invested in a business that is taxed, but the retired business man who has invested his wealth and is living upon its earnings. Business interests of the state are alarmed at the prospects of the law being enacted, and the legislature will do well to consider that fact. Asked if a farmer whose property is now assessed at $11 an acre or less though it is worth four or five times as much, should not have more cause for alarm than the banker, he said that the farmer would be alarmed when he realized the meaning of the bill. In the cities of the state the law would work no increase in the real estate assessment because the collapse of a boom has left much of their property assessed at more than it is worth. On the other hand, the farm property of the state is assessed at only a small percentage of its value, and it would be multiplied in valuation under the new law.

W. B. Upham, president of the First National bank of St. Paul, was the next speaker, and he, too, practically repeated his speech of yesterday morning in the house. He said that the proposed law will not reach the intangible property that it is designed to reach. Those that evade taxation now will do it under the new law. They will only have to swear to prevarication by perjury, and if the officers seek to enforce the penalties provided by law the jails will not be large enough to hold them.

A. P. Stephens, a Crookston banker, said that many Iowa people are settling in this state, and it is largely because of the tax system that has recently been adopted there, containing some such inquisitorial features as this one, and a tax ferret system as well.

The Duluth grain men were heard next, though the hour was late, by courtesy of the committee, in order that they might go home lost night. M. J. Forbes, George Spencer, Ward Ames, and A. D. Thomson talked against the proposed tax on grain in elevators, and they were very well received. C. M. Harrington and A. C. Loring, of Minneapolis, also spoke.

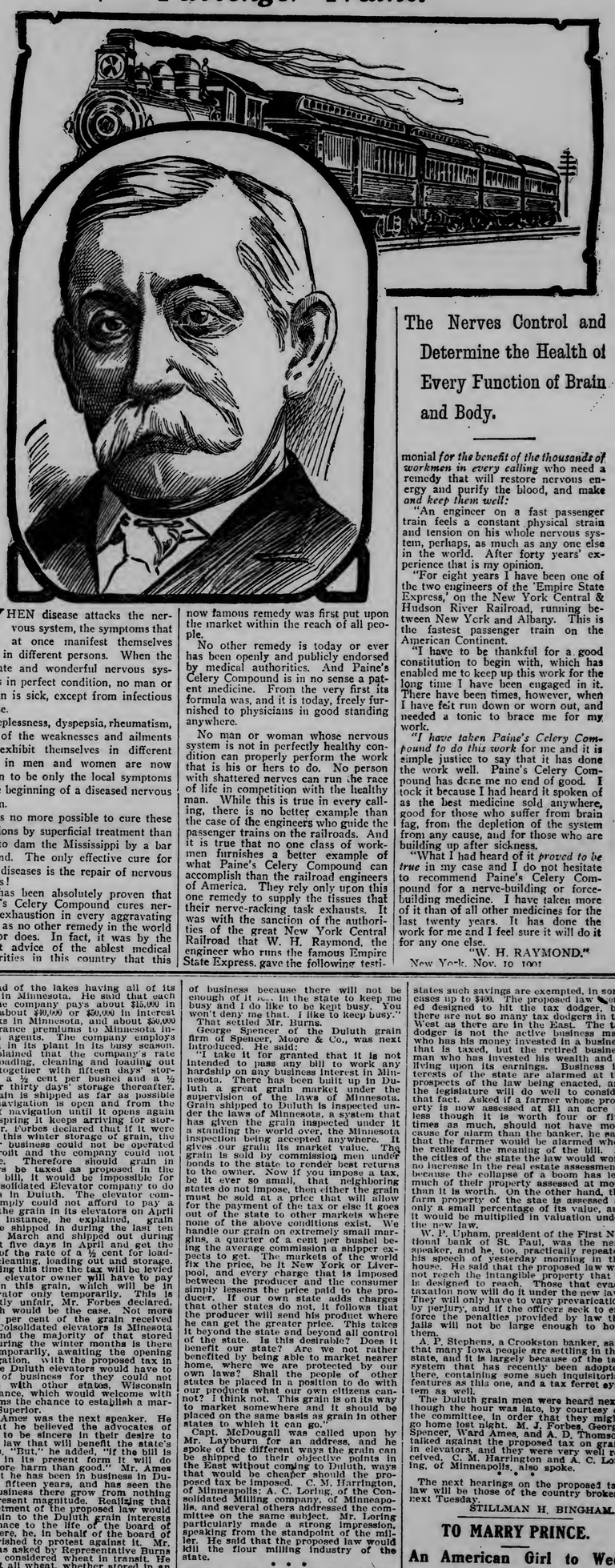
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The next hearings on the proposed tax law will be those of the country brokers next Tuesday.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

MEN OF PERFECT NERVES AND THEIR MEDICINE.

Paine's Celery Compound Steadies the Hands That Run the Great Passenger Trains.



The Nerves Control and Determine the Health of Every Function of Brain and Body.

WHEN disease attacks the nervous system, the symptoms that at once manifest themselves differ in different persons. When the intricate and wonderful nervous system is in perfect condition, no man or woman is sick, except from infectious disease.

Sleeplessness, dyspepsia, rheumatism, most of the weaknesses and ailments that exhibit themselves in different ways in men and women are now known to be only the local symptoms of the beginning of a diseased nervous system.

It is no more possible to cure these afflictions by superficial treatment than it is to dam the Mississippi by a bar of sand. The only effective cure for these diseases is the repair of nervous tissues!

It has been absolutely proven that Paine's Celery Compound cures nervous exhaustion in every aggravating form, as no other remedy in the world can, or does. In fact, it was by the urgent advice of the ablest medical authorities in this country that this now famous remedy was first put upon the market within the reach of all people.

No other remedy is today or ever has been openly and publicly endorsed by medical authorities. And Paine's Celery Compound is in no sense a patent medicine. From the very first its formula was, and it is today, freely furnished to physicians in good standing anywhere.

No man or woman whose nervous system is not in perfectly healthy condition can properly perform the work that is his or hers to do. No person with shattered nerves can run the race of life in competition with the healthy man. While this is true in every calling, there is no better example than the case of the engineers who guide the passenger trains on the railroads. And it is true that no one class of workmen furnishes a better example of what Paine's Celery Compound can accomplish than the railroad engineers of America. They rely only upon this one remedy to supply the tissues that their nerve-racking task exhausts. It was with the sanction of the authorities of the great New York Central Railroad that W. H. Raymond, the engineer who runs the famous Empire State Express, gave the following testimonial *for the benefit of the thousands of workmen in every calling* who need a remedy that will restore nervous energy and purify the blood, and make *and keep them well:*

"An engineer on a fast passenger train feels a constant physical strain and tension on his whole nervous system, perhaps, as much as any one else in the world. After forty years' experience that is my opinion.

"For eight years I have been one of the two engineers of the 'Empire State Express,' on the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad, running between New York and Albany. This is the fastest passenger train on the American Continent.

"I have to be thankful for a good constitution to begin with, which has enabled me to keep up this work for the long time I have been engaged in it. There have been times, however, when I have felt run down or worn out, and needed a tonic to brace me for my work.

"I have taken Paine's Celery Compound to do this work for me and it is simple justice to say that it has done the work well. Paine's Celery Compound has done me no end of good. I took it because I had heard it spoken of as the best medicine sold anywhere, good for those who suffer from brain fag, from the depletion of the system from any cause, and for those who are building up after sickness.

"What I had heard of it *proved to be true* in my case and I do not hesitate to recommend Paine's Celery Compound for a nerve-building or force-building medicine. I have taken more of it than of all other medicines for the last twenty years. It has done the work for me and I feel sure it will do it for any one else.

"W. H. RAYMOND."

New York, Nov. 10 1901

TO MARRY PRINCE.

An American Girl to Wed Eugene of Sweden.

New York, Feb. 8.—It is rumored that Miss Helena Gorham Wild, an American resident in Paris, says a Paris correspondent of the Herald, is about to marry Prince Eugene of Sweden, if he gains his father's assent and arranges to resign his right of succession to the throne of the Bernardottes as his elder brother Oscar did when he made a morganatic alliance.

Prince Eugene is a painter, and has lived in the Latin quarter for many years.

Eighty years old—Catarrh Fifty Years.—Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder cures him. Want any stronger evidence of the power of this wonderful remedy over this universal disease? Want the truth of the case confirmed. Write George Lewis, Shamokin, Pa. He says: "I look upon my cure as a miracle." It relieves in ten minutes. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—4.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

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It is important when desiring the address of your paper changed, to give both OLD and NEW addresses.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 8.—The barometer continues high in the Northwest and low off the North Atlantic coast and over British Columbia. Warmer weather prevails over the Red River valley and Lake Superior, but in all other districts east of the Rocky mountains it is generally somewhat colder, especially over the eastern slopes of the Rockies, the coldest 7 a. m. temperature being 20 below zero at Williston, N. D. Light falls of snow occurred over the eastern and upper portions of the lake region and Central Western states, and snow or rain over Western Montana, Pacific coast states and Southeastern Texas.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	34	Medicine Hat	6
Battleford	10	Memphis	44
Bismarck	14	Miles City	14
Boston	16	Milwaukee	0
Buffalo	19	Minnedosa	2
Calgary	6	Modena	20
Charleston	38	Montgomery	36
Chicago	0	Moorhead	14
Cincinnati	4	New Orleans	44
Davenport	6	New York	14
Denver	18	North Platte	6
Detroit	8	Oklahoma	20
Dodge City	14	Omaha	0
Duluth	0	Pittsburg	34
Edmonton	0	Port Arthur	2
El Paso	38	Portland	40
Escanaba	2	Qu' Appelle	10
Galveston	50	Rapid City	8
Green Bay	0	San Francisco	50
Havre	6	Santa Fe	28
Helena	4	Shreveport	32
Houghton	12	Spokane	32
Huron	12	St. Louis	10
Jacksonville	44	St. Paul	2
Kamloops	28	Sault Ste. Marie	8
Kansas City	18	Swift Current	26
Knoxville	18	Washington	14
La Crosse	2	Williston	22
Lander	10	Winnemucca	36
Los Angeles	44	Winnipeg	16
Marquette	12		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair and slightly colder tonight and Sunday; fresh and brisk northwesterly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Sunday: Wisconsin—Fair and continued cold tonight and Sunday; brisk northwest winds. Minnesota—Fair tonight and Sunday; colder tonight; northwest winds. The Dakotas—Fair and continued cold tonight; Sunday partly cloudy with rising temperature.

Bad Handling of the Stone Affair.

As an example of bad management, intense stupidity and wilful neglect, the whole handling of the Stone affair in Bulgaria and Turkey is entitled to the first prize. Petty jealousies, injudicious publicity and many other things have resulted in keeping Miss Stone and her companion in captivity for months, when they could have been released long ago. Minister Leishman contrary to the arrangements made by Consul General Dickinson arranged to pay the money for the ransom in Turkey and so informed the grand vizier. With customary bad faith, the porte, after promising protection refused to allow the money out of sight of troops who were sent along with the agents and as a result the whole plan of payment was given up. The money remains at Serras, in Macedonia. It was impossible to pay it over in Turkish territory, so fresh arrangements became necessary. The American minister made representations to the porte on its bad faith in breaking its promise. The porte again promised to allow the money to be paid over, but complained that it was not right to permit persons to enter from Bulgaria and receive the money, and then return to Bulgaria, where they could not be touched. Turkey's attitude in the case may bring that government into complications with the United States. A great deal of dissatisfaction is expressed at Washington over the failure of the negotiations for the release of Miss Stone and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, and it is an open secret that the administration attributes the failure to unnecessary and arbitrary interference on the part of Turkish soldiers. Just what measures will be taken with reference to the Turkish government's attitude has not been determined, but the subject is under discussion at the state department, where the undercurrent of official indignation is too strong to be thoroughly concealed beneath the surface of reticence. The crying need in the whole affair seems to be the presence of some American official on the scene who has sense enough to effect the release in a skilfull and proper manner.

Is Taft Too Optimistic?

While the talk of Governor Taft before the senate committee on the Philippines is very interesting there seems to be a general disposition to discredit the views as expressed by the highest civil officer of the archipelago. One well-informed man, who has been there, says: "It is not surprising that people wonder at the difference between the reports of Governor Taft and Gens. Chaffee, Bell and others. The civil governor is a suave, smooth, clever politician, who is playing for prestige. The field of operations is so far distant that the true condition of affairs can be concealed long enough for him to reap his reward, and then for anything that may occur the blame will rest on the shoulders of his predecessor. With this idea in view, he is presenting a rose-colored picture of things and people in the Philippines. It is incorrect to say that everything is quiet, with the exception of Batangas and Samar. A white man cannot travel alone safely any place. Without the military, local governments are impossible. The people do not like us and do not want us in spite of the fact that a few men like Pardo de Tavero, who have been made civil commissioners, governors, etc., and are drawing more money yearly than they ever saw before, affirm and write to the contrary. At Manila, and a few of the larger cities, on the surface everything is beautiful, but get out in the country (with escore) and you will find the difference. Even in Manila, when I left, they had just put arms in the hands of the hospital corps and civil employes of the quartermaster's department in expectation of an outbreak. We would all be glad to see the Philippines force reduced, so that some of us could get a chance for duty in the United States, but Governor Taft's assertion that the troops can be reduced to 15,000 in six months is a 'pipe dream.'" There are numberless expressions of this kind and there certainly must be good reason for them. Probably the only way to get at the real facts will be to send a commission over to the islands and have them investigate without the assistance of Taft's government and go to all places passive and see for themselves. Then possibly a true understanding of the situation might be reached.

CUBA AND SUGAR CONSUMERS.

Congressman Morris has proposed a plan which he thinks would solve the Cuban question, but when analyzed it turns out to be only another scheme to avoid performing "our plain duty" to the island. He professes to be awfully anxious to protect the beet sugar industry and prevent the sugar trust from driving any benefit from the free admission of Cuban sugar into the United States. It is not strange that the congressman does not give a thought to the interest of the consumers of sugar, who include all the residents of the district that he represents in congress? Perhaps the sugar trust would enjoy a small part of the profit of free admission of the raw product from Cuba. But it is safe to say that all the consumers of sugar, including fruit growers and canners, makers of jams and conserves, would obtain a larger part, while the Cubans would secure for themselves a still larger part. But if Judge Morris is anxious to really cut down the gains of the sugar trust and deal justly with the Cubans, while benefiting the consumers in the United States, why does he not offer an amendment admitting Cuban sugar free of duty and taking off all th impost on refined sugar? It is the latter tariff that gives the sugar trust its power to charge the people of this country extortionate charges for sugar.

Gen. Leonard Wood, governor general of Cuba, understands the situation there thoroughly and he has presented unanswerable arguments in favor of admitting Cuba's chief products to our ports free of duty. From the beginning of the Spanish war, when he was placed in charge at Santiago, he has been most closely associated with the people of the island, and whatever he says is entiled to the absolute confidence of the American people and their representatives in congress. He declares the situation in Cuba is critical, and unless the two industries of Cuba are made posible of operation by opening a door for their products—sugar and tobacco—starvation and utter demoralization must ensue. He gives figures to show just what the Cubans must have in order to live. His statement should give a pointer to congress and save it from ineffectual legislation. A reduction of one-third of the present duty would give the Cuban sugar producer a profit of 48 cents on a bag of 300 pounds of sugar. This is the minimum that will enable him to live off his land. At present he is harvesting his cane and producing sugar at a rate that will make him a loser, but he has put in a crop on borrowed money, trusting in the generosity of the American government to give him a helping hand and a fair market. His sugar, landed in New York, will not bring him back the money he spent to produce it, and, unless relief comes quickly, his credit is gone.

The United States produces but a small fraction of the sugar consumed here, and the people are compelled to pay high prices for it because the sugar trust has always been able to control legislation at Washington. It is time that our legislators quit catering to the desires of the cane sugar trust and the beet sugar trust and gave some thought to the interests of the consumers. They can do this and at the same time give Cuba fair treatment.

THE PRINCIPLE WRONG.

Senator Frye and his coadjutors in the preparation of the ship subsidy bill have not given up hope of inducing congress to pass the vicious measure. With this object in view they have eliminated a few of the most obnoxious provisions, but of course the pernicious principle is retained. The modifications of the bill were made with a view of quieting Republican opposition and catching the votes of a few Democratic senators, but it is pleasing to note that the chances are still decidedly against the ship subsidy advocates. After all the changes they have made in it, the bill still makes it possible for empty ships to collect full subsidies, and they would undoubtedly do so. Another clause is retained which, of itself, should be fatal to the bill. It opens wide the way for foreigners to become beneficiaries of the subsidies that are to be paid nominally for the encouragement of American shipping. If a corporation is formed in this country to buy or build ships or lines of ships, the stockholders may be foreigners and the subsidies paid to all such ships, though paid by the people of this country, may all go to foreigners.

Another serious objection to the bill is that it has no provision that will insure the establishment of any new means of communication, or prevent subsidies from merely going to increase the dividends of shipping interests already established. Furthermore, there is no sufficient guarantee that subsidies will not be bestowed upon foreign-built ships whenever Americans may buy them and obtain special American registry for them. That very thing has been done repeatedly by companies that are urging the passage of this bill. The rate of subsidy for the outward and return voyage is indiscriminate. A ship that carries American-made goods receives no better bounty than one which brings in foreign goods, or even foreign immigrants of the most objectionable character.

The New York Evening Post summarizes a whole volume of testimony in a few words when it says: "The history of subsidies has, on the whole, been a history of failure. All of the special shipping subsidies attempted heretofore by this country have been failures, and a study of the whole subject will show that there is no fixed relation between the growth of shipping and government aid to shipping. The advocates of subsidy say that British supremacy on the sea is maintained by subsidy. The recent parliamentary inquiry on that subject showed that both the postal subsidy and the naval subvention, which are the only forms of subsidy paid by the British government, were considered by many British shipowners as more of a burden than a benefit."

A NEW YORK EXPOSITION.

It has been proposed that the New York legislature provide for an exposition in 1909, the 300th anniversary of Hendrik Hudson's voyage. All sections of the Union will be pleased to see a grand commemoration of the leading incidents in the annals of New York state. The changes that have occurred since Hudson entered the mighty river that bears his name; the capture of the land from the savage; the passing from Dutch to English, and from colonial to republican conditions; the prominence of New York in our political life; the commercial, financial and journalistic side of the metropolis, warrant a great exposition.

Referring to this proposition, the Philadelphia Ledger says that every section has had its share of Indian troubles, and yet the New York Indians merit a chapter to themselves. The allinnce called the Six Nations had a savage dignity. Its chieftains showed military and political talent that made them respected by colonial governors and European monarchs. Dutch and English land owners, living in half baronial state, now fighting with their Indian rivals, and now recognizing them as lordly personages who understood the noble pastimes of war and hunting, look out through the old books and pamphlets. Long after the revolution, Indians clung to their reservations and European travelers were surprised at the stately bearing of these few survivors of a dying race. They knew that the power of their ancestors was gone, but they gloried in what had been. Old men who saw these relics declared that Cooper was justified in his Indian portraits.

A hasty glance at the revolution gives one a confused impression that political supremacy hung between Massachuetts and Virginia. But in Washington's day the young New York lawyer, Alexander Hamilton, organized the treasury department. His father-in-law, Gen. Schuyler, was one of the old New York aristocrats, and through the Schuylers he gained a following strong in money, brains and influence. On the Democratic side Livingston and Clinton tell what strength was rising in the opposition party. Aaron Burr came very near being president. Jefferson's wonderful talent for politics kept the Virginia dynasty in power for years, but when Jackson broke through the Virginia influence, the Van Burens, Wright, Marcy and Tilden bear witness to the efficiency of the New York Democracy. The list of New Yorkers who have dreamed of the presidency, the attention paid by other sections to New York leaders, the influence wrought by such editors as Weed, Bennett, Raymond, Greeley and Dana, suggest many thoughts to historians. When Abraham Lincoln was a rising young legislator his mind was full of dreams of public works, and he said that his righest ambition was to be the De Witt Clinton of Illinois.

The old colonial life of New York, half historical and half legendary, furnished the raw material which Irving and Cooper knew so well how to use. Many writers of talent have worked in the same mine. From Hudson to Hamilton, from wampum to Wall street, from the old cow paths to the Brooklyn bridge, from the town of Knickerbocker to greater New York—this should make an exhibition of interest to the country and to the world. By all means, let New York hold a grand exposition in 1909.

THE OLD DODGE.

The Republican leaders in the house who have been controlling legislation in that body, have induced Representatives Babcock and Tawney of the ways and means committee to agree that the Babcock bill, to put iron and steel on the free list, shall not be offered as an amendment to the war revenue reduction bill. This avoids a fight in the house among the Republicans, and puts an end to the serious situation that has existed. Babcock and Tawney are to bring the measure before the Republican caucus and abide by the result of a vote. They claim that a majority of the Republican members will support it, and that this first attempt at tariff revision will be made the party policy. This may be true, but it looks exceedingly doubtful. Pressure will probably be brought to bear upon enough members to squelch the Babcock plan in the caucus, and that will be the end of it for this session.

Speaker Henderson is very pronounced in his opposition to tariff revision, but he resorts to a very weak and stale pretext as his reason for opposing it. He declared that he "cannot believe it wise to begin a reduction which inevitably will open up the whole field of revision, and thus put a serious check upon the business of the country." Perhaps Speaker Henderson could know better, as there is really no good reason why the duty of tariff revision should not be entered upon at once.

The poor plea he puts up has been heard whenever it has been proposed to reduce tariff taxes that were unnecessary and therefore unjust. It is invoked now against any revision of a system of taxation that is raising revenue at the rate of $100,000,000 a year more than is needed to support the government even on its present extravagant scale of expenditures. It is put forward to shield taxes that are outrageously high and discriminating, a system of protection that instigates and fosters trusts which kill competition at home and enables them to sell their products in foreign markets cheaper than at home.

The speaker of the house is not in line with public sentiment in his own state. The last Iowa state Republican convention declared in plain language reciprocity and tariff revision, and Governor Cummins emphasized this feature of the platform in his inaugural address a few weeks ago. At the joint convention of the Iowa legislature that re-elected Senators Allison and Dolliver, the junior senator went on record in favor of tariff revision. Senator Dolliver said:

"There never has been a time, and there never will be a time, when an American industry, making an unequal or even a precarious fight with foreign competitors, will not find among our people the spirit of encouragement and help. And yet nobody is any longer blind to the fact that in many lines of industry in the United States the rates of duty which, in 1897, were regarded as reasonable, have since that time, owing to the curious development of our industrial and commerical life, become unnecessary, and, in many cases, even absurd. They stand on our statute books today no longer a shield for American labor, but have become a weapon of offense against the American marketplace itself I believe that I speak for the average judgment and good sense of the whole community of Iowa when I say that these defects in our laws ought to be corrected, and I express a confidence that the congress of the United States will be able, in a spirit friendly to the principles upon which the protective tariff rests, to correct these defects in a businesslike way. We ought not to admit that congress has become helpless in the presence of questions like these."

How pitiably weak beside this manly and patriotic statement is the flimsy reason advanced by Speaker Henderson against revising the tariff at this time. There never will be a better time than the present to perform this work. The time will never come when the few who profit by these bounties which the many must pay will not resist their repeal. Any attempt to cut off unnecessary taxes and bring the tariff nearer to a revenue basis will ever be met with the cry that to do so would disturb business. There are some kinds of business in this country that should be disturbed. One of them is the business of building up monopolies behind the tariff wall, erected under the pretense of protecting our own people, who find that it is used to increase their burdens.

SLIPPERY SIDEWALKS.

The fatality on Fifth avenue west last night, directly due to the slippery condition of the sidewalk, should impress the board of public works with the urgent necessity of doing something to protect the people from the danger which now threatens them on both the avenues and the streets. The danger is greater on the avenues, on account of the steep grade, but the sidewalks on the streets, particularly Superior street, are also in a condition that is dangerous to pedestrians. Fatal accidents on this account are rare, but broken limbs are not infrequent, and if the city authorities permit the thoroughfares to remain in a dangerous condition they must be held responsible.

As soon as the first snow falls the members of the board of public works follow the example of the bears and the groundhog and go into hibernation, and it requires something extraordinary to awaken them from their lethargic state. Perhaps this fatal accident in the business center of the city may arouse them to a sense of their duty, and that is to cover the slippery places with sand or some other material that will protect the citizens from accidents.

The legal limit of $5000 as the sum to be recovered for the loss of a human life in New York state was done away with a few years ago, and jurors are now left free to fix any amount they may consider the life to have been worth. Under these conditions one wife in New York city has lately received $35,000 for the death of her husband, and another wife was given $37,000. On the other hand, a father was granted only $200 for the death of his child, but this verdict has been set aside by Judge Russell, on the ground that the parent was entitled to a much larger sum or else nothing. In the old days the loss of an arm or a leg was often appraised higher in the courts than the life limit of $5000.

The Kansas City Republican expresses pleasure that the Minnesota state board of pardons has refused to pardon the Younger brothers so that they can return to Missouri. It says: "Missouri is under obligations to the Minnesota board of pardons for its decision. A return of the Youngers to this state would be the signal for a series of demonstrations on the part of some of our people that would reflect anything but credit upon Missouri. While the large majority of our population is wholly out of sympathy with outlaws of this class and would not countenance any exhibition of lionizing them, there is an element that undoubtedly would exert itself to show them conspicuous honors."

When the United States government, in 1887, disfranchised the women of Utah, in order to prevent the Mormon women from voting, a precedent was established that is being followed in Kentucky, the first state to allow women to vote on school matters. It seems at the last election for school board at Lexington 1900 colored women and only 700 white women registered. This awful state of affairs has caused the introduction in the legislature of a bill disfranchising all the women of even the limited voting privileges they have had.

Another parallel with our own struggle for freedom is furnished by the Philippine war. According to Governor Taft the United States must depend upon the better class of Filipinos for the complete subjugation of the islands. This is what England depended upon for the subjugation of the American colonies. The American Tories did not favor independence.

Young Roosevelt established the custom at the Groton school of running around out of doors without head covering and had many followers. The young man and several of his friends now have pneumonia. The faculty of the school would do well to establish a chair of common sense and give the students the benefit of sound teaching.

Dr. Minot J. Savage, of New York, was recently credited by the New York Post with saying that "stock gambling and speculation are absolutely essential things in a great commercial civilization." Dr. Savage writes that he "never said anything of the sort," and The Herald is pleased to give his denial publicity.

Says the Des Moines News: "The public-spirited man is admired and loved; friends gravitate to him as steel filings to a magnet. The selfish man has friends only in name; they are sycophantic, unreliable, cringingly hopeful of a douceur that is never offered."

In ignoring politics and gratifying his charming daughter's desire to attend the coronation, President Roosevelt has done something for which fair-minded people of all parties will admire and commend him.

The Atlanta Journal says that mentioning the Declaration of Independance seems to produce about the same effect on the average administration senator as shaking a red rag in the face of a bull.

Paris considers "The Love Letters of an Englishman," inflammatory. But think what "hot stuff" would be the love letters of a Frenchman!

The Republican Philadelphia Ledger says the country is beginning to understand that it needs most to be protected from the extreme Protectionists.

The old play "Uncle Tom's Cabin" has come to a sad end. Both John L. Sullivan and Mrs. Carrie Nation are appearing in it.

The Missouri judge who has decided that betting on a horse race is not "taking a chance" must have bet on the losing horse.

Prince Henry will be in Chicago only twenty-four hours, but he will probably feel that is long enough.

The Biddles may have been tough customers, but they were not so bad as the ghoulish officers who arrested them.

William Allen White has had an attack of nervous prostration. He had started to white a sketch of Senator Tillman.

Congress appears to think that a high tariff is the handmaiden of annexation in Cuba's case.

Perhaps hisory will commemorate Representative Babcock as a pioneer of reciprocity.

It is impossible for the country to please all the English papers, and it may as well stop trying.

THE EAGLE.

I.

Born 'mong the cliffs of Freedom old,
And reared close to the cencrous sun,
He breasted every storm-cloud dun,
And shrilled alike to heat and cold.

II.

Beneath him fly the vultures, crows,
Above him shine the fielded stars,
About him, red and white, the bars
Through which the crimson sunset glows.

III.

When rang the bells on Freedom's morn,
From freedom's high and cloud-swathed peak,
The mangy lion heard him speak
Defiance, mingled with fierce scorn.

IV.

Where'er the flag of Freedom flew,
Where'er the sons of Freedom fell,
He rode the battle's surging hell,
And cheered them from the bended blue.

V.

He leaves to things of lower sense—
To jackals, lions, vultures foul—
The task to batten, tear and prowl
And gorge on helpless innocence.

VI.

O, God of Freedom, must we see
The eagle into vulture turned,
And all his glorious record burned
Into a heap of infamy?

VII.

Must we behold him, poised on high,
Above reconcentrado woes,
With vulture's beak and vulture's pose,
A blot upon the Eastern sky?

—W. A. TAYLOR in Cincinnati Inquirer.

Signs of Progress.

Chicago Tribune: The discovery that there is a gang of counterfeiters at work in Porto Rico sees to indicate that the Americanization of the island is proceeding rapidly.

A Famine in Pickles.

Portland Oregonian: There is said to be a "pickle famine" impending, the pickle-producing area of the United States having suffered from drouth last season, rendering the crop short. One might as well speak of poverty in connection with a serious falling off in the output of diamond mines as of famine in connection with a shortage in the pickle crop. There are some things in general supply and use that people can do without and still not feel the pangs of hunger or the sharp pinch of cold.

Confidence and Strength.

Philadelphia Record: An encouraging indication of the financial strength of the German people was the subscription fifty times over for the new imperial and Prussian 3 per cent loans of $75,000,000 offered during the week past. The industrial depression in the empire is generally regarded as having reached its lowest level and the overcautious financiers who have been expecting the bottom to drop out of everything should now be convinced that there is an ample reserve of capital in Germany for use in legitimate though not in purely speculative and inflated, business enterprises.

Profound Legal Logic.

Chicago Record-Herald: According to Captain Lemly the Spaniards would have been beaten at Santiago even if there hadn't been a man on any of the American ships.

Exciting Epochs.

Minneapolis Journal: Nothing has given us such a shock since Charlie Towne became a money devil as the Philippine scene in the senate Tuesday.

Hoar's Editorial Duties.

Atlanta Constitution: American history never seems to be just right until after Senator Hoar has gone over it with his blue pencil.

More Rear Platforming.

Washington Post: Mr. Bryan has been introduced to the lodge room goat.

SAID IN FUN.

Washington Star: "I hope that I will soon know the ropes in this game of politics," said the young man.

"You don't mean ropes," said Senator Sorghum gently; "you mean wires."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: First Reporter—I'm sure of one thing.

Second Reporter—What's that?

First Reporter—That I'd look at the money a good many times before I'd pay $40,000,000 for that Panama canal.

Philadelphia Press: "You know," said the prudent person, "that no one ought to eat meat three times a day. It destroys health."

"Yes, I know it does. I tried it a while and nearly worried myself into the grave over the grocer's bills."

Brooklyn Eagle: "And haven't you got any more money?" asked the sweet young thing selling chances at the church fair.

"Yes, I've got a dollar," reluctantly admitted the unfortunate but truthful young man. "But I put it in the sole of my stocking before putting on by shoes, so as to have something to pay my carfare home."

Somerville Journal: "You're always intimating that woman has too much idle curiosity," she complained.

"Idle curiosity!" he repeated. "Idle! Nonsense! It's the most attractive thing about her."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Our improved sewing machines," said the agent as he set the little wonder clicking, "can be handled by a child, it's so easy to run."

"It seams easy," said the wife of the paragrapher as she watched the nimble needle.

Then the agent slowly and sadly loaded the machine back on the wagon and drove away.

THE WOOING OF THE SEA.

"Oh, come to me," cried the passionate sea,
To his love, the glittering sand;
"Let me give you a kiss—it will not be amiss—
And I'm not asking much when I beg you for this,
For my heart to a glow you have fanned.

"Let me hold you awhile and see your sweet smile,
And feel your warm heart give my pulses a start,
And through my soul a new vigor impart,
Like unto a drink of old wine.

"I'll shield you from harm in this mighty arm;
My kingdom I'll give unto thee.
My fishes, my shells, my ships and my swells,
And all of a love that my nature foretells
Is as strong as a love can be."

The sand, like a girl, was all in a whirl,
As she thought of the things the sea said.
She danced all night in the soft moonlight,
And dreamed of a love so full of delight,
When she and the sea were wed.

Her sea lover crept where she sweetly slept,
And waited her answer then.
She felt him thrill (for he couldn't keep still),
And she opened her eyes with a "Yes, I will.
If you'll never leave me again."

The story is old. Years ago, I am told,
This sand-girl's heart was led
To a suitor true these ages through;
And they sing of a love that is ever new,
Since she and the sea were wed.

—Leslie's Weekly.

Are They More Prosperous?

Princeton Union: Anoka has had the benefit of competing and parallel lines of railroad for almost a score of years. Every town between St. Cloud and Minneapolis along the east side of the Mississippi river has had the same advantages for the same length of time. Is there any evidence visible to the naked eye that those favored towns are more prosperous than towns on any single line of the Great Northern or Northern Pacific? We think such towns as Aitkin, Brainerd, Little Falls, Princeton, Cambridge, Sandstone, Pine City, Rush City, North Branch, Milaca, Delano, Buffalo, Monticello and Litchfield, all on single lines, will compare favorably with Clear Lake, Becker, Big Lake, Elk River, Itasca, Anoka, Coon Creek and Fridley, and the latter towns have had the advantage of parallel and competing lines for years.

Little Anti-Hill Sentiment.

Bemidji Pioneer: It is up here in the woods where people really appreciate the benefits which railroad builders have conferred upon sections of a country. There is very little anti-Hill sentiment here to be found. The fellow who must carry his supplies on his back will not thank the governor for beginning a war which has stopped the extension of the Minnesota & International.

A Toast.

Ah, drink if ye will to a speetheart true
And a wife of faith undaunted,
And drink in the praise of their fetching ways,
To charms that have long been vaunted,
And drink to the eyes and drink to the lips,
Aye, drink, since drink we must,
But when ye've done, drink everyone
To the girl the women trust.

Ah, drink if ye will to one whose faith
Can last through years untroubled,
And drink to the trust that is never marred,
Though a man's deceit be doubled,
And drink to the songs and drink to the sighs
Of earth and of heaven above,
But the proudest boast is to drink a toast
To the girl the women love.

Aye, drink to the lass who can praise the charms
That would steal her love, could they seize him,
And drink to the lass who will snub a man
When she has no right to please him,
And drink to her great, warm, honest soul,
For her heart's as true as the sky is blue
Who is true to another girl.

—NORA E. BARNHART, in the Smart Set.

Thoughts By Pease.

Anoka Union (Rep.): Our governor is long on bragging.

Minnesota's supreme court guesses one way sometimes, and then another on the same point other times.

All the people are not against the merger even if some of the Twin City papers would have you believe otherwise.

The Republican party needs to hesitate long before it places in nomination a man for governor who has as many enemies as Sam Van Sant; plenty enough to defeat him at the polls.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: If you forget to tell a woman you love her she forgets you do.

When a woman decides that a gown is cut too low it is some other woman's.

An entertaining friend is one who will listen to you tell the same old story for the ninety-ninth time.

Some people's souls are so shallow that if you throw a pebble into them it strikes bottom before it splashes.

The average girl thinks it is smart to try to make other girls think she has refused to marry a man when she is in hysterics for fear he won't ask her.

No Petty Jobs For Him.

Chicago News: Evidently there is no use offering Lyman J. Gage the presidency of the United States, on account of the miserable salary that goes with it.

Wants to Be Fair.

Louisville Times: President Roosevelt gives his love to Bradley and the office to Barnett. That seems to be an equitable division of the good things.

And Chauncey, He Knows.

Anaconda Standard: Senator Depew says that if George Washington were alive today he would be a Republican.

Carries His X-Ray With Him.

New York Mail and Express: Senator Hanna is a man of keen lusight into many vexing problems.

ESTIMATE OF CLEVELAND.

William Allen White in McClure's: Cleveland, as a statesman, will be remembered as the man who stopped things. He checked abuses, he prevented bad men from accomplishing their schemes; he warded off impending calamity. He reduced revenues and saved taxes; he stayed the ebbing tide of public credit, he throttled anarchy; he stopped foreign aggrandizement on the American continent. Always he was the safety valve. He brought no new doctrine to the people; he had no theory of government—merely an ideal of duty for the hour. He founded no institutions; in the political life of his time he constructed nothing. As a statesman he will be remembered as one who every hour of the working day did what he thought was exactly right, and who never attempted to guile the current of the public business, but always to see that the business was wisely and honestly done. He was a modest, industrious public servant, who lived so closely to the motto, "A public office is a public trust," that people came to believe that he invented it—which he did not. He never injected himself nor his ambition into any public affairs. His name was never linked with any policy, and no law on the statute books of his country is known as Cleveland's law. He tried to efface his personality, but it was so strong and distinctive and pungent with masculinity that it dominated everything he did in spite of his aversion to personal politics. Yet he will never be a hero, because he did not live a dramatic life. There was nothing in his biography to amuse or interest a Plutarch or a Boswell. When he passes from the earth, no biographer will materialize him in a flesh-colored sketch. He must remain to posterity a disembodied spirit, an ideal of honesty, bearing a man's name—the symbol of a national inspiration toward public virtue.

THE RED MAN IN COURT.

No more the red man flourishes
His torch and tomahawk
And paints his skin and sallies forth
To slay both men and stock.
He's found such way too crude by far
And it too oft aborts;
Hereafter all his grievances
He'll take into the courts.

When greedy white men grab his lands
And drive his game away,
And take his squaws and break his laws,
The Indian will say:
"I shall proceed against you in
Assumpsit, trover, tort,
Or any old way you may choose
To argue it in court.

"The way we once considered meet
To punish such as you
Is quite without efficiency
In nineteen hundred two.
Our savage hearts were bent upon
Revenge of cruel sort,
But we would never harry folks
As does your legal court.

"Our right to blankets and to hair,
To tepees or to tents,
To dogs, papooses, squaws and land,
With hereditaments,
We shall assert, proclaim, defend,
Until our breath gets short.
We'll do the worst we can to you—
We'll get you into court."

The war whoop and the scalping knife
Are rusting in repose,
No war paint is in evidence
Save on the red man's nose.
He is a fellow citizen
Of very captious sort,
And if you hat an eye at him
He'll take it into court.

—Portland Oregonian.

Latest Thing In Anglomania.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: Secretary Hay's spelling of the word "honor" as "honour" in the invitations to his daughter's wedding is exciting some discussion. "Honour" is the English way; "honor" is the American way. A choice between the two spellings, however, can hardly be made a test of a man's Americanism, for a patriot of the very first diameter might take a fancy to "honour" for literary or esthetic reasons, having to do either with looks or sound. "Honor," however, is go thoroughly Americanized that Secretary Hay should beware of interpolating the British "u" in his diplomatic dispatches.

Sense Dominates Greed.

Indianapolis News: The steel trust is becoming too good. It would not raise the price on its products, although it could easily have done so, and, indeed, was often tempted to do so by impatient patrons. Perhaps, however, it was not mere goodness that accentuated the steel trust, but plain common sense and a far-sighted business policy. By keeping down the price of steel products it keeps competition at the minimum, and infuses the elements of certainty and stability into the entire business world. By maintaining low prices it insures a steady demand for steel products, when by raising the prices it would check the growth of this demand.

Another Reminder.

Philadelphia Record: Prince Henry of Germany will land in the United States on Washington's birthday. This will be another reminder that Prince Henry's ancestor, Frederick the Great, presented a sword to Washington from the oldest general in Europe to the greatest in either hemisphere.

Right Kind of Peacemakers.

Philadelphia Press: Gen. Bell wants more American women in the Philippines. He declares that they can control public opinion better than men. Gen. Bell basis his assertions, no doubt, on a knowledge of how women control public men and affairs in the United States. An army of American women would have the population of the islands at their feet in three months.

Women In the Jury Box.

Chicago Chronicle: Women are to be admitted to the jury box in Norway. It ought to be hoped that in that country women have a keener sense of humor than is sometimes found in these parts. During a recent trial in the Chicago Women's club a member gravely proposed that absentees be empowered to vote by proxy. As seeing and hearing testimony is ordinarily deemed necessary to an impartial verdict, the request aroused considerable surprise. To the credit of the club it was denied.

A Notable Exhibit.

New York Sun: The Hon. Dennis Flynn took a queer dozen of Oklahomans to the White House the other day. "Mr. President," said Mr. Flynn, "the beauty of this delegation is that not one of them is a candidate for office." Probably energetic emigrants from Kansas have got all the Oklahoma offices, and the other Oklahomans see the futility of competing with those irrepressible political geniuses.

The People's Verdict.

Cincinnati Enquirer: The more frequently the government prods Admiral Schley, the greater appears to be the popular acclaim for him. It is well enough to recall the fact, occasionally, that government is the creature of the people. When Schley was directing the pursuit of Cervera's fleet he was fighting for the people of the United States, and not for the glory of Sampson, Crowninshield, Capt. Lemly and the navy bureau ring. The people have summed up for themselves all that is in favor of Schley and all that is against him, and have found a tremendous balance in his favor.

Where, Indeed?

Atlanta Journal: What's the use of all this fuss about President Roosevelt accepting a present from royalty? If President Washington hadn't accepted a pair of jacks from the king of Spain once upon a time, where would the Missouri mule industry be now?

Eggs In Pickle For Edgar.

Memphis Commercial-Appeal: We trust it is true that Edgar S. Maclay is going to lecture, and we hope he will come to Memphis. Last year's eggs are simply pining for Edgar.

Westward the Star of Empire.

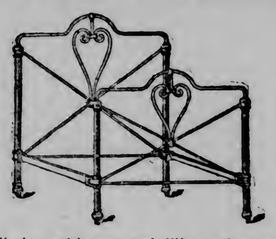
New York Press: At one time Maine was like Iowa in Washington—the whole thing—and you could not come near a Maine man without hearing about it. James G. Blaine, secretary of state; Chief Justice Fuller, Speaker Tom Reed, with Dingley getting ready to be chairman of the ways and means committee, and the senate committee on navy affairs all from the Pine Tree state. Now Iowa is everything.

French & Bassett

COMPLETE HOUSE FURNISHERS.

Here are opportunities for saving by spending. Here are a few of the many bargains that you will find at this store. If you haven't the cash, remember, "Your Credit is Good." *"Guess I'll try French & Bassett."* That's how a great many of our best customers began, they tried—that is what you want to do.

IRON BEDS



Full size, white enamel (like cut), a good strong substantial bed. A regular $2.75 article for

$1.95

CEDARINE Furniture Polish 25c bottle.

E-Z FLOOR OIL. Polishes Hardwood Floors, 25c bottle.

LAMP CHIMNEYS

No. 2 Rochestra or No. 8 Macbeth.....7c
No. 2 Rochestra, No. 12 or 9 Macbeth.....12c
No. 2 Royal or No. 22 Macbeth.....7c
No. 2 for flat wick burner.....7c
No. 1 for flat wick burner.....5c

COMMON CHIMNEYS

No. 2 Rochestra.....5c
No. 1 Flat wick burner.....3c
No. 2 Flat wick burner.....4c

A full line of all kinds and sizes in Duplex, Student, Princess and Success.

AT THE HOTELS

A hundred thousand new settlers in the Northwest are what F. I. Whitney, general passenger agent of the Great Northern railway, who was at the Spalding last evening, estimates the immigration movement at the coming season. Mr. Whitney says the class of people that are coming into the Northwest in these days is far ahead of any earlier immigration movement into this region, for the new comers are mostly people from the Middle West and Middle South.

• • •

W. W. Broughton, general traffic manager of the Eastern Minnesota, was another railroad man who came up yesterday from St. Paul. It was rumored about the hotels that he came up to prevent the payment of an election bet made with the rapacious operating man of an opposition line, who insisted on a settlement as soon as the first bulletin came in of the net result of Tuesday's ballot. Mr. Broughton is said to have instructed the stakeholder to await the result of the contest.

• • •

Ten members of the University of Minnesota Glee and Mandolin club are stopping at the McKay. They are: W. H. Eichman, P. S. Saunders, Walter M. Brown, P. J. Lawrence, C. S. Buck, B. G. Hoerger, B. N. Lambert, G. N. Dacey, C. A. Davis and Bert R. Newstedt.

• • •

R. W. Wentworth, Minneapolis; R. D. Samuels, Alf. W. Welsh, New York; A. J. Holmes, St. Paul; W. J. Kelso, Belleview, Iowa; H. C. Hirschy, Minneapolis; George E. Fox, Des Moines; W. J. Conway, Bay City; H. F. Chase, New Haven, and J. B. Tallman, Chicago, are at the Spalding.

• • •

Charles J. Johnson, of Grand Marais, is at the St. Louis on his way from Minneapolis to his home.

• • •

W. J. Toole, Walnut Grove, Minn.; S. C. Amman, St. Paul; W. Liddell, Chicago; W. J. Kelling, Milwaukee; H. C. Olin, Terre Haute; L. E. Adels, Chicago, and H. V. Rolf, St. Paul, are at the McKay.

• • •

Gust A. Williams, New Ulm; Thomas Jones, Guttenberg, Iowa; Joseph Phillips, Cincinnati; O. Sebapiro, Ashland; H. L. Day, Minneapolis; J. N. Kersch, Crookston; George A. Malins, St. Paul; C. J. Rockwood, Minneapolis; Waldo Sweet, Fond du Lac, and J. E. Fitzgerald, Milwaukee, are at the St. Louis.

Every Piano

in our great stock makes its own appeal to you—and a strong one it is, too.

STEINWAY—
With its superb tone qualities.

KNABE—
A veritable monarch.

KRANICH & BACH—
Wondrously pure and sympathetic.

IVERS & POND—
Phenomenal in durability.

We could fill the column with points like this, and still leave the most important of all untouched.

PRICES—Our great store sparkles with bargains in every corner.

DULUTH MUSIC CO

Largest Piano House at the Head of the Lakes.

Sole Agts. for Steinway and Knabe Pianos

Cor. Superior Street and Lake Avenue.

Open Saturday Evenings.

Muhlbauer's Orchestra

Will play in the lobby of the West Superior hotel tonight from 8 to 10, and Sunday evening dinner from 6 to 8, and in lobby from 8:30 to 10.

ORGANIST.

First Methodist Church Secures Wm. Browne of St. Paul.

The First Methodist church considers itself very fortunate in having been able to secure as organist William Browne, who has been organist at the House of Hope church in St. Paul. Prior to that he was organist of the First Presbyterian church of Trenton, N. J., and assistant organist at the Holy Name cathedral, at Chicago, a church which has a membership of 25,000.

Mr. Browne comes from the English school of organists, having obtained his first appointment by competition in London, England, in 1862. C. E. Willing, the great organist of the Foundling hospital, was the judge.

After Mr. Browne is thoroughly installed as organist, it is the purpose of the church to give the public an opportunity to hear him in fifteen-minute recitals preceding the evening service.

NEWSPAPER

To Be Established By Americans at Manila.

New York, Feb. 8.—A Republican newspaper controlled by Americans will be established at Manila, according to the Herald. At present there is not a single American newspaper in the islands, the Daily American having been sold recently to an English syndicate.

It is probable that one or two pages of the newspaper will be printed in Tagalog. Present plans are to have this department edited by some well-known educator, and it is to consist largely of lessons in American history.

Better a small advertisement that attracteth the multitude than a large one that is seen by the few.

IN SOCIAL CIRCLES

The third party of the season given by the Assembly was held at the Spalding last evening, and was a very enjoyable affair. The attendance was about thirty couples. Those present were:

Misses—
Chamberlain, Porter,
Hartman Kennedy,
Mildred Porter, Hill,
Richards, Brinkmark,
Bunnell, Keokuk, Iowa,
Lewis, Letteau,
Whalen, Grace St. Clair,
Rachel St. Clair, Wentworth,
Tibbett, Lautenschlager,
Rosser, Eaton,
West Superior, West Superior,
Fee, Willoughby,
Tyler,

Messrs.—
Richardson, Burg,
Ingalls, Cleiland,
Grady, Smith,
W. R. Peyton, Moore,
Sheridan, Graff,
Coleman, Dietz,
Smallwood, Gridley,
Gallagher, Whyte,
Letteau, Steele,
Johnson, C. P. O'Donnell,
F. J. O'Donnell, Rowley.
Smith,

• • •

Mrs. W. E. Richardson entertained at cards Thursday afternoon and Mr. and Mrs. Richardson again entertained on Friday evening. Euchre was played at both parties, and Thursday afternoon the first prize was won by Mrs. George Rupley. Mrs. J. L. Washburn was awarded second prize and Mrs. G. G. Hartley the third. At Friday evening's games Mrs. R. N. Marble and G. W. Buck won the head prizes and Mrs. Charles H. Thornton and J. G. Vivian the foot prizes. The house decorations were very pretty.

• • •

Wednesday afternoon Mrs. William F. Quayle and Mrs. Cassius H. Bagley were the hostesses at a charming reception held at the Bagley home, 1427 East Superior street. Mrs. Quayle and Mrs. Bagley were assisted in the receiving by Mesdames C. G. Traphagen and L. R. Robinson. In the dining room Mrs. H. F. Williamson, Jr., presided at the table, assisted by the Misses Crowley, Belle Simonds and Jones. The house decorations were handsome, in pink and green effect, those of the dining room being especially pretty. Music was among the features of the afternoon's entertainment.

• • •

Mrs. Edward Mendenhall entertained at cards at the Kitchi Gammi club Tuesday afternoon. Six-handed euchre was played and there were eleven tables. Miss Bella Simonds won the head prize, Mrs. Henry H. Myers the second and Mrs. John P. Morrow the third prize.

• • •

The Young Ladies' Card club was entertained Monday afternoon at the home of Mrs. Francis W. Sullivan, of East First street. The club prize was won by Mrs. Robert Eyester, the guests' prize by Mrs. Homer Collins and the consolation prize by Mrs. Mark Baldwin.

• • •

Frank D. Adams left yesterday for Cincinnati, where he will be married on Wednesday, Feb. 12, to Grace Gibson Pinkerton. The wedding will take place at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Hugh Gibson, 3139 Durrell avenue, Walnut Hills. Mrs. Pinkerton has been at Craggencroft, in Duluth. Mr. Adams is one of the attorneys connected with the United States Steel corporation's interests in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. Adams will return to Duluth about Feb. 20 and will make their home at Glen Avon.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Francis W. Sullivan, of East First street, left last evening for New Orleans and will be away about two weeks.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. F. Myers have returned from a six weeks' visit in the East.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. George S. Barnes, Jr., of St. Elmo terrace, leave tomorrow for Leavenworth, Kan., to attend the wedding of Mrs. Barnes' brother.

• • •

The Bachelors' club, of Lester Park, was entertained Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. E. F. Mohle.

• • •

Mrs. R. P. Dowse was visiting in Chicago this week.

• • •

A rehearsal for the opera "Pinafore" will be held Tuesday evening of next week.

• • •

The Ladies of the Eastern Star were entertained yesterday afternoon at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. S. Forgy, 310 East Second street. About thirty-five attended. Lunch was served and all spent a delightful afternoon.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. W. Dutton will entertain the Neighborhood Card club this evening.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. R. E. O'Malley have returned from St. Paul, where they visited with Mr. O'Malley's parents.

• • •

Greysolon du Lhut chapter, D. A. H., will meet with Mrs. N. F. Hugo, 122 East Third street, next Thursday at 3 o'clock.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. A. J. Harker, of 309 East Sixth street, were pleasantly surprised Saturday evening by about twenty-five of their friends. Cards were played. The first prizes were won by Mrs. W. Anderson and J. E. Kresger and the consolation prizes by Mrs. E. Wagner and S. Franks.

Misses—
Edna Palmer, Mamie Morterud,
Gussie Pember, Grace Staples,
Lucile Kieren, Lou Staples,
Lizzie Morian, Marion Kieren,
Mabel Morterud, Louise Lyons,

Messrs.—
James Hart, Edwin Preston,
G. Farrington, Wallace Daoust,
B. Lauermann, King Staples.
J. Lauermann,

• • •

Miss Grace Staples, of 2018 West Superior street, was pleasantly surprised Tuesday evening by a party of her friends. The evening was spent in music and games. Prizes were awarded Miss Edna Palmer and Master James Hart in a guessing contest. Dainty refreshments were served. Those present were:

• • •

Mrs. J. A. Cleary, of 22 West First street, will entertain at cards this evening.

• • •

The Woman's alliance of the First Unitarian church will meet with Mrs. H. V. Getchins, 5126 London road, Wednesday afternoon. Rev. Harry White will read Channing's Baltimore sermon.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Mollie Van Allen and Edward John Dugan occurred Tuesday afternoon, Feb. 4, at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. M. H. Van Allen, of Ortonville, Minn. Mr. and Mrs. Dugan wil be at home at 40 Eleventh street north, Minneapolis. The bride is a niece of Mrs. Henry Van Brunt, of this city, and formerly resided here.

• • •

The Lester Park Literary club will meet with Mrs. W. S. Storer, next Tuesday. The topic for the day will be "Latin Literature." Leader, Mrs. J. C. Congdon.

• • •

The ladies of Greysolon camp, No. 627, will have a card party Friday evening, Feb. 14, at Columbus hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Peyton, Miss Peyton and B. M. Peyton left Thursday evening for Boston, where they will sail for the Mediterranean.

• • •

Mrs. A. H. Stevens left this week for a visit in Chicago.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. T. H. Walsh have gone to Shomberg, Canada, for a ten-days' visit.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Clark Fagg left Thursday afternoon for a month's trip in the East and South.

• • •

The Home Culture club will meet Tuesday evening, Feb. 11, at the home of W. M. Hubbard, 213 Twenty-fifth avenue west.

• • •

The Woman's alliance of the Unitarian church will give a valentine card party at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. R. Wentworth, 211 West Second street, next Friday evening.

• • •

Miss Myrtle Tibbetts has returned from a week's visit with friends in Minneapolis, where she attended the Junior ball.

• • •

Mrs. R. C. Henry left Monday for a visit at Minneapolis and Redwood Falls, Minn.

• • •

The annual ball of the Policemen's Relief association was held at the Armory Monday evening and was one of the most successful entertainments that the Duluth policemen have yet given. There was a large attendance, including many guests from West Superior and some from the range towns.

• • •

On Thursday evening the American Association of Masters and Pilots, Duluth Harbor, No. 44, gave its third annual ball at the Armory. A large crowd of guests enjoyed the hospitality of the association, and spent the evening in a very enjoyable manner. La Brosse's orchestra played.

• • •

Mrs. Henry K. Brearley is visiting her parents in Mason City, Ia.

• • •

Mrs. D. H. Final and children arrived from Saginaw, Mich., Tuesday, to make their home in this city.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Smith, of 632 East Third street, left Sunday for New Orleans to attend the Mardi Gras carnival.

• • •

Mrs. C. G. Shipman, of Ely, was in the city the first of the week on her way to Florida, where she will remain for several months.

• • •

E. H. Eddy left Monday for a visit in New Orleans.

• • •

Mrs. Henry Busse and son, William, have returned from Evansville, Ind., where they were called by the death of a relative.

• • •

Miss Mayme Mark left Monday for a visit with friends in St. Paul.

• • •

Miss Julia Leahy left Monday evening for a visit with her sister at San Antonio, Texas.

• • •

Miss Lillian Kelly, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Kelly, of 513 Fourth avenue east, and James G. Murray were united in marriage Tuesday by Rev. S. P. Long, of the First Methodist church. The ceremony was a pretty one and was witnessed by about thirty of the friends of the bride and groom. The bride was daintily gowned and carried bride's roses. Mr. and Mrs. Murray will be at home at 15 East Fourth street, after March 1.

• • •

L. S. Loeb and family left this week for Phoenix, Ariz.

• • •

Mrs. D. G. Penny left Monday for Las Vegas, N. M., where she will remain for the rest of the winter.

• • •

D. M. Sabin will leave the first of next week for California, where he will join Mrs. Sabin in a several weeks' recreation trip.

• • •

Miss Maud McLachlan and Miss Winifred Potter left Tuesday afternoon for New Orleans, where they will witness the Mardi Gras carnival and then visit in Arkansas.

• • •

The annual ball of the Duluth Duluth Heights volunteer fire department was held at the fire hall Wednesday evening. About fifty couples were present and an enjoyable time was reported.

• • •

Mrs. F. B. Beaupre is visiting relatives in Minneapolis.

• • •

Herman Burg has gone to Mt. Clemens, Mich., for treatment, having been in ill health for some time. Mrs. Burg accompanied him.

• • •

Professor George Tyler's recital before the Matinee Musicale, which was to have been held Thursday afternoon, was postponed for one week on account of the severe cold that Mr. Tyler had contracted.

• • •

The Woman's auxiliary of the St. Paul's church meet Friday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. J. Suffel, Sixteenth avenue east and Superior street.

• • •

Mrs. J. H. Smith, of Iron River, has returned to her home after a two-weeks' visit with her daughter, Mrs. A. F. Kruschke.

• • •

Mrs. E. M. Lewis entertained Mrs. Fred Winters, of Sparta, this week.

• • •

Tuesday evening the first annual ball given by the wholesale grocers and commission merchants to the Duluth Retail Grocers' association and their employees was given at the Armory, and was a largely attended and brilliant entertainment. The wholesale men did themselves proud in carrying through so fine an event. The guests numbered nearly 2000, many of them coming from West Superior. The earlier part of the evening was devoted to a musical and literary entertainment. Some of the best musical talent in Duluth assisted in the program. Numbers were rendered by the Duluth Glee club, the Ladies' quartet, Miss Clara Hector, Mrs. Berryman, Professor C. W. Weeks and John Martin. Speeches were made by Mayor Hugo, state and local officers of the association, and by a number of the visitors. The program was followed by an elegant repast and dancing. Flaaten's full orchestra furnished the music. There were twenty numbers in the dancing program, exclusive of the extras.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Haines and Miss Haines left Wednesday for a several months' visit in the South.

• • •

Mrs. L. D. Kitchell left Wednesday afternoon for a visit in Cincinnati, O. Mr. Kitchell accompanied her as far as St. Paul.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. B. M. Hirscham, who have been visiting Mr. and Mrs. P. H. Levy, for the past three weeks, left Wednesday for their home in St. Paul.

• • •

The Young Men's Catholic club at 212 West Fourth street was opened Wednesday evening and a fine program rendered. Capt. Maginnis, who is back from Porto Rico, gave an interesting account of army life on the island. Bishop McGolrick spoke, and James Fitzgerald recited. Miss Carroll sang and E. B. Miller and R. O'Keefe rendered a piano duet.

• • •

Court Eastern Star, No. 86, U. O. F., will hold its sixth annual ball, Feb. 14. The committee on arrangements is comprised of E. Milner, C. Kerr, A. Currier, A. L. Foster, C. F. Wilson. The ladies of Court Phoenix will serve the supper.

• • •

The second of a series of card games between Duluth Tent No. 1 and West Duluth Tent No. 2, K. O. T. M., will take place at the hall of the Duluth tent, Wednesday evening.

• • •

The ladies of Court Eastern Star entertained their friends at a thimble bee at the home of Mrs. D. S. Forgy, 310 East Third street, Friday afternoon.

• • •

A very pretty wedding ceremony took place Monday morning at 11 o'clock at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Schuler, of 5203 Ramsey street. The bride was Miss Lucille Brophy, of Stevens Point, Wis., a sister of Mrs. Schuler, and the groom was Joseph M. Bender, also of Stevens Point. Miss Brophy is quite popular in West Duluth social circles, having visited here for over a month previous to her marriage.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. W. E. Loomis, pastor of Asbury M. E. church, in the presence of a few of the intimate friends of the bride. Mr. Schuler acted as best man, and Mrs. Schuler was matron of honor for her sister.

Mr. and Mrs. Bender left for their home in Stevens Point from the Union depot yesterday afternoon. They were accompanied to the train by a number of their West Duluth friends, who gave them an enthusiastic and appropriate send-off.

• • •

Mrs. Grau, of Central avenue, has been entertaining her brother, Joseph Thebalt, of Jamestown, N. D.

• • •

James Porter, of Tonawanda, N. Y., visited West Duluth relatives during the first part of the week.

• • •

Mrs. Joseph Lane, of New Ulm, visited her daughter, Mrs. Ketzer, this week.

• • •

The young people of the Baptist church of West Duluth had an enjoyable ride to Fond du Lac and New Duluth Wednesday evening.

• • •

Mrs. Adams entertained the ladies of the Foreign Missionary society of the Asbury M. E. church at her home Friday afternoon.

• • •

Paul A. Mitchell returned Wednesday from New York.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. Edward Passon have returned to their home in St. Paul, after a week's visit with Mrs. David Kerr, of Oneota.

• • •

The marriage of Miss Edith Milligan and Thomas Cashin, both of West Duluth, is announced to take place shortly.

• • •

Mr. and Mrs. R. H. Taylor, who have been visiting Mrs. Taylor's mother at West Duluth, have returned to their home in Sault Ste. Marie, Mich.

• • •

Miss Emma Lund was pleasantly surprised by a party of her friends Saturday evening.

• • •

Mrs. Daniel Keefe, of 714 Fifty-eighth avenue west, entertained the ladies of Anthony's Charitable association Tuesday afternoon.

• • •

Rev. James Earl, the new pastor of the Plymouth Congregational church, has arrived from Granite Falls to assume his charge.

• • •

The next meeting of the Matinee Musicale will be held Monday afternoon at 4 o'clock at the Temple recital hall. The program has been arranged by Mrs. James McAuliffe and Mrs. William D. Bailey, and is as follows:

Paper.... .....
Mrs. Bailey.
Verdi—Aria from "La Traviata".....
John Martin.
Rossini—"Qui Est Homo," from "Stabat Mater" .....
Mrs. C. H. Thornton and Mrs. McAuliffe.
Donizzetti—Overture from "Licia di Lammermoor" .....
Violin quartet, Mr. Bradbury and pupils.
Donizetti—Overture from "Lucia di mermoor" .....
Cyril Tyler.
Cherubim—Overture to "Anacreau".....
Mrs. McLean, Mrs. Bailey, Miss Smith, Miss Holmes.

• • •

Thursday evening Bishop and Mrs. J. D. Morrison gave a handsome dinner party. Those present were:

Messrs. and Mesdames—
J. H. Dight, E. P. Towne,
F. J. Fulford, J. B. Cotton.
O. G. Brice, T. C. Phillips,
J. E. Bowers, Maurice Bywater,
F. B. Clarke,
Mrs. G. A. St. Clair.

Misses—
McBride. Crowley.

• • •

The Twentieth Century club program for the coming week is as follows:

Monday, 10 a. m., executive board meeting.

Tuesday, at 10:30, class on child study.

Tuesday, at 2:30 o'clock, travel class.

Wednesday, 8 o'clock evening, literature class. Wednesday, 8 o'clock, physical culture class at Sixth Avenue theater.

Thursday, 10 o'clock morning, Shakespeare class.

On Tuesday last the travel class had an especially fine session. Mrs. A. D. Dutton and Mrs. Wardwell Ames gave interesting talks, while Mrs. Prudden and Mrs. Totman read short papers bearing on the history of the Hawaiian islands. Mrs. Dutton conducted the class through the Yellowstone park, and her hearers saw the wonders and beauties of this grand work of nature, through the vision of the artist, the poet and the casual observer.

Mrs. Ames, through her residence of some months in Honolulu, was able to tell of the social and home life of both the natives and the foreigners, and showed many pictures of scenes throughout the islands.

On Tuesday afternoon the topic will be Japan. A cordial invitation is extended to all those interested to attend the meetings.

The regular monthly social was held on Monday evening in the club rooms and a delightful evening was spent with games and informal talks, Mrs. St. Claire and Mrs. Marshall serving dainty refreshments.

The next social will be on March 3, and will be a "book title" party. All are expected to come with something about them representing the title of a book.

• • •

Mrs. A. D. Thomson, of West Second street, entertained a party of ten at an elegant luncheon Thursday.

• • •

A pleasant sleigh ride party was given by the Unity Social club Friday evening. About twenty-five couples were packed into the sleigh. The party was taken to Smithville and danced until after midnight at the Smithville dancing hall. Lunch was served in the old-time style, each one helping himself.

• • •

Last Tuesday the Unity Social club held its first annual banquet at the home of John Clayton, of 2011 West First street. The toasts given by Frank Scoble and Orlando Olson were heartily responded. Progressive pedro was played later.

The banquet table was covered with white crepe paper with a valance of the paper stamped in fern pattern of the club colors, orange and purple. Small cakes, bon bons and ices of all sorts made up the menu.

A PUBLIC PROMISE!

With every bottle of Smith's Green Mountain Renevator sold by this firm goes the absolute promise to repay the purchase price if no benefit results from its use for any blood trouble, shattered nerves, weakness or debility, kidney and liver disease, and a stomach that does not do its work. If you are not well, call and let us make you so.

S. F. BOYCE,
Sole Agent.

Isn't how much we sell you, but how well we please you that concerns us most.

PANTON & WHITE
THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE
DULUTH, MINN.

One of the prime requisites of successful merchandising is quality truthfully extolled



This Is Valentine Headquarters.

Long since declared so by the "public," whose more than generous appreciation and patronage enables us yearly to place on sale more and more extensive assortments. The valentines are shown on Bargain Counter 2 and will be on exhibition here until Valentine Day, Feb. 14. Old and young find pleasure in the time-honored custom, and delighted crowds have been around the Valentine section all week. Last year we did not have enough valentines to meet the demand. Many assortments were closed out long before Valentine day. We have bought much more extensively this season, but the sales are increasing proportionately. Early choosing is safest.

Cupid's Post Cards.

New—Six post cards in a package—each card has a beautiful photogravure reproduction of a subject suggesting St. Valentine's Day by world-famous artists, with a "heart to heart talk" quotation from some author. Very appropriate. Price, 10 cards for..... 10c

Canfield Dress Shields

Seamless, Odorless and Impervious to Moisture. Soft as Kid. Easily washed. Every shield guaranteed and all damages paid.

Canfield

What Sarah Bernhardt Says of Canfield Shields.

"I found your **Canfield Dress Shields** excellent, and more durable than any other I have used.

Will you kindly forward me two dozen to my address, Boulevard Periere, Paris.

SARAH BERNHARDT.

April 7th, 1901."

FOR SALE BY
I. FREIMUTH, PANTON & WHITE.

CHARTERS

Of Many Illinois Corporations Likely to Be Forfeited.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 8.—Hundreds of Illinois corporations are in danger of losing their charters because of their failure to comply with the law passed in 1899 requiring that each concern make an annual report to the secretary of state giving the location of the principal office, the nature of the business engaged in and the names of the president, directors or manager. From the record it is believed there are nearly 12,000 corporations doing business in the state and although the time for making the report expires on March 1, only 3436 corporations have complied with the law. In 1899 reports were received from 6292, corporations and in 1900 from 6355 corporations.

An Electric Belt Free

Send Your Application At Once To The Physician's Institute.

They Will Send You Absolutely Free One of Their 100 Guage Supreme Electric Belts, the Belt Which Has Made so Many Wonderful Cures—You Needn't Send Even a Postage Stamp, Just Your Name and Address.



Seven years ago the State of Illinois granted to the Physicians' Institute of Chicago a charter. There was need of something above the ordinary method of treatment for chronic diseases, something more than any one specialist or any number of specialists acting independently could do, so the State itself, under the powers granted it by its general laws, gave the power to the Physicians' Institute to furnish to the sick such help as would make them well and strong.

Ever since its establishment this Institute has endeavored in every possible way to carry out the original purposes of its establishment under the beneficient laws of the State.

Three years ago, the Physicians' Institute, realizing the value of electricity in the treatment of certain phases of disease, created under the superintendence of its staff of specialists an electric belt, and this belt has been proved to be of great value as a curative agent. From time to time it has been improved until it reached that stage of perfection which warranted its present name of "Supreme."

This belt is the most effective of all agents in the cure of rheumatism, lumbago, lame back, nervous exhaustion, weakened or lost vital functions, varicocele, kidney disorders and many other complaints.

This "Supreme Electric Belt" is made in one grade only—100 guage—there is no better electric belt made and no better belt can be made. You have only to write to the Physicians' Institute and one of these belts will be sent you absolutely free. It is not sent on trial, it is yours to keep forever without the payment of one cent. This generous offer may be withdrawn at any time, so you should write to-day for this free "Supreme Electric Belt" to The Physicians' Institute, 2111 Masonic Temple, Chicago, Ills.

A SLIGHT ADVANCE

Wheat Started Out at Decline But Became Stronger.

Little Trading In Futures on the Duluth Board.

Flax Was Fairly Active and Market Was Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 8.—The wheat market started out weak and lower this morning, the bearish sentiment that developed yesterday continuing, but good buying brought about a reaction and the decline was recovered, the market closing with a small advance for the day. The opening weakness was in part due to the lower cables, the favorable weather for the winter wheat crops and a poor cash situation.

There was little trading in the Duluth wheat market and the price fluctuated very little. It opened ¼c off at 75¾c, sold at 75¾c at 9:45, at 76c at 10:57, at 75¾c at 11:35, jumped to 76¼c at 12:58 and closed at that price, an advance of ½c. Chicago advanced ¾c and Minneapolis was a shade higher.

Cash sales were 20,000 bus. There was no change in prices, 2½c under May for No. 1 northern, 3c under for No. 2, and 7c under for No. 3, continuing to be paid.

Flax trading was fairly active and the market was stronger. May opened 1c up at $1.75, sold off to $1.74½, rallied to $1.74¾, dropped to $1.74⅝, and then again sold down at $1.74½, closing at that price an advance of ¾c. February and cash seed were up 4c and to arrive 1c.

Corn declined ½c, oats ¼c and rye 1c. The Liverpool market declined ⅝@1d; Antwerp closed unchanged and Paris ¼c to 1c lower.

Primary receipts of wheat were 341,000 bus, last year 432,000 bus. Shipments 194,000 bus, last year 253,000 bus. Australian shipments were 968,000 bus, last week 1,072,000 bus, last year 464,000 bus.

Corn in Chicago declined ¾c and oats ¼c. Primary receipts of corn were 242,000 bus, last year 662,000 bus. Shipments 290,000 bus, last year 210,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 289 cars, and at Chicago, 12, a total of 301 cars, against 328 last week and 408 last year.

Following were the closing prices on the Duluth board:

Wheat—Cash No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c; No. 2 northern, 71¼c; No. 3 spring, 69¼c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾c; May, 76¼c; July, 77c. Oats, 30½c. Rye, 54½c. Barley, 49@58c. Corn, 61c. Flax, cash, $1.74½; to arrive, $1.72; February, $1.71½; May, $1.74¾.

Car inspections—Wheat, 290; last year, 28; oats, 1; barley, 14; flax, 35.

Receipts—Wheat, 45,574; barley, 1971; flax, 21,780.

Shipments—Wheat, 667; corn, 10,893.

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McCarthy Bros. & Co.
Grain Commission Merchants.
Duluth and Minneapolis.
WE SELL BY SAMPLE.
REFERENCES.
First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 3 cars	$0.73¾
No. 2 northern, 5 cars	70¾
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	70¾
No. 3 spring, 2 cars	69¼
Flax, 2000 bus, to arrive	1.72½

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Bearish Sentiment Caused Grain to Open Weak.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—The bearish sentiment that developed in grain was carried over today and on numerous bits of bearish news the markets opened weak all around. Wheat started ¾@1¼c to 1⅝@1¾c lower at 77¾c to 77¾@1½c on cables that reflected our yesterday's weakness. The weather favored the winter crop, rains having fallen in California. The cash situation was poor and commission houses turned in to sell. St. Louis also was an early seller in this market. The lower prices, however, tempted a good deal of covering for short accounts and the Northwest and some of the pit crowd bought in, bringing a reaction for May to 77⅝c. Trade was quiet early. Local receipts were 12 cars; one contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 289 cars, making a total for the three points of 301 cars, against 328 last week and 408 a year ago. Australian shipments for the week were 900,000 bus, against 1,072,000 bus last week and 464,000 a year ago.

During the latter part of the session wheat fluctuated very narrowly, held up by a good support. The corn weakness lost its effect and on some buying May sold up to 78c, closing firm ¼c higher at 77⅞@78c.

May corn opened ¼@½c lower at 61⅞@61½c, on lower cables and general bearish sentiment. St. Louis reported a weaker condition in the Southwest and offerings were liberal. Short covering sent May up to 62c, but the bearish influences held fast and May soon sold back again to 61¾c. Receipts were 43 cars.

Oats opened the weakest on the grain list, with May ½@⅞c lower at 42@42⅝c. The corn weakness was one of the leading bearish factors. The demand was also slack and longs seemed possessed with the desire to get out of the market. Covering at the low prices helped that tone later in the session and May worked back to 43½c, though there was a subsequent sag of ¾c. Receipts were 66 cars.

Corn continued rather weak throughout the day, selling down as low as 61¾c for May. There was a small rally late, but May closed weak, ⅜c down at 61¾c.

Provisions felt the depressing influence of large receipts and lower prices at the yards. The opening was somewhat weak, but later packers lent some support to the market and there was a steadier tone. May pork opened 10c down at $15.80, and reacted to $15.85; May lard 2½@5c lower at $9.45, sold up a shade, then eased to $9.42½; May ribs 2½c lower at $8.50 and sold off to $8.47½.

Close: Wheat, February, 75¼c; May, 77¾@78c; July, 78½c. Corn, February, 58c; May, 61¾c; July, 61⅝@⅞c; September, 60⅝@⅝c. Oats, February, 42¼c; May, 43¼c; July, 37¼c; September, 37¼c. Pork, February, $15.60; May, $15.85; July, $15.92½. Lard, February, $9.27½; May $9.45; July, $9.55. Ribs, February, $8.42½; May, $8.52½; July, $8.62½; September, $8.72½. Flax, cash Northwestern, $1.72; May, $1.74½@1.75; cash Southwestern, $1.69. Rye, February —c; May, 60c; July, 59½c. Barley, cash, 58@64c. Timothy, March, $3.60. Clover, March, $9.25. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 83¾@84¾c; No. 3 red, 80@83¾c; No. 2 hard winter, 75¾@77¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 74¾@76¾c; No. 1 northern spring, 76¾@77c¾; No. 2 northern spring, 74¾@77c; No. 3 spring, 70@75c. Corn, No. 3, 59@½c. Oats, No. 2, 43½@44c; No. 3, 43@43½c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 74½c.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅝c.
Curb, May wheat, 74⅜-½c bid.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 8.—Close: Wheat, May, 83½c; July, 83⅝c. Corn, May, 66⅝c; July, 66¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 8.—Close: Wheat—Spot No. 2 winter, steady, 6s 2d. No. 1 northern, spring, steady, 6s 1½d. No. 1 California, firm, 6s 3½d. Futures dull, March, 6s 1⅛d; May, 6s 1⅞d. Corn—Spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 3¼d; American mixed, old, 5s 4½d. Futures, dull; February, 5s 2½d; March, 5s 2⅝d; May, 5s 2¾d.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	..75⅝B	74	77⅜-½@77¼-⅜	83¼
High	..76¼	74⅜	78	83½-⅝
Low	..74⅛B	73⅞-74	77¼-⅜	83¼
Close	..76⅛B	74¾	77⅝-78B	83½B
July—				
Open	..76¾A	75¼-¾A	77¾-7⅝	83¼
High	..77B	75½	78⅛	83⅝
Low	..77⅝-¾B	75½-¼	77⅜	83¼
Close	..77B	75½	78¼B	83⅜

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	May.	May.	May.
Open	....43@42⅞	61⅞@61⅝	$15.80-82
High	....43½	62	$15.85-87
Low	....42⅝	61¼	$15.77
Close	....43½A	61¾A	$15.85

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of H. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Trade in wheat today was light and mostly of a local professional character. The market, after ruling weak early in sympathy with corn, later in the day rallied on covering by shorts and the close was steadier, ¼c per bus higher than last night. The foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool reported their market ¼d lower in sympathy with our lower closing of last night. Continental markets were also lower. Cash demand here was rather quiet and the seaboard reported very little demand there for export. Advices from the Northwest indicate freer offerings by the country and larger receipts at Minneapolis are expected next week. The visible supply will in all probability show a fairly large decrease. Estimated receipts for Monday, 10 cars.

The corn market after ruling weak early, on further liquidation by longs, later in the day rallied on covering by shorts. The close was steadier, ⅜c per bus lower than last night. Foreign markets were weak. Liverpool closing ½d lower for the day. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand remains unsatisfactory especially in the Southwest. Trade was large all day and longs have pretty well liquidated. The future course of the market will be governed a great deal by the cash demand. Estimated receipts for Monday, 60 cars.

Trade in oats was light and the market generally followed the course of corn. After declining early later rallied and closed May ¼c, July ⅛c lower than last night. There was no special feature to the market. Country offerings were moderate, cash demand quiet. Estimated receipts for Monday, 105 cars.

Provisions opened weak on heavy receipts of hogs, but the market was given support. Hog receipts at all points are large, but the local crowd evidently see nothing, but support by prominent operators and the weakness in corn had little effect. We think local crowd are heavily long and have too much faith in the power of any combine of men to advance prices with weak grain and enormous hog receipts. Outside investors have their lines bought and on any advance will flood the market with selling orders and we do not think they are either in a position to buy or could do so if they wanted to. Estimated receipts of hogs for Monday, 51,000, and 240,000 for next week.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 8.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 73¾74c; May, 74⅜c; July, 75½c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73¾@74¼c; No. 2 northern, 72¾@73½c.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Feb. 8.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a somewhat dull tone in the trade characterized to market to date. In spite of the large supplies which were crowding the market the business transacted was less than expected. Values:

Drafters, extra	$155@215
Drafters, choice	125@155
Drafters, common to good	110@125
Farm mares, extra	120@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Receipts, 1000 head, including 700 Texans; steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.20; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.00@4.50; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.50@5.35; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.55; calves, $2.50@7.60; Texas fed steers, $4.25@6.00. Hogs—Receipts, 40,000 head; Monday, 55,000; left over, 3735; steady; mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.40; good to choice heavy, $6.30@6.45; rough heavy, $6.10@6.25; light, $5.75@5.95; bulk of sales, $5.90@6.30. Sheep—Receipts, 1000 head; sheep and lambs, strong; good to choice wethers, $4.90@5.40; fair to choice mixed, $3.50@4.65; Western sheep, $4.25@6.00; native lambs, $3.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.40. Yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 3682; hogs, 43,779; sheep, 3528. Shipments—Cattle, 2839; hogs, 10,106; sheep, 796.

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 8.—Butter receipts, 2910 packages; strong; state dairy, 15@25c; state creamery, 20@23c; June creamery, 16@23c; renovated, 15@21c; factory, 14@18c. Cheese receipts, 558 packages; firm; state full cream small early made, fancy colored, 11¼@¾c; state full cream small early made, fancy white, 11¼@½c; large early made, colored, 10¾c; large early made, white, 10¾c. Eggs receipts, 6823 packages; steady; state and Pennsylvania, 28@29c; Western at mark, 28c; Southern at mark, 27½c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 8.—Butter, firm; creamery, 16@27c; dairies, 16@22c. Cheese, steady, cheddars, 9¾@10¼c; twins, 10¼@½c; daisies, 10¾c; young Americas, 11@11¼c. Eggs, firm; at mark, cases included, 28c.

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Main Office—301 Jackson St., St. Paul. Local Office—306 West Superior St.
Instantaneous service. Stocks carried on one point margin and upwards. Grain one point and upwards. Minimum trade stocks—10 shares. Wheat 1000 bushels. Stocks carried without interest. Our little book of information will teach you how to speculate in grain and provision futures.
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Bonds, Also Mortgages For Sale
Bearing 5 and 5½% INTEREST.
W. M. Prindle & Co
First Floor Lonsdale Bdg

DOG SHOW.

Entries For New York Exhibition Are Very Large.

New York, Feb. 8.—For the annual bench show of the Westminster Kennel club, which will be held in Madison Square Garden from Feb. 19 to Feb. 22, the entry list is the largest by far of any show ever held in this country. Last year was a record breaker, but this year the number of entries for the various classes is more than 200 larger. This is due to several reasons. The premium list is greater than at any show in the past and the number of special cups has been increased. Probably never in the history of dog shows have so many cups been donated to be won outright, to say nothing of the many challenge cups and other prizes.

The specialty clubs have outdone themselves in giving special prizes for their members while there still is a long list open to all who care to try for them. There is a material increase in the number of entries in almost every breed. The collies show the greatest increase.

COMPROMISE

Expected on Admission of Colored Women's Clubs.

New York, Feb. 8.—No decision has been reached at the conference here of Northern and Southern delegates, who seek to bring about a compromise on the question of admitting colored clubs to the General Federation of Women's Clubs. Regarding the subject of Mrs. Alden Weatt, president of the Massachusetts Federation of Women's Clubs, said:

The conference has resulted in bringing about a better understanding of the subject in different sections of the country. We expect a compromise will be effected."

OBNOXIOUS

Methods of Baggage Inspection Call Forth Strong Protest.

Washington, Feb. 8.—A committee representing the merchants and manufacturers' board of trade of New York city, composed of C. C. Shayne, president; Liston G. Ketchum and Alexander R. Smith, called on President Roosevelt today and presented resolutions passed by that body on the 5th inst., regarding the personal baggage law. After reciting that their organization was instrumental in securing the personal baggage law, and that its object was to protect merchants dealing in imported commodities, the resolutions state that:

Whereas, in addition to the injury done such law-abiding merchants, the practices in vogue before the enactment of this law resulted in the loss of a considerable amount of revenue legitimately due the government, and

Whereas, it has come to the knowledge of the members of this association that unreasonable and obnoxious methods have been employed by inspectors at the docks in executing this law, resulting as it has in some instances to the great discomfort of tourists; now, therefore, be it

Resolved, that the merchants' and manufacturers' board of trade, while fully approving the spirit and purpose of this law, do most emphatically protest against the conduct of the inspectors complained of at the docks, in so far as they are obnoxious and unnecessarily harsh, and we urge upon the officials charged with the administration of this law the abatement of those obnoxious practices and declare ourselves to most heartily co-operate with any and everybody joining in this protest.

WILL DROP IT.

Germany Critics to Ignore Pauncefote's Note.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—The critics of Great Britain here are disposed to let Lord Pauncefote's note of April 14, 1898, drop with the explanation, called from Washington, that nothing unfriendly to the United States was meant thereby. They say the fact stands that Great Britain did initiate a second proposal for a European remonstrance. The statement that President McKinley was privy to Lord Pauncefote's purpose and approved the British proposal before it was made is not accepted here. A person who is in a position to know the opinion of the German foreign office, said:

"We are disinclined to discuss Lord Pauncefote's motives. We simply nail the fact that Lord Pauncefote took a step unpleasant for the United States and it was German's request to participate that frustrated the movement.

"Moreover, documentary proof that Great Britain took such a step exists in the files of European cabinets."

A MATCH MADE.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—Kid Lavigne and Jack O'Brien have been matched to fight before the Yosemite Athletic club on Feb. 28, in the Mechanics' Pavilion. The men will weigh in at 134 pounds on the afternoon of the contest.

WAMPELLA BURNING.

Bloomington, Ill., Feb. 8.—Wampella, twenty miles south, is burning and the fire departments of Bloomington and Clinton are en route to the scene.

HOTEL COMPANY ASSIGNS.

Buffalo, Feb. 8.—The Buffalo Hotel company, owners of the Niagara hotel, have made a general assignment. The company gave a mortgage for $50,000 on the property to the Yates Trust company. No statement of assets or liabilities was made.

SUSTAINS GOVERNOR.

Topeka, Feb. 8.—The supreme court today decided that Governor Stanley has the right to appoint successors to those district judges whose terms of office expired recently, as provided by the new biennial election law.

FIRMNESS IN STOCKS

The Market Has Grown Broader and Stronger This Week.

Continued Ease of Money Was a Favoring Influence.

Selling Was Active on Publication of Bank Statement.

New York, Feb. 8.—The stock market has grown broader and stronger this week after several checks. The first of these was the postponement on Monday of the supreme court decision in the Northern Securities company case. The large engagement of gold for export was another. Confident predictions that the supreme court will refuse jurisdiction in the Northern Securities case were made the occasion for buying stocks later. Continued ease of money in spite of gold exports was a favoring influence. Many rumors of new financial projects were afloat. The only one for which tangible evidence was adduced was one for a securities company for control of the Metropolitan street railway. Operations were mostly for professional account. There was a good demand for many bond issues.

The majority of prominent stocks showed fractional declines in opening dealings this morning, but these were offset by a number of gains in less conspicuous stocks. Manhattan was depressed nearly a point, but Metropolitan gained a fraction. Amalgamated Copper fell sharply after a small opening gain. General Electric was up 1¼. Stocks were irregular for a time and then moved upward with the specialties showing the wildest fluctuations. Both Amalgamated and Manhattan recovered their losses and Brooklyn Transit and Metropolitan were about a point higher. Pronounced gains were also made by the Iowa Central stocks, St. Lawrence and Adirondack, Lackawanna, Northwestern, International Paper, Brooklyn Union Gas, Virginia-Carolina Chemical, Westinghouse Electric and General Electrice, the last named extending its rise to 4½. There were heavy dealings in the readings with resultant gains of large fractions.

The market fell into an attitude of waiting on the bank statement, but selling became active upon its publication. There had been advances in St. Joseph & Grand Island first preferred to 2⅜, American Express 2, and the Toledo, St. Louis & Western stocks about a point. Manhattan fell away to 133 on the selling movement and recessions reached between one and two points for a number of prominent stocks. The market rallied rather vigorously on the view that the loan increase may represent important syndicate proects. General Electric rose an extreme 8½ and a few other stocks rallied to the best. The closing was active and quite firm.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A, Torrey Building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	73⅜	72	73¼
Anaconda M. Co.	33⅝	33⅜	33⅝
Atchison	78¼	77¼	77⅝
do pfd	98⅛	98⅛	98¼
Baltimore & Ohio	104½	104⅛	104⅜
Brooklyn Transit	67⅜	66⅝	66⅞
Chesapeake & Alton	46¼	45⅞	46⅛
Chicago & Alton	34⅝	33⅜	33⅞
Chicago Great Western	23⅝	23	23⅛
Erie	39⅝	39⅜	39⅝
do 1st pfd	69⅜	69¼	69¼
do 2d pfd	56⅞	56¼	56½
Great Northern pfd	189	184½	188½
Louisville & Nashville	103¼	101⅝	104⅛
Leather	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
do pfd	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan Con.	134⅝	133	133⅝
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	44⅛	43¼	43¾
do pfd	105	105	105
Missouri Pacific	105⅞	103	103¼
New York Central	164½	163¾	164¼
Norfolk & Western	57⅞	57	57
Ontario & Western	34⅛	33⅞	34
Pennsylvania	150⅞	149⅜	150½
Pacific Mail	45¾	45¼	45⅝
People's Gas	101	100⅝	100⅞
Republic Iron and Steel	16⅜	16	16
do pfd	68⅞	68¼	68¾
Reading	57⅝	56⅞	57⅜
do 1st pfd	83	82¾	82¾
do 2d pfd	64⅞	63⅞	64
Rock Island	164⅞	162⅜	164¼
Southern Railway	33½	32⅝	32⅞
do pfd	95¼	94⅜	94¾
Southern Pacific	65	64½	65
Smelter	47½	47	47
do pfd	97⅞	97¼	97¼
Sugar	129⅜	128	128⅝
St. Paul	166⅞	165¾	166
T. C. and I.	64⅞	64	64
Texas Pacific	38¾	38½	38¾
Union Pacific	103	102⅝	102⅞
do pfd	88⅝	88⅜	88⅞
U. S. Steel	43⅞	43⅝	43⅞
do pfd	93⅞	93½	93½
Wabash	23¼	23	23
do pfd	44⅞	43¾	43¾
Western Union	91¼	91	91

The total sales were 341,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Although a good deal of realizing is going on in the market the judgment of good traders tonight is that prices will work higher. The fact that in spite of gold exports of $4,000,000 the banks have been able to keep their losses of cash under the $1,000,000 mark is favorably commented on. So is the absence of heavy gold exports by today's boats. But there is every reason to believe that these shipments would have been made had a fast steamer been available.

At it is, they have simply been deferred until next week when owing to a continued light supply of commercial bills they bid fair to exceed $5,000,000. It is current gossip that while stocks that have been moved up rapidly of late may be allowed to rest, others will come up the front. Among the latter are L. & N. and Union Pacific. The pools in these stocks are inclined to be more aggressive, it is claimed for L. & N. that it is selling too low for a 5 per cent dividend payer, and that on this fact alone it will cross 110. The rise and improved dividend outlook for Southern Pacific are the bull points advanced on Union Pacific which is said to have increased the holdings of this stock very heavily. Harriman, Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s steady absorption of Southern Pacific is ascribed to Union Pacific interests. While Readings are slow and rather disappointing there are indications that they are being accumulated and that interests which unloaded on the bulge to 59 in the common are repurchasing, including Morgan. Steene and those identified with the Pennsylvania company. Further bull manipulation in Metropolitan has been accompanied by reports that only part of its financial plans have been revealed, that when all is known the stock will go higher. To some traders these rumors appear suspicious and large buyers of Metropolitan have been holding off for some time and also lightening their loads.

J. H. Harris—Although the bank statement today did not meet popular expectations, it has had little effect on the market, and an analysis of it shows that it by no means as bad as it appears. In fact, when all the facts are taken into consideration the showing is a very good one. It appears that large Northern Pacific loans made abroad last spring have been repaid this week and there has been, in addition, the floating of $20,000,000 of Baltimore & Ohio bonds and heavy syndicate operations in several other directions. It includes, of course, the shipment of over $4,000,000 of gold made on Thursday's steamers. There is nothing to indicate that the market is not steadily gathering strength. It is also broadening out to a remarkable degree and the transactions in glit edge stocks and in bonds are on a large scale. The buying is of the best sort, particularly in the rail list, and everything indicates a very much higher range in values for the entire market. The last half of the week has seen much larger transactions than the first half. There was no change, however, in the character of the buying. It was of the best from the start. There is a tremendous foreign short interest in several leading stocks; among these are Union Pacific, Atchison and Erie. There is a difference of opinion as to the money market the coming week. The most conservative interests believe that if the bank statement causes any advance in rates it will be short lived.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The copper situation is very interesting. Especially the Amalgamated Copper has sold the great stock of copper which they bought around 16 cents at 11 cents. But the peculiar part of the affair is that insiders and newspapers are going out of their way to tell the public about this and of the dreadful outlook for Amalgamated Copper. In other words there are as many bear tips on Copper now as there bull tips last summer.

If the rumors are true Amalgamated Copper is not worth fifty, but I am strongly inclined to think that it is all a game to enable insiders to buy as cheaply as possible.

The reduction in the Bank of England discount rate is pretty good evidence of the improved outlook for things financial abroad. Peace in South Africa means that $100,000,000 Transvaal gold will be put into circulation very early. The misfortunes of England have been very little if any help to America. The market has been going up for three days and I should not be surprised to see the leading stocks react until Monday or Tuesday. Buy on reactions only. Smelters common around 47 is an excellent purchase. I hear on good authority that this stock will sell above 60 in the not distant future.

* * *

Joseph to W. H. Laidley & Co.—The street will probably have an exhibition of fireworks in Amalgamated Copper within a few days. My advice to those who hold it is to hold it tight. There is an immense short interest in Atchison common. George J. Gould is preparing for another upward stroke on his own particular properties.

* * *

Town Topics—Yesterday's reaction improved the technical position of the market, and if the bank statement today is favorable a sharp rally will be a probability next week. The banks appear to have gained $3,300,000 in cash, notwithstanding gold exports, and unless loans show a large increase the surplus reserve should be larger than last week. We advise buying on any further recession especially Southern Pacific, Atchison preferred, the tractions, and People's Gas. It might be well to take on a little Sugar and Steel preferred. Iowa Central is going higher, and Mexican Central should be held for good profits. The London Market for Americans was quiet and without particular feature.

* * *

McIntyre & Marshall to W. H. Laidley & Co.—It is claimed that the Whitney Widmer syndicate is planning a big trust company to take over all the traction companies in Philadelphia, New York and Chicago. J. P. Morgan is said to be interested in the movement. The capital of the roads involved is $250,000,000.

* * *

W. H. Laidley & Co.'s stock letter—The stock market exhibited a marked improvement this week. While sales have not been large, the general buying tone has hardened. The strength in Sugar and Steel as well as in some high class rail shares has been a feature. Considerable realizing was indulged in upon the publication of an unfavorable bank statement. It is generally believed that statement represented re-investments of dividends paid out during the week. We are told there will be an upward movement in C. & O. shortly.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 8.—Some good people advise us that the next dividend on Amalgamated Copper will probably be ½. This causes weakness and other coppers are naturally soft, in sympathy. We don't advise buying except on very soft spots. No news on the metal itself.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	22	22½
Allouez	3½	3⅝
Anaconda	32½	33½
Arcadian	4⅝	5⅛
Amalgamated	73¼	73½
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed	.50	25
Atlantic	27½	28
Baltic	38½	39
Bingham	23½	24
Phoenix	4	4¼
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	620	640
Centennial	12⅜	12⅝
Copper Range	59	60
Cochita	60	60
Dominion Coal	70	70½
Elm River	2¼	2⅞
Franklin	14	14½
Humboldt	..	50
Isle Royale	22¼	22½
Mass	18	18½
Michigan	11¼	11½
Mohawk	34¼	34⅞
Maryland	2½	3
Old Colony	3	3½
Old Dominion	22¼	23
Osceola	52¾	53¼
Parrot	31½	32
Quincy	140	145
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3½	3¾
Tamarack	255	260
Tecumseh	....	2
Trimountain	73¾	74
Utah	24¾	25
United States	17	1¼
Victoria	5¼	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	50½	51½
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1⅛

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 8.—Close: Money on call, nominal; prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@4.87⅝ for demand and at $4.84½@4.84⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½@4.88; commercial bills, $4.83⅝@4.84⅜. Bar silver, 55½c; Mexican dollars, 43¾c. Government bonds, steady; state bonds, inactive; railroad bonds, easier.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 8.—Cotton opened firm with prices unchanged to 6 points higher on a scare of shorts and active new buying, that carried March to 8.43, May to 8.44 and July to 8.47. Under selling for profit prices then went to 4 to 6 points lower.

Cotton futures closed steady: February, 831; March, 835; April, 836; May, 835; June, 835; July, 836; August, 821; September, 785; October, 780. Spot closed steady, ⅛c higher; middling uplands, 8¾; middling gulf, 8¾; sales, none.

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, Feb. 8.—The statement of the associated banks for the week ending Feb. 8, shows: Loans, $918,506,000; increase, $28,974,300. Deposits, $1,000,681,600; increase, $24,684,900. Circulation, $31,301,700; decrease, $63,500. Legal tenders, $75,028,000; decrease, $2,770,400. Specie, $193,038,700; increase, $223,500. Reserves, $268,066,700; decrease, $2,555,900. Reserve required, $250,170,475; increase, $6,171,220. Surplus, $17,896,225; decrease, $8,727,125.

AGREEMENT RATIFIED.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 8.—The joint conference of the miners and operators ratified the old agreement at 9:30 this morning without a dissenting voice. The report of the joint committee on the scale was brief, stating merely that the committee decided unanimously in the old scale.

RUSKIN MEMORIAL.

London, Feb. 8.—A bronze medallion memorial of the late John Ruskin was unveiled at noon in Westminster abbey by Mrs. Arthur Severn, Ruskin's cousin, in presence of a distinguished gathering. The memorial is in the "Poets' corner," above the Sir Walter Scott memorial and beside the Oliver Goldsmith medallion.

Everyone has equal chance in the dot contest. Begin to count at once. See page 2.

BRITISH SWINDLED

Incompetence and Possible Dishonesty In Purchasing Department.

Speculators Have Made Hundreds of Thousands of Pounds.

Public Indignation Centers Around the Secretary of War.

London, Feb. 8.—The apparent incompetence and, it is claimed, possible dishonesty which permeate the purchasing departments of the British army, as revealed this week in parliament, has caused public indignation that augurs badly for the war office. Judging from recently promised disclosures, scarcely any supplies for the army in South Africa were secured on business principles. Speculative contractors are now known to have made hundreds of thousands of pounds by reselling contracts. The opposition vainly endeavored to get details regarding the new contract for the supply of meat, announced by the government in the house of commons with a view of ascertaining if a saving over the former methods will really be effected. The government successfully evaded answering, but the Associated Press understands that the contract in question was at first sold at £1000 premium, then at £40,000, while Cecil Rhodes and the De Beers group handed over £500,000 and thus finally secured the privilege of supplying the troops in South Africa with fresh meat. These figures are likely to be published here soon, and when known, will doubtless add fuel to the fire of public indignation, which threatens to center around the secretary of war, Mr. Brodrick, as viciously as it did Lord Lansdowne when the latter was sponsor for the early blunders of the war. A dozen or more committees of investigation are now sitting or are in process of formation, but as the Saturday Review says, "These are only too often synonyms of oblivion." "The fact remains," adds the Saturday Review, "that we have been swindled on a very large scale."

While these stringent criticisms of the war office are being publicly aired, there is proceeding beneath the surface a revolt which threatens to be of even greater importance. The leading authorities of the volunteers, including many of the commanders of the best known regiments, several of them being titled persons and nearly all of them wealthy, are holding frequent meetings to decide upon the best method of defeating Mr. Brodrick's new volunteer regulations. The commission which Mr. Brodrick appointed to hear the grievances only aggravated matters. The commanders of leading regiments had previously formed themselves into a deputation to wait on Mr. Brodrick, and he, temporarily, declined to see them; but the secretary for war stole a march on the members of the deputation by announcing in the house of commons that he had appointed a committee of his own in which not one of the deputation was included. His action created intense feeling among the members of the original deputation, who privately declare that the new volunteer regulations and the "dead-head commission" were adopted for the sole purpose of making conscription possible. The colonel of one of the London regiments said to a representative of the Associated Press:

"We know that Mr. Brodrick wants conscription, though perhaps in a modified form. If his ideas win the day, the volunteers will generally cease to be an effective force and will thereby supply the war office with its strongest argument in favor of compulsory military service or the enforcement of the old ballot laws. Rather than see that come about, we intend to break up our regiments. I have a letter from a distinguished nobleman urging me to take that course, and many other commanding officers contemplate disbanding their regiments."

NEW PROCESS

Claimed By Inventor For Extracting Gold From Ore.

Salem, Ore., Feb. 8.—William L. Long, who has spent the last six weeks here, claims that he has discovered a new process for extracting gold from ores, cheaper than the old methods, and producing three times as much of gold that can be secured by smelter. His claim is similar to that of Prof. Winn, who recently died in Denver, after making similar discoveries. Long has experimented with ore from various sections with great success. The last experiment was made with tailings from the Ashland smelter. Long extracted 45 cents from ten pounds of the tailings at the rate of $50 to the ton, after the smelter had secured $40 per tone from the same ore.

FIRE AT LA CROSSE.

Night Blaze Does Damage Amounting to $10,000.

LaCrosse, Feb. 8.—Fire last night broke out in the large factory of the LaCrosse Paper Box company, and before it was extinguished did damage amounting to $10,000. For a time the entire block in the wholesale district was threatened. By efficient work by the fire department the flames were placed under control after two hours' work. The fire started on the second floor from an unknown cause.

Losses: LaCrosse Paper Box company, $6000; J. Hogan, $2000; M. Kratchwil, $1000; Ferguson Commission company, $1000. Half this was covered by insurance.

ROUGH PASSAGE.

American Liner St. Paul Has Hard Trip.

New York, Feb. 8.—The passengers of the American liner St. Paul, which has arrived at Southampton nearly two days overdue, had an unusually rough experience with wind, waves and fog, says a London cablegram to the Herald.

The vessel did not sight the Lizard until 10:30 Thursday morning, and took nearly twenty-four hours from that time to make port.

Bad weather was experienced from the time the vessel passed Sandy Hook.

Everyone has the same chance in counting the dots for a $500 piano. Commence now. See page 2.

56th Annual Statement OF THE Connecticut Mutual Life Insurance Company. Of Hartford,

YOUR LOSSES BY FIRE WILL BE FULLY PAID IF YOU ARE INSURED IN THE

CONNECTICUT

FIRE INSURANCE CO.,

OF HARTFORD.

JANUARY 1, 1902.

Cash Capital	$1,000,000.00
Reserve for Reinsurance	2,031,144.70
All Outstanding Claims	279,043.62
Net Surplus	1,008,423.20
Total Assets	$4,318,611.52

The Assets of the Company Are as Follows:

BONDS.

	Par Value—	Market Value—
Dominion of Canada, 4 per cent	$100,000.00	$101,000.00
State of Georgia, 4½ per cent	25,000.00	28,500.00
Territory of Arizona	75,000.00	82,000.00
City of Astoria, Oregon, 6 per cent	12,000.00	13,200.00
City of Astoria, Oregon, 5 per cent	5,000.00	5,300.00
City of Dallas, Texas	12,000.00	13,200.00
City of Duluth, Minn	10,000.00	10,700.00
City of Fargo, N. D., 6 per cent	6,000.00	6,720.00
City of Fargo, N. D., 7 per cent	9,000.00	9,270.00
City of Helena, Montana	20,000.00	21,600.00
City of Pawtucket, R. I	30,000.00	32,400.00
City of Portland, Oregon	25,000.00	28,750.00
City of Richmond, Va	50,000.00	50,000.00
City of Salem, Oregon	11,000.00	11,800.00
City of Salt Lake, Utah	40,000.00	44,000.00
City of Seattle, Washington	25,000.00	27,000.00
City of Urbana, Ohio	15,000.00	15,000.00
Hennepin Co. & Minneapolis City, Minn	25,000.00	27,500.00
Wayne County, Michigan	25,000.00	26,250.00
Mankato School District, Minn	15,000.00	15,000.00
School District No. 24, Marion County, Ore	13,000.000	14,040.00
South School District, Hartford, Conn	25,000.00	26,125.00
High School District, Stockton, California	30,000.00	33,000.00
Atlantic & Danville R. R. Co	25,000.00	23,625.00
Black Rocks & Salisbury Beach St. R. R. Co	10,000.00	10,000.00
Broadway & Seventh Avenue R. R. Co	20,000.00	20,400.00
Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans R. R. Co	25,000.00	24,500.00
Chicago & Northwestern R. R. Co	5,000.00	5,400.00
Chicago & Western Indiana R. R. Co	24,000.00	28,320.00
Cin., D. & Ironton R. R. Co., Guaranteed	15,000.00	16,500.00
Cin., Hamilton & Dayton R. R. Co	50,000.00	55,000.00
Cleveland, Cin., Chic. & St. L. R. R. Co	10,000.00	9,500.00
Cleveland Electric Railway Co	30,000.00	31,500.00
Cleveland & Mahoning Valley R. R. Co	10,000.00	12,500.00
Dayton & Michigan R. R. Co	25,000.00	27,500.00
Fitchburg R. R. Co	50,000.00	55,000.00
Harlem River & Port Chester R. R. Co. Guaranteed	40,000.00	42,000.00
Illinois Central R. R. Co	25,000.00	25,000.00
Lehigh Valley Railway Co	25,000.00	27,000.00
Lynn & Boston Railway Co	10,000.00	11,000.00
Minneapolis & St. Louis R. R. Co	50,000.00	50,000.00
Norfolk & Western R. R. Co	25,000.00	25,000.00
North Chicago Street R. R. Co	10,000.00	10,500.00
N. Y. Central & H. R. R. R. Co	50,000,000	51,250.00
N. Y., Lackawanna & Western R. R. Co	40,000.00	42,000.00
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co., Debenture Certificates Convertible	61,500.00	123,000.00
N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. Co. Debenture Ctfs	25,000.00	28,000.00
Penn. & N. Y. Canal & R. R. Co	25,000.00	27,000.00
Port Reading R. R. Co	10,000.00	10,800.00
Rutland Canadian R. R. Co	25,000.00	25,000.00
Southern Pacific R. R. Co	40,000.00	42,000.00
St. Louis & San Francisco R. R. Co	25,000.00	25,000.00
St. Louis Southern R. R. Co	25,000.00	26,250.00
Toledo & Ohio Central R. R. Co	15,000.00	16,500.00
Utica, Clinton & Binghamton R. R. Co	10,000.00	12,400.00
W. Chicago St. R. R. Co	10,000.00	10,500.00
W. Chicago St. R. R. Tunnel Co	10,000.00	10,100.00
Adams Express Co	25,000.00	26,000.00
Chicago Edison Company	25,000.00	26,750.00
Hartford Electric Light Co	10,000.00	10,500.00
Mineapolis Gas-Light Co	25,000.00	25,000.00
New York Dock Co	41,000.00	38,540.00
People's Gas Light and Coke Co., Chicago	25,000.00	26,250.00
Swift Company, Chicago	25,000.00	25,000.00
Northwestern Telegraph Company	15,000.00	15,900.00
Western Union Telegraph Company	50,000.00	53,000.00
Traders' Safe and Trust Co., Chicago	10,000.00	10,000.00

STOCKS.

150 shares Bald Eagle Valley R. R. Co., Guaranteed	7,500.00	15,000.00
150 shares Chicago & N. W. R. R. Co	15,000.00	30,000.00
172 shares N. Y. Cent. & Hudson River R. R. Co	17,200.00	27,520.00
300 shares Pitts., F. W. & Chicago R. R. Co.	30,000.00	57,000.00
200 shares Empire & B. S. Telegraph Co., Guaranteed	20,000.00	16,000.00
600 shares Northwestern Telegraph Co., Guaranteed	30,000.00	36,000.00
412 shares New York Dock Co	41,200.00	16,480.00
167 shares First Nat. Bank, Minneapolis	16,700.00	21,710.00
100 shares Importers & Traders Nat. Bank, N. Y.	10,000.00	60,000.00
11 shares Second Nat. Bank, New Haven	1,100.00	2,035.00
100 shares Aetna National Bank, Hartford	10,000,000	18,500.00
93 shares Charter Oak National Bank, Hartford	9,300.00	8,370.00
125 shares Farm. and Mech. Nat. Bank, Hartford	12,500.00	15,000.00
185 shares First National Bank, Hartford	18,500.00	22,200.00
300 shares Hartford National Bank, Hartford	30,000.00	39,000.00
412 shares National Exchange Bank, Hartford	20,600 00	25,544.00
150 shares Phoenix National Bank, Hartford	15,000.00	18,000.00
45 shares Con. Trust & S. D. Co	4,500.00	8,325 00
Bonds and Stocks	$2,018,600.00	$2,297,840.00
Mortgage Loans		1,193,750.00
Real Estate		217,000.00
Cash on Hand and in Bank		392,602.81
Cash in Hands of Agents		217,418.71
Total Assets		$4,318,611.52

J. D. BROWNE, President.

CHARLES R. BURT, Secretary. L. W. CLARKE, Ass't Secretary.

Fire insurance has been for two years conducted at a loss in the West, culminating last year in the retirement of over twenty stock companies, ten mutuals and the withdrawal of eighteen other companies from Western territory in which they had previously operated.

Are you sure your insurance on your home or household goods is not written in a company that has since gone out of business? If you are not sure about this you had better call at our office and let us examine your policy, or if it not convenient for you to call on us 'phone or drop us a line and we will call on you. This will cost you nothing and it may save you considerable money. Remember it costs you no more to have a policy in the CONNECTICUT, one of the largest and best companies in the United States and when you are carrying insurance you want to see that you get the best.

Julius D. Howard & Co.

Local Agents.

Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.

216 West Superior Street.

DULUTH REAL ESTATE AT LOWEST PRICES. THE BEST INVESTMENT IN THE WORLD.

REALTY MARKET

Midwinter Dullness Continues to Hang Over the Situation.

Transfers For Month of January Aggregated Large Sum.

Building Operations Becoming More Active--- Houses Needed.

While the spirit of midwinter dullness is still pervasive of the real estate market, the feeling continues hopeful and confident of the prospect for the season now approaching. A great many deals are being worked on, and some are developing, but none of particular moment are in a stage to permit of being discussed at this time. The fact that in spite of a quiet month, the small transfers for January footed up $1,500,000 is encouraging. It is good news to send to one's outside clients. The transfers recorded in December—$1,050,308—made a gain of 41 per cent over those of the same month in 100, and with an increase of 50 per cent for January over December, the situation locally is regarded with much optimism.

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The outlook for building operations is becoming more settled, and every week adds to the volume of business in sight in this line for 102. The permits issued in Duluth in December, which footed up $91,015, showed a gain over the same month in 1900 of 78 per cent. This great comparative advantage, it is believed, will be largely maintained during the year. J. J. Wangensteen has plans ready for a new $5000 frame residence for E. P. Towne, at the corner of Jefferson street and Twenty-first avenue east. Bids are also being called for a two-story brick stable, with twenty-five feet frontage, on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue west.

Preparations are also making for the erection of the immense building for the occupancy of F. A. Patrick & Co., on Fifth avenue west. The old buildings are being moved off the site, and railroad tracks are being laid for the purpose of delivering materials on the ground. This building will be six stories high, have a frontage of seventy-five feet, and will include all modern facilities for the handling of a wholesale business as well as numerous innovations originating with Mr. Patrick and his associates.

The real estate transfers recorded in St. Louis county during the month of January were as follows:

Jan. 2	30	$ 98,550 00
Jan. 3	18	15,935 00
Jan. 4	16	26,234 23
Jan. 6	35	64,503 85
Jan. 7	12	6,919 95
Jan. 8	10	11,054 00
Jan. 9	6	2,279 00
Jan. 10	13	13,074 00
Jan. 11	2	8,001 00
Jan. 13	11	8,566 23
Jan. 14	7	3,637 00
Jan. 15	11	563,777 00
Jan. 16	7	1,929 00
Jan. 17	10	2,267 00
Jan. 18	5	2,878 55
Jan. 20	4	6,207 00
Jan. 21	10	9,104 00
Jan. 22	5	9,101 00
Jan. 23	10	3,678 00
Jan. 24	11	4,052 50
Jan. 25	13	5,594 44
Jan. 27	13	10,980 00
Jan. 28	9	6,617 00
Jan. 29	14	508,327 00
Jan. 30	20	18,668 17
Jan. 31	12	15,527 25
Total		$1,437,373 12

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Rental agencies report a greatly improved demand for store properties on Superior street. It is understood, on the best of authority, that it will be decided to move the general offices of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic road to Duluth as soon as some assurance can be had that the families of employes of these departments can find accommodations here. Twenty families will have to be taken care of, besides the single men employed.

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Transfers for the week were as follows:

Horatio N. MacHarg et ux to Guy A. Eaton, ne¼ sw¼ section 20-67-19; se¼ sw¼ section 2, ne¼ ne¼ section 12-63-20 3,175

Charles P. Maginnis et ux to Stephen Gibson, se¼ ¼ ¼ section 19; sw¼ nw¼ section 20-66-21 300

Herbert Armstrong et ux to Guy A. Eaton, nw¼ nw¼ section 29, nw¼ sw¼ section 19-67-19 825

John M. Longyear et al to Roanna Longyear, lot 21, block 11; lot 9, and lot 10, block 15; lots 6 and 7, block 16, Hibbing 290

Same parties, lots 29 and 30, block 2, lots 18 and 19, block 7; lots 24 and 25, block 8; lots 17 and 18, block 9; lots 14 and 15, block 10; lots 9 and 10, block 9, Hibbing 1,175

John C. O'Hara et ux to H. S. Goffe, und ½ e½ sw¼ section 32-60-20.. 1

William J. Spalding et al to Julia E. Wells, lot 89, 91, 93, 95, block 136, Duluth Proper, Third division.... 1,000

William R. Wright et ux to N. H. Nyhus, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 112, West Duluth, Sixth division..... 100

A. C. Weiss et ux to William G. Hegardt, lot 13, block 68, Endion.. 2,350

Stephen H. Gheen et ux to Guy A. Eaton, ne¼ se¼ section 20, se¼ se¼ section 24, ne¼ sw¼ section 26, se se¼ section 33-67-19, se¼ ne¼ section 19; sw¼ nw¼ section 20-66-21, ne¼ nw¼ section 11-66-22, lot 4, section 25-66-23 4,050

W. M. Turner et ux to Fred W. Bonness, lots 5 and 6, and se¼ of sw¼ section 22-67-17 300

Theodore T. Hudson et ux to William M. Turner 100

N. P. Ry. Co. to Northwestern Imp. Co., all interest in and to lands situated in counties of St. Louis and Aitkin, awarded by certain judgment to Northwestern Imp. Co 1

James F. Nebue, as trustee, to Leonard Thomason et al, nw¼ nw¼ section 34-52-13 25

Otto Siitala to Charles Torkkola, lot 34, block 32, Eveleth 950

Peter M. Collins to Archie Chisholm, nw¼ ne¼ section 31-60-20.... 227

Richard R. Bailey to William Rooney, lot 24, block 12, Virginia 100

Anna Connia et mar to Heikki Kepreppainen, nw¼ ne¼ section 14, nw¼ ne¼ section 23-60-15..... 250

John S. Schwartz to Ernest Strehkivele, lot 18, block 1, Hibbing..... 140

Marion Ray to Emma E. Okerlund, lot 12, block 110, Portland..... 400

William H. Burris et ux to the Shogomoc Co., lots 6, 7 and 8, block 1; lot 12, block, 8; lots 7 and 8, block 10; lot 10, block 11, and lot 12, block 12, Woodland Park, First division 1

John T. Simmons to William Morris Carson, ne¼ se¼ section 8; nw¼ sw¼ and lots 4 and 5, section 9-63-13 2

Minnesota Loan & Trust Co. to Ella C. Bibelow, lot 291, Lake avenue, Upper Duluth 1

John M. Longyear et al to John S. Schultz, lot 18, block 1, Hibbing.. 80

Benjamin E. Wells et ux to Clara D. Baker, lots 73, 74, 75, 76, Morris Park division of Lakeside.. 1,000

Mat Matson et al to Frank L. Peterson, nw¼ of ne¼ section 19-51-15 120

Jennie S. Merritt to Jennie L. Swanstrom, lot 350, block 52, Duluth proper, Second division.... 1,000

Victor Sonderuil to H. S. Leveroos, w½ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼ section 28-51-15 867

Jennie S. Merritt et mar to August Westlin, lot 14, block 29, Oneota 1,000

Maria W. White et al to Robert Krojanker, e½ of lots 5, 6, block 11, B. & R.'s subdivision of Duluth 9,000

Peter Fisham et ux to Hermantown Camp No. 7621, Modern Woodmen, part of nw¼ of sw¼ section 26-50-15, (described by metes and bounds) 30

Herman Michaelson et ux to John Munther, lot 2, block 14, Hibbing.. 375

Samuel C. Bond to Victor Sonderall, e½ of nw¼, w½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼, e½ of ne¼ section 28-51-15 990

Victor Sonderall to H. S. Leveroos, e½ of nw¼, w½ of ne¼, se¼ of ne¼, e½ of se¼ section 28-51-15.. 1,080

C. H. Oppel et ux to T. G. Vaughan, und ½ of e½ of lot 73, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 320

George Katze et ux to Joseph Sulfznagle, lot 10, block 7, Ely.. 600

Chisholm Improvement company to H. M. Peyton, lot 16, block 15, Chisholm 350

Same to D. Bretto, lot 26, block 27, same 500

Same to Edith Murphy, lot 7, block 27, sameshrd shrdluu½ shrdluuu block 12 250

Joseph Jackson et ux to Steve Zgonc, lot 22, block 8, same..... 1,200

C. M. Southgate et ux to A. M. Miller, lot 8, block 30, Harrison's division 1,000

L. C. Wise to same, lot 7, same.... 500

Farmers' Trust company to same, lot 10, same 585

Anne E. McCall et al to Bridget Hayes, e½ of lot 7, block 12, Heim's addition 225

Same to William Burke, w½ same 225

Adams Security company to John Schwarts, lots 7 and 8, block 22, Portland 2,300

James H. Flinn, trustee, to Ed Fidholm, lot 5, block 38, Eveleth 100

Olof Larson to Carrie Hager, part of lots 49, 51, block 139, Duluth proper, Third division 1,000

Charles P. Craig & Co. to Charles Anderson, lot 9, Myers' rearrangement of block 137, Duluth proper, Second division..... 160

William Prindle, trustee, to T. G. Vaughan, und ½ of e½ of lot 73, East Fifth street, Duluth proper, First division 320

Charles S. Pierce et ux to William E. Milberry, lot 24, block 2, Centerdale addition 200

Richard H. Fagan et ux to Waldo A. Avery, sw¼ se¼ section 1-55-12 1

Oliver H. Spooner to William T. Jones, lot 1, section 4-61-13..... 500

John G. Willlabs to Charles B. Wilder, se¼ sw¼, sw¼ se¼ section 12, se¼ se¼ section, 13, e½ ne¼ of section 24-53-21 1,160

Kate W. Brown et mar to John E. Mattson, lot 11, block 3, Walbank's rearrangement 450

Same to same, lot 9, block 3, same 450

Fred C. Gilbert et ux to Jay C. Howard, block 26½, Duluth Proper, Third division 1

Jay C. Howard et ux to Wright C. Dunning, block 26½, Duluth Proper, Third division 2,500

Minn. Loan & Trust Co. to William Prindle, trustee, und½ of lot 73, East Fifth street, Duluth Proper.. 1

Steve Zgonc to Joseph Jackson, lot 22, block 8, Chisholm..... 1

Andrew Lukenen to Lizzie Lukenen, lot 24, block 9, Chisholm..... 150

Anthony Snye to Margaret Sullivan, and 1-8 of e½ ne¼ section 31, sw¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ section 32-59-17... 1

Same to Charlotte Rouchleau, und 3-4 of same 1

David B. Bolliver et ux to Caroline A. T. Newcomer, nw¼ nw¼ section 19-59-15..... 1

William Morris Carson et ux to Franklin Lumber company et al, ne¼ of se¼ section 8, and nw¼ of sw¼ and lots 4 and 5, section 9-63-13 575

There is considerable speculation as to who the purchasers of the Kinney-Hawkins property in section 32-57-22, which was sold a few days ago for $525,000 are. The papers have not been filed and the parties to the deal are not saying who the buyers are. One rumor has it that the McCormick Harvester Machine company is the buyer; another that it is the William Deering company. One of the notable features is that it is the first time when so large a body of low grade ore, much of this running as low as 50 per cent in iron, has figured in a deal. There are about 8,000,000 tons of Bessemer ore and about 22,000,000 tons of the low grade. The Eastern Minnesota railway was instrumental in promoting the deal and will haul the ore. The fee holders are lumbermen of Minneapolis, Ottawa, Can., and elsewhere. They will get a royalty of 20 cents a ton.

The Interstate Mining company, which means Jones & Laughlins, of Pittsburg, has let a contract for sinking a three compartment shaft on its Grant mine on the Mesaba in section 20, 58-19, where it has a large body of ore shown up. This mine will be a shipper this season and is expected to send out about 50,000 tons.

The Republic iron and Steel company's Franklin mine on the Mesaba is hoisting about 350 tons a day, and the Union, adjoining, about 450 tons. There are 400 men at the two mines and a large stock of ore is already out of the ground. The company is also working sixty men in a logging camp putting in timbers. Its Pettit mine, near Bender, was flooded last week and is now being pumped out. It is sinking a shaft on its new property in section 14, township 58, range 19, and will operate there in a small way the coming season. There are about 7,000,000 tons of ore in this property of fair chemical character and excellent physical structure.

Explorations still continue in section 36, 59-17, where some Iowans have been exploring all winter. They are still in the banded magnetite that was first found and are sinking one pit slowly.

The East Itasca Mining company, incorporators, J. H. Pearce, G. H. Crosby, J. A. Wharton, W. H. Brooks and E. B. Hawkins, capital stock $50,000, has been formed to explore and develop lands in Itasca county on the Mesaba range.

Explorations are under way in the northwest corner of 58-14, southeast of the Stevens mine, where there are said to be indications of iron. The fee to 2000 acres there was bought by the exploring party for 50 cents per acre.

Rev. Thomas Dixon.

Rev. Thomas Dixon's lecture at the First Methodist church this evening in the Star Lecture course will doubtless attract a large audience. He lectured last year and no man has ever appeared on the platform in Duluth created a greater sensation. His subject tonight will be "Backbone," and it is said to be one of the very best of his series of lecturs.

THE CREED.

The Revision Committee Continues Discussion of Faith.

Philadelphia, Feb. 8.—The revision committee of the Presbyterian church today continued the discussion which began yesterday on the question of a brief statement of the confession of faith for popular use. The subject of textual revision was also considered, especially section 6 of chapter XXV, in which reference is made to the pope. It is intimated by members of the committee that this section be modified.

PURCHASE CLOSED

Youngstown Iron, Sheet and Tube Company Buys Iron Mines.

Marks Entrance of New Interest on the Mesaba Range.

Steel Trust To Buy No Ore the Coming Season.

Messrs. Hazleton and Reese returned to Cleveland yesterday afternoon, after closing the purchase of the two Maitland iron properties on the Mesaba range. The purchase is made for the Youngstown Iron, Sheet and Tube company, and is especially important because this marks this company's entrance into the iron mining field. Heretofore, the Youngstown company has bought its pig iron from the furnaces. Now, it is building its own furnaces and will produce its output from the ground up.

The leases to the properties referred to —one in section 32, 58-20, and the other located south of the Fayal—were bought from Messrs. Chisholm and D. C. Rood by A. Maitland, of Negaunee, Mich., about a year ago for $25,000. Explorations had been carried on by the former owners, and Maitland simply held the property until he could market it. It is said that he received $125,000 for the lease, and that all of this except his original investment and two years' royalties was clear velvet. The fee is owned by Mrs. Day, of Minneapolis, and the royalty is 25 cents a ton. Mr. Maitland sank a pit thirty feet in ore in order to prove up his property to the purchasers. It is understood that this mine will be a shipper this season.

The Bellitton Mountain Iron company has taken an option to lease of Albert H. Steubrecher and wife the nw¼ of the se¼ and the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 14, 58-20. The option is for six months, and provides for leasing in 40-acre tracts for fifty years. The royalty is to be 25 cents, and the production 1903 is to be 25,000 tons, in 1904-5 50,000 tons and thereafter 75,000 tons a year for each 40-acre tract. The receivers of the option are to begin operations for exploration within ten days and to employe at least six men or a diamond drill.

Independent operators who expected to sell the United States Steel corporation more or less ore during the coming year are much disturbed over the announcement that the trust expects to mine all of the ore necessary for its uses from its own mines and will buy none from independent operators.

Sales of Mesaba ore at 40 to 50 cents lower that the price tacitly agreed upon by producers are reported to have been made. One large firm is operating on the Mesaba is generally understood to have sold a large amount of fine ore at $2.85 to $3 a ton.

The United States Steel corporation has not yet made allotments for the mines for the coming season but it is likely that shipments from some of the larger mines will be curtailed and the difference made up by increased shipments at smaller mines. The Fayal is not expected to ship as much as last year while the shipments from the mines in the Hibbing district are expected to be much larger. The company now has nine operating mines in that district. The East Pittsburg will be hereafter known as the Glen. It will be a shipper this year. The Chisholm, which shipped 30,000 tons last year will ship about 20,000 this year. The steel trust will endeavor to reduce the excessive number of grades of ore that are produced from its properties. When the mines were under a half dozen or more different ownerships those grades were necessary but now they are found useless and burdensome.

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FEARS FOR EGRIA.

Warship Sent After Condor May Be Lost.

St. Paul, Feb. 8.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Tribune says that fears are entertained for the safety of the Egria, the warship which went in search of the missing Condor. A studding sail boom has been picked up on the west coast, and it belongs to the warship. The section of the coast visited by the Egria is known as "the graveyard of the Pacific."

Don't fail to read the dot contest. A $500 piano free for your count. See page 2.

ESTABLISHED 1889

John A. Stephenson,

GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT

PROVIDENCE BUILDING. 'PHONE 406

The six great companies represented in my office have over

TWENTY-SIX MILLIONS OF ASSETS



We Write Every Kind of Insurance Required by Owners of Property.....

HARTFORD FIRE PHOENIX OF HARTFORD
ORIENT OF HARTFORD
NORTH BRITISH & MERCANTILE PALATINE OF LONDON
FIREMAN'S FUND OF CALIFORNIA

WRIGHT CABLES

Acting Governor of Philippines Urges Reduction in Tariff.

Washington, Feb. 8.—Continuing his narrative before the senate committee on the Philippines, Governor Taft today reverted to his testimony of yesterday for the purpose of introducing a cablegram he had received from Acting Governor Wright, urging a reduction in tariff on Philippine articles imported into the United States. He said this cablegram was in response to an inquiry from himself as to the effect of a reduction of 50 per cent. The reply of Acting Governor Wright is as follows:

"Manila, Feb. 4.—The public session of sugar and tobacco interests favor a reduction of at least 75 per cent. A reduction of 50 per cent leaves the tariff almost prohibitive. Sugar price now very low. European market very dull on account of over-production and low prices. Beet sugar planters here have lost heavily by carabatos, machinery and otherwise. Sugar cultivation in a bad condition. Memorials received from Sugar Growers' association of Negros and Panay ask for free trade for this reason. Think a reduction of 75 per cent on sugar and tobacco would be a measure of relief and have excellent political effect."

Senator Rawlins questioned Governor Taft concerning the holdings of the friars. The governor said that the general opinion as to the wealth and holdings of the friars had been greatly exaggerated. He did not believe, for instance, that they had three-fourths of the property owned in the cities. That, however, the religious orders have ready cash is true, as was evidenced by the fact that they make loans.

Governor Taft said that the Philippine government is desirous of purchasing the Manila property held by the friars and that it would be desirable also to secure their holdings of agricultural lands.

In connection with the loaning of money by the friars, Senator Lodge asked about the necessity for a banking law and the witness replied that such a law is badly needed.

He said that according to the records one of the works of the friars had been extending their system of irrigation over adjoining lands.

Senator Proctor asked where the friars had secured money with which to purchase their lands, and this inquiry led Governor Taft to say that the fees for carriages, funerals, christenings, etc., had been so high as to be complained of. The charges for marriages had, he said, led many couples to live together illicitly, but that in most cases the obligations thus taken were observed.

BLUFF WORKS.

Britain's Threat of Countervailing Duties Impresses Conference.

London, Feb. 8.—The delegates to the international sugar conference are now more hopeful of a successful outcome of their labors than at any previous stage of the proceedings. It appears that Great Britain's threat of imposing countervailing duties, backed up by similar representations from France has worked so well that various delegates think it necessary to reconsider their position. The delay is chiefly due to Austria, whose delegates were compelled to return to Vienna for further instructions. That all the bounties and kartels will be abolished is scarcely expected, but the British authorities believe that the condition of the industry may be greatly improved if the compromise arrangement, which is now under consideration by the government, is accepted.

$5000 Takes 8-room modern house, hot water, East End.
$5500 Takes 8-room modern house, corner lot, East End.
$6000 Takes 12-room modern house, down town.
$11000 Takes 8-room modern house, finest location in East End. Easy terms.
$12000 Takes 14-room modern house, location and property A No. 1.
$850 Takes 5-room house near Seventh avenue east.
$3000 Takes 8-room house, corner lot, hot water heat.
$4250 Takes one of the best double corners in East End.
Examine our list before purchasing.

A. G. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

A COZY HOME

Is what every man and woman wants.

HERE IS ONE FOR YOU:

No. 1627 East Superior street; three-room cottage; bath, electric light, etc.; size of lot, 50x140 feet to alley. Price, $4500; $1800 cash, balance $2700 due June 1, 1904, at 5 per cent. We have exclusive sale of this property. Also the following:

$1000 Will buy a seven-room house in the West End. Stone foundation; good repair.

$700 Will buy a seven-room house and three lots, 75x125, corner, in West Duluth.

$400 Will take another house and lot we have in West Duluth. One block from street car line.

$1800 Will buy seven-room house on East Fifth street. City water. These are all bargains. We have others. Money to loan at 5 per cent.

Julius D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

Duluth Real Estate For Sale

$775 Buys a nice 25x140 lot on Third street, near Ninth avenue east.
$650 Buys 25x140 on Fifth street; central location.
$1775 Buys a good nine-room house on Fifth street; central.
$375 Takes a fine lot on West Piedmont.
$600 For a fine lot in Helm addition, near Twenty-eighth avenue W.
$275 Buys 25-foot lot on Front street car line.
And several other properties, near Thirty-ninth avenue west.
O. G. OLSON, 415 Burrows Building

Residence Lots, Business Properties, Dock Frontage and Acres
Fo Sale or Lease. All good values.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
172 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

FARM LANDS In the northern parts of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. ERNEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.
B. C. CHURCH,
428 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Farm Lands!

In large and small tracts. Prices per acre range $2.50 per acre and upwards.
Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg

EXCLUDED FROM COURT.

Berlin, Feb. 8.—Emperor William is so incensed at the spiritualist movement that he has issued a notification through the North German Gazette, that all persons in any way connected with spiritualists, faith healers, Christian Scientists or kindred cults will hereafter be rigidly excluded from the imperial court.

Houses, Lots, Acreage, Farms

Many opportunities for those who would buy, sell, exchange or rent any kind of Real Estate offered on this page.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SNAP

On East First street, near Eighth avenue east.
Two houses, thoroughly modern; with one lot, $5000; with two lots, $7000.

$2750 Two houses on lot with double frontage. Central.

$1600 House and lot on East Third street; $100 cash, balance monthly.

For sale exclusively by

W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

TEN PER CENT NET—

Four new brick dwellings in East End, each has six rooms and bath; hardwood floors throughout; all modern conveniences; below Third street, west of Fourteenth avenue east; all rented to pay 10 per cent net on $12,000—an excellent investment.

$5000 Buys a 9-room residence (new), below Third street, and west of Thirteenth avenue east; hot water heat, hardwood finish, panneled wainscoting, tile vestibule, modern throughout. This is a bargain. For sale exclusively by

A. W. Taussig & Co.
305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city. 5 per cent interest on deferred payments.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

For Sale

$90.00 per front foot, Superior street lot, near 21st avenue west.

$10.00 per front foot for improvement only. East End lots supplied with water, gas and sanitary sewer.

$1300 For 327 acres, 1¼ miles from Foxboro. No stone. Easily cleared. Has a fine spring and other special advantages as a dairy farm. Adjoining lands held at double this price.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

DIRT CHEAP!
DIRT CHEAP!
DIRT CHEAP!

Lot on London Road, between 15th and 16th avenues..... **$1000**
Lot on London Road, corner..... **$1000**
Lot on Superior Street, between 19th and 20th avenues..... **$1500**

LITTLE & NOLTE
American Exchange Bank Building.

FOR RENT

2232 West Superior Street, 4-room flat, city water..... **$12.00**

Cosy 4-room flats in the Wieland Flats at moderate prices. Steam heat, bath, city water included

2120 West Second Street, seven rooms..... **$14.00**

Four pleasant rooms at 214 Twenty-eighth avenue west at **$9.00**

Three-room flat at 2132 West Second street, city water..... **$6.00**

Mendenhall & Hoopes
208 First National Bank Bldg. Duluth, Minn

Investigate This Stock

The German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company owns, free of incumbrance, the fee to twelve miners' claims near Telluride, Colorado, with large veins of rich pay ore, which have been thoroughly developed.

A limited number of shares will be sold to secure funds for the purpose of erecting a mill.

1000 shares will cost $60.00; $6 cash and $6 monthly. For sale, subject to advance, by

WM. KAISER,
106 Palladio Bldg.
DULUTH, MINN.
Old 'phone, 636-2; new 'phone, 32.

For Sale

On easy terms—eight-room residence with modern conveniences, fine location—2209 West Third street. Enquire Johnson & Moe's Department Store.

Biggest snap in a modern 10-room house in heart of city. Do not fail to call in and see us.

T. W. Wahl & Co.
201 Exchange Bldg.

MONEY ON HAND
for loans at lowest rates. No delay.

Applications Wanted.

E. D. Field Co. 204 Exchange Building.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

FOR SALE—

$500

For 20 acres of good farm land on Thomson Road, four miles from West Duluth.

$2100

For centrally located eight-room house; has modern conveniences; No. 211 West Fifth street.

$2500

Takes a good eight-room house on Third street, Sixth avenue west. Has stone foundation. City water.

$1800

For nine-room house, with furnace, good cellar; lot 50x140 feet; No. 813 West Fourth street.

Offer Wanted.

For lot 2, block 34, Portland division; on First street, 25 feet from corner of Eighth avenue east.

FOR RENT—

No. 214 Third avenue east—six rooms..... **$12.50**

Five-room flat, 925 East Fifth street..... **$20.00**

Five-room flat on Twentieth avenue west..... **$17.00**

These flats are new and modern.

Two six-room houses—Twelfth avenue east and Third street, hardwood floors and finish; modern in every way..... **$30**

Money to loan in any amount at 5 per cent.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK.

FOR SALE!

House and Lot, $900 all cash; or $400 cash, balance in mortgage at 6 per cent. This house has just been thoroughly repaired.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 523 Board of Trade.

$6000

For an East End residence with nine rooms and all modern conveniences.

$1100

For a fifty-foot lot on East First St.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

$1275 Seven-room house, almost new, street graded, city water; near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$750 25x140 feet, upper side Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east.

$2000 Eight-room house, water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$275 For 40 acres good farm land in section 20, 52-14. Considerable good pine, hardwood and cedar timber; half mile from school

A property in central part of city that is rented so as to net 12 per cent on price asked 'PHONE 789

T. S. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.
No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.
Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

FOR SALE.

Two choice sites for row brick houses—at a bargain. East End and central. Locations that command highest rentals.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripals treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

SHAMPOOING AND MANICURING. Dahl Sisters, 216 West Superior street. Telephone 115.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$7000 Will take eight-room house and three lots (75x140); has all modern conveniences; good stone foundation.

$11,500 Will buy one of the finest residences in the East End; has twelve large rooms, hardwood finish throughout, enamel bath tubs, hot water heat; (size of ground 75x140) west of Twelfth avenue east.

$7500 Takes excellent home on East Third street, nine rooms, all modern conveniences.

$2200 Home on East Fifth street.

FOR RENT.

Store No. 3 West Superior street. Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance, 103 Herald Building.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, WITH SOME spare time evenings, wants set of books to check up and keep in order. Address H., Herald.

HOUSECLEANING, SCRUBBING, stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 117 Third avenue east. Work guaranteed.

WANTED — POSITION AS SALESMAN for piano house either in or out of the city; over eight years' experience. Address Box H 83, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING IN FAMILies. 732 East Third street, upstairs.

YOUNG MAN, AGE 26 YEARS, POSSESsing character, ability and energy, desires situation with credit department of wholesale or manufacturing company. Party is a high school graduate and has had over nine years' experience in office work. Is perfectly familiar with the handling of credits and collections. He is now employed by large jobbing house in central Illinois city, and would be available after April 1. This will bear the strictest investigation. Address X L 4, care Herald.

WANTED — POSITION AS BARTENder, long experience. Address H 96, Herald office.

YOUNG LADY BOOKKEEPER DEsires position bookkeeping or office work. Address B 48, Herald.

A COMPETENT COOK WISHES A SITuation in a private family where second girl is kept. Address H 32, Herald.

WOMAN WANTS WASHING BY THE day, or is willing to take home washing. Address A. W., Herald.

WANTED—CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

POSITION BY AN EXPERIENCED lady stenographer, best of references; good penman. Address H 63, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPer. Apply at 224 Mesaba avenue.

WANTED—SITUATION AS CHAMBERmaid or at dining room work. Private boarding house preferred. Address B 49, Herald.

WANTED—DRESSMAKING BY THE day in family, or will take work home. Call 235 East Superior street, telephone 592.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

ELOCUTION.

DRAMATIC READING, ORATORY, stage training. Laura Frankenfeld, 409 Masonic Temple.

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT A THOROUGH AND EXperienced as well as conscientious teacher for violin, call on Ch. Trautvetter, 216 W. Sup. St., second floor, Room 107.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—SOLICITORS TO TRAVEL Northwestern states among business men. Liberal commission, profitable and pleasant work. Call 908 Torrey building.

SALESMEN FOR ALL LINES OF BUSIness (splendid side line) to sell our Advertising Fans, 75 different styles, newest, latest patterns, just the things customers want; we pay the largest commissions. Many of our men give their entire time to our line and make from $75 to $125 every week; guaranteed best side line ever offered. Write promptly with references. Commissions paid promptly. American Novelty Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.

AGENTS AND OTHERS, LEARN A business in one day that will eventually make you grow rich; no book or medicine scheme; we teach you every detail for $1.00. Novelty Supply Co., 81 Syndicate block, Minneapolis, Minn.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20.000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE. AT C. J. Tuffe's drug store.

HERBAQUE EN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First avenue east.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE— Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES, 10c copy. Hankenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

HOUSES.

Seven-room house on Jefferson street, thoroughly modern..... **$3000**
Eight-room house on Third street, near 14th Ave. E..... **$3000**
Elegant residence, centrally located, on Fifth street..... **$3200**
Seven-room house, five blocks from postoffice..... **$900**
Great Bargain in West Duluth, house centrally located with water— **$650**
Great bargain, double house on corner and Jefferson street, modern..... **$7800**

Two lots very cheap in Heim's addition.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

FOR SALE—100 SHARES TEXAS oil stock; gusher; pay dividends soon; none for sale by company; must have money; make offer. A 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER WILL ARrive with a car of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Feb. 11. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—ONE MILE FROM CITY limits, on good road, cheap. Six-room house at West End to trade. What have you got? Charles R. Stal, 904 Torrey building.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ONE MILE FROM city limits, on good road, cheap. Six-room house at West End to trade. What have you got? Charles R. Stal, 904 Torrey building.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, $100, $110, and $125. Organs, $10 and $20. Cash and monthly payments. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

WANT CASH OFFER FOR QUARTER section on Mesaba that owner must sell. 627 Manhattan building.

FOR SALE—160 ACRES LAND NEAR Atkinson, Carlton county. Address H 92, Herald.

FOR SALE—HORSE, HARNESS AND sleigh, $60, suitable for delivery, draying, woodhauling, etc. Address H 91, Herald.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND —about $2000 worth of boots and shoes. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

ANCHOR RESTAURANT FURNITURE lunch counter, chairs, tables, desk, sideboard, crockery urn, ice chest, whole outfit. S. Sellick.

$155 PIANO, UPRIGHT, ELEGANT mahogany case; used six months and cost $350. I need the cash, as I am leaving the city. Room 4, Metropolitan block.

FOR SALE — SMALL HOUSE, NO. 28 First avenue east; must be sold at once and removed from premises as soon as tenants can vacate. See N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

LOW PRICES ON SECOND hand organs and square pianos—$10 and up. Easy payments. French & Bassett, corner First street and Third avenue west.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD OF FRESH milch cows. Joe Nelson, 21 Harrison addition.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Jan. 23, at Evan Johnson's, 2608 West Helm street. Will exchange in fat cattle.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitsitkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 203 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 313 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!

Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 800 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—SECOND HAND SHOW cases; give full description, height, width and length, with price. H 97, Herald.

WANTED — TO BUY FROM OWNERS for cash, large or small bodies of hard wood timber land, at market value, with good top soil and clay sub-soil. Lock box 30, Morris, Minn.

WANTED—TO BUY—CANARY BIRDS. Inquire 109 East Superior street.

LOST.

LOST—SINGER SEWING MACHINE company receipt book. Finder return to No. 18 Third avenue west and receive a reward of $2.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD CHATELAIN purse, containing English half sovereign, ringed for bangle; ten dollars reward for return to this office.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUP answering to name of Laddie. Return to William White, 403 East Second street for reward.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER, 219 FIRST AVE. E.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

LADIES TO DO PLAIN NEEDLEWORK for us at home; we furnish materials and pay $7 to $10 per week. Send stamped envelope to Standard Co., Indiana avenue, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—LADIES TO SOLICIT AND take measures for walking skirts; $5 to $15 per day easily made; legitimate proposition. For particulars send self-addressed stamped envelope to "Medinah" Skirt Co., 237 Fifth avenue, Chicago.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 508 West Third street.

WANTED—TEN COOKS $35, $40, waitress, kitchen girls, general girls, etc. Lewis Employment agency.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 929 East Second street.

LADIES, SOMETHING NEW, MAKING sofa pillows at home; $7 to $12 weekly; materials furnished; no canvassing; steady employment. Send stamped addressed envelope. Household Manufacturing company, Erie street, Chicago.

$6 TO $15 SALARY GUARANTEED PER week to ladies desiring pleasant home work; experience unnecessary. Inclose stamp for full instructions, etc. Address Twentieth Century company, Toledo, Ohio.

GIRL WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. 109 Eighth avenue west.

LADIES COPY LETTERS AT HOME, $4 to $6 per week; send stamped envelope for application. Anchor Supply company, Dept. 32, Chicago.

$12 WEEKLY FOR COPYING LETTERS at home; send two stamps for particulars. Eagle Mfg. Co., 59 Dearborn street, Chicago.

WANTED—LADY IN EACH COUNTY to represent house established ten years, solid financial standing; straight bona fide weekly cash salary $18, paid by check each Wednesday with all expenses direct from headquarters. Money advanced for expenses. Manager, 329 Caxton building, Chicago.

FREE INSTRUCTION FOR A SHORT time in the ladies' tailor system of dress cutting. Miss Bell, 212 East Fourth street.

WANTED — NURSE MAID. 1523 EAST Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework. 122 Sixth avenue west.

WANTED — GIRL TO DO GENERAL housework for small family. Enquire 412 Second avenue west.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR housework. 1712 East First street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Address Mrs. Claypool, 811 Park Place.

WANTED—A COMPETENT NURSE girl. Mrs. J. M. Gidding, 1405 East Superior street.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Cl4 Phone 544. Zenith 81r. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED.

WANTED—TWO ENERGETIC MEN TO canvass and collect; references required. Apply room 304, Burrows building.

WANTED—A BOY THAT CAN DO MEchanical drawing. Duluth Superior Traction company, apply at power house, Eleventh avenue west.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN OVER 22, TO travel in Minnesota, advertising collection work; $18 week to start and all expenses. Address Road Superintendent, 332 Dearborn street, office 302, Chicago.

WANTED EVERYWHERE—HUSTLERS to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

SALESMEN WANTED—TWO HIGH grade specialty road men, experienced with grocery, dry goods, general store or drug trade to sell high class guaranteed money-making line to best trade in Wisconsin and Michigan; men who are worth $3000 per year and traveling expenses and can give good references can secure permanent and profitable employment; line staple and attractive; house responsible; capable men write; interview if satisfactory. J. L. P., Herald.

SALESMAN WANTED FOR MINNEsota territory; one capable of placing large orders with general store trade; well established line and house; high commission and weekly allowance. Box 414, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — SALESMEN TO SELL lubricating oils and greases on salary or commission. Excellent side line. The A. G. Harbaugh company, Cleveland, Ohio.

CIGAR SALESMAN WANTED; EXperience unnecessary; good salary and expenses paid. Emanuel company, Station J., New York.

PERMANENT POSITION FOR THE right man, not to canvass, but to represent old established manufacturers having $200,000 capital; $900 per year and expenses, payable direct from our office. Straight salary, not conditional upon results, but upon faithful work. No experience required. Chance for promotion. State age and give references. Address Manager, box 539, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—BY MERCANTILE HOUSE, bookkeeper who has had some experience. Address in own hand writing, giving experience and references. Endion, Herald.

WANTED — FIRST-CLASS PANTS AND vest maker. J. W. Brownell, Two Harbors.

WANTED—TAILOR, PANTS AND vest maker. John Rahndall, 1911 West Superior street.

WANTED—BOY 17 TO 20 YEARS OF age, to learn crockery business; also one to learn carpet business. French & Bassett.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us; facilities afforded that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE — TWENTY five energetic young men to learn telegraphy and railroading, and accept positions as railroad telegraph operators at good salaries with first-class chances for promotion. For particulars, telephone, write or call Duluth Business University, No. 105 West Superior St.

Business Men Supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to

W. C. McCarter,
Business University.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAKE SUPERIOR FISH CO.
D. GOLDISH, PROPRIETOR.
Wholesale dealers. Lake Superior trout and whitefish. Fresh water herring a specialty. 30 E. First St. Zenith Tel. 1122.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED HOUSE, six rooms, $18 per month. Telephone 3081 Merchants' Bank agency, Fifty-fifth avenue west.

$20 A MONTH, NO. 322 EAST FOURTH street; five rooms, city water.
$15 a month, No. 805 East Second street; six rooms, city water.
$30 a month, No. 411 East Superior street, three rooms; suitable for shop.
$50 a month, No. 416 East Superior street; two floors, suitable for store or sales-room.
$8 a month, No. 119 Third avenue east; three rooms.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO., 112 Exchange Building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS. 216 SEVenth avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE UNFURNISHED rooms, $8 per month; one furnished front room. 430 East Fourth.

FOR RENT—A NICE FURNISHED warm room for a gentleman at $4 a month. 219 West Third street.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT 26 CASCADE Park. Inquire 5 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — COMFORTABLE, FURnished room, suitable for three or four young men. 204 West First street.

FOR RENT — FOUR LARGE NEW rooms with bath, electric and gas light, in brick flat at 216 West Fifth street. Water and heat furnished.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 320 East Second street.

FURNISHED ROOMS; LIGHT HOUSEkeeping permitted. 206 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 115 West Second street

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT rooms. 111 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY PLEASANT SIXroom flat, newly papered, $16 per month, including water. 802 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLAT FIVE rooms, East End, for the summer. Answer at once, E 64, Herald.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD WANTED.

YOUNG LADY WANTS ROOM AND board in private family; East End preferred. Address F, 68, Herald.

BOARD OFFERED.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 32 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED IN private family; gentleman preferred. 213 West Fourth street.

WANTED---TO RENT.

WANTED — TWO ROOMS IN CENTRAL part of city for light housekeeping by two young ladies. Address E 38, Herald.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO.—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 318; old, 705-5.

PERSONAL.

COMPLETE—TWENTY LESSONS IN hypnotism and palmistry. New, instantaneous process to hypnotize by mail or telephone. Palmistry compared with astronomy infallable guide for future relations. Success assured or money refunded. Diploma furnished. Price each branch $1 for thirty days only. Professor Count Sigismund Pulaski, Missoula, Mont., Box 737.

LADIES, $500 REWARD FOR A CASE of obstinate suppression, any cause, my monthly regulator fails to relieve. Mail. Harmless veg. safe, sure. How long suppressed. Dr. Jackson R. Co., R 989 167 Dearborn, Chicago.

YOUR FORTUNE TOLD FROM CRAdle to grave; what I tell comes true; send dime and birthday. J. Myers, 123 Lincoln Park station, Chicago.

WEALTHY YOUNG LADY WISHES correspondence with refined gentleman with view to matrimony. Box 2538, Toronto, Can.

WEALTHY GENTLEMAN WITH BEAUtiful home, excellent character and liberally disposed, will marry for love and companionship. Mr. Morton, room D, 404 Vine, Cincinnati, Ohio.

LADIES! OUR HARMLESS REMEDY for delayed or suppressed period; cannot fail. Trial free. Paris Chemical company, Milwaukee, Wis.

FOR ADOPTION—A FINE, HEALTHY baby boy. Mrs. Banks, midwife. 330 St. Croix avenue.

WANTED—NAMES OF PERSONS HAVink weak lungs or consumption. Our free trial will convince you as thousands can testify that there is nothing better. Kernaga Herb Remedy company, 304-134 Monroe street, Chicago.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stillson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work M. M. Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.



ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.



BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Clough, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 8, meets every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WIP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. P. Armstead, sachem; M. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2204, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C., J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Fiunter hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger, city hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m.	Ar.. Proctor ..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m.	Ar. Iron Jctn. Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.. Wolf .. Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar.. Eveleth .. Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta .. Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik. Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron. Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar .. Hibbing .. Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	A.M.	P.M.
7:30	3:18	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:58	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave			Arrive	
‡ 1:25	p.m.	St. Paul	‡ 1:55	p.m.
11:10	p.m.	Minneapolis	6:40	p.m.
* 7:55	a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:43	p.m.
3:00	p.m.		‡ 11:58	a.m.

* Daily ‡ Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth			Arrive Duluth	
*6 15	am	*Daily.	*4 40	pm
*4 30	pm	**Except Sunday.	*9 55	pm
*5 00	pm	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40	pm
*5 00	pm	Twilight Limited	*9 55	pm
*5 00	pm	Chicago, Milwaukee, Appleton.	*10 55	am
*5 00	pm	Oshosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55	am
*5 00	pm	FAST MAIL.	*10 55	am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave			Arrive	
b 9:00	a m	Ashland and East	a 12:05	a m
a 6:00	a m	" " "	b 6:30	p m
a 7:00	p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:35	a m
b 10:0	a m	North Coast Limited	b 6:55	p m
		"DULUTH SHORT LINE."		
Leave			Arrive	
b 9:00	a m	ST. PAUL	a 6:30	p m
a 1:55	p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 5:10	p m
a 7:00	p m		b 6:00	p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 328 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 4
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

9:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv——— LOCAL ———Ar. †7:15 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday

HISTORICAL SOCIETY (2)

SECTION 2. DULUTH EVENING HERALD. SECTION 2.

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 8, 1902.

Fables By George Ade.

The Modern Fable of the Maneuvers of Joel and the Disappointed Orphan Asylum.

(Copyright, 1902, by Robert Howard Russell.)

And old Residenter who owned a Section of Improved Land and some Town Property besides was getting too Feeble to go out and roast the Hired Hands, so he turned the Job over to his Son. This Son was named Joel. He was Foolish, the same as a Fox. Anyone who got ahead of Joel had to leave a 4:30 Call and start on a Lope. When it came to Skin Games, he was the original High-Binder.

Joel took the Old Gentleman aside one Day and said to him, "Father, you are not long for this World and to save Lawyer Fees and avoid a tie-up in the Probate Court, I think you ought to cut up your Estate your own self, and then you will know it is done Right."

"How had I better divide it?" asked the Old Gentleman.

"You can put the whole Shooting Match in my Name," suggested Joel. "That will save a lot of Writing. Then if any other Relatives need anything, they can come to me and try to Borrow it."

Joel sent for a cut-rate Shyster who brought a bundle of Papers tied with a Green Braid and assured the Old Gentleman that the Proceeding was a Mere Formality. When a Legal Wolf wants to work the Do-Do on a Soft Thing he always springs that Gag about a Mere Formality.

Joel and the Shell-Worker moved the Old Gentleman up to a Table in the Front Room and put a Cushion under him and flipped a Pen into his Hand and showed him where to Sign.

After he got through filling the Blank Spaces with his John Hancock, he didn't have a window to holst or a Fence to lean on. He was simply sponging on Joel.

This went on for about a Month and then Joel began to Fret.

"I don't think I am getting a Square Deal," said Joel. "Here is an Ancient Party without an Assets who lives with me Week in and Week out and doesn't pay any Board. He is getting too Old and Wobbly to do Odd Jobs around the Place and it looks to me like an awful Imposition."

So he went to the Old Gentleman and said: "Father, I know the Children must annoy you a good deal; they make so much Noise when they play House. Sometimes we want to use the Piano after it is your Bed-Time and of course that breaks your Rest, so I have been thinking that you would be a lot better off in some Institution where they make a Specialty of looking after Has-Beens. I have discovered a nice, quiet place. You will live in a large Brick Building with a lovely Cupola on top. There is a very pretty Lawn with Flower Beds and also an ornamental Iron Fence, so that the Dogs cannot break in and bite you. You will be given a nice Suit of Clothes, the same as all the others are wearing, and if you oversleep yourself in the morning, a Man will come around and call you."

"In other Words, me to the Poor House," said the Old Residenter.

"You need not call it that unless you want to," said Joel. "If you choose you may speak of it as the Home for Aged Persons who got Foolish with their Fountain Pens."

So Joel put his Father into the Spring Wagon and hauled him over the Hills to the Charity Pavilion where all the Old Gentleman had to do was to sit around in the Sun looking at the Pictures in last year's Illustrated Papers and telling what a Chump he had been.

But sometimes a Man is not all in, simply because he looks to be wrinkled and doddering. Joel's Father had a few Things coming to him. Although he had been double-crossed and put through the Ropes, he still had a Bunch left. He sent for a Lawyer who was even more Crafty than the one employed by Joel and he said to him: "There is a Loop-Hole in every Written Instrument, if one only knows how to find it. I want you to set aside that fool Deed."

Next day the Lawyer came for him in a double-seated Carriage and said: "They forgot to put on a Revenue Stamp and so the Transfer is off."

"And do I get all of my Property back again?" asked the Old Residenter.

"You get half and I get half," was the Reply of the Lawyer.

"Give me mine," said the Old Residenter. I'm from Wisconsin and I want it in Hand. Whatever I own from this time on, I carry right in my Clothes and any Relative who separates me from it will have to set his Request to Music." Then he went to a Physician.

"Doc," he says, "they are counting 9 on me but I figure that before I cash in I have time to spend all that I have. Look me over and tell me how long I would last on a Waldorf Diet. I want to gauge my Expenses so as to leave nothing behind for Joel except a Ha-Ha Message and a few Heirlooms."

"If you want to euchre your Family why don't you leave it to an Orpham Asylum?" suggested the Lawyer.

"Nix the Orphan Asylum," said the Old Residenter. "They would bring a million Witnesses to prove that I had been out of my Head for twenty years and I wouldn't be there to contradict them. I learn that by a singular Coincidence, all the Old People who leave their Money to Hospitals and the like are Mentally Irresponsible. In order to prove that I am in my right Senses, I will Blow mine."

So he went to Palm Beach and other Winter Resorts at which they charge by the Minute and wherever he went he gave a faithful Imitation of the Cowboy's first Night in Town.

He bought himself a hot Raglan with a Surcingle around it and a very doggy line of Cravits, and when he went into the Dining Room he picked out a Table which commanded a view of the Door at which the Girls came in.

All this time Joel was worried. It seemed a Sin and a Shame for an Old Man to go around spending his own Money.

The Residenter had so much fun during his Second Time on Earth that he decided to make a sure-enough Renaissance, so he married a Type-Writer 19 years old that he met in a Hotel Lobby and then Joel did go up in the air.

When she began to pick out Snake Rings and Diamond Wish-Bones, the Old Gentleman saw that there was no longer any Hope for Joel.

Moral: When bunkoing a Relative always be sure that the Knock-out Drops are Regulation Strength.

GEORGE ADE.

JOHN L. AS ACTOR

Tells of His Great Part in "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

Hisses Are Sweet to Him--At First He Did Not Like Them.

New York, Feb. 8.—With the galleries crowded and ready to hiss, with the parquet jammed to the back rows, with the balconies a dense jumble of humanity, Simon Legree strides the stage, ready to flog Uncle Tom with a cruel stage whip.

John L. Sullivan, at your service. The auditors roar a welcome, forgetful of the fact that they are there to hate Legree with a deadly hate and to hiss him without compunction.

And Mr. Sullivan looks the part to the very life—looks it to the extent that if the author of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" could see him as he stands on the stage with the wicked "blacksnake" slave whip in his hands, she would say: "This is the man of whom I dreamed."

"On Mr. Sullivan's rugged face are the scars of old battles. His brow yet beetles over his intense eyes, like that of a cave man. His hands are hardened into granite with many knock-outs. His shoulders still hold the terrible force which sent so many antagonists spinning into dreamland.

No matter about the art. No matter about the subtle phrasing and the graceful posing and the Delsartian motions and the general technique. Sullivan looks the part he plays, and that is sufficient.

Once upon a time he knocked a refractory horse down with a blow of his fist. The audience remembered this, and when Mr. Sullivan roars at Uncle Tom in that bellowing voice of his they shudder with apprehension.

John L. Sullivan, ex-champion of the world, never played the villain before. Hitherto on the stage he has rescued maidens in distress, chaffed dudes on their lack of muscle and knocked out villains with his terrible right.

The villain business is a departure from Mr. Sullivan's legitimate pursuits, and at first he was disposed to resent it. He became accustomed after a while to the hisses from the gallery, and at present, as he expresses it, "The more hisses I hear the better I am pleased."

Nobody who has ever heard Mr. Sullivan's voice when he is "feeling proper" can forget it. In the blackest midnight it would distinguish him from a hundred men. It is this deep, rumbling roar which fits him so well to the part of Simon Legree, the slave-driver.

In his room, leaning back in an easy chair, Mr. Sullivan told of his latest artistic triumph.

"Hisses is what I'm looking for," he said; "that's applause for me. At first it didn't sound right, but I gradually got used to it. I have always been on the level—see? And when they began to hiss me at first it made me sore. But now whenever I can bring out the hisses you can bet I am all right.

"I would be a fine lobster to play that part without a hiss."

Here Mr. Sullivan drew up his chair and pointed an iron-like finger at his interlocutor. "As I said, in such a piece as this hisses is good every time, and it's what I'm looking for."

Speaking from the right side of his mouth, rumbling, the ex-champion of the world continued: "I like this part. It's all right, and it's strong—you know what I mean. There ain't a weak line in it. Now, in the auction sale of niggers—do you see?—there's where the real thing comes in."

Mr. Sullivan clears his voice and pro-

(Continued on Page 2.)

Mr. Dooley Talks

On the Condition of Cuba.

By F. P. DUNNE.

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"What's all this about Cubia an' th' Ph'lippeens?" asked Mr. Hennessy. "What's beet sugar?"

"Th' throuble about Cubia is that she's free; th' throuble about beet sugar is we're not; an' th' throuble about th' Ph'lippeens is th' Ph'lippeen throuble," said Mr. Dooley. "As rega-ards Cubia, she's like a woman that th' whole neighborhood helps to divoorce fr'm a crool husband, an' a mis'rable home, but a home; an' a small credit at th' grocery, but a credit; an' thin whin she goes into th' dhressmakin' business, rayfuse to buy annything fr'm her because she's a divoorced woman. We freed Cubia but we didn't free annything she projooces. It wasn't her fault. We didn't think. We expicted that all ye had to do was to go down to Sandago with a kinetoscope an' sthrike th' shackles fr'm th' slave an' she'd be comfortable even if she had no other protiction f'r her poor feet. We f'rgot about th' Beet. Most iv us niver thought about that beautiful but fragil flower excipt blied in conniction with pigs feet or pickled in its own life juice. We didn't know that upon th' Beet hangs th' fate iv th' nation, th' hope iv th' future, th' permanence iv our institchoochions an' a lot iv other things akelly precious. Th' Beet is th' naytional anthem an', be hivens, it looks as though it might be th' naytional motto befure long.

"Well, Cubia got her freedom or something that wud look like th' same thing if she kept it out iv th' rain but somehow or another it didn't suit her entirely. A sort iv cravin' come over her that it was hard to tell fr'm th' same feelin' iv vacancy that she knew whin she was oprised be th' Hated Casteel. Hunger, Hinnissy, is about th' same thing in a raypublic as in a dispotism. They'se not much choice iv unhappiness between a hungry slave an' a hungry freeman. Cubia cudden't euk or wear freedom. Ye can't make freedom into a stew an' ye can't cut a pair iv pants out iv it. It won't bile, fry, bake or fricassee. Ye can't take two pounds iv fresh creamery freedom, a pound iv north wind, a heapin' tayeupfull iv naytional aspirations an' a sprinklin' iv bars fr'm th' naytional air, mix well, cook over a hot fire an' sarve sthraight fr'm th' shtove; ye can't make a dish out iv that that wud nourish a tired freeman whin he comes home afther a hard day's wurruk lookin' f'r a job. So Cubia come to us an' says she: 'Ye done well by us,' she says. 'Ye give us freedom,' says she, 'and' more thin enough to go round,' she says, 'an' now if ye plaze we'd like to thrade a little iv it back f'r a few groceries,' she says. 'We will wear wan shackle f'r a ham,' says she, 'an' we'll put on a full raygalia iv ball an' chain an' yoke an' fetters an' come-alongs f'r a square meal,' says she.

"That sounds raisonable enough an' bein' be nature a gin'rous people whin we don't think, we're about to help her disthress with whativer we have cold in th' panthry whin th' thought iv th' beet crosses our minds. What will th' beet say, th' red, th' juicy, th' sacchrin beet, th' beet iv our fathers' th' beet iv Plymouth Rock, beet iv th' Pilgrima pride, sweet beet iv liberty, iv thee I sing? If we do annything f'r Cubia, down goes th' beet an' with th' beet perishes our institchoochions. Th' constichoochion follows th' beet ex propria vigore, as Hogan says. Th' juice iv th' beet is th' life blood iv our nation. Whoiver touches a hair iv yon star spangled beet, shoot him on th' spot. A bold beet industhry, a counthry's pride whin wanst desthroyed can niver be supplied. 'Beet sugar an' liberty now an' foriver, wan an' insipr'able.'—Dan'l Webster. 'Thank Gawd I—I also—am a beet'—th' same. 'Gover'mint iv th' beet, by th' beet an' f'r th' beet shall not perish fr'm th' earth.'—Abraham Lincoln. An' so Hinnissy, we put th' ple back into th' ice chest where we keep our honor an' ginerosity an' lock th' dure an' Cubia goes home, free an' hopeless. D'ye think so? Well, I don't. Be hivens, Hinnissy, I think th' time has come whin we've got to say whether we're a nation iv beets. I am no serf but I'd rather be bent undher th' dispotism iv a Casteel thin undher th' tyranny iv a beet. If I've got to be a slave, I'd rather be wan to a man, even a Spanish man, thin a viggytable. If I'm goin' to be oprissed be a beet, let it be fr'm th' inside not fr'm without. I'll choose me masther, Hinnissy, an' win I do, 'twill not be that low-lyin', purple-complected, indygistible viggytable. I may bend me high head to th' egg plant, th' potato, th' cabbage, th' squash, th' punkin, th' sparrow grass, th' onion, th' spinach, th' rutabaga turnip, th' Fr-rench pea or th' parsnip, but 'twill niver be said iv me that I was subjygated be a beet. No, sir. Bether death. I'm goin' to begin a war fr'm freedom. I'm goin' to sthrike th' shackles fr'm a slave an' I'm him. I'm goin' to organize a rig'mint iv Rough Riders an' whin I stand on th' top iv San Joon hill with me soord in me hand an' me gleamin' specs on me nose, ye can mark th' end iv th' domination iv th' beet in th' Western wurruld. F'r, Hinnissy, I tell ye what, if th' things I hear fr'm Washin'ton is thrue, that other war iv freedom stopped before it was half done."

"An' what about th' Ph'lippeens?" asked Mr. Hennessy.

"They'se nawthin' to say about th' Ph'lippeens," said Mr. Dooley, "except that th' throuble down there is all over."

"All over?"

"All over."

Hints For the Valentine Party

The Day Will Be More Largely Celebrated This Year Than It Has Been For Many Seasons.

St. Valentine's day will be more largely celebrated this year than it has been for many seasons. Hostesses are now planning new and unique entertainments in honor of this pretty occasion.

There are innumerable ideas that can be carried into effect in celebration of the day, when hearts hold sway, and valentine parties are among the most delightful of all in the year's social calendar.

The celebration of St. Valentine's day is an ancient custom, and was no doubt derived from some of the rites practiced at the Pagan festivals.

In olden times in England Feb. 14 was kept as a great gala day, and all of the houses were decked in evergreen in honor of it. The principal feature was the choosing of a valentine for the ensuing year. The choice of a valentine was generally left to chance, one of the maidens being that the first unmarried maid a man saw on St. Valentine's morning should be his valentine.

The various ways of celebrating this day have been handed down from past ages, but the modern maid adds new and clever devices for commemorating this happy event.

Invitations to valentine parties should be sent out on heart-shaped cards, decorated with painted cupids, and tied with white and red ribbons, white and red being the valentine colors.

The invitations to one of the parties planned request every guest to bring a valentine. Each maid writes upon the envelope of her valentine, "To my comfiter," and each man writes upon his, "To my lady." When the guests have all assembled the valentines are auctioned to the highest bidder. A girl will stand on a stool and say:

"Who will buy my valentine and what will he give for it?"

"A rose," says one.

"A dozen roses," says another.

"A theater party," says a third.

"A dinner," sings a fourth.

The maid considers them and sells her valentine to the one whose offer appeals to her as being the most desirable. The bid must be paid any day between the time it is made and the next St. Valentine's day.

The men offer theirs and the girls bid.

A girl may promise to give her handkerchief in exchange for a valentine, a ribbon, her fan, and a dancing damsel may offer her slipper, while even this can be outbid by a kiss.

Another pretty way to entertain the guests of a valentine party is to prepare a large pasteboard heart covered with brilliant red paper. This is painted to look like a target and over the center is pasted a piece of white paper. Behind this is a box full of valentines. The guests each shoot at the center of the heart target with a small bow and arrow. The one who pierces the center of the heart has the privilege of opening the box and scattering the valentines. Each man gains a valentine and presents it to his lady, who will then become his dinner partner.

An amusing entertainment for the valentine party is for the hostess to arrange on a table a lot of paper lace, tiny pictures, paper, bottles of paste and in a basket a number of printed slips with verses upon them. The guests are given a limited time in which to make a valentine. With a pair of scissors they shape the paper and decorate it with the lace and pictures. In their hurry there are some ridiculous effects created. The one who is most successful in making a pretty valentine receives from the hostess a prize. This prize is usually a really artistic valentine, a dainty picture of some value or a heart shaped box of confections.

Perhaps the most novel way to entertain the guests is the making of original valentines. Each guest is given a pencil and paper, and upon the paper he draws a caricature of some one of the persons present. Beneath this he writes an original verse, alluding to some eccentricity of the individual or to some ridiculous incident in which he has been a participant.

A game that can be introduced at a valentine party is "Cupid's coming. A letter must be taken and the termination "ing." Perhaps "P" may be chosen. The first player says to the second: "Cupid's coming." "How?" "Prancing," and so on the question and reply go around, through all the words beginning with P and ending with ing—piping, pulling, pining, praising, preaching, etc. Those who cannot answer the question on the spur of the moment must pay a forfeit.

The most charming way to entertain on Feb. 14 is the "heart party."

Each guest selects a number from slips in a basket. The uneven numbers are for the men and the even numbers for the girls. Then then go into the drawing room, where red ribbons, with corresponding numbers of those on the slips, are entwined about the furniture in the room. The ends of the ribbon are hidden. Each one finds his number and begins the task of unraveling the ribbon. At the end of each string (with the exception of two) is a heart shaped card, and upon the card a few lines of a verse are written. Upon a man's card is an unfinished verse, and upon a girl's is found the remaining lines of his poem. When the ends are reached each man seeks the finishing lines of his verse and the girl upon whose card it is found is to be his dinner partner.

At the end of two ribbons are found gilt cardboard crowns, and the fortunate girl who has chosen a number that yields a crown at the end of her ribbon is conceded the "Queen of Hearts." The man who finds the crown is the "King of Hearts" and these two lead the others in to dinner, seating themselves at the head and foot of the table. The other guests are subject to their orders and commands and are obligated to do anything the king or queen may suggest.

The dinner of a valentine party should be in keeping with the occasion. Red carnations should be used as decoration with red ribbons festooned about the table. Successions of red hearts cut from paper and tied with ribbon also form effective decoration. The shades of the candles should be red, and the whole color scheme of the dinner of this brilliant hue.

The souvenirs for valentins parties are tiny bisque cupids or heart shaped boxes filled with candy, or perhaps a valentine for each guest.

There is a vague understanding among people as to why St. Valentine's day is celebrated. In reality St. Valentine was a grave and earnest bishop, who was put to death in Rome on the 14th day of February, about the year 270 A. D., for his zealous efforts in converting the heathen. When he was canonized the day of the month on which he died was dedicated to him. Modern young people choose to picture St. Valentine as a little god who with impartial and sure aim pierces the heart of man and maid alike with his love-dipped arrow.

FINISHED TRAINING.

New York, Feb. 8.—Pedestrians who are to start in the six-day race at Madison Square Garden tomorrow night have stopped all hard work at their training quarters. No competitor will be allowed on the track more than twelve hours out of the twenty-four.



MISS ALICE ROOSEVELT, FROM HER LATEST PHOTOGRAPH.

THAT Miss Alice Roosevelt, who will christen Emperor William's new yacht and attend the coronation of King Edward, is a very attractive young woman is shown by her most recent picture, which was taken a few days ago in Washington.

Washington, Feb. 8.—While it is still true that no official confirmation can be obtained of the report that Miss Roosevelt is to be present at the coronation of King Edward, the story was substantiated completely through unofficial sources. The president, it is said, has consented at last that his eldest daughter may go abroad, provided she does so merely as an American young woman visiting Special Ambassador and Mrs. Reid. Miss Roosevelt will not be expected to rank as the daughter of a reigning sovereign, nor will she be accorded any courtesies or unusual position beyond that to which she would be entitled as the house guest of the special ambassador of the United States to the coronation. It is more than probable that Commander Cowles, the brother-in-law of the president, will go to the coronation as an aid to Capt. Clark, the representative of the United States navy. Mrs. Cowles, although the president's sister, will derive her rank entirely from her husband, and neither will ask nor accept any special favors.

The president has been particularly insistent upon this point, and does not intend that his daughter shall be made the basis of any diplomatic maneuvers. The present arrangement is that she shall be the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid. The president has at last yielded to her repeated request, but only upon the conditions outlined above, and his desires will be communicated to the British government officially, so there may be no attempt to magnify into a state affair Miss Roosevelt's visit [illegible] the natural result of a young woman's desire to see a brilliant ceremony. If it appears impo[illegible]ent to attend the coronation in as simple a manner as her father desires, the president will wi[illegible] visit.

THE TRADE OF JAPAN

Remarkable Growth of Commerce With the World—Trade With the United States Shows Special Increase.

Washington, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Commercial Japan in 1900" is the title of a monograph just issued by the treasury bureau of statistics. It is based upon the latest commercial report of the Japanese government, and shows the commerce of Japan with the world and especially with the United States, and the commerce of the United States with Japan and its remarkable growth. It shows that the foreign commerce of Japan, which in 1873 amounted to less than 60,000,000 yen, was in 1890 about 500,000,000 yen. The progressive spirit of the Japanese is also shown by the fact that her own people are rapidly increasing their proportion in the trade of Japan with foreign countries. In 1890 only about 12 per cent of the foreign trade of Japan was conducted by Japanese; in 1900, 37 per cent of the foreign commerce of Japan was conducted by her own citizens.

The trade of Japan with the United States has grown with even greater proportionate rapidity than her total trade or than that with any other nation. In 1881 her imports from the United States formed less than 6 per cent of the total importations into Japan, while in 1900 they formed 22 per cent of the total importations. Meantime Great Britain's share in the imports of Japan fell from 52 per cent in 1881 to 25 per cent in 1900.

The United States is Japan's largest customer, by reason of the fact that the chief export products of Japan are articles required by the manufacturers of the United States, and which can not be produced in this country. The total exports from Japan in 1900 amounted to 198,000,000 yen, and of this amount 52,566,000 yen went to the United States. Of this latter sum, 26,710,000 yen consisted of raw silk, 5,972,000 yen manufactured silk, 6,930,000 yen tea, 3,000,000 yen mats for floors, and 1,000,000 yen rice. The growth in exports from Japan to the United States has been chiefly in raw silk, having more than doubled since 1893.

Japan's imports from the United States have grown with even greater rapidity than her exports to the United States. In 1881 they amounted to but 1,781,108 yen, and in 1900 had reached 62,761,196 yen in value. They have grown with much greater rapidity than the total importations of Japan, our share of her import trade having increased from 5.72 per cent in 1881 to 21.93 per cent in 1900; while the United Kingdom, our principal competitor in that market, which furnished in 1881 52.57 per cent of the total imports of Japan, supplied in 1900 25.03 per cent. A detailed examination of the supplies furnished by the United States to Japan can perhaps be better made from our own standpoint measured in dollars. In the fiscal year 1892 our total exports of domestic merchandise to Japan amounted to $3,288,282, and in 1901 to $18,656,899. Of this total the largest item of export was illuminating oil, which aggregated $4,784,350; the next largest item being manufactures of iron and steel, with a total of $4,649,287. Third in rank is raw cotton, with a total of $4,086,317; other important items being breadstuffs, $1,107,235; provisions, $399,684; scientific instruments, $376,068; leather and manufactures, $285,551; tobacco and manufactures, $238,890; clocks and watches, $237,381; paper and manufactures, $206,586; lubricating oil, $197,342, and paraffin, $167,118; while many other articles of less importance have found a place in the markets of Japan. Taking up the great class of iron and steel and examining its details, it is found that the exports of locomotive engines in 1991 amounted to $372,162 in value; builders' hardware, $121,697; sewing machines, $30,979; firearms, $42,512; car wheels, $20,773; other machinery, $1,481,796, and miscellaneous manufactures of iron and steel, $2,579,368.

Our exports of illuminating oil to Japan, which in 1890 amounted to $3,559,395 in value, showed in 1901 a total of $4,784,350, despite the active competition of Russian and Sumatran petroleum, and the further fact that Japan is now herself supplying a part of her consumption of that product. Our exports of raw cotton to Japan have grown from but $85,211 in 1890 to $4,086,317 in 1901. Our exports of flour to Japan increased from $127,120 in 1890 to $1,035,593 in 1901. This increase is evidently due to a growing disposition among the Japanese to consume more of this class of food rather than to rely upon rice, as in former years, since the number of foreigners in Japan, other than Chinese and Koreans, amounts to less than 4000, and has not materially increased during the period in which our expo ts of flour to that country have increased seven-fold. Our exports of paper and manufactures to Japan have grown very rapidly, being in 1890 $1606; in 1896, $10,126, and in 1901, $206,586. Scientific instruments increased from $8411 in 1890 to $376,068 in 1901. Canned beef exports increased from $11,212 in 1890 to $140,648 in 1901, while exports of pickled beef advanced from $638 in 1890 to $72,325 in 1901.

The following table shows the value of the more important articles imported into Japan in 1892 and 1900:

Articles.	1892.	1900.
	Yen.	Yen.
Cotton, raw, ginned....	11,026,637	38,500,002
Sugar	9,519,612	28,606,528
Cotton yarns.....	7,131,947	7,043,046
Kerosene oil	3,328,398	14,162,651
Beans, pease and pulse	2,712,044	4,817,767
Tobacco, leaf	80,200	454,292
Oil cake, for fertilizing	824,651	5,694,454
Shirtings, gray.....	1,727,185	5,558,004
Mousseline de laine, plain and white.....	2,448,899	7,364,991
Locomotive engines....	200,418	1,089,209
Bar and rod iron	871,701	5,243,408
Watches, and parts thereof	485,593	1,633,914
Woolen cloths, all wool	540,417	2,969,763
Cotton-spinning machinery	.....	806,634
Alcohol	282,540	752,051
Rails for railways.....	67,437	4,753,371
Printing paper	217,309	2,036,844
Indigo, dry.....	386,193	3,902,559
Flour	278,736	3,882,317
Cigarettes	170,628	99,828
Satins of cotton.....	523,450	3,662,658
Wool, raw.....	302,501	2,910,993
Flannels	1,073,742	1,962,767
Plate and sheet iron....	240,883	4,060,543
Pig iron	241,316	962,910
Iron pipe	58,834	2,981,503
Aniline dyes	418,881	1,328,751
Cotton prints	436,544	2,002,732
Nails	906,422	2,181,064
Italian cloth	1,062,571	1,129,737
Leather, other than sole	562,263	1,101,183
Wool yarn	427,992	1,788,535
Shirtings, white	230,558	1,227,142
Cloths, wool mixed....	196,618	2,433,733

Value of yen on Jan. 1, 1892, 74.5 cents; since 1898, 49.8 cents.

SUITS FILED.

Actions Begun Against the New York Central.

New York, Feb. 8.—Eight actions for damages, amounting in the aggregate to $185,000 for injuries received in the wreck in the New Lork Central tunnel in this city on Jan. 8, were commenced in the supreme court at White Plains yesterday. Those filing were: V. N. Feldt, $30,000; D. Pockens, $20,000; H. K. Luege, $10,000; Henry C. Ripples, $10,000; Arthur Pipples, $30,000; Miss B. Mitchell, $15,000; H. Hern, $30,000, and O. F. Dudley, $30,000.

RECEIVER APPOINTED.

New York, Feb. 8.—Justice Maddox, of the supreme court, at White Plains, has appointed William B. Sutherland, receiver for the Henry M. Zeltner Brewing company of New York city. William Zeltner asked for the appointment of the receiver. He claims the assets of the company are one million dollars and the liabilities $515,000. He sets forth that the company cannot now meet outstanding obligations.

STALLION KILLED.

Percherous Fight to a Finish on Stock Train.

Cheyenne, Wyo., Feb. 8.—Two Percheron stallions, imported from England, fought a duel to the death, on the fast stock train on the Union Pacific. One was killed, the car was smashed into splinters, and Edgar Boiss, the owner of the animals, lost $1500, the value of his horses. Two keepers in charge of the animals had to climb outside to escape the hoofs and teeth of the infuriated animals. When they succeeded in apprising the trainmen of the battle a side track was reached and every effort made to separate the animals, but finally one severed the jugular of his rival, which bled to death.

WILL OF MRS. COGSWELL.

San Francisco, Feb. 8.—The will of Mrs. Caroline E. Cogswell, widow of Dr. Cogswell, has been filed for probate. Her estate which is placed at $400,000 is divided among a score or more of relatives in half a dozen states. She left $10,000 to the college for the education of Methodist ministers at Evanston, Ill.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ATHLETES ELECT THEIR OFFICERS

High School Athletic Association Semi Annual Election---Feeling That Interscholastic Meet Should Be Held In Duluth This Year.

Some important business was transacted at the monthly meeting of the High School Athletic association on Thursday afternoon. Officers of the association were elected for the coming half year as follows:

Alfred Mallet, president; Harry Potter, vice president; Worth Andrews, treasurer and Joseph Harrison, secretary. Harvey Dash, assistant clerk of board of education, was elected manager of both the baseball and football teams for 1902. Mr. Dash is at present manager of the indoor baseball team and as such has been very popular. He will doubtlessly arrange excellent schedules. In both cases his election was unanimous.

Mahlon Richards was entrusted with the management of the track team for the coming season. He has been assistant manager of the football team for two seasons and was last season the managerial head of the baseball aggregation. He has given excellent satisfaction in these capacities.

The next indoor baseball game will occur on Friday, Feb. 14, at the Armory. The team will meet Company A.

A game was played with Company A earlier in the season in which the high school got the worst of it by a small margin. The high school boys are out to win this time and they will give the veterans of the brass buttons a run for their money. One of the best men on the high school team, Walter Dash, catcher, is also catcher for the Company A team. When the two teams play together he is bhind the bat for the soldiers. This weakens the high school nine considerably, giving the militia men a great advantage. Still with the practice which they will get before the event is pulled off the students hope to worst their opponents.

It is time that the Duluth high school should have the honor of having the State Interscholastic association track meet on their own grounds. The local institution has been a member of the association for a number of years, and never yet has the interscholastic meet been held in Duluth. The local boys have always had to go to St. Paul, Minneapolis or some other equally distant point to compete. This, of course, at a great expense to themselves.

It has already been suggested that a campaign be entered into for the purpose of securing the meet for Duluth, and the suggestion has met with approval from all of the local athletes.

Now that Mr. Richards is elected manager of the local team, he will doubtlessly "get busy" with the project and see that it comes before the committee of the association in charge of the meet.

JUNIOR GIRLS HAVE FUN.

Greatly Chagrin the Male Members of Class.

Tell the man who says that the sweet, innocent looking high school girl is not the sharpest, most adroit creature living, that he is entitled to another think. If he persists in his ungallan assertion, cite the following example: The lovely junior damsels of room 207, having long and ardently desired a mirror in which they might survey their charming countenances, and adjust the stray curls and sundry soft brown tresses which, in the freezing grasp of the strenous north wind, had perchanced strayed from their accustomed and proper places of abode, did, after having ineffectually hinted the desire to the young men of the said apartment, proceeded in the following manner to secure their end:

A collection having been taken up, to which each of the charmers donated 5 cents, and after having taken A. F. M. Custance, who presides over them, and whom they know to be ready to enter into all innocent sport, into their confidence, they purchased a miror sufficiently large for their purpose—a beautiful article in a pretty yellow frame. Then that the miserly young men might feel more poignantly their neglect, and incidently the young ladies' wit, they arranged that the glass should be brought into their community in the following manner: Having, after due consideration, selected a young man, whom they considered the homliest youth in their room—a freckled-faced, pug-nosed, most absurd-looking specimen—their treasure was delivered to Mr. Custance, who presented it with a witty speech, that ran something as follows:

"As the young ladies of this room are fully appreciative of the manly, handsome young men who share it with them, they have decided to give them a present, by meaus of which they can appreciate their own virtues in this line. It is to be delivered to the most representatively handsome young man in the room, who will place it in a safe and suitable place about the room, and carefully guard it from the wicked sophomores across the hall, that they, in their innate rudeness, may not break it." And they named as the representative handsome youth the aforementioned homely youth.

The object of all this was, of course, to get the looking glass without rendering themselves liable to the jeers of the young men on the point of their vanity. It was very successful. The laugh was all on the boys.

The young men of the room are, of course, up in arms at the slur cast on their personal appearance. War is brewing. How it will all end is not yet known.

Notes of the Week.

"Esmeralda," the play which was to be given by the students, may possibly not materialize. Principal Smith believes in enforcing the same rules that hold with the athletic teams in the matter of players who are to take part in the production. So he decided that no one who should fall below the required excellence in scholarship should be allowed to take part. A cast was decided which embraced the best of the dramatic talent in the school, but it was decided to wait until after the semester examinations were over before doing any work on the play. Several of the best amateur Thespians flunked in their "exams," and in so doing they imperiled the success of the entire production. Probably the matter can be arranged, however. It will be decided shortly.

* * *

The Musical society has been busy for some time, under the instruction of A. F. M. Custance, preparing to take part in the concert which will be held at the Armory a week from the coming Sunday. They annually participate in one of these concerts. Of course Miss Rena Smith is on the program for a solo, and the whole society will take part in several choruses. Following is the part of the program which the high school students will render:

Miss Rena Smith and chorus will render "The Choir Invisible;" the Musical society as a whole will sing the "Prayer" from the "Bohemian Girl," and "The Pilgrims' Chorus" from Verdi's "I Lambardi."

* * *

The freshmen decided at their meeting to give a class spread after Lent, and if they can arrange it, to give a skating party after that. This will be their first attempt at entertaining as a class, but they hope to be successful. They say that they are not afraid of the sophomore poloists, and that if they are given time they will look after that with their challenge long before the season is over. The sophomores are getting restless. They want to play immediately.

JOHN L. AS ACTOR

(Continued from page 1.)

ceeded to demonstrate.

"The auctioneer guy is on the box. A lot of supes stands around—do you see? —and one of them bids $75 for a nigger. I let that nigger go, because I don't want him."

"You draw the color line, eh?"

"Not on your life. I'm there to buy niggers, don't you see? But I don't want that nigger.

"It comes down to Emmeline. Well, some guy bids into the seven hundreds and I top him $800 and cops out the girl.

"This gives me a chance to do some fine work. I say to the girl: 'You are a nice-looking girl!' chuckling her under the chin this way."

"We'll sing one song of our old Kentucky home—"

Mr. Sullivan's chuck was like the blow of a trip hammer. The reporter took the count.

"I chuck her under the chin that way, and she says: 'O, don't hurt me!' Then I says: 'Well, if you don't look sharp and mind me when you get home I'll hurt yer fast enough.'"

The pugilistic-actor's voice took on a snarling tone and he flourished an imaginary whip with a powerful right arm.

"The auctioneer business goes right on, but I don't pay no attention to that. When Uncle Tom is put up to be sold some of the niggers in the background begin to sing. This is what they sing—"

Mr. Sullivan cleared his throat, threw back his big cropped head and roared: "O, my old Kentucky home so far away."

The notes died away like a blast from a calliope. The booming tremolo, the wild abandon, the herculean gestures, the intense earnestness and good faith are peculiar to Mr. Sullivan and are impossible to portray or duplicate.

"I say to these guys singing: 'Shut up yer d—d howling!' and they shut up—see?

"Uncle Tom is put on the stand—an old nigger that ain't strong so as to kind of get next to the audience.

"Somebody bids $800, and the bids run up until they reach $1075. Then I say to the guy that bids $1075: 'Look yer, you! You can't have that nigger. I want him myself!' Then I bid $1100 and get Uncle Tom.

"Here is where I do some good acting and bring down the house. I mean I get bisged red-hot.

"When Uncle Tom is knocked down to me I catch him by the arm, pull him off the block and say rough: 'You belong to me!'

"Then the autcioneer, standing on his perch, says: 'Ladies and gents'—of course he doesn't say 'ladies,' because there's no ladies there.

"'Gentlemen, I have sold poor old Uncle Tom to the greatest scoundrel that ever went unhung!'—meaning me. That makes me sore.

"Here is where I get in my fine work. I jump up and draw back my whip this way—"

Here Mr. Sullivan, instead of drawing back a whip, began to spar vigorously before an imaginary foe.

"You see, I don't carry a revolver, and before I get next to the auctioneer he draws a gun on me and bluffs me off. Well, you ought to hear the house. They hiss like a pack of geese, but that's all right. It's applause for me.

"Then comes a scene where Tom is working for me. I say: 'You, Tom; come here! I told yer I didn't buy you just for common work. I'm going to permanent—permute'—wait till I get that word —'I'm going to promote yer. That's what I say. I'm going to make a driver of yer.'

Mr. Sullivan rubbed his scarred skull reflectively, having apparently lost the thread of his narrative.

"But before this," he said, "I have a talk with Emmeline. I say to her that I'm going to buy her a piano. 'I don't want a piano,' she says. 'Well,' I say, 'I'm going to keep you in the house.'

"She tells me that she does not want to stay in the house.

"Then I roar at her: 'You want to be killed, do you? Well, I'll see about that!' See what a strong situation this puts me in. As I said, I turn round to Tom and tell him I'm going to make a driver of him.

"'Tonight,' I say, 'yer might as well get yer hand in. Now, yer just take this gal and flog her!'

"Then I cut Emmeline across the slip with my whip—not to hurt her, you know. 'Tom says: 'I hopes that I may be struck at that. I can't do it no way possible. I yell at him this way'—

Here Mr. Sullivan turned his voice loose, to the imminent danger of the chandelier: "'Before I've done with yer, ye'll larn a lot of things you never knew before!' Then I hit him across the cheek and begin to flog him all over the stage.

"That's my best part in the play. Tom says: 'I'm willin' to work night and day, and work while there's life and breath in me, but this yer thing o' floggin' wimmin I can't feel it right to do, and, mas'r, I will never do it!'

"Just think how sore on me the audience is by this time. But I'm a villain, and I play up to it.

"'Well, here's a pious dog at last let down among us sinners,' I say. 'A saint, a gentleman and no less to talk to us sinners about our sins. Here, you rascal! Didn't you ever hear out of yer Bible, 'Servants obey yer masters?' Ain't I yer master? Ain't yer mine, body and soul?'

"Then I fetch him a swift kick that makes the audience groan.

"'No! no! no!' says Tom. 'My soul ain't yours, mas'r! You haven't bought that—ye can't buy it! It's been bought and paid for by one that is able to keep it—able to keep it!' He means God, you see."

Mr. Sullivan, acting the part of Tom, let his voice fall to a thrilling whisper.

"'I'll see! I'll see!' I yell at him. 'Here, you niggers, take this dog and give him such a breakin' in as he won't get over for a month.'

"Do you think the play has a good effect wherever it is played?" was asked.

"Well," said Mr. Sullivan, meditatively, "the play is as strong as an onion, and everybody cries. I has a good enough effect."

"Do you think it had anything to do with bringing on the war?"

"What if duhr say! That whole thing wasn't much as a fight! Them Spaniards never did amount to much!"

DR. EVANS'
Penetrating Counter-Irritant

For Dyspepsia, Diarrhoe, Cholic, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Diphtheria, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Sore Throat. For sale by all druggists.

Read what other people say about it:

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 8, 1902.

I have used Dr. Evans' Penetrating Counter-Irritant for neuralgia and sprains and cannot recommend it to the public too highly. N. F. RUSSELL,
Of firm of Bridgeman & Russell, Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 7, 1902.

Have used Dr. Evans' Counter-Irritant for a severe cold and sore throat and found instant relief. Its work is wonderful. Respectfully yours,

C. A. DAY,
Famous Shoe Store, Duluth.

The Belle of an Evening

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

When Kirk Stewart married Louise Pendleton, opinions were divided as to the advisability of the union. Where some said "what an excellent match," other with the traditional shake of the head, murmured a regretful "too bad!"

Kirk was a promising enough young man, to be sure. The son of wealth, handsome, clever, popular. It seemed not unnatural that Louise, herself a belle, should choose him from among the ever-growing ranks of her admirers.

But then—was it likely that a fellow so obviously devoted to the fair sex as a whole would be content to settle down with the companionship of one woman?

That was the question. Time soon answered it. Then came the complacent "I told you so's" of those who had predicted trouble.

Scarcely a year after the marriage, Kirk began to display the very qualities for which the expectant ones had been looking. His open flirtations, his neglect of Louise, his unmistakable interest in pursuits and diversions outside of the home—all these things became themes for general gossip and speculative comment.

And she? There was the puzzle of it. From the calm, impassive exterior no one could determine how the disappointment affected her. She was changed, indeed—entirely changed from the radiant Louise of other days. But it was not a change that betokened heartbreak. In fact, so impenetrable was her cool, sweet serenity that it had the effect of completely baffling the gossips and sensation-seekers. Such apparent unconcern on the wife's part in the face of undeniable marital disillusionment robbed the affair of half its spice.

Was she blind? Surely she must be aware of his inconstancy.

No one really dreamed of the true situation. Not even those near and dear to her knew the cost of that imperturable composure. No one guessed that beneath that placid exterior a woman's heart stormed and sobbed and rebelled in all the passion of its pent-up agony.

So can the proud, sensitive nature mask its sufferings. Louise Stewart had determined to hear her sorrow with closed lips to the end. For better or for worse" had been the pledge. She at least would be true to the compact.

Was it bravery or cowardice? Who shall say?

The friends of both were heartily ashamed of him and sorry for her, although her attitude repelled rather than invited sympathy.

More than one man ground his teeth in rage that such goodness and womanly devotion should be wasted upon an unappreciative scoundrel such as Kirk Stewart had proved to be.

Several of the men—old friends of her girlhood—were talking the matter over one day with a vehemence truly justifiable. They were dining at the home of Charles Gorton, who had been one of the most ardent of Louise's suitors.

"It's a shame, an outrage!" protested Gorton. "No wonder Louise doesn't care for social life as she used to do. It isn't exactly pleasant for a woman to see her husband's fickleness constantly flaunted before her eyes—especially a woman who has once been a belle as Louise has."

"You're right, Charlie!" came the ringing response.

And then they planned what they would do on the occasion of Mrs. Van Riker's annual ball, the approaching event of the season.

Gorton's wife, who, superintending the dinner behind the scenes, had stolen in back of the screen for a sly glance at the little bachelor party, heard the plan and opened her eyes wide as she listened.

She imparted the information—of course in strictest confidence—to a dear friend of hers who called that evening.

So it happened that the talk came to the ears of Louise.

This is what she overheard:

"O, do you know the latest about the Stewarts? Some of the men are planning to make a belle of Mrs. Stewart at the Van Riker's ball. Of course, they're sorry for her and want to shame Kirk out of his ways. But then—you know those things can't be forced. Louise was beautiful once and is charming still, no doubt, but as for being a belle—fancy it! Oh, it's absurd. The poor girl's day is over."

Then it was that Mrs. Stewart, having heard all, felt the old spirit of Louise Pendleton leap within her. The practiced indifference, the acquired passivity of her recent life were caught up and consumed in the sudden blaze of that old fire, leaving her palpitant with a glowing resolve.

It was her turn now to plan. She entered into the affair with a zest greater even than her enthusiasm of former days.

The anticipations of weeks were realized at last by the fortunate ones who were bidden to the ball. The appointed evening arrived.

A splendor of light, a dream of color dazzled the eyes of the arriving guests. The Van Rikers had succeeded in making of this event one that excelled all their previous efforts. Such flowers—such harmonious arrangement of details!

Among the women was that air of soft, fluttering expectancy that precedes the filling of programs. The men had displayed the customary interest so far, but as yet they had shown no eagerness.

Then there came sweeping into the room a queenly creature, all in pale gold color, like a tall yellow lily. Her gown—a wonderful creation of shimmering fabric shot through with flecks of amber—sheathed caressingly the graceful lines of her willowy perfection, then flowed about her feet in rippling masses of filmy sheen. Her small dark head was held high with the air of a princess. Back of her luminous eyes shone the conquering spirit of Louise Pendleton, touched with a fire that hinted of later battles gloriously won.

Gorton and his fellows, hastening to her side, found themselves intercepted. Quite a group had surrounded her when Gorton came up. The usual interest had buzzed into eagerness.

"Why, it's Mrs. Stewart," whispered the women. "Who would have known her?"

Kirk, glancing up suddenly from his tete-a-tete with a doll-baby blonde, forgot his good breeding and stared in open astonishment at the spectacle presented. His wife laughingly protesting to the supplicants who had arrived too late that her program was full and covered with "extras."

It happened that not only the doll-baby blonde, but numerous other beauties of the evening were forced to depend almost entirely upon Kirk Stewart for attention. The other men seemd to have deserted. There was one woman and only one who commanded their real homage. By right of her own incomparable charm, her magic beauty, she wielded the sceptre of queen that night.

"Well!" cried Gorton to the "fellows" after it was all over, "she didn't need us, after all, did she?"

"I should rather say she did not. Wasn't she superb?"

"Splendid."

"Look here, boys, do you suppose she could have heard and—"

"Nonsense."

"But there was something unusual about her. Perhaps she scented our scheme."

"I wonder!"

And they all wonder over it to this day.



Woman's Debt to Cardui

Wharton, Texas, January 31, 1901.

Before I began taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I had almost given up the idea of trying to get relief from my trouble. My menses did not last more than two days and I had cramps in the lower part of my stomach and my limbs ached. My eyes and nostrils became sore. But now since taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I passed this month without a pain and ran the whole time. I feel like a new woman. I advise all suffering women to take Wine of Cardui. I owe my health to your wonderful "Woman's Relief".

Mrs. A. D. PAIGE.

Why will any woman hesitate to take Wine of Cardui with Mrs. Paige's plain, honest story before her?

WINE OF CARDUI

regulates the menses perfectly and cures all the distressing ills that are caused by the irregular flow. There is no excuse for any reader of this paper submitting to days of suffering every month. Do you think Mrs. Paige would let her trouble run another day again, now that she knows what it is to be well and strong? You will be like another woman in a short time if you secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today and take it according to directions. Mrs. Paige is only one among thousands of women who have secured relief from Wine of Cardui. It cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and every kind of "female trouble." Try it!

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

KINGDOM OF SIAM

Need of An American Business House at Bangkok.

A Chance For Quick and Rich Returns On Investments.

Excellent Business Outlook In That Country Reported.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 8—(Special to The Herald.)—In view of the report that the king of Siam might be induced to visit the United States, a paper entitled "Needs of an American Business House in Bangkok," from the pen of the United States consul general at Bangkok, Hamilton King, seems to be of peculiar interest. This communication of Consul General King has just been made public by the state department. It will doubtless prove of especial interest to business men seeking to enlarge their foreign trade and also to capitalists desirous of making investments abroad wherever quick and rich returns are assured. In his letter to the state department Consul General King says:

There is not in the whole of Siam at present one American house competent to consider a business proposition or a government contract, to push American trade, or to represent American interests. Other nationalities are represented; they are constantly seeking business, and, in the event of opportunities, are ready to consider them at once. It can not be expected that business will seek Americans here any more htan in other countries; nor if it is sought out by the consular representative, that the necessary three months' delay for a reply from America will fail to jeopardize our interests in the matter.

An American business house should be established in Bangkok. After three years and a half residence here, I am persuaded that, for the right kind of people, there is an excellent business outlook in this country.

A house to succeed in Siam must be of a standing that is recognized by the business world; one having connections in America, and whose name is a guaranty for its undertakings. It must be strong nough to consider any business proposition that may come before it and be adapted to attend to the lighter lines of trade as well. Such a house could secure the confidence of the government of Siam at once and would be welcomed by it. To build up American trade in Siam, the house must be an American house, run on American lines, and managed by American business men who are on the ground. We can not expect to succeed in business by farming out our interests to men of nationalities that have conflicting interests to be advanced. That a man has succeeded in business in America is no guaranty that he will succeed here, so different are the methods of carrying on trade in the far East. One good man with business experience in the Orient is a necessity from the first. It would be well, indeed, if the house were connected with an American business already established in the far East. It need not cut into the trade of those engaged in importing from America, but might assist them and encourage others by facilitating shipping, easing terms of purchase, and offering the usual wholesale inducements at this end of the line. Such a house should be able to control to its own benefit, to the advantage of the producers, and to the advantage of the local purchasers as well, all the electrical supplies of this market.

The electrical development of the city of Bangkok during the last ten years has been wonderful. The Siam Electricity company, limited, has a capital of £150,000, plus 200,000 ticals ($100,000); it has 17,000 lamps installed at sixteen candle power; a tramway track of seven and a half miles in operation, and a track of three and a half miles under construction, which will be in opertion before the end of this year; it has twenty-six cars in use and fourteen under construction; it is advertising and supplying electric power for various industries throughout the city, and is now considering a line of automobiles to be run in connection with its tram line. Besides this company, there is being pushed a request for another concession on the other side of the river, and there are twenty-six private plants in the various mills, forts, dock companies and the navy yard of the city. The United States has almost the entire market in this line now, and, with interested and intelligent management, this trade should be greatly increased.

Such a house should be able to handle the entire import of American flour. This now amounts to anywhere between 125,000 and 175,000 sacks per year, and the demand is constantly increasing. And there is no reason why the large interests in tinned goods should not, if wisely handled, result to the greater benefit of both producers at home and traders in this market.

By handling clocks, bicycles, sewing machines, lamps and other lines of sure-selling articles, through consignments or through guaranteed orders, such a house could benefit the trade and the large and small purchaser here as well.

The import of cotton and piece goods alone in this port amounts to $3,500,000 Mexican (about $1,600,000 gold) a year, of which scarcely a dollar's worth comes from America. Yet the only barriers to these goods between Bangkok and America are the present rate of freight and our demands for cash payments, the removal of either of which would open the market. Why should not such a house, by facilitating shipping and by large imports, open up a splendid trade for the American producer in this line of goods? And this is a trade that must constantly increase as the years go by, for to produce these goods, in a country where the raw material, the machinery, the labor and the fuel must be imported is out of the question.

Here is a great city of 1,000,000 souls, whose only water supply is that of the rain from the heavens during the seven months of the wet season and of the foul and brackish waters of the rivers and the canals during the five months of the dry season; a city which, because of this, loses its citizens by thousands every year from the scourge of Asiatic cholera. The one escape from this scourge is a public water supply, which the increasing intelligence and progress of Siam must provide.

Here is a great flat city, whose level in no spot throughout its area of thirty or forty square miles rises thirty-six inches above high-water mark. During the high tides of October and November all its natural levels are submerged. It has absolutely no system of sewerage, the construction of which would involve questions of scientific engineering of no mean quality. Yet these problems must be met and solved within the next decade.

Siam is, with few exceptions, a great alluvial plain extending hundreds of miles to the north. This plain is capable of being made the richest rice garden of the world. As yet the soil has been scratched a but the crudest way and in but few and limited areas; yet its abundant harvests feed the millions of Siam's people and supply an export of between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 worth every year. The very little that has been done to turn the jungle into productive fields has returned rich rewards in improved harvests, improved revenues, and improved homes; yet this great uncultivated plain lies ready to respond to the simplest processes of irrigation, with returns that will make Siam one of the richest of agricultural countries. Those competent to speak say that there is nothing like its promise as a rice-producing country in the world: its area is vast, its soil is rich, and the quality of its rice stands first in the European markets. The problem of irrigation is one of the simplest and will soon receive attention.

The highways of this country are its canals, which intersect this vast plain in every direction. These, through years of neglect, have become choked. With the dredging of these old canals and the opening up of new ones, Siam's increasing harvests and improved industries must find cheap transportation to the sea; and here is another problem that awaits solution.

The great mud flat at the mouth of the river, known as the bar, stretches away for miles, effectually blocking this splendid harbor against all shipping for a good part of the time, and against a good part of the shipping at all times—a hindrance to commerce, an expense to the trade, and an unmitigated nuisance that finds no excuse for its existence, but the considerable outlay that would be required to remove it. This will not be endured much longer by an intelligent people.

Siam's railroads are but in their infancy, yet the little state has already spent the handsome sum of $16,200,000 Mexican (about $7,800,000), and her railroad program extends well into the future.

She has a snug little navy, of which she is justly proud, and this, with her army of 10,000 soldiers furnished with the most modern quipment, calls for constant supplis.

These are some of the plans and problems that confront this people for solution now; of the development of the mines and forests and the abundant agricultural resources let the future speak. For a house competent to enter into this field, there is probably no better business outlook in the world .

GOV. TAFT ON TARIFF

Washington, Feb. 7.—The senate committee on Philippines today continued its consideration of the tariff bill for the islands, Governor Taft still being on the stand.

In response to a suggestion from Senator Culbranson, Governor Taft said he did not think the bill providing a tariff between the United States and the Philippines should be temporary as is the case with reference to the Porto Rican bill. Speaking of the new revenue bill passed by the Philippine commission, he said that so far the effect is conjectural, but it was hoped that the amount under the impetus it would give to trade, would soon equal the returns secured under the old law, which was $9,000,000 or $10,000,000. Governor Taft explained the contracts which have been let for harbor improvements, involving an expenditure of $3,000,000 and said that contracts had also been let for the construction of twenty launches or small sea-going boats for the transportation of mail of provincial officers. The cost would be about $1,099,000.

Governor Taft asked for power to pass general corporation laws. Most of the enterprises in the islands now he said, are controlled by English capital.

Mr. Dubois wanted to know if it would not be advantageous to build and control railways, telegraphs, etc.?

"That is a question of general economic condition, which the commission wishes to avoid," replied Governor Taft.

Reverting to the subject of corporations, Governor Taft thought it would be wise for congress to give to the commission some discretionary power in the matter of building of railroads.

STUDENTS RETURN.

Golden, Col., Feb. 7.—Students of the State School of Mines returned to their class room today after being on strike for over a week and studies were resumed. The trustees of the school will investigate the incident which caused the trouble and both the students and faculty have agreed to abide by the decision of the trustees.

Articles of Incorporation OF Panton & White COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, whose names are hereto subscribed, do hereby associate ourselves together and agree to be and become a corporation under and by virtue of Title 2 of Chapter 24 of the General Statutes of 1894 of the state of Minnesota, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end and for that purpose we, the undersigned, do hereby agree to, adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation, that is to say:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be Panton & White Company.

The general nature of the business of the corporation shall be manufacturing, buying, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring, holding, owning, mortgaging, pledging, selling, exchanging, assigning, transferring, or otherwise disposing of, and dealing, investing and trading in, goods, wares and merchandise of every class and description and carrying on and conducting a general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

The corporation shall have powcr to buy, purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell and convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, demise, or otherwise dispose of, all such real estate as the board of directors of the corporation shall deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of conducting and carrying on its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

If deemed necessary or convenient by the board of directors of the corporation for the purpose of carrying on and conducting its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business, the corporation shall have power to buy, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock, bonds, debentures, negotiable paper or other evidences of indebtedness created or issued by any corporation or corporations, and while the holder of any such stock to exercise all the rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers conferred by the laws of the state of Minnesota, and of the objects and purposes as hereinbefore stated, it is hereby expressly provided that the corporation shall also have the following powers, that is to say:

To do any and all the things herein set forth as objects, purposes, powers, or otherwise, to the same extent and as fully as a natural person might or could do, and in any part of the world, as principal, agent, contractor, trustee or otherwise.

The principal place of transacting the business of the corporation shall be in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of the corporation shall be the first day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be two hundred and fifty thousand ($250,000) dollars and the same shall be paid in such manner and amounts and at such times and upon such conditions as shall be prescribed by the board of directors of the corporation.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand ($125,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming the corporation are as follows, to-wit:

John Panton, Duluth, Minnesota.
William White, Duluth, Minnesota.
Joseph B. Cotton, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five (5) directors, who shall be stockholders of the corporation and a majority of whom shall be residents of the state of Minnesota.

The members of the board of directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation, or at any adjournment thereof, for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The first board of directors of the corporation shall consist of John Panton, William White, Joseph B. Cotton, Neis N. Ole and Edward A. DeWitt, all of Duluth, Minnesota, and they shall hold office until the first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation as provided for in this article and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation shall be held at its office in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on February 12th, A. D. 1903, at ten o'clock in the forenoon thereof.

Thereafter, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation shall be held at its office in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Thursday after the first Monday in February in each year at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The board of directors shall hold its first meeting for the purpose immediately after the annual stockholders' meeting, or immediately after the election of the directors at such annual meeting or any adjournment thereof. At such first meeting, the board of directors shall elect from its own number a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer who shall constitute the officers of the corporation and shall hold office for one year and until their successors have been elected and qualified. Any two of said offices may be held by the same person.

Any vacancy in the board of directors or in any of said offices shall be filled by the board of directors for the unexpired term.

All other officers, agents and factors of the corporation shall be appointed in such manner and shall hold their offices for such terms as the board of directors may by resolution prescribe.

Until the first election of officers by the board of directors immediately following the first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation to be held in February, 1903, the officers of the corporation shall be as follows, to-wit:

John Panton shall be the president; William White shall be the vice president and the treasurer; and Nels N. Ole shall be the secretary.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of the corporation shall be two thousand five hunared (2500), and the par value of each share shall be the sum of one hundred (100) dollars.

ARTICLE VIII.

The capital stock of the corporation shall be assignable and transferable upon the books of the corporation in accordance with its by-laws and not otherwise, and no stock issued to any stockholder shall be sold or transferred, or shall be assignable, until the corporation has first been given an opportunity to purchase the same, or have it purchased by such person or persons as its board of directors may approve or designate, in such manner and upon such terms as are prescribed by this article and by the by-laws.

The corporation shall have the right to purchase any of its capital stock which may be offered to it by any stockholder, and, if it does not desire to purchase the same, it shall have the right to require such stock to be sold to such person or persons as the board of directors may approve or designate.

The corporation shall also have the right to require any stockholder owning not to exceed fifty (50) shares of said stock to sell any or all of his stock to the corporation or to such person or persons as the board of directors may approve or designate, in either case, the price to be paid for any such stock, so to be purchased by the corporation, or required by it to be sold, shall be such price and value for the same as shall have been established by the stockholders of the corporation for the then current year pursuant to the by-laws at the last annual meeting of the stockholders before said stock is offered for sale or is required to be sold, unless the price and value so fixed at said annual meeting of the stockholders shall be less than par, in which event the price to be paid for said stock upon said sale, whether sold to the corporation or otherwise, shall be at least the par value thereof.

All stock of the corporation purchased by it pursuant to the provisions of this article or the by-laws may be sold by the board of directors to such person or persons as the board shall deem likely to add to the stability of the corporation, at such price not less than par as the board shall deem for the best interests of the corporation and all and every its stockholders.

The provisions of this article and a reference to all provisions of the by-laws of the corporation which relate to the purchase, sale and transfer of stock shall be printed upon the back and be a part of all certificates of stock issued by the corporation, and no stock of the corporation shall be issued or sold unless, as a part of the consideration therefor, the owner or purchaser thereof shall expressly assent in writing upon the stock certificate to this article and said provisions of the by-laws and shall also receipt in writing for such certificate upon the books of the corporation and in such receipt shall expressly assent to all the provisions and restrictions referred to in such certificate and made a part thereof as aforesaid.

In witness whereof, we, the undersigned, have hereunto set our hands and seals, in triplicate, at Duluth, Minnesota, this 31st day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

JOHN PANTON. (Seal.)
WILLIAM WHITE. (Seal.)
JOSEPH B. COTTON. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
M. Agnes Carroll,
Alice M. Broad.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

On this 31st day of January, A. D. 1902, before me, a notary public within and for said county and state, personally appeared John Panton, William White and Joseph B. Cotton, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing and within instrument and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

M. AGNES CARROLL,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal, St. Louis County, Minn.)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record Jan. 31, 1902, at 4 p. m., and was duly recorded in Book "S" of Misc. page 114.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 1st day of Feb. A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book B-3 of Incorporations on page 290.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

ATHLETES ELECT THEIR OFFICERS

High School Athletic Association Semi Annual Election---Feeling That Interscholastic Meet Should Be Held In Duluth This Year.

Some important business was transacted at the monthly meeting of the High School Athletic association on Thursday afternoon. Officers of the association were elected for the coming half year as follows:

Alfred Mallet, president; Harry Potter, vice president; Worth Andrews, treasurer and Joseph Harrison, secretary. Harvey Dash, assistant clerk of board of education, was elected manager of both the baseball and football teams for 1902. Mr. Dash is at present manager of the indoor baseball team and as such has been very popular. He will doubtlessly arrange excellent schedules. In both cases his election was unanimous.

Mahlon Richards was entrusted with the management of the track team for the coming season. He has been assistant manager of the football team for two seasons and was last season the managerial head of the baseball aggregation. He has given excellent satisfaction in these capacities.

The next indoor baseball game will occur on Friday, Feb. 14, at the Armory. The team will meet Company A.

A game was played with Company A earlier in the season in which the high school got the worst of it by a small margin. The high school boys are out to win this time and they will give the veterans of the brass buttons a run for their money. One of the best men on the high school team, Walter Dash, catcher, is also catcher for the Company A team. When the two teams play together he is bhind the bat for the soldiers. This weakens the high school nine considerably, giving the militia men a great advantage. Still with the practice which they will get before the event is pulled off the students hope to worst their opponents.

It is time that the Duluth high school should have the honor of having the State interscholastic association track meet on their own grounds. The local association has been a member of the association for a number of years, and never yet has the interscholastic meet been held in Duluth. The local boys have always had to go to St. Paul, Minneapolis or some other equally distant point to compete. This, of course, at a great expense to themselves.

It has already been suggested that a campaign be entered into for the purpose of securing the meet for Duluth, and the suggestion has met with approval from all of the local athletes.

Now that Mr. Richards is elected manager of the local team, he will doubtlessly "get busy" with the project and see that it comes before the committee of the association in charge of the meet.

Notes of the Week.

"Esmeralda," the play which was to be given by the students, may possibly not materialize. Principal Smith believes in enforcing the same rules that hold with the athletic teams in the matter of players who are to take part in the production. So he decided that no one who should fail below the required excellence in scholarship should be allowed to take part. A cast was decided which embraced the best of the dramatic talent in the school, but it was decided to wait until after the semester examinations were over before doing any work on the play. Several of the best amateur Thespians flunked in their "exams," and in so doing they imperiled the success of the entire production. Probably the matter can be arranged, however. It will be decided shortly.

* * *

The Musical society has been busy for some time, under the instruction of A. F. M. Custance, preparing to take part in the concert which will be held at the Armory a week from the coming Sunday. They annually participate in one of these concerts. Of course Miss Rena Smith is on the program for a solo, and the whole society will take part in several choruses. Following is the part of the program which the high school students will render:

Miss Rena Smith and chorus will render "The Choir Invisible;" the Musical society as a whole will sing the "Prayer" from the "Bohemian Girl," and "The Pilgrims' Chorus" from Verdi's "I Lambard."

* * *

The freshmen decided at their meeting to give a class spread after Lent, and if they can arrange it, to give a skating party after that. This will be their first attempt at entertaining as a class, but they hope to be successful. They say that they are not afraid of the sophomore poloists, and that if they are given time they will be on hand with their challenge long before the season is over. The sophomores are getting restless. They want to play immediately.

JUNIOR GIRLS HAVE FUN.

Greatly Chagrin the Male Members of Class.

Tell the man who says that the sweet, innocent looking high school girl is not the sharpest, most adroit creature living, that he is entitled to another think. If he persists in his ungallan assertion, cite the following example. The lovely junior damsels of room 207, having long and ardently desired a mirror in which they might survey their charming countenances, and adjust the stray curls and sundry soft brown tresses which, in the freezing grasp of the strenuous north wind had perchanced to stray from their accustomed and proper places of abode, did, after having ineffectually hinted the desire to the young men of the said apartment, proceeded in the following manner to secure their end:

A collection having been taken up, to which each of the charmers donated 5 cents, and after having taken A. F. M. Custance, who presides over them, and whom they know to be ready to enter into all innocent sport, into their confidence, they purchased a mirror sufficiently large for their purpose—a beautiful article in a pretty yellow frame. Then that the miserly young men might feel more poignantly their neglect, and incidently the young ladies' wit, they arranged that the glass should be brought into their community in the following manner: Having, after due consideration, selected a young man, whom they considered the homliest youth in their room—a freckled-faced, pug-nosed, most absurd-looking specimen—their treasure was delivered to Mr. Custance, who presented it with a witty speech, that ran something as follows:

"As the young ladies of this room are fully appreciative of the manly, handsome young men who share it with them, they have decided to give them a present, by means of which they can appreciate their own virtues in this line. It is to be delivered to the most representativelY handsome young man in the room, who will place it in a safe and suitable place about the room, and carefully guard it from the wicked sophomores across the hall, that they, in their innate rudeness, may not break it." And they named as the representative handsome youth the aforementioned homely youth.

The object of all this was, of course, to get the looking glass without rendering themselves liable to the jeers of the young men on the point of their vanity. It was very successful. The laugh was all on the boys.

The young men of the room are, of course, up in arms at the slur cast on their personal appearance. War is brewing. How it will all end is not yet known.

JOHN L. AS ACTOR

(Continued from page 1.)

ceeded to demonstrate.

"The auctioneer Kirk is on the box. A lot of supes stands around—do you see?—and one of them bids $75 for a nigger. I let that nigger go, because I don't want him."

"You draw the color line, eh?"

"Not on your life. I'm there to buy niggers, don't you see? But I don't want that nigger.

"It comes down to Emmeline. Well, some guy bids into the seven hundreds and I top him at $800 and cops out the girl.

"This gives me a chance to do some fine work. I say to the girl: 'You are a nice-looking girl;' chuckling her under the chin this way."

"We'll sing one song of our old Kentucky home—

Mr. Sullivan's chuck was like the blow of a trip hammer. The reporter took the count.

"I chuck her under the chin that way, and she says; 'O, don't hurt me!' Then I say: 'Well, if you don't behave and mind me when you get home I'll hurt yer fast enough.'

The pugilistic-actor's voice took on a snarling tone and he flourished an imaginary whip with a ponderous right arm.

"The auctioneer business goes right on, but I don't pay no attention to that. When Uncle Tom is it up to be sold some of the niggers in the background begin to sing. This is what they sing—"

Mr. Sullivan closed his eyes, threw back his big cropped head and bellowed:

"'Of our old Kentucky home so far away.'

The notes died away like a blast from a calliope. The booming tremolo, the wild abandon, the herculean gestures, the intense earnestness and good faith are peculiar to Mr. Sullivan and are impossible to portray or duplicate.

"I say to these guys singing: 'Shut up yer d—l howling!' and they shut up—2 'Uncle Tom is put on the stand—an old nigger that ain't strong, so as to kind of get next to the audience.

"Somebody bids $800, and the bids run up until they reach $1075. Then I say to the guy that bids $1075: 'Look yer, you! You can't have that nigger. I want him myself.' Then I bid $1100 and get Uncle Tom.

"Here is where I do some good acting and bring down the house. I mean I get bisged red-hot.

"When Uncle Tom is knocked down to me I catch him by the arm, pull him off the block and say rough: 'You belong to me.'

"Then the auteloneer, standing on his perch, says: 'Ladies and gents'—of course he doesn't say 'ladies,' because there's no ladies there.

"'Gentlemen, I have sold poor old Uncle Tom to the greatest scoundrel that ever went unhung;'—meaning me. That makes me sore.

"'Here is where I get in my fine work. I jump up and draw back my whip this way—"

Here Mr. Sullivan, instead of drawing back a whip, began to spar vigorously before an imaginary foe.

"'You see, I don't carry a revolver, and before I get next to the auctioneer he draws a gun on me and bluffs me off. Well, you ought to hear the sap roar. It's like a pack of geese, but that's all right. It's applause for me.

"'Then comes a scene where Tom is worked;' 'Come, Tom; come here!' I told yer I didn't buy yer jest for common work. I'm going to perament—permute'—wait I'll get the word right—'I'm going to permute yer. That's what I say, 'I'm going to make a driver of yer.'

Mr. Sullivan rubbed his scarred skull reflectively, having apparently lost the thread of his narrative.

"But before this," he said, "I have a talk with Emmeline. I say to her that I'm going to buy her a piano. 'I don't want a piano,' she says. 'Well,' I say, 'I'm going to keep you in the house.'

"She says that she does not want to stay in the house.

"Then I roar at her: 'You want to be killed, do you? Well, I'll see about that.' See where I'm getting situation to pits me in. As I said, I turn around to Tom and tell him I'm going to make a driver of him.

"'Tonight,' I say, 'yer might as well get yer hand in. Now, yer just take this gal and flog her!'

"Then I throw Emmeline across the slip with my whip—not to hurt her, you know.

"Tom says: 'I hopes mas'r won't set me at that. I can't do it no way possible.'

"I yell at him this way"—

Here Mr. Sullivan turned his voice loose, to the imminent danger of the chandelier:

"'Before I've done with yer, ye'll larn a lot of things you never knew before!' Then I hit him across the cheek and begin to flog him all over the stage.

"That's my best part in the play. Tom says: 'I'm willin' to work night and day and work while there's life and breath in me, but this yer thing o' floggin' wimmin I can't feel it right to do, and, mas'r, I will never do it!'

"Just think how sore on me the audience is by this time. But I'm a villain, and I play up to it.

"'Well, here's a plous dog at last let down among us sinners,' I say. 'A saint, a gentleman and no less to talk to us sinners about our sins. Here, you rascal! Didn't you ever hear out of yer Bible, 'Servants obey yer masters?' Ain't I yer master? Ain't yer mine, body and soul?'

"Then I fetch him a swift kick that makes the audience groan.

"'No! no! no!' says Tom. 'My soul ain't yours, mas'r! You haven't bought that—ye can't buy it! It's been bought and paid for by one that is able to keep it—able to keep it!' He means God, you see."

Mr. Sullivan, acting the part of Tom, let his voice fall to a thrilling whisper.

"'I'll see! I'll see!' I yell at him. 'Here, you niggers, take this dog and give him such a breakin' in as he won't get over for a month.'

"Do you think the play has a good effect wherever it is played?" was asked.

"Well," said Mr. Sullivan, meditatively, "the play is as strong as an onion, and everybody cries. I has a good enough effect."

"Do you think it had anything to do with bringing on the war?"

"What if it did? Say! That whole thing wasn't much as a fight! Them Spaniards never did amount to much!"

DR. EVANS' Penetrating Counter-Irritant

For Dyspepsia, Diarrhoe, Cholic, Appendicitis, Rheumatism, Eczema, Diphtheria, Kidney Trouble, Lame Back, Sore Throat. For sale by all druggists.

Read what other people say about it:

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 8, 1902.

I have used Dr. Evans' Penetrating Counter-Irritant for neuralgia and sprains and cannot recommend it to the public too highly. N. F. RUSSELL, Of firm of Bridgeman & Russell, Duluth.

Duluth, Minn., Jan. 7, 1902.

Have used Dr. Evans' Counter-Irritant for a severe cold and sore throat and found instant relief. Its work is wonderful. Respectfully yours, C. A. DAY. Famous Shoe Store, Duluth.

The Belle of an Evening

By Angela Morgan.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst.)

When Kirk Stewart married Louise Pendleton, opinions were divided as to the advisability of the union. Where some said "what an excellent match," other with the traditional shake of the head, murmured a regretful "too bad!"

Kirk was a promising enough young man, to be sure. The son of wealth, handsome, clever, popular. It seemed not unnatural that Louise, herself a belle, should choose him from among the ever-growing ranks of her admirers.

But then—was it likely that a fellow so obviously devoted to the fair sex as a whole would be content to settle down with the companionship of one woman?

That was the question. Time soon answer'd her. Then came the complacent "I told you so's" of those who had predicted trouble.

Scarcely a year after the marriage, Kirk began to display the very qualities for which the expectant ones had been looking. His open flirtations, his neglect of Louise, his unmistakable interest in pursuits and diversions outside of the home—all these things became themes for general gossip and speculative comment.

And she? There was the puzzle of it. From the calm, impassive exterior no one could determine how the disappointment affected her. She was changed, indeed—entirely changed from the radiant Louise of other days. But it was not a change that betokened heartbreak. In fact, so impenetrable was her cool, sweet serenity that it had the effect of completely baffling the gossips and sensation-seekers. Such apparent unconcern on the wife's part in the face of undeniable marital disillusionment robbed the affair of half its spice.

Was she blind? Surely she must be aware of his inconstancy.

No one really dreamed of the true situation. Not even those near and dear to her knew the cost of that imperturable composure. No one guessed that beneath that placid exterior a woman's heart stormed and sobbed and rebelled in all the passion of its pent-up agony.

So can the proud, sensitive nature mask its sufferings. Louise Stewart had determined to bear her sorrow with closed lips to the end. For better or for worse" had been the pledge. She at least would be true to the compact.

Was it bravery or cowardice? Who shall say?

The friends of both were heartily ashamed of him and sorry for her, although her attitude repelled rather than invited sympathy.

More than one man ground his teeth in rage that such goodness and womanly devotion should be wasted upon an unappreciative scoundrel such as Kirk Stewart had proved to be.

Several of the men—old friends of her girlhood—were talking the matter over one day with a vehemence truly justifiable. They were dining at the home of Charles Gorton, who had been one of the most ardent of Louise's suitors.

"It's a shame, an outrage!" protested Gorton. "No wonder Louise doesn't care for social life as she used to do, it isn't exactly pleasant for a woman to see her husband's fickleness constantly flaunted before her eyes—especially a woman who has once been a belle as Louise has."

"You're right, Charlie!" came the ringing response.

And then they planned what they would do on the occasion of Mrs. Van Riker's annual ball, the approaching event of the season.

Gorton's wife, who, superintending the dinner behind the scenes, had stolen in back of the screen for a sly glance at the little bachelor party, heard the plan and opened her eyes wide as she listened.

She imparted the information—of course in strictest confidence—to a dear friend of hers who called that evening.

So it happened that the talk came to the ears of Louise.

This is what she overheard:

"O, do you know the latest about the Stewarts? Some of the men are planning to make a belle of Mrs. Stewart at the Van Riker's ball. Of course, they're sorry for her and want to shame Kirk out of his ways. But then—you know those things can't be forced. Louise was beautiful once and is charming still, no doubt, but as for being a belle—fancy it! Oh, it's absurd. The poor girl's day is over."

Then it was that Mrs. Stewart, having heard all, felt the old spirit of Louise Pendleton leap within her. The practiced indifference, the acquired passivity of her recent life were caught up and consumed in the sudden blaze of that old fire, leaving her palpitant with a glowing resolve.

It was her turn now to plan. She entered into the affair with a zest greater even than her enthusiasm of former days.

The anticipations of weeks were realized at last by the fortunate ones who were bidden to the ball. The appointed evening arrived.

A splendor of light, a dream of color dazzled the eyes of the arriving guests. The Van Rikers had succeeded in making of this event one that excelled all their previous efforts. Such flowers—such harmonious arrangement of details!

Among the women was that air of soft, fluttering expectancy that precedes the filling of programs. The men had displayed the customary interest so far, but as yet they had shown no eagerness.

Then there came sweeping into the room a queenly creature, all in pale gold color, like a tall yellow lily. Her gown—a wonderful creation of shimmering fabric shot through with flecks of amber—heathed caressingly the graceful lines of her willowy perfection, then flowered about her feet in rippling masses of flimy sheen. Her small dark head was held high with the air of a princess. Back of her luminous eyes shone the conquering spirit of Louise Pendleton, touched with a fire that hinted of later battles gloriously won.

Gorton and his fellows, hastening to her side, found themselves intercepted. Quite a group had surrounded her when Gorton came up. The usual interest had buzzed into eagerness.

"Why, it's Mrs. Stewart," whispered the women. "Who would have known her?"

Kirk, glancing up suddenly from his tete-a-tete with a doll-baby blonde, forgot his good breeding and stared in open astonishment at the spectacle presented. His wife haughtily protesting to the supplicants who had arrived too late that her program was full and covered with "extras."

It happened that not only the doll-baby blonde, but numerous other beauties of the evening were forced to depend almost entirely upon Kirk Stewart for attention. The other men seemd to have deserted. There was one woman and only one who commanded their real homage. By right of her own incomparable charm, her magic beauty, she wielded the sceptre of queen that night.

"Well!" cried Gorton to the "fellows" after it was all over, "she didn't need us, after all, did she?"

"I should rather say she did not. Wasn't she superb?"

"Splendid."

"Look here, boys, do you suppose she could have heard and—"

"Nonsense."

"But there was something unusual about her. Perhaps she scented our scheme."

"I wonder?"

And they all wonder over it to this day.



Woman's Debt to Cardui

Wharton, Texas, January 31, 1901.

Before I began taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I had almost given up the idea of trying to get relief from my trouble. My menses did not last more than two days and I had cramps in the lower part of my stomach and my limbs ached. My eyes and nostrils became sore. But now since taking Wine of Cardui and Thedford's Black-Draught I passed this month without a pain and ran the whole time. I feel like a new woman. I advise all suffering women to take Wine of Cardui. I owe my health to your wonderful "Woman's Relief". Mrs. A. D. PAIGE.

Why will any woman hesitate to take Wine of Cardui with Mrs. Paige's plain, honest story before her?

WINE OF CARDUI

regulates the menses perfectly and cures all the distressing ills that are caused by the irregular flow. There is no excuse for any reader of this paper submitting to days of suffering every month. Do you think Mrs. Paige would let her trouble run another day again, now that she knows what it is to be well and strong? You will be like another woman in a short time if you secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui from your druggist today and take it according to directions. Mrs. Paige is only one among thousands of women who have secured relief from Wine of Cardui. It cures leucorrhœa, falling of the womb, and every kind of "female trouble." Try it!

For advice and literature, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department," The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

KINGDOM OF SIAM

Need of An American Business House at Bangkok.

A Chance For Quick and Rich Returns On Investments.

Excellent Business Outlook In That Country Reported.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—In view of the report that the king of Siam might be induced to visit the United States, a paper entitled "Needs of an American Business House in Bangkok," from the pen of the United States consul general at Bangkok, Hamilton King, seems to be of peculiar interest. This communication of Consul General King has just been made public by the state department. It will doubtless prove of especial interest to business men seeking to enlarge their foreign trade and also to capitalists desirous of making investments abroad wherever quick and rich returns are assured. In his letter to the state department Consul General King says:

There is not in the whole of Siam at present one American house competent to consider a business proposition or a government contract, to push American trade, or to represent American interests. Other nationalities are well represented; they are constantly seeking business, and, in the event of opportunities, are ready to consider them at once. It can not be expected that business will seek Americans here any more than in other countries; nor if it is sought out by the consular representative, that the necessary three months' delay for a reply from America will fail to jeopardize our interests in the matter.

An American business house should be established in Bangkok. After three years and a half residence here, I am persuaded that, for the right kind of people, there is an excellent business outlook in this country.

A house to succeed in Siam must be of a standing that is recognized by the business world; one having connections in America, and whose name is a guaranty for its undertakings. It must be strong nough to consider any business proposition that may come before it and be adapted to attend to the lighter lines of trade as well. Such a house could secure the confidence of the government of Siam at once and would be welcomed by it. To build up American trade in Siam, the house must be an American house, run on American lines, and managed by American business men who are on the ground. We can not expect to succeed in business by farming out our interests to men of nationalities that have conflicting interests to be advanced. That a man has succeeded in business in America is no guaranty that he will succeed here, so different are the methods of carrying on trade in the far East. One good man with business experience in the Orient is a necessity from the first. It would be well, indeed, if the house were connected with an American business already established in the far East. It need not cut into the trade of those engaged in importing from America, but might assist them and encourage others by facilitating shipping, easing terms of purchase, and offering the usual wholesale inducements at this end of the line. Such a house should be able to control to its own benefit, to the advantage of the producers, and to the advantage of the local purchasers as well, all the electrical supplies of this market.

The electrical development of the city of Bangkok during the last ten years has been wonderful. The Siam Electricity company, limited, has a capital of £150,000, plus 200,000 ticals ($100,000); it has 17,000 lamps installed at sixteen candle power; a tramway track of seven and a half miles in operation, and a track of three and a half miles under construction, which will be in opertion before the end of this year; it has twenty-six cars in use and fourteen under construction; it is advertising and supplying electric power for various industries throughout the city, and is now considering a line of automobiles to be run in connection with its tram line. Besides this company, there is being pushed a request for another concession on the other side of the river, and there are twenty-six private plants in the various mills, forts, dock companies and the navy yard of the city. The United States has almost the entire market in this line now, and, with interested and intelligent management, this trade should be greatly increased.

Such a house should be able to handle the entire import of American flour. This now amounts to anywhere between 125,000 and 175,000 sacks per year, and the demand is constantly increasing. And there is no reason why the large interests in tinned goods should not, if wisely handled, result to the greater benefit of both producers at home and traders in this market.

By handling clocks, bicycles, sewing machines, lamps and other lines of sure-selling articles, through consignments or through guaranteed orders, such a house could benefit the trade and the large and small purchaser here as well.

The import of cotton and piece goods alone in this port amounts to $3,500,000 Mexican (about $1,600,000 gold) a year, of which scarcely a dollar's worth comes from America. Yet the only barriers to these goods between Bangkok and America are the present rate of freight and our demands for cash payments, the removal of either of which would open the market. Why should not such a house, by facilitating shipping and by large imports, open up a splendid trade for the American producer in this line of goods? And this is a trade that must constantly increase as the years go by, for to produce these goods, in a country where the raw material, the machinery, the labor and the fuel must be imported is out of the question.

Here is a great city of 1,000,000 souls, whose only water supply is that of the rain from the heavens during the seven months of the wet season and of the foul and brackish waters of the rivers and the canals during the five months of the dry season; a city which, because of this, loses its citizens by thousands every year from the scourge of Asiatic cholera. The one escape from this scourge is a public water supply, which the increasing intelligence and progress of Siam must provide.

Here is a great flat city, whose level in no spot throughout its area of thirty or forty square miles rises thirty-six inches above high-water mark. During the high tides of October and November all its natural levels are submerged. It has absolutely no system of sewerage, the construction of which would involve questions of scientific engineering of no mean quality. Yet these problems must be met and solved within the next decade.

Siam is, with few exceptions, a great alluvial plain extending hundreds of miles to the north. This plain is capable of being made the richest rice garden of the world. As yet the soil has been scratched in but the crudest way and in but few and limited areas; yet its abundant harvests feed the millions of Siam's people and supply an export of between $2,000,000 and $3,000,000 worth every year. The very little that has been done to turn the jungle into productive fields has returned rich rewards in improved harvests, improved revenues, and improved homes; yet this great uncultivated plain lies ready to respond to the simplest processes of irrigation, with returns that will make Siam one of the richest of agricultural countries. Those competent to speak say there is nothing like its promise as a rice-producing country in the world; its area is vast, its soil is rich, and the quality of its rice stands first in the European markets. The problem of irrigation is one of the simplest and will soon receive attention.

The highways of this country are its canals, which intersect this vast plain in every direction. These, through years of neglect, have become choked. With the dredging of these old canals and the opening up of new ones, Siam's increasing harvests and improved industries must find cheap transportation to the sea; and here is another problem that awaits solution.

The great mud flat at the mouth of the river, known as the bar, stretches away for miles, effectually blocking this splendid harbor against all shipping for a good part of the time, and against a good part of the shipping at all times—a hindrance to commerce, an expense to the trade, and an unmitigated nuisance that finds no excuse for its existence, but the considerable outlay that would be required to remove it. This will not be endured much longer by an intelligent people.

Siam's railroads are but in their infancy, yet the little state has already spent the handsome sum of $16,200,000 Mexican (about $7,800,000), and her railroad program extends well into the future.

She has a snug little navy, of which she is justly proud, and this, with her army of 10,000 soldiers furnished with the most modern quipment, calls for constant supplis.

These are some of the plans and problems that confront this people for solution now; of the development of the mines and forests and the abundant agricultural resources let the future speak. For a house competent to enter into this field, there is probably no better business outlook in the world.

GOV. TAFT ON TARIFF

Washington, Feb. 7.—The senate committee on Philippines today continued its consideration of the tariff bill for the islands, Governor Taft still being on the stand.

In response to a suggestion from Senator Culbranson, Governor Taft said he did not think the bill providing a tariff between the United States and the Philippines should be temporary as is the case with reference to the Porto Rican bill. Speaking of the new revenue bill passed by the Philippine commission, he said that so far the effect is conjectural, but it was hoped that the amount under the impetus it would give to trade, would soon equal the returns secured under the old law, which was $9,000,000 or $10,000,000. Governor Taft explained the contracts which have been let for harbor improvements, involving an expenditure of $3,000,000 and said that contracts had also been let for the construction of twenty launches or small seagoing boats for the transportation of mail of provincial officers. The cost would be about $1,000,000.

Governor Taft asked for power to pass general corporation laws. Most of the enterprises there now he said, are controlled by English capital.

Mr. Dulois wanted to know if it would not be advantageous to build and control railways, telegraphs, etc.?

"That is a question of general economic condition, which the commission wishes to avoid," replied Governor Taft.

Reverting to the subject of corporations, Governor Taft thought it would be wise for congress to give to the commission some discretionary power in the matter of building of railroads.

STUDENTS RETURN.

Golden, Col., Feb. 7.—Students of the State School of Mines returned to their class room today after being on strike for over a week and studies were resumed. The trustees of the school will investigate the incident which caused the troubles and both the students and faculty have agreed to abide by the decision of the trustees.

Articles of Incorporation OF Panton & White COMPANY.

Know all men by these presents, that we, the undersigned, whose names are hereto subscribed, do hereby associate ourselves together and agree to be and become a corporation under and by virtue of Title 2 Of Chapter 34 of the General Statutes of 1894 of the state of Minnesota, and all acts amendatory thereof and supplementary thereto, and to that end and for that purpose we, the undersigned, do hereby agree to, adopt and sign the following articles of incorporation, that is to say:

ARTICLE I.

The name of the corporation shall be Panton & White Company.

The general nature of the business of the corporation shall be manufacturing, buying, purchasing, or otherwise acquiring, holding, owning, mortgaging, pledging, selling, exchanging, assigning, transferring, or otherwise disposing of, and dealing, investing and trading in, goods, wares and merchandise of every class and description and carrying on and conducting a general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

The corporation shall have power to buy, purchase, lease, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell and convey, mortgage, pledge, lease, demise, or otherwise dispose of, all such real estate as the board of directors of the corporation shall deem necessary or convenient for the purpose of conducting and carrying on its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business.

If deemed necessary or convenient by the board of directors of the corporation for the purpose of carrying on and conducting its general mercantile, jobbing and merchandising business, the corporation shall have power to buy, purchase, or otherwise acquire, hold, own, sell, assign, transfer, mortgage, pledge, or otherwise dispose of, shares of the capital stock, bonds, debentures, negotiable paper or other evidences of indebtedness created or issued by any corporation or corporations, and while the holder of any such stock to exercise all the rights and privileges of ownership, including the right to vote thereon, to the same extent as a natural person might or could do.

In furtherance and not in limitation of the general powers conferred by the laws of the state of Minnesota, and of the objects and purposes as hereinbefore stated, it is hereby expressly provided that the corporation shall also have the following powers, that is to say:

To do any and all the things herein set forth as objects, purposes, powers, or otherwise, to the same extent and as fully as a natural person might or could do, and in any part of the world, as principal, agent, contractor, trustee or otherwise.

The principal place of transacting the business of the corporation shall be in the city of Duluth, in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of the corporation shall be the first day of February, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of the corporation shall be two hundred and fifty thousand (250,000) dollars and the same shall be paid in such manner and amounts and at such times and upon such conditions as shall be prescribed by the board of directors of the corporation.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which the corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of one hundred and twenty-five thousand (125,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming the corporation are as follows, to-wit:

John Panton, Duluth, Minnesota.
William White, Duluth, Minnesota.
Joseph B. Cotton, Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The government of the corporation and the management of its affairs shall be vested in a board of five (5) directors, who shall be stockholders of the corporation and a majority of whom shall be residents of the state of Minnesota.

The members of the board of directors shall be elected at the annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation, or at any adjournment thereof, for the term of one year and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The first board of directors of the corporation shall consist of John Panton, William White, Joseph B. Cotton, Nels N. Ole and Edward A. DeWitt, all of Duluth, Minnesota, and they shall hold office until the first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation as provided for in this article and until their successors are elected and qualified.

The first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation shall be held at its office in the city of Duluth, Minnesota, on February 12th, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock in the forenoon thereof.

Thereafter, the annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation shall be held at its office in Duluth, Minnesota, on the second Thursday after the first Monday in February in each year at the hour of ten o'clock in the forenoon.

The board of directors shall hold its first meeting for the year immediately after the annual stockholders' meeting, or immediately after the election of the directors at such annual meeting or any adjournment thereof. At such first meeting, the board of directors shall elect from its own number a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer who shall constitute the officers of the corporation and shall hold office for one year and until their successors have been elected and qualified. Any two of said offices may be held by the same person.

Any vacancy in the board of directors or in any of said offices shall be filled by the board of directors for the unexpired term.

All other officers, agents and factors of the corporation shall be appointed in such manner and shall hold their offices for such terms as the board of directors may by resolution prescribe.

Until the first election of officers by the board of directors immediately following the first annual meeting of the stockholders of the corporation to be held in February, 1902, the officers of the corporation shall be as follows, to-wit:

John Panton shall be the president; William White shall be the vice president, and the treasurer; and Nels N. Ole shall be the secretary.

ARTICLE VII.

The number of shares of the capital stock of the corporation shall be two thousand five hundred (2500), and the par value of each share shall be the sum of one hundred (100) dollars.

ARTICLE VIII.

The capital stock of the corporation shall be assignable and transferable upon the books of the corporation in accordance with its by-laws and not otherwise, and no stock issued to any stockholder shall be sold or transferred, or shall be assignable, until the corporation has first been given an opportunity to purchase the same, or have it purchased by such person or persons as its board of directors may approve or designate, in such manner and upon such terms as are prescribed by this article and by the by-laws.

The corporation shall have the right to purchase any of its capital stock which may be offered to it by any stockholder, and, if it does not desire to purchase the same, it shall have the right to require such stock to be sold to such person or persons as the board of directors may approve or designate.

The corporation shall also have the right to require any stockholder owning not to exceed fifty (50) shares of said stock to sell any or all of his stock to the corporation or to such person or persons as the board of directors may approve or designate. In either or any case, the price to be paid for any such stock, so to be purchased by the corporation, or required by it to be sold, shall be such price and value for the same as shall have been established by the stockholders of the corporation for the then current year pursuant to the by-laws at the last annual meeting of the stockholders before said stock is offered for sale or is required to be sold, unless the price and value so fixed at said annual meeting of the stockholders shall be less than par, in which event the price to be paid for said stock upon said sale, whether sold to the corporation or otherwise, shall be at least the par value thereof.

All stock of the corporation purchased by it pursuant to the provisions of this article or the by-laws may be sold by the board of directors to such person or persons as the board shall deem likely to add to the stability of the corporation, at such price not less than par as the board shall deem for the best interests of the corporation and all and every its stockholders.

The provisions of this article and a reference to all provisions of the by-laws wise of the corporation which refer to the purchase, sale and transfer of stock shall be printed upon the back and be a part of all certificates of stock issued by the corporation, and no stock of the corporation shall be issued or sold unless, as a part of the consideration therefor, the owner or purchaser thereof shall expressly assent in writing upon the stock certificate to this article and said provisions of the by-laws and shall also receipt in writing for such certificate upon the books of the corporation and in such receipt shall expressly assent to all the provisions and restrictions referred to in such certificate and made a part thereof as aforesaid.

In witness whereof, we, the undersigned, have hereunto set our hands and seals, in triplicate, at Duluth, Minnesota, this 31st day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two.

JOHN PANTON. (Seal.)
WILLIAM WHITE. (Seal.)
JOSEPH B. COTTON. (Seal.)

Signed, sealed and delivered in presence of:
M. Agnes Carroll,
Alice M. Bread.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF ST. LOUIS—SS.

On this 31st day of January, A. D. 1902, before me, a notary public within and for said county and state, personally appeared John Panton, William White and Joseph B. Cotton, to me known to be the persons described in and who executed the foregoing and within instrument and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

M. AGNES CARROLL,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minnesota.
(Notarial Seal. St. Louis County, Minn.)

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record Jan. 31, 1902, at 4 p. m. and was duly recorded in Book "S" of Misc. page 114.

A. LOFGREN,
Register of Deeds.
By THOS. CLARK,
Deputy.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, DEPARTMENT OF STATE.—

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 1st day of Feb. A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book B-3 of Incorporations on page 299.

P. E. HANSON,
Secretary of State.

DEFECTIVE PAGE INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

MILLINERY FOR SPRING

Pointers From Paris In Regard to the Pro-Easter Headwear.

Cabochons the Popular Ornaments For Spring Hats---Flowers and Foliage in Abundance For the Trimmings.

New York, Feb. 8.—The Paris letter of the Millinery Trade Review says: The coming season promises to be excessively rich in all kinds of trimming. Never were milliners better provided in this respect, never have I seen such a varied assortment or a greater number of novelties produced at the same time. On the other hand, so far as can be gathered at present, the spring shapes will not ... widely from those worn at present. The modifications contemplated are mostly such as the milliner herself can effect; in fact, more than ever the hat is becoming a milliner's construction, to be built up by her from foundation to finish.

There is, however, one entirely very decide inovation in shapes, but it is so very novel in its character, and differs so widely from all the rest, I almost hesitate to give it priority. This is a microscopic toque, no bigger than a small sized crown, the trimming of which will generally consist of a good-sized bow placed at the edge, so as to rest on the hair, some kind of fancy ornament (such as I shall describe later on), and a paradise tail or aigrette, more often than not sticking straight out at the side, or sweeping down behind the ear. What there is of the toque itself is composed of old lace, embroidery, or merely puffed tulle. Whether these shapes are destined to furnish a sucessful career remains to be proved. They are certainly becoming on small, slight women.

The new hats vary very much in breadth of brim, some being only of medium breadths, while others beat the record in this respect. The very widest brims are almost all turned up at the side, but less often vertically, as so many of the winter hats of this kind are. The tendency to raise the height of hats by turning them up in this way and trimming them somewhat higher, that I have notified you in previous letters, has received a check. The new models look and are lower.

More diversity exists in the medium-sized hats, and it is in these that the milliner is best able to exercise her personal initiative. Some have almost flat brims, and are placed almost horizontally on the head. As, for instance, a new Trianon shape, launched by Carlier, only bent slightly down, back and front. This is covered with mousseline de sole arranged in fluted pleats from the base of the crown to the edge of the brim. The former is quite low and has a folded band of black velvet at its base, above which is a wreath of pink muslin roses entirely encircling its edge. Others are worn tilted slightly up on the left side, but not turned up, some of the trimming (mostly flowers) being placed on this side of the brim, while an Amazon feather, fastened in front, sweeps off to the right, its tip curling over and underneath the edge of the brim midway between the front and the back. Others again tilt forward and backward, when a portion of the trimming is placed on the hair at the back or against the brim in front. Moreover, the Amazon hat, turned up on both sides, promises to be a favorite shape.

Tissue and fancy hats will hold a very important place in next year's millinery. This would not be altogether pleasant reading to those interested solely in the straw trade, were it not that fancy straw braids must be reckoned among the fashionable trimmings, and that this innovation applies chiefly to the very smartest class of hats, and leaves them masters of the field as regards the rest. Moreover, straw shapes will be used as a foundation for numbers of very dri hats, but incrusted, so to speak, in trimming. One or two examples will explain this best. A medium-sized hat, in dull green straw, intended to be worn off the face, has the low crown covered with violet leaves. Two rows of the same leaves are laid round the edge of the brim, and two are laid underneath. The rest of the under side of the brim is covered with closely clustered violets of the Parma color. Outside, resting on the left side of the brim, is a round bunch of the same flowers, balanced on the opposite side by one of white violets. Another hat of white chip, with a broad brim, turned up at the side, has the under side of this covered wth white Chantilly, showing a broad design. Pink rose petals are incrusted on that portion of the design representing the flowers, their hearts being picked out in small pearls and gold filigree. A white Chantilly scarf is knotted round the crown, its ends falling behind, and several large pink roses with their leaves rest on the brim.

But if the straw dealers think they have some reason to be dissatisfied, many others will profit under the new order of things.

There is a larger demand for millinery silks, velvet, mousseline de sole and tulles, for flowers, ribbons and feathers, for lace (especially Venise, Ireland, and black and white Chantilly), and for every description of fancy decoration—galloons, beadwork, embroidery incrusted in chenille, silk, spangles, pearls, on lace, silk net, even leather, and for application on straw.

An immense amount of work is put into some of the tulle shapes. One of the favorite methods is to run the material in tiny tucks standing up closely, one against the other, and then drawing the threads so as to gauge the tucks slightly and obtain the curved shape necessary to cover the crown and brim. Bands of thin taffetas tucked in a similar way, are used to trim hats in combination with some thiner material. For instance, the shape may be covered with tulle or mousseline de sole pleated flat, and have a wide band of tucked silk around the brim and top edge of a low crown. I have seen this carved out in pink chiffon and taffetas trimmed with white roses and pale green leaves. When tulle is arranged in ruffles, a narrow bordering of chenille narrow galloon of gold or silver filigree is added to the edge of each.

Silk worked with pearls, spangles, beads, etc., is sometimes used to line hats and toques covered with tulle, chiffon or lace. Hats, even of the largest size, are made of Venise or Ireland stretched down a wire frame, generally bound with black velvet ribbon. One such is simply trimmed with a large globular rosette of spring green ribbon, and underneath the turned up brim with a circular wreath of small pink pompon roses, interlaced by a bow of the velvet ribbon.

Many toques and small hats are covered entirely with small leaves and flowers. A pretty way is to make a foundation of leaves and to insert among them six bunches of flowers arranged symmetrically. When the flowers are of a certain size, each bunch is composed of three blooms tightly fastened so as to form a ball. Toques are covered in this way with roses, camelias or gardenias and their respective foliage, with ivy leaves and bunches of berries, violet leaves and clusters of their flowers, etc. The flowers provided for the spring are in their own colors and made of materials most likely to give the appearance of nature. And the leaves to mix with them of a fresh green, not bleached white, as they are now so much worn on the winter hats. Fancy foliage, however, is made of silver and gold tissue, generally arranged in narrow garlands, and mixed with pearls representing fruits and berries, and also of several layers of net cut the required shape, on which are sewn glit, silvered or pearl spangles.

These pearl spangles are a novelty, and is only one of the many uses to which pearl and pearls are put. The bunches or pearl cherries have been followed by bunches of pearl grapes, mounted either with green or fancy leaves. It is some time since pearls have been favored by milliners, and there is now a perfect craze for them.

Buckles have generally been giving place to cabochons, and now, instead of these being made of chaste metal or paste, they are composed of half pearls, jet or black spangles. The new cabochons are of very large size and often semi-spherical, or semi-egg shaped, sometimes round at the base or pointed at the top. There are also some new flat ornaments that are used for the same purpose as cabochons and buckles. Some are made of pearls only, stitched down on a circular piece of buckram. Others are made of velvet, laid on a stiff foundation, and embroidered with a gold or silver thread, or spangles with pearls laid on in a spiral. Many of these measure more than two inches across. Another novelty are the enameled inlaid plaques of metal, many of which are even larger. One of the favorite designs for such plaques is an ostrich feather, inlaid in gold or satin, on a black or very dark ground. They are generally used to set against the upturned brim of a broad-brimmed hat, and to fasten the end of an Amazon. The larger cabochons serve the same purpose, but I have seen hats, the edge draped with tulle, lace or soft satin fastened down, every three or four inches, by pearl or jet ornaments of this sort.

Not only will galloons be used, as well as velvet and ribbon for binding round the base of crowns, but also as a trimming, caught over the brim, and laid on tulle draperies. Some are woven of gold or silver only, others have pompadour or cashmere designs woven into the gold or silver ground. A pretty way of using these is to twist them round a tarsade of tulle. Inch-wide ribbon, in different colors, is put to the same purpose. A brown straw hat is decorated with a tarsade of dull green tulle, twisted round with blue velvet, a wire knot of blue velvet and a coronet of water-lily bows showing underneath.

Wired knots or Louis XV bows are again fashionable, but they are made of different materials, not only of velvet. Some of a strip of China silk with a wire sewn into the edges, and worked over in a running design with long leaf-shaped spangles, or with pompadour tinted chenille or floss silk. Others have a foundation of stiff white or black net entirely covered with gilt, burnished or pearl spangles.

The guipure lace frequently used for trimming portions of the design buttonholed over with gold thread; while thinner lace, such as Chantilly, is incrusted with medallions of painted muslin, or of a different kind of lace, and also, as we have seen, with flower petals. The leather decorations mentioned above are perforated in oraiesques and then embroidered and studded with beads imitating precious stones. A toque of turban shape draped round with a breadth of pale-chestnut colored tulle, tied at the back under the brims with ends hanging down, has a band of this leather placed across the front of the drapery. The leather is biege tinted worked with gold thread and net with turquoise beads.

It is unusual to find ostrich feathers figuring so prominently in a spring program. They are not only showing Amazons in all fashionable plain colors, as well as black and white, but in chameleon and glace effects, the first being a combination of two colors, and the second a color glace with white. Or again, the tip is white, and the rest a plain color, green, pink, brown and beige being those most favored. Milliners are also devising new ways of arranging Amazons. That of mounting them on the right so as to curl over the edge of the brim has been mentioned. Another way is to attach the feather under the upturned brim by a cabochon, and to allow the very curly tip to hang down over the left ear. A still more curious idea, which I noted at Carlier's, is to fasten the stem of a half Amazon to the back of a small hat worn tilted over the forehead. The hat so adorned was entirely made of rose leaves and flowers, the feather was green and it hung, its tips curling corkscrew fashion down the chignon. Something will also be done with wings and mounts of short couteaux, and still more with paradise tails and aigrette. Two kinds of aigrette divide favor between them, the upright and the stiff couteau aigrette jutting out sideways from a cabochon. Both sorts are sometimes dotted over with small spangles or pearls.

Among the gay and pleasure-loving in all our American cities, the weeks which intervene between the holiday season and Ash Wednesday (when begins, in certain of the Christian churches a recurrent period of penitence and religious devotion) are given up mainly to social enjoyment. Afternoon receptions, the most popular method of social entertainment, are of daily occurrence, and numerous in every notable residence district; and with every fashionable woman affairs of dress are then of extraordinary importance. It is at this juncture of the season particularly, and in the provision of headwear suited to the visiting toilette, that the best efforts of our milliners are always exerted—that for the drawing room being expected to be an advance in elegance upon what is usually devised for the dress affected at the horse show and seen at places of evening amusement. Always in Gotham charming, the millinery for wear at afternoon receptions was never more delightfully attractive than it is this season. Sumptuous in the materials which enter into it, it is to the last feature artistic in conception and finish, and is delicate while very rich.

MAGNIFICENT VELVET GOWN.



Velvet gowns were never so attractive as this year, for they are now enriched by insets of costly lace, and over this are applied cut-work of the velvet. This model of gray green velvet has a cut design over honiton lace, as shown. The muff and neckpiece are of accordeon plaited black chiffon and black fox fur. From Lord & Taylor.

PAQUIN MODEL SPRING COAT.



Gray taffeta coat made entirely of graduated widths of circular flounces, each piped with black and white silk. Yoke and flare collar embroidered in black silk.

HER PRETTIEST EVENING COSTUME.



This dainty gown is made of corn-colored dotted net over Taffeta of the same color. It is trimmed with white lace and insertions. The girdle and knot on the left shoulder are of turquoise blue panne velvet.

DUN'S REVIEW

Interruption to Traffic the Only Unfavorable Feature In Trade.

New York, Feb. 8.—R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade tomorrow will say: Interruption to railway traffic and outdoor work by severe storms was the only unfavorable factor in the business situation during the past week while manufacturing activity increased and distribution through detail channels was undiminished. Reports from the West are encouraging, but a few Southern points are slow to exhibit improvement. Railway earnings continue their monotonous record of increase, for January gaining 7.2 per cent over last year and 24.2 per cent over 1900. The fourth week's earnings were somewhat reduced by bad weather.

Famine conditions exist in the market for pig iron. It is doubtful whether there was ever a time in the history of the nation when this metal was so scarce. Considering the fact that production during 1901 was far beyond all previous records, the present shortage gives undisputable evidence of the unprecedented rate at which the mills have been consuming. Controlling interests depreciate all tendencies to inflate prices, recognizing the fact that the continued heavy consumption is dependent upon quotations held at reasonable point. Nevertheless if deliveries are wanted before July 1, it is of necessary to pay a premium and consumers have been compelled in some instances to place orders obroad. Efforts are being made to repurchase iron sent abroad last year; since that may evade the duty. German billets are still arriving but the market abroad is advancing. Structural material supplies are utterly inadequate and the action of the Chicago council repealing the ordinance limiting the height of buildings has placed many new contracts on the market. Railways are so urgent for supplies that an order for rails may go abroad. In the light of these reports it is not surprising that experts of iron and steel fall off and foreign contracts receive scant attention.

Activity is general at shoe shops, particularly at the West and New England factories are shipping at the rate of 9 per cent more than last year. No concessions are made from the recent advance, but there are still buyers who prefer to accept a poor quality at old prices.

Moderate supplies continue the best feature as to cotton goods and there is no pressure to sell. Print cloths have increased slightly. Exporters are bidding for coarse colored cottons, but in these, as in most grades, buyers and sellers are far apart in their views of the right price. The situation appears to favor holders.

Compared with the erratic course of the cereals during the preceding month or two produce markets have been quiet. Dullness and lack of special influences were not productive of weakness, however, former quotations being stubbornly maintained. In the case of corn there are many expressions of faith in lower prices without aggressive speculation on the short side. There was no support in Atlantic exports of 122,963 bushels, compared with 3,973,462 a year ago. Heavy storms curtailed the interior movement to 1,392,689 bushels, against 5,016,586 last year. Exporters of wheat evince a disposition to wait for easier terms, but shipments of old orders were 4,729,750 bushels against 4,320,961 a year ago. Among the other staples, cotton received a little support, notwithstanding liberal port receipts.

Final returns of commercial failures during January axhibit an exceptionally large number of insolvencies and also an unusual amount of defaulted liabilities. In manufacturing lines there were 264 failures, involving $6,308,948 an increase of $1,607,964 over the liabilities last year. Defaulting traders numbered 1120 with liabilities of $7,116,972 an increase of 172 in number and $1,805,168 in amount.

Miscellaneous failures were 50 in number and $886,581 in liabilities, exceeding January, 1901, by 10 in number, but showing a decrease of $321,442 in defaulted liabilities.

Annual Excursion South—

VIA NORTHWESTERN LINE.

Account Mardi Gras being held at New Orleans and Mobile, the North-Western line will have on sale round-trip tickets to these points at greatly reduced rates Feb. 3 to 9 inclusive, good to return on or before Feb. 15, with the privilege of having return limits extended until Feb. 28. Full information regarding rates, limits of tickets, stop-over privileges, etc., cheerfully given. Be sure and see that your ticket reads via the popular North-Western line, leaving Duluth daily at 5 p. m.

Secure tickets and reservations at 405 West Superior street or Omaha depot.

UNRELIABLE

Is Testimony Given By Some of Training School Boys.

St. Paul, Feb. 8—The board of control will review Monady the testimony taken at the investigation of the alleged cruel treatment at the Red Wing training school. The testimony is now being transcribed from the notes of the stenographers. The members of the board will consider Monday whether it is necessary to hold a public investigation. It is not improbable that the board will drop the whole matter, both because of the nature of the testimony and the fact that the offenses are old. It is understood that the only charge of excessive whipping which has been substantiated is the one for which the Norths were discharged from the state's employment.

The complaints and evidence have been sifted very carefully by the board of control, and the stories of witnesses compared.

Many stories of cruelty have been told, but most of them related to cases that were reviewed by the old board which had charge of the school.

The members of the board of control have many doubts as to the character of the testimony given by the boys. One boy testified that he had been struck on the head by a butcher knife, and showed a scar. The identification book at the school shows that he had the scar when he arrived at the school. Another boy testified to mowing grass in the hot sun, at the time he ran away, and the snow, he said, was melting in the road along which he fled. It is possible some regulations for punishing the pupils will be laid down by the board.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

California Tours.

If you are contemplating a trip to California, call at the Great Northern Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel, for full information as to rates, routes, etc., also nicely illustrated literature regarding train service, pleasure resorts, hotel accommodations and many other things of interest to prospective travelers. Tourists tickets on sale daily. Direct connection at St. Paul with any line, with through tourist car to San Francisco and Los Angeles without change.

LETTER TO MOTHERS.

By Mrs. J. H. Haskins, of Chicago, Ill., President Chicago Arcade Club.

Comforting Words to Women Regarding Childbirth.

All who are at all familiar with social life at the southside of Chicago know well the Arcade Club, and will tell you that it is one of the largest and most influential clubs in Chicago. It can be readily understood, therefore, that such a prominent woman as the head of this club could have only one object in view in allowing her portrait and letter to be published in connection with any medicine, and that is, to do good to other suffering mothers. Well does Mrs. Haskins know that there are thousands of women who dread the period of childbirth; thousands who are prostrated nigh unto death at the birth of each child, and for months afterwards are weak and miserable, and almost courting death as a relief from suffering.

A capable mother must be a healthy mother. The experience of maternity should not be approached without careful physical preparation. Care and careful counsel is what the expectant and would-be mother needs, and this counsel she can secure without cost by writing to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass.

Thousands and thousands of women have been carried through this trying ordeal safely and comfortably by a faithful reliance upon **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and Mrs. Haskins generously loans us her name and portrait to help us to convince all skeptical women that health and happiness abounds in **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.**



MRS. J. H. HASKINS,
President Chicago Arcade Club, Chicago, Ill.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Mothers need not dread childbearing after they know the value of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.** While I loved children I dreaded the ordeal, for it left me weak and sick for months after, and at the time I thought death was a welcome relief; but before my last child was born a good neighbor advised me to try **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound,** and I used that, together with your Pills and Sanative Wash for four months before the child's birth;—it brought me wonderful relief. I hardly had an ache or pain, and when the child was ten days old I left my bed strong in health and happy in mind. Every spring and fall I now take a bottle of **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** and find it keeps me in continual excellent health; $2 or $3 a year keeps me well and strong."—MRS. J. H. HASKINS, 3248 Indiana Ave., Chicago, Ill.

"She is a Pinkham Baby."

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I cannot thank you enough for what you have done for me. I wrote you some time ago about not being able to go my full time during pregnancy. Now, after taking the treatment you advised, we have a dear little girl baby, the joy of our home. I tell my friends **she is a Pinkham baby,** for had it not been for **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** we never could have had her. My health is good, thanks to your medicine."—MRS. HARRY RUBY, Urbana, Iowa.

$5000 REWARD.—We have deposited with the National City Bank of Lynn, $5000, which will be paid to any person who can find that the above testimonial letters are not genuine, or were published before obtaining the writer's special permission. Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

Married Women

Every woman covets a shapely, pretty figure, and many of them deplore the loss of their girlish forms after marriage. The bearing of children is often destructive to the mother's shapeliness. All of this can be avoided, however, by the use of **Mother's Friend** before baby comes, as this great liniment always prepares the body for the strain upon it, and preserves the symmetry of her form. **Mother's Friend** overcomes all the danger of child-birth, and carries the expectant mother safely through this critical period without pain. It is woman's greatest blessing. Thousands gratefully tell of the benefit and relief derived from the use of this wonderful remedy. Sold by all druggists at $1.00 per bottle. Our little book, telling all about this liniment, will be sent free.

Mother's Friend

The Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

"The Strollers" at the Lyceum Next Friday and Saturday with Matinee.

Nixon & Zimmerman's Company of One Hundred People, Including Henshaw and Eddie Foy--"Hello Bill" Tonight.

Nixon & Zimmerman's merry company of 100 will be at the Lyceum next Friday and Saturday and Saturday afternoon, and present George W. Lederer's production of the new musical comedy, "The Strollers." A well known critic wrote of it as follows: "No amusement staged in a metropolitan theater during the heated term in years has made such a positive success. The play is bright and humorous in the extreme, the score is made up of very catchy airs, the scenery and costumes are superb, and in its general aspects the piece is one that forcibly appeals to those who find enjoyment in the lighter forms of musical diversion.

"The Strollers" is presented in a prologue and two acts. The scenes are laid in Germany. There is no pretension to plot in the story, which principally involves a comic interest, centered in August Lump, and his wife, Bertha, two tramps. They find a diamond necklace, belonging to Prince de Boomsky, who comes with Mimi, a dancer, to report his loss to the police judge after the arrest of Lump and Bertha, for having a thousand mark note in their possession. Lump and Bertha escape and incarcerate the Prince and Mimi in their cell.

The two acts following the prologue present the adventures of Lump and Bertha, posing as the prince and princess, and the efforts of the real prince to recover the lost necklace. All the incidents of the piece, from the start to the finish of the performance, are interspersed with clever specialties and very attractive musical conceits.

This company comprises 100 persons, with a chorus said to be excellent in appearance and splendidly voiced. Among the principals are such favorites as J. Henshaw, Eddie Foy, Marie George and D. L. Don. Among the musical numbers that have become popular are, "Strollers We and Our Life is Free," "Little Daffy Pipe Dream," "Flirtation Song," "Automobile Chorus," "I'm Tired," "Baby Mine," "It's Different When the Orchestra Plays," and "Loretta." Scenically the production is quoted as being one of generous array, each set being a stage picture of rare beauty, while the costuming shows an unusually beautiful blending of colors in prettiest of designs.

"HELO, BILL.

"Hello, Bill," will be at the Lyceum this evening. It is claimed to be a bright and clean comedy and one that pleases. The cast presenting consists of Messrs. Charles P. Morrison, Warren Ashley, Francis Gordon, Hugo Goldsmith, O. Kane Hillis, John G. Edwards, Robert Watt, Misses Henrietta Lee, Eleanor Lawson, Justine Wayne, Carolyn Allen and Mario Kirby.



MARIE GEORGE,
Leading Soubrette With "The Strollers."

GOSSIP OF THE RIALTO.

"The Right of Way" Is to Be Dramatized.

New York, Feb. 8.—Gilbert Parker, the novelist, undismayed by the fate which overtook the dramatic version of his books, has intrusted the presentation on the stage of "The Right of Way" to Manager Charles Frohman. The contract was signed the night before Mr. Parker sailed for home. He will be his own dramatist this time, having satisfied himself that this is the only way he can achieve the result he desires. No time has been set for the new production, but it will probably not be ready until late in the year. Speaking of "The Right of Way," Mr. Parker said to me the other day: "You Americans have very keen noses for news. I never realized this until recently on a trip from Washington to New York, when I opened a newspaper and found a whole page full of pictures and a story that I had been to Pennsylvania to visit the heroine of my last novel. Right alongside of my picture was one of the young lady whom Mrs. Parker and I had met at Oberammergau some time ago. We met her again on the steamer on which we came to this country this time, and that is really quite as far as our acquaintance went. Long before I met her "The Right of Way" had been written and was in the hands of my publishers. They gave it to an artist whom I have never met, for illustration, and by a curious chance he made the heroine of the book closely resemble in face this young lady. I called her attention to the fact, and from this somehow grew the story that she was the real heroine."

• • •

There is a little, a very little, dramatic editor on one of the New York newspapers who is the cherub that sits up aloft and watches over the destines of the ladies of the chorus, impartially and enthusiastically. He writes dramatic criticisms usually with a youthful vigor and a refreshing difference from the judgments of the older critics. Recently his soul has been much disturbed by the fact that Mrs. Patrick Campbell, through her manager, has held the public up for $3 a seat. As the champion of the oppressed public he has penned defiance at the English actress, while the unsympathizing public has apparently cheerfully given up its money. In this connection it is interesting to read this doughty youth's view of Mrs. Campbell as thus expressed:

"It is now high time for Mrs. Campbell to realize that she is fast turning herself into a laughing stock. Big actors and actresses who know their America don't indulge in these tactics nowadays. Some one of Mrs. Pat's' American friends ought to break it to her kindly, that the advertising tactics which she is now pursuing are only resorted to by comic opera stars, or the more resplendent members of the 'Floradora' sextette. Mrs. Campbell will have to prove herself a good deal bigger artist than she has yet before she succeeds in removing the fakey odor of that tanbark episide out of New York's nostrils."

It is good to know, however, that his life is not all gloom, for, having unburdened his soul as above, he writes this joyous paragraph:

"Here's good luck to Miss Pink Pajamas, whose engagement was announced yesterday. A prettier girl than Miss Pauline Chase has not decorated the stage, and in retirement from her fetching little pajamas into private life, where, like all other stage brides, she will seek the seclusion which matrimony grants all admirers of that blithe little play. 'The Liberty Belles,' will say sincerely, 'We mourn our loss.' Some other pretty girl may step into Miss Chase's shoes, but no one can acceptably fill her pink pajamas."

• • •

Mrs. Campbell had her own way again last week, and despite the protest of Manager George Tyler she presented her Maeterlinck's "Pelleas and Melisande" at two classical matinees. As Mrs. Campbell brought over no scenery for this production, it cost Tyler something over $2000 to stage, and this sum was barely made up from the profits of the box office. In addition, Mrs. Campbell cut out the Wednesday matinee, and consequently cut off Tyler's receipts to that extent. He gallantly let his star have her own way, and she enjoyed the afternoons "hugely," she said. The expression of Tyler's face when he refers to these performances would lead one to believe that the enjoyment was largely one-sided.

• • •

John Drew's return to New York in "The Second in Command" was marked by the appearance with him of his daughter Louise, who is achieving considerable success as a member of her father's company.

• • •

Between negro minstrels and French opera Oscar Hammerstein is having the time of his life just at present. He first signed contracts with Primrose & Dockstader, whereby they will follow Otis Skinner at the Victoria theater. He has now engaged the New Orleans Opera company for a season of several weeks in opera bouffe, to begin at the Victoria on March 21. Incidentally he has frequently run over to Philadelphia to complete the arrangements for a new theater in that city.

• • •

Some one recommended horseback riding to Charles Hawtrey, the English actor, and with some misgivings he started out the other morning on a lively hack guaranteed to be sound and kind. Hawtrey is no adept at riding, but his friends were surprised to see him return alone and on foot, walking slowly from the L station nearest to the Lambs' club. "I didn't thoroughly enjoy myself," he admitted, "but the horse evidently did. If I had stayed on his back much longer the beast would have died laughing at me."

• • •

John E. Kellard is by no means satisfied with the verdict pronounced upon "The Cipher Code," which had a brief and a disastrous career at the Fourteenth street theater early in the season. He is making arrangements to secure a Broadway theater in which to give a special matinee of the play, and he says that when it was produced before there were several other first-night openings, so that he, being on a side street down town, was not subjected to the intelligent criticism which goes with Broadway productions.

• • •

Kyrle Bellew was an especially invited guest on the schoolship St. Mary's last week. His visit was in response to the enthusiastic demand of the boys who had been his guests at the special performance of "A Gentleman of France."

• • •

De Wolff Hopper introduced a "Hoity-Toity" cocktail to some congenial spirits in a Broadway restaurant the other night. Under his direction the waiter brought what seemed to be a bowl of sliced oranges, with toothpicks inserted in each slice. The guests helped themselves at first suspiciously, and then delightedly and one and all demanded to know of what it was made. "Oh, it's easy," said Hopper. "Just slice an orange, slice it with powdered sugar, put in a wine glassful of Mariachino, then eat and thank God you are alive."

• • •

Manager Eugene Sweetland, of the Cargenie Lyceum, announces that the children's theater will give a series of performances beginning early this month. The dramatic versions of child's stories by famous authors will be presented. There will be prominent child's parts throughout the entire series of plays, and a number of talented children have already been engaged. However, the parts for grown persons will predominate, as the object of the theater is to entertain mothers and the lovers of stories for children quite as much as the children themselves.

• • •

Little Ida Mulle has made her appearance in this city in a monologue which once belonged to Minnie Dupre, called "Cinderella at the Phone." She has given up comic opera to take special engagements in and near New York that she might devote her time of the stage to her widowed mother, who lives in Mt. Vernon.

• • •

Charles Frohman has succeeded in securing from Arthur Wing Pinero a contract to write an original play for production in this country. With it is the rights for America of "Iris" and the play upon which Pinero is now working.

• • •

E. W. Townsend is working upon a dramatization of "The Daughter of the Tenement," which is to be produced as soon as it is ready. Another newspaper man, Vance Thompson, has had a play accepted by David Belasco.

• • •

Under the management of Robert B. Monroe and Alan Gray, "A Gibson Widow," the new farce comedy founded on Charles Dana Gibson's series of humorous sketches, "The Widow and Her Friends" will be given an early production.

• • •

The story journeys from Canada that when Dan Daly made his first appearance before a Canadian audience in "The New Yorkers" a Toronto critic thus saluted him: "I can readily undirstand why this American comic with his grave methods struck the popular fancy of the English audiences during his engagement in London with 'The Belle of New York.' This entertainer is so dry that if a hole were bored into him with a gimlet one would be surprised if sawdust did not come out."

• • •

Blanche Bates as Cigarette returned to town on Monday in "Under Two Flags." Mr. Frohman has bade a colossal production of this play at the Academmy, and all the big startling and effective scenes that aroused enthusiasm at the Garden theater are given with far more elaborateness. Burr McIntosh stopped taking photographs to appear with her during the stay here.

• • •

The celebration of the tenth anniversary of the Empire theater has made Charles Frohman reminiscent. "I have had ten years of great prosperity at this theater," he said, the other day, "both artistically and financially. The Empire has had in all this time only two absolute failures. It is my personal headquarters and home all these years, although my business covers five theaters in London and various theaters in this city and throughout the country. Yet it is the Empire alone that I consider my theater. It was during Miss Maude Adam's performance at the Empire that I first decided to star her, and it was there she first appeared in "The Little Minister." At this theater John Drew made some of his greatest triumphs, and William Faversham, Viola Allen, and Henry Miller first become New York favorites."

• • •

Incidentally, there is a rumor that seems to be well-founded that Edna Wallace Hopper has decided not to be her own manager in the fall, but to entrust her fortunes to Charles Frohman. It was under his management that she first became known here as the little soubrette in "The Girl I Left Behind Me." It is rumored also that by the terms of her contract Frohman will keep her in musical work.

• • •

Oscar Dane, who until recently played the leading part in "Are You a Mason," will soon make his debut in vaudeville here. His act will include imitations of Richard Mansfield, Joseph Jefferson, Henry Miller, E. R. Sothern, Stewart Robson and Nat Goodwin.

• • •

Many of his friends wondered why Robert Hilliard took such a lively interest in the late election, even to the extent of invading the district of his friend, Senator Tim Sullivan, and winning the hearts of the Bowery audience. At last the secret is out. Hilliard will know the footlights no longer, never again, he swears, under any circumstances, or for the most princely salary ever offered, will he be tempted to put on his makeup and take the center of the stage. He is going into business, just where he left it off fourteen years ago. And he feels confident that there success will be his in a more steady, if not so brilliant a fashion as it has been recently.

• • •

Lawrence Marsden has been engaged as stage director for the American Theater Stock company. He formerly held that post for Jacob Litt and for him put on "The Price of Peace." This season he has been general director for Liebler & Co. He also dramatized and staged "The Helmet of Navarre" for Charles Dawton. For his wife, the late Lillian Lewis, he wrote a version of "Cleopatra," "Lady Lil" and "As In a Looking Glass."

• • •

The rumors that Ada Rhehan was left in financial straits owing to the sudden death of Augustin Daly, which have been persistently carted about since the famous manager passed away, was put to the blush, let us hope for all time, in New York the other day when Miss Rhehan disposed of a piece of property in the metropolis to John D. Crimmins for $30,000. The ground originally cost the actress about $9802, and is but a part of her real estate holdings in and around New York. With that snug sum in bank Miss Rehan can doubtless worry along, eating regularly for some time without fear of becoming a bankrupt.

• • •

One of the New York papers had the good sense to treat the tanbark advertising dodge used by Mrs. Patrick Campbell's press agent as a joke, and suggested that David Belasco follow suit by spreading Brussels carpet in front of the Criterion theater, while Weber & Fields were advised to spread sawdust in front of their Music hall.

• • •

The starring tour of William Humphrey in "More Than Queen" has closed after an engagement of a few brief weeks in New England. Although this play was one of the most gorgeous productions ever known and told a fairly interesting story, it has never been a pronounced success, even with Miss Jula Arthur in the title role.

• • •

Manager John R. Sterling, of Buffalo, who has so successfully looked after the starring tours of Rose Melville in "Sis Hopkins," has a new star for next season in Alma Droege, a German comedienne, who will be sent out in a musical piece that is being written.

• • •

The inevitable has happened, and, though not yet announced by the manager it is a fact that Charles Frohman has secured a dramatization of "Tom Sawyer." The play has been made from Mr. Clemens' book by Paul Kester, the American dramatist, who wrote "Mlle. Mars," which Mrs. Langtry produced at the Imperial theater, London, last Saturday. But though it seemed unreasonable to hope that the enterprising, is sometimes misguided marker-over of books, could much longer resist the possibilities of Mark Twain, it was not anticipated that the onslaught would come in such a rush as proves to be the case. For with the news regarding the "Tom Sawyer" play comes the information that its sequel, "Huckleberry Finn," has been again dramatized—this time by Jerome Sykes—and a version of "A Connecticut Yankee at King Arthur's Court" has been prepared for Dan Daly.

• • •

Delia Fox resumed her stage work in the star role of a lively comedy called "The Little Mam'selle" last week at Patterson, N. J. The piece is said to be a very entertaining comedy in three acts, depending upon the complications arising from the mischievous behavior of the Little Mam'selle in a Jersey village. Miss Fox plays a duel role, that of the French girl and a dashing young boy.

• • •

The announcement of Richard Mansfield that he will produce a play founded on Tolstoi's powerful story "Ivan the Terrible," has been received with interest in theatrical circles. It will be Mr. Mansfield's first attempt at Russian character work since his play, "Rodion, the Student," which was a powerful drama, though it never caught the public fancy to any extent.

• • •

The announcement that De Wolfe Hopper will leave Weber & Fields to resume his starring tour next season again confirms the rumor that Pete Dailey is to go back to his old love. Mr. Hopper is to play "Pickwick," in a comic version of the famous Dickens stories, now being made for him by Charles Klein.

• • •

Annie Oakley, who for seventeen years has been a distinct feature of the famous Buffalo Bill Wild West, last week announced her retirement from that organization. Miss Oakley's retirement will be quite a loss to the show with which her lively skip across the fields and her shooting have been so generally enjoyed by thousands throughout the country, to whom she was as well known almost as Col. Cody himself.

• • •

The marriage of J. Fred Zimmerman the young Philadelphia manager, to his former prima donna in "Miss Bob White," Miss Ethel Jackson, took place in that city this week.

• • •

When "Florodora" turned its 500th performance in New York the other day the ladies received souvenirs in the shape of handsome stained glass atomizers. Souvenirs are all right, but we hope there was nothing pertinent in the distribution of atomizers.

• • •

When Otis Skinner's New York run at the Victoria comes to a close he will be followed by the Primrose and Dockstader minstrels. Lew Dockstader is a big favorite on Broadway, and the last time the minstrels ventured on that doubtful thoroughfare their business was surprisingly good.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

The Hanlon Troupe have gone to Lyons.

"Are You a Mason" has passed its 150th performance in London.

A new musical hall at Whitechapel will have standing room for 1000 people.

Edward Harrigan is to appear in a Philadelphia stock company's revivals of ten of his plays.

The Marquis of Anglesey has been wearing a $10,000 costume in an amateur production of "Aladdin."

Seven lions killed a keeper who had entered their cage at the Hagenbeck quarters, near Essen, Germany.

This is the first winter for fifty-three years that there has not been a pantomime at the Standard theater, London.

Marie Loftus has the assistance of no fewer than eight people in her new song, "The Shop Walk," by I. P. Harrington and George Le Brunn.

The betrothal is announced from Oberammergau of Anton Lang, of Christ of the Pasison Play, to one of the soprano soloists, Mathilde Rutz.

Barney Gilmore is said to have been offered by Joseph Murphy the sole acting rights to the latter's plays to star in them under Mr. Murphy's management.

Sarah Bernhardt's son, Maurice, has at last produced his melodrama, "Nini l'Assommeur," at the Porte St. Martin, Paris, and the city is convulsed with laughter over it.

Sir Henry Irving, as a tribute to the memory of President McKinley, had a floral wreath placed in the lobby of the Cleveland, O., Opera house during his engagement there last week.

As Manager Savage's new chorus for "Ki-Ram" is being selected under the personal direction of Librettist Georeg Ade, it will doubtless be an All-American aggregation of beauty.

Houdini has been booked solid for the next four years in Europe. He has just closed a three-months' engagement in Paris. Eight years Houdini slaved in American dime museums.

It is an historical fact that one of the original Hanlon brothers brought the first bicycle to America. The vehicle was not called a bicycle, but it was the ancester of the bicycle known then, or a little later, perhaps, as the "velocipede."

Clara Morris lectured on her stage career at the Studebaker Music hall last week before a large audience. The next day she read a smallpox "scare head" in one of the newspapers, and Col. Harriott had Chicago's health commissioner, Dr. Reynolds, vaccinate her.

A thousand Smith college girls saw James K. Hackett in "Don Caesar's Return," at Northampton, Mass., Saturday evening, and had him out for innumerable curtain calls and a speech. In the afternoon Mr. Hackett was their guest of honor at a reception given by the Smith girls.

Kellar broke all records at McVicker's last week, giving nine performances to the capacity of the house and putting in his spare time with a dentist. As Jim Bludsoe is not quite ready, "Lovers' Lane" went on for a fortnight last evening. The company is headed by Ernest Hastings and Millie James. Bludsoe is now announced for Feb. 18.

Coquelin the elder, the one whom American playgoers know and have aplauded, has at last been persuaded to appear in Berlin, and his acting has been warmly praised by the critics. He has hitherto taken the same stand as Bernhardt, and declines to go to Berlin from patriotic motives. He appeared at the Theater Royal, in the part of the lawyer Destournelles, in the old play, "Mademoiselle de Seignere," which is familiar in a translated form to Berlin playgoers. The engagement was for the balance of the week, and M. Coquelin received a great deal of social attention during his stay.

Mrs. Fiske began her annual engagement of four weeks last Monday, at the Grand Opera house in Chicago, appearing in "The Unwelcome Mrs. Hatch" and "A Bit of Old Chelsea." The opening was prefaced by an advance sale that was even larger than that which prefaced Mrs. Fiske's notable engagement at the same theater in "Becky Sharp." Last week Mrs. Fiske, on her way from New York to Chicago, appeared in Youngstown, Fort Wayne, South Bend and at the Pabst theater, Milwaukee, for three nights and a matinee. The house in Youngstown was the largest in point of receipts, with one exception, known in years. The business of Fort Wayne and Milwaukee was also very large. In the latter city, according to Manager Wachsner, Mrs. Fiske did the largest business recorded of a dramatic attraction there this season.

A MOST REMARKABLE CASE

MEDERINE

A GUARANTEE

BLOOD
—AND—
CATARRH
CURE

Rheumatism and Gout.

Chronic Rheumatism Cured.

SIOUX CITY, IA., May 8, 1900.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.,
West Superior, Wis.

GENTLEMEN: I have been a constant sufferer from Chronic Rheumatism for the past three years, necessitating the use of crutches most of the time to walk. I heard of MEDERINE and got my druggist to order a bottle. I took it according to directions. It helped me so much that I took four bottles more, with the result that I am entirely cured. God bless MEDERINE is my daily prayer. WARREN MOORE.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

Mardi Gras Carnival—$46.70.

NEW ORLEANS FEB. 3 TO FEB. 15. February 3 to Feb. 9, the Northern Pacific railway (Duluth Short Line) will sell tickets to Mobile, Ala., and return for $44.70, and to New Orleans, La., and return, account of above, for $46.70. Good returning until Feb. 15, or by payment of 50 cents return limit will be extended until Feb. 28. Four trains daily, including famous Lake Superior limited. For tickets and full information, call at city office, 332 West Superior street, or Union depot.

AMUSEMENTS.

Lyceum Theater

E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Friday and Saturday... Feb. 14 and 15.

SATURDAY MATINEE.

SPECIAL ENGAGEMENT Nixon and Zimmerman's Great Big Company of one hundred—In the foremost hit of the present season—Geo. W. Lederer's "Musical Drollery"—

THE "STROLLERS"

The New York Knickerbocker Theater production is entirely the strongest production of players in America, including—

JOHN HENSHAW, EDDIE FOY, MARIE GEORGE, D. L. DON, Josie DeWitt, Harry Fairleigh, Louise Lawton, Harry Stuart, Wilmer Bentley, and A BATALLION OF BEWITCHINGLY PRETTY GIRLS.

Superb Production—Costumes Superlatively Beautiful—Every Musical Number a Telling Hit.

PRICES—Night: Dress Circle, $2.00; Parquette, $1.50 and $1.00; Family Circle, 75c; Balcony, 50c. Matinee: Dress Circle, $1.50; Parquettee, $1.00 and 75c; Family Circle and Balcony, 50c.

LYCEUM THEATER

E. Z. Williams, Owner and Manager.

Saturday, February 8.

Just one big laugh for everybody. The funniest of all the funny shows.

Willis Maxwell Goodhue's Joyful Oddity

HELLO BILL

The Merriest! The Jolliest! And the laughiest ever.

Prices—Dress Circle $1.00; Parquet 75c; Family Circle and Balcony 50c.

Star Lecture Course

First M. E. Church, Duluth.

REV. THOMAS DIXON, Jr.
Of New York City.

Saturday Evening, Feb. 8.

LECTURE:

"Backbone."

Ticket and seat, 50 cents, at Chamberlain & Taylor's and at the Door.

SIXTH AVENUE THEATER.

J. J. Laundergan, Manager.

TONIGHT
Busby Bros.'
Grand Revival of
"TEN NIGHTS IN A BAR ROOM."

• Prices—Night, 10c, 20c, 30c and 50c. Matinee, 10c and 20c. Reserved Seats on sale at Smith & Smith's Drug Store and LeRicheux's Fourth Street Drug Store.

Women's Woes



are in a great measure due to lack of vitality of the liver and kidneys. During periodical sickness, change of life, pregnancy, and for all the ills which afflict womankind, the use of

McLean's Liver and Kidney Balm

will bring relief, and benefit every woman. It is unsurpassed in all troubles affecting the liver and kidneys; for Rheumatism, Lame Back, Lumbago, etc. Its efficacy has been proved for many years in thousands of homes. Better buy a bottle to-day, and have it in the house.

$1.00 at druggists. Made by

The J. H. McLEAN MEDICINE CO.

St. Louis, Mo.

HAD BACKACHE SIX YEARS

WAS NEVER FREE FROM PAIN DAY OR NIGHT

CURED BY "5-DROPS"



MR. ADELBERT RACE, 235 Elm Street, Holyoke, Mass., writes under date of Nov. 4, 1901, as follows: "I request you to publish my testimonal for '5-DROPS,' and what it has done for me, so that poor suffering humanity may not suffer what I have. For six years I was troubled with backache, never free from pain one minute night or day. I paid a New York doctor $120.00 for a year's treatment. I had Rheumatism from head to foot, and one limb from foot to body was numb all the time. I also had bladder trouble in its worst form. In round words, I was a 'used up man.' On the 25th of September, 1897, I began the use of '5-DROPS,' and from that day until the present writing the backache has not returned. The numbness in my limb gradually left as did the bladder trouble. In about six months I was free from the troubles entirely, and they have not returned to this time."

5 DROPS (TRADE MARK.)

THE ONLY CURE FOR RHEUMATISM

GIVES INSTANT RELIEF, EFFECTS A PERMANENT CURE

Swanson's "5-DROPS" is both an internal and external remedy, which acts quickly, safely and surely, never failing to cure either acute or chronic rheumatism. "5-DROPS" taken internally will dissolve the poisonous acid, remove it from the system and cleanse the blood of all impurities, thereby effecting a permanent cure. An application of "5-DROPS" to the afflicted parts will stop the rheumatic pains instantly, while the cause of the disease is being surely removed by its internal use.

DOCTORS SAID HE WOULD BE A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE. "5-DROPS" CURED HIM

FRED KING, Ithaca, N. Y., writes: "Your remedy, '5-DROPS' has done wonders for me. Today I can do as much work as any man of my age, and many younger can. I was almost confined to the house, and what little I did walk was with two canes. After taking '5-DROPS' for two months I could do my work. I had an attack of Sciatica, which lasted nearly two years at one time, and was drawn out of shape so that the doctor said I would be a cripple as long as I lived. But '5-DROPS' has done its work, and today I am on my feet. I have kept it in my house ever since I ordered the first bottle, and I have told many of my friends of it. If anyone wants to know what '5-DROPS' done for me let them write me and I will tell them what it has done."

"5-DROPS" CURES NEURALGIA, GRIP, COLDS, COUGHS

Gout, Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Liver and Kidney Troubles, Nervousness, Backache, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Croup, Nervous and Neuralgic Headache, Heart Weakness, Paralysis, Creeping Numbness, Sleeplessness and Blood Diseases.

COUPON
No. 212
Cut this out and send it with your name and address to Swanson Rheumatic Cure Co., Chicago, and you will be sent a bottle of "5-DROPS" free, postpaid.

5 DROPS (TRADE MARK)

FREE TO ALL A trial bottle will be mailed free of charge to every reader of this paper who is a sufferers from any of the above named diseases. Cut out the coupon and send to us with your name and address.

ALL BODILY ACHES AND PAINS DISAPPEAR AT ONCE WHEN "5-DROPS" IS USED

"5-DROPS" stops those awful backaches, removes instantly the inflammation caused by sprains or bruises, and quickly affords relief to those who are suffering from Nervous or Neuralgic Headaches. It is the greatest pain killer in the world. "5-DROPS" is a never failing cure for Kidney Troubles. It acts on the blood, purifying it and cleansing the kidneys of the impure matter which occasions those excruciating pains.

NOTICE. If any unprincipled dealer offers you a substitute for "5-DROPS" don't accept it. No other remedy will do its work. It contains no opiates in any form. No alcohol. No salicylates to ruin the stomach, or any drugs which only deaden the pain and never effect a cure. It is perfectly harmless and can be taken by a child as well as an adult. Most druggists are selling "5-DROPS." Any reliable druggist can easily secure it for you. If it is not obtainable in your locality order direct from us and we will send it prepaid on receipt of price, $1.00 per bottle.

LARGE SIZE BOTTLE "5-DROPS" (300 DOSES), $1.00. AT YOUR DRUGGISTS.

ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR THE "SWANSON PILL," A SURE CURE FOR CONSTIPATION, PRICE, 25c

SWANSON RHEUMATIC CURE CO., 160-164 LAKE ST., CHICAGO.

WITH THE TROTTERS

History of American Trotting Horse Comprised in the Present Century.

Previously It Was Thought a Horse Could Not Trot a Mile in Three Minutes--Sports in General.

The history of the American trotting horse is all comprised in the present century, the first recorded performance of a trotter being the mile done in 2:59 at Harlem, N. Y., in June, 1806. Up to that time it had been considered impossible for any horse to trot the distance in three minutes, and the skeptics at once had the Harlem course measured and found that it was a trifle short.

It was not until 1810 that an unquestioned performance better than three minutes was put in the books. At Philadelphia in August of that year a chestnut gelding known as "the Boston horse" trotted in 2:48½, and this actually stood as the fastest mile for practically a quarter of a century, as it was not until 1834 that Sally Miller did the distance in 2:37. But the failure to reduce the mile mark was not due to lack of increased speed in trotters. There were plenty of them able to step in 2:40 or better, but nearly all the trotting in those days was done to saddle and at distances from two to four miles. In 1829 the famous Topgallant, unquestioned champion of those days, trotted three miles to sulky in 8:11, a 2:44 clip, and the previous season Screwdriver, under saddle, had gone the route in 8:02.

The 2:30 trot did not seem a possibility until 1834, when the gelding Edwin Forrest showed 2:31½ under saddle. It was a rate of speed never before seen, and the enthusiasts began predicting that he would beat 2:30, but he never did it, and it was not until eleven years later that 2:30 was left behind, and then by the great old gray mare Lady Suffolk, that had already been trotting two and three-mile races for half a dozen years. But she had gone a mile under saddle in 2:26, so that her harness mile in 2:29½ was not the surprise that it otherwise would have been. The gray mare held the championship four years, until, in 1849, Pelham, a bay gelding of unknown ancestry, placed 2:28 to his credit. Then the 2:30-or-better trotters began to increase in numbers.

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In 1853 both Tacony and Highland Maid trotted in 2:27, but 1859 was the red-letter season of the trotting turf, for in that memorable year the record was three times reduced—first by the stallion George M. Patchen to 2:26¾, then by Bown Dick to 2:25¾, and finally by the little bobtail mare, Flora Temple, to 2:19¾, she being the first trotter to beat 2:20; and as showing how much she outclassed all the other harness horses of her day, it may be said her record stood absolutely unchallenged for eight years, and it was not until Dexter came along in 1867 with a mile in 2:17¼ over the Buffalo track that it was equaled.

Dexter was a champion that the people loved. A medium-sized brown gelding with four white feet and a white face, he was the embodiment of speed and energy. Given his preliminary lessons by Hiram Woodruff, who stood head and shoulders above all other drivers of trotters at that time, Dexter was turned over to Budd Doble, then a mere boy, because the old man would not leave his beloved Long Island and make a tour of the West with the great trotter. Dexter had a wicked temper and a determined way of going at his racing that discouraged his opponents, and before he set the world's record at 2:17¼ he had trotted well under saddle and to wagon, and had won races at two and three miles, showing that the champions of those days were not favored in the matter of training and racing as are the present generation of fast horses. Dexter was the first trotter to be sold for a big price, Robert Bonner, then just making a success of his New York Ledger, paying $35,000 for the horse and retiring him when he was certain that he had speed left. Mr. Bonner drove Dexter on the road more or less, but he was not a pleasant horse in that capacity.

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It was two years after Dexter retired with the king's crown that Goldsmith Maid, who was to succed him as the world's fastest trotter, succeeded in beating 2:20. This mile was done in 2:19½, but although Dexter's old driver, Doble, had the mare in charge, the championship looked far away. She kept pegging away, however, trotting two days later Maud S went in 2:09¾ at Cleveland, and the following year, over the same track, she placed 2:08¾ to her credit and retired.

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Then came the California wonder, Sunol. She had beaten all previous records made by 2 and 3-year-old trotters, and although Maud S had held the record for five years it looked as if Sunol ought to get it. She did, over the kite-shape track at Stockton, Cal., in October, 1891, her time being 2:08¼. Then Nancy Hanks, another pony trotter, driven by the man who guided Dexter and Goldsmith Maid to the championship, showed that she had all the other trotters beaten. She cut the record to 2:04 in 1892, and held first place two years, until Alix trotted in 2:03¾. That was seven years ago, and it was not until September, 1900, that a horse was found capable of beating the bay mare's time. This horse was The Abbot, a handsome bay gelding, and his record is 2:03¼.

The Abbot's supremacy was short-lived. At Cleveland last July Cresceus trotted a mile in 2:02¾, and the following month, at Columbus, this wonderful thoroughbred made the world's record of 2:02¼. He is unquestionably the fastest trotter ever produced.

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Most of the increased speed of trotters for the last half century has been due to improved tracks, better methods of training, and the employment of mechanical devices of various sorts. The toe weight and bicycle sulky are the most important of these, while better training methods enable horses to carry their speed to the end of the mile. Blood lines have been established, good crosses discovered, and today the American trotter is as much a well-fixed type of horse as is the thoroughbred or the Percheron.

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One of the most valuable of the many sporting books published is the "Police Gazette Annual and Pugilistic Record" for 1902. It has just been issued for this year in a vest pocket size, and contains the most important records which have a bearing upon all branches of sport. The pugilistic records include the battles of every prominent pugilist now before the public, name of his opponents, locality, dates and decisions. This is the biggest 10 cents' worth of information ever given.

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Manager Clark Griffith of the Chicago White Stockings is a strong believer in a bunch of "waiting" batsmen as compared with a heavy-slugging aggregation. Griffith is confident that he will win out over some of the heavy-hitting nines, by virtue of the "waiting" abilities of his aggregation, and says in the Sporting Life:

"Such an assertion may sound a trifle queer, but it is a fact nevertheless. Why? Because there aren't more than half a dozen pitchers in the business that can get the ball over the plate, as prescribed in the rules, when he knows the batter won't take a chance on anything but good ones. Then let a good ball come. It's little or no trouble to foul it off, or, if it's the last strike, take the chance, of course, of hitting it out or bunting, as the case may be. I wouldn't care if my men didn't get a hit once a week if they'd only learn to wait. There's the secret of most men's good ball playing and batting. Lajoie is the exception that proves this rule. Keeler and Jones are the shining lights of this rule. Men who hit for .275 or .280 are doing well enough if they are getting to first on four balls.

"I never realized as much as I did this year the importance of trying for a base on balls. And I never knew as I do now that so few pitchers have control enough of the ball to get it over when they want to. Most of them shut their eyes and let it go, depending on luck to turn the trick. This year I have watched the game closer than I ever did before. I have tried this waiting scheme and find it works. That is the reason I hit above .300, a mark I never had before. Of course, there must be a little stick work back of this waiting. Then, too, a great deal depends on base running. With waiting, base running and just a little hitting, a team can win nearly every game.

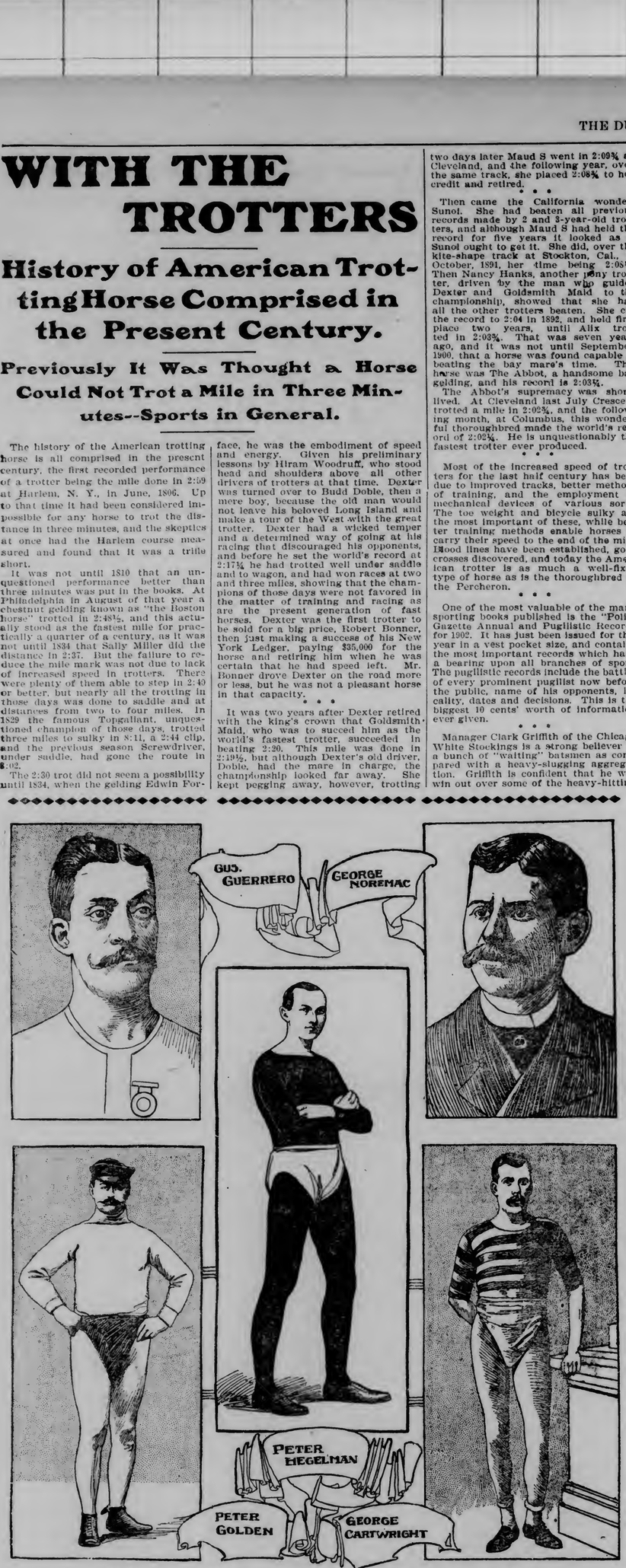
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Champion Jim Jeffries says he will stick to the articles of agreement he signed to fight Tom Sharkey and that he will meet Tom before any club that will guarantee to pull off the fight and offer proper inducements. Jeff wants to fight and will take on all aspirants for his title as fast as they will toe the scratch, but who, outside of Sharkey, is clamorin gto get at him?

The champion admits the sailor has first call on his fistic services, but where, under the present condition of affairs, can he tender those services to Tom? The latter is in disrepute, and California, about the only state in the Union that can pull off a heavy-weight championship fight, will not stand by Sharkey. Therefore the articles which at present bind them to a contest ought be destroyed and thrown into the waste basket.

With Sharkey practically down and out the sporting public is anxiously waiting for Fitzsimmons to walk up to the captain's office and sign the documents that will bring him and Jeff together in the ring. Fitz' recent tumble down a flight of stone steps rattle his bones and barked his shins a bit, from which, reports say, he has fully recovered. His feelings were hurt more than his anatomy, as he had serious intentions of suing his friend, Percy Williams, whom he held responsible for the accident, for the snug sum of $50,000. This caused Percy some uneasiness and just as he was figuring upon analyzing the milk of human kindness Fitz called it off, saying he was only "kidding."

Percy having escaped a $50,000 suit for damages will now probably assist Bob in securing the $20,000 backing to fight Jeff.



FAMOUS OLD "PEDS" WHO ARE TO COMPETE IN NEW YORK.

The six day go as you please walking match, to be held in Madison Square Garden Feb. 9-15, will be unusually interesting because of the many old time favorites who are to start. The above pedestrians are men of international reputation, and they are sure to give the young aspirants for fame a hard struggle. The men are to race in teams, each man being on the track twelve hours at a stretch.

ORE SALES

Have Gone on Steadily During the Past Week.

Cleveland, Feb. 8.—The Iron Trade Review says: The sale of ore has gone on steadily in the past week, and Bessemer and non-Bessemer grades have been taken liberally. Of the old range Bessemer product comparatively little remains to be placed. Sellers of non-Bessemer ores have already disposed of from one-half to two-thirds of their estimated production in 1902 and, it is stated, have secured advances averaging with most of them 25 cents above the level of prices in 1901. The Mesaba producers, whose ores have been so well appreciated by furnacemen that upwards of 60 per cent—in some cases 80 and 90 per cent—of the mixture has been made up of these ores, are finding little or no resistance to their advance of 25 cents. The production from this range in 1902 is expected to run to 11,000,000 or 12,000,000 tons, or more than half the total output.

With all the ore sold there has been no vessel chartering in the open market. Vesselmen have argued that the prospect of a repetition of the detentions of last season and the possibility of higher unloading charges justifies them in asking for $1 on season charters from the head of the lake. Among shippers there appears no disposition to consider seriously a higher basis than last season's, namely, 80 cents. It is considered probable that some shippers will tie up a smaller percentage of their ore in season contracts than was placed in advance last season, and will trust to wild rates to bring down the average freight on their ore. It is to be expected that the question of season charters will be taken up any day now.

A refined appearance, delicate shade of fascinating beauty, given by Satin-Skin Powder (flesh, white, brunet tints). 25c.



REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address ROYAL MEDICINE CO., 16-20 Plymouth Pl., CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, druggists.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?
The above was copied from an ancient obelisk near Alexandria, Egypt. No one knows its meaning.
Every man ought to know the meaning of the symptoms of nervous debility.
It's a serious matter when the strength of manhood fails; when overwork or business worries sap all energy, when memory weakens, and the very brain begins to decay.
PALMO TABLETS
restore all elements necessary to rebuild the system.
They create boundless energy, firm muscles, a clear, bright brain, and perfect strength.
60 cents a box, 12 for $5.00. Guaranteed. Valuable book, free.
MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

SYPHILIS
Primary, Secondary or Tertiary BLOOD POISON permanently cured in 15 to 35 days. You can be treated at home for the same price under same guaranty. If you prefer to come here we will contract to pay railroad fare and hotel bills, and no charge if we fail to cure. If you have taken mercury, iodide potash, and still have aches and pains, Mucous Patches in mouth, sore throat, pimples, copper colored spots, ulcers on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, it is this Secondary BLOOD POISON that we guarantee to cure. We solicit the most obstinate cases and challenge the world for a case we cannot cure. This disease has always baffled the skill of the most eminent physicians. $500,000 capital behind our unconditional guaranty. Absolute proofs and 100-page book sent sealed. No branch offices. Use full address as follows:
COOK REMEDY COMPANY,
953 Masonic Temple, CHICAGO, ILL.



BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.
Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Spermatorrhoea, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

"DIRT DEFIES THE KING." THEN SAPOLIO IS GREATER THAN ROYALTY ITSELF.



James J. Corbett, the famous pugilist, praises **Greene's Infallible Liniment** most highly, under date of May 20, 1901, he says:

"You ask what I think of your Infallible Liniment. I can answer in a word by saying that it is an honest article and worthy of confidence. I find it very valuable for bruises, strains and sore muscles. In training it is an excellent conditioner. You are welcome to my endorsement and I hope it will do you good.

Yours truly,
(SIGNED) JAS. J. CORBETT.

Greene's Infallible Liniment should be in every home. For all the daily accidents in ever walk of life it has no equal. Prepared by J. W. GREENE & CO., 17-19 VanBuren St., Chicago

GREENE'S INFALLIBLE LINIMENT

For sale by Schulze Bros., Saddlery; E. L. Toomey, Horseshoer; O. H. Huseby, Harness Dealer; Clemetson Bros., Harness Dealers, West Duluth; James McMartin, Horseshoer; D. D. Mackay, Horseshoer; Helmer Jentoft, Flour and Feed Dealer; S. M. Jensen, Two Harbors, Minn.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of three thousand one hundred and three and 12-100 dollars ($3103.12) which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Otto C. Hartman and Alex W. Hartman, both unmarried, mortgagors, to Juliette Fonda, mortgagee, bearing date the first day of December, 1891, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the eleventh day of January, 1892, at one o'clock p. m., in Book 101 of mortgages, on page 161; and whereas the said power of sale has become operative, and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: All of lot numbered one hundred twenty-seven (127), in block numbered twenty-three (23), Duluth Proper, Third Division, according to the recorded plat thereof on file of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for the said St. Louis County, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 24th day of February, 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage indebtedness, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and seventy-five (75) dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated January 11th, A. D. 1902.
JULIETTE FONDA,
Mortgagee.
CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-11-18-25-Feb-1-8-15-1902.

NOTICE—Default having been made in the terms of the mortgage, dated April 19th, 1901, executed by Mary Wedan, an unmarried woman, morgagor, given to the Zenith Building and Loan Association, a corporation, mortgagee, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, May 23rd, 1901, at 2:15 o'clock p. m., in Book 114, of Mortgages, on page 23, said default consisting in failure to pay the monthly installments falling due since October 1st, 1901.

Now, therefore, pursuant to the terms thereof, the whole principal debt secured is hereby declared to be due and payable immediately with interest accrued to date. The amount due at date of this notice is $1631.00.

Pursuant to statute in such case provided, sale of the mortgaged premises, viz: Lot fifteen (15), in block one hundred and forty-nine (149), of West Duluth, Fifth division, according to the plat thereof recorded in the office of the register of deeds of said St. Louis County; will be made at public auction to the highest bidder for cash at the front door, facing Second street, of the Court House, in the City of Duluth, Minnesota, on the 10th day of March, 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. to pay said principal debt, interest, taxes, if any, and legal costs, including interest from date of this notice, and fifty dollars attorney fees, stipulated in the mortgage to be paid in case of foreclosure, subject to redemption as provided by law.

Dated January 25th, 1902.
ZENITH BUILDING & LOAN ASSOCIATION,
Mortgagee.
J. B. RICHARDS,
Attorney for Mortgagee.
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan. 25, Feb. 1-8-15-22, March 1, 1902.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN
Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Semen, Varicocele, or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids. Effects are immediate. Impart vigor and potency to every function. Best yet discovered. A cure is at hand. Restores small, undeveloped organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS. 6c a box. 6 for $2.50 by mail. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.
Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

DULUTH'S NEIGHBORS

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. George Munford returned Monday from St. Paul, where she has been some time undergoing medical treatment. Mr. Munford went down to accompany her.

C. F. Josten transacted business at Duluth Saturday.

A. D. Holliday has returned from a month's visit with relatives near Kansas City, Mo., and Everett, Wash.

T. E. Evans will depart Wednesday for a two weeks' visit with relatives at Eau Claire, Wis.

It is reported a gas beacon will be put at the end of the government breakwater here the coming season.

Samuel Peters returned Monday from a two months' visit at his old home in England.

William O'Rourke has completed repairs to his residence on Ninth avenue recently damaged by fire.

The water and lights were shut off for a while last Saturday evening in order to make the connections for the new pump. The contractors now have the foundation and everything in readiness to connect up, but the pump has been delayed for some unknown reason.

Mrs. Fred Lino was a Duluth visitor on Tuesday.

Children who are now 6 years old or will be that age by June 1 will be admitted to the public schools providing applications are received from thirty before March 3.

William Engle was up from Endion Saturday for a visit with his family.

Mrs. J. D. Budd has recovered the diamond pin lost while at Duluth recently to attend the Elks' charity ball. It being found at the home of her sister, Mrs. Overman, having fallen and rolled under a dresser.

Messrs. P. J. Welch and Dr. J. D. Budd departed this week for their trip through the South and to Cuba.

Mr. and Mrs. John Hillman rejoice over the arrival of a young son at their home last Thursday morning.

Contractors Frankman Bros. & Morris will today finish taking down the upper portion of dock No. 4 and the building of the new portion will be commenced next week. The pile driver is now at work driving piling for the new approach which will also necessitate the raising of the yards and tracks eight or ten feet.

Mrs. C. W. Hart visited friends at Duluth on Friday.

P. Berg and Charles Frenling have gone into the painting business.

W. E. Bender, of Sparta, is visiting with his son here for a few days.

C. Piersdorff, formerly of Ely, but lately with the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic at St. Ignace, Mich., has accepted a position with the Duluth & Iron Range a St. Louis.

Colvin & Robb already have about 5000 cords of pulp wood stored here for lake shipment, when navigation opens, and are shipping it in at the rate of fourteen cars or about 150 cords per day.

J. M. Ray departed Tuesday for New Orleans, La., where he will spend a few weeks and take in the Mardi Gras.

The Duluth & Iron Range has about completed ballasting for its scale tracks at Highland and has moved its steam shovel from there to Britton.

Martin Bros. loaded at French river Sunday a consignment of 20 car loads of ties for the Omaha railway. Ties and posts are this winter being gotten out in preference to pulp wood by the small contractors. The present business in that line by the Duluth & Iron Range being at twenty car loads of ties and eight of posts daily, and pulp wood outside of the Colvin & Robb shipments being only about six cars per day against thirty car loads per day last season. It is, however, expected that the latter business will increase some this month.

The Duluth & Northeastern railway expects to get out a large number of ties along its line this winter.

Mrs. Joseph Pronovost was quite seriously injured last Friday evening by a runaway, losing the sight of one of her eyes and cutting her face badly, while one of Joseph Houle's boys, who was with her had one of his legs broken. Mrs. Pronovost, with the boy and her own son was returning from a drive, and while near Sixth street some boys attempted to get on the runners of the cutter for a ride, and scared the horse, which ran away and into the fence at the old Fourth avenue school with the above result. Her son escaped without injury. It is supposed the lady's injuries were caused by striking on one of the pickets. Drs. Budd and Cheney and Dr. Titcomb, of Duluth, attended to the injuries and both are reported now doing well.

C. H. McDermott, of Biwabik, transacted business here on Monday.

The members of the local lodge M. W. A. and their friends meet at the Norden hall Monday evening for the purpose of organizing a lodge of the Royal Neighbors, the ladies' branch of their order.

Special services have been held at the First M. E. church the past week.

Postmaster E. E. Price, of Marcy, transacted business here on Monday.

Paul Tingerthal has gone where he will work on the Rainy Lake railway the balance of the season.

Mrs. C. F. Warner is in Chicago this week, selecting her stock of spring millinery.

T. H. Brennan had the misfortune to sprain his ankle while stepping off the passenger at Highland this week and will be laid up several days.

Miss Jessie Weaver is reported on the sick list this week.

Col. A. N. Ogle departed Thursday for New Orleans, where he will meet Messrs. J. D. Budd and P. J. Welch and take in the Mardi Gras.

M. T. Hannan is working at the storekeeper's office during the absence of J. M. Ray.

Charles Nordstrom and John Paulson transacted business at Duluth Saturday.

The new monster pump for the waterworks system arrived this week and is being installed at the power house.

The party that went to Washington recently to take up timber claims have all returned, and report having secured excellent locations.

Whitesides commences this week shipping logs from mile 64 to the St. Louis mill at Duluth.

The city fathers held another short meeting Tuesday evening, allowing the monthly salaries of the village employes and a few other bills amounting to $83. Application for liquor license from Joseph Lager to sell liquor in his new building on Poplar street was received and ordered published.

The annual report of Light Collector Martin for 1901 allowing $48 credit for the fifteen village street lights, shows a profit of $32.51. The collections from the new dynamo which is to be soon added to the equipment will be almost clear profit.

J. J. Brown is partitioning off his barber shop on First avenue and half of it will be used for his undertaking business.

The passenger train Monday evening was almost two hours late leaving here on account of the ngine being disabled in the yards.

Joseph Latta is now acting as foreman for Frankman Bros. at No. 4 dock.

All arrangements for the dedication of the new high school building next Wednesday evening have been completed. A reception will be heldf rom 8 to 9 p. m. State Superintendent of Public Instruction J. W. Olson, State High School Inspector G. B. Alton, State Graded School Inspector A. W. Rankin, Hon. J. G. Miller and Dr. W. A. Shoemaker, superintendent of the St. Cloud schools, will be present. Flaaten's orchestra, of Duluth, will furnish music. Refreshments will be served. The following program will be rendered:

Selection .....
Flaaten's orchestra.
Chorus .....
High school pupils.
Address of welcome.....
John Dwan.
Selection .....
Orchestra.
Address .....
Dr. W. A. Shoemaker.
Address .....
Inspector A. W. Rankin.
Selection—Quartet.....
Mrs. W. B. Woodward, Mrs. W. N. Moulton, A. W. Margrave, Mr. Taylor.
Address .....
Inspector G. B. Alton.
Selection .....
Orchestra.
Address .....
Superintendent T. W. Olson.
Chorus .....
High school pupils.

The Duluth & Northern Minnesota railway is handling considerable logs for Duncan & Brewer, Duluth, this winter, the timber being cut near York, on their line.

Mrs. Peter Leclair departed Thursday for an extended visit with her daughter, Mrs. J. Beaudette at Bemidji, Minn.

Walter Henry and Miss Mamie Archdeacon, both well known young people of this place, were married Wednesday evening at the Catholic parsonage, the Rev. J. W. Smeirs officiating. The young couple departed Thursday morning for a short visit with relatives at Pipestone, Minn., after which they will return and take up their residence here.

T. J. Russom, of Duluth, transacted business here on Thursday.

John T. Anderson, the West Duluth grocer, transacted business here a few days this week.

The dedication ceremonies held at the Norwegian Lutheran church Sunday were imposing and the attendance was large. Six ministers from outside points were present.

A special from here Sunday took about thirty members of the O. R. C. to attend the funeral of Conductor Reeder, of the Northern Pacific, at Duluth.

Joseph Hover had the misfortune to break one of his arms last Thursday evening.

F. Johnson arrived from Sweden this week and will reside with Charles E. Rerstrom.

Rev. Father Smiers visited with the Rev. Father Bieban at Virginia on Thursday.

Miss Ida Andrews arrived from Dubuque, Iowa, Wednesday for a visit with her father here.

Yardmaster W. L. Patterson, of Endion, transacted business here on Wednesday.

The Iron Range bridge corps under William Berrigan, went to Cloquet river on Friday to commence work on the coaling station to be built at that place for the accommodation of the pusher engines the coming summer. Stations will also be erected at Allen Junction and Embarrass river.

The annual report of the Two Harbors Cemetery association shows the burials for 1901 at eighty-four.

C. W. Hart returned Saturday from El Paso, Tex., where he recently accompanied Conductor G. R. Smith.

County Commissioner R. H. Slater, of Beaver Bay, was in town this week.

Representative F. A. Barry is in St. Paul this week attending the special session of the legislature.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—R. E. Denfeld visited the schools here and at Fond du Lac Friday.

Charles Wold and Alex Ellstrom came up from West Duluth Friday to take positions at the Mund refrigerator factory.

Rev. P. Knudsen preached at Fond du Lac a few evenings the latter part of last week.

Ex-Mayor Truelsen, Mr. McGee and Mr. Kern addressed the voters here Saturday evening.

A sleigh ride party consisting of girls from the west Duluth knitting factory drove up here Saturday evening. They stopped at the home of Jerry Lockhart and from there they went in a body to the Sanford building to attend the dance.

George E. Tupper was in Duluth Monday.

Mrs. Frank Melhorn and children left Monday for Duluth, Mr. Melhorn hag secured a position at the Union depot. They will make Duluth their home.

Herman Hoffman was a business caller in the city Monday.

William Lewis is laid up with a sprained ankle.

S. Cooper, of West Duluth, was a caller here Monday.

Rev. P. Knudsen wasg a visitor in the city Monday.

Mrs. I. J. Mahoney and son, Wilber, were in Duluth Monday.

Frank Brand is busy cutting ice for his next summer's use.

Miss Essie McKay left for Duluth Monday to have some changes made in her artificial limb.

Malvin Becklinger left Tuesday for a business trip in the interests of the Thomson furniture factory.

The election judges on Tuesday were George E. Tupper, John Bartz and Roy McKay, while J. Duelet and Frank Naprovinski acted as clerks. When the votes were counted they all left for the city returning home after midnight.

Andrew Wilson came home from Saginaw Siding Thursday.

Mrs. Stephen Cooper and little son came up from West Duluth Thursday. They are the guests of Rev. P. Knudsen and wife.

Mrs. Frank Widdell visited relatives in Duluth Thursday.

Mrs. T. E. Bowles was absent from her school Thursday on account of illness.

AITKIN.

Aitkin, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald).—Miss Merriam Towell has been very sick this week.

Ambrose Casey has finished his work at St. John's university, and is now engaged as assistant bookkeeper in W. Potter & Co.'s store.

The Woman's Relief corps held their regular meeting last Wednesday evening. When the business had been transacted they invited the High School band and a number of friends to come in and take lunch with them.

E. J. Goward leaves this week for New York, where he will purchase goods for his dry goods store. Andrew & Erickson, who are at present occupying his building, will move into W. Potter & Co.'s sample room.

Beecher Hungerford, Ben Hassman and E. J. Burns gave a very pretty dancing party last Wednesday evening. Ady's orchestra furnished the music.

Last Monday the high school department moved into the new school house. The other grades have moved in as their rooms were prepared for them and now all are comfortably located.

Mrs. Ed Thombly died very suddenly at Pine Knott last Friday. She was in apparent good health until Wednesday, when she was taken violently ill. A physician was sent for, who pronounced her case pneumonia, and expressed doubts as to her recovery. Soon after the doctor's departure Mrs. Trombly passed away.

Gladys Clare, only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. A. B. Wells, died last Saturday morning. The child has been sick about two weeks, when inflammation of the bowels set in and in spite of all that could be done for her, she passed away. She was 5 years, 9 months and 20 days old. The funeral was held at the residence Sunday, Rev. Copper officiating.

W. E. Harrison, who has been head clerk in the grocery department of G. W. Knox's store, has resigned his position. We understand he intends to move to Wisconsin and go into business for himself.

Last Wednesday evening the new schoolhouse was thrown open for inspection by the people. A large crowd availed themselves of this opportunity to see the building and all expressed their approval of the work done. After visiting the various rooms, the people assembled in the auditorium, where several prominent business men made speeches. The High School band and Mrs. Sutton furnished the music.

There is at present only one case of smallpox under quarantine in the pesthouse. A man came up from Tamarack a short time ago and presented himself to a doctor with a well developed case. He was immediately placed in confinement. There have been several cases reported, but on investigation, it was found that they were not affected by this disease.

Next Monday evening the Athletic and Musical association of the high school will give an entertainment, which promises to be the most attractive musical event ever given in Aitkin.

Professor Carl Reidelsberger, the violinist; Irs. Nell Connor, pianist; Miss Osborn, soprano, and H. I. Nolan, reader and humorist, are among some of the noted people who will participate in the program. Seats were placed on sale last Wednesday and already about 150 have been sold.

MESABA.

Mesaba, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Anne McRae visited Mr. and Mrs. Henry a few weeks from town Saturday and Sunday.

John Olson, an employe of Smith & Gowan's camps, was badly crushed by a log. He was taken to Duluth immediately, but was not expected to live.

A. D. McRae was in Duluth on business Tuesday and Wednesday.

A small part of Mesaba young people visited Smith & Gowan's camps Sunday.

John Carlson was in Duluth last week.

The Scott & Graff Lumber company has commenced hauling logs and is decking them in the old mill yard.

John Henry was in town last week.

James Hayes, of Tower, was in town last week.

Miss May E. Hammill, of McKinley, visited Mrs. Konkler at Allen last Saturday.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, Feb 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Frank Klink transacted business at Biwabik Wednesday.

H. H. Salmon transacted business at Sparta Thursday.

A. Paulsen has completed his shipments of pulpwood from near the Roberts mine to the Franklin Iron company, Virginia.

George W. Cornell, the old Duluth & Iron Range conductor, who has resigned, will go to Arizona to accept a responsible positon with a railway company there.

The Elba now has about 70,000 tons of ore in stockpile and will ship considerably more this season than last.

C. H. Smith was up from Minneapolis last week, looking over his property interests in this vicinity.

Contractor Runquist has finished his contract of grading tracks to the Pittsburg mine, and that property will be among the new shippers this season, and things are being gotten in shape. A residence for Superintendent Powers has just been completed and a number of houses are being built for the accommodation of their employes. About 325 men are now employed at the Elba mines.

Capt. Harry Roberts of the Roberts mine has taken a contract to run the Grand mine at Buhl, for the Interstate Iron company, Capt. Wall, formerly superintendent of the Roberts mine of this place, has gone there to manage the property.

Master Mechanic William Rowe, of the Elba, has returned from a business trip to Houghton, Mich.

Miss Annie Enright expects to soon go to Two Harbors to work in the central telephone office there.

Frank Bojac had one of his legs broken by a timber falling on him at the Elba last week. Mr. Bojac has been married but a little over a week.

William Alford, of West Duluth, who has been visiting with Richard Blight at the Elba, returned home Monday.

Whiteside and Smith Owens and Peyton Kimball & Barber are shipping about 100,000 feet of logs per day to Duluth from their camps on the Whiteface.

The Sparta Iron company started yesterday on a shipment of 1000 tons of ore to Spring Valley, Wis. They are sending it at the rate of seventy-five tons per day.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—J. G. Brink spent several days in Duluth this week.

Mrs. D. J. Hankins and son Walter who spent the last two weeks in St. Paul and Stillwater, returned home.

Mrs. Charles Lundquist was a Duluth visitor this week.

Edward Dash and James Dunn will give a masquerade ball at the Smithville hall this evening.

Miss Daisy Bassett, spent the latter part of the week in Duluth.

Miss Florence Brink spent Thursday in Duluth.

Miss Grace and Anna Segl spent Sunday in New Duluth.

Mrs. August Petterson was among the Duluth visitors Thursday.

There was quite an accident on the Northern Pacific Railroad here on Tuesday. As the early morning freight passed it lost a box car on the switch. The car hung over the main track. The early morning passenger in passing had one of its coach's sides broken in. No one was injured in the accident.

The Gardner club held a meeting Saturday evening at the home of Mrs. Florence Brink. The officers were elected as follows. President, Robert Dunn, vice president, Miss Grace Segl; secretary and treasurer, Miss Florence Brink. The next meeting will be held with Mrs. E. Brink.

Alderman Swenson spent Monday in Duluth.

Mrs. Emma Brink is on the sick list this week.

James Dunn was among the Duluth vistors this week.

Mrs. Mary Hettinger, who has been sick the past week, is able to be about again.

Miss Hattie Overton spent Saturday and Sunday in Duluth with her grandmother, Mrs. J. White.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, Feb 7.—Mention was made last week of an effort being made by the shippers in Grand Rapids and vicinity to secure a reduction of freight rates from Duluth and the Twin Cities. In the petition sent to W. W. Broughton, traffic manager of the Eastern, the claim was set up that Hibbing—a competing point—had lower freight rates than Grand Rapids, to the detriment of the shipping interests of the latter place. The result shows the Eastern people are not such terrible fellows when matters are presented to them in a gentlemanly and business-like manner. The request was promptly granted and the rates were reduced as follows: Local first-class rates from Duluth from 59 cents to 43 cents and other classes in the same proportion. Same from St. Paul and Minneapolis from 71 cents to 60 cents. These reductions mean a great saving to our merchants and other heavy shippers.

Last Monday Dr. George C. Gilbert, as county health officer, entered complaint against Henry Robbinson for having left Fred Munson's camp after a quarantine had been placed upon it. Under the law this is a serious offense and as Mr. Robinson had no good excuse to offer for his action, Justice Huson imposed a fine of $25 and costs, which amount was paid.

Work on the dam for the paper mill having been almost completed, the water has been gradually shut off during the past week until now there is a sufficient head of water to drive all of the wheels and the most of the machinery in the paper mill is kept running. There is of course the usual amount of adjusting that will take a little time before everything will be in readiness for the manufacture of paper. Aside from the conveyor chain that takes the wood from the cutting to the grinding room, the machinery is all here and in position. It is expected, however, that everything will be in readiness and paper being turned out within a week.

William Judd left Monday for Iron River, Mich., where he will remain during the winter.

Mrs. P. R. Brooks, of Deer River, was visiting in town Thursday.

Mrs. James Murchie returned from an extended visit with friends in Bemidji and Park Rapids last Monday.

A. E. Krbs came up from St. Paul the first of the week to look after his land interests in this section.

Judge Barnard is confined to his room this week with a very severe attack of la grippe.

Mrs. George Booth entertained a number of her lady friends with a whist party last Friday evening.

Mrs. Hartley McGuire and son returned to their home in Minneapolis the first of the week.

D. M. Price and wife returned from Minneapolis yesterday, where they had been to attend the funeral of the mother of the Price brothers who died in that city last week.

A surprise party given by a large party of young people, was tendered Miss Bosard at the Gilbert residence Monday evening.

David Micho and Mrs. James Morris, of the Vermillion Brook country, were united in marriage by Justice Huson in the Gladstone parlors Tuesday. The bride is the widow of a man who met with a tragic death at the hands of Sol Williams last spring.

The ladies of the Literary society gave a reception at the home of Mrs. T. R. Pravitz, Tuesday afternoon in honor of Mrs. Boyington, of Duluth. In the evening the members of the club were entertained by Mrs. Boyington with a talk on American art.

Miss Faulls and Miss Irish entertained about thirty young people at a "library party" at the residence of F. J. Stevens last Friday night. Miss Webb carried off the honors by guessing the book each one present was supposed to represent.

Traveling Auditor Moore, of the Eastern Minnesota, checked Agent Riess out Tuesday and placed W. W. Howard in charge of the business of that road at this place. Mr. Riess enters the employ of Henry Hughes & Co. as bookkeeper. Mr. Howard has been located at Stony Br—ook for the past six months, having been employed by the Lake Shore railroad in Michigan for several years before that time.

BEMIDJI.

Bemidji, Feb. 8.—Great interest has been manifested in the case of Charles Scrutchin vs. Eugene Smith, which came up for trial last Saturday before Judge Martin. The defendant, though his attorney, L. H. Bailey, demanded a jury, which was secured without much difficulty. The jury could not agree and the case was postponed until Feb. 11. It is said the jury stood 11 for the defendant and 1 for the plaintiff. Eugene Smith runs a barber shop at Blackduck, and on Jan. 10, Charles Scrutchin, the widely known colored attorney of Bemidji, entered the same and requested a shave. Mr. Smith notified him that it would cost him $5 for a shave. Mr. Scrutchin claims that the barber further admitted that he refused to shave him purely on account of color. Smith was arrested on a criminal charge and tried before Justice Brown of that town, which resulted in a dismissal of the case. Later Mr. Scrutchin made a complaint in civil suit, asking $100 damages for the affront put upon him. The case resulted as told above.

Friday afternoon a young unknown man committed suicide by taking a large dose of strychnine. The deed was evidently fully premeditated. He called in the Northern hotel that afternoon and paid for a night's lodging. He had been at this hotel several months before, but his identity seems unknown to any one in Bemidji. He was about 25 years old, smooth faced, 6 feet tall and of spare face and build. His hair was black and eyes brown. The body was buried Saturday at county expense.

Mrs. William Hiland went to West Superior Sunday after a visit here with Mrs. A. Danaher.

George J. Calahan returned to Breckenridge Sunday after a visit here with relatives.

William Williams returned last week from his claim near Grand Falls.

Mrs. Mary Rolidai is expected back from East Liverpool, Ohio, next week.

Alfred Naylor and wife, of Wrightstown, Ottertail county, were here the first of the week visiting his brother Ed.

Mrs. J. T. Mahoney, who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. H. J. Loud, returned Monday to her home in Duluth.

The ladies of the Maccabees, Evergreen hive No. 46, will meet Wednesday, Feb. 12, at the home of Mrs. Robinson, over the Brainerd & Northern depot.

John Glistad returned Monday from a month's trip through the West. He picked up a half section of pine in Oregon—about 7,000,000 feet—a pair of Buffalo horns in Alberta, and experience along the way. He went up to Blackduck in the evening.

Last Wednesday evening a number of our young men met at the Lumbermen's bank and laid plans for organizing a branch here of the Young Men's Christian association. Guy Dunning was chosen temporary chairman and George Culver secretary. The following committee was appointed to push the organization: Finance, Harry Young, Charles Jones and Fred Hanson; constitution, Ned Robertson, Theo. Wonzar and George Culver; buildings, Harry Reynolds and Guy Dunning.

There is a little chunk of the United States north of the international boundary line and on the west shore of the Lake of the Woods, about four townships in size. The government is having this surveyed and the water lines meandered. Messrs. Stoner and Mulligan have secured most of the contract and a crew of surveyors have already gone north to begin work, going by way of Red Lake Falls. The work will be largely in charge of Mr. Mulligan. It will take several months to complete the survey.

The Nimo club were entertained last Wednesday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Loud. Cards were played, and Miss McLennan and John Bailey won the head prizes.

Art Brannick, who has been in the Crookston jail on the charge of raping Mrs. Woods at Nebish, was brought to Bemidji Sunday, and the next day released under $750 bonds. He was rearrested and will have a hearing today.

Mrs. J. A. Robideau, who has been seriously ill for the past month is recovering.

Dan Stevens and R. Kligore are now in Shaska county, Ore., where they have taken timber claims.

A mass meeting was held at the city hall Tuesday evening to discuss the question of a new court house end of raising funds to defray the expenses of holding a special election. Nearly all the leading business men of Bemidji were present and the project was enthusiastically endorsed.

William McCuaig left Wednesday for Princeton, where he was called by the death of his brother.

IRONWOOD.

Ironwood, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. L. Speare, of Norway, Mich., was in town all week visiting relatives.

F. R. Clayton and wife of Ashland, were in town Friday visiting friends.

A serious accident occured at the Palmer mine Sunday morning. A crowd of men got in the cage so as to descend into the shafe, hut did not notice that the cage was caught. Suddenly the cage dropped without any warning to the occupants. When they reached the bottom it was noticed that Stephen Fregembo, one of the men, was seriously injured. He was removed to his home, but died shortly afterward. The funeral was held Friday afternoon from the Jesserville M. E. church, Rev. Fulford officiating.

George Delhl, of Sheboygan, was in the city on business Thursday.

V. J. Irons, of Kalamazoo, Mich., is in the city on business.

A. E. Stearns, of Bessemer, was in Ironwood on business Tuesday.

A social dance was given Wednesday night by the A. O. H. society at their hall in the Glassner block.

J. Bierlotzer, of Marinette, was in town Tuesday on business.

The infant son of Mr. and Mrs. J. Landers, of the Ashland Location, died Tuesday of convulsions. The funeral occurred the same day.

A. Lebers, of Chippewa Falls, was in town Tuesday visiting friends and relatives.

Miss O'Connell, of Menominee, Mich., was in town all week visiting Mrs. P. Donovan.

W. Lane, of Antigo, was in town Sunday visiting friends.

Fire was discovered in a building on Ayer street Wednesday evening. Before it was quelled the fire had gained great headway. An alarm was turned in, but on the arrival of the fire department the building was enveloped in flames. All the occupants in the building escaped, but all thoughts of saving the furniture was abandoned. After two or three hours of hustling on the part of the fire department, the fire was confined to one building. The loss is $1300, with no insurance. The building was owned by M. Steppa, who conducted a saloon on the ground floor.

PARK RAPIDS.

Park Rapids, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald)—Carl Fuller departed Wednesday for Madison, Wis., to resume his studies.

Mrs. Charles Waldron is visiting with her parents at Monticello,

C. O. Todd has returned to his home at Wooley, Wash., after spending three weeks with his parents here.

W. H. Petrie, of Nevis, was in town a few days this week.

Miss Jessie Mitchell has returned from Motley.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. Bruce McClure died Saturday, and Monday was taken to Wisconsin for burial.

Mrs. D. A. Watling departed Monday for Carry, Penn., called there by the death of her father, D. C. Kennedy.

Harry Laird is transacting business in Verndale this week. His brother Milton is taking his place at the Racket store during his absence.

Arthur Hooster has been released from quarantine at the Park Rapids hospital.

Miss Jessie Mitchell has returned from Motley.

Mrs. M. F. Guyer is reported quite ill.

E. H. Fitch was at Two Inlets the first of the week.

In order to prevent the spreading of smallpox in this vicinity, the town has been quarantined against the lumber camps, where the disease exists.

Arthur Lovdahl has recovered from an attack of typhoid fever.

Rev. Andrew Bond is at Verndale this week assisting in special meetings there.

Miss Cora Wright, of Hubbard, visited relatives here this week.

The Iced Men are planning for a dance here Feb. 22.

Dr. P. D. Winship was in Osage Wednesday vaccinating the school children.

J. S. McKinley is quite ill.

C. Crooks returned to Itasca Monday after visiting a few days with his family here.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Albert F. Gross, a Duluth mining man, is in the city for a few days this week, looking after interests in this vicinity. Mr. Gross has several valuable iron ore deposits on his list the chief one, however, being that of the old Emil Gross homestead, described as the e½ of the s½ of section 25, 58-18, and on which lands there has been considerable exploratory work done the past four years, but until now nothing of value has been shown up to warrant companies going after options for lease. A year ago a churn drill was operated and ore indications were proved. Recently an option was given the Delta Iron company, a Duluth concern, and this company has put a diamond drill to work, during the fall. Capt. William Munro, of West Superior, for Mr. Gross, proved the existence of ore with a churn drill. Three holes were put down and all bottomed in a new Bessemer mixture. The proving up of a good body is certainly looked forward to by all interested. The property is tapped by the main line of the Missabe road, and is but two miles south of this city.

Mose Shanedling, of the Big store, left Tuesday for the Twin Cities, Chicago and New York on a purchasing tour.

Mrs. C. W. Miller entertained many of her lady friends at her home on the Franklin hill.

Capt. M. L. Fay is quite ill at his home on Lake Boulevard.

Rev. A. E. Rowson, of the M. E. church, goes to Duluth today where he occupies a pulpit at the M. E. church of that city Sunday. He will be accompanied by Mrs. Rowson.

Arthur Hearn, cashier at the Sauntry mine during shipping, is keeping books at the Virginia Hardware company.

Mrs. Ahle and daughter left here Wednesday for Tarpon Springs, Fla., where they will meet Mrs. Ahbe's father, Hon. O. D. Kinney and E. J. Griggs, of this city. The party will spend several weeks at Florida points.

Mrs. Peter Shipley was pleasantly surprised at the home of her daughter, Mrs. A. E. Bickford, Tuesday evening. The day was the fiftieth anniversary of her birth, and many of her lady friends congregated and a pleasant evening was spent. She was the recipient of many remembrances of the day. Supper was served and cards were played.

Mrs. A. H. Stevens left here Tuesday for Antioch, Ill., in response to a telegram announcing the serious illness of her father, P. R. Weleb.

C. E. Nelson, of the municipal court, was in Duluth Tuesday.

The United States Steel corporation has lifted a great burden off the shoulders of the members of the Methodist church of this city, by donating to their aid the sum of $600. After the fire a new parsonage had to be built and it left the treasury much depleted.

W. B. Pratt returned Monday from New York, where he went to the funeral of his father-in-law.

The common council will meet in special session tonight, Saturday, to consider a few bills which were contracted by the recent smallpox flurry.

Clarence J. Luby, of Hurley, has returned to the city and has placed his sign out for business. He is a bright young attorney and will no doubt do a good legal business and incidentally aid the practice of Attorneoy Palmer, who has been alone here for two years.

The saloon firm of Watson & Sarlund has been dissolved, the latter continuing the same.

W. Dodge, formerly barn boss for the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River railroad, died of pneumonia at the hospital Saturday. The remains were shipped to Little Falls for burial.

Landlord Smith, of the Fay, transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

Mapor A. N. Thompson proved up on a stone and timber claim before the register at Duluth Saturday. The land is in 59-17.

Frank Meyers, engineer at the Roberts mine at McKinley, was in the city Tuesday.

E. H. Chittenden was a Duluth visitor Monday.

Deputy Sheriff Rossom was at the county seat Tuesday.

The first primary election under the new election law takes place in this city Tuesday next. Aside from a fight for nomination for alderman in the Second ward, but little interest is manifest. The polls will be open from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m.

John O'Connor will move his saloon to the Scott block Tuesday. It will be a more central location.

Considerable talk is heard of late on regard to the firemen's tournament which will be held in this city next August. A meeting of the business men and others will be held soon and committees will be appointed to take the event in hand.

City Recorder Bickford is in Duluth today receiving the primary ballots and supplies for the primary election to be held Tuesday next.

BIWABIK.

Biwabik, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Miss Annie Enright returned Saturday from a week's visit among friends at Duluth.

Miss Carey, of the Hale mine, is visiting among relatives at Superior this week.

Miss Mayme McGraw has returned from a few days' visit with old friends at Two Harbors.

Miss Mae Hammel, of McKinley, spent Sunday in town visiting friends.

Mr. and Mrs. John Heatley, of Eveleth, were town visitors Saturday.

The members of the Knights of Pythias entertained their brothers of Eveleth at their lodge room here Saturday evening. About fifteen K. P. members drove over from Eveleth and after having the pleasure of seeing Mr. Garret, editor of the Iron Ore become initiated they were taken into the hall and a nice banquet was given them. After many toasts and a lot of merry making the brothers returned to Eveleth at 4 o'clock, thinking themselves treated royally.

Mrs. McNaughton, of Proctor, was in town Saturday, the guest of her sister, Mrs. M. Norton.

Mrs. Charles Bray entertained the members of the Congregational church and their families at her home Friday evening, music was the main feature of the evening, a dainty lunch was served. This was the first meeting of the series. The members of the Congregational church have decided to give socials every month at the different homes. The proceeds will go toward paying for the electric lights used in their church.

The members of the Knights of Pythias gave a magic lantern entertainment at their lodge rooms Sunday evening for the members and their lady friends.

Mrs. James Bale, of Ely, was in town the latter part of the week visiting with relatives.

Mrs. D. Eyer entertained the ladies of the Methodist church at her home Thursday afternoon. After the business meeting a dainty lunch was served. The ladies are thinking of giving a New England social Feb. 22.

Superintendent Winters took charge of the water and electric light plant the first of the week in E. A. Newell's place, who has departed for his farm at Chadwick, where he will reside in the future.

F. S. Colvin left Thursday morning for a week's stay at Minneapolis on business.

The Christian Endeavor society was entertained at the home of Capt. and Mrs. Carmichael Monday evening. Games were played, a few musical selections were rendered and lunch was served. All had a good time.

James Klintworth, of Eveleth, was over here Friday and took in the dance.

Mrs. Sam Gittleson, of Duluth, was in town the middle of the week.

Miss Jeanette Glassner spent Thursday at Eveleth among friends.

A party of young people drove over to the Elba Sunday afternoon.

Charles Olson, of Duluth, transacted business in town Wednesday and Thursday.

Miss Wiseman has arrived here from Sweden and is visiting at the home of her sister, Mrs. Gustafson.

Miss Dahl was in town Friday and Saturday on business.

Frank Gaines has moved his family into the house formerly occupied by Con Brennan and family at the Canton.

Mrs. Ed Phelps, of Stevenson, is in town this week visiting relatives.

Mr. Young has moved his family here from Kenosha and has opened a saloon in Mrs. M. Tearney's building. They also expect to open up a boarding house.

Miss L. Beattie, of Carlton, was the guest of Mrs. Eyer the fore part of the week.

The marriage of Samuel Gibson and Miss Lillian Williams took place quietly Thursday evening in the parlors of the Eveleth hotel. The knot was tied by Judge McGilveray in the presence of a few intimate friends of the couple. After the ceremony the bridal party drove to Virginia where a wedding supper was served. The couple will in a few days make their residence here, where the groom now holds a position.

Colvin & Robb have cut all their spruce wood near Nolan Bros' mill at St. Louis and have moved their camps about two miles further south and nearer the Whiteface river.

The teachers here have been taking up a collection from the children to go toward the McKinley monument.

Creswell & Pelkner have returned to Sparta after having completed their contract for the Duluth Brewing company here.

Miss Snuntria Johnson has returned from Bessemer, Mich., where she has been visiting with relatives since the holidays.

Mrs. Scott Helsel is in town visiting among relatives.

One of the best affairs of the season was the masquerade ball given Friday evening at the city hall by the united orders of the secret fraternities. A costumer was down from Duluth and furnished some of the costumes. The other costumes were also very unique and amusing. Many people from Eveleth, Sparta and Virginia took in the affair and all enjoyed themselves immensely. Twelve dollars were given in prizes. A very nice supper was served. This was the second annual affair of the united orders and turned out to be a thorough success socially as well as financially, and the boys seem real proud of their

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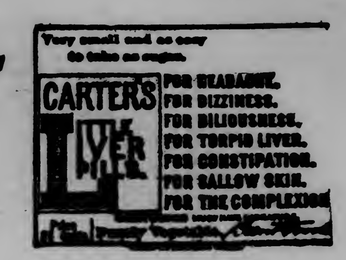
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work, as they might well be. This will probably be the last affair of the season.

Miss Clem Smith and sister, Miss McDonald, left today for a week's visit with relatives at Hibbing.

The Congregational church has had no services for the past few weeks. They have as yet had no pastor appointed in Rev. Brown's place.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The meeting of the county commissioners at Duluth today was of special interest to all Eveleth residents, as the terms for the organization of the village of Eveleth into a city were under consideration. An election was ordered for Feb. 28.

County Commissioner Berdie, of Hibbing, transacted business in the city on Tuesday on his way to Duluth to attend the meeting of commissioners.

Joseph Baldi left yesterday for a business trip to Chisholm and Hibbing.

Hugh McInnis has accepted a position as engineer at the Eveleth waterworks system.

Mr. and Mrs. M. P. Shapiro entertained on Monday evening, those present being members of the local Masonic fraternity and their families.

Quite a number of the young people of Eveleth are planning to attend the masquerade dance at Biwabik tonight, most of them taking advantage of the good sleighing.

Joseph Baldi returned from a month's trip to Southern points, on Thursday evening, spending most of his time in Florida.

David Harding is spending a few days with his parents, while enjoying a short vacation from his duties at the Duluth Business college.

James Dowling left on Tuesday for Carlton Place, Canada, where he will visit for several weeks with relatives and friends.

A. G. Kingston returned Monday from a short business trip to Tower.

Rev. Dr. Forbes, presiding elder of the Duluth district, preached at the Eveleth Methodist church on Wednesday evening to a full house, the services being a memorial service to the late President McKinley.

William Randall has accepted a position as manager of the Healy livery stable in this city, and will make this city his permanent home in the future, instead of Duluth.

Water Commissioner C. Vandall transacted business in Duluth on Thursday.

Frank S. Campbell has recently purchased a fine driving horse for use in making the range towns. The animal came from Duluth.

Harvey Van Horn, who conducts the boarding house at Nolander station for the Meadow Mining company, was in the city on business on Wednesday.

S. J. Larget and family left for Southern Wisconsin on Wednesday. Mr. Larget having disposed of his pool rooms on account of ill health.

Miss Fraser and Henry Talboys visited in Chisholm last Saturday and Sunday with friends and relatives.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. F. S. Campbell on Feb. 3, a son.

R. W. Simmons transacted business in Duluth on Tuesday of this week.

James W. Falk recently sold out his meat business in this city to Samicolo & Zenit. This action on Mr. Falk's part is much regretted by Eveleth people as it will probably mean that Mr. Falk with his family will remove to some other locality. Mr. Falk at present being undecided as to his future movements.

About fifteen members of the local lodge of Pythians took a drive to Biwabik last Saturday evening to enjoy the hospitality of the Biwabik lodge. A banquet was served in the lodge hall which was much appreciated as well as the intellectual request which followed. The return was made early Sunday morning, one of the rigs being somewhat delayed by a tired horse.

The Epworth league of the Methodist church give a social tonight in the church parlors, after the regular monthly business meeting. A short program will be presented and refreshments served.

At the regular meeting of the village council on Monday evening decided action was taken looking to the opening of Pierce street at Grand avenue. Some trouble will probably be experienced with one or two of the property owners, but if no satisfactory deal can be made with them by tomorrow night steps will be taken to have appraisers appointed for the property. The opening or this statement will probably lower insurance rates on Grand avenue substantially.

The Gustavus Adolphus lodge, No. 52, I. O. G. T., installed last Saturday night, the following officers for the beginning quarter: Chief templar, Ingwald R. Rosok; vice templar, Miss Ilhma Berg; past chief templar, Ephram Johnson; secretary, Andrew Strand; marchal, Miss Emma Israelson; financial secretary, Charles Peterson; treasurer, Elmer Field; chaplain, Miss Anna Anderson; guard, Otto Strand; sentinel, Gust Johnson; assistant secretary, Nemma Carlson; deputy marchal, Miss Gertie Anderson. The society has now over seventy members, and is in a very prosperous condition.

IRON RIVER.

Iron River, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Pat Hynes was in the city last Saturday on his way home to Orienta from Cass Lake, Minn.

Nels Nelson, chairman of Washburn, was in the city last Saturday on business.

Chairman George Howard, of Port Wing, arrived in the city last Sunday from Detroit, Mich., where he has visited with relatives and friends there for the past four weeks. He returned to Port Wing last Monday.

Mrs. R. Hawks, of Washburn, was in the city last Sunday visiting with her husband here.

Mr. and Mrs. Ole Olvin were given a surprise party last Sunday evening, it being Mr. Olvin's birthday. The evening was spent with social games and other amusements until midnight, when lunch was served, which was out of sight in a short time.

Chairman Same left for Washburn last Monday to attend a meeting of the county board held on last Tuesday.

E. W. Glidoff, of Port Wing, was in the city last Monday.

John Graf died last Sunday morning at



There often comes a time in the struggle with pulmonary disease when the victim loses heart and gives up hope. The ambition to be up and around gives way before growing weakness, and the sufferer keeps to the bed.

No one who suffers from lung disease should lose heart or give up hope while there is a possibility of cure. In many cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured lung "trouble" when the cough was obstinate and deep seated, with hemorrhage, emaciation, night-sweats and general weakness. A great many men and women are living to-day in the full enjoyment of health and happiness who had been "given up" by doctors, but found a perfect and permanent cure in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery."

"My wife had hemorrhage of the lungs," writes W. A. Sanders, of Hern, Mason Co., W. Va. "She had ten hemorrhages, and the people all around here said she would never be well again. But she began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and she soon began to gain strength and flesh. After taking ten bottles she was entirely well. Should you think this would do you any good to publish, just use it, and if any one disputes the merits of this almost omnipotent medicine they may enclose self-addressed envelope with stamp, and I will answer, the same as written in this letter."

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DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

10 o'clock at his home about seven miles north on the Orienta road, aged 67 years. He leaves a wife and grown up family to mourn his loss. He was one of the pioneer homesteaders of Iron River and owned a fine farm and was a comfortably well-to-do farmer.

Miss Grace Kinney, of Orienta, was in the city last Tuesday on her way home from Duluth.

Nick Hopkins, of Orienta, was in the city last Tuesday on his way to Manawa to visit with relatives and firends there for a week or two.

William Judd, of Grand Rapids, Minn., arrived in the city last Monday night. He will reamin in town for a couple of months.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Babb left last Tuesday for a trip to Oregon and other points west. They are looking for a new home in the West. They expect to be away about six weeks at least.

A party of fifteen of the members of Brownstone lodge I. O. O. F., drove down to Nebagamaih lake last Wednesday evening to visit the Nebagamaih lodge of I. O. O. F. They arrived there at 9 p. m. and spent about four and one-half hours with the brothers. At the close of the lodge there was an oyster supper prepared. The names of the party were J. Hughs, William Elliott, N. W. Barker, I. E. Forsyth, Ernest Sawn, James Sullivan, Isaac Freedman, John Irving, Thomas Sullivan, William Decorsey, J. Refkin, Alfred Johnson, Albert Johnson, Henry Hoppie, August Ellerman. All returned home well satisfied with their visit.

O. J. Dodge, of Brule, was in town last Thursday looking after teams to work in the woods at Pearson Siding.

J. Terwilliger, of Ashland, was in our city last Saturday.

D. L. Wiggins and wife and sister were in town last Monday.

Peter Fox, of Washburn, was in the city last Wednesday.

The United Order of Foresters gave a dance last Wednesday night at the M. W. A. hall. Supper was served at the Grimpo hotel. The dance was well attended.

Hugh Mills spent several days in this city the last of last week and the first of this.

Miss Anna Sonjer, of Washburn, spent last Saturday and Sunday in this city with Miss Mabel Gibson.

Miss Ethel Snyder and Edith Benton visited with friends in West Superior last Sunday.

Capt. W. W. Lea left last Saturday for Idaho to look over some interest he has in mining property there.

Josie Taylor froze her hands quite badly while on her way to school last Tuesday morning.

Emil Schneider left last Tuesday for St. Paul to attend the wedding of his cousin and act as groomsman. He expects to be absent about two weeks.

Morris & Swanson closed out their business in the store last Saturday. They will be found in their office on the second floor until the business of the firm is entirely closed up.

W. M. Stephenson, the special freight agent for the Wisconsin Central railway, was in the city last Wednesday.

Edward Marson and Miss Nellie Dumont were united in marriage last Tuesday morning by the Rev. Father Kleffer, pastor of St. Michael's Catholic church. James Taylor acted as best man and Della Bronsley as bridesmaid. A dancing party was given in their honor at the Doucette house. A large number of the friends of the young couple were present at the evening's entertainment. Mr. Marson is an employe of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railway company. The young couple left last Wednesday morning. Their many friends wish them a happy life.

R. A. Stackbauer returned home last Monday from his trip out West. He has been absent about two weeks and visited points in Washington and Portland, Ore., and says he is a little disappointed in the country although he did not remain long enough for an accurate opinion of it. He met several of the Iron Rivrites in his travels. He saw George McClintock and William Bohn. George McClintock is dealing in real estate and doing fairly well and expects to return to Wisconsin in a few days for a visit. Mr. Steckhauer did not make any investments in timber lands although he may yet make investments out there.

P. J. Savage, the pioneer editor, and Max Helmer visited St. Paul and Minneapolis last Saturday and Sunday.

W. E. McLard was in the city last Wednesday looking after his interests here.

Richard Howe left for Bessemer, Mich., last Wednesday.

William Denny left last Thursday morning for Chippewa Falls, where he expects to remain about three weeks.

E. W. Monahan spent several days at Bayfield during the week.

CASS LAKE.

Cass Lake, Feb. 8.—The report of the fire department for January was submitted to the village council Monday. The council accepted the report and ordered $21 to be paid to the department, and at the suggestion of President Cardle a vote of thanks was tendered the fire ladies for their efficient services. A supplemental report accompanied the monthly report, showing the number of fires since the reorganization of the department. May 30. There were five fires, the last occurring on Nov. 4.

Alex Houle, of Cloquet, spent Tuesday night in Cass Lake, leaving on Wednesday morning for Walker, where he had some business to transact. Alex will be remembered as the Indian pitcher who played with the Cass Lake baseball team during the summer of 1900. He played with the Aitkin team last summer, and states that he and his brother Mike will be in Cass Lake again next year.

P. H. Kennedy, came over from Farley Saturday evening for a visit with his family, returning to that place on Sunday.

Carl Judkins, son of B. D. Judkins and a former resident of Cass Lake, was visiting here the first of the week.

Lee West, the logger who has many friends in Cass Lake, was in town Monday, arriving from Minneapolis on the noon train of that day.

John E. McGrath, of Minneapolis, was in town this week.

A. W. Foss, editor of the Thirteen Towns of Fosston, accompanied by his wife and little daughter Nina, came over from that place on Sunday's train. Mr. Foss returned home on the westbound train that day. Mrs. Foss and daughter remaining here until Monday for a visit with Sam Sutor and family.

Born, this week, to Mr. and Mrs. J. Nells, a boy; to Mr. and Mrs. Druesdale, a girl; to Mr. and Mrs. T. D. Orthman, a boy.

Miss Agnes McKinnon, of Mapleton, is here visiting her sister, Mrs. Andyke.

Carol Judkins, of Minneapolis, came up Saturday for a few days' visit with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Judkins.

Miss Helen Thompson is slowly recovering from an attack of the grippe.

C. A. Anderson left for a week's business tour at Bemidji and surrounding bergs.

Miss Clara Mickler came down from Fisher Saturday and visited with her friends, the Misses Helen and Nora Thompson. She returned home Sunday and was accompanied by Miss Nora Thompson, who returned Wednesday and will be with her sister at the millinery store.

Mrs. O. M. Olson, who had been visiting with her brother-in-law's family, Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Olson, of the Scanlon-Gipson company, left for her home at Akeley, Saturday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Mullen left Monday morning for a several days' visit at Long Prairie.

A. N. McIntosh is quite sick at his home in Farris with rheumatism. His condition has been quite critical.

A man, who has a wife and four children, in Eau Claire Wis., depending upon his support, reached town Monday, penniless, having walked 100 miles. He was bound for Grand Rapids, where he expects work in a mill. Rev. Brabner Smith with the help of subscriptions from a few citizens, saw to his wants here and furnished his fare to Grand Rapids on Tuesday.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—Manager John Pengilly was in the city a few days this week.

Peter Schaefer returned Thursday evening from a few days spent in Duluth on business.

The donations on McKinley day at the public schools in this city amounted to near $17, which will be sent to the treasurer of the National Memorial association.

R. J. Whiteside was up from Mountain Iron Sunday on a visit to friends.

H. Oshlund arrived from Superior this week and has accepted a position at the Big Store.

Friday morning the fire alarm was sounded, fire being discovered in the smoke house in the rear of Matt Kapsck's meat market. Not much damage was done.

The Duluth & Iron Range has a crew of men in the city putting in a track at the Sibley property so the Oliver company can start their new machinery, which will arrive in the near future.

The Dancing club gave a dance Friday evening, which was said to be an enjoyable affair.

A special train was in the city Sunday, carrying on board Auditor Jeffry, of the Oliver Iron Mining company and his friends.

Mrs. C. G. Shipman left Tuesday morning for Duluth, from whence she will go to California to spend the winter.

The Slovemar-Croaten Stock company has sold to H. D. Gallagher, lots 5 and 6, in block 19, for a consideration of $1500.

H. C. Flynn spent a few days in Tower this week.

Deputy Game Warden James Tippet spent a few days here from Tower last week.

Rev. Father Buh spent Wednesday in Tower last week.

Attorney James Wilson Osborne spent Tuesday in Tower.

W. T. James spent Tuesday of last week in Tower.

Charles Mike was a visitor in this city last week from Tower.

F. O. Staudinger has sold his confectionery store to Maunts Kangasmeni, who will take charge in a few days.

P. O. Torcen and daughter, Miss Blanche, spent a few days in this city from Tower last week visiting with friends.

Otto Manien has purchased the Ely Bottling works from John Jackman.

W. D. Reis, who has for the past year been employed as bookkeeper at the store of R. S. Miller, left Monday morning for Duluth.

The Ely fire department will give a dance Feb. 21, which promises to be a grand success.

The sewing circle met with Mrs. S. M. Marsh Friday afternoon.

G. H. Goad and William Ingram spent a few days in Duluth this week.

A bus is now run between the Savoy location and the schools in this city. The bus runs in the morning and evening and is quite a benefit to the children who had to walk so far.

Mrs. Joseph Thomas and son arrived in the city Wednesday evening from Hibbing for a week's visit with her mother, Mrs. E. Polklnghorn.

Mrs. Samuel Rapson and son spent a few days in Duluth this week, going down Thursday.

A concert consisting of home talent will be given in the Presbyterian church on Tuesday evening, Feb. 11, at 8 o'clock.

Fred Bysch was in the city from Winton Thursday.

Del McKeen and family, of Winton, returned last week from their visit in the southern part of the state, where they have been visiting friends and relatives for the past week.

William Murphy, filer for the Fall Lake Lumber company, returned from his visit of several weeks spent in Minneapolis.

Two ladies representing the Baker Orphans home of Duluth were in the city several days this week collecting cash donations for that institution.

Elias Enannel Hukkala secured first citizen papers from Deputy Clerk of the Court Schaefer.

TO FORECAST WEATHER.

The ordinary person makes no distinction between one cloud and another, though by some meteorologists they are divided into four distinct groups; the heaped up cumulus; the delicate feathery, curling little clouds, named cirus, so high as to be frozen, often, into minute needles of ice; the wide-spreading sheets of cloud named stratus, which seldom more than half a mile above the earth, often come down to envelop us in fogs of mist; and the dark, unmistakable nimbus, very soon causing the rain that lefe the earth as vapor to be restored as rain, says Pearson's Magazine.

The clouds owe their different forms to different physical states of the atmosphere, to which are also due the aerial currents, which often flow in directions other than the currents or winds prevailing close to the earth.

In weather forecasting no clouds are worthy of such attention as the cirrus clouds, which attain a greater elevation than any others, averaging in summer a height of five or six miles above the earth. Their sudden appearance in a clear sky is generally a signal of foul weather, especially when their streamers have an upward tendency, for this indicates that the clouds are failing. After heavy rains, on the other hand, the formation of these clouds is often a sign of improvement.

When cirrus clouds appear in summer, the assumption is that rain will occur in two or three days. They are seldom seen in winter and never for long. When cirrus clouds assume the form of stratus, at any altitude of four or five miles, their persistence is an almost certain sign of rainy weather. If, on the contrary, they remain of small size, and quickly dissipear, no change is to be apprehended.

Among the most significant of the cirrus formation of clouds is that delicate white veil called cirro-pollum, which is gradually drawn across the sky. This, with its accompanying lunar and colar halos, almost certainly foretells rain and bad weather for the next day.

Cumulus clouds vary enormously in size, but so long as they remain of moderate dimensions, in fine weather, they indicate a continuance of brightness. But when, in hot weather, they grow exceptionally large, they give warning of storms, with high temperature—and with great certainty when they assume a dome-like shape.

The ordinary stratus, the fog of the sky, is common in all seasons, but is generally observed in the morning or evening. It causes fine rain, seldom of very long duration.

None can mistake the nimbus formation, those dark, heavy-looking masses, with clearly-defined outlines, the certain precursors of immediate rain. They may attain the size of immense mountains of vapor, the base less than a mile above the ground, and the summit as high as five miles. Some nimbus clouds have been calculated to contain as much as 500 cubic miles of vapor.

The Evening Herald is the Duluth business man's paper, because it prints the news while it is news—not stuff warmed over for readers next day—and because it reaches him at an hour when he has time to read it, advertisements and all. To advertisers who want to reach business men the moral is obvious.

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Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.

COUGH SYRUP

Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.

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Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

A MATTER OF RELAXATION

BY ANGELA MORGAN.

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

What you need, my dear," said Hastings, noting his wife's nervous irritability at dinner, "is relaxation. You are too tense. You fret and worry over every little annoyance. Just make up your mind to let things go, for once. Don't fuss over every little ink spot on the carpet and every infinitesmal hole in the tablecloth."

"You are right, Ferdinand,' spoke up Cousin Harriet, who was making the Hastings domicile her stopping place while lecturing in the city. Cousin Harriet had radical views on every subject pertaining to womankind, and it was the delight of her existence to expound her doctrines to hungering sisters less enlightened than she.

She nodded now with hearty approbation. "It's just what I've been telling Blanche all along," she pursued. "I'm very glad you see the truth at last, Ferdinand. If Blanche values her health, she will certainly take your advice and save herself from ultimate——"

Cousin Harriet's speech was terminated abruptly and unexpectedly, Ferdinand Hastings, Jr., the 5-year-old ruler of the household, becoming impatient at the temporary indifference of his parents to his needs, had sent his indignant little fists in the direction of his father's coffee cup, with the result that a swiftly widening stream of brown dyed the snowy daintiness of the tablecloth.

Mrs. Hastings started from her chair with nervous cries of "O, Ferdie, Ferdie, what will you do next?"

"Now, now, Blanche, never mind. Right here is where you should exercise the calmness of which we were speaking," admonished the father, as he serenely watched his wife repairing damages.

"Oh, yes," retorted the latter, with a curling lip, "it is easy enough to be calm when one has no personal responsibility. Some how I am always expected to be a marvel of sweet indifference, no matter what catastrophes occur. I must never be nervous, never cross, never tired—and it makes no difference to you people how much I have to worry me or how—I——"

A little break in the voice punctuated this bravely resentful speech and prepared the others for the tears that followed. Cousin Harriet waited for them to cease flowing before she spoke again. Her tone was soothingly persuasive.

"Now, Blanche, dear, I am sure you will readily see that Ferdinand is right. You are overwrought. You need to relax. Just let go. We won't object if the dinners are not always up to the same standard. We'd rather suffer any amount of inconvenience than see you wearing yourself out with worry as you are doing."

"Do you really mean it?" asked Mrs. Hastings, with unexpected eagerness.



"BLANCHE HASTINGS, HOW ON EARTH DID THIS EVER HAPPEN?"

"Why, yes, of course," replied the others, in some astonishment.

"Very well. I'll begin tomorrow to relax. I'm glad you have insisted on it, Harriet, and I am sure Ferdinand agrees with you as to the inconvenience."

"Certainly, my dear, certainly," he assured her. "We won't utter a word of complaint if the chairs are dusty and the kitchen isn't swept every half hour."

Even before the dinner was over Mrs. Hastings had assumed an air of ease and serinity most gratifying to behold.

The first thing to disturb her equilibrium the next morning was the fact that Ferdinand, Jr., together with his playmate across the street, had littered the parlor floor with a shower of tiny paper bits, cut up and distributed to represent a snowfall. The ingenious youngsters had also invented a sleigh by piling chairs upon each other in the middle of the room and roping the center table thereto in limitation of a prancing steed.

Mrs. Hastings was exceedingly busy in the kitchen at the time, endeavoring to put instructions into the adamantine intelligence of a recently acquired cook.

Her first impulse was to stop everything and clear away the rubbish from the parlor, in the event of early callers.

Then she remembered her recent resolution. "I am to relax," she reminded herself. "To relax and not worry about anything." So she went on giving instructions to Anne.

Even when the doirbell rang some moments later and callers for Cousin Harriet were announced she endeavored to be true to her determination by maintaining a suave indifference.

She was quite unprepared, however, for the storm that burst upon her head when the visitors had departed and Cousin Harriet appeared. A volley of reproaches from the latter's lips attacked the fortress of her blissful tranquility.

Blanche Hastings, how on earth did it ever happen? Think of the disgrace, the humiliation! Did you know it was the Spoffords who called?—the Spoffords of all people! They heard my lecture and came to congratulate me. They chose the morning for their visit as they are going to leave town this afternoon. And there was all that unpardonable mess and those imps of children playing all sorts of tricks. O, Blanche, how could you have allowed it?"

Mrs. Hastings regarded her cousin with mild eyes of astonishment. "I thought you understood," she observed, placidly, "that I have started upon a period of relaxation. I cannot afford to fret or worry over any annoyance, be it my own or another's.

The statement only served to increase Cousin Harriet the more. "Relaxation!" she repeated. "Well, if you can't relax without permitting that child to turn the whole house topsy-turvy, I'm sorry for your condition. You always were an extremist, Blanche. Relaxation is one thing and utter carelessness is another. If you'll permit me to say it, you chose the wrong occasion upon which to try the effect of your 'don't worry' experiment."

Altogether rather dismayed at the unexpected result of a test sincerely undertaken, Mrs. Hastings determined to stick to her resolution in spite of discouragements. She would go about the remaining duties of the day with her customary concentration and interest, but, should annoyances or obstructions occur, she would certainly not exert herself to accomplish the impossible nor would she worry over unavoidable discrepancies.

So it happened that when Anne, having forgotten instructions, made several unfortunate moves in the matter of preparing dinner, Mrs. Hastings decided to accept the situation gracefully and serve the viands in question regardless of imperfections.

Ferdinand Hastings, Sr., was the first to notice the condition of the soup. He said nothing, although a solemn look gathered in his eyes—a look that deepened and darkened as each succeeding dish was tasted. Finally his ominous silence was broken:

"What on earth could have happened today, Blanche?" he demanded. "There isn't a thing that's fit to eat."

"It's on account of Anne," explained his wife, calmly. "You know she is inexperienced as yet."

"Humph!" observed Hastings. "You seem to take it pretty coolly. Seems to me you might have made some effort to remedy things."

"I would have done so, ordinarily," answered Mrs. Hastings with unshaken tranquility, "but you see I am trying to relax now. I have decided not to let anything worry me and——"

A half snort from Cousin Harriet warned her that further explanations would be futile just then. She relapsed into silence, but her face showed a quiet determination that nothing could destroy.

"I shall take things calmly, if the heavens fall," she told herself, resolutely.

The heavens did fall, metaphorically speaking, when, later in the week, Ferdinand's mother, unheralded, arrived with bag and baggage to pay them a long-promised visit.

Blanche, grown still more calm with the calmness of despair, endured with marvelous placidity all the torment and humiliation of that awful visit.

Of course Anne became refractory, and there were times when apologies were in order to parties disappointed appetites. Of course the house was not in its usual condition of tidy harmony, and Blanche was made painfully aware of the fact that the lace curtains needed cleaning and the windows required washing.

It almost seemed that her heart would break when she overheard Ferdinand's mother say to Cousin Harriet: "Why, I understood that Blanche was such an excellent housekeeper. Is she always similarly unfortunate?"

At last the dread ordeal was over and the mother deuarted, expressing cool satisfaction at having enjoyed a "nice" visit with her son's family.

Mrs. Hastings, taking her seat at the breakfast table the next morning, ventured a quiet announcement.

"When summer comes," she said, "I am going away—quite far away—to some sequestered nook where naught but the songs of birds and the hum of bees can disturb me. I think it would be a good idea, don't you, Cousin Harriet?"

"Why?" was the grim retort.

"Oh," said the other, sweetly, "I think I need to relax. I'm sure Ferdinand agrees to that."

"Ferdinand" did not reply. He was absorbed in discussing roast beef.

Cousin Harriet supplied herself to the same task with remarkable concentration, while the younger Hastings, noticing the lull, contemplated spilling another cup of coffee.

TOWNE IN WALL STREET.

New York Mercantile and Financial Times: The fact that Ex-Senator C. A. Towne has decided to enter into the business life of the metropolis is a matter for sincere congratulation as there is room and rich opportunities here for men of his character.

For a long time ex-Senator Towne has occupied a prominent place before the people of the United States, who have learned to look upon him as one of the ablest, most brilliant and most conscientious of our public men. His career has been creditable and successful in the highest degree, illustrating in a forcible manner, the force of brains when allied to industry and energy. As a member of the United States senate he rendered able and effective service, his vote and influence having invariably been exercised in behalf of honest and intelligent legislation. While in that body he achieved distinction as an orator and as a debater of rare power. Always a warm and eloquent advocate of bimetallism, he was a prominent candidate for the presidential nomination and there can be no question that, in the event of his nomination, he would have made a strong run.

It is Mr. Towne's intention chiefly to engage in a general investment and securities business in this city, and with that end in view has he opened offices at 63 and 65 Wall street. Mr. Towne is actively interested in a number of leading corporations and, as he is a financiar of ability and experience, there can be no question as to his qualifications for his new undertaking.

We join with Mr. Towne's numerous friends in welcoming him to the metropolis and in wishing him every success. He is certain to find here a wider field for the exercise of his undoubted talents and is destined to prove an important factor in the local financial world.

Wrinkles are smoothed away by its healing touch. Brain tired and depressed people will find a cure in Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

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DULUTH SUNDAY CHURCH SERVICES

Evangelist Atkinson to Speak and Sing at Three Services at Second Presbyterian---Presbyterian Mission Services.

At the Second Presbyterian church, 1515 West Superior street, the morning service will be at 10:30 a. m., subject, "The Brevity of Opportunity for Work." Afternoon service at 2:30 p. m., subject, "Wrecks." Evening service at 7:30, subject, "The Slavery of Sin."

Rev. T. H. Atkinson, of Louisiana, Mo., the noted evangelist, will speak and sing at every meeting. He will be assisted in the song service by a strong chorus choir.

Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. S. C. E. at 6:45 p. m.

* * *

At St. Paul's church tomorrow, services will be as follows: At 8 a. m., holy communion; 11 a. m., morning prayer, litany and sermon; 7:30 p. m., evening prayer and sermon. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" from "Dlademata".....
Chanted—"Venite" .....
"Te Deum" in B flat .....Custance
Chanted—"Benedictus" .....
Litany hymn—"Litany of the Incarnate Life".....Anon
Hymn—"Alleluia, Song of Gladness"..
.....German
Offertory .....
Anthem—"Onward Christian Soldiers"
.....McDougall
Don Gearhart and choir.
Recessional—"My Soul, Be On Thy Guard".....Heath

EVENING.

Processional—"Soldiers of Christ, Arise" from "Dlademata".....
Chanted—"Psalter" .....
"Magnificat," in A flat.....Custance
"Nunc Dimittis," in A flat.....Custance
Hymn—"Lights a Abode".....H. Smart
Anthem—"Savior, When Night Involves the Sky".....Shelley
Don Gearhart and choir.
Orison—"Now the Day Is Over"....Barnby
Recessional—"My Soul, Be On Thy Guard".....Heath
A. F. M. Custance, organist and choirmaster.

* * *

At Pilgrim Congregational church, Rev. Alexander Milne will preach in the morning on: "The Religion of Impulse and the Religion of Principle." In the evening he will speak on: "The Puritans in England."

* * *

At the First Presbyterian church, Rev. T. H. Cleland will preach morning and evening. Morning theme: "Decision." Evening theme: "Finding the Lost Chord." The programs of the music are as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude and fuge.....Rink
Quartet—"Jesus, Lover of My Soul"..
.....J. G. Zabriske
Sentence, solo and quartet—"Give Ear, O Lard".....Hanscom
Solo, P. G. Brown.
Offertory .....Beethoven
Postlude—"Allegro".....Niels Gade

EVENING.

Organ—"Andante Maestoso" ..A. Sullivan
Hymn, quartet—"O Lord to Thee Will I Lift Up My Voice".....A. Reichel
Alto solo and quartet—"Great Is Thy Love".....Carl Bohm
Solo by Mrs. Mark Baldwin.

A solo will be sung after the sermon by Paul Gilbert.

The choir will consist of soprano, Miss McKay; also, Mrs. Mark Baldwin; tenor, Paul Gilbert; bass, P. G. Brown; organist, Mrs. Margaret McLean.

* * *

At the First Methodist Episcopal church, the pastor, Rev. Samuel P. Long will preach. Morning subject, "Abounding in the Work of the Lord." Evening subject, "I Believe." Sunday school at 12 m. Epworth league devotional meeting at 6:30 p. m. The musical program will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude—"Andante," in C....Silas
Organist's Impovisation .....
Chorus—"The Lord Is My Shepherd"...
.....Buchanan
Offertory—"Andante Grazioso"...Haydn
Duet—"My Faith Looks Up to Thee"
.....Bassford
Mr. and Mrs. D. G. Black.
Quartet—"Nearer My God to Thee"...
.....Hiven
Postlude—"Let the Bright Seraphine"
.....Handel

EVENING.

Organ prelude—"Andante in B Flat"..
.....Haydn
Organist's Impovisation .....
Chorus—"Grant O Lord" .....Mozart
Offertory—"Traumerei and Romance"
.....Schumann
Solo—"Face to Face".....Johnson
Mrs. Black.
Quartet—"My Soul Longeth"....Marston
Postlude—"Cum Sancto Spirita"..Haydn
C. W. Weeks, director of music; William Browne, organist.

* * *

There will be Sunday school service at 3 p. m. at the Presbyterian mission, Seventeenth avenue east and London road. W. J. McCabe superintendent; also preaching service at 7:30 p. m., conducted by Rev. R. A. Montgomery.

* * *

At the First Unitarian church, Rev. Harry White will preach on "The Horebs and the Sinais of Life."

* * *

At the Endion Methodist church, formerly the Morley church, Rev. A. E. Rowson will preach morning and evening.

* * *

At the First Church of Christ, Scientist, No. 522 East Superior street, there will be service at 10:45 a. m., subject, "Soul." Christian Science reading room No. 410 Burrows' building, open daily except Sunday from 10 a. m. to 4 p. m.

* * *

At St. Luke's church, Episcopal, corner of Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be services tomorrow as follows: Sunday school at 10 a. m., morning prayer and sermon at 11 a. m., evening prayer and sermon at 7:30 p. m. Rev. Louis Belden, pastor.

* * *

At Trinity Mission, Episcopal, services tomorrow will be as follows: Holy communion at 8 a. m., Sunday school at 3 p. m., evening prayer and sermon at 4 p. m. Rev. Louis I. Belden, pastor.

* * *

At the Norwegian Synod church, corner Fifty-seventh avenue west and Gosnold street, there will be service Sunday forenoon at 11 o'clock. Rev. Adolph Salveson, pastor.

* * *

In Grace M. E. church, Rev. H. W. Knowles will preach tomorrow morning on "And the Heavens Were as Brass," and in the evening on "Poe's Ravens and the Biblical Doves." Prelude, "The Disappointment of Diogenes in Famous Milwaukee."

* * *

At the First Swedish Methodist church on Twentieth avenue west and Third street, services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Rev. John A. Anderson, the pastor, will preach. Sunday school at 12 m.

* * *

At the Zion's church on Twenty-fifth avenue west and Third street, Rev. C. H. Hjortholm will conduct service at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Evening service will be in the English language. Sunday school at 9 a. m.

* * *

At the First Swedish Baptist church, Nineteenth avenue west and First street, there will be services tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. At 4 o'clock p. m. the Women's Foreign Mission society will have its monthly meeting. Young People's society meets at 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting on Thursday evening.

* * *

Services at the Glen Avon church will be at 10:45 o'clock tomorrow morning. Subject, "The Liquor Traffic and the Duty of the Church. Miss Bessie Hunter will sing. Sunday school at 12 o'clock. Afternoon service at 4:30 o'clock.

* * *

Rev. W. H. Davenport will preach in the morning at 10:45 and in the evening at 7:30 at the Second Baptist church, corner Twentieth avenue west and First street.

* * *

At the First Christian church next Sunday morning at 10:40. Topic: "Sacrifices That Cost." Sunday school at 12 m., Christian Endeavor at 6:30 p. m., evening service at 7:30, topic, "Saving Others—Unable to Save Selfa."

* * *

At the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran church, corner of First avenue east and Third street, Rev. N. B. Tivedt will preach tomorrow at 10:30 a. m. when there will be holy communion service and at 7:30 p. m. Sunday school teachers' meeting at 4 p. m. Sunday school Norwegian and English at 9 a. m.

* * *

At Lakeside Presbyterian church tomorrow, Secretary Phil Bevis of the Y. M. C. A. will speak at 10:30 a. m. Sunday school at 12 m., Junior endeavor at 3:30 p. m., Y. P. S. C. E. meeting at 6 p. m.

* * *

At St. Peter's chapel, 1932 Michigan street, corner of Twentieth avenue west, Swedish services will be held by the Rev. Knute S. Tottermann, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., and at 7:30 o'clock p. m.

* * *

Sunday services at Hope church of the Evangelical association, corner Fifth street and Sixth avenue east, will be as follows. Sunday school at 10 a. m., preaching at 11 a. m., young people's meeting at 7:15 p. m., preaching at 8 p. m. Songs by the choir and male quartet.

* * *

At the First Baptist church there will be the usual morning and evening services. The music will be as follows:

MORNING.

Organ prelude.....Selected
Quartet—"Te Deum," in B flat.....
.....Dudley Buck
Response—"O Thou That Hearest Prayer".....James Rogez
Quartet—"Rock of Ages"....Dudley Buck
Offertory .....Selected
Quartet—"Come Unto Me"..C. P. Morrison
Solo by W. E. Maure.

EVENING.

"The Day is Gently Sinking to a Close"
..... Nevin
Quartet.
Offertory .....Selected
"God Is Love".....Harry R. Shelley
Quartet, with solo by C. H. Giddings.

The choir is composed of Mrs. Homer Collins, soprano; Miss Ethel Cannon, contralto; W. E. Maure, tenor; C. H. Giddings, bass, and Miss Carlotta Simonds, organist.

* * *

At the Bethany Lutheran church, Twentieth avenue west and Third street, Rev. A. F. Elmquist, Ph. D., pastor will conduct services tomorrow morning and evening. Morning sermon at 10; evening at 7:45. Morning topic: "Can Those Beyond the Grave Talk to and Influence Us?" At the evening services during Lent the passion story of Christ will be told.

BLASTS FROM RAM'S HORN.

Calmness is the mark of true courage. Godliness is true and eternal greatness. The only dumb religion is a dead one. A conspiracy of silence is usually one of sin.

Truth is not made false because we doubt her.

Only those whom the cap fits will criticise its cut.

Daily drudgery may be the door to divine delights.

Dark days make a good background for bright lives.

You cannot make a live church out of dead people.

The devouring flame of sin is at first only a welcome warmth.

Many take their business into the house of God who are afraid to take Him into their houses of business.

SECULAR SHOTS AT PULPIT

Cleveland Plain Dealer: Bishop Potter's summer house was entered and despoiled by a gang of burglars the other night, but there is nothing to indicate that the bishop suspects any prohibitionist.

Boston Transcript: The Philadelphia Methodists think Prof. Mitchell is a dangerous man because he cannot be easily answered. When they say "dangerous" they probably mean "embarrassing."

Indianapolis Journal: Those who have read some of the attacks of Methodist preachers upon Prof. Pearson will be pained at the intolerent spirit which pervades these utterances. If it were the age of the stake, Prof. Pearson would likely be burned.

Louisville Courier-Journal: Is Dr. Parkhurst, in now breaking out with the announcement that only some souls are immortal, desirous of acquiring further notoriety at the hands, say of that Chicago minister who wishes to skin alive the man who questions the infallibility of the bible and of those Nashville ministers who propose to use shotguns to keep theatrical performances out of the building erected for the performances of Rev. Sam Jones?

LIFTING A HUGE WALL.

A wonderful engineering feat is being performed in East Eighteenth street, and probably 99 out of every 100 persons who pass the half-finished 8-story steel building just off Fifth avenue do not know it. The steel framework of one entire side wall, weighing 1,200,000 pounds, is being lifted without the disjointing of a single frame. This wall was found to be 17 inches out of plumb, and must be straightened, says the New York Mail and Express.

Even in these days of improved mechanical appliances, the contractors, who are also engaged on part of the subway, have been at work four weeks on the wall, and hardly expect to finish their labors before another week or two.

The work is being done by the use of giant jackscrews operated by a score or more of men. As much of the brickwork was already in place when the sagging wall was discovered, its removal was a job which took almost a week. The contract provided for the taking to pieces such portions of the brick as had to come down and then lifting the steel frame without disjointing any of it.

The defect in the wall was found when the building was almost completed. It was a puzzle for the builders to explain it at first. Later investigation finally brought out the folowing facts:

Foundation for the columns of a big building at Fifth avenue and Eighteenth street, just west of the new structure, had been laid by means of open caissons. In taking the material out of these caissons the wall of the new building sunk by suction, and by the time the caissons were emptied the wall of the latter structure was leaning well toward the avenue. Because of this condition of affairs the contract for the straightening of the wall further called for firmer foundations under the shifted wall.

In undertaking this work the company first put temporary shoring under the east wall, which was necessarily weakened by the withdrawal of a portion of the west one's strength. Then the sections of brick and terra cotta in the latter were numbered, after which they were taken down and piled according to numbers.

This was only the preliminary work. It took several days to get the jackscrews properly adjusted, and for two weeks past the wall has been slowly but surely lifted from its foundation. There are now but a few inches more to go before the top of the great framework will be perfectly plumb.

Once in position, the detached brick and terra cotta will be replaced in the same relative positions they occupied before. The numbers on each section will guide the builder.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Neglect of a Cough or Sore Throat may result in an Incurable Throat Trouble or Consumption. For relief use BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES. Nothing excels this simple remedy. Sold only in boxes.

WORLD OF LABOR

Trades Assembly Committee Doing Good Work at St. Paul.

Social Session to Be Held By Building Trades Council.

Only One Union Labor Candidate For Alderman Elected.

Coming labor meetings:

Locomotive engineers meet tomorrow in Columbia hall.

Bessemer division engineers, tomorrow, at Proctorknott.

Boot and shoe workers, Monday, 7 First avenue west.

Stonecutters' union, Monday, in the Brown block.

Railway carmen will meet Monday, in Irwin-Sloan block.

Plasterers' union meets Monday, in Kalamazoo block.

Meat cutters' union, Tuesday, in the Kalamazoo block.

Sheet metal workers, Tuesday, in the Kalamazoo block.

Journeymen barbers meet Tuesday in the Kalamazoo block.

Carpenters' union meets Tuesday in the Labor World office.

Steamfitters' union meets Tuesday in the Hunter block.

Cooks and waiters, Tuesday, 218 West Superior street.

Plumbers' union meets Thursday in the Kalamazoo block.

Retail Clerks' union meets Thursday in Hunter block.

Federated Trades' assembly, Friday, Kalamazoo block.

Lathers' union meets Friday in the Kalamazoo block.

* * *

The anti-tax code committee of three from the Federated Trades' assembly is making itself felt down at the meeting of the legislature. The members have appeared before the tax code committee once, and they have also appeared before a number of labor unions in St. Paul and Minneapolis.

* * *

The Building Trades' council will hold a social session on Feb. 17. At the last meeting this was decided on and it promises to be quite an important event.

* * *

A number of unions were not represented Monday evening and a committee was appointed to urge a better attendance.

* * *

Of the three union labor candidates in the recent city election, only one was elected. William E. McEwen, of the plumbers' union, was chosen to succeed Victor Johnson, of the Retail Clerks' union, as alderman from the Fifth ward.

Arthur A. Fider, of the Bookbinders' union, was defeated for alderman in the Second ward though he has every reason to feel proud of the vote he received.

Down in the Sixth ward Edward Kriz of the Boilermakers' union, running on the Socialist ticket, got more votes than the Democratic candidate but the Republican candidate had 145 more votes than the combined vote of both his opponents.

* * *

William E. McEwen, member of the Plumbers' union, publisher of the Labor World, secretary of the Minnesota State Federation of Labor, state organizer, and alderman-elect from the Fifth ward, left last evening for Brainerd to look after several new unions.

LABOR NOTES.

The United States has 3546 millionaires.

There are 28,175 physicians in Germany.

Chillicothe, O., has women street car conductors.

There are 1513 miles of sewers in Greater New York.

Indianapolis has revived the project to build a labor temple.

The French chamber of deputies has adopted the 8-hour bill for miners.

The Cooks' and Waiters' union, of Salt Lake City, want higher wages and may strike.

The Brewers' and Bottlers' union have gained an eight-hour day at Grand Rapids, Mich.

Chicago school teachers are making a bitter fight against the proposed 20 per cent reduction in salaries.

San Francisco's mayor recently elected on the labor ticket is employing only unionists in city offices.

The cry of "scab" is a sufficient cause for an officer to make an arrest under the new police order in Boston.

About 75,000 machinists are now working under a nine-hour system, and 2000 are striking for a similar concession.

The Canadian Pacific railroad will build immense locomotive and car works in Montreal and employ 7000 men.

The government printing office, fast approaching completion, will be the largest institution of its kind in the world.

The coal miners at Broad Cove, Cape Breton, have struck a second time within two months for increased wages.

The materials of the Buffalo exposition, which was recently sold to a wrecking company for $132,000, cost over $8,000,000.

The eight-hour bill for government work will not be taken up by the house committee on labor before March 1. It is bitterly opposed by iron and steel interests.

The Montana Federation of Labor as well as the state organization of Wisconsin has decided to investigate economic questions, with a view to entering the political field.

The strike of fishermen which began at Pensacola, Fla., several weeks ago and spread to Mobile, has been ended at the latter city by the men returning to work at the old wages.

New Bedford, Mass., weavers, who asked for an advance in wages, have been informed by the mill owners that wages paid today compare favorably with the wages paid as an advance in 189. A strike is imminent.

The Canadian Pacific railway will not be able to say the trackmen are not a solid, responsible organization the next time an agreement is asked for. Over 98 per cent of the maintenance-of-way men are now in the union.

An effort is under way among Fall River, Mass., manufacturers to settle all future wage disputes in the mills by the appointment of a special arbitration committee, composed of manufacturers and representatives of the labor unions.

The contracts for the buildings and equipment of the new Standard Steel Car company at Pittsburg have been let, and the aggregate cost of the big plant will be $1,150,000. The work will cover about six acres of ground on a site yet to be selected.

During the past year the membership of the International Bricklayers' union has been increased by nearly 12,000 members. Very satisfactory agreements governing wages and hours of labor have been made in cities all over America.

Representatives of a number of independent sheet steel concerns in the country last week held a meeting at Pittsburg to form an association. The matter was projected by A. F. Baumgarten, vice president of the Maryland Sheet and Steel company.

The new scale of wages for the union bricklayers of Cincinnati and vicinity has been agreed on by nearyy all the employing contractors and builders, and is now in practical operation. The scale calls for 56 cents an hour for an 8-hour day.

The employes of the Grand Trunk railway at Port Huron, Mich., have raised $3000 to establish a co-operative store, where they can purchase the supplies needed at lower prices. An order for 500 tons of coal, on which they saved $1.75 a ton, has been placed.

The ornamental and architectural ironworkers may return to the structural Ironworkers' union, from which they withdrew March 22, 1901, instead of foming a national organization for which plans are being formed. Negotiations are now on for the reconciliation.

Employes of the Michigan Central railroad have voted down a proposal for service pensions, the fund to be largely created from their own wages. A similar plan presented to the employes of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railroad by the management recently was also voted down by the men.

Last Saturday a petition was presented in the Massachusetts legislature for the appropriation of $18,000 for the New Bedford Textile school, on condition that the sum of $7000 be raised in New Bedford. The Lowell Textile school has asked for a state appropriation of $20,000, $8000 to be contributed by the city of Lowell.

Alfred Mosely, C. M. G., of London, is arranging for a commission to visit the United States in the Autumn to investigate American industrial methods from the British standpoint. He says he intends to meet representatives of workingmen's organizations in five-sixths of the great staple industries. The whole of the elected delegates will accompany him at his expense.

The report of the bureau of labor statistics of New York for 1901, transmitted to the legislature by Commissioner of Labor John McMakin, say that in 1894 there were reported 860 labor organizations, with a total membership of 157,157, of whom 7488 were women. In 1901 there were 1881 organizations, with a total membership of 276,141, including 14,618 women. The rate of increase has declined for the past three years, however, and the recent rapidity of growth, it is believed, is not likely to be maintained.

The boycott that has long existed against the Hamilton-Brown Shoe company, of Colorado, has been raised by the American Federation of Labor at the request of the Boot and Shoe Workers' union. The company concedes the right of its employes to join the Boot and Shoe Workers' union, and has promised not to discriminate against anyone who might exercise that right. It also agreed to meet any and all committees from their employes, and arbitrate all disputes which cannot be settled by mutual agreement.

The number of unemployed union wage-earners was smaller in 1901 than in any recent year, except possibly 1899. The report states that while within the past five years the average earnings of union labor have increased 16 per cent, the wholesale prices of commodities have increased 26 per cent. Since 1898 the membership of New York city labor unions has increased 39 per cent, while the membership in the rest of the state has increased 124 per cent. New York city has a membership threefourths greater than all the rest of the state put together.

Pittsburg's trade unions are demanding a general advance. The highest increase asked for is by the painters. They have been receiving $2.80 and now want $3.60 for an eight-hour day. The electrical workers ask an increase from 40 cents an hour to 50 cents an hour. The scale is already prepared, but does not go into effect until May 1, 1902. J. H. Darrah, of the hoisting engineers, said that his organization would ask an increase to 60 cents an hour. They are at present getting 33 cents an hour. The same proportion of increase is being asked for by most of the other trades.

Most of the organizations increased about 75 per cent in membership from 1894 to 1901, but the metal, machinery and shipbuilding industries showed an increase of almost 40 per cent. The largest group of organized workmen is composed of those in the building trades, who make up 31 per cent of all the unionists reporting to the department. Next in order are the three groups of clothing and textiles, machinery and shipbuilding, and the transport trades, which together make up 40 per cent of the aggregate membership of the state.

Making Money In Prison.

A remarkable example of cunning has been unearthed in one of our large prisons. A convict had perfected a die and was making silver dollars, and distributing them through accomplices on the outside. Naturally the officials were very much surprised at the discovery, but no more so than the person who receives a counterfeit article in place of the genuine. It is therefore very important when you ask for Hostetter's Bitters to see that their Private Stamp over the neck is unbroken, if you value your health. For fifty years the Bitters has been recognized as the best health maker in existence, and if you are a sufferer from indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatuleney or nervousness, it is because you have never tried it. Try it at once.

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MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

IN COPPER DISTRICT

Two Sensations Offered By Trimountain Within Ten Days.

High Percentage of Production and Rapid Rise of Stock.

Mass People Figuring On Smelter to Save the Silver.

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 8.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Trimountain has offered two sensations in the past ten days, one by its high percentage of production, and the other by the rapid rise of the stock on the Boston exchange. It is generally believed that something like 85,000 shares of the total issue of 100,000 are held by one interest, hence it is comparatively easy to put up prices, but it must be admitted that the increase in prices is not purely speculative. The returns secured at the Arcadian mill, where one stamp is crushing Trimountain rock, are well up to 2 per cent ingot copper. This is a higher percentage than is secured by any other mine in the lake district, except the Champion, which adjoins the Trimountain on the south, and which also begun production with one leased head, at the Atlantic mill, in January. It is possible, though not probable, that both the Champion and Trimountain will prove 2 per cent mines, but it is more likely that they will settle down to 1½ per cent, or better. Even at that figure these two mines, with the Baltic, lying next north of the Trimountain, would be the richest amygdaloid mines of the lake district, as neither the Wolverine nor Quincy, the former leaders among amygdaloid mines, are doing much better than 1¼ per cent ingot copper.

The Mass people are still figuring on a smelter to save the silver, which averages nearly 100 ounces per ton of mineral secured from the mill, or at the rate of about 120 ounces to the ton of refined copper. It is altogether probable that the Adventure will also devise some plan for saving its silver, when production is begun, as the Adventure was even more famous than the Mass as a silver producer, in the sixties and seventies, when both properties were considerable producers.

The advance in the price of copper and the better feeling prevailing in metal and mining circles is relieving the minds of the 15,000 mine and mill employes of the lake copper district. They have been expecting the announcement of a reduction in wages, and with lake copper selling at 11 cents per pound, a cut in wages would be inevitable. If the metal can be held at 13 cents or better, an immediate cut need not be looked for. The metal market is still surrounded by much mystery, with every mark of manipulation, and further surprises of either a pleasing or disastrous nature are possible. One thing may be set down, however, as assured, and that is that the leading producers of the lake district will not enter any combination to maintain a high price for their product, at the expense of restricting production. Their managements naturally prefer high-priced copper, but after various experiences with local combinations that never held together, and after passing through the disastrous collapse following the ill-fated Secretan copper corner of twelve years ago, the lake mines are satisfied to take the good the gods give them, without attempting to control prices in opposition to the immutable laws of commerce.

Copper is being sent forward all-rail, as in the past three winters. As the cost of forwarding to the seaboard by all rail routes is about one-third cent per pound greater than mixed lake and rail shipments during the season of lake navigation, it is evident that a considerable demand exists for lake copper. As a matter of fact, most of the lake mines are sold fairly well ahead, and some of them still have considerable copper to deliver at a price of 16 cents or better.

A small sized copper boom has been caused in Marquette county by recent developments at the Sauk's Head property, some miles north of that city. The copper is found as a sulphide ore, of good assay values, in a country rock of granite. It has been generally believed that the copper ores in the granite north of the iron formation in Marquette county are in gash veins, but Capt. Daniels of the Sauk's Head property, claims to have traced the vein on which he has opened for nearly a mile. If the copper ores of Marquette county should be found to occupy true fissure veins, the district may develop into an important one.

The Lake Superior Smelting company's work at Dollar Bay, Mich., are again refining electrodes sent to this district from Montana copper mines.

The new sand-wheel of the Calumet & Hecla is nearing completion, and will be shipped from the shops, near Baltimore, to the mills at Lake Linden, in a few days. A special train of 25 to 30 cars will be required to transport the component parts of this big cycle, which will be the largest wheel ever constructed. There are already four great wheels at the Calumet & Hevla mills, and the fifth will be installed to handle the increased amount of stamp-sand caused by the addition of six stamps to the Hecla mill. Owing to the mills being only a few feet above the lake, which is shallow inshore, it is necessary to elevate the sludge carrying the tailings into launders that run out into the lake for a quarter mile or more, and this is accomplished by the immense sand-wheels, which have buckets on their inner perimteters, and raise the sludge from the sand-weils in the wheel houses to the launders, 40 to 50 feet higher.

The three mines opened on the Baltic lode are now working about 1500 men, including those employed in construction work at the mines and mills. There is good reason to believe that within the next five or six years this group of mines will be making nearly or quite as much copper as is now produced by the Calumet & Hecla, and it must necessarily follow that one of the largest mining camps of the United States will be built up, a few miles south of Houghton.

"A" shaft of the Centennial mine is now 1700 feet deep, and "B" shaft is down 1100 feet. These shafts are but ninety feet apart at surface, but diverge as depth is gained, the peculiar plan on which they are sunk having been rendered necessary by the outcrop of the Kearsarge lode being found a short distance east of the original Centennial tract of one square mile. A few acres of ground carrying the outcrop were bought by the Centennial company at the southeast corner of the tract, and this would not permit the opening of more than one shaft, under ordinary conditions, but two shafts have been secured by the applications of the ingenious method noted. The lower levels of both shafts, especially those of the deeper, as showing very good ground, and the Centennial is nearly ready for a mill.

The results of electric tramming at the Quincy have been so satisfactory that a number of new lines will be installed. The original lines were on the forty-sixth and forty-ninth levels of No. 6 shaft, at the bottom of the mine, and were about one-third of a mile in length each. The lake copper mines have been backward in the matter of power-haulage underground, but the start made by the Quincy is apt to be followed by similar installations at other large mines, in the near future. The results secured at the Quincy have been of the most satisfactory nature.

The work of reopening the old Minnesota mine from the shafts on the Calico lode of the Michigan mine is proceeding slowly but surely. None but those who have attempted to reopen a mine abandoned for a third of a century can form an adequate idea of the difficulties encountered in such a task. The work of unwatering the old mine was started about one year ago, and while the old workings are practically free of water, the job of burrowing through the accumulated debris and securing all new openings is a slow and tedious one. Several masses of native copper, one of ten tons weight, have already been secured from the old Minnesota by the Michigan company.

The management of the Victoria is giving serious consideration to the various plans proposed for the utilization of the water power at Glenn Falls, near the mine. This is the largest water power in the lake copper district, and can be developed at binimum cost.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

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HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minn Hist'l Society

TWO LARGE OBSTACLES

Now In the Way of the Proposed Tax Code.

Bill to Continue the Commission Offered.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—There will be introduced in the house at tomorrow's session a bill that will drive another nail into the tax bill's coffin, which is already nearly completed. It will be introduced by a member of the Hennepin county delegation who is not on particularly good terms with the tax bill, and it will provide for the re-engagement and continuance of the tax commission, for the purpose of framing a tax code that would be permissible under the proposed constitutional amendments, if they are adopted, and that will meet the objections to the present bill. It will also provide for the publication of 10,000 copies of the code that is prepared, and that the code shall be returned in time to be taken up at the next regular session of the legislature.

This bill will find many ready-made friends in the house, and more will be made for it. When it is lined up alongside of the Smith bill for the submitting of a proposition for a constitutional convention to the vote of the people, the two will form a formidable stumbling-block in the way of the tax bill. It is clear, from the present condition of sentiment in the legislature, that one of the bills, at least, has a good prospect of passing, and the passage of either of them means the defeat of the proposed tax bill.

• • •

The house was fifteen minutes late in getting to work this morning, and many members were absent.

Representative Noyes introduced a resolution authorizing county auditors to appoint committees of two to five farmers to appear before the tax committee. Mr. Jackson, of Ramsey, gave notice of debate, and under the rules the resolution went over till tomorrow.

The following bills were introduced:

S. D. Peterson—Releasing former State Treasurer Bobleter from liabilities on his bond. Referred to committee on reception of bills.

Nichols—Fixing time of holding district court in Pipestone county. Passed under suspension of the rules.

A communication from F. R. Cooley, of St. Paul, who is under guardianship in probate court, wanted an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the forcible detention of any persons not criminals. Mr. Umland, of Ramsey, said he had placed an earlier communication from Cooley on this subject in the waste basket, so the matter was referred to him. The house then adjourned.

The senate meets this afternoon and the tax committees of both houses will have sessions at 2:30 o'clock.



Photo by Chickering.

RETIREMENT OF REAR ADMIRAL WILLIAM T. SAMPSON.

Feb. 9, Rear Admiral Sampson's sixty-second birthday, marks his retirement from the active list of the navy. Even if he had not reached the age limit, the admiral would never see service again, as his mental and physical condition preclude such an assignment.

PATERSON IN RUINS

Fire Has Spent Its Force and Is Dying Out.

Loss Will Amount to About Eight Millions.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 10.—The fierce conflagration which burned its way through the business center of Paterson yesterday has completely spent its force and is quickly dying out in the ashes and broken brick of its ruin. The firemen who hurried from other cities to save the endangered city have gone back to their homes, and several companies of the local department have been ordered to their houses for the rest and refreshment they so sorely need. Conservative opinion inclined today to cut $2,000,000 from the aggregate loss of $10,000,000 agreed upon yesterday, and $8,000,000 will probably be accepted finally as the actual cost of the fire. No tabulation of individual losses that can be accepted as reliable has yet been made, and it will be several days before satisfactory figures can be prepared. Equally incomplete is the estimate of insurance. It was stated today that the insurance amounted to between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, but what gave basis to the calculation was not clear. Several of the largest losers said that they had not had an opportunity to examine their policies, and that meantime they could not tell what amount they carried. Probably no fire of equal magnitude and widespread destructiveness ever produced an equally small casualty list. Dozens of firemen and the volunteers who labored with them were slightly injured by falling bricks and timber, burned by flying firebrands or temporarily overcome by smoke, but only a few of them needed either surgical or medical attention. The small casualty list is explained by the fact that the people had ample warning and time to abandon their homes before the flames came upon them.

A bread and coffee famine was averted by outside aid. A Newark bread company, early this morning, started wagons loaded with three thousand loaves of bread for free distribution in the stricken city. Wealthy residents of this city furnished large supplies of coffee and provisions.

The ladies' relief committee has established its headquarters in St. Paul's Episcopal church, on Broadway, and will provide food to all who may apply for assistance.

nI the hospitals are sixty-three persons injured in the long fight against the flames. Two deaths were due to the calamity. One was that of an old woman, who fell down stairs in her anxiety to view the fire. The other was a woman who had just become a mother, and who died as the result of being removed from her home.

The sternest feature which Mayor Hinchcliffe and his coworkers find con-

(Continued on Page 7.)

IT WILL BE REJECTED

Present Outlook Is That the Tax Bill Will Be Defeated By Being Loaded Down With Amendments.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The second week of the legislatures' special session began today with pretty nearly as much labor ahead as there was at the beginning of the first week. Comparatively little has been accomplished, and yet all the speed that could be expected of such a deliberatively deliberative body as a legislature has been used. But the tax bill is a particularly difficult proposition. It is not one to be disposed of in a week, and it is yet to be shown that it can be disposed of finally within a couple of years.

The bill has been introduced into both houses, of course, and that is something gained. It has been referred to the committees on taxes and tax laws of both bodies, and that is something more gained. The committees have had a number of hearings on the bill, and that is still another gain. But there are yet to be more hearings before the committees, and then the committees will determine whether they will take up time by discussing the bill, or simply pass it back to the legislature without any committee discussion or amendment. As the discussions that the bill will get in both houses will probably not be affected in the slighest by any talk the committees may have before hand, it is most likely that the bill will be simply referred back to the two houses by their respective committees, after the hearings are over, and then the fight will begin. The bill will be taken up piecemeal, and when everybody has changed everything about it he wants to change and can change, the legislature will decide whether it will accept the composite result or not.

While there has been no showing of force on either side, and therefore not a great deal on which to base prophecies, the chances are pretty good

(Continued on Page 7.)

ARBITRARY

And Unjust Are the London Freight Dockage Charges.

Washington, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the request of Senator Nelson, Representative Tawney this mornign appeared before the senate committee on commerce in advocacy of the London dockage bill. Mr. Hemphill, the attorney for the vessel owners, was also heard. Mr. Hemphill contended that if the dockage charges were eliminated additional freight would be charged and the gross charges would be the same.

"Very well," replied Mr. Tawney, "we are perfectly satisfied with that. What we are contending against is an inflexible charge against flour and lumber, and we are willing to submit to competition in ocean freight rates. Those will take care of themselves, but these venerable dock charges are an arbitrary, unfair and unjust exaction against American products, for they are collected from no country except Canada and the United States."

ANCIENT DOCUMENT.

Illinois Man Has Abstract Dated In 1793.

Paxton, Ill., Feb. 10.—Henry Post, of Gilman, Ill., has in his possession an abtsract of title that is dated June 18, 1793. An attorney to whom the ancient document was shown found it had been endorsed as legal by Rufus Choate and Daniel Webster and he told Mr. Post that it was a valid guaranty of title to the land described therein. Mr. Post obtained the abstract through having purchased eighty acres of land in Stone county Missouri. The land was part of a tract of 45,000 acres granted by the Spanish government to Dr. Joseph Vallere, captain of the Eighth regiment of Louisiana in an early Cuban war.

Vallere died in New Orleans in 1799. His heirs joined together and secured the services of Mr. Choate and Mr. Webster to examine and report an opinion on the validity of the abstract giving title to the big tract.

WOULD CHEAT GALLOWS.

Prisoner at Red Lodge Is Starving Himself.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Andrew Billant, under arrest at Red Lodge on a charge of having murdered D. Davidson on Thanksgiving, is supposed to be endeavoring to cheat the gallows by starving himself. He has eaten nothing for a week, and physicians are contemplating feeding him by forcing food down his throat, or by injecting liquid food.

TOLSTOI HAS RELAPSE.

His Recent Condition Causes Serious Alarm.

London, Feb. 10—Valdimir Tschertkoff, Count Tolstoi's agent in England, has received alarming advices concerning the condition of the Russian reformer, who is in the Crimea. After improving in health, Count Tolstoi suffered a relapse, which has caused serious anxiety. He is suffering from heart failure and inflammation of the lungs.

BELLIGERENT GREEKS

Make Things Lively In the Orthodox Church and Succeed In Injuring One Policeman and Several of Their Number.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Rival factions of the Greek Orthodox church came to blows yesterday afternoon at a meeting in Uhlichs hall, and before the trouble was over one policeman and several Greeks were injured. The exact cause of the trouble is still a mystery. Three hundred enraged men were battling among themselves, using knives, chairs and other convenient weapons, when three policemen interfered in the name of order. One of these was knocked down a flight of stairs and then the police sent a riot call for reinforcements. Upon the arrival of a wagonload of policemen the belligerent Greeks took fright, and those who could not escape by jumping from windows were subdued after a few minutes of hand-to-hand fighting.

NEW YELLOWSTONE GEYSER

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Maj. John Pitcher, United States army, superintendent of the Yellowstone National park, is authority for the statement that the ice crew of the Yellowstone Park association, coming from Lower Geyser basin to the new hotel at Norris Geyser basin, had their attention drawn to an unexpected and entirely different new exhibition of volcanic action in the porcelain basin and that it had been christened the Twentieth Century geyser. It is situated 131 feet east of the Constant geyser.

THE ROBBERS WERE HUNGRY

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Thieves entered the residence of W. B. Leeds, president of the Rock Island railroad, and carried off several hundred dollars' worth of silver. Before looting the place the burglars helped themselves to wine and the best the larder afforded, the servants in the morning finding several empty bottles and other remains of the feast the thieves had enjoyed in the dining room while the family slept.

ORPHEON FIRE INCENDIARY

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While the medical attendants claim that the patient's condition is not alarming, no attempt is made to conceal the fact the complication of the second lung gives the case a more serious aspect.

Mrs. Roosevelt slept in a cot by her son's side during the night, while the president remained in the home of Mr. Gardner adjoining the school. He was joined at breakfast at the Gardner home by Mrs. Roosevelt, and a few minutes later both went to the dormitory. The visit of father and mother seemed to brighten up the patient considerably.

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DEFECTIVE PAGE

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NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. MONDAY, FEBRUARY 10, 1902. TWO CENTS.

Minn Hist'l Society

TWO LARGE OBSTACLES

Now In the Way of the Proposed Tax Code.

Bill to Continue the Commission Offered.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—There will be introduced in the house at tomorrow's session a bill that will drive another nail into the tax bill's coffin, which is already nearly completed. It will be introduced by a member of the Hennepin county delegation who is not on particularly good terms with the tax bill, and it will provide for the re-engagement and continuance of the tax commission, for the purpose of framing a tax code that would be permissible under the proposed constitutional amendments, if they are adopted, and that will meet the objections to the present bill. It will also provide for the publication of 10,000 copies of the code that is prepared, and that the code shall be returned in time to be taken up at the next regular session of the legislature.

This bill will find many ready-made friends in the house, and more will be made for it. When it is lined up alongside of the Smith bill for the submitting of a proposition for a constitutional convention to the vote of the people, the two will form a formidable stumbling-block in the way of the tax bill. It is clear, from the pres nt condition of sentiment in the legislature, that one of the bills, at least, has a good prospect of passing, and the passage of either of them means the defeat of the proposed tax bill.

* * *

The house was fifteen minutes late in getting to work this morning, and many members were absent.

Representative Noyes introduced a resolution authorizing county auditors to appoint committees of two to five farmers to appear before the tax committee. Mr. Jackson, of Ramsey, gave notice of debate, and under the rules the resolution went over till tomorrow.

The following bills were introduced:

S. D. Peterson—Releasing former State Treasurer Bobleter from liabilities on his bond. Referred to committee on reception of bills.

Nichols—Fixing time of holding district court in Pipestone county. Passed under suspension of the rules.

A communication from F. R. Cooley, of St. Paul, who is under guardianship in probate court, wanted an amendment to the constitution prohibiting the forcible detention of any persons not criminals. Mr. Umland, of Ramsey, said he had placed an earlier communication from Cooley on this subject in the waste basket, so the matter was referred to him. The house then adjourned.

The senate meets this afternoon and the tax committees of both houses will have sessions at 2:30 o'clock.



Photo by Chickering.

RETIREMENT OF REAR ADMIRAL WILLIAM T. SAMPSON.

Feb. 9, Rear Admiral Sampson's sixty-second birthday, marks his retirement from the active list of the navy. Even if he had not reached the age limit, the admiral would never see service again, as his mental and physical condition preclude such an assignment.

PATERSON IN RUINS

Fire Has Spent Its Force and Is Dying Out.

Loss Will Amount to About Eight Millions.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 10.—The fierce conflagration which burned its way through the business center of Paterson yesterday has completely spent its force and is quickly dying out in the ashes and broken brick of its ruin. The firemen who hurried from other cities to save the endangered city have gone back to their homes, and several companies of the local department have been ordered to their houses for the rest and refreshment they so sorely need. Conservative opinion inclined today to cut $2,000,000 from the aggregate loss of $10,000,000 agreed upon yesterday, and $8,000,000 will probably be accepted finally as the actual cost of the fire. No tabulation of individual losses that can be accepted as reliable has yet been made, and it will be several days before satisfactory figures can be prepared. Equally incomplete is the estimate of insurance. It was stated today that the insurance amounted to between $4,000,000 and $5,000,000, but what gave basis to the calculation was not clear. Several of the largest losers said that they had not had an opportunity to examine their policies, and that meantime they could not tell what amount they carried. Probably no fire of equal magnitude and widespread destructiveness ever produced an equally small casualty list. Dozens of firemen and the volunteers who labored with them were slightly injured by falling bricks and timber, burned by flying firebrands or temporarily overcome by smoke, but only a few of them needed either surgical or medical attention. The small casualty list is explained by the fact that the people had ample warning and time to abandon their homes before the flames came upon them.

A bread and coffee famine was averted by outside aid. A Newark bread company, early this morning, started wagons loaded with three thousand loaves of bread for free distribution in the stricken city. Wealthy residents of this city furnished large supplies of coffee and provisions.

The ladies' relief committee has established its headquarters in St. Paul's Episcopal church, on Broadway, and will provide food to all who may apply for assistance.

nI the hospitals are sixty-three persons injured in the long fight against the flames. Two deaths were due to the calamity. One was that of an old woman, who fell down stairs in her anxiety to view the fire. The other was a woman who had just become a mother, and who died as the result of being removed from her home.

The sternest feature which Mayor Hinchcliffe and his coworkers find con-

(Continued on Page 7.)

IT WILL BE REJECTED

Present Outlook Is That the Tax Bill Will Be Defeated By Being Loaded Down With Amendments.

From The Herald
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St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The second week of the legislatures' special session began today with pretty nearly as much labor ahead as there was at the beginning of the first week. Comparatively little has been accomplished, and yet all the speed that could be expected of such a deliberatively deliberative body as a legislature has been used. But the tax bill is a particularly difficult proposition. It is not one to be disposed of in a week, and it is yet to be shown that it can be disposed of finally within a couple of years.

The bill has been introduced into both houses, of course, and that is something gained. It has been referred to the committees on taxes and tax laws of both bodies, and that is something more gained. The committees have had a number of hearings on the bill, and that is still another gain. But there are yet to be more hearings before the committees, and then the committees will determine whether they will take up time by discussing the bill, or simply pass it back to the legislature without any committee discussion or amendment. As the discussions that the bill will get in both houses will probably not be affected in the slightest by any talk the committees may have before hand, it is most likely that the bill will be simply referred back to the two houses by their respective committees, after the hearings are over, and then the fight will begin. The bill will be taken up piecemeal, and when everybody has changed everything about it he wants to change and can change, the legislature will decide whether it will accept the composite result or not.

While there has been no showing of force on either side, and therefore not a great deal on which to base prophecies, the chances are pretty good

(Continued on Page 7.)

ARBITRARY

And Unjust Are the London Freight Dockage Charges.

Washington, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—At the request of Senator Nelson, Representative Tawney this mornign appeared before the senate committee on commerce in advocacy of the London dockage bill. Mr. Hemphill, the attorney for the vessel owners, was also heard. Mr. Hemphill contended that if the dockage charges were eliminated additional freight would be charged and the gross charges would be the same.

"Very well," replied Mr. Tawney, "we are perfectly satisfied with that. What we are contending against is an inflexible charge against flour and lumber, and we are willing to submit to competition in ocean freight rates. Those will take care of themselves, but these venerable dock charges are an arbitrary, unfair and unjust exaction against American products, for they are collected from no country except Canada and the United States."

ANCIENT DOCUMENT.

Illinois Man Has Abstract Dated In 1793.

Paxton, Ill., Feb. 10.—Henry Post, of Gilman, Ill., has in his possession an abtsract of title that is dated June 18, 1793. An attorney to whom the ancient document was shown found it had been endorsed as legal by Rufus Choate and Daniel Webster and he told Mr. Post that it was a valid guaranty of title to the land described therein. Mr. Post obtained the abstract through having purchased eighty acres of land in Stone county Missouri. The land was part of a tract of 45,000 acres granted by the Spanish government to Dr. Joseph Valliere, captain of the Eighth regiment of Louisiana in an early Cuban war.

Valliere died in New Orleans in 1799. His heirs joined together and secured the services of Mr. Choate and Mr. Webster to examine and report an opinion on the validity of the abstract giving title to the big tract.

WOULD CHEAT GALLOWS.

Prisoner at Red Lodge Is Starving Himself.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—A Helena, Mont., special to the Dispatch says: Andrew Billant, under arrest at Red Lodge on a charge of having murdered D. Davidson on Thanksgiving, is supposed to be endeavoring to cheat the gallows by starving himself. He has eaten nothing for a week, and physicians are contemplating feeding him by forcing food down his throat, or by injecting liquid food.

TOLSTOI HAS RELAPSE.

His Recent Condition Causes Serious Alarm.

London, Feb. 10—Valdimir Tschertkoff, Count Tolstoi's agent in England, has received alarming advices concerning the condition of the Russian reformer, who is in the Crimea. After improving in health, Count Tolstoi suffered a relapse, which has caused serious anxiety. He is suffering from heart failure and inflammation of the lungs.

BELLIGERENT GREEKS

Make Things Lively In the Orthodox Church and Succeed In Injuring One Policeman and Several of Their Number.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Rival factions of the Greek Orthodox church came to blows yesterday afternoon at a meeting in Uhlichs hall, and before the trouble was over one policeman and several Greeks were injured. The exact cause of the trouble is still a mystery. Three hundred enraged men were battling among themselves, using knives, chairs and other convenient weapons, when three policemen interfered in the name of order. One of these was knocked down a flight of stairs and then the police sent a riot call for reinforcements. Upon the arrival of a wagonload of policemen the belligerent Greeks took fright, and those who could not escape by jumping from windows were subdued after a few minutes of hand-to-hand fighting.

NEW YELLOWSTONE GEYSER

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Maj. John Pitcher, United States army, superintendent of the Yellowstone National park, is authority for the statement that the ice crew of the Yellowstone Park association, coming from Lower Geyser basin to the new hotel at Norris Geyser basin, had their attention drawn to an unexpected and entirely different new exhibition of volcanic action in the porcelain basin and that it had been christened the Twentieth Century geyser. It is situated 131 feet east of the Constant geyser.

THE ROBBERS WERE HUNGRY

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INTENTIONAL DUPLICATE EXPOSURE

DEFECTIVE PAGE

OFFICIAL CANVASS

Council Will Declare the Election of Successful Candidates.

Result Is Not Likely to Differ From Unofficial Count.

Manner In Which the Official Canvass Is Made.

The council this evening will go through the formality of officially canvassing last Tuesday's election returns and declaring the election of the successful candidates.

It is probable that the meeting will be well attended by those interested in the mayoralty contest, but there is only a scant possibility that Mayor Hugo's lead of eight votes will be cut down any.

The official returns are duplicates of the unofficial returns and, therefore, will show the same results, unless the judge of election has made a mistake in copying off the figures and give Hugo what belongs to Truelsen, or give Truelsen what belongs to Hugo.

The official returns are in sealed envelopes and presented to the president of the council by the city clerk. The president cuts the seal, and the clerk reads the result. It is a monotonous proceeding, but will be watched with interest tonight.

City Clerk Cheadle says that he has checked over the precinct returns, and they pair up with the total number of votes cast and ballots issued, indicating that there has been no irregularities.

When the votes are canvassed the committee on offices and elections will submit a report, and President Comwell will declare the successful candidates elected. In this connection he will also have the duty of declaring himself defeated.

CITY FUNDS.

Treasurer Voss' Statement For January Shows $265,428.35.

The monthly financial statement of City Treasurer Fred Voss shows a cash balance in all funds of $265,428.35.

The permanent improvement fund which is being so carefully nursed for necessary improvements in the early spring is now down to $15,846.

The statement showing the condition of each fund, together with disbursements and receipts for the month of January, is as follows:

INTEREST FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$ 16,677.37
Disbursements for the month	900.00
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$ 15,777.37
SINKING FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$59,941.97
Receipts for the month	385.24
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$60,327.21
FIRE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$16,056.89
Receipts for the month	8.11
	$16,065.00
Disbursements for the month	7,702.14
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$8,362.86
POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$10,853.14
Disbursements for the month	3,482.95
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$7,370.19
LIGHT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$6,204.21
Disbursements for the month	1,713.29
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$4,490.92
WATER FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$14,616.64
Disbursements for the month	6,572.14
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$8,044.50
PUBLIC WORKS FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	6,321.96
Receipts for the month	263.56
	$6,585.52
Disbursements for the month	3,960.13
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$2,625.34
HEALTH DEPARTMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	3,491.87
Disbursements for the month	464.28
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$3,027.59
MUNICIPAL COURT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	1,543.72
Disbursements for the month	998.59
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$545.13
SALARY FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$6,920.31
Disbursements for the month	2,601.68
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$4,318.63
PRINTING AND SUPPLY FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$7,530.55
Disbursements for the month	427.55
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$7,103.00
LIBRARY FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$4,035.56
Receipts for the month	19.79
	$4,055.35
Disbursements for the month	1,064.35
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	2,991.00
PARK FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$1,499.24
Disbursements for the month	1,243.25
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$255.99
WATER AND LIGHT PLANT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$7,701.79
Receipts for the month	24,120.83
	$31,822.62
Disbursements for the month	$10,450.17
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$21,372.45
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$16,294.91
Disbursements for the month	905.18
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$15,338.83
GENERAL FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$30,591.33
Receipts for the month	8,526.81
	$39,118.14
Disbursements for the month	3,010.44
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$36,107.70
PERMANENT IMPROVEMENT REVOLVING FUND.	
Balance on hand Jan. 1, 1902	$13,479.54
Receipts for the month	61,324.78
	$74,804.32
Disbursements for the month	$7,434.68
Balance Feb. 1, 1902	$67,369.64
Total cash on hand in all funds	$265,428.35
DEPOSITED.	
First National bank	$123,547.99
American Exchange bank	141,428.45
Cash and checks in safe	451.91
	$265,428.35

EFFECTIVE.

Labor Delegates Do Some Good Work at St. Paul.

Duluth's union labor delegation, which has been appearing before the legislature and the St. Paul and Minneapolis labor organizations in opposition to the proposed tax code, has returned.

The delegation consisted of Henry Ferrault, of the Cigarmakers' union; Gordon O'Neil, of the 'Longshoremen's union, and Henry Dworschak of the Typographical union.

All three seemed well pleased with the outlook. Mr. Dworschak says that the opposition to the tax code is getting stronger each day, and the indications are that the bill, if passed, will have the provisions discriminating against Duluth's manufacturing, marine, grain and individual interests stricken out.

As a result of the agitation by the Duluth workers the Twin City organizations are taking up the fight in earnest and bringing great pressure to bear on the members of the legislature.

THE ALDERMAN "BIT."

Young Lady Has Fun With Haven, of Seventh.

Alderman-elect Robert Haven was the victim of a practical joke Saturday night at the hands of a lady member of his family. The alderman-presumptive has felt so good natured since election, that the lady in question thought it well to find something for Robert that wasn't coming his way. So after going out to make a call, she returned with the information that she had heard that a man 'had got shot" at Forwarrl's store. Seeking fresh excitement, Mr. Haven rushed out to find out about it. Everything was going on as naturally as usual at the store in question, and nobody seemed to pay any particular attention to the excited mien of the alderman-elect. Struggling violently for breath, Mr. Haven inquired anxiously about the shooting.

"Nobody got shot here since last fall," was the answer, "and he paid for it."

Mr. Haven went off by himself and pondered on how he got caught, and is said now to be contemplating various plans for playing even with a certain lady relative of his.

TONIGHT
FANCY SKATING AT EAST END RINK
MISS MINNIE CUMMINGS.
Third Regiment Band.

AUCTION OF CIGARS.

Description of Boxes Somewhat Startling at First.

Persons passing the city hall about 10 o'clock this morning heard a court officer thrilling forth a dreary stretch of monologue like this:

'One Charles A. Towne, half full—one Henry George, half full—one Duke of Parma, three-quarters full—one Kid Lavigne, full."

The opportunity of seeing Charles A. Towne half full, to say nothing of seeing the Duke of Parma and "Kid" Lavigne in a worse condition caused about 100 people to stop, look and listen intently, only to discover that the court officer was selling cigars under the hammer, and he was simply calling off the brand and telling how full the boxes were.

YOKE THEIR CATTLE.

Practice of Some Dairymen That Is Criticised.

Modern conveniences in many Duluth dairies are regarded as a cruelty to animals in some instances.

It has been discovered that many dairymen yoke their cattle in order that they may handle them more easily while milking, feeding and watering.

The yoke prevents the cow from turning her head and the authorities claim to have discovered a number of cases of itch resulting from this practice. The hide itches, but the cow cannot rub or keep the hide cleansed with the mouth.

It adds pleasure to the life beautiful. Doubles up one's allowance of bliss. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

IS CARED FOR.

Andrew Soberg Taken to the Hospital.

Andrew Soberg, a woodsman taken in at police headquarters on Saturday, suffering intensely from inflammatory rheumatism ,is now being cared for at St. Luke's hospital.

Early this morning Dr. Ryan, rector of St. Paul's Episcopal church, learned of the case and telephoned to police headquarters to have the man removed to St. Luke's.

The officers lost no time in so doing and as the sleigh was on its way to the hospital a few moments later another telephone message was received at headquarters from Bishop McGolrick, asking to have the man taken to St. Mary's hospital.

Soberg's condition is very serious. He was suffering severely from rheumatism for nearly a week and was without friends or money till the police picked him up and cared for him.

Largest Purchase of Typewriters.

The greatest single purchase of typewriters ever made has been ordered by the ministry of justice, which after three months of competitive tests has contracted to equip the entire ministry with not less than 1200 Smith-Premier typewriters, supplying every court.

Ready For Mailing.

The finest assortment of fancy and comic Valentines in the city. New designs. Nothing like our stock at the head of the lake. Prices very reasonable. See our window display. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

Libbey Cut Glass

Selling at great discounts Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday.

F. D. DAY & CO.

A NEW TOWN.

One to Be Platted on New Cook & Turrish Road.

A town will be platted at Ash Lake, on the line of the Duluth, Virginia & Rainy River road, and a sawmill will be built at this point by the Cook & Turrish interests. Another sawmill will be established at Rat Root.

The company has about twenty-five miles of line constructed and is ballasting the road as construction progresses. Grading is now well beyond the heavy rock work which was encountered in getting out of the Mesaba range and progress from now on will be made much more rapidly. Four hundred men are employed in construction work. A telephone line is strung as construction work progresses for convenience in construction work, and this on completion of the line will be opened to public use between Virginia and Koochiching.

Manager R. A. Eva returned last night from a trip to St. Paul on business for the road.

BANK CLOSED.

City Savings Bank of Detroit Fails to Open Doors.

Detroit, Mich., Feb. 10.—The City Savings bank did not open for business this morning. At 9 o'clock the following notice was posted on the door:

"This bank is in the hands of George L. Maltz, banking commissioner."

Asked the reason for the suspension of the City Savings bank, State Banking Commissioner Maltz said to the Associated Press: "Frank C. Andrews, vice president of the bank and commissioner of police, is the reason. The bank had total deposits of $3,000,000 and Andrews had more than a third of this money out on certified checks and overdrafts. There are $662,000 in certified checks and $914,000 in overdrafts. Henry Andrews, cashier of the bank, advanced this money to Frank C. Andrews without the knowledge of the directors. They are entirely blameless in this matter. When I learned of the bank's condition, I closed it. I did not know," he said, in answer to another question, "whether any steps will be taken by the directors toward legal proceedings against the Messrs. Andrews. I will issue a statement this afternoon on the bank's condition."

The clearing house committee is now in session discussing the suspension.

The officers of the bank, which was organized in 1889, are: President, Frank C. Pingree; vice president, Frank C. Andrews; cashier, H. R. Andrews; assistant cashier, Joseph A. Schultz. The capital stock is $150,000.

According to the statement of the bank's condition, printed Dec. 17, the bank had a total deposit of $3,062,405.30.

Banking Commissioner Maltz said it did not look as though F. C. Andrews had much to cover the amount he has drawn from the bank. The county auditors has in the City Savings bank one fund of $108,043 and a sinking fund balance of $42,714.

County Clerk McGregor has $22,000 in the bank as register in chancery.

The entire fund of the board of education money is in the City Savings bank. Cashier H. R. Andrews, of the bank, being treasurer of the board. It is estimated that this is about $200,000. The public library fund is also in the City Savings bank.

Frank C. Andrews has filed a quit claim deed to the City Savings bank on several pieces of valuable property.

The directors of the City Savings bank have issued the following statement:

"In justice to ourselves, our depositors and stockholders, the undersigned, directors of the City Savings bank, make the following statement:

"Early on Saturday morning we learned for the first time that Henry R. Andrews, cashier of the bank, had allowed Frank C. Andrews to overdraw his account in the sum of over $900,000, all of which checks were outstanding. The bank was immediately put in the hands of the banking commissioner, and set about to get all the securities we could. Frank C. Andrews has turned over to the bank a large amount of securities from which we hope to pay our depositors in full. The bank commissioner has deemed it the wisest policy to close the bank for the present for the best interests of depositors. Outside of the Frank C. Andrews' indebtedness and checks, the bank was never in a better condition."

PLAINTIFF

Gets Large Verdict In Suit Against Bridge Company.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The jury which tried the personal injury suit of Nicholas W. Betzold against the American Bride company, afforded the plaintiff a heavy verdict, computing his damages at $7000. At the time of the accident, on which the suit was founded, Betzold was working in the Northern Pacific shops, at Brainerd, as a mechanic apprentice. The Bridge company was building in the shops a traveling crane, and the plaintiff complained in his suit that a dolly block fell from a height of thirty feet and struck him on the head. Betzold was emaciated and sickly in appearance.

The jury went out at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon and agreed at 11 o'clock that night. The verdict was opened today before Judge Brill.

SAMOAN CLAIMS

Of Three Countries Are Before King Oscar.

London, Feb. 10.—The under secretary for foreign affairs, Lord Cranborne, on answering a question propounded by Sir Charles Dilke (Radical) informed the house of commons today that the American, German and British claims in the island of Samoa were now before King Oscar of Sweden for adjustment. The counter cases which must be presented before March 1, were now in course of preparation. It did not appear, Lord Cranborne said, that any preparations had been made by either Germany or United States to include in the scope of arbitration the claims of Samoan natives.

REBELS GAINING

Revolution Against Castro Making Marked Progress.

The Libertador Defeats the Gen. Crespo In Battle.

Insurgents Have Taken Possession of the Village of Cumarebo.

Willemetad, Island of Curacoa, Feb. 10.—Gen. Andrade, the former president of Venezuela, who reached this island recently, embarked on board the revolutionary steamer Lebertador during the night of Feb. 7-8. The Libertador, some days ago, landed a force of insurgents on the Venezuelan coast, and they subsequently took possesison of the village of Cumarebo, situated near Le Vela De Goro. The Venezuelan gunboat Gen. Crespo, which attempted to prevent the landing, was fired upon and badly damaged by the Libertador. The Crespo had her propellor shaft broken.

The success of the Libertador has caused a sensation at Caracas, where great consternation prevails. The news received there from the interior of Venezuela is not favorable to the government. It is announced that the rebels are active, especially in the vicinity of Barquisimeto.

The revolution against President Castro is gaining ground visibly.

Cannonading has been heard here from early morning in the direction of the Venezuelan coast. It is believed that the Libertador has been engaged with another Venezuelan gunboat. The report of the engagement between the Libertador and the Gen. Crespo appears to be confirmed. It is further asserted that the Crespo sank in the roadstead of Cumarebo.

THREE HELD

As Responsible For the Explosion at Tunnel Excavation.

New York, Feb. 10.—The coroner's jury which has been investigating the recent explosion of dynamite in the excavation for the rapid transit tunnel returned a verdict today holding Ira A. Schaler, the sub-contractor, Ernest J. Andreason, who was chief engineer of the work on the day of the explosion, and Moses E. Phipps, the colored man who had been in charge of the powder house, as being jointly responsible for the deaths caused by the explosion.

THIRTY CENTS

That Is What the Balance of the Board Looks Like.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The board of managers of the Minnesota exhibit at the Pan-American exposition at Buffalo has submitted its final report in a pamphlet of nearly 100 pages.

This report deals with the success achieved by Minnesota, the "bread and butter state." It captured a great many prizes and medals, especially in the dairying and grain departments and the department of education. As good a showing was made by Minnesota as by any other state.

The board had at its disposal for the purposes of the exposition $30,000 of state appropriation and $1,438.59 from other sources. It succeeded in leaving a balance of 30 cents.

OLD MILL

Of Hamm Brewing Company's Plant Burned.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fire destroyed the portion of the Hamm Brewing company's plant known as old mill this morning. The first started from a defective chimney and was extinguished by the fire department with a loss of $12,000.

The main portion of the plant, although on the same property, was not endangered.

MANSLAUGHTER

Charged Against Foreman Who Set Off Blast.

Greenville, Pa., Feb. 10.—Foreman Charles Haggerty, of the Broadhead Construction company, is in jail here charged with manslaughter. He is being held as responsible for the death of one man and the injury of ten others in a blasting accident on the new Bessemer & Lake Erie railroad cut-off Saturday. The prisoner admits that he touched off the fatal blast, but maintains that he gave the men in the pit the usual warning. The body of the missing Italian was found buried beneath the rocks.

DESERTERS HANGED.

Two Executed In the Presence of Thousands.

Manila, Feb. 10.—Edward O'Dubois and Louis Russell, deserters from Company E, Ninth cavalry, who stole arms belonging to the regiment and joined the insurgents in August last, for which they were tried and sentenced by a military commission, were hanged Feb. 7 at Guinobatan, province of Albany, in the presence of 3000 people. The execution was orderly.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth Republicans say that it is an unfortunate thing for Alderman Cochrane that Judge Dibell's decision in the Third street railway extension case was not rendered two or three weeks, or even a week sooner. They claim that as Mr. Cochrane was, in the main, responsible for the action that took the matter into the courts and resulted in the decision that the street railway company should build is line on West Third street out to West Duluth, he should have the credit for it, and had the credit come sooner it might have made more or less difference with the election returns in Mr. Cochrane's case. This is, however, the Republican side of the case.

West Duluth people generally are pleased with the decision, for they claim that in building the proposed line to West Duluth the street railway company would only be doing what is right, would only be fulfilling the promise made the city in exchange for a 40-year franchise. There are not many citizens in the district that would be affected by the street railway extension but think the company will appeal the case; that it will not, as yet, submit to the order of things.

It was about a year ago that Alderman Swenson introduced in the city council a resolution ordering the street railway company to begin within thirty days the construction of the extension. The next week this resolution was reconsidered, for it was realized that the company could not begin operations within that time.

Last spring Alderman Cochrane put through a resolution ordering the company to build, and on its failure to comply with the demand, he instigated and had passed another resolution directing the city attorney to begin action to compel the company to live up to its original agreement.

Mr. Cochrane's friends say that the case against the street railway company was not regarded as a good one until it had been investigated to some extent, and that it would not have been pushed had not the alderman been behind it.

REPUBLICAN CLUB MEETING.

The West Duluth Republican club met Saturday evening and held a sort of jollification meeting over the result of the election of mayor. As to the aldermanic contest, particularly in the Eighth ward, it partook more of a consolation meeting, as one Republican suggested this morning. Hereafter the club will meet on the first Saturday evening of each month instead of meeting weekly as heretofore. When the next political campaign commences, however, the meetings will be held more frequently.

BROKE HIS ANKLE.

Henry Rossiter, who is employed at the banking ground of the Mitchell & McClure company across the bay from West Duluth, had the misfortune to have his right leg broken above the ankle this morning. Mr. Rossiter was unloading logs when the stock of his cant hook broke and one of the logs fell across his leg. He was brought to West Duluth by his brother Charlie's dog team, and the limb was set by Dr. Graham. The dog team is performing a regular ambulance run across the bay this winter, and has been brought into use on numerous occasions to bring in men hurt at the grounds.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Murwin H. Murray, the West Duluth newsboy who was arrested and arraigned before Justice Stone under the charge of assault and merry, claims that great injustice has been done him by advertising him as a pugilist. His trial was set for next Thursday, as young Murray declared that he was not guilty and would stand trial. He claims that the Jorgenson boys did not receive the punishment that they are alleged to have had at his hands, and says that he, Murray, never had a fight in his life.

The West Duluth Dancing club will have another of its popular parties at the Great Eastern hall tomorrow evening.

Next Saturday the St. Louis mill will close down for the rest of the winter season, after a continuous run since last spring. The mill has been cutting on a 10,000,000-feet contract for the Red Cliff Lumber company, and this will be finished this week. Repairs will be made and the mill will probably begin on its spring cut after six weeks.

The mill workers gave a very successful dancing party at the Great Eastern hall Saturday evening.

Thomas Helworth has returned to Elgin, Ill., after a visit with Mr. and Mrs. De Vane.

M. Willet has accepted a position with Hubbard & Vincent.

Mr. and Mrs. C. O. Lansdale have returned to their home in Minneapolis, after a visit of several weeks with friends here.

T. Krantz left Saturday for Kalispel, Mont., where he will go into the cattle business with his brother-in-law, Thomas Weltzer.

Tonight

Excellent Music at the West Duluth Covered Rink. Everybody Will Be There, so Don't Miss It.

Dance!

Tomorrow Night, Great Eastern Hall, From 9 to 12, Lanner's Orchestra. 25c Per Couple.

SUPPORT

Is Promised St. Paul Chamber of Commerce.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The chamber of commerce today received communications from Senators Nelson and Clapp and Congressman Stevens acknowledging the receipt of the resolution for the opening of the Chippewa Indian reservation, and promising hearty support of the stand taken.

The names of Henry H. Sibley and Henry M. Rice were chosen to represent Minnesota in the hall of fame at the St. Louis exposition in 1903.

NEW ORLEANS EN FETE.

New Orleans, Feb. 10.—New Orleans has suspended business today and turned out more than half its population, with a multitude of visitors, to receive Rex, king of the carnival, and his royal suite.

VALENTINES

See our window for the nicest display of Sentimental, Comic and Lace Valentines in the city.

Select them now while the stock is complete. Remember, next Friday, the 14th, is Valentine's Day

J. G. SEECAMP,

215 West Superior Street. New 'Phone 693.

WOMEN

Are Now Displacing Men as Successful Commercial Buyers.

They Are More Economical and Ask No Odds.

Women as professional buyers are becoming so numerous that before long merchants say they expect to see women control this particular field as completely as others of their sex now command the stenographic profession, says the Brooklyn Eagle. Many of the influential firms which at first looked askance at the feminine invasion of the male buyers' domain have changed their opinion so thoroughly that they are themselves employing women instead of men as buyers. This change, however, has not been made from motives of economy, but because many merchants have become convinced that women often make more profitable employes than men.

New York, as the commercial store house of the United States, naturally sees more of the evidences of the invasion of women buyers than other cities, but the presence and influence of the feminine army of professional buyers is making itself apparent everywhere. At first the employment of women as professional buyers was regarded as an advertising device—as a "freak." There were even merchants who frowned upon the innovation from an ethical standpoint. They said that the life of a professional buyer was unfitted for women; that it would tend to destroy the femininity of any one who engaged in it. Generally speaking, the employment of women as professional buyers was at first regarded as being on a par with the engagement of women as barbers.

Careless of these opinions, however, the pioneers of the army of professional women buyers continued to do their work steadily and conscientiously. Those men who at first were inclined to make a jest of them soon learned to recognize the fact that the women knew how to protect the interests of their employers and were in every way mistresses of their business. The next season following the innovation there were more women buyers; next winter mores till, until today they are in such strength that there seems to be a chance of the women buyers forming an ultimate majority.

This winter, according to trade authorities, there has been observed a marked increase in the number of women buyers who have come to New York to buy stocks for the house they represent. The female drummer has been seen by merchants long enough to pass without notice, but the woman buyer is still enough of a novelty in many branches of trade to attract a great deal of attention. Many of the older commercial hotels have had to change both their rules and their ways since the astonishing influx of business women. The Astor house and many other such hotels below Twenty-third street, in Manhattan, and nearly all those in Broklyn, were for many years inclined to refuse accommodations to women who were traveling alone, mainly because of the extra trouble they caused. Since women began to travel as business representatives, as drummers, as book agents, as theatrical managers, as lawyers, and as professional buyers, the hotel customs have been changed. A traveling woman, whether she represents a dozen business houses or only herself, is now as usual a patron of the hotels that she is accepted as a matter of course. No special arrangements are made for these business women at the hotels, because they have plainly shown that they neither expect nor accept any more nursing than is accorded to a man. In those places in which separate rooms are provided the women commercial travelers usually share the accommodations with the men and have come to be regarded as legitimate members of the fraternity.

One of the most remarkable things about the great increase in the number of women buyers is that so many trades are now represented by women. The beginning was made when, some years ago, many of the large firms began to employ women to go abroad, or to come to New York from the West, to buy dress goods, millinery and other feminine raiment. This was considerd a natural and legitimate method of obtaining reliable information concerning the existing fashions, prices, materials and trade tendencies. Many of these women are still employed, but they have little in common with their more business-like sisters, who enter the open market and compete in it with the masculine representatives of the merchants of the earth. The old time female "buyer" seldom actually purchased anything. Her business was simply to make recommendations, to keep her eyes open for new fashions and to obtain samples of the "latest things" in hats, trimmings, materials and buttons. She acted simply as her employer's eyes; not as his responsible and trusted representative, by whose judgment he must abide.

The woman buyer of today is of different stock altogether. She has almost invariably served a hard and unusually long apprenticeship to her chosen trade and she understands its intricacies as well as does her employer. New York today contains hundreds of women who are, for the time being, as much controllers of the credit and banking account of the firm they represent as any one of its partners. Upon their judgment largely depends the commercial stability of the house they represent. If they are employed by a dry goods house it is their business to buy for their firm an entire stock of the season's staples, as well as a most liberal supply of the things which are expected to be fashionable. They must live and think in the future, for if a sufficient supply of a subsequently fashionable material or article is not arranged for at first it is often impossible to supply a deficiency later. These women may make very few mistakes. Let some rival house secure a better supply of free selling, fashionable commodity than the firm she represents—let it happen that the rival has bought in such a way that it can undersell her firm—and there will be another buyer in her place next season. Many of the small houses of the West which once sent a member of the firm to New York to buy the season's goods now employ women for the purpose. Upon this woman depends the prosperity of the wholesale firm or store which she represents; her judgment of what will sell in her town must be infallible, or the firm will be "stuck" with a quantity of goods that it can neither sell nor return. Every firm, whether wholesale or retail, is constantly in search of "hits," and it relies upon its buyer to find them. Every firm, too, has its favorite house with which it has long dealt, but whatever the buyer's personal preference may be, she cannot afford to allow herself to be tied down to one market, if she can obtain either a better variety or greater value in some other place.

It speaks well for the success of these women buyers that the increase in their ranks has been steadyr There are few occupations more exacting or more responsible, and yet there have not been many failures. At first women buyers represented only such trades as millinery, dress goods and other lines that appertained strictly to their own sex. Today, however, women are acting as successful buyers for every important trade that has ever been heard of. It is even said that a woman is acting as buyers for one of the principal cigar manufacturers. While this feminine tobacco expert is by many regarded as a myth, she is yet considered to be entirely within the bounds probability. It is true that careful inquiry has failed to discover anyone who has ever seen her, but, nevertheless, buyer after buyer answered, "Well, it's likely enough. Why not?"

Surely it seems "likely enough." Women are now acting as buyers for makers of piano actions, agricultural implements, diving dresses, chemical apparatus and dyes. They are also representing brewers—there is a female hop buyer, and she is said to be a good one—colormen, brushmakers, manufacturing tailors, button manufacturers, automobiles, cloaks, dresses, mackintoshes, printers, boat builders, bookbinders, shoemakers, calico printers, umbrella makers, carpet manufacturers, casemakers, engravers, silk fringe makers, shirt waist makers, manufacturers of infants' clothing, sweetmeat makers, manufacturers of cords, fringes, tassels, gimps, corsets, gloves, furs, glass, jewels, beads, wigs, hair goods, patent medicines, saddlery, hats, surgical instruments and several hundred other things which, if detailed, would make this column look like an extract from a trade directory.

The foregoing list needs explanation in some particulars. In the first place it is not complete, although it can, nevertheless, be seen that women have trenched heavily upon the domain hitherto considered exclusively meant for man. It is also necessary to explain that some of the trades represented by women are not so far removed from her usual domain as would appear at first glance. Take the case of the woman who is buyer for a firm of boat builders, for instance, and it would seem that she had selected a business decidedly unfeminine. It happens, however, that the firm she represents manufactures a very light form of canoe, built especially for women. The firm's woman buyer is herself an expert canoeist and is said to be the best judge of birch bark, cedar and lance wood in the business. The firm also manufactures canoe sails and their woman buyer selects the material.

The woman who acts as buyer for a maker of agricultural implements is another seeming anomaly who yields her charm as a curiosity to the touch of explanation. She buys a peculiar fabric known as boiling cloth, as well as some other kinds of textile material used in the construction of a patent machine. The diving dress buyer again is a noted female diver, who is also the patentee of a peculiar valve and a new form of diver's helmet. The saddlery buyer buys material for women's saddles exclusively.

At the Buyers' Exchange, which is considered as headquarters for both male and female buyers, it is said that there are now very few trades which are not represented by women in one branch or another. Hardware—at least one of the heavier kinds—has so far escaped the woman buyer, but she has entered the eld of lighter articles, it is said. Judging from the present feeling, no one would be greatly surprised to find that a woman had been engaged as buyer of tool steel and other materials for a firm making the heaviest kind of machine tools. The printing press industry and the steam roller field is still untouched, but it is freely predicted that before very long women will be representing makers of these as well.

By the firms with which male buyers once transacted business the advent of the female buyer was joyfully greeted. It saved them a great deal of money. Formerly, when the buyer of one of the large commercial concerns came to New York it was the custom of the firm which expected to obtain his order to detail one of its salesmen or employes exclusively to entertain him. This employe was granted a lavish and unaudited expense account. It was his business to wine, to dine and otherwise entertain the buyer. Anything which the buyer thought he wanted he could get and often he was made the recipient of valuable presents. During a busy season it frequently happened that as many as twenty buyers were being separately and expensively entertained by one of the big New York houses. It was no unusual thing for the expense of "taking care of" one of these buyers to exceed a hundred dollars for twenty-four hours.

All of this expense, of course, was ultimately paid by the buyer's firm, for, although those luckless persons might never notice the items, they were adroitly added to the cost of every yard of cloth they paid for. A non-convival buyer, therefore, was a valuable possession in that particular alone, buy such a buyer was also remarkably scarce. With the advent of women buyers, however, there came a change. No longer was a large firm hampered by having half its employes "entertaining" the buyers. The women buyers did not drink, did not care to "go out with the boys," patronized no gambling house, and showed no particular desire to ride in automobiles or go to the theaters. The firms which once paid good round prices for their buyer's choice found that the woman buyer was able to get the same goods for much less money, and they profited by the knowledge thus obtained.

If the popularity of women buyers rested on no other basis than the fact that they did not have to be elaborately entertained, they would still be the prime favorites of every merchant who wanted his busines transacted as well and as quickly as it could be done.

ATTACKED BY A HERON.

"I've hunted everything from gray squirrels to grizzlies," said a veteran Philadelphia sportsman, "and the nearest I ever came to being seriously injured by any sort of game was one time when a wounded bird attacked and tried to kill me," says the New York Times.

"I was a boy then and went down to a creek that flowed through my father's farm to watch for a mink. It was early in the evening and a blue heron came and sat within tempting gunshot. I knew it would spoil my chances at mink to shoot the bird, and I didn't intend to do it, but kid-like I raised the gun and took aim just to see how I could kill if I would. I lowered the gun and then raised it again. Every time I raised it I would touch the trigger gently. After a while I touched it too hard, the gun went off and I started toward the heron, which was wounded.

"I thought it would be a good scheme to catch the bird, and started to do so when its bill shot out like a sledge hammer and struck me between the eyes. When I came to my senses it was dark and it was several minutes longer before I could remember where I was or what had happened. I little harder and the bird would have killed me. I shudder even yet when I think what would have been the result if the bill had struck my eyes."

TO ATTEND LEVEE.

London, Feb. 10.— The levee tomorrow will be attended by the entire staffs of all the embassies. The United States ambassador, Mr. Choate, will present Charles Gibson, of Boston.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure, Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Liverpool—Arrived: Umbria, New York.

Glasgow—Arrived: Sardinian, Boston.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

CAUSE OF HIS DEATH

Friends of Alexander Harvey Seeking to Find it.

He Was Removed to Poor Farm After Having Diphtheria.

Friends Think His Removal May Have Caused Death.

Was Alexander Harvey's death due to removal to the poor farm when he was convalescing is the question that is troubling Harvey's brother and friends.

M. M. Gillis, secretary of the lodge of the Maccabees at Port Arthur, Harvey's former home, and George Harvey, a brother of the dead man, arrived at the Hotel McKay this morning to investigate the matter. It is also said that the local lodges of the order will appoint committees to look into the matter.

Harvey was 21 years old and had been employed in the logging camp of the Brooks-Scanlon Lumber company near Scanlon. He was brought into town about a month ago, suffering with what was thought to be tonsilitis. Dr. McComb was called and diagnosing the case as diphtheria turned it over to Health Officer Robinson. Harvey was placed in an isolated ward in St. Mary's hospital, and Dr. Clarence Taylor was assigned to the case by Health Officer Robinson.

About Jan. 20 Harvey had recovered largely from the attack of diphtheria, but was still afflicted with paralysis of the throat. He had also failed to recover his strength as rapidly as he should and Dr. Taylor had made an examination of his sputum under the belief that Harvey had tuberculosis dormant in his system, and that the natural power of resistance afforded by nature having been broken by the diphtheria, the tuberculosis had finally gained the advantage. He diagnosed the symptoms as those of tuberculosis and only an analysis of the sputum was needed to confirm this belief.

The analysis failed to develop this fact, but Dr. Taylor was convinced that final recovery would be slow if indeed Harvey were not a marked man already. He so reported to Health Officer Robinson, and on Jan. 20 Dr. Robinson advised County Superintendent of Poor Cook to that effect. In the letter written to Mr. Cook Dr. Robinson said that the patient was suffering from bronchitis, and paralysis of the vocal cords, since his recovery from diphtheria, and added: "He seems to me to be now properly a county charge and I have the honor to herewith refer the case to you."

In the meantime Rev. A. W. Ryan had been called in to see Harvey and Superintendent Cook and the doctor took the matter up together. The conclusion was gained that Harvey had no money, or at least very little. It was believed that he would recover, if at all after a long period of recuperation, and it was thought that he could be as well cared for at the poor farm, where a nurse is kept, as at the hospital. On the 22d he was taken to the poor farm. On the 29th Harvey was taken back to the hospital by his friends. He died last week.

Mr. Gillis, secretary of the Port Arthur Maccabees lodge, is inclined to think that Harvey ought never to have been taken to the poor farm in his condition. James Wink, an elevator boy at the McKay hotel, who was a friend of Harvey's says that he had over $20 in money and some checks belonging to Harvey, and that his care at the hospital could have been paid for. It was he and another friend that brought Harvey back from the poor farm.

Dr. Ryen is inclined to think that from his knowledge of the case that Harvey was suffering from tuberculosis, and he agreed at the time with Mr. Cook that on the face of the conditions reported to him it would be best for Harvey to be taken to the poor farm. It was reported by the hospital that Harvey had no friends or relatives in this country, and Mr. Cook says that Harvey himself said he had no money to pay for his care with. On the contrary Wink says that he was known at the hospital as a friend of Harvey's and that Harvey was removed to the poor farm without any notice to his friends.

HARBOR ICE.

Reports From Different Points On the Lake.

Weather Forecaster H. W. Richardson, of the local weather bureau, received today the weekly report of the snow and ice conditions in the Lake Superior region. The report from Bayfield shows the ice in the harbor at that point to be 20 inches thick and about 20 inches of snow on the ground. At Washburn the harbor ice is 24 inches thick and there is about 12 inches of snow. The ice is 26 inches thicks in the Ashland harbor and the snowfall amounts to about 9 inches.

The soundings in the Duluth harbor, taken this morning, show the harbor ice from 16 to 25 inches thick, while the lake ice is about 5 inches in thickness. The ice field in the lake extends out as far as the eye can reach from Duluth and yesterday a number of skaters ventured out a long way.

On Feb. 10, 1900, the harbor ice averaged 21.5 inches thick and on the same date, 1901, it was 23.5 inches thick. Feb. 10, last year, a southwest wind took the ice field out into the lake, but on the following day it was back and extended out about five miles with an average thickness of four inches.

Temperatures in the Lake Superior region have been rising steadily, but there still remains good freezing weather. The minimum temperature during the twenty-four hours up to 7 o'clock this morning was but 4 degrees above zero, and it has been a little warmer during today. The forecast for tonight and tomorrow is for slightly warmer weather, generally fair.

E. W. Grove

This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaken, 31 East Sup. St.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.

Professor Ourat will organize the last adult beginners' class Wednesday, Feb. 12.

The county canvassing board will meet Thursday to canvass the vote cast at the city elections held at Virginia and Ely tomorrow. The board consists of the clerk of the court, county auditor, chairman of the county board and two justices of the peace, each of opposing political faith.

Probate Judge Bonham this morning ordered the release of Catherine Habine, of Hibbing, who had been tried for insanity. The medical commission concluded that the woman had been drinking to excess and that she was really sane. She testified that she was 29 years old, and lives with her husband at Hibbing. The information was filed by Humane Officer Withrow.

Parlor theater. New bill vaudeville acts.

Judge Ensign has rendered a decision declaring that John Heimer is the exclusive owner of the fee to the ne¼ of the se¼ of section 34-59-15. The court holds that Defendant August D. Noble has no interest in the property.

Thomas J. Davis has sued Stuart Bates to recover $600 alleged to be due on two promissory notes. The Sharon Ore company has been garnisheed. Frank Hicks is plaintiff's attorney.

W. H. Logan has filed transcript of judgment for $166.47 against Frances B. McNamara in district court. J. H. Boyle is plaintiff's attorney.

Culver Post G. A. R. and the Women's Relief corps will observe Lincoln's day at the G. A. R. in the Masonic temple tomorrow evening. There will be a fine program.

Parlor theater. Fine show again tonight.

One of the orchestra selections at the Lyceum Saturday night was the overture from "The Explorers," the musical comedy written by Bert L. Taylor, formerly of this city. The piece, which is being produced under the management of "The Burgomaster" company, has been playing in the East and will be brought West in the early spring.

Minnie Cummings, the world's famous fancy skater, will be at the East End rink tonight.

The funeral of Christopher F. Maginnis, the young man that fell on Fifth avenue west, Saturday evening and died shortly afterward, was held at 8:30 this morning in the Catholic Cathedral. The funeral sermon was preached by Rev. Corbett, and many friends of the family attended.

The evening literature class of the Twentieth Century club will meet Thursday with Mrs. Henry Taylor, 225 East Third street. Miss Markell will conduct the meeting.

The travel class of the Twentieth Century club will meet tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the club rooms.

Tonight at the Unitarian church before the Unity club "The Race Question" will be discussed. The discussion will be from three standpoints. H. F. Greene will consider it from the sociological side, Mrs. J. L. Washburn from the ethical side and C. B. Miller from the political.

Thomas F. McGilvray has been advised of his election as an associate member of the American Society of Civil Engineers.

The first meeting of the Panton & White company was held this morning and the following officers were elected: President, John Panton; vice president, William White; secretary, N. N. Ole. These three with Joseph B. Cotton and Edward A. Dewitt constitute the board of directors.

Picture Sale.

We will for the next three days, commencing Wednesday morning, Feb. 12, have a sale on water colors, oil paintings, etchings, steel engravings, pastels, photogravures, carbons and reproductions of all kinds. Come and select your goods. We will do the rest. If you need a picture this is a lifetime opportunity to get them at a wholesale price. All statuary at 50 per cent. Our new and artistic wall hanging now in for inspection.

ENGELS' ART STORE,
17-19 Third Avenue West.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. W. T. Hendren has returned from a visit at Long Prairie and was accompanied by her sister, Miss Abbie Hennessy, who will make her home here and attend school.

Mrs. Smith B. Owens, of 1115 East Second street, has been called home by the serious illness of her mother. She left last evening.

William Clifford, secretary and treasurer of the Duluth Dredge & Dock company, has returned from a business trip to Detroit, Mich. Mr. Clifford says that business is lively in the Michigan metropolis and that there is plenty of dredging work in sight there for the coming season.

D. M. Sabin, general manager of the Bayfield Western logging road, returned last evening from a business trip to Chicago.

Mrs. S. W. Hill, of the West End, left this morning for Bay City, Mich., where she was called by the serious illness of her mother.

O. A. Wennberg, a Wausaw, Wis., lumberman, is a guest at the McKay.

Mrs. Bassett, who has been a guest of J. N. McKindley, expects to leave this afternoon for Boston via the Omaha.

C. O. Brownell, of St. Paul, who is connected with the state auditor's office, is at the McKay.

Peter Grant and J. W. Myers, village officers of the village of Chisholm, are registered at the St. Louis.

Fred Eva left today for a trip to New York.

F. S. Colvin is down from Biwabik today.

George C. Bentley, of Hancock, is a guest at the Spalding.

E. M. Lieblein, a wholesale grocer at Houghton, is in the city today.

Burt A. Rowe came down from Eveleth this morning and is at the St. Louis.

O. C. Sether left today for Portland, Ore., going via the Great Northern.

D. C. Rood was a morning arrival from Hibbing.

C. G. Mason, of Negaunee, arrived on the South Shore this morning and is at the Spalding.

ARRIGNED.

Chisholm's Fly-away Recorder Is Before the Nunicipal Court.

Charged with financially shattering the new town of Chisholm, C. E. Stein is being given his preliminary examination in police court this afternoon.

Mr. Stein is youthful in appearance and does not seem to be a man who would steal $160 from a few months' old town. Still he was recently arrested on that charge in Chicago and has been in custody in the county jail ever since his return to this city.

Mr. Stein was recorder of Chisholm, and the trouble he got into has attracted much newspaper attention all over the country on account of the small sum he was charged with taking.

One Chicago paper said that the descriptions of Mr. Stein by detectives read: "He is 5 feet 6 inches tall and $160 short."

LARGE COMMISSION.

Big Sum Paid In Duluth Purchasers' Deal.

A commision of $25,000 was paid the men that negotiated the sale of the Continental mine in Idaho to Capt. Harry Roberts, W. T. Bailey and others of this city.

The big commission went to Reddy & Jamieson, of Spokane, Wash. A. C. Jamieson of the firm lived here for a number of years.

It is said to be one of the largest commissions, though not the largest, ever given for the transfer of a mining property west of Colorado. The report comes from a Spokane paper.

A SUPPLY STATION

United States Steel Corporation to Build One at Sault.

Will Provision Boats There, Buying Most Supplies at Duluth.

Capt. Singer Disclaims Connection With Plans For Manitou.

It is reported that the United States Steel corporation has secured a location and will build a big warehouse at Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., to be completed by the time the boats begin to run the coming spring. The warehouse is to be established at the Soo, as the most available point at which the steel trust can furnish supplies for its big fleet of lake carriers. It is understood that as far as possible the supplies that will be put on the boats through this warehouse will be purchased in Duluth.

The steel trust has a fleet of 112 boats and the furnishing of supplies for all these vessels forms a very large and important business in itself.

As the purchasing agent of the steel company, William E. Gaynor is located with the Duluth offices, it is considered probable that he will have charge, largely, supplying the new warehouse.

DOES NOT ADMIT IT.

Capt. Singer Disclaims Connection With Manitou.

Capt. Singer has returned from a trip to Chicago and Buffalo. The captain declines to admit that he has any connection with the arrangement said to have been made for running the steamer Manitou on the route between Duluth and Buffalo to connect with the Northern line boats, which will begin again to run between Chicago and Buffalo.

The Manitou was formerly owned by the Lake Michigan and Lake Superior line, of which the captain recently became president, but a couple of years ago was transferred to another corporation. Capt. Singer was laid up with the grippe at Buffalo.

The capthain says that there must be some developments very soon in his plans for larger operations on the north shore route. It is said that he has his plans pretty well developed, but is not willing to announce them as yet.

Regarding the report concerning the placing of the Manitou on the Lake Superior route, it is learned from another source that the Northern line people have two boats in view for this commisison, but it is said they have not made their selection of the two as yet. The Manitou is said to have been doing a light business between Chicago and Mackinac island since the Northern line boats went on the Chicago-Buffalo route, although this vessel has since then also touched at Southern Michigan summer resort points.

CONDUCTS THREE SERVICES

Evangelist Atkinson Puts In a Busy Day.

At the Second Presbyterian church Evangelist Atkinson conducted three services yesterday with marked success. At 10:30 he spoke on "The Need of Regeneration," basing his remarks on the story of Nicodemus and Christ as related in John iii, 5: "Ye must be born again."

At 2:30 a large audience met evangelist, when he talked to them on the subject of "Wrecks." He took for the scripture lesson Mark iv, 35-39. Among other things, he said: "The ship upon which the disciples sailed was safe because Jesus was aboard. Nothing is said in this statement about the other little ships, whether they went down or reached the shore, though everything indicates that they were lost. If lost, it was because Jesus Christ was not in their boats. A life without Jesus Christ is sooner or later a lost life. Take Christ with you as you cross the sea of life. He will still the storms into a calm, and land you safe on the other side."

Mr. Atkinson told many striking stories of men who had tried to meet temptation without Christ who had made shipwreck of their lives, and in closing a very touching discourse, he urged all to accept Jesus Christ, to which some responded.

At 7:30 he again spoke to a crowded house on the subject, "The Slavery of Sin." The evangelist was at his best, both singing and speaking. He held the audience spellbound. He denounced in scathing language the prominent vices and common sins, which sooner or later robs men of all their God-bestowed gifts, the will to act, the mind to think, the heart to love, and last of all, even the desire to seek deliverance. On this point he told a touching story of a man tied to a tree on the banks of the Nile. He had been chained to that tree by his people and left to die. The evangelist was one of a party who broke the chains. The man was free, but he had become so accustomed to walking around the tree that he had no desire, when released, to choose another course. They took him away from the tree a long distance and pointed him in another direction and left him to seek for his friends, but when they returned to their boat they saw the poor mindless creature back at the tree performing the same vigil. In like manner the aim of drinking, of impurity, of heart, in fact all sin, when practiced by its votary, eventually makes the subject its slave. He urged as the only safety a definite acceptance of Jesus Christ, who could break the chains of slavery and give eternal liberty to all who would accept Him.

A large number stayed behind for prayer and counsel. The meetings will be continued every night this week. The subject tonight will be "Future Punishment, or is There a Hell?" The meetings will begin at 7:30 p. m.

To Enjoin Payment.

Supplementary proceedings were commenced in municipal court, in West Superior today, in connection with a suit the citizens' committee is about to commence, enjoining the payment, by Douglas county, of a claim of $136 for some poles furnished the county by Robert J. Shields, the bill being made in the name of P. R. Hogan. Mr. Hogan claims that he sold the poles to Mr. Shields, and that he knows nothing of the claim that Shields presented to the county board in his, Hogan's name. It is alleged that the poles were worth but $106. The examination is being conducted to learn the extent of Mr. Shield's knowledge of the transaction.

CHECK LOST.

Charles Engquist May Be Out a Nice $100.

The police are trying to locate a $100 check payable to the "bearer."

The check is the property of Charles Enquist and endorsed by him. He lost it somewhere and sometime, but that is all the detectives know about it.

Payment on it has been stopped at the First National bank, but the police fear that if the finder of the check is not strictly honest it will be cashed before reaching the bank.

Enquist received the check Saturday from the Red Cliff Lumber company. It was payable to the bearer, but he is sure he endorsed it before leaving the office. That is about all that Mr. Enquist remembers of the check, or at least all that he was able to tell the police regarding it.

THE EASTERN.

Hill Interests Purchasers of Kinney-Hawkins-Crosby Property.

The secret is out concerning the identity of the purchasers of the Kinney-Hawkins-Crosby iron property, for which $525,000 is the consideration. The purchaser is the Eastern railway of Minnesota. The Hill interests are said to have deals on for a number of other properties, with the idea of sub-leasing them, and so contracting for ore hauling traffic for their line. Several of the deals reported closed have not been concluded, though the papers are ready for signing.

FARMERS'

Views of Tax Code Are Heard By the Committee.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Henry Plowman, of Otter Tail, appeared before the house commisison on tax and tax laws at its hearing this afternoon. He discussed the tax law from the standpoint of the farmer.

The members of the tax commission are expected to put in an appearnce late this afternoon or tomorrow.

Unless Mr. Noyes' resolution goes through and is acted upon it looks as though hearings on the tax mesaure in the house would close tomorrow, for want of anybody to be heard. The country bankers are the only persons who have made an advance date. Then the committee is expected to take the bill up in executive session, and is disposed to give it to the house very promptly.

COLLISION

Of Fort Wayne Freight Trains Causes Heavy Loss.

Pittsburg, Feb. 10.—One man killed, one seriously injured, several cars consumed by fire and a lot of live stock slaughtered is the result of a collision of two Fort Wayne railroad freight trains near Hayesville, Pa., this morning. After the collision the wreck took fire and a number of cars were consumed.

All trains were delayed from two to four hours by the wreck. The injured driver was H. H. Haver, of Greenfield, Iowa. The killed man's name is not known. The monetary loss will be heavy.

POSTMASTERS.

List of Names Sent to the Senate.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The president today sent the following nominations to the senate:

Postmasters: Michigan—F. M. Towle, Gaylord. South Dakota—Thomas A. Stevens, Chamberlain; Charles E. Johnson, Bridgewater; William G. Arnold, Clear Lake. Wisconsin—Gergen C. Jacobson, Elroy; Charles S. French, Lake Geneva; James T. Webb, Lancaster; Clayton H. Underhill, Sharon; Richard Price, Wonowoc. North Dakota—Eli Toley, Kenmore.

No one would ever be bothered with constipation if everyone knew how naturally and quickly Burdock Blood Bitters regulates the stomach and bowels.

F. D. Day & Co.

For three days of this week we will continue our Libbey cut glass sale—20 per cent discount.

DEATH LIST.

Robert Deakin, the Well Known Pioneer, Has Passed Away.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Robert L. Deakin, aged 8 years, a well known pioneer and legislator, and famous as a legislative reading clerk, died at his home in this city last night after a brief illness. His wife died Feb. 1, and a few hours later Mr. Deakin, while standing by her dead body, was stricken by paralysis, gradually sinking until death came to his relief.

Newburgh, N. Y., Feb. 10.—Mrs. Odell, mother of Governor Odell, died today. Death was the result of pneumonia. At the bedside when she died were her husband, her three sons, Governor B. B. Odell, Postmaster Odell and Professor George T. Odell, of Columbia university, and her two daughters, Misses Ophelia and Clara Odell. Mrs. Odell was born in Bookstaver, and was married to Mr. Odell in April, 1850.

Seattle, Feb. 10.—L. E. Dix, a marine engineer and an old resident of this city, was instantly killed yesterday by falling down an open hatchway on the steamer Willlamette. He fell thirty feet and struck on his head. Hardly a bone in his body was left unbroken. Dix stumbled over a coil of rope beside the open hatch. He leaves a wife and two children.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 10.—In the senate, Mr. Hale presented a partial conference report upon the urgent deficiency appropriation bill. A bill appropriating $500,000 for a public building at Spokane, was passed. Senator Hoar, from the judiciary committee, favorably reported a bill for the protection of the president, the vice president and othrs. Killing or attempting to kill them is made punishable by death.

In the house, the debate on the oleo bill was resumed. The urgen deficiency bill was sent back to conference.

PEWTER COLLECTION.

The interest which the turn of the century seems to have awakened in things historical has caused the pewter cult to flourish and grow apace. Possibly the large output of historical novels treating of colonial life may also have helped to stimulate the zeal of the pewter collector. Certain it is that this ware, so long treated with ignominy and relegated to oblivion, has merged a triumph to occupy a lace of honor on sideboards, buffets and shelves. Pewter collecting has become the fad of the moment. It is a very mild dissipation, compared with many other forms of the collecting mania, for very good specimens may be obtained at reasonable prices. It is only the rare specimens and unique patterns that bring high prices. Odd bottles are especially prized. The shapes of pewter articles are almost invariably good and decorative. It is well to remember, however, that one piece of pewter is never effective; it is only in quantity that good results are to be obtained. A shelf of pewter, consisting of a row of pitchers, jugs, bowls, etc., backed by a line of plates and platters, is a joy to the eye. The soft brightness, yielded by the ware when polished, is exceedingly pleasing. When arranged in a room with colonial furnishings, the happy effect is intensified.

Nothing seems more intimately suggestive of colonial life than these articles which played so important a part in it. That was literally an age of pewter. There were pewters forks and spoons, pewter plates, pewter bottles and spoons, in fact pewter everything as far as the dining table was concerned. The gauge of a housewife's industry was the brightness of her pewter. Many a fair bride was toasted by wedding guests by high pewter tankards and in many households no other tableware was employed. The Revolution, which brought in its track so many changes, wrought a very decided one in tableware. Pewter was replaced by crockery and never regained its prestige.

The word "pewter" is a generic term for a variety of alloys. Tin forms the predominating compound, but ordinarily ptwter is tin alloyed with lead, this latter used on account of its cheapness. The finest pewter is tin, hardened by the addition of a trifle of copper. Britannia is a materlal which often goes by the name of pewter. It is a harder composition and at one time it was considered a great improvement on pewter. It is not, however, as interesting to collectors, though most of its shapes are good.

Old pewter has gained, as everything lasting does, a mellowness with age, and has a look as a good quantity of silver were added. This may not be so, but certainly it has a very different look and "feel" to modern pewter. The first thing to do on getting an old pewter "piece" is to have it thoroughly cleaned, and this is a really difficult task to the amateur, especially when, as frequently happens, it has been left untouched for some time, perhaps because it has been lying by unused, or to give the truly "old" look which the dealer values. If the pewter is very dirty, which is generally the case, its soft surface being inclined to abrosb grease and dirt, it should be boiled in strong soda water and afterward cleaned with the usual reparation. Brick dust and paraffine is a very good mixture.

Much of the old pewter is marked with what looks like the old silver stamps, and this is highly thought of. There are also the registered pewter marks, but no names of makers are preserved, so that it is very difficult to trace the exact period.

Pewter was apparently made before the Roman period, and in the British Museum are to be found fine specimens of old pewter dishes and vessels in fragments which were found near some Roman buildings by the Rev. E. H. Englehart, near Andover, Hants. There is also in the British Museum a plate finely engraved with the Resurrection, depicting angels with emblems of the Passion, and one dated 1619. In the Franks collection are a good number of spoons; one "Pied de Biche" spoon, William and Mary, with their heads engraved on the top, 1690; also an old kitchen spoon, with pastry cutter top, eighteenth century, found near Fleet street. There is a very fine English pewter dish, dated 1583, and inscribed "Ione Coppin," Susan church, and a dish with the arms of All Souls, Oxford, engraved on it, found in Oxford early in the seventeenth century, and given to the museum by John Jennings. Also, three pewter plates, stamped with crown and feathers, found with others near Guy's hospital, probably about the time of Henry VIII.

Catarrhal Headache.—That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Stag Chop House.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Emil A. Harvies and Ida Lyon.

BIRTHS.

MALSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. John Malson, 324 St. Croix avenue.

WALSH—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Thomas W. Walsh, 1122 East Second street.

MATTSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Mattson, 1012 Garfield avenue.

GUYER—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Guyer, 1926 West Michigan street.

DEATHS.

WILKINSON—John Wilkinson, aged 31, died of pneumonia last night at St. Mary's hospital. The remains will be forwarded to Rosedale, Mo., for interment.

KREZSZEWSKI—Franz Krzyzewski, infant son of Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Krzeszewski, 106 East Eighth street, died last night. The funeral from the family residences to morrow morning at 9 o'clock.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1258.
FLOOD & HORGAN,
Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN.

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
EISCHEN BROS, 1210 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

WINDBURN SMARTS, BESIDES TAN isn't pretty. Have a fair face, satin skin using Satin-Skin Cream and Satin-Skin Powder. 25c.

SILBERSTEIN & BONDY CO.

SPRING STYLES

These Are Now Ready:

New Spring Raglans
In Cloth or Morie.

New Neckwear Novelties
For Women.
Also Lace Collars, Reveres, Yokes, Etc.

First Display of Embroidered Waist Patterns From Europe.
The most magnificent we have ever shown—entirely exclusive with our firm. The colors are light blue, batiste, black and white, beautifully embroidered in various ways—$9.50 to $16.50.

Fine Tailor-Made Costumes.
Beautiful Russian Blouse Effects and Other Novelties.

Beautiful Dress Skirts
In Grenadines, Crepes, Nole Cloth—together with Broadcloths, Venetians, Cheviots, Etc.

High Class Silks,
Including Satin Libertys, Foulards, Wash Silks, Thin Silk Tissues, Colored Poie Soies, Fancy Silks for Waists, Colored Taffetas, Crepe Princess and Colored Poie de Soies.

New Dress Trimmings.

Batiste Bands—embroidered in white—edges to match—1¼ to 2 inches wide—the same designs embroidered in black.

White Taffeta Bands—Embroidered in black—edges to match.

Taffeta Bands in the new irridescent colorings—with edges to match—In new and rich color combinations—50c to $3.75 yard

Mirrored Velvet App'lque—Irridescent colors—with burnt effect—1½ and 2 inches wide.

Persian Panne Velvet—appliqued on batiste—2 inches wide.

Revers of mirrored velvet—pastel shades—in burnt effect.

New Fancy Buttons....
At notion counter.
Fancy Buttons on everything—that is the indication for spring. No "smart" gown will be complete without them—so say the fashion leaders in Paris. Our new fancy buttons for spring dresses are already here, as are also new invoices of the more staple kinds.

GALOONS, CLUNY ALL-OVERS, ETC.

Venice Galoons in white, cream and ecru—from 1½ to 3 in. wide.

Point de Paris Galoons—in all widths.

Black and White Chantilly Galoons in all widths.

All-Over Laces with Galoons—Insertion and edge to match.

New Cluny All-Over—with insertions, galoons and edgings to match.

Embroidery Galoons—fancy beadings—embroidery edged beadings—insertions—hemstitched edges—buttonholed edges—lace edged bands and embroiderees—and everything in the embroidery line.

New Wool Dress Fabrics and Grenadines.

Silk and Wool Crepe de Chines, Voiles, Grenadines and Lightweight Etamines for fancy dresses.

Fine Meltons and Broadcloths for tailor-made street gowns.

Hopsackings, heavy Mistrals, Kerseys and Cheviots for separate skirts of all descriptions.

Lansdownes and Albatrosses for fancy waists.

The reigning colors will be—Resedas, Pearl Grays, Light Tans and Blues for fancy dresses.

Tans, Browns, Bronze Tints, Blues and Grays for tailor-made suits.

Black, Tans, Grays, Navys and Browns for separate skirts.

White, Pale Blue, Old Rose, Yellow, Light Greens, Reds, Pearl Grays—in fact, all soft, light tints—for fancy waists.

Of course, Black retains its full popularity in all kinds of fabrics for all kinds of dresses.

White and Creams will be very generally worn for waists, skirts and entire gowns.

Among the new spring arrivals we are now prepared to show—

Hopsackings, Black and Colors.

Heavyweights—$1.25 to $1.75 the yard.

Chalk Line Stripes—some very handsome effects—$1.59.

Read's Lansdownes—20 shades—$1.25.

Fine Albatross—black, cream and colors—50c.

Mistrals—all the new spring shades—$1.00 to $1.50.

Voiles—include nun's veilings, black, cream and colors—from 59c to $1.25.

Black Mohairs—fine and coarse weaves, and hair line stripes—30c to $1.25.

Special Weaves in Black Goods.

Basket Sicilian—$1.25.
Silk Etamine—$1.75.
Armure Crepe—$2.25.
Peau de Soie—$1.60.
Imported Canvas Cloth—$1.75.
French Tibeline—$1.75 to $3.00.
Granite Cloths—75c to $1.25.
Tailor Cheviots—75c to $2.00.
Camelotte—something new and nobby—$1.25.

Black Grenadines Plain and Fancy.

From $1.25 to $4.00 the yard.
Chenille Striped Grenadines—very dressy—$3.50 the yard.
Crepe Grenadines—entirely new—$3.00.
Grenadine Mousseline—satin figures—the pattern, $25.00.
Satin Striped Grenadines—from $1.25 to $3.00.
Iron Frame Grenadines—$1.25.
Silk and Wool Crepe de Chine—black and colors—$2.00.
Plain Etamines—20 shades—$1.00 to $2.50.
Tailor Suitings—25 shades—$1.00 to $3.00.

Cream and White Woolen Goods.

Albatross—50c.
Dotted and Striped Nun's Veilings—75c and 85c.
Brilliantines—59c to $1.50.
Bdoadcloths—$1.50 to $2.00.
Storm Serges—60c to $1.25.
Imported Cheviots—$1.00.
Bedford Cord—$1.25.
All Wool Bunting—50c.
Foule Serge—60c.
Wool Crepe—85c.

New Tuckings for Waists and Yokes.
New Black Wash Fabrics for dresses and waists.
New Silk Waists with the "Gibson" back.
The New "Princesse" Petticoats.

The new Princesse is a tailor-made, seven-gored, adjustable band garment; perfectly adapted to all sizes, and does away with all fullness at the waist and with all wrinkles over the hips. It gives a perfect fit at the top, impossible to obtain with the old draw-string under skirt, or with the bungling yoke skirts. It is made without draw strings, without lacing cords, without hooks and eyes, and without a yoke. It has a wide-sweep circular flounce. It is made of the best quality of mercerized sateen in the very latest and most popular styles and the prices are as low as asked for inferior garments of the old fashioned draw-string type. Black, white and colors—$3.50 to $5.50.

New Spring Laces and Embroideries.
Muslin Undergarments for Women and Children.
New Belts, Chateline Bags, Purses and other Novelties.
High-class Cotton Dress Fabrics,
New Rugs and Upholstery Goods, Household Linens, Towels,
Bed Spreads, White Goods, Ecru Novelties, Etc.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SENATORS' SALARIES

Fourteen Had Courage Enough to Vote For an Increase.

Fear of Criticism Caused Defeat of the Resolution.

Peculiar Things In the Way of Legislative Luncheons.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Fourteen United States senators had courage enough to vote for an increase of pay for the members of the house and senate. Forty-four others agreed with them that they were right, but the forty-four lacked the necessary nerve to vote for their convictions. Anyone who knows what it costs to live in Washington realizes that the pay of a senator, who must enter more or less into the social life of the capital, is ridiculously inadequate. John M. Thurston, of Nebraska, who declined to be a candidate for re-election after his term expired last March, earned $25,000 a year from his law business in Omaha before he came to Washington. He received a salary of $5000 a year and spent $20,000 while in congress. He is living at about the same rate now, since he has retired from the senate, but then he is earning enough to live on as a private citizen.

Henry M. Teller, of Colorado, threw up one of the best legal practices in the West when he became one of Colorado's first senators in 1876, and he has never accepted retainers except in two cases in the past twenty-five years. Every lawyer in the senate, exalted enough in the legal profesison to warant his election to that body, sacrifices his income to a very large extent when he accepts the honor of representing his state in the upper house of congress. And still these men, realizing how much others sacrifice, refused to vote for themselves or their successors anything like a commensurate salary for fear that such votes on their part will be attacked at home.

Unfortunately this fear of criticism not only prevents increase of salaries in the legislature of the government, but it applies with equal force to the exclusive and judicial branches. The salary of a cabinet officer is $8000 a year. Mr. Gage, who has just retired to private life, can accept any one of half a dozen positons offered to him as the president of a trust company or banking institution, with a salary five or six times as large as that paid to him by the government. Of course, there is not so much honor in filling the position at the head of a big private corporation that there is in occupying a seat in the presidential cabinet, but the surplus of honor in the federal place is counterbalanced by the surplus of labor required. Private corporations, from the Steel trust down to a country bank, demand but a quarter of the work from their heads which the public demands of the head of the treasury department.

After all the more glaring differences in salaries between government servants and outsiders is found in the compensation allowed to the members of the judiciary. The senate has just passed a bill to pay justices of the supreme court $12,500 a year, an increase of 25 per cent. Judges of the police court of New York city receive $10,000 a year, and justices of the supreme court of the state of New York who are assigned to the appellate division are compensated at the rate of $17,500 a year. A case tried before the supreme court of the state of New York, carried to the appellate division, there to the court of appeals, sometimes reaches the United States supreme court for a decision as to a constitutional question involved. The judge who first tries the case receives $8500 a year. The judges who hear the appeal are paid $1750 a year each, and then the judges of the highest court in the land, which passes upon the final question are paid $10,000 a eyar each. And yet it took the United States senate nearly three days to pass a bill providing that these justices of the court of last resort shall receive $2500 a year more than they receive now.

* * *

The visitor to Washington, who happens to drop into one of the restaurants located at either end of the capitol, sometimes sees peculiar things in the way of legislative luncheons. A case in point. A day or two ago five members of the house sat down to enjoy a moderate repast. One of them called for a milk stew, another was satisfied with a piece of pumpkin pie and a glass of milk—the house restaurant is famous for its pies—the third took baked apples and cream, another had custard pie, and the last called for a bowl of half-and-half, which means milk and cream and a plate of bread. There was nothing peculiar about this luncheon. It has been duplicated a score of times a day, but just as the waiter served the different orders, a sixth member sat down. He happened to be a very wealthy member, from one of the Eastern states. Usually, however, his tastes are as modest as those of any of his colleagues. He looked around at the others, and then said:

"Waiter, bring me a milk stew."

As the waiter started to fill the order he called him back: "Hold on, there," he said, "bring a couple bottles of White Seal and six glasses."

In a few minutes the order was filled, and the six members were engaged in risposing of their pie, apples, milk stew and bread and milk, and each one was contentedly sipping a glass of champagne.

"That's a peculiar combination," said a passing newspaper man to the manager of the restaurant.

"Oh, that's nothing," the manager replied, "you ought to have seen Representative Grout of Vermont. He took for his luncheon three or four times a week a half dozen raw oysters, and he invariably sprinkled them with powdered sugar."

* * *

Delaware is the only state in the Union which has but one representative in both house of congress. Delaware is without a senator. The legislature became absolutely deadlocked and adjourned a year ago without filling the two existing vacancies. Delaware will have no senator before next winter in any event, and unless the long drawn out controversy between the Addicks and anti-Addicks factions can be settled up before the next election, it may be that the state will have to get along without representation in the upper branch of congress for some time to come. But then Delaware has been represented in the senate by such men as Gray, Bayard and the Saulsburys, so that perhaps the people of that little state can wait a few years until some other equally big men can grow up.

* * *

The presence in Washington at this time of Alexander Charles, formerly postmaster at Cedar Rapids, Iowa, recalls a somewhat remarkable incident connected with the career of Wilson S. Bissell as postmaster general. Soon after the inauguration of Mr. Cleveland as president for his second term, the Democrats of Iowa sent a very eulogistic endorsement of Alexander Charles for the position of superintendent of the free delivery service of the postoffice department. Mr. Charles had been postmaster in Cedar Rapids during Mr Cleveland's first term, and had made a splendid record for himself. Among his endorsers was the Democratic congressman from his district. Mr. Charles was not appointed to the place he sought, but instead, Mr. Machen, of Toledo, who now occupies the place, was selected. Finding that he could not secure the position he sought, Mr. Charles notified the department that he would like to be again postmaster at Cedar Rapids. As soon as his application was filed, the congressman, who had so enthusiastically sent a letter to Postmaster General Bissell, in which he metaphorically ripped Charles up the back. He insisted that he had been guilty of all sorts of improper things and that he was unfitted to be the postmaster at Cedar Rapids.

Postmaster General Bissell was new to the ways of politicians at that time, and he didn't know that it was somewhat of a common practice to endorse a man with the right hand and to stick the knife into his back with the left. When the congressman called, therefore, to put in his personal objections to the appointment of Mr. Charles, he was very naturally surprised at the treatment which he received. That is to say, that he was surprised from the shock. Mr. Bissell heard him patiently. Then he touched a button, and in response to a whisper, his messenger brought in some papers. Mr. Bissell pointed to the endorsement of Alexander Charles by the congressman. "Is that your signature?" he said quietly.

"It is," replied the representative, somewhat taken back.

"What do you mean," said Mr. Bissell, still without raising his voice, "by endorsing this man for appointment as chief of one of the most important bureaus of this department and then writing me a letter telling me that he is dishonest and unfit to be postmaster in a second rate city. What do you mean, sir?" And then his voice began to rise. The congressman attempted to make some sort of a reply, but was unable to do so, and sat for five minutes and received the most perfect scoring that one man ever took from another, and at the end Mr. Bissell said:

"Leave this room, sir, and so long as I am postmaster general, be kind enough to stay away."

And a few days after Mr. Charles was appointed postmaster general at Cedar Rapids. He made a splendid record for a second time, and when his term expired, the Republican successor to the man who tried to stab him secured an appointment for him in the postal service, which he still holds.

* * *

P. C. Richardson, of Minneapolis, is spending a few weeks in Washington. Mr. Richardson, of Minneapolis, is a quiet citizen. He has no axes to grind here, and ordinarily he might come and go without attracting any attention, but it so happens that this same P. C. Richardson was one of the organizers of the first industrial trust ever established in this country. It was a way back in the '60s. Mr. Richardson and several brothers were cheese makers. At that time Western New York had scores of co-operative cheese factories, which had been established by farmers for their own benefit. But in nearly every instance these factories were unsuccessful. The Richardson boys saw an opportunity to make them successful, not only for the farmers, but for themselves as well. They secured financial backing, and bought up twenty-five or thirty of these factories at about 25 or 30 cents on the dolar of what they cost. They organized the "Cloverfield" combination. They did not call it a trust, but it was a trust just the same, and they started to buy up the cheese-making factories of the western counties of New York state. They were brainy men and they succeeded, and within five years their products made such a name for itself that the mere brand, "Cloverfield," on a cheese box insured the sale of the contents of that box in the English markets at a higher price than any other American cheese fetched. P. C. Richardson sold out early in the '80s and went to Minneapolis. His brother remained in Western eNw York and is still a member of the cheese trust. But the queer thing about it is that that brother has twice run for congress on an anti-trust platform, and it is understood that he will attempt to do so again this fal. He has not yet been elected.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness.

Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly.

Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. It is not drying—does not produce sneezing. Large Size, 50 cents at Druggists or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail.

ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street, New York.



HE WAS A PLUNGER

Dan Levy Says That He Has Lost Several Fortunes.

Was Trying to Make a Living Playing the Races.

Won $100,000 at Oakland and Then Dropped $60,000.

New York, Feb. 10.—"There is nothing in playing the races for a steady living. I've lost fortunes at it all over the country, and I've been pretty lucky at that," so said Dan Levy, alias Harry Lewis, the race-track plunger, to Magistrate Cornell in the Center street police court. Levy, or Lewis, was the same turf plunger who won $100,000 at Oakland and then, after dropping $60,000, failed to pay several large checks. He was ruled off the California tracks.

In court Levy made his appearance attired in a suit of fashionable cut and with a swagger ragian overcoat of a delicate greenish hue. The black soft hat he carried was lined with the heaviest of black silk. He was met by Charles S. Sinsheimer, a lawyer who represented him in the proceedings.

"Yes, I won $100,000 in three weeks on the horses in Oakland," said Levy, with a smile. "How did I do it? Oh, just a run of good luck, and I didn't carry a rabbit's foot, either. My largest winning on a single race was $42,000, which I won on Pompino in a $350 selling stake race. The bookmakers took all they could get and wanted more, but Pompino simply romped in. They got so sore on me they finally refused my badge. The bookies have got to calling me the 'drunken sailor,' and for three weeks I had things my own way. Then I dropped $60,000. After the gates were closed to me I left.

"Pompino is my own horse. I bought him for $1500 and won $42,000 with him. I also own a horse called Marion Lynch.

"My next largest winning was at Oakland on a horse called Marcos. I put up $18,000 altogether at various odds, and when the race was over I gathered in $38,000. There was a story that one day at the track during the three weeks of my big luck I hired two Pinkerton detectives to carry away my money in leather bags. I carried it away all right. When I began to lose I dropped $5000 and $6000 at a clip until I was out $60,000. Then I came East.

"I have been following the races for twelve years, and they have been the ruination of me. I've lost fortunes betting. I was born right here in New York, and I started following the horses at Gravesend and Sheepshead Bay. There is nothing in the game as a steady thing. I have been at every track in the country—Saratoga, New Orleans, Latonia, Oakland and all of them—and I know."

Levy was remanded by Magistrate Cornell at the request of Detective Sergt. Hughes. It is probable that he will return to Maryland without requisition proceedings.

"When I finally quit San Francisco," said Lewis, after the proceedings in court, "I had $96,000. Then I plunged in other directions, the result being that I landed in New York with $41,000, and I have determined to get into some legitimate business while the chance is mine. I do not believe that the charge against me will be pressed by the people in Baltimore. I have telegraphed to my wife and I hope that she will come here. She will unless she is too angry."

Levy's brother was seen. Speaking of Daniel, he said: "We hope that he has determined to reform. He came home several days ago and told us that he was again in trouble, but that he had the money to settle everything. He gave our father a lot of money and said he would square the Baltimore accounts and then settle down for good. His arrest was no surprise to me. I expected that it would come, but I believe that he was betrayed from Baltimore."

Levy will be disappointed in his hope that his wife will return to him. In fact, he owes his arrest to her determination to be avenged for the insult put upon her when he ran away with another woman after a married life of less than six months. She learned of his movements and then communicated with the police. When she heard that he was in Philadelphia she went to that city with two detectives, hoping to bring about his arrest there. Finally she heard that he was in New York, and it was the information furnished by her that enabled Capt. Titus to locate him.

IN MICHIGAN.

Fatal Accident Caused By the Falling of a Cage.

Ironwood—Steve Tregimbo, aged about 50 years, was fatally injured at the Pabst mine at Ironwood, dying soon after. While going down the shaft the cage—containing Tregimbo, Albert Nichols, Edmund John, Charles Gribble, John Raymond and Carl Bentzen—caught in the ice. The engineer was unable to tell that the cage stopped, as one cage lifted in the opposite shaft at the same time, consequently the cable run out and the cage worked loose, precipitating the men to the bottom of the shaft. Albert Nichols was badly hurt. He will probably survive. Tregimbo leaves a family. The other men were badly shaken up, but escaped serious injury.

Marquette—A little over a year ago a sanitary campaign, something on the line of the work done by the government in Cuban cities, was instituted here under the auspices of the health department, and with the support of the common council. The result is apparent in the annual report just compiled by the health officers. Not only have communicable or dangerous diseases practically been wiped out, but the deaths during 1901 numbered but 139, compared with 206 for the preceding year, and this despite the increase in population.

Calumet—Joseph Gardner, a pioneer resident of the copper country, dropped dead in his store of heart disease. He was 61 years old. He came to this district forty years ago.

Menominee—The Sawyer-Goodman Lumber company intends to enlarge its yard by extending it to the south, and also expects, within a year, to erect a planing mill. It has also decided to move its offices from Chicago to Marinette and has leased rooms in the Stephenson National Bank building. This means the centralization of the Sawyer-Goodman lumber business on the Menominee river.

HAD NO RIGHT

Objections Should Not Interfere With Crown's Prerogative.

London, Feb. 10.—In the king's bench division of the high court of justice today the lord chief justice, Baron Alverstone, discharged the rule nisi in the case of the Rt. Rev. Charles A. Gore against the confirmation of whose election to the bishopric of Worcester John Kensit and other anti-ritualists successfully appealed to the court Jan. 24 for a mandamus against the archbishop of Canterbury and the vicar general, Sir James Parker, directing them to hear the objections.

The lord chief justice held that the objectors had no right to interpose, pointing out that no such interference in the crown's prerogative to nominate bishops had been tolerated since the reign of Henry VIII.

The court suggested, however, that it might be advisable to modify the form of public citation in the case of the confirmation of election of bishops with the view of removing the temptation to raise objections at unsuitable times.

SERIOUS CHARGES

Keeping a Manila Policeman In Indiana's Capitol.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 10.—Harry B. Wilson has received an appointment as government policeman in Manila, Philippine islands, with orders to start this evening, but he finds himself under arrest in the city court, charged with undue intimacy with a 16-year-old girl, and the court has fined him $100 and costs. His friends have furnished bond and appealed to the criminal court and the higher court has consented to hear the appeal today, and if he is acquitted there will be no interruption of his trip abroad, and possibly he may escape with a light fine. It is in the power of the criminal court, however, to increase the fine to $500 and add imprisonment, and his friends are anxious for fear he has taken too great a chance.

WILL DISCOVERED

Proving Ownership to Valuable Land In St. Louis.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Members of the Royer family living here are much elated over what they believe is the discovery of the will of Jacques Royer, who died in St. Louis Dec. 12, 1786, and left to his heirs several hundred acres of land, which now form the central part of the city of St. Louis, and is estimated to be worth $250,000,000. There are seven Royer heirs living in this city, and some 200 all told in this country and Europe. Architect Louis Matz, of this city, one of the heirs, who has devoted much time and money to establishing the Royer's claim, today said that he had always worked on the claim that his ancestor's will had been stolen and was being kept hid away. He says he got hold of one little clew after another and followed them up and is now satisfied that he has traced the will down to its lurking place and will soon be in possession of it, thus fuly establishing the Royer heirs' claim to the vast estate. The will, he says, is in Washington, and all that is required is research through stacks of old documents to find it.

OFFICERS

Pose as Privates to Prove a Fraud.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Two soldiers at Fort Keogh, Mont. were detected by two army officers in true Sherlock Holmes style. The interesting method is disclosed in the official record of the trials by court-martial of Privates Fred J. Carter, William H. Watson and Joseph Wheeler of Troop E Thirteenth cavalry. The two former were tried and found guilty of larceny by a court which met at Fort Keogh.

Carter and Watson were encountered one night at a late hour driving an army wagon laden with forage. They were on their way from Fort Keogh to the neighboring town and were met on the road by Capt. Walter Short, Thirteenth cavalry, and Lieut. Robert C. Foy, First cavalry, who were returning to the post.

Being surprised to meet the enlisted men, they naturally asked questions and learned from the soldiers where they were going with their valuable cargo. The officers were in a carriage driven by a man in whose charge Carter and Watson were placed and taken back to Fort Keogh, but not until the officers had exchanged wearing apparel with the soldiers.

Mounting the army wagon, Capt. Short and Lieut. Foy drove the team to the place the enlisted men had described as their destination and kept the engagement with the civilian conspirators. They were enabled by this ruse to get full testimony against Carter and Wilson, and used it with so much effect that the former was sentenced to three years and six months, and the latter to eighteen months' confinement at hard labor. The reviewing authority remitted six months of Carter's sentence and reduced Watson's sentence to one year. Wheeler was acquitted.

TEN MEN

Visited Her According to Testimony In Divorce Case.

Coshocton, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Mrs. Frank Beebe was the central figure in an unusually sensational divorce case, at which it was testified at the opening of the trial that ten men have made immoral visits to her home. The divorce petition named one co-respondent, Charles S. Raymer, a druggist, who is married. Until exposure came, Mrs. Beebe, who is strikingly handsome and talented, occupied a high place socially.

Frank Beebe, a traveling man, spends much time away from home. A former servant testified that Mrs. Beebe and Raymer had a private postoffice. The Beebe and Raymer properties adjoin. Communications were secreted beneath a stone near the fence. The witness testified that Raymer gave Mrs. Beebe music, and she (Mrs. Beebe) sang "Because I Love You" for her alleged paramour.

She stated that Victor Magi, of Chicago, stopped with Mrs. Beebe on his way to Washington, where he expected an Australian consular appointment. Mr. Cassingham was a back-door visitor, according to the testimony, but the witness could not say which of Congressman Cassingham's sons it was.

IN OLD AGE.

Brothers United Who Have Been Separated Since Childhood.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 10.—Sixty-one years ago George Furney, then aged 8 years, and Michael, his brother, aged 4 years, were separated in Tuscarawas county, where they were born, through the sudden death of their parents, and during all those years the brothers knew nothing of each other's whereabouts until two months ago, Michael lives on a farm near Wauseon, Fulton county, while the home of George is at Princeton, Minn. Last week George met his brother Michael for the first time since they were separated, two generations ago. The discovery of the brother's whereabouts and their reunion was brought about through George Furney, Jr., who was employed as an engineer on the construction of the new Wabash line to Montpelier. Learning that there was a Michael Furney living near Wauseon he went to see him, and after comparing notes he found that he was his father's long-lost brother.

CAVALRY MAJOR

Must Explain an Attack on the Army.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Maj. George K. Hunter, Fifteenth cavalry, is in trouble. While in St. Louis recently he attacked Gen. Shafter, West Pointers, Roosevelt's Rough Riders, and the army system, and things military generally. It was during a club festivity, and he was quoted as saying: "West Point should be burned, as we have a system of running our military affairs by politics, which renders West Point men and the training of that institutional unserviceable.

"At Tampa the whole management of affairs was so tainted with politics as to render efficiency impossible. Shafter and other high officials sat about the plazzas and hotel bars unable to relieve the situation.

"In Cuba Roosevelt's Rough Riders shouted at the wrong place, and had to be shoved into line by two regiments of regulars. The trouble with us in the late war was that there were too many soda water colonels."

The circumstances was reported to the adjutant general's office, and by direction of Secretary Root, Maj. Hunter has been asked to explain the nature and the occasion of his alleged statements.

The average age of men and women has been increased 33 per cent during the last decade. People have been taking Rocky Mountain Tea. A life preserver. Ask your druggist.

SALARIES ARE LARGE

Taft Receives $20,000 Annually, With Palace Thrown In.

The Other Members of Commission Get $15,000 Each.

Governor Says Expenses Are High In the Philippines.

Washington, Feb. 10.—In continuing his statement concerning conditions in the Philippines, before the senate commission on the Philippines today, Governor Taft said that estimates for preliminary expenses in those islands must include a considerable outlay for school buildings.

It was necessary, he said, to make salaries from 20 to 25 per cent higher than in the United States. In this connection, Senator Culberson made inquiries concerning the salaries and allowance of commissioners of the archipelago.

"Are the commissioners paid $20,000?" he was asked.

"No," was the reply. "When we first went out the commissioners were each paid $10,000 and the chairman $12,000, and in addition there was an allowance of $5500 to each for expenses, making the total $15,500 and $17,500 respectively. When I was appointed civil governor I was allowed $5000 for my legislative duties and $15,000 for my duties as an executive, making $20,000. The other commissioners were allowed $5000 for their legislative services and $10,000 for their executive duties, making $15,000, all in gold."

"Is each allowed a private secretary?"

"Yes."

"Are you also allowed to have a large clerical force?"

"You would think so if you should step into our offices. You also would get an idea of the necessity for such a force."

"What other allowances are made?"

"None, except that I am allowed, as governor, to live in the Malacanan, the old governor general's palace."

"Is it an extensive place?"

"Rather. It costs me $125 in gold per month to light it and I pay $3000 a year out of my own pocket for servants. There are fourteen ponies in the stables, eight of which I own, and I also keep three carriages. The grounds are extensive, but they are lighted by the city of Manila as any other park would be.'

"Are the other members of the commission provided with residences?"

"They are not. All of them pay rent and I can assure you that I would much prefer to pay mine to being required to live at Malacanan and keep up that establishment. If I may be allowed a word personal, I would say that of my $17,500 salary last year I had only $1500 left at the end of the year, and I am sure that if my illness had not prevented my entertaining to the desirable extent there would have been nothing left of the $20,000 now paid, and Gen. Wright and Judge Ide have assured me they could save nothing. There is much entertaining necessary and the cost of everything is greater than in Washington. Money goes so fast, indeed, it seems to melt. There are no perquisites or allowances other than those I have mentioned."

Governor Taft added that the commission had nothing to do with the fixing of salaries of his own members, that having been done in Washington, but he said it was impossible to secure the services of competent men for responsible positions without paying better salaries than are paid here.

THE TERMS

Of Merger of Starch and Sugar Refining Companies.

New York, Feb. 10.—The terms of agreement by which the National Starch company and National Sugar Refining company were taken over by the Corn Food Product company, which is capitalized at $80,000,000, has just been mailed to stockholders. For every $100 par value of the National Starch preferred the Corn Products company is to give $90 of its preferred stock, and for each $100 par value of the National Starch common it is to give $82.50 of its common stock. The circular further states that to the North American Trust company, of this city, will be issued an additional $5 pereferred stock, and $7.50 common of the Corn Products company for each $100 preferred, and $100 common stock of the National Starch company deposited to secure and assure the amount of quick convertible assets, contracted to and agreed to be owned by the National Starch company at the time of exchange of securities contemplated, and as one of the considerations for such exchange, that the Glucose Sugar Refining preferred stockholders are to receive $125, in the preferred stock of the Corn Products company, and the Glucose common shares, $125 in the common of the Corn Products company.

The dividend policy of the new company is outlined in the following statement: For the payment of dividends, when earned, upon the common stock, concurrently with the payment of dividends upon the preferred stock there has been inserted in the charter of the Corn Products company a provision to the effect that whenever quarterly dividends accrued upon preferred stock for previous quarters shall have been paid, the board of directors may declare dividends on the common stock out of the surplus dividends or net profits.

There will be a number of conferences held in this city this week. N. E. Mattheson, president of the Glucose Manufacturing company, probably will be president of the new corporation. The underwriting has been several times over subscribed.

Cures croup, sore throat, pulmonary troubles—Monarch over pain of every sort. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric oil.

SECOND ISSUE OF CARNEGIE OIL SHARES!

50,000 Shares at

5c Per Share.

The second issue is going rapidly. You must buy now if you want any at 5 cents per share.

Send your orders to

Carnegie Oil Co.

212-213 Trust Bldg. Duluth, Minn.

THE DAKOTAS

A Cat Case at Sioux Falls Is Becoming Famous.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Sioux Falls—A dispute as to the ownership of a cat has reached the state circuit court in this city, and it promises to become as noted as the celebrated Iowa case Ole C. Finstad and wife claim to have loaned the cat to Mrs. Lewis, a neighbor, for the purpose of ridding her house of rats. Mrs. Lewis afterward declined to return the animal, and the claimants asserted that she had appropriated it to her own use and was holding it by force of arms, contrary to the statute. Finstad tried to regain possession of the cat by force, Mrs. Lewis had him arrested for assault and battery. A justice imposed a fine upon Finstad, but the defendant refused to pay it and appealed the case to the circuit court, it may reach the state supreme court. Thus far $36 in costs have been charged up to the county in settling the ownership of the cat, and this promises to amount up into the thousands before the case is terminated. The cat is an ordinary one and would not bring over 50 cents on the market.

The excellent financial condition of the farmers of South Dakota is again shown by the experience of the treasurer of Lake county. As the result of the January apportionment of the state school funds, the sum of $5198 was sent to the treasurer by the state authorities. Although the treasurer widely advertised that he had the money to loan, he has not been able to loan a single dollar of it. As the time for retaining the money has expired, it has been returned to the state authorities, with an additional $51.98 which the county had to pay as interest for the privilege of having the sum in its treasury for a few weeks.

Deadwood—Joseph Schuster fell from a window at the Dakota cyanide plant in Deadwood to the ground, a distance of 20 feet, receiving injuries that it is feared may be serious. He sustained a fracture of the left leg, and was cut about the face and head. How seriously he is injured internally can not be determined yet.

The four deep cuts where the Deadwood-Lead extension of the Elkhorn railroad crosses Mcgovern hill divide, will be finished Feb. 20. It is expected that the entire grade will be surfaced and ready to receive the ties and rails by that time, with the exception of the heavy cut at Gayville, which will require between thirty and forty days to complete. It is necessary to move a mountain of stone at that place, the work being in the solid rock. The extension is three miles long, and will cost $225,000 to build. The company expects to be running standard gauge trains into Lead in March.

Lead—Inspector C. L. Morris of the postal department is in Lead, superintending the establishment of the free mail delivery system. He will first satisfy himself that the work of naming and numbering the streets and houses has been carried out in compliance with the requirements, and will then order the supplies and begin putting in the mail boxes.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Jamestown—W. J. Hazeltine died at his home north of Sanborn of smallpox of a malignant form. As it was six days after it was known that Hazeltine had the disease before quarantine was established, many people in the vicinity of Sanborn were exposed and it is feared they may have contracted the disease. Most of the cases in Barnes county have been light and there has been much carelessness. It is believed that from now on more care will be taken.

Fargo—Allen Blanchard, who is under $1500 bonds for his appearance at the Clay county, Minnesota, term of court on a charge of burglary at Comstock, wandered to this side of the river under the influence of Moorhead's liquor, and was sent to jail for four days in default of a fine.

Grafton—Dr. P. M. La Berge, county health officer, has returned from Shepherd township where he was called by reason of smallpox. He found five cases and placed them under strict quarantine. This county has been free from the disease except a few cases around Ardock.

Bismarck—Ulrich Chilkoff, the prisoner captured by the West Superior officers, was bound over yesterday to the district court without bail on the charge of murdering Simon Welch. The testimony in the case occupied nearly the entire day, and was to the effect that Chilkoff had known that Welch was in the habit of keeping large sums of money about his farm house, and Chilkoff had on one occasion remarked that it would be easy for any one who wanted to kill the old man and get his money.

AS A CABBY.

He Disguised Himself and Drove Wife and Gentlemen.

Indianapolis, Ind., Feb. 10.—The sensational divorce case of Lulu Baase against John F. Baase was interrupted by Judge Leathers, who was hearing the evidence, the court remarked that somebody was telling stories, and directing the clerk to prepare a transcript for use of the prosecutor in submitting the case to the grand jury. Meanwhile, the divorce, which both wished, was peremptorily refused.

Mr. and Mrs. Baase married after an acquaintance of one month and lived together briefly before trouble developed.

He became suspicious of her fidelity and he testified that he dressed himself one night as a cab driver, putting on a false beard, and so manipulating matters that he picked up his wife as a passenger.

She was accompanied by several men and they ordered him to drive to Brighton Beach, a well-known resort, where he emptied his load at the door, and, after the party had regaled themselves with wine and song, he accepted an invitation from his wife to take a drink.

He then pulled off his beard, disclosing his identity, afterward proceeding to make things warm.

He also testified that there was a good sized row, but later he was sufficiently placated to drive the party back to the city. Mrs. Baase denied his story from start to finish, saying it was the coinage of her husband's brain, and she also contradicted him in other material points so strenuously that the court concluded that the grand jury might locate the responsibility for perjury.

GIRL WIFE

Broke Down When McCullough Reached Ohio.

Cleveland, Ohio, Feb. 10.—George McCullough, an alleged amateur green goods man, has arrived in Cleveland from New Orleans in charge of Sergeant of Detectives Doran. McCullough's pretty 19-year-old wife accompanied him. She had gone with him to New Orleans from Cleveland, and was with him at every possible moment during the legal fight he made against the granting of extradition papers. When Cincinnati was reached on the way back her usually cheerful spirits failed her, and she wept in her husband's arms nearly all the rest of the trip. McCullough, who is charged with grand larceny, is alleged to have bunkoed an Akron woman out of $1500 at a hotel in Cleveland. He is only 23 years old. His parents live on a farm near Columbus.

No man can cure consumption. You can prevent it though. Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, sure throat. Never fails.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership firm of Panton & White, composed of John Panton and William White, and heretofore carrying on and conducting a general retail, jobbing and mercantile business at Nos. 126, 128, 130, and 132 on West Superior street, Duluth, Minnesota, and known as the Glass Block Store, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the entire assets, property, good will and business of said firm have this day been purchased by PANTON & WHITE COMPANY, a corporation duly created and existing under the laws of Minnesota, which will hereafter carry on and conduct the business at the same place.

All debts due the late firm are payable to, and all obligations of the late firm have been assumed and will be paid by, the corporation of PANTON & WHITE COMPANY.

Duluth, Minnesota, February 10, 1902.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY,
By JOHN PANTON,
President.
JOHN PANTON.
WILLIAM WHITE.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 10-11-13-14-15, 1902.

A PANIC

Caused on Street Car By Small Fire.

St. Paul, Feb. 10.—A Chippewa Falls, Wis., special to the Dispatch says a serious accident was averted on an interurban car last night by the conductor's promptness in shutting off the heating apparatus. A seat occupied by lady passengers caught fire, the car filled with smoke and for a minute there was a panic among the passengers. The conductor shut off the heater and extinguished the fire, which had burned a large hole in the upholstering. Luckily the ladies' dresses were not ignited.

TRIAL RESUMED.

Patrick Case Begins Again In New York.

New York, Feb. 10.—The trial of Albert T. Patrick, accused of the murder of William Marsh Rice, which was interrupted last week by the illness of a juror was resumed today. When the court was adjourned last Tuesday Dr. H. B. Lewis, a pathological expert, was on the stand and his cross-examination was continued today.

The Clergy Like It.—Here are a few names of clergymen of different creeds who are firm believers in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder to "live up to the preaching" in all it claims: Bishop Sweatman, Rev. Dr. Langtry (Episcopalian); Rev. Dr. Withrow and Dr. Chambers (Metrodist); and Dr. Newman, all of Toronto, Canada. Copies of their personal letters for the asking. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—4.

HOME FOR SUNDAY

Legislators Come Up From St. Paul For Brief Stay.

Opinion Growing That Bill Will Not Pass This Session.

Opposition to It Coming From All Quarters of State.

Senators Daugherty, Hawkins and Baldwin came up from St. Paul to spend Sunday. The latter returned yesterday afternoon, Mr. Daugherty intends to leave this morning, and Mr. Hawkins expects to return this afternoon. None of them were willing to make a guess as to how long the special session would last. Senator Hawkins was forced into the rather non-committal admission that he din't "believe we will get done much short of thirty days."

Mr. Daugherty said that the hearings given to representatives of business interests had already opened the eyes of the advocates of the bill as it came from the tax commission to the immensity of the subject that three men had attempted to cover in a few months, and which their friends in the legislature had intended to encompass in a few days.

"The farmers are finding out," said Mr. Daugherty, "that their land, which, according to the state auditor, has been taxed at from $4 to $6 an acre, would be assessed under the new code at $40 to $50 an acre. Their cows have been listed at about the same figure, and the new code would force them to pay taxes on them on a basis of about $30 or $40 each. Their horses, which have been going in at $10 or $12, would be listed $75 to $150 or $200. The commission, they find, has been conscientious enough in its labors to bring them in on the rise in taxes.

"People find, in looking up the work of the commission, that it went to Indiana, South Carolina, Ohio and Iowa for its ideas in drafting this code. Why should we go to Indiana or South Carolina for ideas of how to conduct the state of Minnesota? They're away behind the times as we make them in Minnesota. Their interests are not the same, and consequently their needs are not the same. As for Ohio and Iowa, the same conclusion will apply in part to those states. As for the rest, Ohio has been driving capital, business and other interests from the state since it enacted the legislation we are told we ought to have. A large part of the immigration to Minnesota has come from Iowa, where some of these so-called reforms have been made into law. Do we want to pass legislation as an experiment that has had such a bad effect on those commonwealths?

"I feel certain that we shall get the vessel tonnage taxation law re-enacted in constitutional form as an amendment to the tax bill, if the latter should go through. I don't feel so certain about grain in transit. We haven't the support of Minneapolis on the latter proposition, except in a sort of passive way. Their interests are our interests in another way—that of taxation on grain in store for the use of the mills. There we are a unit. But the taxation of grain in store in transit is something that doesn't concern them. The Duluth delegation of business men made an excellent impression on the legislators, however, and I believe their addresses before the committees were received with much interest and will be given excellent consideration. Capt. McDougall in particular made a splendid impression on the legislators, and his hard-headed reasoning was received with great attention."

Senator Hawkins believes that the tax bill will be put over to the regular session, though some amendments to the constitution may be submitted to the people by the special session.

"The tax bill won't pass as it is," said he. "That's a certainty. I believe that we shall be able to hold it over until the regular session next winter, when, with increased powers from the people and a knowledge of what the people want after they have discussed the whole subject in its many phases, the legislature will be enabled to make some legislation that will be of value instead of a damage to the state. There is no question but that sentiment is more largely in the formative stake than it was when the session opened, at least as far as the advocates of the bill are concerned. Senator Fred Snyder, of Minneapolis, as well as Gen. Wilson, are not so sweepingly in its favor as they were. They can see some weak points. And so it is with most of the former strenuous friends of the measure at first.

"There is one notable thing about this matter, and that is that though both senate and house have thrown open their doors to people interested and who desire to be heard regarding the provisions of the bill, nobody but the governor has appeared to advocate its passage. Hundreds, representing hundreds of thousands, are eager to oppose it, but the bill seems to have no friends, now that investigation has been opened, that are willing to step forward and defend it. The best that can be said for it is that it has many enemies, some apologists and but very few friends."

Senator Baldwin was busy all day Saturday in his law office, and perhaps he stretched the limit of Saturday a little. At any rate, it was difficult to get a talk of any length with him. He said that it was simply impossible to forecast the duration of the session, even in a roundly approximate way. The situation was still so unsettled at St. Paul that it would be necessary to wait for further developments along the line of sentiment of members before any prediction could be made that would be of much value. However, Mr. Baldwin felt confident of one thing, and that was that the tax bill would not go through as it was introduced, nor would all the provisions especially repugnant to Duluth remain if any bill at all should pass. Further than that he did not care to venture a prediction.

Representative T. A. Bury spent Sunday at his home in Two Harbors. Relative to the length of the present session of the legislature, Representative Bury says that is a difficult matter to forecast. He thinks that after the committees have reported on the work before the legislature this week, something more definite might be forecasted.

As to the attitude of the legislature relative to the new tax code, Mr. Bury said:

"I don't think that anyone can forecast the action of the legislature as to the tax code. It is a difficult matter to get a representative to talk about to any extent. The members of the legislature seem to be taking in all the information they can gather from the various sources before committing themselves.

"I will say, though, that the work done yesterday by the members from Duluth and Minneapolis in opposition to the undesirable features of the code was the most effective of any yet attempted, and has gone a long way in bringing about a different sentiment regarding the probable working of the code.

"A. C. Loring, of Minneapolis, voiced the sentiments of the Duluth and Minneapolis interests Friday in a straightforward and convincing speech. In which he said that the elevator men are not going to buy wheat for five or six months of the year to be shipped down the lakes, then borrow $300,000 or $400,000 to buy wheat from the farmers to fill the elevators, pay interest on the money and a tax on the wheat in the elevators. He declared that the elevator men will go out of business first. He said that if this provision of the tax code is carried out, in the end the tax will fall right back on the farmers themselves; that from the attitude they are taking, the farmers do not care on whom the tax falls, so long as they can sell their wheat and do not have to pay any tax on it.

"I believe Duluth will win out on the grain and vessel tonnage propositions."

BIGGER BOX SAME PRICE!

ENAMELINE

Enameline

THE MODERN STOVE POLISH.

Brilliant. Clean. Easily Applied. Absolutely Odorless

LIQUID—BETTER YET! FIRE PROOF !!

REV. THOMAS DIXON

Lectures on "Backbone" at First M. E. Church.

Rev. Thomas Dixon, Jr., lectured at the First Methodist church Saturday evening in the Star Lecture course on "Backbone." A large audience was present and the speaker was received very cordially. On the occasion of his last lecture here he spoke on the subject of Tammany's rule in New York and he brought his vigorous powers of denunciation, invective and sareasm into full play. The subject of "Backbone" required a different style of handling, but he was original in his treatment of it and his marvelous flow of language was no less effectively exhibited.

His lecture was a plea for individual force and determination. The man who says "I will" can lift mountains. He can conquer physical infirmity, he can do almost anything he sets out to do. He must run counter to the world nearly always, for it is the history of all success that it begins with a hiss, a curse and a blow, and ends with a shout, a hurrah and reward.

Mr. Dixon's flow of language is wonderful, it fairly staggers one, so irresistible is its flow. A swifter talker probably never addressed an audience. Speech flows from his lips in a torrent when he wills, but he never loses control of it.

His control of voice, too, is remarkable. It is a very flexible voice, now shrill, now soft, now ringing and again ludicrously squeaky.

He illustrated his lectures with many stories and incidents, some excruciatingly funny, some heroic and some very pathetic.

AMUSEMENTS.

"HELLO BILL."

The comedy "Hello Bill" was greeted by a small audience at the Lyceum Saturday evening. The play is certainly one of mixed up situations and was fairly well received. Thomas Grady as the principal comedian, was very amusing in the character of "Bill," and was ably backed by Warren W. Ashley, good natured and fat, who looked as well as played the part of Christopher Cutting, the man who was forever "fixing things" for his friend Bill. With the exception of Isabella, the widow that marries "Bill," played by Miss Ruth Holt, who was weak, the support was fairly good.

TWINS SEVERED.

Paris, Feb. 10.—The Hindoo twins, Radica and Dordica, who were united in a manner similar to the Siamese twins, were separated yesterday afternoon by Dr. Doyen. The operation lasted twenty minutes, and was entirely successful. But, on account of the weak condition of the patients, due to the illness of one of the twins, the final result is still doubtful.

"My child is worth millions to me," says Mrs. Mary Bird of Harrisburg, Pa., "yet I would have lost her by croup had I not purchased a bottle of One Minute Cough Cure." One Minute Cough Cure is sure cure for throat and lung troubles. Absolutely safe. Acts immediately. Max Wirth.

Spring Humors of the Blood

Come to a large majority of people.

Probably 75 per cent. of these are cured every year by Hood's Sarsaparilla, and we hope by this advertisement to get the other 25 per cent. to take this great Spring Medicine.

It will sharpen your appetite, cure all stomach troubles, relieve that tired feeling.

Its strength as a blood purifier is demonstrated by its marvelous cures of

Scrofula	Salt Rheum
Scald Head	Boils, Pimples
All Kinds of Humor	Psoriasis
Blood Poisoning	Rheumatism
Catarrh	Malaria, Etc.

All of which are prevalent now.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Will do you a wonderful amount of good. Be sure to get Hood's.

TO STOP COASTING

Mayor and Chief Hold Conference With Reference to It.

Will Send Plain Clothes Men Into Residence Districts.

Think a Few Arrests Will Discourage the Youngsters.

Mayor Hugo and Chief Troyer had a conference Saturday for the purpose of devising means to stop sidewalk coasting.

Some weeks ago the department succeeded in checking the practice to a certain extent, but without enough patrolmen to properly cover the city where police protection is absolutely necessary, the mayor and chief find it difficult to have the sidewalks in the residence portion of the city watched at all times.

No less than twelve people reported falls as the result of sidewalk coasting last week, and in one instance the fall was of such a serious nature that a damage suit against the city will likely result.

At the conference Saturday Chief Troyer said that he thought the best way to stop the coasting was to make a few arrests, and the mayor agreed with him.

Officers in plain clothes will be sent over the residence districts at hours when the coasting is at its height, and will endeavor to impress the youngsters with the advisability of keeping off the sidewalks.

On many of the walks where the coasters have been annoying pedestrians the department of public works has caused sand to be sprinkled. This has the desired effect, and it has been suggested that people owning property, by which the young coasters slide, might help the authorities in their campaign by sprinkling ashes on the sidewalk.

The mayor says he has no objection to coasting—he likes to see the young people enjoying themselves, but they must keep to the streets and avenues and leave the sidewalks alone.

LUCKY BOY.

Charles Wilmet Falls Into the Lake and Gets Out Alive.

Charles Wilmet, an 18-year-old boy, broke through the ice on Lake Superior yesterday afternoon and might have been drowned had it not been for the assistance of his cousin, George Burkhardt, of Morris, Minn.

The two boys were some distance from the shore and skating out toward Lester Park.

It is claimed that Wilmet plunged into an air hole, the water being the same color as the ice.

Burkahrdt had some difficulty in getting his cousin out of the water, but finally succeeded, and then hurried him to the shore. People on the shore saw the accident and helped carry Wilmet to a house close by, where his clothes were dried out.

Three hours later he was able to go to his home in West Duluth.

WELL SOLD.

Practically All Dry Lumber Has Been Disposed Of.

John W. Comstock, the local lumber inspector and shipper, says that practically all the dry lumber at the head of the lakes, excepting one stock, has been sold; that all the winter's cut is gone and the largest part of next summer's cut is in the hands of buyers.

To show the way the buyers are going after stocks said to be on the market, Mr. Comstock says he had a buyer for a certain stock of 10,000,000 feet to be cut at a mill near Duluth and supposed he had an option on the lumber. The seller would not put a price on the stock until the next morning. When the next morning came the entire 10,000,000 feet had been sold to another buyer. Mr. Comstock says that similar conditions prevail at Ashland and at other Lake Superior points. He estimates that about two-thirds of the cut of the coming season is out of the manufacturers' hands.

The Pilsen Lumber company, of Chicago, has purchased about 15,000,000 feet of lumber from the Fall Lake Lumber company. Alber, Smith & Co. has sold 2,500,000 feet, log run, to the C. A. Paltzer Lumber company, of Chicago. The price is said to have been $17.50 per thousand.

H. E. Gipson, of the Scanlon-Gipson Lumber company, says that the gang saw has been started at the new mill at Scanlon, and is working very satisfactorily. With the three bands and the gang saw working to the capacity of the plant it will be about 260,000 feet per ten-hour day.

Contract Awarded.

The contract for the ore dock extension of the Eastern Minnesota company at Allouez bay has been awarded to M. J. Peppard & Co., of Minneapolis. The exact figures of the contract cannot be learned, but it is said the extension will cost in the neighborhood of $300,000. A large amount of Washington fir timber will be used in building the dock, some of which has already begun to arrive. The contract calls for the completion of the dock by next spring.

Dr. Bull's COUGH SYRUP

Cures a Cough or Cold at once.

Conquers Croup, Whooping-Cough, Bronchitis, Grippe and Consumption. Quick, sure results. Dr. Bull's Pills cure Constipation. 50 pills 10c.

TENDERFOOT.

William Wallace One of the Softest That Ever Blew In.

William Wallace, the man that was fleeced of about $400 in a Michigan street saloon alst week, tried his luck on the Bowery Saturday and lost $50.

It is not probable that he will be fleeced any more, however, as he is now without money.

Through the efforts of a private detective Wallace managed to get $50 back from the saloonkeeper, and meeting a friend on the Bowery decided to accept his invitation to sleep with him that night.

Yesterday morning Wallace woke up and found the friend missing, having taken all his money and part of his clothing.

HIGHWAYMEN

Hold Up Traveling Men Near the Spalding Hotel.

Highwaymen secured $36 from a Chicago salesman at Michigan street and Fifth avenue west early Sunday morning.

It was a bold holdup, occurring near an arc light and just around the Spalding corner.

The victim was G. F. Peterson, and he was on his way from the Kassmir Turkish bath rooms to the Spalding, where he was stopping when the holdup occurred.

Mr. Peterson says that he was hurrying along toward the hotel when two men stepped out in front of him and two guns were leveled at his head. One of the men kept covering him while the other went through his pockets.

The police were notified, but the highwaymen left nothing by which they could be traced.

FATAL FALL.

Anton Wiechert, of Itasca, Killed at New Duluth Bridge.

Anton Wiechert, who resided in the Itasca division of Superior, was accidentally killed in a fall, Saturday at the old Duluth & Winnipeg railroad bridge that crosses the St. Louis river at New Duluth. Wiechert and another workman, were tearing down the structure and were standing on a scaffold suspended by ropes from the top of the bridge. One of the ropes broke and Wiechert fell, his companion jumping to a place of safety. Wiechert fell face downward on the ice, 26 feet below and a heavy piece of timber from the scaffolding struck him in the back, inflicting fatal injures. The accident acurred about 1 o'clock but he did not die until about 5 o'clock in the afternoon.

The funeral will be held from the St. Francis church in Old Superior Tuesday morning and will be under the auspices of Nemadji court, No. 446 Catholic Order of Foresters.

MRS. STANG'S FUNERAL.

Large Number of Friends Pay Their Respects.

The funeral services of the late Mrs. Anna Stang took place yesterday afternoon from the English Lutheran church, the attendance of sorrowing friends being very large. There were a large number of Ladies of the Maccabees present, Mrs. Stang having devoted several years of earnest work to building up the order. Four of the local hives were represented by delegations as well as Duluth lent of the Knights of the Maccabees and Sons and Daughters of Herman.

The sermon was preached by Rev. D. W. Michael, the pastor, the different orders taking part in the ceremonies. There were many floral tributes from the societies to which the decedent belonged and from the friends. The remains were sent to Cleveland, O., for interment.

Naval Apprentice Dead.

The remains of the late Herman Thiede, who died recently at Newport, R. I., were buried this afternoon. The funeral was held from the German church on Tenth avenue east and Third street.

The young man was serving as a naval apprentice on a training ship at Newport and was stricken down with appendicitis. An operation was performed and it proved fatal.

He was the son of Mrs. Minnie Thiede of 420 Ninth avenue east.

Blood Vessel Ruptured.

The postmortem examination of the body of Christopher F. Maginnis was held Saturday afternoon by Dr. Goffe, and it was found that death was caused by the rupture of a blood vessel in the lungs, causing a severe hemorrhage that resulted in strangulation. It was the opinion of the doctors that the rupture occurred as he endeavored to recover his balance.

The funeral took place yesterday morning from the cathedral and the body was interred at Calvary cemetery.

Beginning Work.

The purchasers of the lease to the Kingsley-Hawkins-Crosby mining property have men at work proving up the estimates of ore in sight. They will begin development work as soon as a railroad is built to the property, which is now six miles distant, and mining operations will start as soon as possible.

NOT DIAMONDS.

Montana Stones Are Nothing But White Sapphires.

Buttle, Feb. 10.—State Senator Hobson, who is largely interested in the Sapphire diggings in Fergus county, says the story in circulation throughout the East of the many diamonds found in this state is a myth. The stone that is creating all the furor, is a white sapphire, very hard, but of comparatively little worth. Hobson has made special trips to New York and London, where he has interviewed well known capitalists with reference to the Montana stone.

In veins extending for miles along the creek beds, Hobson says these white stones can be found by the barrel.

Spain Got Cheated.

Chicago News: Governor Taft says we have two sultans in the Philippines instead of one.

WATCHING FOR NEWS

Stevens Faction Awaiting Developments as to Chief.

Claim to Have Mayor's Promise to Appoint Their Man.

Beginning to Fear Machinations to Defeat Him.

The members of the Stevens faction of the city Republican party are watching with considerable interest for developments regarding the appointment of a chief of police. It seems that the Stevens wing of the city organization, rather than the Sargent faction of the county organization, is the one involved. In county politics the two become one.

The Stevens men claim that they have a straight out promise from Mr. Hugo that he will appoint their candidate for chief of police. This was given, they claim, in order to line up the Stevens men in an active fight for Hugo. They claim that the result of the election shows that their efforts were needed.

No selection of a name for chief of police was made before election by the Stevens men, and they claim the promise by Mr. Hugo was made in blanket form. Now the committee representing the Stevens faction has agreed unanimously on Deputy Sheriff George Randall, and they say they intend to hold Mr. Hugo to his promise. One of them goes so far as to say that the committee has Mr. Hugo's promise in writing.

The Stevens men claim, to, that Mr. Hugo's friends are trying to put up a job on them by working up a sentiment in favor of the reappointment of Chief Troyer before it could be announced that their candidate was to receive the appointment. They believe that the series of interviews published in the News Tribune last week in behalf of the reappointment of Chief Troyer was a part of the scheme to avoid keeping Mr. Hugo's promise to them. They think the interviews were incited by the wish to make it appear that the public insisted unanimously on the reappointment of the chief, and eo make it appear that sentiment in that direction was so strong that the mayor could not attempt to oppose it.

Consequently, the Stevens men are watching closely for developments.

DUNCAN WINS

Vice President's Side Victorious In the Curling Contest.

Vice President C. A. Duncan's side won out in the curling contest on Friday and Saturday at the curling club rink. The score was 153 for his side to 121 for President D. W. Stocking. The scores made were as follows:

FRIDAY.

President.		Vice President.	
G. F. Mackenzie.	12	W. L. McLennan.	14
C. B. Woodruff...	4	W. B. Dunlop....	16
George Gibson ..	15	F. A. Greene.....	7
D. Morrison	10	Alex MacRae.....	13

SATURDAY AFTERNOON.

A. H. Frick.....	6	R. J. MacLeod..	15
A. W. Frick	10	E. N. Bradley....	13
R. D. Bradley....	21	Dr. Cleland.....	4
D. W. Stocking..	11	C. A. Duncan.....	15

SATURDAY EVENING.

G. H. Letteau....	13	W. E. Magner....	14
H. Harrison	4	Ron Smith	13
G. C. Tyre.....	5	C. F. Macdonald..	11
S. A. McPhail....	10	C. R. Ash.....	12
Total 121		Total 153	

A fine supper was served at the club rooms at 6 o'clock and a social hour followed.

PERSISTENT.

Forecaster Richardson Tells How He Got His First Item.

It is doubtful if there are many of the friends of Local Forecaster H. W. Richardson, the genial gentleman that "manufactures the weather" from day to day, who ever suspected that he was a newspaper man at one period during his early life. He was, however, and left the newspaper work to corner the cold and the hot air market, claiming that newspaper experience is the best in the world to lead to the air business.

One little incident always recalls another, and in line with this suggestion, while a retrospective grin chased itself over the good natured weather man's phiz, he related the following anecdote to a newspaper man of this city:

"Did I ever tell you how I got my first interview, when I was a newspaper reporter? Well, I was a lad about 15 years of age, pretty husky, and one that was able for his size to hold his own with the other fellows. I was a sort of subreporter on a weekly paper in the town of Alliance, Ohio, run by a gentleman by the name of Garrison, who had one other regular reporter.

"One night there had been a terrible scrap in a tough locality of the place and, as the regular reporter was on the sick list, Mr. Garrison asked me if I would go down and learn all I could of the details of the fight. I went down to a saloon, in which the scrap occurred, one that was considered the toughest of the tough places in the town, and run by an Irishman and his wife, by the name of Leary. Full of confidence in myself I sailed into the old building and the first person I met was Mrs. Leary. I braced up to her and told her my business and what I wanted to know. She did not say a word, and when I got through she simply grabbed me by the sinck of my trousers and fired me through the open door out on the pavement. I struck in a heap. Pretty soon I got my wind back and reasoned that I must have that story by some means, so, back I limped into the building. Mrs. Leary repeated her bounding tendencies and the third time I went back to the bar room. This time the old man had come in and he started for me. An 18-year-old boy, full of ginger, can't stand that sort of treatment very long, and I was getting pretty mad. When the old man made a swing for me he stumbled, and I promptly landed a bolw on his jaw that floored him. Of course he would have finished me very quickly had he ever hit me, but luck was on my side and I didn't wait for any more opportunities but jumped on Leary as he lay, sat on his chest and poked his face until he yelled 'enough.'

"The old lady was simply tickled to death with the turn of affairs and she urged me to give it to Leary till he had enough, laughing as though her sides would split.

When it was all over she was so pleased that she told me the whole story about the scrap, and whenever I went into that locality for news again, Mrs. Leary was right there to tell me everything she knew about it, and there was not much going on that she did not know about.

"When I turned the story in to Mr. Garrison, I was so ashamed that I simply remarked that I had a little trouble getting it, and he guessed as much when he saw the long scratches on my face where the old man had landed. He found out the whole story, some other way, however, and from that time I had a run as a regular reporter."

LANDSLIDE

Wrecked Northern Pacific Train at Station Near Seattle.

Seattle, Feb. 10.—The north bound freight train which left this city Saturday night about 11 o'clock over the Seattle-Sumas branch of the Northern Pacific, ran into a huge landslide at Lake Station, fifteen miles north of Seattle. Charles Fletz, the fireman, was caught between the boiler of the engine and one of the box cars which had piled on top of it and was burned to death. He begged the crew to cut off his arm, by which he was held, but before he could be released he was dead.

It is believed that the jarring of the train started the slide, which buried the track under thousands of tons of dirt and rock. The train ran into it and the engine was precipitated into Lake Washington. Fletz was the only one of the crew injured.

SHIPMAN'S BONES.

Search Is Being Made to Locate Them.

New York, Feb. 10.—Search has been instituted here to discover whether the body of Nathaniel Shipman, the hero of Cooper's famous "Leather-Stocking Tales," lies in the churchyard of the First Baptist church in Hoosick Falls. It is firmly believed that the bones of the great trapper are resting here, but the exact whereabouts of the grave cannot be ascertained.

The investigation discloses that "Leather Stockings" died in 1809 at the home of John Ryan, who married his daughter. The object of locating the grave is to mark it with a marble monument, the funds to be raised among the citizens of this historic locality.

IMPERIAL ARMY.

British Government Contemplating Plans For One.

New York, Feb. 10.—The government is understood to be contemplating the desirability of raising an imperial army of considerable dimensions, says a dispatch to the Tribune from London. The idea is not a novel one, but it always hitherto has been regarded by military people here as impracticable. The war office comittee is now, however, said to be seriously considering a scheme for the construction of an imperial army by colonial aid instead of leaving the young nations of the empire to support only sufficient irregular soldiers for local defence. There undoubtedly are a great many difficulties in the way, but if it were possible to carry out such a project, the ties which bind the mother country and the colonies would be drawn tight indeed.

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NEGOTIATIONS

With Peru Will Be Reopened By Chile.

New York, Feb. 10.—It is reported that Chili intends to reopen negotiations with Peru to settle the Tacna-Arica question and to revise the treaty of Ancona, which was signed in 1883 by both governments to end the war, according to a dispatch from Valparaiso to the Herald.

It is also said the government will endeavor to arrange a treaty with Bolivia, on an ampler and steadier basis than the present one. Neither Peru nor Bolivia has diplomatic representatives in Chili.

Chili has ordered the construction of only one battleship, not two, as reported. The vessel will be built in England.

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A PUBLIC SCHOOL "FAD."

Chicago Chronicle: While there may be debate over other subjects in the public schools, there can be none in reason concerning "physical culture." It is simply a "fad."

Ninety-nine per cent of the children in the public schools belong to families which require their assistance in home management. There is no one of these children, whether boy or girl, whose time out of school hours during daylight is not spent largely in assisting in household work or running family errands. Ninety-nine per cent of the children who attend the public schools are so tired physically by night that they can scarcely get to bed soon enough. This great mass of the pupils receive spontaneously and without a cent of cost to the taxpayers all the physical culture they need. A large proportion of the mass have to endure more physical culture than is agreeable to them and some have to endure more than is good for them. Additional physical culture at public expense is for this mass of the pupils a waste of public money and to a considerable extent a waste of the energy of the children. The entire item for "physical culture" in the public schools ought to be stricken out.

It is true that after several hours' continuous breathing of the same atmosphere within an ill-ventilated schoolroom children become languid. In this languor the "physical culture" fad finds its plausible apology. The proper cure, however, for the languor is not to be sought in an enormous waste of public money, but in scientific application of the principles of ventilation in the construction of school buildings.

The science of ventilation is a modern one and has only entered upon universal adoption. The old school buildings have no ventilating appliances except their doors and windows. These, however, can be used with effect if the children are marched out for a few minutes at frequent and regular intervals so that the poisoned air of the inclosure can be completely expelled and invigorating ozone let in. During the winter season a little additional time would be required for donning the clothing necessary for outgoing. This simple method of "physical culture" will dispel mental languor and restore both corporal and intellectual power more thoroughly than any pretty calisthenic drill within walls.

"Physical culture" in the public schools is an unmitigated fad and ought to be completely eliminated.

Have to Be Pried Loose.

Kansas City Journal: It was hardly necessary for Mr. Morgan to deny that President Schwab had tendered his resignation. Men do not separate themselves from princely salaries without the assistance of a swift kick.

MOST COSTLY BUILDING.

Every Sunday afternoon from 4 o'clock to 5 o'clock there is a service in the crypt of what, when it is completed, will be the cathedral of St. John the Divine, of the Protestant Episcopal church, in the diocese of New York, of which Bishop Potter is the head, says Leslie's Weekly.

The dimensions of the cathedral are: Length, 520 feet; across the transept, nearly 300 feet. The front or main entrance of the edifice will face Amsterdam avenue. It will be 200 feet in width, and flanked by two giant towers. The cornerstone of St. John's was laid on St. John's day, in 1832. Forty plans were submitted for the structure. They were scaled down and down until one was adopted. Notwithstanding accepted specifications and contracts, no one certainly can tell the final cost. A man skilled in such matters, after a summary of data furnished from an authoritative source, "guessed" that the sum necessary to finish the work would be $20,000,000. The man to whom the guess was made, who possessed details which the other did not have, replied, "You are at least $10,000,000 under the cost, maybe more."

Great as the work unquestionably is, with its construction going forward daily, there is a general belief that the cathedral will be nearly completed three years hence. When that time comes a park will have been finished in the midst of which the structure will stand. This will be known as Cathedral Heights park, and will be connected with Morningside park, laid out in the days of William M. Tweed, and which extends along the natural lines of the beautiful bluff, under the shadows of the site on which the cathedral of St. John the Devine will stand.

E. W. Grove

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 10.—Barometric pressures continue high and temperatures have fallen somewhat in districts lying between the Mississippi river and Rocky mountains, the coldest temperatures ranging between zero and 20 degrees below in the Red River valley region. Low pressure areas remain about stationary over extreme Northwest Canada and off the New England coast. West of the Rockies temperatures are mild. Snow flurries occurred during Sunday or Sunday night over the lake region, Ohio, upper Mississippi and lower Missouri valleys, and light to copious rains over Western Montana, Washington and Oregon.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Abilene	20	Medicine Hat	4
Battleford	0	Memphis	20
Bismarck	—14	Miles City	6
Boston	26	Milwaukee	16
Buffalo	10	Minnedosa	—20
Calgary	— 2	Modena	24
Charleston	30	Montgomery	28
Chicago	16	Moorhead	— 2
Cincinnati	4	New Orleans	34
Davenport	14	New York	26
Denver	24	North Platte	— 4
Detroit	19	Oklahoma	12
Dodge City	18	Omaha	4
Duluth	4	Pittsburg	16
Edmonton	6	Port Arthur	—14
El Paso	32	Portland	40
Escanaba	12	Prince Albert	— 6
Galveston	42	Qu' Appelle	— 6
Green Bay	8	Rapid City	— 2
Havre	0	San Francisco	52
Helena	16	Santa Fe	28
Houghton	12	Shreveport	36
Huron	—10	Spokane	34
Jacksonville	44	St. Louis	12
Kamloops	32	St. Paul	8
Kansas City	10	Sault Ste. Marie	— 6
Knoxville	18	Swift Current	— 8
La Crosse	6	Washington	20
Lander	18	Williston	— 2
Los Angeles	42	Winnemucca	40
Marquette	12	Winnipeg	—26

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight; probably snow flurries and slightly warmer Tuesday; fresh variable winds, becoming easterly and southerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Forecast until 7 p. m. Tuesday: Wisconsin—Threatening to night; possibly snow flurries Tuesday; variable winds. Minnesota—Threatening tonight, possibly snow flurries Tuesday; warmer west portion; variable winds. The Dakotas—Partly cloudy and warmer tonight and Tuesday with possibly light snow flurries.

Questions That Split Party Lines.

One feature of the present congress which is becoming more and more apparent is the tendency of both Republicans and Democrats to break away from party lines on many of the great questions which have and which will come up at this session. There is scarcely a measure already presented which finds all the members in line of party. The Republicans seem to be greatly mixed over the Cuban reciprocity question, whereas the Democrats are, with a few exceptions, favorable to granting all the relief that can be afforded by a reduction in the tariff on Cuban imports. Such a proposition, however, would bring out wide dissensions among the Republicans, with many of the Western men lining up with the Democrats. On the question of the tariff, the majority is also divided, and it is more than likely that if a proposition to change the Dingley law could be put to a vote on the floor of the house, it would get many Republican votes. No one seems to know where anyone stands on the Isthmian canal scheme in the house. The effort of Representative Hill, of Connecticut, to firmly establish the gold standard law by providing for the interchangeability of gold and silver dollars, threw the Republicans from some of the Western states that are still friendly to silver into a cold sweat. These Republicans are still shaky about the silver issue and do not want to have it brought to the front. Consequently they will vote with the Democrats against Mr. Hill's motion to bring up his currency bill. But the Democrats are just about as badly off. They are far from a unit on the question of ship subsidies, and if the currency issue were to be brought up there would be as many bolters as on the Republican side. The Democrats are also divided as to the wisdom of building a canal at Nicaragua or at Panama. Probably more Democratic votes would be cast against the Crumpacker bill to cut down representation from the South than for any other party measure that is now before congress. If the Democrats had a good leader in the house they would have a chance to greatly improve the condition of the party before the people. But they lack a genius to take advantage of the embarrassment of the Republicans and they will probably stumble along until the end of the session without having accomplished much more than to reveal their dissensions within their own ranks.

Point In Favor of Panama.

The land question developed a strong argument in favor of the Panama canal route, and is one which should receive most careful consideration by the senate. As nearly as can be ascertained real estate speculators in Nicaragua have already got hold of most of the land along the proposed route of the canal which there is the slightest likelihood of our government's needing during the period of construction, or for warehouses, administrative offices, machinery plants, etc., in operating the canal. Unquestionable we shall find that land which would have gone begging at 50 cents an acre when the enterprise first took definite shape, will be held at not less than $500 as soon as we really need it. It is a common error to suppose that the Spanish-Americans are a guileless lot of people in dealing with business which every Yankee learns in his boyhood; as a matter of act, they are extremely canny when it comes to a transaction of this kind. The Panama route is offered to us with everything practically in possession. The Panama company has had to supply itself with such land as it would need in its work, and all that comes under the terms of the $40,000,000 purchase. This is an item which must not be overlooked in estimating the relative expenses of the two routes. Nothing really remains indefinite in Panama except the bonus we must pay the Colombian government for the right of way. In Nicaragua we shall have this to pay, and added to it the uncertain sum we must spend for the necessary land, while the cost of construction, though roughly figured by the commission, is still all a matter of guesswork. The introduction of the San Blas route may possibly delay the canal proposition, but the strong reasons given by Admiral Walker before the committee, on Saturday, a decision favorable to the Panama route, or at least to leaving the matter in the hands of the president, looks more favorable.

WIDE DIFFERENCES.

The differences which divide the advocates and the opponents of the Philippine tariff bill appear to be irreconcilable. The reasons why the Democrats in congress are fighting the bill are clearly and forcibly set forth in the report of the minority of the senate committee which has this matter in charge.

The report consists largely of an attack upon the recent "insular decisions" of the supreme court which were agreed upon by a bare majority, five to four. The minority members declare that "they do not subscribe to the doctrine that any depository of government power should be exalted above criticism." This is wholesome doctrine per se and as applied to the supreme court it has especial force in view of the several notable instances in which that august tribunal has reversed itself, and what to the average citizen seem to be the palpable contradictions to be found in its recent simultaneous decisions defining the status of our new possessions.

The minority report declares that the only possible explanation for these decisions is "political necessity;" that in the view of five of the nine justices of the court it became necessary to depart from constitutional grounds in order to adjust the law to the new conditions imposed upon our government by the seizure of the Philippines. But, contends the minority, this is not the province of the supreme court of the United States, and until the present time it has never been so regarded by that high tribunal. It is for the legislative department of the government to determine under the constitution the wisdom or necessity of a political policy.

It is also argued unanswerably that the constitution was grossly disregarded by the court's declaration the term "throughout the United States" does not extend to the territories, and in treating the people of the territories as "other property," over which the power of congress is absolute. The opinion was delivered in the face of the decision of the court rendered by Chief Justice Marshall that the term "throughout the United States" includes the territories.

The supreme court is also condemned by this minority report for placing congress in matters relating to the territories beyond the limitations of the constitution. This is manifestly absurd, in view of the fact that congress is the creature of the constitution. The minority in congress is undoubtedly in harmony with the constitution as it was interpreted from the foundation of the republic until our new departure on a policy of conquest and expansion. The exigencies of the situation has caused the Republican party to violently distort the meaning of the constitution.

A CENSURABLE POLICY.

The gentle, but firm invitation of the Indian commissioner to the Sioux Indians to move out of the Standing Rock agency, by leasing their lands to grazing syndicates, follows along the line of the censurable policy which has been pursued with the red men. It happens that the Indians, unfortunately for themselves, as it now appears, have demonstrated that the agency is good grazing country. They have been successfully raising cattle during the past decade, and in their rude, semi-civilized way have latterly been making rather more than a living at the business, giving promise of becoming moderately prosperous property owners in another generation or two. The Indians, however, have no notion of dropping their struggle against the leasing project of the secretary of the interior and commissioner of Indian affairs. The committee of Indians who have come to Washington to discuss the subject and who protested orally against proceeding further with the leasing of the grazing lands of the tribe to white cattlemen, have now resorted to the law and have sworn out an order in the equity branch of the supreme court of the district requiring Secretary Hitchcock and Commissioner Jones to show cause on Feb. 13, why an injunction should not be granted restraining them from making any leases not already made and commanding the recall of any which may have been executed.

The complainants admit that the Indians had agreed to let their unoccupied grazing lands be leased to the highest bidders among the white cattlemen, but they make two charges. First, they say that their written agreement was in very brief form, simply expressing their willingness to lease their unoccupied land, but that this was interpreted and modified by an oral stipulation that a committee of three Indians, with the agent, should go over the lands and stake off those which should be subject to lease, and that no lease should be valid until this was done; that they have been waiting since this agreement for the agent to join their committee and make the tour proposed; that the action of the department in going ahead independently outside of their expressed or implied consent; and, that, of the lands which the department has leased or proposes to lease, the Indians are now occupying some 500,000 acres. Their second charge is that even if they had granted the authority which the department has assumed, the department's method of leasing is opposed to that to which the Indians consented; the Indians, they say, had agreed, under the restrictions already mentioned, to let the white lessees graze their cattle on the tribal lands at not less than $1 per head, and that they really expect to get $1.50 through the activity of the competition between the cattlemen, whereas, the lease as drawn by the department lets the lands by the acre instead of opening them to cattle by the head. The Indians have, however, no actual objection to the present method, of which they recognize the superiority, and they are perfectly willing to accept it if they can obtain the restriction they wish upon the quantity and situation of the lands leased.

If the Indians are to have all their lands taken away from them it might be well to provide some humane scheme of extermination for the whole lot, as with land and cattle gone they will drag out a miserable existence. What money they may get will soon be spent and their future will become more of a problem than ever.

IS IT JUSTICE?

In a recent decision the supreme court of Ohio said: "A master is under no legal obligation to give to his discharged servant a statement of his service, and whether or not it was satisfactory; and a discharged railroad employe cannot maintain an action for damages against the company which discharged him, for refusal to furnish him a clearance or statement of the record of his service, although he may have been unable to obtain other employment in consequence of such refusal by the company."

This decision was given in the case of a striker, whom a railroad company not only refused to re-employ, but thus sought, negatively at least, to prevent from obtaining like employment elsewhere. Whether the man was otherwise or affirmatively "black-listed" does not appear from this extract from the decision. If not, the decision, considered abstractly, appears to be sound and reasonable, in equity as well as in law; and yet whether it is so or not depends on circumstances and custom, and a strong argument could be made on the other side.

Consequently there is much force in the argument made by the Portland Telegram that, if the lack of a statement of his record as a workman does operate as a bar to his employment by other companies; if a man without such a certificate is practically black-listed wherever he goes seeking the only kind of employment that he is accustomed to and can well perform; and if he is denied such a statement merely because he engaged in a lawful strike for what he deemed to be right and just, and to protect himself from imposition and oppression, then the refusal to give him the customary certificate or statement becomes tyranny and cruelty, which no one man, or company of men, ought to be permitted to exercise over another or others.

The speech which Senator Foraker made about the Philippines, to which Mr. Clay, of Georgia, called his attention, contained an expression of belief that the treaty of Paris would lead to the independence of the Filipinos. That brings Foraker incontestibly within the scope of the new treason law proclaimed in Manila. At this rate, Franklin's remark to his fellow-rebels and traitors in the convention that adopted the declaration of independence, may soon have a modern application. "If we don't hang together," he said, "we will hang separately." There are millions of people in America who would be criminals in Manila, if they expressed their sentiments.

The street car companies of St. Louis live a strenuous life. A short time ago a St. Louis judge laid down the law that if a motorman failed to stop at the signal of a citizen waiting at a crossing it was right and lawful for the aforesaid citizen to hold up the motorman with a pistol. Now the St. Louis courts have decided that a worn nickel must be accepted as legal tender for a ride. It cost the street car company $2000 to get this ruling of the court. A passenger tendered the worn coin which was rejected by the conductor and the passenger was ejected. He sued for damages and got $2000.

The Witchita Eagle declares that the city of Chicago has not washed its face before breakfast in ten years. And on this George R. Peck comments as follows: "You might have added, 'nor after breakfast, either.'" Still, Chicago has some good points. It is unselfish—but not too unselfish; modest—but not too modest; honest—but not too all-fired honest.

A Kansas girl, after attending a reception at the White House, writes: "The president was very cordial, but as homely as ever. I don't like to criticise my hosts, but I do believe President and Mrs. Roosevelt are the plainest people I ever saw in my life." It is somewhat of a revelation to draw the inference that they elect persons to office in Kansas because of their goods looks.

Gen. Booth, of the Salvation Army, has devised a novel temperance campaign in England. He announces that he intends to compile a drunkard's directory in each town and follow the habitual drunkards home and reform them there. That is a better scheme than the ineffectual method of trying to reform them by law.

It is said that Mrs. Benjamin Harrison is angry because congress has not granted her a pension. But why should she expect a pension? She never was the wife of a president. Mr. Harrison was an ex-president when they were married.

The Springfield Republican expresses the hope that after making a few tariff concessions to the poor Cubans and the wretched Filipinos, perhaps the high tariff party can be persuaded to have pity on the American consumer.

It has been discovered that every bill passed by the Wyoming legislature is invalid because it was not properly recorded. The Wyoming people probably are not grieving much.

The archbishop of Caterbury declares that English morals are much better than ours. Evidently the archbishop has never discussed the subject with W. T. Stead.

There is talk in England of adding an eagle to the royal arms to represent the colonies. But it will not be the American Eagle.

Mr. Schwab's social position went up rapidly after he gambled at Monte Carlo. He has been entertained by two kings and one emperor.

The prospects of irrigation legislation are improving. The senate committee has decided to report favorably on the irrigation bill.

When Prince Henry comes to Chicago will they show him the place where the tunnel caved in?

The Chicago Inter-Ocean puts this pertinent question: "If Bacon wrote Shakespeare, who wrote Bacon?"

The "grandfather" clause will not go into the Virginia constitution. It was voted down last Thursday.

There is a vegetarian argument in the fact that spring lamb is selling at $1 per pound in New York city.

If ex-Secretary Gage has not yet found a job that he likes, he should patronize The Herald's want columns.

FLOATING FUN.

Philadelphia Press: Miss Passay—When I met him at the ball he said he didn't see how I stood the social whirl so well. Told him I meant to give up dancing when I was 20 and—

Miss Sharpe—And why didn't you?

Chicago Post: "Life," he asserts orneularly, "is nothing but a great big bluff."

"Possibly, possibly," was the reply, "but the bluff is called when you least expect it as a general thing."

Baltimore American: Bobbs—Ragger and Chewer got into a big argument this morning.

Dobbs—Who got the better of it?

Bobbs—I did. I left as soon as it started.

Chicago Tribune: "Josiah," asked Mrs. Chugwater, "what is a bucket shop?"

"It's a place, I suppose," replied Mr. Chugwater, looking impatiently up from his newspaper, "where they empty the water out of stocks."

Washington Star: "I don't believe you could tell the difference between a three-for-a-quarter cigar and one that costs a dollar," said the man who sneers.

"Yes, I could," answered the matter-of-fact person.

"How?"

"By purchasing it myself."

Chicago Post: "Papa," said the small boy, looking up from his book, "what is a curio?"

"A curio," replied the father thoughtfully, "is something that costs ten times what it's worth."

Chicago Post: "Look pleasant," said the photographer.

"Well, I guess not," replied the man. This is being taken for some distant relatives who threaten to visit us and I want to look as savage and mean as possible."

Yonkers Statesman: Sue Brette—I see they have named a cigar after your leading man.

The Manager—Well, I hope to gracious it will draw better than he does!

Somerville Journal: Mrs. Whyte—Do you know anything about the people who have moved in next door?

Mrs. Browne—No, it was dark when the furniture wagons brought their goods and they haven't hung out a washing yet.

Detroit Free Press: "What's worrying you?" they asked of the convalescent invalid.

"I am trying," she answered thoughtfully, "to make up my mind whether I am at a sanitarium or a sanatorium."

Chicago Tribune: "Your vote in favor of this measure," said the lobbyist, "would be worth millions to you—"

"Hard's so much as that!" gasped Senator Graphter, his fingers working convulsively.

"—in the consciousness of having done your duty to your countrymen."

The eager light died out of the senator's eyes, and he relapsed into his former apathy.

A FRONTIER GRAVEYARD.

Here lie the dead' neath headboards stained by time,
In graves uncared for; rudest heaps of earth;
Rough men whose lives on earth were black with crime,
Devoid of every mark of honest worth.
In ways unnatural they met with death,
In blood-stained garments they were hid from sight,
A curse clung to each victim's dying breath
And hatred lit their eyes till dimmed of light.
With boots yet on their sinful feet they'll lie
Till Gabriel's trumpet echoes from on high.

Here lies old Texas Joe, who met his death
From hand of one who was of quicker fire,
And Tuscarora Sam, whose fund of breath
Slipped from him when he called Black Bill a liar.
And here is Poker Frank, who tried to steal
The frayed affection of Sport Daly's dame,
And this rude board stands over Brocky Teale,
Whom drink had made unsteady in his aim
When with their shooters he and Grizzly Pete
Went out to hunt each other on the street.

Here rests the shot-up frame of Smoky Tim,
Whose stolen horse lacked necessary speed,
And close beside him sleeps old Greaser Jim,
Who was by vigilantes roped and treed.
Just over there lies Sacramento Joe,
Who died with boots too full of wriggling snakes.
And just beyond they planted Tommy Lowe,
Who made a fatal play to grab the stakes
From off the table in a game of draw—
"Bit off," the boys said, "more than he could chaw."

Here's Bob the Methodist and Sleepy Ike
And Dougface Henderson and Whisky Mack,
And poor Joe Bowers (not the man from Pike),
And Faro Dick and old Three-Fingered Jack,
And, others, names unknown, lie in this spot;
And standing in this border burial ground,
Rude and uncared for, comes the passing thought
That when the dead wake at the trumpet sound
Old Gabriel will be filled with mute surprise
To see this gang of thoroughbreds arise!
—JAMES BARTON ADAMS in Denver Post.

Not Dealing in Gold Bricks.

Denver News: The report that Prince Henry is coming to this country to buy the Philippines is probably a fairy tale. Emperor William knows a good thing—to let alone.

AT THE HOTELS

Monday morning is a blue morning at the kickers' table. The kicker has dined unrestrainedly from the generous menu offered at Sunday evening's dinner, and the thoughts that would naturally find expression at the evening meal are dammed up until morning. That they have been dammed up—and also down—is quite evident when breakfast time comes.

The kicker with the mild blue eye and benevolent expression, both of which are alleged by his companions to be only the outward seeming of a hypocritical soul, had had a bad night. Last evening's dinner was better than usual, and he had rather outdone himself as a consumer. Still the mild blue eyes twinkled deceptively and the benevolent countenance was wreathed in genial smiles.

"And, now Crum, I want some cakes. I want them hot, not from the ice box. If you get 'em hot, there's a quarter in it for you. If they're not hot, I'll break your legs and throw you out of the window."

The benevolent gentleman was buried in his paper when the cakes came in. "I feel it in my bones, Crum, that I've got to kill you. I know you brought those cakes out of the ice box. Somebody ought to tell the manager about the rotten service the chef of this hotel is giving."

The waiter placed the plate of cakes on the table in a gingerly way, shielding his hands carefully with a towel. Mr. Benevolence turned wearily from his paper to the appalling task of eating a meal at that hotel.

"Never brought a thing I ordered, did you? Why don't you make a mistake some time and forget the things we don't order? These cakes are stone cold. The plate is like ice. Say, do you have any idea what you are kept here for? I know you think you are to do what we don't want done, but you've got one more think coming."

By this time the benevolent gentleman had gotten down to his cakes. Te attempted to life the cover without protection for his hands. The steam rose from the cakes like exhaust from a locomotive on a cold wave morning.

The person of saffron color watched tremblingly. The boarder dropped the cover with a crash, lifted his eyes to the trembling waiter and fixed him with a stony stare. Then the volcano burst.

"Did I tell you that my mouth and stomach were lined with asbestos? Do you think I want to be set on fire inside? Now, you get ready to die. Oh if somebody would only tell the manager of this house what wretched service we're getting at this table."

"You said you wanted 'em hot, boss."

"Yes, but I wanted the cakes warm, not hot, and I didn't tell you I wanted my hands burned to a blister with the plates, did I?"

"Oh, I'd like to tell the manager what I think of this service."

• • •

Dr. Stuart Bates, of Virginia, is a guest at the Spalding. The doctor is said to have made a good turn in iron lands recently, and his friends were congratulating him.

• • •

Archie Phillips came down from Tower Saturday night, and spent Sunday at the St. Louis.

• • •

R. H. Lewis came down from Hibbing Saturday and is at the McKay.

• • •

W. F. Simms, Grand Rapids, lumberman and merchant, is at the St. Louis.

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E. S. Christianson, Brooklyn; H. S. Merrick, Minneapolis; W. E. Crossette, Chicago; H. P. Rogers, St. Paul; Charles Brown, Minneapolis; A. L. Lundas, Ashland; L. W. Heffman, Green Bay; William Carey, Marquette; Otto Fuerst, Milwaukee, and L. M. Stahl, New York, are at the St. Louis.

• • •

G. C. Reinhard, Detroit; T. J. McDonough, Chicago; Leagon, Brainerd; G. T. Pill, John Wright, Hinckley; Charles D. Benton, Two Harbors; J. Nangle, Chicago; G. A. Mavis, St. Paul, and D. C. McNaughton, Winnipeg, are at the McKay.

• • •

J. W. E. Wyatt, V. T. Johnson, Minneapolis; N. Reiss, Chicago; R. B. Jones, Cleveland; C. M. Avery, Chicago; H. B. Hallam, St. Paul; T. E. Stewart, Chicago; S. R. Burwell, Boston; G. E. Belott, Indianapolis, and John G. Ladrich, Cleveland, are at the Spalding.

Not Up on Lingerie.

Washington Post: Rear Admiral Schley is making a visit to Nashville. As the good people of that enterprising city want to do the right thing by their distinguished visitor, they telegraphed yesterday to their congressman, John Wesley Gaines, to know what salute or other honors should be accorded. Mr. Gaines at once made inquiry at the navy department and wired back the information:

"A salute of 13 guns," he telegraphed, "with two ruffles and flourishes."

Of course, this meant the ruffles of the drums and the flourishes of the trumpets. The Nashville people, however, were at a loss to understand.

"Please tell us," wired the chairman of the committee, "what you mean by ruffles and flourishes? We are not up on lingerie."

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: To a man it is queer that the nicest women flock to the nastiest plays.

Every man is an egotist, but only one in a hundred knows how to back it up.

In marriage it is better to be a submissive philosopher than a conscientious reformer.

The woman who would like to be a grass lady usually is insolent; the woman who is one, isn't.

In a play where the heroine's husband is a scoundrel, the women who see it always feel vindicated, no matter how good their husbands are to them or how much they love one another.

There Are Others.

Anoka Herald (Rep.): From the pathetic wail which from time to time appears in the state press, we are led to believe that the great state of Minnesota would be in a terrible condition unless the "immortal Bob" will reconsider his determination not to be a candidate for any office next fall. While we are willing to admit that the "immortal Bob" is all right, we are not a hero worshiper enough to believe that any man has become so great that another cannot be found to take his place.

Play of Imagination.

Washington Star: The man who stays at home and reads his famous congressman's speeches in the Record is warned against forming mental pictures of the way his ideal statesman looked when he delivered them on the floor.

Beats Missionary Argument.

Baltimore American: The greatest argument which China has probably ever had on the superiority of Christianity is the restoration to her by the United States of property taken by Americans. If the other powers carry out their professions as practically the celestials may look with more favor on the missionaries.

The Big Fact Remains.

Baltimore American: There is some discussion about the place in the coronation ceremonies to be occupied by the representatives of the United States, but, as far as precedence as a world power is concerned, alphabetically accidents will not affect the status of this country, even if the envoy does get among the Us and Vs.

Adding Insult to Injury.

Indianapolis Journal: One by one the rights of the reservation Indians are taken from them. Now the commissioner has ordered frequent haircuts and that no more paint be wasted upon Indian faces. Forcing an Indian to be decently clean is about as gross an insult as to suggest that he had better go to work.

Pingree Idea Growing.

Philadelphia Inquirer: There has been organized here the Vacant Lots Cultivation association. This body has just been holding its annual meeting. The reports which were read at that meeting show that the cultivation of vacant lots is an industry which is rapidly increasing in extent and growing in importance, and that it is becoming a beneficial influential factor in the civic life of this community.

IT JARRED HIM SOME.

Caroline Lockhart in Lippincott's Magazine: "Pat" was assistant cook on one of the dining cars on the Great Western road, running into St. Paul. He was obstinate and ill-tempered. The chef was equally so, and, as a result, constant warfare waged between them.

One day last summer Pat was making ice cream, and, in spite of the chef's warnings, insisted upon sitting in the doorway of the pantry while he turned the freezer.

The train, going up grade, made a sudden lurch, and Pat and his can of ice cream fell out of the door, as his superior officer had predicted.

Frantic with fright, the chef, in his white cap and apron tore through the train, looking for the conductor.

"Mon dieu, Monsier Conductaire," he cried, wringing his hands, when he found that person, "ze ice cream freezaire fall out, and Pat go wiz heem! Stop ze tramway or we will hat pas dessert pour le diner. Trouble, trouble, always wiz ze Irishman."

The conductor pulled the bell and stopped the train, but it had already gone two miles past the spot where Pat had rolled out.

They backed the train, fully expecting to find Pat's mangled body beside the track. Instead, they saw him coming over the ties on a run, carrying on his back the ice cream freezer.

He climbed on the train, looking foolish, but all he ever said of his miraculous escape was: "Be gosh, it jarred me some, it did thot!"

Hans' Rainy Day Soliloquy.

I go me py der street car down;
Der big conductor push me 'r-r-round'
Und shofe me all der vay to town—
"Mofe up in fr-r-ront!"

He kick me from dis strap to dot,
Bud I haf patience, und vill not
Assassinate him on der spot—
"Mofe up in fr-r-ront!"

Und ven I cannot mofe no more
He shofe my feadures through der door,
Und make anudder awful roar;
"Mofe up in fr-r-ront!"

Und ven I mofe and dry to r-ide
Out mit der modorman, he gr-r-ried:
"You gan't stay ould here—get inside!"
"Mofe up in fr-r-ront!"

But dot's all r-right—I don't complain;
Dere's udders valkin' in der r-r-rain;
Und I'll chust mofe, mit might and main,
Vay up in fr-r-ront!

But ven I reach der shining stran's
Some anchell, maybe, say: "Vy Hans,
You're better as some udder manns—
Mofe up in fr-r-ront!"
—Baltimore News.

A TICKET THAT WON

BY HENRY WILTON THOMAS



(Copyright, 1902, by William R. Hearst.)

"I don't mind telling you," said the chief of the detective bureau, "why it is I have a warm corner in my heart for the Chinaman. It was this way: But for a certain Chinese laundry ticket I might never have distinguished myself and obtained the promotion that started me toward the head of the bureau. You shall have the story.

"I suppose you all remember the Xenelis murder. The body was found on the night of May 21, 1892. It was on my post. I was just a pavement pounder in those days—a simple patrolman with two service stripes on my sleeve. At first I paid no attention to the man sitting there on the steps with his head bowed far forward. I thought he was merely taking a rest or had possibly fallen asleep. I was not the kind of a man to rouse every poor homeless fellow I saw trying to steal a wink or two in public. I passed again and again, and always he sat there motionless as Peter Cooper's statue, not far away.

"Toward 3 o'clock in the morning I tried to rouse him, because I expected the roundsman, and I did not want him to find any sleepers on my post. I shook him a little—only a little. There was something in the feel of him to tell me I was shaking a dead man. I took off his hat to make sure, and a piece of red paper dropped out. To this I paid no attention at the time, but luckily the sight of it was stamped in my memory.

"I telephoned for a patrol wagon, and the corpse was carried to the station house. Searched thoroughly, nothing was found upon it but a latch-key and a photograph, supposedly that of a Spanish woman, past her first youth and none too beautiful. There was not the slightest clew to the man's identity. I must tell you that his death was due to a dagger thrust in the heart.

"When I resumed the patrol of my post it was nearly daylight. As I passed the spot where I had found the dead man I glanced down to see if there was any blood on the steps or sidewalk. Strangely enough there was not a trace of any, though the man's underclothing was found, in the examination at the station house, to be drenched with it. But my eye caught something else that was red, lying on the sidewalk. It was the piece of paper that had fallen out of the man's hat. I picked it up and unfolded it. A Chinese laundry ticket! My first impulse was to fling it down, but I tucked it in my pocket upon second thought, deciding to turn it in at the station house. As a matter of simple fact, I forgot all about it until that afternoon, when I awoke to find the evening papers screaming about a great murder mystery.

"The photograph of the woman made it particularly melodramatic opportunity. The dual mystery was, who was the murderer? Who was the victim? A force of Central office men had been put on the case, and every morning and every evening newspaper had set its best detective reporters on the trail, or, rather to finding the trail.

"There was not the shadow of a clew to the man's identity, and nothing at all to lead to the murderer, except the photograph. At least that was the situation as I found it when I left my bed. But I knew the reporters were not quite right; for there was a clew and I had it. The laundry ticket! The possibility that this might be so did not occur to me until I was moved to thinking steadily about the case by the great stir it had made.

"It was my day off, and I did not have to report at the station. 'Here is a chance for me to get some distinction,' said I to myself. 'I'll have a try at it, anyway. Besides I don't dare turn in the laundry ticket now, so long after I obtained possession of it. But I'll give Justice the benefit of my mystery-solving power that it may have, and help my own cause at the same time.

"My first steps was to reduce the field of investigation to the area that held possibilities of results; not an easy thing to do, generally speaking, but in this case not so very difficult. I knew Won Lee, a half-breed, who is called the Solomon of Chinatown. I showed him my laundry ticket and asked him what province of China he thought the hieroglyphs indicated. Without a moment's hesitation he answered, 'why, that was written by a Tsangsi.'

"'Are you sure?' said I, wisely.

"'Can't be mistaken,' said Won Lee. 'But what difference can it make to you?'

"'Oh,' said I, 'I'd just like to know how many Chinamen from that province there are in New York. It's all right, Won. It won't get any of your people in trouble, if you tell. I promise you that.'

"'Well,' Won answered, slowly, as though counting, 'I should say not more than a dozen laundries are run by the Tsangsi.' Then he told me, without having to refer to a scrap of memoranda, where each of the Tsangsi laundries was situated.

"Now, it was plain sailing. I had only to go to each of these laundries, present the ticket and await results. The wrong ones would turn me away. When I struck the one who had issued the ticket I would get the shirts, collars, etc., for which it called. Luck was with me, for I hit it at the third laundry. The pigtailed proprietor took down a small bundle and said, 'Twenty-six cen'.' I went away with the dead man's laundry, feeling that I had the key to the situation if only there were identifying marks upon the things. My hopes were fully realized. There were three handkerchiefs and one outside shirt, and each piece was marked indelibly C. O. X.'

"More good luck. The owner's surname beginning with 'X' meant a very short list in the directory to go over. There were exactly nine names beginning with that letter, and to my delight I found one that corresponded to the initials C. O. X. It was a Greek name and I remembered that the face of the dead man was of a Greek type. Probably the woman in the photograph was Greek, too, I reflected, and we were all at sea in supposing her Spanish. I went to the address given in the directory, and found it in the heart of the Greek colony.

"The door was opened by—the woman in the photograph. I had my wits about me that day, I tell you. Besides luck was fairly vaulting into my hands, and that makes a man masterly.

"'Where is Xenelis?' I demanded in a stern tone, and I looked her squarely in the eye. For a moment she did not answer, and in that hesitation she was lost.

"'Come,' I said. 'Own up. You have killed him.'

"I never saw a human being collapse so utterly as she did. Her knees seemed to give way, and before I knew it she was grabbing frantically at my coat, sobbing and imploring me not to take her away. Her English was much better than you would expect from the look of her.

"Of course, I arrested her then and there. She made a formal confession an hour later to Inspector Corrigan. Needless, to tell you that from that day I have never worn uniform except on parade."

Salary Grab Snuffed Out.

Philadelphia Record: There was scant courtesy shown in the federal senate to the proposition to increase salaries of members of congress by 50 per cent. It was defeated by 44 to 15 when offered as an amendment to the judicial salaries bill. So fades away the nebulous prospect of another salary grabbing scandal in national halls of legislation.

A Sensible Decision.

Buffalo Express: The commissioner of internal revenue made a sensible decision in deferring the collection of the federal tax on the undivided profits of banks and trust companies until two cases now pending in the courts are decided. In the meantime the companies are required to file returns, so that collection may be made if the cases are decided in favor of the government. A good deal of trouble will be saved to the government by the commissioner's course if the suits should go against it.

Peculiar Economic Plea.

Indianapolis News: While we are expending hundreds of millions of dollars to maintain our hold of the Philippines, it is a peculiar economic plea that objects to Western irrigation on the ground that it would cost too much. Irrigation would give this country a new tillable area equal to three states like Indiana. The large, intelligent and thrifty population it would support would create trade demands that would amount to more in a year than the requirements of Philippines would amount to in ten. Irrigation is inevitable.

Old Lesson Deep-Rooted.

Washington Star: The forty-four senators who voted against the proposition to increase their salaries merely indicate a desire to remain in public life.

Where Was the Money Spent?

Philadelphia Ledger: The appropriation asked for the expenses of senators who attended President McKinley's funeral is $6415. It is asked in a lump sum, probably because an itemized account would not look well in print. How did the senators manage to spend so much money on such a journey.

Same Old Story.

Baltimore American: Now a state of corruption has been exposed in Buffalo. It is the old story of power and opportunity leading to temptation, with its extent merely modified by the locality, and the amount of the spoils to be looted. The name of the special city afflicted may vary in different exposures, but the system and the methods are the same in all.

Nobody Disappointed.

Philadelphia North-American: Judge Advocate Lemly's comments on Admiral Schley's petition of appeal are only what might have been expected from an attorney of mediocre ability.

"Chronic Weakness"

Neither Sick Nor Well.

A Distinguished Medical Editor Tells How Many Are Subject to Semi-Starvation or an Habitually Half-Fed Condition Because Their Stomachs Won't Work.

A Way to Cure "Chronic Starvation" and Its Attendant Weaknesses and Disabilities is Pointed Out.



An editorial in the October, 1901, issue of the Medical Brief, a journal published by and for physicians and having the largest circulation of any strictly professional medical publication in the world says:

"There are many patients who have nothing organically wrong with them, but are kept in a weak anemic state by a lack of digestive power. If we can improve digestion we increase their energy, productive output and sense of well-being.

"For this class of cases, alcoholics and strong bitters often do more harm than good, while they temporarily stimulate and improve the appetite, if long used they bring on a reaction worse than the first state. Gastric catarrh is likely to follow their prolonged use from constant and artificial congestion of the gastric mucous membrane."

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are the proper remedy for this condition. Being in tablet form they are not only convenient to carry and take but are necessarily free from all alcoholics and the objectionable stimulating drugs do not enter into their composition.

Every organ and tissue of the body depends on the stomach for nourishment and renewal that will prepare them to satisfactorily perform their functions and resist disease. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets do not simply stimulate but they tone, strengthen and build up the stomach, make it active and capable of converting food into pure rich blood that will fully feed the half-starved tissues so they will develop into full-functioned perfection.

There are many remedies on the market for impaired or perverted digestion but none are so safe, so economical, so convenient, so effective, so popular, as are Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets. Whether the dyspepsia is of long standing or is merely a case of temporary indigestion, they give prompt and pronounced relief. Their continued use will cure all forms of digestive inefficiency.

By promoting perfect digestion Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets produce pure blood, sound and healthy flesh, strong nerves; make the eyes bright, the skin clear, the mind cheerful, the sleep natural and restful. Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets are easily and cheaply obtained for they are sold at all drug stores at 50 cents a box.

Write to F. A. Stuart Co., Marshall, Mich., for their book on stomach diseases. It is free; a postal card will bring it; send one today.

AT CLOQUET.

Louis Beach Is Badly Stabbed In a Resort at Scanlon.

Cloquet, Minn., Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Saturday night a man named Louis Beach was stabbed in a resort at Scanlon, and afterwards thrown down and kicked. The unfortunate fellow has a bad cut in the face and a knife wound in the left breast. He was unable to give the name of the man who used the knife, but accuses James Corrigan, the keeper of the dive, of doing the striking and kicking. The man was brought here in the night and placed under the care of Dr. Allen and now lies at the Northern boarding house in a precarious condition. Warrants for the arrest of the offenders were issued by Judge Skemp, and the sheriff arrested Matt Custek for stabbing Beach.

Cloquet citizens in mass meeting last week decided that it would be for the best interests of our community to reincorporate as a city as soon as possible under the law. Until this is done a resolution was passed to take steps to separate the village from the town for purposes of taxation.

The firemen's mask ball at the Opera house on Friday evening was a great success, both as a social function and in a financial sense. The crowd was so great, however, that at times dancing was almost an impossibility.

A charge was brought against one of our young men, in police court last Wednesday, of an assault with attempt to rape. In the opinion of the presiding justice, however, it was a trumped up charge, and was promptly dismissed.

James Ryan was arrested Saturday night charged with an assault with a weapon, with intent to do serious bodily harm to Louis G. Johnson.

SAVED HER CHILD'S LIFE.

"In three weeks our chubby little boy was changed by Pneumonia almost to a skeleton," writes Mrs. W. Watkins, of Pleasant City, O. "A terrible cough set in, that, in spite of a good doctor's treatment for several weeks, grew worse every day. We then used Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, and our darling was soon sound and well. We are sure this grand medicine saved his life." Millions know it's the only sure cure for Coughs, Colds and all Lung diseases. W. A. Abbott, druggist, guarantees satisfaction. 50c, $1.00. Trial bottles free.

NO REPAIRS

Permitted on Buildings On Section 16 at Cass Lake.

Cass Lake, Minn., Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—Ever since settlers on section 16 received the ored to vacate the premises (which order was afterwards rescinded) there has been considerable controversy as to whether the people on the land had the right to erect new buildings or repair old ones. Several letters have been exchanged between the residents and the officials of the interior department on the matter. During the past week, Dr. Rodwell, physician in charge of the Cass Lake agency, received the subjoined letter on the matter, the same being in response to a request made by a resident on section 16 as to whether he would be allowed to make some repairs on a building there. The request was made through Capt. Mercer, acting Indian agent, previous to that gentleman being relieved. The letter in response is as follows:

"Department of Interior, United States Indian Service, Washington, D. C., Jan. 27.—Maj. C. L. Scott, acting U. S. agent, Leech Lake agency: The office is in receipt, by reference of your predecessor (Capt. Mercer), of a letter dated Cass Lake, Nov. 27, asking to be permitted to make repairs to a house located on section 16, upon which a number of settlers are located, near the town of Cass Lakes He asks to be advised as to what alterations will be permitted on buildings located on said section. In reply, the office has to say that all settlers on section 16 are there by mere sufference. No permission should be given for the erection of new buildings or for the repair of old ones. Very respectfully,

"W. A. JONES,
"Commissioner."

WRIGHT REGAINS CONTROL.

Salt Lake, Utah, Feb. 10.—A Tribune special from Spokane, Wash., says that men closely in touch with the Le Roi Mining company, say that Whittaker Wright, of London, has regained control of the corporation after a bitter fight. It is declared, however, that Wright has ousted the interests represented by Henry Bratnober, which lately got control of the Le Roi.



DISEASES OF MEN

VARICOCELE, STRICTURE, Piles, Fistula, Hydrocele, Cancer, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranted in from 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the Mouth or Throat, Unhealthy Discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair, and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by the new remedies with never failing success.

YOUNG MEN Suffering from the effects of indiscretion or excess, causing Nervous Debility, Mental Weakness, Vital Losses, Catarrh, Indigestion, Consumption, Blotches, Pimples, Ringing in Ears, Palpitation of Heart, Despondency, Lost Manhood, Unfitness to Marry, Weak Back, Rheumatic Pains, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, are guaranteed a safe and speedy cure by remedies prepared and dispensed by himself. Charges always moderate. No exposure. Call or write.

MIDDLE-AGED AND OLD MEN who are the victims of Prostatic, Urinary, Kidney or Bladder Troubles, Syphilitic or Mercurial Blood Poisoning, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Sexual Debility, Impaired Vigor, Premature Decline from recent exposure, Mental worry or overwork, Rheumatism, Eczema or Salt Rheum, Piles, Ulcers, Old Sores, Cough, Impending Paralysis or Consumption, Stomach and Liver Troubles, Loss of Ambition, unfit to enjoy either pleasure or business, are cured for life by Dr. Pierce when all others have failed.

LADIES All forms of Female Weakness, Debility, Pain in the Back and Loins, Ovarian and Womb Troubles, speedily and permanently cured. Office private; no exposure; consultation free. If in trouble, write or call. Delays are dangerous. Medicine sent anywhere by mail or express. Charges moderate. Office hours, 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

DR. T. J. PIERCE, 5 West Superior St., Duluth, Minn.

BUSINESS OVERDONE

Flimsy Foundation On Which Some So-Called Trusts Rest.

Capital Holds Enough Water to Drown an Entire City.

Awful Havoc If a Few of These Bubbles Burst.

New York, Feb. 10.—The financial Age says: The most interesting subject uppermost in the minds of financiers and public alike is the question concerning industrial combinations, or falsely-called trusts. A trust is a monopoly, and there is not one of these industrial combines that has a monopoly in the lines it pursues. When such a combine is formed the promoters first of all set forth how beautifully they will reduce the cost of materials, the labor and general operating expenses. Then they will set forth in flowery language how this reduction in expenses will enable them to reduce the cost of the manufactured article, and still make a profit that will permit of a payment in dividends large enough to dazzle the average careful man, who has been drawing probably 4 or 5 per cent interest on his savings.

After all this has been gone through, the so-called trust is formed and the public invited to subscribe. This confiding and investing public is the one that never knows what the company in which they are stockholders does. No complete figures are furnished and the stockholders simply have to be satisfied with what they are served. All this is only an explanation of what is really to follow.

The capitalization of 183 concerns, so-called trusts, is placed at $5,000,000,000. Does anyone realize what this enormous amount really means? It means that 183 concerns are capitalized with a capital amount of one-half of the world's entire stock of money. It means that the capitalization of these concerns exceeds the total stock of money of the United States by $2,000,000,000, of Great Britain by nearly $4,000,000,000, of Germany by about $3,000,000,000, and so forth. The total capital of these 183 concerns equals more than the entire stock of money of the United States, Great Britain and Germany combined.

Now, what is this capital based on and what amount of security is offered to insure investors against loss in case these concerns should fail? Let us start at the largest, capitalized at about $1,300,000,000. The actual value of the entire plant of this colossus is admitted to be $300,000,000, and the balance of $100,000,000 is good will, ordinarily called "water." Another is capitalized at $100,000,000, and the actual value of the plant is about $30,000,000. Another is capitalized at $30,000,000 when the actual value does not exceed $3,000,000, and so on down the line.

The first thing which is done when such a trust is formed is to give the promoters about 1 per cent of the stock for services rendered, and the public press is full of articles relating how this man or that man, famous in the financial world, hold so many millions of stock. But does anyone ever think of the fact that this prominent financier immediately proceeds to rid himself of at least 90 per cent of his holding and unload it on the public through the medium of the stock exchanges? The public buys these shares, and when the trust actually gets down to work, about 90 per cent of the entire capital stock issued is scattered among investors, who have probably only invested because Jones or Smith held so many millions of it. When the thing goes up, all these little holders wonder why they are ruined while the man who had so much stands by, is cool and smiling.

The flour milling bubble is still fresh in the people's minds. The stock was issued and sold on the first day on the change at 50, advanced to 60, so as to give the public a chance to bite, and then gracefully declined to zero. The promoters of that bubble are rich today. Why?

And so it is with many others. One especially deserves mention; the stock of this concern rates above par, yet only a year ago the so-called officers paid nearly $2,000,000 alone for the pleasure of doing business, and then even went down into their own pockets and paid over $3,000,0000 in unearned dividends. These dividends were supposed to come out of a reserve fund, but how can there be a reserve fund when there has been a proportionate loss every year? This reserve fund is made up from the manipulation of this stock on the exchange, and the holders are blissfully ignorant of the abyss that is yawning beneath them. If the head of this concern should die today the stock would not be worth $10 per share.

This so-called trust business is overdone. The profits do not admit of paying dividends on a capital which consists of enough water to drown an entire populace. Is it reasonable to suppose that any man would sell a business that pays him 7 per cent on $2,000,000 for $500,000, or is it reasonable to think that anyone would sell a business that pays him 7 per cent on that $500,000 for $500,000? Then how is it reasonable to suppose that you can buy a business that pays 7 per cent on $500,000, under conservative management, and make it pay 7 per cent on $5,000,000 without enlarging it or without any material improvement?

Why do trusts object to daylight in regard to their affairs, and why will they spend millions to prevent such light being shed on their business? Why do they object to legislation that will give the public more facts? If everything was above suspicion, why are they so secretive?

Industrial combinations are of benefit to our country; they advance commerce and enhance values, but when it comes to a question of overcapitalization to such an enormous degree as is practiced now it becomes a menace to the country, and, in fact, the entire world. If, for example, a few of these large bubbles would burst, the havoc wrought would be awful. Banks and mercantile houses alike would be swallowed up in the flood that would follow, and it is safe to say that the promters wuld be amply provided with life preservers.

The Financial Age is not pessimistic, only it advises caution where such disasters threaten. Take the failure of the Asphalt trust which happened recently. If this combine had had ten times more capital its failure would have been delayed only, not prevented. This happened on a small scale, and it will happen on a large scale just as sure as the sun shines. No banking institution has a right to loan money on security so flimsy as industrial stocks, nor has an institution handling public funds a right to invest these funds in such a way.

BEWARE

of the Quack Doctor's Remedy, "Indian Root and Herb Mixture," or "Great Hindoo Medical Wonder," for the cure of Blood, Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout troubles.

MEDERINE

is prepared from the formula of an eminent physician, a regular graduate of Bellevue Hospital Medical College, New York, and compounded by one of the largest pharmaceutical houses in the world. MEDERINE is a guarantee cure for all forms of Blood Diseases, all kinds of Catarrh, Rheumatism and Gout. We guarantee to forfeit One Hundred Dollars for any of these complaints that MEDERINE fails to cure—such is our faith in the remedy, based on cures made.

WHAT THE FIRST BOTTLE DID.

JAMES McGOVERN,
State Oil Inspector, District 61.
West Superior, Wis.

MEDERINE REMEDY CO.
It took only two bottles of MEDERINE to cure me of Rheumatism of the shoulder. The first bottle reduced the pain and swelling and the second cured me. Still it took two more bottles to cleanse my system of the disease.
JAMES McGOVERN.

For Sale on Our Guarantee by

ALL DRUGGISTS.

Write for MEDERINE JOURNAL OF HEALTH. Mailed to any address free of charge. It explains everything. MEDERINE REMEDY CO., West Superior, Wis

WILL BE REJECTED

(Continued from page 1.)

that after the legislature has marched up this hill it will, like the king of France and all his men, march down again. That is, it will reject the bill altogether.

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What makes this most likely is that the members who are regarded as strong friends of the bill, and who wanted it put through without any amendments whatever, will hardly be so friendly toward the utter stranger that the bill will become when all the amending is over. They do not believe that the symmetry of the measure should be disturbed by promiscuous amendments, and they are quite likely to turn upon it in disgust, call it a hybrid monster, and request it to retire to the uttermost rear of the auditorium and there accept a seat.

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The bill introduced Saturday by Sherman S. Smith, of Minneapolis, proposing a constitutional convention, may develop later in the game into an even stronger figure than the tax bill. The constitutional convention has been a favorite hobby of the house for several sessions, and the practice has been to pass a bill like Mr. Smith's every session, which the senate would as regularly turn down. It is a good deal different this time, however. A constitutional convention, if the people voted for it next fall, would not only provide a chance to overhaul a constitution that was made when nobody dreamed of the conditions that exist today, but it would furnish a means of changing the constitution so as to permit of such tax legislation as everybody would be pleased with, if there is any such thing everybody agrees, is emphatically a back number. It fits the state of Minnesota today about as well as Sherman Smith's knickerbocker suit that he wore at the age of 7 would fit him now. And everybody that has noticed how well Mr. Smith fills a chair will realize that the fit would not do.

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There may be a rush toward this bill later as a solution of a complexed and awkward situation on the tax bill. The belief is growing that when such an able body as the tax commission so emphatically says that the present constitution is an insuperable obstacle to a proper tax law, it is folly to pass a measure that is thus harshly condemned as an improper tax law. Members of the legislature figure that the tax commissioners ought to know what they are talking about when they make such statements as this. This is working to increase the tendency toward postponing action until the constitution is improved. Many who do not believe that it will be possible to pass a constitutional amendment under the law requiring amendments to have a majority of all the votes cast at the election instead of a majority of the votes cast on the proposed amendments, think that the proposition to have a constitutional convention could be carried easily. Mr. Smith has promised a fight if his bill is not passed, and some of the strongest friends of the tax bill are back of him, including Mr. Jacobson, of Lac Qui Parle county, who surprised many of his colleagues by supporting the measure Saturday. The fact that it was commonly understood that the bill means no good to the tax bill made it more surprising that Mr. Jacobson should support it.

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However, Mr. Jacobson is not attempting to take any lead in the fight for the bill. In fact, he is slipping back into a less conspicuous position on the battlefield every day, and it would not be very surprising to find him over in the other camp before the session is over.

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The senate is a very backward body this session, as it usually is, and it is very obviously taking its time on the tax bill and letting the house bear the brunt of the trouble. This will probably be true throughout.

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The hearings before the tax committees will continue until the middle of the week, anyway. Duluth was particularly fortunate in her hearings. They came on promptly at the beginning of the session, when interest was at its highest, before the hunger for information on the tax bill had been largely satisfied, and when nearly all of the members were in attendance. There is now very little danger to Duluth from the tax bill. Something entirely unpected would have to happen to bring about a full value assessment on Duluth's registered vessel tonnage or on the grain in her elevators.

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Most of the Duluth members went home over Sunday. Representative Pugh and Representative Mallory were the only ones that remained in St. Paul during the adjournment. Though the senate adjourned Friday there will probably be no more Friday adjournments during the session.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

California Tours.

If you are contemplating a trip to California, call at the Great Northern Ticket Office, corner Spalding Hotel, for full information as to rates, routes, etc., also nicely illustrated literature regarding train service, pleasure resorts, hotel accommodations and many other things of interest to prospective travelers. Tourists tickets on sale daily. Direct connection at St. Paul with any line, with through tourist car to San Francisco and Los Angeles without change.

WAS FROZEN.

A. L. Slaught Meets Sad Death at Bow-String Lake.

Grand Rapids, Minn., Feb. 10.—Coroner Russell was called to Deer River on Saturday to hold an inquest on the remains of Arthur L. Slaught, who was frozen to death last Thursday.

Slaught, who was at W. J. Coffron's ranch at Bow String Lake, suddenly left his bed Wednehday night and took to the woods in his shirt sleeves and bareheaded. The other members of the house, seeing Mr. Slaught did not return for some time, went out to find him, but he was not in sight or hearing. All hands began a search early Thursday morning, following his tracks on the road toward Deer River about four miles, and from there he struck off into the woods to the west and circled around onto a big bog. The searching party, headed by Mr. Coffron, gave up for the night late Thursday, and early Friday morning renewed the gruesome task, and it was well toward noon when Slaught's lifeless form was discovered on a ridge near the bog at a point about three miles from the road. Though he was but seven miles from the camp, Mr. Coffron says the distance covered by the unfortunate man was all of twenty miles.

Mr. Slaught had been in the employ of Mr. Coffron for about three years as clerk and bookkeeper and was considered a capable business man. He was 50 years of age or over, and at one time was wealthy, having been in the banking and timber business with his father in Michigan. Through domestic troubles and separation from his wife he became despondent, went to drinking and lost all. He was born and reared near Toronto, Canada. For several months past Slaught has been brooding more than usual over his past, and at times seemed not altogether right mentally, and it is most certain he became suddenly insane when he traveled to his death. He had been drinking some a few days previous, but not heavily. Mr. Coffron says he worked on the books all day Wednesday.

ECZEMA'S ITCH IS TORTURE.

Eczema is caused by an acid humor in the blood coming in contact with the skin and producing great redness and inflammation; little pustular eruptions form and discharge a thin, sticky fluid, which dries and scales off; sometimes the skin is hard, dry and fissured. Eczema in any form is a tormenting, stubborn disease, and the itching and burning at times are almost unbearable; the acid burning humor seems to ooze out and set the skin on fire. Salves, washes nor other external applications do any real good, for as long as the poison remains in the blood it will keep the skin irritated.

BAD FORM OF TETTER.



"For three years I had Tetter on my hands, which caused them to swell to twice their natural size. Part of the time the disease was in the form of running sores, very painful, and causing me much discomfort. Four doctors said the Tetter had progressed too far to be cured, and they could do nothing for me. I took only three bottles of S. S. S. and was completely cured. This was fifteen years ago, and I have never since seen any sign of my old trouble."—MRS. L. B. JACKSON, 1414 McCee St., Kansas City, Mo.

S. S. S. neutralizes this acid poison, tools the blood and restores it to a healthy, natural state, and the rough, unhealthy skin becomes soft, smooth and clear.

SSS cures Tetter, Erysipelas, Psoriasis, Salt Rheum and all skin diseases due to a poisoned condition of the blood. Send for our book and write us about your case. Our physicians have made these diseases a life study, and can help you by their advice; we make no charge for this service. All correspondence is conducted in strictest confidence.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.

DISCOUNT SALE ON ALL

WINTER OVERCOATS

When we advertise a discount, WE MEAN EVERY WORD OF IT. The backward weather has left us with entirely too many Overcoats. Hence this GREAT CUT IN PRICES.

Handsome, stylish $30.00 Overcoats, reduced to..... **$24.00**

Handsome, stylish $25.00 Overcoats, reduced to..... **$20.00**

Handsome, stylish $20.00 Overcoats, reduced to..... **$16.00**

Splendid values $15.00 Overcoats, reduced to..... **$12.00**

Splendid values $12.00 Overcoats, reduced to..... **$9.60**

Good $10.00 Overcoats reduced to..... **$8.00**

BOYS' REEFERS AND OVERCOATS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

C. W. Ericson,

No. 219 WEST SUPERIOR ST. **RELIABLE CLOTHIER.**

PATERSON IN RUINS

(Continued From Page 1.)

fronting them today is the necessity of providing employment and permanent homes for the destitute.

The fact that the great silk mills escaped the ravages of the flames is most important, as silk making is the principal industry of the city. About half the population depends upon the silk trade, and if their occupation had been in ashes the situation would have been appalling. Another important industry, that of locomotive building, was equally fortunate that these works escaped the flames.

The great Rogers works and the Locomotive works give employment to thousands and these are running as usual today.

Just before daybreak the militia arrested in one haul eleven men caught looting a building. Companies A, C and M, of the Fifth regiment; Company A, of Passaic, and fifty deputy sheriffs were on guard all night. They had orders to club anyone who did not obey orders to move on. The 120 members of Paterson's police force went on duty at 8 o'clock, relieving the militia.

The anarchists who have made this city their headquarters mourn the loss of their favorite meeting place, the office of La Questione Sociale.

The office of this newspaper was in Market street, and it went down in the path of the flames. The house of Miss Ernestine Cravell, the young woman who attracted attention after the murder of King Humbert by her inflammatory speeches in public, was also burned.

The homes of many others of the Paterson anarchists were destroyed, though Bartholdi's hall, which was the boarding house of Bresci, the assassin of King Humbert, was untouched by the fire. The houses near it on Straight and Market streets were all burned to the ground.

The fire made no headway during the night. Fanned by a strong wind, it burned up fitfully in places during the early hours of the morning, but wherever it showed threatening strength the firemen turned streams on it and beat it down. The firemen were completely exhausted after more than thirty hours' continuous work, but remained at their posts. There was comparatively little suffering on the part of those rendered homeless by the fire, and the armory, churches and public shelters opened their doors to but few applicants during the night. Practically every home that escaped the flames was thrown open in a spirit of broad charity, and nearly every refugee found shelter at the house of some friend.

The declaration of Mayor Hinchcliffe that the city can care for its own is not concurred in by everybody, and there may be an appeal later for outside help. Those who are organizing a plan of relief will soon be able to reach a decision of the question of asking aid from other communities.

With the embers still aglow in the business district, commercial Paterson planned resumption and restoration. All of the banks burned out yesterday opened for business in temporary quarters today, and the officials expressed a determination to do their part in the maintenance of the financial standing and credit of the city. The First National bank secured temporary housing in the building of the Paterson Savings institution. It received many offers of assistance, and in acknowledgment President Bell issued the following statement:

"The officers and directors of the First National bank desire to express their thanks and profound appreciation to all friends who have so generously tendered their sympathy, co-operation and aid in the terrible calamity which has befallen our city."

The Paterson Safe Deposit and Trust company rented new quarters at 100 Broadway, and the Paterson National bank secured room in the same building. The Hamilton Trust company made arrangements for quarters at the building of the Second National bank, and with the rest resumed business at the usual banking hours. The Hamilton Trust company announced that as soon as the ruins of its old building became cool, it would commence the erection of a new bank building to cost $200,000.

All of the banks and trust companies announced that their safes and vaults had proved strong enough to preserve the securities, moneys and records locked in them at the close of business on Saturday. Some of those whose business places and homes were destroyed were ruined financially, and must give up, but the majority will be able to start afresh. They are courageous and confident. The underwriters and adjusters, representing the insurance companies that held the riska affected by the fire, are hurrying here and negotiations for the adjustment of losses have been comenced. This morning estimates of the amount of insurance carried on the property destroyed vary widely.

The militiamen remained on guard today, and will be kept under arms and on duty as long as necessity for their services exists. Much valuable property is still exposed, and the authorities are determined to prevent looting or disorder. Saloons that attempted to open after midnight were promptly closed, and the sale of liquor was prohibited until after daylight.

The holiday crowds of yesterday had dispersed and the city was very quiet and orderly today. All of the dangerous walls that stand are to be torn down, and the streets now obstructed with fallen brick will be cleaned up.

Fifteen hundred public school children and several hundred more who attended St. Mary's parochial school found themselves on enforced vacation today, but by the end of the week they will all be back at their tasks. The high school pupils will divide the quarters of the normal school with half day sessions at the start.

FOR UNITY.

Dr. Mackay's Views on a United Christendom.

New York, Feb. 10.—In his sermon at the Collegiate church, Dr. Donald S. Mackay, talking on "A Plea for Christian Unity" expressed the belief that this goal can be reached only along the line of interdenominational co-operation. It is a dream, he said that all Christendom can be made one in creed, doctrine and ceremonial. The former plan, however, he considers feasible and he presented in his sermon a basis on which he thought it could be accomplished.

"At no time has there been such a yearning for a united Christendom as today. The reformation of the twentieth century—if we live to see it—will be based on the sanctification of collectivism, and one of its dominant features will be the unity of churches.

"First of all, we must do away with the competition between churches. If there is anything destructive to spiritual life, it is such competition. It removes the central idea of the prayer. 'Thy kingdom come'—every time it is said—from Christ, who ought to be the center to some particular denomination."

Dr. Mackay gave the following conditions as being essential to the consummation of Christian unity: Mutual recognition, mutual forbearance, mutual service and mutual prayer.

MABEL WILL MARRY.

Miss Hanna Announces Engagement to Harry Parsons.

Washington, Feb. 10.—The engagement of Miss Mabel Hanna, the eldest daughter of Senator Hanna, to Harry Parsons, of Cleveland, was announced Saturday afternoon by Miss Hanna.

The announcement was made at the tea at the Chinese legation. Miss Hanna and Mr. Parsons were present, and the young lady, calling Mr. Parsons up to Minister Wu, remarked:

"Mr. Minister, I want to present Mr. Parsons, my fiance."

The engagement has been of long standing, but has been kept a secret by the family. Mr. Parsons is well known in Cleveland.

BUILDINGS BURNED.

Hong Kong, Feb. 10.—A dispatch from Canton announces that the Berlin missionary society's buildings at Fayen, near Canton, have been burned by an anti-Christian mob. The missionaries escaped.

MINERS CRUSHED TO DEATH.

Butte, Mont., Feb. 10.—In a cave-in in the Diamond mine, one of the Amalgamated properties, Jerry J. Conroy and Richard Williams were crushed to death. An immense mass of rock, weighing over 75 tons fell upon the men burying them completely. When recovered, the bodies of both were badly mangled.

Better a small advertisement that attracteth the multitude than a large one that is seen by the few.

BELGENLAND FLOATED.

Philadelphia, Feb. 10.—The Belgen steamship Belgenland, Philadelphia, for Liverpool, which grounded in the Delaware river yesterday, was floated during the night, and passed out the Delaware breakwater at 2:40 a. m.

my stomach," says E. Demick, Somerville, Ind, "I could get nothing to help me until I tried Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. I have taken a few bottles and am entirely well." Kodol Dyspepsia Cure cures all stomach troubles. Max Wirth.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured.

With local applications, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing catarrh. Send for testimonials.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props., Toledo, O.
Sold by druggists, price 75c.
Hall's Family Pills are the best.

YALE MAY SEND CREW.

New Have, Feb. 10.—It is rumored among Yale students and graduates that Yale is considering a proposition to send an eight-oared crew to compete in the Henley races in England.

E. W. Grove This signature is on every box of the genuine Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets the remedy that cures a cold in one day.

WHEAT IS STEADY

Market Alternately Lower and Higher and Changes Little.

Weekly Statistics Bearish and Interest In Market Dull.

Flax Steady Early In Session and Then Slumps Sharply.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 10.—The wheat market was weaker this morning. There was a small advance in the price soon after the opening, but it dropped back again. The weekly statistics were bearish and the cables were weak. The world's shipments were 8,580,000 bus, against 8,286,000 bus last week, while the aggregate was 2,280,000 bus last week and 8,820,000 bus last year, while the amount on passage increased 1,824,000 bus.

The Liverpool market was a trifle stronger at opening ½d, Berlin was ¼c lower and Antwerp unchanged.

Primary receipts of wheat were 502,000 bus, last year 275,000 bus. Shipments 194,000 bus, last year 248,000 bus. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 255,000 bus. The visible supply showed a decrease of 1,383,000 bus against a decrease last week of 1,444,000 bus and a decrease last year of 1,273,000 bus.

The oats market in Chicago had a sharp decline falling 1¼@1¾c. Corn dropped off ½@¾c. Primary receipts of corn were 284,000 bus, last year 880,000 bus. Shipments 194,000 bus, last year 325,000 bus. Clearances were 209,000 bus. The visible supply decreased 52,000 bus. Last week the visible decreased 1,225,000 bus, last year it increased 1,280,000 bus. The amount on passage for the week, last week 2,658,000 bus, last year 4,827,000 bus. There was a decrease of 420,000 bus in the amount on passage.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 365 cars, and at Chicago 17, a total of 382 cars, against 389 last week and 667 last year.

Trading on the Duluth board was quiet. The movement in wheat was narrow. The market opened ⅛c off at 76c sold up to 76¼c at 12:05 and held steady closing at that price, a decline of ⅛c. Chicago was ¼c weaker and Minneapolis was a shade weaker.

Cash sales were 25,000 bus. Prices continued at 2½c under May for No. 1 northern, 5c under for No. 3, and 7c under for No. 4.

The flax market during the early part of the session was strong but dull. The opening was 1c up at $1.75 and it held steady at that price for a couple of hours and then turned very weak and lost 2c before the close. The closing price for May was $1.73, a decline of 1½c. To arrive seed declined 2c and cash 1¼c.

There was a decline of ⅞c in the price of oats and 1½c in that of rye.

Following are the closing prices:

Duluth: Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; No. 2 northern, 71c; No. 3 spring, 66c; to arrive—No. 1 hard, 76¼c; No. 1 northern, 73½c; May, 76c; July, 76¾c. Manitoba—No. 1 northern, cash, 72c; May, 74½c; No. 2 northern 68¾c. Oats, 38¾c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 49@55c. Corn, 61c. Flax—Cash, to arrive and February, $1.70; May, $1.73.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 42; last year, 33; oats, 3; barley, 2; flax, 15.

Receipts—Wheat, 94,165; flax, 7522. Shipments—Corn, 2000; flax, 15,208.

SHIP YOUR GRAIN TO

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES.

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Weekly Statistics Depressing Influence on Wheat.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Weekly statistics and relatively weak cables had a depressing influence on wheat at the opening today. Considering the strength shown in this grain late Saturday bulls were disappointed when May opened ¼@⅜c to a shade lower at 77⅝c to 77¾c. Business was dull and selling was restricted largely to liquidation. There seemed to be only a very small short interest in the market and fears were for a bearish turn. The coarse grains, buoyed up a trifle after the opening, however, kept May wheat fluctuating narrowly near the higher opening price. Local receipts were 17 cars; Minneapolis and Duluth reported 365 cars, making a total for the three points of 382 against 389 last week and 667 a year ago. The amount on passage increased 1,824,000 bus. World's shipments were liberal, though not as large as had been expected—8,580,000 bus against 8,286,000 bus last week.

The small early strength in corn helped May wheat to 78c, but everything in grains turned bearish again and May wheat reacted and closed easy ¼c down at 77⅝@¾.

Corn opened quiet and easier on the prevailing early bearish feeling. May started ⅛c to ¼c down at 61⅝c to 61½c. Cables were very steady and helped toward higher prices as the day advanced. There was some selling which was well taken and shorts covered to some extent. May sold up slowly and touched 62@62½c. Receipts were 52 cars.

May corn touched 62¾c on its early spurt, which was largely due to the tenacious holding by first hands. Elevators began to sell and shorts who had covered early took courage again. May was depressed again and closed easy ⅜@½c down at 61½@62c.

Oats had much the same early market as corn. May opened ¼c to ⅜c lower at 43c to 43¼c, following corn. The trade was dull. As corn advanced, May options picked up a little strength and made up the loss since Saturday, selling at times at 43¼c. Receipts were 108 cars.

Provisions were quiet early and opened steady with grains and a rather steady hog market. Some small demand set in shortly after the opening and prices advanced fairly well, May pork started unchanged to 2½c higher at $15.85 to $15.87½ and touched $15.96, selling back later to $15.90; May lard and May ribs both opened unchanged, the former at $9.45 and sold to $9.47½ and ribs at $8.52½ and sold to $8.55@8.57½.

Close: Wheat—February, 75c; May, 77¾@¾c; July, 77¼@⅝c; September, 77¾c. Corn—February, 58¾c; May, 61½@¾c; July, 61½@⅝c; September, 60¾@¼c. Oats—February, 41¾@⅝c; May, 42⅝@¼c; July, 36½@⅝c; September, 29¾c. Pork—January, $15.87½; May, $15.92½; July, $15.97½@16. Lard—February, $9.55; May, $9.52½; July, $9.62½. Ribs—February, $8.45; May, $8.57½; July, $8.67½; September, $8.77½. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.71½; Southwestern, $1.68; May, $1.73. Rye—February, 55c; May, 60c; July, 60c. Barley—Cash, 49@63c. Timothy—March, $3.60. Clover—March, $9.25. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 78@78c; 3 red, 80@81c; 2 hard, 75½@77½c; 3 hard winter, 74½@76c; 1 northern spring, 75½@77½c; 2 northern spring, 74½@76½c; 3 spring, 70@75c. Corn—No. 3, 55¼@⅞c. Oats—No. 2, 43¼@⅞c; 3, 42⅝@43c.

GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning shows moderate temperatures; generally higher temperatures are likely. There are light snows in Kansas, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. There were heavy rains in California Saturday and Sunday, over an inch at 'Frisco.

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Charles E. Lewis & Co.: Some of the elevator people reported the latter part of last week that there was an increase in movement of wheat at country points. This morning they all say they are very light. Some of them say if receipts do not increase this week they will commence to think there is not as much wheat in farmers' hands as they figured on.

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W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago: There are three or four steamers in all, says a flour exporter, chartered for Stockholm to be loaded on the south, taking about 1,000,000 bushels of wheat. Exporters are very quiet about it as yet, however.

GRAIN IN STORE

At Duluth, Saturday, Feb. 10, 1902:

	Bus.
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	306,688
No. 1 northern	3,102,446
No. 2 northern	3,070,608
No. 3 spring	417,931
No grade	282,332
Rejected	58,786
Special bin	3,625,580
Western	5,868
Afloat	510,748
Total	11,340,489
Increase during the week	422,369
Coarse Grains—	
Corn	198,770
Corn decrease	21,925
Oats	188,032
Oats increase	7,914
Rye	454,402
Rye increase	365
Barley	288,227
Barley, increase	12,715
Flax	1,623,712
Flax increase	104,094

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 10.—Close: May, 83½c; July, 83⅝c. Corn—May, 66½c; July, 66⅛c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 10.—Close: Wheat—Cash, 75¾@74¼c; May, 75¼@¾c; July, 75¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 75¾c; No. 1 northern, 73½@74c; No. 2 northern, 72½@73c.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—

Puts, May wheat, 74-⅛c asked to 74⅛c bid.

Calls, May wheat, 74⅝-½c.

Curb, May wheat, 74¼c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	76A	74½	77⅝-⅞	83¼-⅝
High	76¼	74½-⅝	78-⅛	83¾-⅞
Low	76	74⅜	77½-⅝	83⅜
Close	76B	74¼-⅜	77⅝-¾	83½
July—				
Open	76⅞B	75¼-⅜A	77⅞-⅞	83¼-⅜
High	77⅛	75¾-⅞	78⅛-⅜	83 ½
Low	76⅞B	75¼-⅜	77⅞	83⅛
Close	76⅞B	75½	77⅞-⅞	83⅜A

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	43@43⅛	61⅝@⅞	$15.85@15.87
High	43½	62⅛	16.05
Low	42	61⅜	15.85
Close	42⅜-½B	61½-⅝	15.92

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 10.—Wheat spot steady, No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 2d; No. 1 northern spring 6s 1½d; No. 1 California, 6s 3d. Futures, quiet; March, 6s 1¼d; May, 5s 2¾d.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. D. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—The wheat market held very steady all day within a narrow range. Trade was light and mostly all of a local professional character. The close was ¼c lower than Saturday. Foreign markets were generally quiet; Liverpool, after opening lower recovered the decline and closed ½d higher for the day. There was a fairly good cash demand for what little wheat was offering on track. The seaboard reported export demand there quiet. Minneapolis reported flour demand very dull. There was some buying by the Southwest on unfavorable crop reports from southern Kansas and Oklahoma. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, covering two days, 30 cars.

There was a fairly large tradel n corn today and the market ruled nervous within a range of ¾c per bushel and the close was quiet, ⅛c to ¼c lower than Saturday. Foreign markets were steady; Liverpool closed ½d higher for the day. Cash demand was rather quiet, although there was better inquiry from the South. Country offerings continue very light, practically nothing. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, covering two days, 110 cars.

There was only a moderate trade in oats today and the market was inclined to rule weak. Local bears were the principal sellers. The close was easy, May 1c; July, ⅞c lower than Saturday. Country offerings were light while there was a good cash demand and fairly liberal sales were reported in New England. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, covering two days, 150 cars.

Provisions opened firm in spite of enormous receipts of hogs, and the market advanced materially by concentrated buying, but later broke sharply and closed with only smal gains for the day. The market looks as if it was forced up to the loss since Saturday, selling at times at 43¼c. Receipts were 108 cars.

Provisions were quiet early and opened steady with grains and a rather steady hog market. Some small demand set in shortly after the opening and prices advanced fairly well, May pork started unchanged to 2½c higher at $15.85 to $15.87½ and touched $15.96, selling back later to the hog prices or lose control of the provision market. We have no faith in the market, and advise taking profits on all advances. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 41,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Cattle, receipts, 20,000, including 1000 Texans. Steady. Good to prime steers, $6.50@7.25; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@5.25; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.25; calves, $2.50@7.60; Texas steers, $4.25@6.00. Hogs, receipts, 53,000 tomorrow, 27,000; left over, 5204. Steady. Mixed and butchers, $6.00@6.37½; good to choice heavy, $6.00@6.45; rough heavy, $5.10@6.25; light, $5.75@6.00; bulk of sales, $6.00@6.30. Sheep, receipts, 24,000. Sheep and lambs, steady. Good to choice wethers, $4.00@5.30; fair to choice mixed, $3.30@4.50; Western sheep, $1.25@5.65; native lambs, $4.50@6.55; Western lambs, $5.25@6.40. Saturday, receipts—Cattle, 234; hogs, 40,619; sheep, 128. Shipments—Cattle, 707; hogs, 7555; sheep, 510.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul, Feb. 10.—Barrett & Zimmerman report an unusual activity in all branches of the market today. Buyers from North Dakota well attended and in good buying spirit. Farm horses arrived in large consignments and prices ruled somewhat low. Values:

Drafters, extra	$150@195
Drafters, choice	125@150
Drafters, common to good	115@125
Farm mares, extra	125@140
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders in order to secure best grades commission houses cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, fresh prints	27	
Creamery, tubs	24	@ 25
Creamery, storage, tubs	22	@ 24
Dairies, fancy	19	@ 20
Packing stock	12	@ 14

EGGS.

Fresh	24	
Storage	21	

CHEESE.

Twins, full cream, new	13	@ 12½
Twins, full cream, old	11½	@ 11
Full cream, young America	13	@ 14
Swiss cheese, No. 1	15	
Brick cheese, No. 1	12½@	13
Limburger, full cr'm, choice	13	
Primos	7	

HONEY.

New fancy white, per lb	15	@ 16
Fancy white clover in jars strained, per lb	12½@	13
Golden rod	13	@ 14
Dark amber	13	@ 14
Buckwheat, dark	13	@ 14

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12	
Ohio, per lb	11	
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10	

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 25	@ 2 40
Medium, hand picked, bus	2 00	@ 2 15
Brown beans, fancy bus	1 90	@ 2 10

NUTS.

Filberts, per lb	13	@ 14
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	13	
Cocoanuts, per doz	75	
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17	
Brazils, per lb	13	
Pecans, per lb	12	
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	7	@ 8

FRUITS.

Malaga grapes, kegs	7 50	@ 8 00
Apples, per bbl	4 25	@ 5 00
Apples, per box	1 50	@ 2 00
California prunes, per box	99	@ 1 10
Turkey figs	1 10	@ 1 40
Pineapples, per doz	1 75	@ 3 50
California lemons	2 25	@ 3 50
Bananas	1 75	@ 2 25
Messina lemons, per box	4 00	
Dates, Ford, per box	1 00	
Sugar walnut dates	1 25	
Navel oranges	3 00	@ 3 25
Cranberries	8 00	@ 8 25

VEGETABLES.

New celery, bunch	30	@ 35
Mushrooms	60	
Lettuce	1 25	@ 1 65
Hothouse onions, per dozen	75	
Dry onions, per 100 lbs	2 50	@ 2 75
Hothouse cucumbers, doz	2 25	@ 2 00
Beets, per 100	1 10	
Parrots, per 100	1 20	
Cabbage, per 100 lbs	1 50	
Potatoes, per bus	85	
Sweet potatoes, per bus	2 25	
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@ 2 25
Mint, per bunch	30	@ 35
Turnips, per 100	1 20	
Parsnips, per 100	1 75	
Hothouse radishes, per doz bunches	75	@ 85
Oyster plant, per doz	55	@ 65
Cal. tomatoes, per basket	95	
Parsley, per doz	45	
Head lettuce, per doz	99	@ 1 00

CIDER.

Common juice, ½ bbl	3 50	
Fruit juices	4 00	

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	2½@	4
Choice, per lb	3½@	4

DRESSED POULTRY

Hens	9	@ 10
Spring chickens	11	
Geese	9	@ 10
Turkeys	12	@ 12½
Ducks	10	

MEATS.

Mutton	7	
Lamb	9	
Veal, good	7½	
Veal, fancy	8	
Dressed beef	6½@	8
Hogs	7½	
Pork loins	9½	
Lard	9½	
Lard, compound	8	

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Butter, firm. Creamery, 16@22c; dairies, 16@22c. Cheese, steady. Sheddars, 9½@10½c; twins, 10@10¼c; daisies, 10¾c; Young Americas, 11@11¼c. Eggs, firm. At bark, cases included, 27c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, Feb. 10.—Butter, receipts, 8511 packages. Firm. State dairy, 15@25c; creamery, 20@28c; June creamery, 16@25c; renovated, 15@22c; factory, 14½@19c. Cheese, receipts, 384 packages. Firmer. State full cream small early made, fancy colored, 11¾@12c; state full cream small early made colored, 10¾c; large early made white, 10¾c. Eggs, receipts, 4822 packages. Firm. State and Pennsylvania, 28@29c; Western at mark, 28@28½c; Southern at mark, 28c.

GREAT SHOPS

At Springfield, O., Destroyed, Involving Heavy Loss.

Springfield, Ohio., Feb. 10.—The great East street shops, built by William Whitely, the reaper king, at a cost of $2,000,000, were destroyed by fire today. The shops were occupied by the Springfield Foundry company, Progress Stove and Furnace company, Indianapolis Frog and Rail company, Krell French Piano company, Miller Gas Engine company, Champion Medical company and Owens Machine Tool company. The fire building was bought by Senator Fairbanks, of Indiana, ten years ago, following the failure of Whitely. The loss is over $1,000,000. Water pressure was insufficient and the firemen wre handicapped from a start. A wind from the west was sweeping the fire back over the wings to the rear. At 10 o'clock the whole front of the biulding, which is five stories high, was ablaze. Half an hour later the walls began to tumble in. The heat was so intense that the firemen worked with great difficulty.

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ACTIVITY IN STOCKS

Opened Firm and Continued With Generally Higher Prices.

Southern Pacific Again the Leader, Making New Record.

The Tractions Were Neglected and Closed at a Decline.

New York, Feb. 10.—Opening prices of the principal stocks were higher than Saturday's close and the gains were striking in individual cases. There was a very large demand for the Readings, the common rising ⅝ and second preferred 1¼. St. Joe & Grand Island first preferred gained 2¾. General Electric rose 4½ and American Express 3. There were gains of a point in Illinois Central, Iowa Central preferred and Sugar. The dealings were very large and well distributed. When weakness developed in Amalgamated Copper and it sold a point under Saturday's close, the general market became unsettling and then reacted. St. Joseph & Grand Island first preferred and Consolidated Gas reacted a point and General Electric 2. Northwestern, Minneapolis & St. Louis, New York, Chicago & St. Louis and Wheeling & Lake Erie first and second preferred rose 1 to 1½ and Westinghouse Electric 2½.

A good demand developed for St. Paul and carried it up 1½. New York Central rose 1¼ and Rock Island 1½ and Amalgamated Copper recovered its decline. The market became active and strong all round.

There was a much broader inquiry for stocks, which covered free realizing in some of the leaders. American express extended its rise to 7 points. Southern Pacific was heavily bought to 68½c; Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville, Chicago Terminal pfd., Missouri Pacific, Toledo, St. Louis & Western pfd, and Kansas City Southern pfd rose between 1 and 2 points. Other stocks were taken after a long period of neglect and advanced about a point on large dealings. Lackawanna fell 3½, and Delaware & Hudson a point. Towards noon there was a rapid decline of 1½ in Metropolitan and a relapse in Amalgamated to the lowest again which had some effect on the market's tone and activity. Northern Pacific and Rock Island reacted a point. Bonds were firm.

Union Pacific was strengthened by sympathy with Southern Pacific and rose 1½ to 104. American Express rose 8½ in all. The specialties, including Sugar, Amalgamated Copper and the local transactions, were rather heavy. The United States Steel stocks were firm at fractional advances.

Early advances in special stocks were in some instances extended slightly, notably St. Paul, Southern Pacific and Readings. Large amounts of Reading common were bought, carrying it to 58⅝. In addition these were some new points of strength, Chesapeake & Ohio, Norfolk & Western and Chicago Terminal advancing a point. American Express continued buoyant and rose to 240. Wells Fargo jumped 3¼, but United States lost a point. The specialties were quiet and remained heavy; Amalgamated selling under 72. Third Avenue declined 1¼ and General Electric sold 4 points below the best.

There were general slight recessions, the declines in Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis amounting to 4¾. New York, Chicago & St. Louis second preferred 2¾, and Virginia, Carolina Chemical 1¾. The Southern Pacific was taken in hand again and bought with determination though all offerings up to 67¾, an extreme advance of 2¾. Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred also extended its gain to two points. A steadier tone was the response in the market. The closing was dull and steady.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are bid prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amalgamated Copper	71⅝	73½	71⅞
Anaconda M. Co.	34	33¾	34
Atchison	75⅞	74⅞	75⅜
do pfd	97⅝	96¾	97⅜
Baltimore & Ohio	106	104⅝	104⅞
Brooklyn Transit	67⅜	66⅝	66⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio	47¼	46⅜	46⅜
Chicago & Alton	34¾	33¼	34⅛
Col. Fuel and Iron	86¾	85⅞	86⅞
Chicago Great Western	23¾	23	23
Chicago Great Western, pfd	40⅜	39½	40⅛
do 1st pfd	70⅝	69⅝	70
do 2d pfd	57⅜	56	57½
Great Northern pfd	183½	180¼	180¾
Louisville & Nashville	106⅞	104¾	106
Leather	11½	11¼	11¾
do pfd	81½	81½	81½
Manhattan Con	134½	133¾	133¾
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	43¼	42¾	42¾
do pfd	102⅜	102⅜	102⅜
Missouri Pacific	104½	103½	104
New York Central	166	164½	165
Norfolk & Western	58	57⅝	57⅞
Ontario & Western	34½	34	34½
Pennsylvania Ry.	150⅞	150⅛	150½
Pacific Mail	45⅞	45⅞	45⅞
People's Gas	100	100⅜	100⅜
Republic Iron & Steel	16½	16½	16⅜
do pfd	69½	68⅞	69⅛
Reading	58⅞	57⅝	58⅛
do first pfd	83⅝	83	83¼
do second pfd	65⅝	64⅞	65⅝
Rock Island	166	164	165¾
Southern Railway	33⅜	33	33½
do pfd	95⅞	94⅞	94⅞
Southern Pacific	67½	65	67⅜
Smelter	47⅛	47	47⅛
do pfd	97¾	97¼	97¼
Sugar Refinery	129½	125⅝	126⅜
St. Paul	167⅞	166¼	167⅜
T. C. & I.	64⅝	64	64½
Texas Pacific	39	39	39
Union Pacific	104	102¾	103⅝
do pfd	89⅞	89¼	89⅞
U. S. Steel	44¼	43⅝	44
do pfd	94¼	93⅝	94
Wabash	23⅝	23½	23½
do pfd	44⅛	43¼	43¾
Western Union	91⅞	91	91¼
Wisconsin Central	20¼	20	20¼

The total sales were 726,800 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.: While the bank statement dampened the ardor of light bulls, the conservative views that, as was the case a week ago, those who sell stocks on it will lose money. The loan increase of $29,000,000 is, of course, the point on which criticism is most severe. This change makes the loan item increase for two weeks in the enormous sum of $50,000,000 round figures. But the argument is made that, co-incidentally, speculation has been dull and that these heavily increased borrowings must relate to some big deal or deals, the development of which is more likely to bring an advancing than a declining market.

Such is the opinion of astute observers. Apropos of this it is interesting to note the fact that a score of brokers, heads of representative houses, who are asking whether they were carrying many shares Saturday night, eighteen replied that their lines were the smallest in months. That confirms the theory that big men and the trust companies have the bulk of the stocks. Morgan, Keene, Rockefeller, Vanderbilt, Harriman, Gould, Whitney, Borwind and Havemeyer have the bulk of the stock referred to. They have millions of dollars back of them, while before them are plans of great magnitude, to the furtherance of which a strong market is necessary. This phase of the speculative situation is one on which large operators are laying great stress as against the bearish factors of high prices, short crops and coarse grain, gold exports and the constant outpour of new securities.

Furthermore, they contend that with bank clearings outside of New York 10 to 25 per cent larger and railroads earnings 5 per cent larger than a year ago, the interests which are carrying the stocks are in a strong position, all the stronger because they have made the loans here and in Europe six to twelve months ahead with which to carry their burden of Northern Securities and other stocks at present unsalable, but for which a market must be made. Higher rates for money may reduce gold exports and also cause a recession in values on which good market judges believe stocks should be bought, preferably Reading, Southern Pacific, Union Pacific, Louisville & Nashville, Brooklyn Rapid Transit and among the high price stocks, Pennsylvania and St. Paul. Friends of Mr. Keene quote him as very bullish on the Anthracite coalers, which gives the impression that this operator is diverting his energies for the time being from Southern Pacific to the Readings; for nowadays when the word anthracite is mentioned the Readings are the stocks meant. Others of this group, Lackawanna, near to 300; Jersey Central, near to 300, are too high for the speculator. For Reading common it is claimed that Morgan has plans which will lift it above par before 1903. As to Brooklyn Rapid Transit there is talk of a speculation in it in connection with the Metropolitan Traction deal.

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Town Topics—We look for a lower opening and some selling in the early trading with a recovery later in the day and considerable higher prices. Big interests are bullish on the market and while prices may go lower, good stocks are a purchase on all declines. We advise taking on some Southern Pacific, Southern Railway preferred, Brooklyn Rapid Transit, United States Steel preferred and Metropolitan. The tranction deal will prove a bull card and other plans of importance will soon come out.

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Ridgely to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Up to the present it has been the policy of Southern Pacific to pay out the earnings of the road for permanent improvements instead of issuing bonds therefor. These improvements are now very nearly complete and the surplus earnings will then go to the shareholders. For the fiscal year ending June 30 last, Southern Pacific earned over 6 per cent above all charges. So far as it is possible to estimate from recent statements net earnings for the year ending June 30 next will be well over 7 per cent. It is also pretty certain that a big bunch of high rate bonds will be refunded in May, saving nearly 1 per cent on the stocks. The public will confuse last summer's corn crop failures with the south of 1898 but conditions are different. In that year Burlington net earnings dropped off 14 per cent and Rock Island 22 per cent. In the present case these two principal trunk line roads have actually increased their receipts over the average for previous years. The drouth of 1901 came upon a community well able to stand it and though a serious blow was more than offset by the expansion in other lines of business. I advise purchases on weak spots of the general list, including St. Paul, Southern Pacific, Atchison, Erie, Union Pacific, Illinois Central, Copper, Coalers and Steels. Brooklyn Rapid Transit is going higher. The trend appears to me to be upward and you can safely play the bull side until we get two or three days of rapidly advancing prices and big volume.

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Strong-Sturgis: The volume of business is light, but the tone is good. Excellent buying of Readings and of Northwestern and NewYork Central also think Metropolitan a purchase as well as Rhode Island. The buying of Reading is very lively for some time past, and people like Mr. Morgan or some other large man who is interested in the company and wishes the stock to put away. The very good tone of the financial news in this morning's newspapers added somewhat to the strength of the market and the opening. In talking with a number of men around the room we found there is very little confirmation house buying, and while the market is likely to sag off still it has a very good undertone. Buying of Sugar comes from Washington.

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S. B. Dickinson & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: I suggested on Friday that it would be a good idea to buy stocks. The bank statement must not be taken too seriously, the decrease of $8,750,000 in the surplus in reserve may be all recovered next week and the showing made Saturday reflects but little of the true statement of the New York money market, which is better than generally expected. A bull market of any dimensions is usually characterized in this connection by large increase in bank loans, which shows for the week, has been very much in evidence for the past few weeks. If the market is strong on Monday in railway list, I would advice against any commitments, although there is no doubt that prices will be much higher all around in ten days' time, buy both Southern Pacific and Union Pacific upon all dips, and also St. Paul, in sixty days from now you won't know them around these prices.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 10.—No speculation going on in local coppers. Lawson and Barron are continuing their exchange of courtesies in announcements. Lawson brokers are supporters of Tri-Mountain and Paine brokers of Baltic and Copper Range. These non-dividend stocks look high to us, still we firmly appreciate the power of the insiders to lift them up in the absence of selling power. Continental seems to be ready for another of its periodical announcements. It looks cheap to us and we still feel that Mohawk is one of the best non-dividend purchases.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21½	22½
Allouez	1½	2¾
Anaconda	33½	34
Arcadian	4¾	5¼
Amalgamated	71⅞	72
Arnold	50c	1.00
Ashbed	.....	20
Atlantic	27½	29
Baltic	38½	39
Bingham	22¼	24
Calumet	1¾	2
Phoenix	4	4¼
Calumet & Hecla	620	630
Centennial	12	12½
Copper Range	58	.....
Cochita	50c	60c
Dominion Coal	72⅛	72½
Elm River	2¾	2½
Franklin	14	15
Isle Royale	22¼	23
Mass	18	18½
Michigan	11	11¼
Mohawk	34	34½
Mayflower	2¼	2¾
Old Dominion	22	23
Osceola	82½	83
Parrott	31	32
Quincy	140	146
Rhode Island	2½	3
Santa Fe	3½	3¾
Tamarack	.....	255
Tecumseh	.....	2
Trimountain	73½	74½
Utah	24	24¾
United States	17⅞	17½
Victoria	5¾	6¼
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	50¾	52
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1¼	1½

TREASURY BALANCES.

Washington, Feb. 10.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 reserve in the division of redemption, shows: Available cash balance, $179,161,622; gold, $87,831,523; silver, $21,400,459; United States notes, $12,401,477; treasury notes of 1890, $159,412; national bank notes, $12,403,516; total receipts this day, $2,148,329; total receipts this month, $14,017,819; total receipts this year, $845,359,546; total expenditures this day, $2,050,000; total expenditures this month, $13,075,000; total expenditures this year, $256,718,174; deposits in national banks, $116,803,883.

TH COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 10.—The cotton market opened steady with prices 3 points low to 2 points higher, and for a time was irregular and nervous. Later in the morning the market eased off 4 to 5 points under brisk selling for profits and a lull in outside support.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 8 9-16c; middling gulf, 8 13-16c; sales, 340 bales. Cotton futures closed steady. February, 8.27; March, 8.32; April, 8.33; May, 8.32; June, 8.32; July, 8.32; August, 8.17; September, 7.86; October, 7.76.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 10.—Close, money on call steady at 2¼ to 3 per cent; closing bid and asked 2½@2¾ per cent; phime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅛ for demand and $4.84½ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84⅛. Bar silver, 64⅞c. Mexican dollars, 48¾c. Government bonds steady; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds irregular.

GRANDEUR

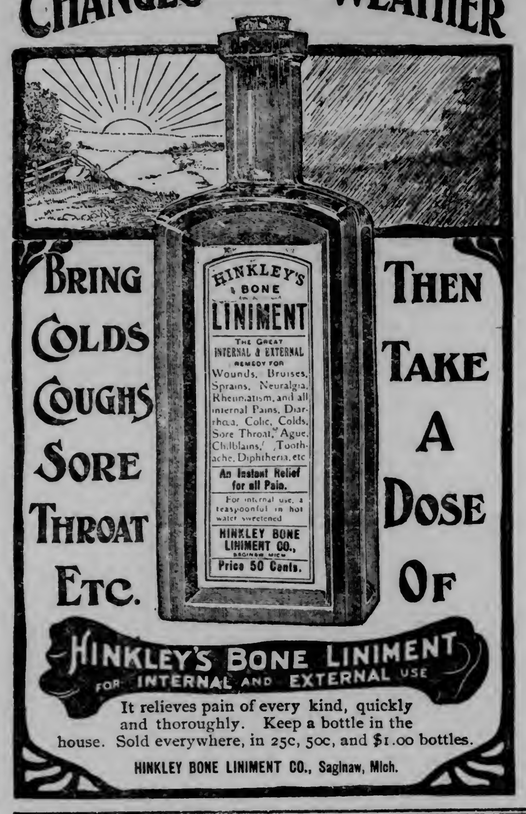
Of the Canyon of the San Joaquin River.

The Picturesque Wonders of the Mammoth Pool.

Kern and Kings River canyons, the Merced, containing Yosemite valley, the Tuolumne with its beautiful Hetch Hetchy valley, second only to the Yosemite, habe all been bisited and more or less well written up, but of the unper San Joaquin Riber canyon, lying in the center of the four above mentioned, little if anything has appeared in print, hence my writing of a trip in that section of the Sierras I feel I am writing of a comparatively little known district, says a writer in the San Francisco Call.

Starting from Fresna in May, by team, Bell's ranch, thirty-five miles northeasterly and quite a distance up in the Sierras, was re

CHANGES IN THE WEATHER



BRING COLDS COUGHS SORE THROAT ETC.

THEN TAKE A DOSE OF

HINKLEY'S BONE LINIMENT FOR INTERNAL AND EXTERNAL USE

It relieves pain of every kind, quickly and thoroughly. Keep a bottle in the house. Sold everywhere, in 25c, 50c, and $1.00 bottles.

HINKLEY BONE LINIMENT CO., Saginaw, Mich.

STEAMER ON ROCKS

The Allan Liner Grecian Goes Ashore Near Halifax.

A Thick Snow Squall Was Cause of the Accident.

Passenger Taken Off and Cargo Is Being Lightered.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 10.—The Allan line steamer Grecian, Capt. Harrison, from Liverpool, via St. Johns, N. F., ran upon rocks on the western shore five miles from this city at 2 o'clock yesterday morning and now has water in fore and after holds, with the engine room free. Her position, however, is a very bad one. She had on board one passenger, John Blair, of St. Johns, who has been landed, and 300 tons of cargo, part of which has been taken out. The Grecian left Liverpool on Jan. 25, and after a stormy passage reached St. James on Thursday evening, and fine weather was experienced all the way. Off Chebucto Head, at 2:30 o'clock this morning, Pilot William Fleming boarded her. The weather was then clear and the harbor lights were visible. The steamer proceeded at ordinary speed until a thick snow squall set in. A little later the engines were stopped and soundings taken. The water was very deep and the steamer was started ahead again until the lookout shouted "Land head!" The engines were then reversed and the steamer sent full speed astern. After going about 90 yards the Grecian crashed against a rock known as the "Holy Stone," a hole being torn in the stern. She rebounded forward and went on other rocks which ripped up several bottom plates where she held fast. There is no wind and the sea is calm. The steamer was taking in water so fast that the boats were quickly swung from the davits. Signals of distress sent up were answered by the life saving crews at Devil's island and Herring cove, the latter crew arriving first and taking off Mr. Blair. The life saving crews are alongside of the steamer in readiness to take off the captain and crew in case that occasion arises.

The weather cleared soon after the Grecian struck and it was found that shore was not over thirty yards distant, but that the shore is one of the most dangerous spots along the western shore, a great cliff of rock overhanging the beach. On top of the cliff, but inland somewhat the military authorities are constructing an immense fort to be known as "Splon Kop." It was fortunate that the weather was calm at the time the Grecian struck as when there is a sea running great breakers roll in over the rocks.

The steamer lies broadside to the beach with a list to port. There is seventeen feet of water in the fore hold and eighteen feet in the after hold. The engine room, which is protected by water tight compartments, is still dry and steam is kept up. Lighters and tugs were sent from this city with divers and wrecking gear during the day and by 6 o'clock over 100 tons of the cargo had been lightered. Ten powerful pumps from the dry dock have been sent down and they are now being placed in position.

A kiss of Satin-Skin Powder removes that "shiny look;" replaces unsightliness with beauty. 25c. Leading stores.

PLAN FAILED.

Gen. De Wet Eacaped From Net Spread By Kitchener.

London, Feb. 10.—From Wolvehoek, Lord Kitchener telegraphs a long description of a combined movement of numerous British columns with the object of securing Gen. De Wet. Lord Kitchener says the advance was made on the night of Feb. 4, the whole force moving from various directions and forming a continuous line of mounted men on the west bank of the Liebenbergsvlei, from Frankfort as far south as Fanny's Home, and thence to Klipfirkof.

The line then advanced to the west, and the following night the British entrenched with their outposts fifty yards apart. They held the line from Holland to Doornkloof, while the columns were also working in advance of the block house lines to prevent De Wet's crossing. The advance was continued Feb. 6, and De Wet was within the enclosure, but, realizing his position, he ordered his men to disperse and seek safety during the night. De Wet himself, with some men and a number of cattle, made for the Koomstedt Linden block house line, and at 1 o'clock in the morning, when it was very dark, by rushing his cattle at the fence, broke his way through the line, mixed up with the cattle, losing three men killed. Many attempts were made to break through the line on the night of Feb. 7, the line of outposts being attacked at various places throughout the night. But few escaped, and ten dead Boers were picked up in the morning near Heilbron.

"I did not get exact details of the Boer casualties," continued Lord Kitchener, "but as far as I have ascertained they consist of 283 killed, wounded and prisoners as well as about 70 tired horses and many cattle. Our casualties were only ten."

Lord Kitchener's great plan, which he has been elaborating for months past, failed by the escape of De Wet, but was successful in the greatest single capture of Boers since Lord Kitchener arrived in South Africa. Altogether, twenty-three columns were employed in an immense irregular parallelogram formed by the lines of block houses and the railroads between Wolvehof Frankfort, Lindley and Kroonstadt. It is estimated that De Wet's forces amounted, roughly speaking, to 2000 mon.

For cuts, burns and bruises DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve is unequalled. Draws out the fire, stops the pain, soon heals the wound. Beware of dangerous counterfeits. Sure cure for piles. Max Wirth.

DEATH IN FLAMES

Early Morning Fire Causes Loss of Eleven Lives.

A Lodging House In St. Louis Completely Destroyed.

Nearly Every Occupant Was More or Less Injured.

St. Louis, Feb. 10.—An early morning fire, which destroyed the Empire hotel, a large three-story lodging house at 2700 and 2702 Olive street, occupied by men exclusively, caused the death of eleven persons, ten men and one woman, and dangerously injured eight others. Ten or more who had narrow escapes from death in the fire were more or less injured by being frostbitten. It is estimated that there were between thirty-five and forty persons in the building last night, and it is believed all have been accounted for. The financial loss is nominal. It is thought that $20,000 will cover the damage to building and contents, which was totally destroyed.

The dead:

MORRIS XALL, senior member of the firm of Xall, Clark & Cowen, manufacturers of fine cut glass, formerly of Chicago, burned to a crisp.

TOBE DAVIS, man about town, suffocated.

JOHN C. LUEDERS, father of Deputy City Marshal Leuders, skull fractured in jumping from third story window.

GEORGE THOMPSON, switchman, terminal yards, burned to a crisp.

SARAH HARRIS, colored chambermaid, burned.

B. F. WOODLEY, employe Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., burned.

J. A. MCMULLEN, carpenter, burned.

S. T. TOOREY, telegraph operator, Merchants' Terminal association.

VANCE MARLIN, civil engineer, Indianapolis, burned.

A. J. ALLEN, Sedalia, Mo., stone mason, burned.

UNKNOWN MAN, who died at City hospital from burns.

The injured: Harry Cline, medical student, of Marion, Ill., hands badly burned and ankle sprained; Walter Johnson, employe Hamilton Brown Shoe Co., hands burned, both legs broken and injured internally; Henry Robinson, colored, night porter, badly burned; George Lane, medical student, of Rich Hill, Mo., ankle sprained in jumping from second story window; — Sturgeon, dental student, back sprained in jumping from second story window; Harry Thompson, medical student, Nashville, Ill., ankle sprained in jumping from second story window; J. J. Lally, manager Empire hotel, back sprained while escaping from building; Con Ryan, burned about face. About ten or twelve others less seriously injured, being bruised, burned or suffering from exposure.

The fire started about 3:30 a. m., when but few persons were abroad and gained considerable headway before it was discovered and the alarm given. There was considerable delay in turning the alarm in, and when the engines finally reached the scene the whole front of the building was in flames and the interior was a seething furnace. By that time all who escaped death had gotten out of the building by jumping from the windows or climbing down ropes made of bed clothes. A few escaped from the ground floor through the front door. Some of the escapes were very narrow.

Almost everybody who got out suffered some injury or was frost-bitten. The guests barely had time to get out when aroused, the flames had spread so rapidly. Some saved their clothing, which they carried in their hands, but others were not so fortunate, losing everything.

After some delay nearby houses were opened to the unfortunates, and they were given shelter. It was one of the coldest nights of the winter, the ground being covered with ice and snow. Harry Cline, Walter Johnson, Henry Robinson and an unknown man, who died later, were taken to the City hospital. Robinson recovered enough to be taken home. The others named will be laid up for some time.

After a short fight the firemen got the flames under control and, assisted by the police, made a search of the ruins. The first body found was that of John C. Lueders, who was killed by jumping from the third story. His head was crushed in. The body of Lueders and those of the others found later were taken to the morgue, where friends and relatives later identified them. Sarah Harris was found on the first floor. Her body had been burned. The remains of the other victims were found in their rooms, where they were suffocated or burned.

Horses! Horses!

Just arrived at Barrett & Zimmerman's barn, Duluth, 100 head of heavy Minnesota horses, weight from 1500 to 1800 pounds, with harness. Part time given, if desired. Don't fail to look this stock over and get prices.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents. Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

THEY START.

Forty-Two Teams Began the Six Days' Race.

New York, Feb. 10—Forty-two teams, made up of men of almost every nationality, started in the six-days' go-as-you-please team race in Madison Square garden at five minutes after 12 o'clock this morning. The rules that governed the recent six-day bicycle race are in force in this race.

No man is allowed to remain on the track more than twelve out of twenty-four hours. The winners of places will receive $5000 which is to be awarded in prizes. Among the new men are Jay Eaton, the cyclist; Andy Cuneo, the Italian prize fighter; Jack Kerns, also a pugilist; the Hurst brothers, crack sprinters and middle-distance men; John Lawson, the cyclist, now a boxing instructor. The race will be a continuous one of 102 hours. The finish will be at 10:05 p. m. the night of Feb. 15. The prizes will go as follows:

First, $1500; second, $1000; third, $750; fourth, $500; fifth, $350; sixth, $250; seventh, $200; eighth, $175; ninth, $150; and tenth, $125.

The men started over the tape in a slow run and seemed to saunter around the track. Metkus, of the Pennsylvania team, was first across and led for a time. He was followed by the Cuban, Guerrero, who was trailed in turn by Barns, of Pittsburg; Cavanaugh, the Irishman, and Lenhurt, of the English team. There were about 7000 people in the garden when the start was made.

"NOT GUILTY."

West Acquitted of March's Murder at Grand Forks.

Grand Forks, N. D., Feb. 10.—The jury in the West murder case came in at 12:05 yesterday morning with a verdict of "not guilty."

Shortly before that time the jury guards were instructed to send for Judge Fisk. The judge was waiting near by and quickly ascended the bench. He ordered the jury to bring in their report, which they did.

The court room was crowded to suffocation in spite of the midnight hour. Hundreds had walked about the corridors of the court house, or in nearby business places. When the rumor flew about the streets that the jury had agreed there was a general stampede for the court room, which was quickly filled.

There was a pathetic scene when the verdict was made known. The brother and sister of the acquitted man were present, the latter throwing her arms about her brother's neck, and weeping joyfully.

The prisoner was calm and collected at all times. His face wore an expression of extreme anxiety when he entered the room, but quickly assumed a natural expression, one that he has worn throughout the long ordeal of the trial.

When the verdict of acquittal reached his ears his head dropped slightly, his eyes closed for a moment, and then he immediately regained his composure. His eyes, however, glistened as his sister embraced him, and, violently weeping, drew him to her.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Jennie and Elsie Berlinger, aged 8 and 6 years respectively, children of Dr. R. Berlinger, were suffocated and died while a fire was in progress at their father's residence in New York, Sunday.

An offical estimate of the damage by the fire which destroyed the plant of the Shadeholt manufacturing company, in Brooklyn, fixes the loss at $300,000. Fourteen people were injured and taken to the hospital and a number of others were attended to by ambulances on the spot.

Fire here early Sunday destroyed nearly all of the business section of Elberton, Ga., doing damage which is estimated at $100,000. The city has no fire protection, and the bucket brigades formed by citizens were of no avail in a tempest and 20 degrees below.

The sacrament of the Lord's supper was administered in the Jewish synagogue at Springfield, Ohio, Sunday, this being the first time the Christian ceremony has taken place in a Hebrew house of worship. The sacrament was administered by the Rev. Small, of the Congregational church, which was recently burned. Chevesedukeh congregation offered the use of the synagogue until a new church is built.

William H. K. Redmond, member of parliment for East Clare, and Joseph Devlin, of Belfast, the Irish Nationalists, arrived from Queenstown on the White Star liner Cymric. They will make a tour of the United States to aid in organizing the United League in America.

FOREST RESERVES

Thirty-Seven Have Area of Seventy Thousand Square Miles.

The Timber Conditions of the Pine Regions of Minnesota.

H. B. Ayres Estimates Total Pine Left at Sixteen Billion Feet.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, Feb. 10.—(Special to The Herald.)—The part of the twenty-first annual report of the United States geological survey dealing with forest reserves, edited by Henry Gannett, geographer, is now passing through the press, though not yet published. The areas of all the reserves amount to 70,467 square miles, and these (thirty-seven in number) lie in Washington, Oregon, California, Montana, Wyoming, Utah, Colorado, New Mexico and Arizona, three of them lying also partly in Idaho and South Dakota.

The reserves treated of in this report are the Lewis and Clarke forest reserve, 4572 square miles, of Montana; the Mount Rainier forest reserve, 1655 square miles, and the Olympia forest reserve, 3006 square miles, of Washington; the Ashland forest reserve, 290 square miles, and the southern part of the Cascade range forest reserve, of Oregon; the Lake Tahoe, 213 square miles, and the Stanislaus, 1080 square miles, forest reserves of California. There are included also a classification according to timber or lands in the Yosemite, the Sonora and other quadrangles; a detailed description by township and range of the woodlands of Indian territory, and a discussion of timber conditions of the pine region of Minnesota. These reports are of interest to the botanist as well as to the general public.

Lying south and west of the Blackfoot Indian reservation, east of Flathead lake and of the Flathead Indian reservation, in Montana, the Lewis and Clark forest reserve, of 4572 square miles or 2,926,000 acres, as described by H. B. Ayres, occupies the whole breadth of the Rocky mountains, except the northwestern slope of Mission ridge, the summit of which forms the greater part of the western boundary of the reserve.

The entire reserve is mountainous, having sharp north and south ranges and narrow valleys. The principal peaks are over 9000 feet, and the main valleys over 3000 feet in altitude. The reserve is drained by affluents of the Missouri river on the east, of the Flathead on the north, and of the Blackfoot on the south. Limestone, said to be of good quality for building stone, is the characteristic rock; igneous rocks bearing traces of copper occur; cretaceous rocks form the eastern foothills; tertiary coal-bearing rocks are found in the lower portions of the valley of the south fork of Flathead river, which produce lignite coal; quartz is nowhere abundant. There is no mining within the limits of the reserve, and very few mineral discoveries have been made. Usually the soil is shallow, and above 6000 feet the surface is washed bare of soil. Except about ninety square miles along Birch creek in the northeastern corner, there is no strictly agricultural land in the reserve, and the scattered areas of grass land amount in all to only about 300 square miles.

In general the area is lightly timbered, less than 1000 feet per acre for the whole reserve; about 2000 feet per acre of merchantable timbered forest. Much land lies far above timber line; much land has been burned over, and restocking, in various stages, is going on. The stand of timber is estimated by Mr. Ayres at 2,664,360,000 feet B. M. of merchantable quality, and 11,569,000 cords of firewood. He estimates also that 1,178,000 cords of fire-killed timber is still standing, and that 1420 square miles, about one-third of the reserve, has been recently and severely burned. The forest is, in the main, open, with little underbrush, but much fallen timber. Nearly one-half of the timber is larch, one-fourth red fir and one-fourth yellow pine, spruce, lodgepole pine and western white pine. Severe burns are commonly followed by a growth of lodgepole pine. During the summer of 1899 three small lumber mills were operating within the reserve. Mr. Ayres empnasized the need for proper management and cutting of the forest. He also notes the abundance of tront in the streams and the presence of large game in the center of the reserve. Thirty-one plates illustrate the various aspects of the reserve.

H. B. Ayres contributes also the discussion of the "Timber Conditions of the Pine Region of Minnesota." These pine lands, as shown by the earlier surveys, extended to the state line on the north and east; southward they merged into the hardwood "park region" along the southern lines of Pine and Kanabeo counties; thence westward the irregular border passed near Milaca, Little Falls and Wadena to Frazer City, and northward to the western extremities of Red lake and Lake of the Woods. The total areas of the pine forest are given by Mr. Ayres as having been 32,192 square miles, of which 12,654 square miles have been cut over. Of the twelve trees used for timber, only three, white pine, Norway pine and burr oak, have been of commercial importance. White pine, by reason of climate and fires, has often been able to establish itself on the best of the land in successful competition with other species, variety being one prominent feature of the Minnesota pine forest. Mr. Ayres found both county records and the reports of lumbermen and pine land owners unsatisfactory and even misleading, but, from data collected in part by correspondence, in part by personal visits, and supplemented by his won knowledge of the region, he estimates the approximate amount of forest material left in the pine region at 16,008,000,000 feet B. M. of white and Norway pine, as compared with over 20,666,000,000 feet B. M. of the same timber estimated by the Minnesota chief fire warden in the year 1896. He suggests that the township assessors might collect such data, and then the estimates could be revised with each assessment.

Mr. Ayres thinks that for hundreds of years fires have been a prominent factor in the history of these old woods, and that especially the agents of the Hudson Bay company and of the American Fur company have been responsible for immense loss. As to recent loss, he refers particularly to the great fires of 1840, 1860, 1878 and 1894 as very destructive. Most of the old burns are restored with aspen and birch instead of pine. In fourteen townships there has been a known loss of 836,000,000 feet, worth on the stump $3,344,000, or an average of some $240,000 to each township. The known areas burned over, killing the timber before cutting, amount to about 4760 square miles—a fraction of the whole burned area. Fire-swept land yields nothing; fairly stocked land yields about 10,000 feet per acre; about 100 years are required to produce a crop of 10,000 feet per acre; such is the loss from fire.

A well-constructed map shows in great detail the timber supply of the pine forest area of Minnesota.

Sore Throat



Omega Oil No mother ought ever to go to bed without Omega Oil in the house. Night is the time when a Sore Throat becomes worse. No one seems to know why this should be, but it is a fact that you well know. As soon as a child complains of Sore Throat, rub the throat and chest with Omega Oil, and you ought to put some of the Oil on a piece of flannel, and bind it on the throat over night. This may be the means of saving the child's life. 778

MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS They overcome Weakness, irregularity and omissions, increase vigor and banish "pains of menstruation." They are "LIFE SAVERS" to girls at womanhood, aiding development of organs and body. No known remedy for women equals them. Cannot do harm—life becomes a pleasure. $1.00 PER BOX BY MAIL. Sold by druggists. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., Cleveland, Ohio.

For sale by Max Wirth.

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation. It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. CUPIDENE cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. CUPIDENE strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with Prostatitis. CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address DAVOL MEDICINE CO., P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

A MYSTERY.

San Francisco Girl Found Dead and Evidently Murdered.

San Francisco, Feb. 10.—A mysterious murder resembling in some of its features the noted Durant case, is now puzzling the police department of this city. The body of Nora Fuller, a 16-year-old girl, who disappeared from her home Jan. 11, was found lying naked on a bed in the upstairs back room of an unfurnished house at 2211 Sutter street, Saturday afternoon. The girl had been dead some time as decomposition had begun.

There was nothing in the house to indicate the means used to take her life, but the posture of the body and its condition, together with the disorder of the room, indicate that the girl was murdered. An autopsy disclosed that death was not due to natural causes. All of the organs of the body are in a normal condition. The general theory is that the girl was either strangled or poisoned. On both sides of the neck are discolorations which may have been made by finger tips. The city chemist is examining the stomach for evidence of poison.

Nora Fuller left home Jan. 11 and met a man, known as John Bennett, in response to an advertisement for a girl to take care of a baby. She met the man at a restaurant and thereafter all knowledge of her was lost. On Jan. 8, the house in which the body of the girl was found was rented by a man giving the name of C. B. Hawkins. The general description of Bennett and Hawkins tally and it is thought that the two names were aliases of the same man. Both Bennett and Hawking are each said to have been 35 or 40 years old, about 6 feet in height and weighing about 175 pounds. Each wore a brownish red mustache. Bennett wore clerical clothes and claimed to have studied for the ministry. The police are working on the theory that they were the same man.

A possible motive for the murder is found in the suggestion that the murderer either quarreled with the girl, or found his relations with her were about to become public.

Constipation and health never go together. DeWitt's Little Early Risers promote easy action of the bowels without griping or distefs. Are safe, sure, gentle, thorough. Purely vegetable. Max Wirth.

WHY? IS ELECTRIC LIGHT BEST

Because it is healthy, clean, pure and brilliant.

HEALTHY— It has no odor. Prof. Thompson states that one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN— It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE— As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP— By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light & Power Co. OFFICES— 215 West Sup. St.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

Mention this paper.

The beverage made from Figprune Cereal is smooth, palatable and nutritious. Because of the large percentage of natural saccharine matter in figs and prunes, Figprune requires less sugar than any other cereal coffee. All Grocers Sell It.

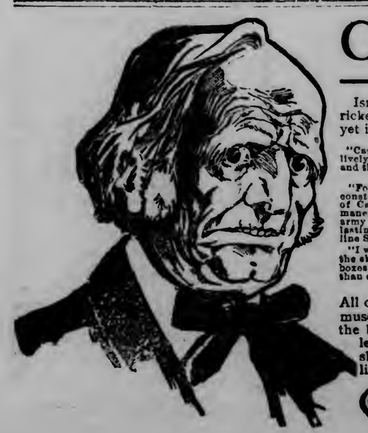
Duluth Brass Works, Manufacturers.

Brass and bronze castings and babbite. Special attention paid to railroad, mill and steamship castings. Also furnish tin, spelter, antimony and lead. We manufacture hot water heaters for wood or coal. We have also a general machine shop, can do repair work or manufacture in iron or brass. Special attention paid to experimental work. Office and works corner Oneota and Ramsey streets, West Duluth.

EVERY WOMAN Sometimes needs a reliable monthly regulating medicine. DR. PEAL'S PENNYROYAL PILLS, Are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. $1.00 per box. MAX WIRTH, Druggist, Duluth

MEN NERVE BEANS quickly cure Nervousness, all results of abuse, failing manhood, drains, losses. Married men and men intending to marry should take a box; astonishing results; small weak parts and lost power restored. $1.00 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 385 West Superior st., Duluth

Constipated Old Age



Isn't it too bad that so many people, when they get old, get cranky and rickety and mean, and don't feel right toward themselves or anybody else; yet it need not be so.

"Cascarets make me feel so light-hearted and lively, that though I have seen three score and three, a few more scores I yet may see."—James S. Millar, Villa Park, Cal.

"For many years I have been troubled with constipation. I used one 25c and two 50c boxes of Cascarets and they have effected a permanent cure. Since my discharge from the army in 1865, I have never before found a lasting remedy."—H. J. McGwern, 90 Chapline Street, Wheeling, W. Va.

"I was troubled with something that baffled the skill of physicians for 30 years; I used five boxes of Cascarets and am in better health than ever before."—C. C. Redick, Chase City, Va.

"Six month's ago I took Cascarets for constipation contracted during the War of the Rebellion. The result is wonderful and I advise all old soldiers to try them."—Jas. Putman, late Capt. 33rd Ill., Haney, Wis.

"I was feeling bad, losing flesh, had dull headache, cold feet, and couldn't sleep well. I took Cascarets, and in four weeks gained 15 pounds. Am feeling fine now."—A. B. Story, Veteran Mexican and Civil Wars, Epworth, Ia.

"I have been using Cascarets for some time for constipation, and their greatest benefit has been to cure me of asthma. I am in my 66th year and had been suffering with asthma for years."—T. M. White, Bob Lee, Georgia.

All old people's muscles get weak and flabby, and it's the same with the muscular walls of their intestines as with the muscles of their arms. When the bowels grow weak, the old folks get constipated, bilious, sick, helpless, irritable, and that's the chief cause of their death. Old folks should take Cascarets Candy Cathartic bowel tonic, keep their liver lively, their bowels regular and strong, and live to be a hundred.

Cascarets Best for the Bowels. All druggists, 10c, 25c, 50c. Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N. Y. 441

Yes, a chance busy day May Come Without Advertising, But... permanent prosperity Comes as the Result of Persistent Publicity....

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ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

SNAP

On East First street, near Eighth avenue east.
Two houses, thoroughly modern; with one lot, $5000; with two lots, $7000.

$2750 Two houses on lot with double frontage. Central.

$1600 House and lot on East Third street; $100 cash, balance monthly.

For sale exclusively by
W. M. PRINDLE & CO.,
First Floor, Lonsdale Building.

PUPILS OF A DOG

Howland Club of Chicago Takes Lessons From Bozzie II.

Think Secret In Educating Children May Be Revealed.

The Animal Quickly Solves Problems in Mental Arithmetic.

Chicago, Feb. 10.—Principals and assistant superintendents of the Chicago public schools tried to learn at the regular dinner of the Howland club if the remarkable performances of Bozzie II. the mind reading dog could be duplicated in children. They questioned George B. Clason, owner of Bozzie, as to the methods used in the dog's education. Principal J. H. Brayton of the Raymond school has made a study of the dog, and vouched for the statement that there was no trick about the performance.

He is responsible for bringing the dog and its master before the club, and in introducing the performance said he had no doubt of the value to teachers of a study of Bozzie's education. Government, he said, was one of the most important factors that entered into the making of a successful teacher. If teachers could secure from children such perfect attention as the dog gave to its master's words he believed they might develop some of the phenomena to be seen in the dog's performance.

Bozzie's specialty is arithmetic. At that the dog could beat any of the high school principals present. Mr. Clason began the performances by calling a class in mental arithmetic, giving Bozzie a place at the foot.

"Multiply four by five, take away two, divide by three, add two, divide by four," said Mr. Clason all in one breath.

Before any one in the room was really sure that the answer was two, and the moment Mr. Clason finished, Bozzie gave two short sharp barks. The class was broken up, as no one wanted to give the dog a further opportunity to show its superiority in arithmetic.

To prove that there was no trick about the performance Mr. Clason left the room, accompanied by Principal James E. Armstrong of the Englewood high school. Bozzie remained in the center of a circle of interested observers. Assistant Superintendent A. G. Lane was chosen to select a number, and he named "eight." Mr. Clason returned and told Mr. Lane to ask Bozzie for the number. The dog barked eight times.

Mr. Clason is certain this is mental telepathy and that the dog knows what people in the room are thinking. We went out of the room and allowed the principles to put the dog through some of its tricks. The absence of the master apparently worried Bozzie, but when the animal's attention could be gained it answered questions correctly.

Mr. Clason explained that the dog performed best when hungry. He said it had been fed nothing since the night before. E. O. Vail, of Oak Park thought this would be of little value as an educational theory.

"You couldn't have secured our attention," he said, "if we had had nothing to eat."

"Yes," answered Mr. Clason, "but man is only an order of animal, and possibly not the highest."

Mr. Clason then related how he had discovered the mind reading power in another dog the day before. He purchased a half sister of Bozzie II from a woman who lives at Riverside, he said. He found the dog at his house when he went home on Friday night. He commenced to talk to it and observed that it paid unusual attention. His cook wrote a number on a piece of paper and at once the dog barked it. The younger dog, he believes, will prove quite as apt a pupil as the older one.

"My theory," said Mr. Clason, "is that this power is hereditary in the animals. They come from a race of Scotch shepherd dogs running back perhaps several hundred years. All that time they have been the constant companions of man. They did not associate with other dogs, but learned to live entirely with their masters. In that way they have come to possess a keen sympathy."

Mr. Brayton says the secret of Bozzie's education is that Mr. Clason is a "born teacher." He believes if Mr. Clason were in the Chicago normal school he would develop a remarkable system of teaching.

"Why is it," asked Mr. Brayton, "that some of our young teachers have what we call the personality that enables them to get hold of their pupils? Is there a power of mind reading, and, if so, do teachers possess it? Is it possible to cultivate this attribute which works such wonderful results? These are all things we want to know.

"I have seen this dog respond to what appeared to be thought transference when the master was a mile away. I have been in a room alone with the dog when Mr. Clason was not in the building, and have seen the dog repeatedly tell the number I was thinking of. If there is something in all this that we as teachers should know I believe it well to investigate."

The educators agreed that Bozzie II is a remarkable dog. They differed in their opinions as to any evidences of mental telepathy that would correspond to the term as used in relation to the human phenomenon. One of the most common explanations given was that the dog's keen senses enable it to tell when a person's attention is directed toward it. When this is done and a sharp command given the dog barks at short intervals until it perceives that the demand is satisfied.

Mr. Clason defends this theory by assuring the doubters that Bozzie will act perfectly in the dark and at such a distance from him that the ordinary conception of the senses will not admit of their being keen enough to detect his attitude.

The club will devote another day to a study of the educational principles involved in the dog's training. If the real secret is discovered they believe they will have found the most important pedagogic principle recently made known.



Who Can Tell

You turn may come tomorrow. Prepare for it today. Consider whether you have a proper amount of insurance on your property. If not, should you not, in justice to yourself and your family, secure the necessary protection at once? You want the best. We furnish it.

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On easy terms—eight-room residence with modern conveniences, fine location—2209 West Third street. Enquire Johnson & Moe's Department Store.

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Seven-room house on Jefferson street, thoroughly modern..... **$3000**
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Two lots very cheap in Heim's addition.

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BUSINESS OPENINGS We have many good openings to offer in all lines of business.
We can sell your business.
LULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
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FOR SALE—100 SHARES TEXAS Standard oil stock; gusher; pay dividends soon; none for sale by company; must have money; make offer. A 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, A FRESH JERSEY milch cow, quiet and gentle. Apply Mrs. David Brown. Ninth street and Tenth avenue west.

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FOR SALE—S. M. KANER WILL ARrive with a car of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Feb. 11. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE—10 ACRES ONE MILE FROM city limits, on good road, cheap. Six-room house at West End to trade. What have you got? Charles R. Stal, 304 Torrey building.

PIANOS UPRIGHTS, $100, $110, and $125. Organs, $10 and $20. Cash and monthly payments. George W. Tietz, 34 West First street.

WANT CASH OFFER FOR QUARTER section on Mesaba that owner must sell. 627 Manhattan building.

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WANTED — SECOND HAND SHOW cases; give full description, height, width and length, with price. H 97, Herald.

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LOST—SATURDAY NIGHT, BETWEEN Toben's meat market, Second avenue east, and Eleventh avenue east and Second street, $65 in bills; finder please return G. McMaster, 1115½ East Second street and receive liberal reward.

LOST—SINGER SEWING MACHINE company receipt book. Finder return to No. 18 Third avenue west and receive a reward of $2.

LOST—PACKAGE OF LAUNDRY FROM sleigh Monday, Feb. 3. Reward if returned to Troy laundry.

LOST—SATURDAY, POCKETBOOK containing $20 bill and papers, between Twenty-fourth avenue west and Third avenue west. Finder return to Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD CHATELAIN purse, containing English half sovereign, ringed for bangle; ten dollars reward for return to this office.

LOST—SCOTCH COLLIE PUP answering to name of Laddie. Return to William White, 403 East Second street for reward.

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PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stillson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M. Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS.
ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 25, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 68, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street, N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WUP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; N. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 35, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2201, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A., William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. F. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Minnes, chief ranger. City hall; James Kelly, treasurer, Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv..	Duluth ..	Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar..	Proctor..	Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar.	Iron Jctn.	Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar..	Wolf ..	Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar.	Virginia.	Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..	Eveleth ..	Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar..	Sparta..	Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar.	Biwabik.	Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar.	Mtn. Iron.	Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar.	Hibbing .	Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A.M.	P.M.	STATIONS.	M.	P.M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth Lv	8:00	3:30
12:20	7:55	Ar.....Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM.)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast Gibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	* 6:45 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.		† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
*4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	**9 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oskosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
a 9:00 p m	Ashland and East	a 10:05 a m
b 8:00 a m	Minnesota and Dakota Express North Coast Limited	b 6:55 p m
a 9:00 p m		a 7:55 a m
8:00 a m		a 7:55 p m
"DULUTH SHORT LINE."		
Leave	ST. PAUL MINNEAPOLIS	Arrive
b 9:00 a m		a 6:50 a m
a 7:55 p m		b 9:10 p m
a 11:30 p m		a 9:10 p m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 4
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot
9:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m
All points East.
†8:25 a. m. Lv—.....LOCAL.....—Ar. †7:25 p. m
Marquette & Copper Country.

P Daily. † Except Sunday

10 PAGES.

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

10 PAGES.

NINETEENTH YEAR. LAST EDITION. TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1902. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

BALDWIN'S MEASURES

To Provide Substitute For Proposed Tax Code.

May Unite Various Opinions Now Existing.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Senator Baldwin introduced two important measures in the senate at this morning's session, both of which contemplate providing something to unite various opinions upon as a substitute for the proposed tax code. One measure is a proposed amendment to the constitution, and the other is an amendment to the existing tax system.

The constitutional amendment is a change in section 3 of article 9 of the constitution, and it is designed to remove most of the objections raised by the tax commission to the present constitution. It will permit a franchise tax on corporations, and a tax on incomes of individuals above a certain amount, to be fixed by the legislature. It will also permit the legislature to exempt different classes of property in order to conserve the best interests of the state and secure equal taxation, which it is generally agreed the present requirement of a full value tax on all property does not accomplish.

The amendment to the general laws changes section 1539 of the general statutes to provide a franchise tax on public corporations, except railroad, insurance, telegraph and banking corporations, which are now otherwise provided for. It requires the accounting of officers of such corporations, to report their stock and bonded debt and their market value, with the value of their real and personal property, and to ascertain the value of the franchise by substracting the real and personal property from the value of the stock and bonds.

The latter bill was referred to the tax committee and the former to the judiciary. Mr. Knatvold introduced a bill appropriating $25,000 to aid the governor in his anti-merger fight, and the bill was referred to the finance committee. Mr. Stockton offered a bill changing the name of the Faribault school for defectives, to the Minnesota special school for the deaf and blind, and classing the school with the educational institutions of the state. Other bills were as follows:

Underleak—To legalize foreclosures by advertisement.

Snyder—To authorize cities over 50,000 inhabitants to issue bonds to improve water works.

Wilson—Fixing salaries, duties and help of the sheriff of Hennepin county.

McGovern—To legalize consolidations of newspapers in certain cases.

These bills were referred to the com-

(Continued on page 2.)



VETERAN WOMAN SUFFRAGISTS AT THE INTERNATIONAL SUFFRAGE CONFERENCE, WASHINGTON.

A notable feature of the international woman suffrage conference in Washington Feb. 12-18 is the presence of Mrs. Elizabeth Cady Stanton, aged eighty-seven; Miss Susan B. Anthony, aged eighty-two; Mrs. Julia Ward Howe, aged eighty-three, and Mrs. Mary A. Livermore, aged eighty-one, four of the pioneer woman suffragists of the world.

BURNED ON THE OCEAN

Unknown Vessel Consumed In Sight of Land.

Heroic But Futile Efforts of the Life Savers.

Delaware Breakwater, Del., Feb. 11.—The tugs Sommers N. Smith and Juno, which left here last night to go to the assistance of a schooner on fire at sea, returned at 3 o'clock this morning and reported that the vessel was a two-masted schooner. Both anchors were down and the schooner was a solid mass of fire. She was burned to the water's edge and it was not possible to learn her name. The burning vessel was about two miles off Cape May. She was apparently loaded with grain or soft coal and was old. After leaving the blazing ship the two tugs cruised in the vicinity for two hours searching for the crew, who were believed to be afloat in a small boat. Although they sent up twelve rockets, their search was not successful, and both returned here. The steam pilot boat Hila extended the hunt until daylight, but saw no sign of the missing crew.

Atlantic City, N. J., Feb. 11.—The crew of the Cold Spring life-saving station returned at daylight this morning nearly exhausted from their search for the crew of the schooner on fire off Cape May. The men were on the ocean in a small boat nearly six hours and they suffered much from the cold.

Capt May, Feb. 11.—The hulk of the unknown schooner which was burned at sea last night off this place is floating about in the ice this morning a few miles off shore. The crews of five life-saving stations went to the assistance of the burning vessel last night, but after being out until 3 o'clock this morning they gave up the attempt to reach her and rowed back to shore. Most of the crews were compelled to land at Anglesea, N. J., where the harbor is protected, the high wind preventing them from landing at their stations. The night was very dark and the ice was so thick that it was almost impossible to force the boats through it. The fire was brightest between 7 and 11 o'clock last night.

Seafaring men here advance the theory that it became necessary to abandon the schooner, and that the crew were taken off by a passing vessel. Before leaving her under such a condition the captain may have dropped anchors and set fire to the ship in order to remove her from the path of passing craft.

Cape May, Feb. 11.—The life savers from the stations at Cape May, Cape May Point and Two-Mile Beach, who returned to their homes today tell graphic stories of their long and unavailing struggle against the elements in the effort to lend aid to the burning ship. The night was about the coldest of the winter and the darkness was almost impenetrable. In addition there was wind enough to make the sea choppy and, therefore, dangerous for small craft.

The three life saving crews from this vicinity were joined by the crews from two stations north of here.

Their efforts were in vain, because they were unable to force their boats through the ice. Their suffering was intense. One of the surfmen from this city, Enoch E. Roseman, was badly frozen. He was carried in an almost unconscious condition from the beach to the station, where he had medical assistance. All during the night people lined the shore watching the burning ship.

BEGGED THE QUESTION

Confined His Remarks Defore the House Committee to Eulogy of Some Provisions of the Tax Bill.

From The Herald
State Capitol Bureau.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—The house committee on taxes and tax laws, together with many other members of both house and senate, yesterday afternoon heard the first favorable comment on the proposed tax law that has been made. It came from H. W. Childs, a member of the tax commission, who appeared before the committee in response to the invitation extended by the Sweet resolution. Mr. Ives, of the commission, was also there, and he was to speak this afternoon, when Gen. Childs, who did not finish his address yesterday, was to complete his defense of the bill.

In general, the address was a defense of the bill as being the best possible under the present constitution. He said that if personal property is to be assessed, experience has shown that coercing laws are necessary to bring out the reluctant personal property that is now coyly hiding from taxation. He said that property in transit between states, no matter how long it remained in this state, is not subject to taxation here. This applies to Duluth grain. He said that the commission could not, under the constitution, exempt any property not exempted by the constitution, or make any exceptions to the constitutional rule that all property must be assessed at its true value. He said that punishment for unfair returns is necessary, and he showed that the punishment for this in other states is more severe than the commission's bill proposes.

The first speaker before the committee was Representative Plowman, of Otter Tail county, who opposed that part of the proposed tax code placing a tax on mortgages as personal property. Mr. Plowman declared that this would be double taxation.

H. W. Childs was then introduced by Chairman Wallace of the committee. Mr. Childs had the closest attention during his address. In introducing Mr. Childs, Chairman Wallace announced that after his address Mr. Childs would be pleased to answer any questions that might be asked him, but requested that questions be deferred until the address was finished.

Mr. Childs expressed the appreciation of himself and of his former associates on the tax commission of being invited to address the committee on the tax code. In part he said:

"The act creating the commission provided expressly that the code to be prepared should be comprehensive and should provide for taxing all property in the state, tangible and intangible. It

(Continued on Page 7.)

EMBEZZLER

Who Secured Postoffice Funds Has Been Captured.

El Paso, Texas, Feb. 11.—Postoffice Inspector C. L. Doran has arrived in El Paso from Chihuahua, having in custody Demetrio Pereo, who is under indictment for embezzling postoffice funds at Lincoln, N. M., to the amount of $889.95.

Besides being postmaster at Lincoln, Pereo had served the county in the capacity of sheriff and county clerk. He disappeared on Oct. 29 last and was indicted by the grand jury of Socorro county, the following month.

JUST IN TIME.

Poor Immigrant Reached His Brother Before He Died.

New York, Feb. 11.—Nearly deported in December last for his penniless condition after arriving in the steerage of the Etruria, Thomas Mulhein, of County Dublin, Ireland, will sail back to his native land in a short time with $9000 in his possession.

More than 65 years old, he came to see his brother, Patrick, 90 years old, whom he knew to be passing away in Sullivan, Maine, and although, because of his detention at Ellis Island, he hardly reached his brother's bedside before it was too late, he was not forgotten. By the terms of the latter's will he was made a comparatively wealthy man. He purposes to return to Ireland and enjoy the competence in his declining years.

SEALERS ARE SHUT OUT

Collector of Alaska Issues Peremptory Orders to Deputy at Unalaska to Refuse Canadian Vessels Privileges of the Port.

Seattle, Feb. 11.—The Post Intelligencer, in a special dispatch from Unalaska, says that no more startling action has been taken in the much-talked-of sealing question than the following letter written by Collector J. W. Ivey, of Alaska, to his deputy at Unalaska:

"I am advised that British vessels from Canadian ports engaged in pelagic sealing in and about Bering sea are in the habit of calling at Unalaska and Dutch Harbor for protection in bad weather and the purchase of supplies, and of enjoying the privileges of the port until the season opens for them to engage in the unlawful and barbarous extermination of the fur seal herd in violation of the laws of the United States and the international agreement with Great Britain. Until further advised on the subject you are instructed to cease the collection of tonnage dues on this class of vessels from all countries, and refuse them the privilege of the port, water or fuel, and treat them in all respects as vessels engaged in illegal poaching.

"Any such vessels arriving at your port shall be notified to depart forthwith, and in case of refusal to obey promptly, you shall seize and delay such vessels and call the United States marshal and revenue cutter to your assistance.

"Should you find from personal examination that any such vessel arrives in absolute distress, you will allow her to obtain such relief only as will enable her to return to her home port."

NEWS IS ENCOURAGING

Crisis In Left Lung of President's Son Has Been Passed and There Is Considerable Improvement In His Condition.

Groton, Mass., Feb. 11.—Encouraging news came from the Groton school infirmary where the son of President Roosevelt is ill with pneumonia, early today and brought a measure of relief to the anxiety which had grown steadily during the preceding twenty-four hours. Following the announcement yesterday morning that the disease had seized upon both lungs, the news from the sick room has not been reassuring. Last night the president's family doctor summoned from New York pronounced the case serious and later the lad's voice could be heard outside of the building in which he lay as he raved in the delirium of the disease.

At 8:30 a. m., however, came the word that the crisis in the left lung, (the one in which pneumonia first developed), had been satisfactorily passed, and that the little sufferer showed improvement. Then every one about the institution, especially President and Mrs. Roosevelt, became more cheerful and hopeful.

At 11 o'clock Secretary Cortelyou made the following statement:

"The condition of the boy since the favorable announcement of the morning, has remained unchanged and the pleurisy which was developed this morning has proved to be very slight thus far."

While the change for the better in the opinion of the doctors is not remarkable, it includes a more favorable condition of respiration and pulse and temperature. The crisis, which in the left lung has been passed, is still to be met in the right lung. A symptom of pleurisy has been noted in this lung. While this has given rise to some fear that the disease may yet develop into pleuro-pneumonia, there are strong hopes that the threatened complication may be overcome.

Bright, warm sunshine filled the apartment in which the sick boy lay when the doctors made their morning examination. The conference lasted half an hour. Then Secretary Cortelyou made known the encouraging news.

The doctors said this morning that the pleasant weather has had much to do toward bringing about the more satisfactory condition. Mrs. Roosevelt was at the infirmary all night. The president was there until midnight, and then he retired at the home of Dr. William Amos Gardner. At an early hour this morning he left the house. Dr. Lambert, of New York, whom the president summoned yesterday to attend his son, was the first to greet the chief executive and tell him the pleasant news.

The president remained in the infirmary but a short time and when he reappeared Mrs. Roosevelt accompanied him to the Gardner house, where they had breakfast. It was scarcely an hour before Mrs. Roosevelt returned to watch over her son. The boy was restless the greater part of the night, but finally fell into a sound sleep. From this he awoke this morning, showing the effect of the rest.

STRIKE GROWS SERIOUS

Missoula, Mont., Feb. 11.—The switchmen's strike, which was inaugurated here yesterday in the Northern Pacific yards, has assumed a serious aspect.

Last night the night switching crew, out of sympathy for the day men, quit work, and conductors and brakemen have refused to make up or handle any trains unless the switching is done by the regular crews of the yard.

The cause of the trouble was the discharge of two men who refused to work with a road engine without sideboard attachments. The switchmen declare they are violating a state law in complying with the order of the railroad company.

The statute in question provides that trainmen and yardmen who are injured while working in the yards on an engine without sideboards are alone held responsible for such injuries, and can collect no damages from the company.

RECOMMEND NEW POSTS

Washington, Feb. 11.—The report of the board of high ranking army officers hearer by Lieut. Gen. Miles, which considered the question of arm posts, was made public at the war department today.

The board recommends the establishment of the following new posts:

One for a regiment of infantry in the vicinity of Los Angeles.

One for a regiment of cavalry on the camp site of the Nacimiento ranch.

One for a regiment of infantry in the vicinity of Albuquerque, N. M.

One for a regiment of infantry in the vicinity of Dover Cross island, New York habor.

One for a regiment of infantry in the vicinity of Washington, D. C., north of the Potomac river.

One for a battalion of infantry in the Red River valley in the vicinity of Crookston, Minn.

One for a regiment of infantry on the camp site in te Conowago valley, Pennsylvania, when practicable.

The sites recommended for the four permanent camps are:

One in the vicinity of Chickamauga Park, Ga.

One at Fort Riley, Kan.

One in the Conowago valley, in Lebanon, Dauphin and Lancaster counties, Pa.

One on the Nacimiento ranch in Monterey and San Luis Obispo counties, Cal.

The board recommends that the necessary surveys be made of the Nacimiento ranch and of the Conowago valley.

TO DYNAMITE THE HEAVENS

Richmond, Ind., Feb. 11.—Professor John E. Baldwin, the aeronaut, is preparing to make an interesting experiment next summer the first time there is a drouth in this section. His plan is to send up 1000 balloons from different points, each to carry a dynamite bomb, the same to be exploded as nearly simultaneously as possible, the object being to produce rain. The balloons will be sent up from Richmond, Centreville, Cambridge City, New Castle, Middletown, Muncie, Parker City, Winchester, Hagerstown and Losantville. Several men are backing Mr. Baldwin in making the experiment.

WOMEN

Will Probably Be Admitted to the National University.

New York, Feb. 11.—In reply to inquiries as to whether women will be allowed to enter competition for membership in the National university endowed by Andrew Carnegie, Dr. Daniel C. Gilman, of Baltimore, president of the board of trustees of the university, who is in this city, said:

"I think there is no doubt that sex will have nothing to do with admission to the new university. Merit alone will determine who shall carry on the works of higher research, which it is the object of the university to foster. If any women show themselves qualified to do such research work, I feel quite sure they will be admitted."

FIRE STILL BURNING.

Portland, Ore., Feb. 11.—The fire which broke out in the hold of the steamship Indravelli, and which compelled her to return to port after starting on her voyage to Asia last Thursday, is still burning. The loss on the cargo of cotton will be heavy.

IDENTIFIED BOAT.

Victoria, B. C., Feb. 11.—Capt. Davis, who acted as pilot on the United States steamer Grant on her trip along the west coast of Vancouver island in search of the missing sloop of war Condor, says that Capt Simpson, of her majesty's ship Egeri, to whom Capt. Tosier, of the Grant, handed over the ship's boat picked up by Indians on the coast, immediately identified the boat as one from the missing warship.



THEODORE ROOSEVELT, JR., THE PRESIDENT'S SON WHO IS ILL WITH PNEUMONIA.

ONE MAN BEAT GAS COMPANY

New York, Feb. 11.—Because City Judge Bennet of Mt. Vernon refused to pay a gas bill of $1.65, which he contended he had never contracted, the gas company turned off his supply three years ago. He brought suit, and the gas company carried the case to the appelate divison of the supreme court, which has just handed down a decision affirming judgment for $4800 in favor of Judge Bennet for the inconvenience to which he had been put. The damages were assessed at the rate of $5 per day.

JOKE RESULTS IN TRAGEDY

New York, Feb. 11.—Clair Hannum, son of W. O. Hannum, assistant paymaster of the United States navy, residing in Brooklyn, has been found dead hanging in his room at Peddie institute, at Hightstown, N. J. The boy had fastened his door and pushed a bureau against it and had then hanged himself by a small cord tied to a screw hook over a closet door.

While the tragedy has every appearance of suicide, the general belief in the school is that the boy lost his life in an attempt to startle his room mate by a "make believe" suicide, that turned into a terrible reality when it was too late for him to save himself.

MESSENGER GOT OFF EASILY

New York, Feb. 11.—Although he had been convicted of stealing $2000, sentence has been suspended on Albert J. Ayres, 19 years old, of Brooklyn. Ayres was a bank messenger, employed by the Union National bank of Brooklyn. Some time ago he disappeared with $2000 of the bank's money. He was traced to Canada and brought back.

Judge Crane said he and the president of the bank had looked into the case and had concluded that Ayres' downfall was due to evil companions.

Our Half Price Sale

On Ladies' Suits and Jackets

Is no "fire sale." We offer these absurbly low prices because we wish to close out the balance of fall and winter stock before our spring and summer goods arrive.

Children's Jackets at less than cost.

Our stock of Furs must be sold, and it is a good time to buy while they are cheap.

Children's Suits and Waists—a new lot just received.

OUR TERMS ARE EASY. Weekly or Monthly Payments

Gately Supply Co

Open until 10:30 Saturday Evenings. 8 East Superior Street.

AT WEST DULUTH

The West Duluth fire department made a midnight run last evening, and thereby hangs a tale that M. L. Olander, the Central avenue druggist, is very reluctantly explaining to his friends. Mr. Olander was leaving his store at a late hour, and glancing down the street, he saw what he imagined was smoke pouring from the windows of the Great Eastern hall. Without waiting to investigate, Mr. Olander flew to the nearest fire alarm box and turned in an alarm. When the firemen reached the hall it was discovered that the Modern Samaritans were giving a large dancing party, and the room becoming overheated, the windows were opened. The hot, moist air poured out of the windows and, meeting the colder current of air on the outside, was condensed into a dense vapor which had the appearance of smoke, and it was this that fooled Mr. Olander. His intentions, however, were good.

RESCUED A KITTEN.

An interesting rescue was accomplished this morning by one of the linemen of the Zenith Telephone company. The rescued was a lonesome little maltese kitten that nearly for two days has occupied a perch at the top of one of the Zenith company's tall poles at the rear of Barnes & Lanners' office, corner Central avenue and Bristol street. Sunday morning a playful bulldog chased the cat up the pole and the little feline, after reaching the top of the pole, was too frightened to come down, and there she staid until this morning, without anything to eat and shivering in the cold zero weather. Her plaintive cries attracted a number of spectators, but none of them would venture up the tall pole on the mission of rescue, and finally somebody telephoned to the office of the telephone company and a lineman was this morning sent down for the express purpose of rescuing Tabby.

BANKING LOGS.

W. H. Gilbert has commenced banking his logs on the ice in the bay at the foot of Forty-fifth avenue west. The logs are rolled from the cars on the Terminal company's track along the bay front and banked high on the ice. This is the first instance in a long time that any logs have been banked at this point. About 1,000,000 feet of logs have already been banked here. The logs will be cut the coming season at the Jones mill.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Tomorrow being Abraham Lincoln's birthday anniversary and a holiday for the city school children, appropriate exercises commemorating the event were held in the West Duluth schools this afternoon. In both the Irving and Longfellow schools interesting programs of recitation and song were carried out by the children.

George Woods was brought back to West Duluth this morning from a logging camp near Hibbing with a crushed ankle. Mr. Woods was toploading logs when one of them rolled on his ankle.

Mrs. Joseph Hickson is improving after a period of sickness.

Albert Smith is down from Hibbing for a short visit.

Miss Bessie O'Brien is reported on the sick list.

George Bothwell was down from Cloquet to spend Sunday with his family.

Lawrence Gilley left Saturday evening for New Orleans for a three weeks' visit.

Albert Brotherton, of Ely, is in the city for a short visit.

William Clifton has returned from Scanlon.

Mrs. Ransom Metcalfe is quite sick.

George Sampson, of Two Harbors, was in West Duluth yesterday considering the proposition of opening up a grocery business here.

Miss Effie Altgeld has returned to her home in Lake Nebagamon, Wis., after a visit with friends here.

Twins, a boy and a girl, were born to Mr. and Mrs. Edward E. Blair, of 6401 Polk street, yesterday.

Russell Jones, of Red Wing, is visiting relatives here.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Kauppi died Sunday of cholera infantum. The funeral took place from the family residence, No. 3 Sixty-third avenue west, this afternoon.

Miss Lizzie Smith, who has been quite sick with bronchitis, is improving rapidly.

TONIGHT

Don't Miss the Club Dance.

Last before Lent. 25c per couple.

TOMORROW

Lincoln's Birthday.

Music at the West Duluth Rink—Afternoon and Evening.

FUTURE PUNISHMENT.

Exangelist Atkinson Upholds Belief In a Hell.

Future punishment was discussed by Evangelist Atkinson at the Second Presbyterian church last night and a large congregation assembled to hear the subject of hell discussed, and had the satisfaction of listening to a strong and logical presentation of the case along the line of Scripture representation.

The evangelist based his address on Matthew xxv, 46. He said our loving Father never made hell for man. It was made for the devil and his angels. There is a real devil and a real hell, despite all that has been said to the contrary. When men try to kill the devil or refuse to believe in his personality. When they try to wipe out hell, or refuse to believe in its existence, they only demonstrate their unregenerate condition and show that the wish is the father of the thought. Any number of men do not believe in hell because they love sin, but to wish a thing out of existence does not annihilate the thing. To refuse to believe does not change the Bible statement. It is said that a loving God cannot punish His creatures as the Bible represents the case and that God is too kind to permit suffering. To this he said, there must be a place of punishment. What it is he could not say, but the good and evil must be separated, else heaven would be hell for the wicked with his unchanged heart and heaven could be no heaven for the pure with the vile there. There must be separation and if there is separation there must also be eternal separation with heaven for the believer and hell for the unbeliever. And if men will be separated it is a matter of their own choice. They choose hell rather than heaven. A great many admit the possibility of a hell, but they say it won't endure long. On this point the evangelist based his position on the Greek word "aionion. In both cases it means the same. In closing he urged very strongly the claims of Christ on everyone by accepting Him they would have age abiding life, but by rejecting Him they might expect punishment.

Mr. Atkinson will discuss the subject, "The Blood and Its Cleansing Power," at 7:30 tonight.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take Laxative Bromo-Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund the money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on each box. 25c.

A DAZZLER.

The Woman In the Case Appears Against Gus Jordan.

With a swish of silken skirts and the pedestal of her intellect tastefully mounted in fluffy Gainsborough—Mill Williams, of Paradise alley, swirled into police court this morning to enter her protest against the way Gus Jordan made love to her.

She was a piquant, pretty, petite person of the brunette persuasion. As she passed down the court corridors it was once more necessary for the officers to follow closely in her wake with watering cans to lay the dust.

When a man makes love with such vigor that he lands in police court, where a brunette vision of feminine loveliness has to appear against him, there is evidently something wrong with his system.

The use of a pistol in arguing a proposition regarding matrimony, may be impressive but it is not always effective. It is considered bad taste in the classic shades of Paradise alley, where nothing stronger than a dignified, chaste, love-making of the Carmen type, is considered the limit of propriety.

This explains why it was that the police were called when Mr. Jordan sought to impress his declaration of love with a gun last Friday night.

During his examination this morning he sought to prove his affection to the court by saying that he had purchased much of Miss Williams' glad clothing.

He was bound over to the grand jury for threatening to kill, and shortly after two detectives took him to a photograph gallery to have him "mugged" for the rogues gallery.

Jordan told the photographer to do a good job as he wanted to send one of the pictures to the girl.

Bayha & Co.

Lowest Priced House Furnishers in City of Duluth.

Our Terms: CASH OR CREDIT

Make a good investigation and compare quality with prices and you will find we are 20 per cent lower than any other House Furnishers in this city—we care not who it is. We don't throw out one or two articles for a bait, but give you rock bottom prices on our entire line. Everything in Carpets, Rugs, Lace Curtains, Portieres, Etc., Etc.

Special Discount on Lace Curtains for this coming week.

Our Terms.....
- $ 5.00 Down on $ 25.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 6.00 Down on $ 30.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 7.00 Down on $ 50.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 8.00 Down on $ 60.00 Worth of Goods
- $ 9.00 Down on $ 75.00 Worth of Goods
- $10.00 Down on $100.00 Worth of Goods

Wilton Velvet Carpets at $1.00 per yard—made, laid and lined, and on time at that.

BAYHA & CO.

24 and 26 East Superior St. Look for big Wire Sign on roof.

WILL COME.

Young Roosevelt's Illness Will Not Detain Prince Henry.

Berlin, Feb. 11.—Prince Henry of Prussia will sail for the United States on Saturday as arranged. Even should President Roosevelt's son's illness result fatally before that time, it is probable the prince will enter upon his journey, unless it should appear to be President Roosevelt's desire that his visit be deferred or omitted altogether.

The Associated Press bulletins telling of the condition of President Roosevelt's son have been sent to Prince Henry at the Schloss. The prince manifested intense interest in them, expressed his sympathy with the anxious relatives, and said he hoped the young man would speedily recover.

Emperor William and Prince Henry sent messages to President Roosevelt. The first impulse of Prince Henry was to postpone his trip or to give it up altogether. He was advised, however, not to take this step.

AFTER THE MOSQUITOES.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 11.—The bill appropriating $50,000 to enable Professor Smith to make experiments for the eradication of mosquitoes was reported favorably. Professor Smith said this morning that his plan was more to prevent than a cure, and that it involved the drainage of those sections where the mosquitoes breed.

LOST IN THE WOODS

Henry Folz, the Grocer, Has a Terrible Experience.

Lost His Way Near Sucker River, Wandering All Night.

Froze Both Feet Badly and May Lose Them.

Henry Folz, the well known Superior street grocer, was lost in the woods all Sunday night, and as a result he will probably lose his left foot and the toes of his right foot.

Mr. Folz, with three other men, went rabbit hunting on Sucker river. They left Duluth Sunday morning, expecting to stay out several days.

They reached their camp, about seventeen miles from Duluth, early in the afternoon, and it was planned to visit a deserted camp, about a mile up the river.

Mr. Folz went ahead arranging with the others to meeting him at the deserted camp. He, however, went six miles beyond the camp, to what is known as the Sucker river "meadows."

When the other members reached the camp they saw his footprints in the snow and supposed he was out for a little shooting. When he did not return two of them decided to return to the original camp and one was to wait for Mr. Folz.

The night wore on, and at intervals the lone man in the deserted camp fired his gun off, but even then no uneasiness was felt, as it was known that the missing man had plenty of matches with him, and there was plenty of fuel wood. The supposition was that he had found his way to one of the Le Sure camps and put up for the night.

Yesterday morning all three companions followed his tracks to the meadows and found him about 9 o'clock.

He had become lost in the woods and then dazed. He laid down and slept for several hours, and then wandering around got into the water of Sucker river and wet his feet. They quickly froze.

His rescuers gave him much liquor and packed his feet in snow. Later they put the feet in ice water, and still later on in kerosene. All possible haste was made to get Mr. Folz to Duluth, but they did not reach here till 9 o'clock last evening, when the frozen man was taken to St. Mary's hospital.

At first it was thought that he would lose both feet, but information from the hospital and his attending physician this afternoon indicated that only the left foot and the toes of the right foot were in danger.

It is one of the worst cases of freezing that has been handled in a Duluth hospital in years.

The other members of the party say they cannot understand how their companion got lost. He was close to the Le Sure camps, and might have followed the stream down.

Mr. Folz said that he, too, was at a loss to explain the accident, but he simply became dazed, and when he wet his feet they quickly froze, putting him in great pain.

Our Army the Best.

Our army is the most effective and efficient organization in the world. The reason for this is the men are well paid as well as well fed. Good feed and good pay, however, will not alone make a good soldier. He must have steady nerves, a good digestion and a strong constitution. To fight disease it is also necessary to have the same requirements, but if you are weak and nervous, there is a medicine that will strengthen your system. We refer to Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For fifty years it has been making weak people strong and sick people well. We therefore urge you to try a bottle and satisfy yourself. It is specific remedy for indigestion, dyspepsia, constipation, flatulency, nervousness and malaria, fever and ague.

VITAL POINT

To Creditors Is Whether Certified Checks Are Legal.

Detroit, Feb. 11.—The most vital question to the depositors of the wrecked City Savings bank is whether the checks with Cashier H. R. Andrews certified for F. C. Andrews when he had no funds in the bank amounting to $662,000 and which the latter deposited among four other local banks and a trust company are legal. If they are held to be illegal because of Cashier Andrews having certified to them without the knowledge of the directors, it is said that the assets of the City Savings bank with what has been turned over to it by F. C. Andrews will be sufficient to pay depositors in full. On the contrary, if they are held to be legal it will take just that amount from depositors. President F. C. Pingree said today that he believed that the checks would be decided illegal and that the depositors would receive at least 75 cents on the dollar. In the statement prepared yesterday of the bank's condition, these certified checks were ignored.

F. C. Andrews has not turned over to the City bank any of the securities he took out of the other banks with the over-certified checks and their whereabouts is not known. Nothing has been learned in regard to them by the bankers who questioned him yesterday. There was not much change today in condition of Cashier H. R. Andrews, who is seriously ill with nervous prostration.

MANY INJURED

By Dust Explosion In a Tennessee Mine.

Bonair, Tenn., Feb. 11.—Over fifteen men were injured by a dust explosion in the main entry of mine No. 15. All were rescued and will probably recover. Five of the miners were seriously burned. The explosion was caused by the shots fired by miners to knock down the coal for today's run.

Among those most seriously injured are: William Barnes, Roscoe Anthony, Herbert Glover, Ezra Cole and Hiram Natburg, colored.

ON CARPET.

Board of Health Has Physician Before It For Explanation.

In a star chamber session yesterday afternoon the board of health had a prominent physician on the carpet for not promptly reporting an infectious disease.

This physician was called to attend a young man and diagnosed the case as chicken pox. The young man visited the home of a family named La Salle at 1813 West Superior street, and the result was that he and the entire La Salle family are now in the detention hospital. Two members of the family are very ill.

The doctor explained to the members of the board that he thought the original case was only chicken pox, and after receiving this explanation the board adopted a resolution requiring every physician to make a prompt report of all suspected cases of scarlet fever and all cases of chicken pox.

The health authorities are of the opinion that only the most stringent measures will prevent the spread of infectious diseases, there being eighteen cases of infectious disease in the detention hospital at present.

After passing on the physician's case the board adjourned to a livery barn to make an investigation of a new case of glanders among the horses there.

The barn was found to be apparently in good condition, but there was no doubt in the minds of the members of the board that one or more horses were suffering from glanders, and the barn was practically declared under quarantine for a period of thirty days. During that period no new horses will be taken into the stable and none of the horses now there will be permitted to go to stables where there are other horses.

RETURNS FROM BEAUMONT.

Fred Kugler Finds It a Great Place.

Fred Kugler has returned from the Texas oil fields, where much Duluth money is invested, and he says the Beaumont district is the greatest money making country on earth.

The town, according to Mr. Kugler, has grown from 8000 to 18,000 in a single year. At present there is $3,000,000 worth of building going on—outside of the mammoth structures being put up to take care of the oil from 120 gushers.

There are four banks in the town, and these have over $7,000,000 on deposit.

The growth of the country has been retarded on account of the lack of transportation facilities for handling the oil. Mr. Kugler says that this will soon be solved by deep water navigation from Beaumont to the gulf.

The shipments of oil by rail average 125 cars a day, and so far the district has shipped out 1,502,968 barrels.

While down there Mr. Kugler paid particular attention to the Export and Huntley properties, in which so many Duluthians are interested, and says that as near as he can make out they are two of the most promising oil properties in Texas.

In an interview with former Governor Hogg, the report recently published in The Herald that Charles A. Towne was prominently interested in a $10,000,000 scheme to promote the oil industries of Beaumont, was partially confirmed, and the Texans are expecting great developments to result from his deal.

ONCE MORE

British Government States It Proposed No Adverse Action.

London, Feb. 11.—The under secretary for the foreign office, Lord Cranborne, replying in the house of commons today to a question of Henry Norman (Liberal), who asked whether the government's attention had been called to a statement in the German press, alleged to have received the confirmation of the authorities at Berlin, to the effect that Great Britain, April 14, 1898, through her ambassador, Lord Pauncefote, proposed a fresh note, in which the powers should declare that Europe did not regard the armed intervention of the United States in Cuba as justifiable, and that having Germany's refusal to accept this proposal, the step was abandoned, said:

"No, sir. Her late majesty's government never proposed through her majesty's ambassador or otherwise any declaration adverse to the action of the United States in Cuba. On the contrary, her late majesty's government declined to assent to any such proposal."

THIRD GOULD

Arrested In Connection With Failure of Bank.

David City, Neb., Feb. 11.—George Gould was arrested at Bellwood last night and brought here today, charged with conspiracy in connection with the failure of the Platte Valley bank at Bellwood. He is the third of the Gould brothers to be placed under arrest. He was brought to this city to avoid trouble as excitement still runs high at Bellwood. The three brothers will have a trial in the district court this week.

PEDS ARE SORE.

Various Troubles Cause Many to Drop Back.

New York, Feb. 11.—Swollen knees, sore ankles and troublesome stomachs have caused many of the competitors in the six-day walking match to drop back in the race, or withdraw entirely. The second day of the race found twenty-six teams struggling for supremacy, with the leading team over twenty miles ahead of the record in the early morning hours. Hegelman and Cavanaugh, who hold the lead, keep plodding away steadily, and neither has yet shown any sign of distress, but the old timers are dropping back and the younger men in the race are fast creeping upon the old stagers. The Hurst brothers, owing to an absence of four hours, have dropped back to eighteenth position in the race.

Catarrhal Headache.— That dull, wretched pain in the head just over the eyes is one of the surest signs that the seeds of catarrh have been sown, and it's your warning to administer the quickest and surest treatment to prevent the seating of this dreaded malady. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will stop all pain in ten minutes, and cure. Sold by Max Wirth, 13 West Superior street.—6.

SILK HEADQUARTERS AT THE HEAD OF THE LAKES

Freimuth's

GREATEST DAYLIGHT STORE.

WOMANKIND just now is interested in what to wear this spring — Fashion magazines are consulted and both materials and styles are discussed. The most important decision of all is—*Where to buy?* We say— *It is here*, and an inspection of our new stocks will convince you.

New Stylish Silks Thousands of yards of the newest weaves, latest colorings and stylish patterns—most popular in the fashion centers of Europe and America. This store is "Silk Headquarters for Duluth and Head of the Lakes."

Milanese Wash Silks, Persian Wash Silks, Colored Taffetas, Foulards, Allover Silk Nets, Mohair Sicilians, Boulevard Cords, And every standard weave and novelty in **Black Silks.**

Colored Wash Fabriques

We devote more space to Wash Goods than any house this side of Chicago. For variety and quantity every feminine fancy can be pleased.

Grenadine Hippique, Tourquay Novelties, Imported Swisses and Irish Dimities, Dotted Mulls, Marvelle Novelty Leno, Mercerized Yachting Cloth, Edinborough, Glendoon and Silk Spot Zephyrs, Mercerized Chambrays—plain or bordered, And dozens of other popular weaves.

White Goods Comprising India Dimities, Mulle de L'Orient, Batiste Mull, India Mulls, French Organdies, Fancy Nainsooks, Maderia Cambric Lawn, Imperial Twill, Toile de Ireland, Masalla, India Linons, Persian and French Lawns, and Piques in fancy stripes, checks and scrolls.

New Spring Suits, Jackets and Waists.

Advance lines of the most popular styles just received — for quality, fit and finish equal to the best work of exclusive tailors. Other new arrivals daily.

BALDWIN'S MEASURES

(Continued from page 1.)

mittee on the reception of bills.

Senator Ives introduced a resolution, setting aside Thursday of each week as farmers' day, when the objections of farmers to the tax code would be received. Senator Daugherty gave notice of debate and the resolution went over to Thursday, to which day the senate adjourned after inviting the county auditors and treasurers, now in session here, to appear before the senate tax committee.

* * *

Several petitions favoring deferring action on the tax code, were presented to the house today, also a communication from W. J. Rich of the tax commission, expressing willingness to appear before the tax committee as soon as his health permits and the committee wishes. A resolution by Mr. Rich for appointment of a committee of five to attend the funeral of Robert L. Deakin, former reading clerk, was adopted and the speaker named Messrs. Rich, Jacobson, Kelly, Ferris and Plowman as such committee.

The bill presented by S. D. Peterson for relief of Col. Bobleter, former state treasurer, from liability for money lost in failed banks, was recalled from committee on motion of its author, the rules suspended and the bill was passed, by a vote of 98 to 0. Speaker Dowling yielded to the chair to Mr. Jacobson, and secured the recall of his bill to define heirship to government homestead of homestead settlers, which was then passed under suspension of the rules.

As a substitute for his former resolution, Mr. Noyes presented a resolution that chairman of the tax committee invite the farmers of the state to appear before that committee on tax bill, on or before Feb. 15, and the resolution was passed, although Mr. Jacobson briefly opposed it with a suggestion that whenever the farmers wanted a hearing they would have no difficulty in securing it. A curative act, introduced by Mr. Schutz, legalizing the incorporation of cities between 1000 and 15,000 was passed under suspension of the rules. It corrects defects in the incorporation of Marshal and Pipestone.

Mr. Dunn introduced a bill for constitutional amendments providing for equal taxation with increased power for municipalities. It went to the tax committee.

Mr. Dorsey introduced a curative bill affecting legalizing certain mortgage foreclosure sales and it was passed under the suspension of the rules.

H. F. 19, introduced by Mr. Ryan, legalizing certain franchises was passed under suspension and so was H. F. 20, introduced by Representative Anderson and relating to Winona public libraries and reading rooms.

Representative Pennington introduced H. F. 21 and H. F. 22 which are the same as two bills introduced in the senate this morning by Senator Baldwin, one providing for submitting an amendment to the constitution, permitting an income tax and the other providing for the taxing of franchises. The house adjourned until Thursday morning.

* * *

Lawson Purdy, secretary of the Tax Reform association of New York and a noted tax economist, made a speech before the house tax committee this morning, in which he gave some sound advice from his standpoint. He argued for the adoption of constitutional amendments before any tax code is passed.

He said that three courses were open to the legislature: To adopt the proposed code, to adopt the code and the amendments proposed, and to adopt the amendments alone or call a constitutional convention. He said that the tax commission was required to frame a code, but it repeatedly in its report deplored the hindrances of the constitution. The fate of the code can be foreseen by examining the experience of other states and countries which have made the same attempt during thousands of years. Equality is not possible under a personal property tax. The Roman empire could not accomplish it with torture and death, and all countries outside of this have given up trying it. The severest and most inquisitorial measures in other states have been ineffectual and positively harmful.

As to the second course of action, if the amendments proposed are adopted it would be unwise and unnecessary to adopt the proposed code, as it would confuse the issue before the people and imperil the passage of the amendments. If only the amendments are adopted, using the third course, the state will then be free to frame a rational tax system. The commission's suggestions could be used in many instances. The commission should be continued, and two business men should be added to increase its representative character. It should be instructed to make an enlightened code until hampered by the present constitution limitations. The house chamber was full, and Mr. Purdy's remarks were heard with close attention and warmly applauded.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

PISTOL DUEL

Results In Death of Both Participants.

Trinidad, Col., Feb. 11.—Louis Chambers and Telesen Trujillo fought a duel with pistols in a saloon at Bowen, in which the latter was almost instantly killed and Chambers received wounds from which he died several hours later. Trujillo, who was a miner, was quarreling with a fellow-workman when Chambers interceded. The Mexican began firing at Chambers, who responded with his revolver.

WILLIAM AND HENRY

Elected Honorary Members of Atlantic Yacht Club.

New York, Feb. 11.—At the annual meeting of the Atlantic Yacht club, which has just been held, resolutions were adopted electing Kaiser William of Germany and his brother, Admiral Prince Henry of Prussia, honorary members of the club. This was taken as a token of appreciation for the kaiser's action in ordering an American yacht and his expressions of good will toward the United States.

INSURGENT POST

Captured With Rifles, Bolos and Typewriting Machines.

Manila, Feb. 11.—A brother of Malvar, the insurgent leader, has been captured. He was chief surgeon of the Batangas insurgents.

A strong insurgent post has been captured near Calamba, Laguna province. A number of rifles, bolos and six typewriting machines fell into the hands of the Americans. It is believed this post formed Malvar's headquarters.

CAPITAL STOCK INCREASED.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—The Twin City Telephone company today filed amended articles of incorporation with the secretary of state, increasing its capital stock from $1,000,000 to $1,500,000.

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership firm of Panton & White, composed of John Panton and William White, and heretofore carrying on and conducting a general retail, jobbing and mercantile business at Nos. 126, 128, 130, and 132 on West Superior street, Duluth, Minnesota, and known as the Glass Block Store, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent, and that the entire assets, property, good will and business of said firm have this day been purchased by PANTON & WHITE COMPANY, a corporation duly created and existing under the laws of Minnesota, which will hereafter carry on and conduct the business at the same place.

All debts due the late firm are payable to, and all obligations of the late firm have been assumed and will be paid by, the corporation of PANTON & WHITE COMPANY.

Duluth, Minnesota, February 10, 1902.

PANTON & WHITE COMPANY,
By JOHN PANTON, President.
JOHN PANTON,
WILLIAM WHITE.

Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 10-11-12-13-14-15, 1902.

GEO. H. CROSBY'S LIST

For Bargains Read These—They Can't Be Duplicated.

$10000 Will buy 50 feet on First street, near postoffice. We consider this a rare snap.

$2000 Will buy an improved farm adjoining city limits. Good buildings; 30 acres cleared. Been a model farm for 17 years.

$1200 Will buy 50 feet on Superior street, near Nineteenth avenue east.

$1600 Will buy 50-foot lot on First street in Endion. Fine location.

$2500 Will buy excellent 25-foot lot between Superior and Michigan streets in center of West End business district.

$1600 Buys a fine lot in East End near Sixteenth avenue on upper side of street. Is a beauty.

$12000 Will buy one of the finest and most complete homes in the center of the East End on upper side of First street. Hot water heat, gas an electric light, all modern conveniences, finished in beautiful hardwood; large, spacious halls, stairs and parlors; strictly up-to-date in every respect and in the pink of condition. Beautiful lookouts and lake views.
100 feet on upper side of First street in East End. A beautiful location for an elegant home. Can be bought cheap. Will not be in the market long.

$400 Buys good lot on Huron street, near Twenty-eighth avenue west. Good building site and is a snap.

$850 Buys nice three-room cottage with water and sewer, storm windows and shade; pantry and woodshed, two story barn, all improvements paid for. A very nice little home for a small price.

$8500 Will buy a modern home on East Superior street in fashionable part of city. All modern improvements. Finished in hardwood. Rooms large and well arranged and pleasant. Elegant views of lake. Good barn in connection. Would be a bargain at $10,000.

$600 will buy beautiful 100-foot corner one block from car line in Lakeside. Good location, high and dry, and affords beautiful view of lake that cannot be shut off. This is a bargain.

$1300 easy payments will buy nice home in Lester Park; six rooms, near car line, on 50-foot lot.

WANTED We have several chances to sell good acreage propositions in and near the city. If you have anything you want to sell, list it with us. We do the rest.

$200 will buy a 50-foot lot in Lakeside near car line. Good building lot.

$500 will buy 100 feet on car line on Oxford street in Lakeside. This is a bargain.

$2250 will buy a modern and convenient house on Oneida street in Lester Park, on 50-foot lot facing the lake. Small cash payment with balance on monthly payments.

$3500 for 7-room house on East Third street, thoroughly modern, strictly new and first-class in every respect. A model home; easy distance.

24 ACRES dock and bay property—the biggest snap ever offered—can be bought for $1500. If you want this you'll have to speak quick.

$2000 will buy an elegant corner on upper side of Superior street in East End.

$1600 buys 50 feet on East Superior street, upper side, in Endion.

$1200 will buy large corner on Jefferson street in nicest part of East End.

$1750 will buy 85-foot double corner on upper side of London road, in East End.

$650 will buy a good 50-foot lot on Jefferson street near Nineteenth avenue east.

WE WRITE FIRE INSURANCE.

GEO. H. CROSBY'S LIST

108-7-8 Providence Building.

THE BRULE.

Beautiful North Shore Stream Must Give Way to Industry.

The Brule river on the north shore is to be the next picturesque stream to be despoiled of its primeval beauty by the ruthless forces of civilization and industry.

The Brule River Improvement company was incorporated today with the register of deeds by Edward Lynch, Richard H. Fagan, Charles P. Maginnis, Alfred Jaques and Edwin H. Hall, all of Duluth. The purposes of the corporation is to improve the Brule river, in Cook county, so as to drive and assort logs on the stream and its tributaries and carry on general logging and lumbering operations thereon.

The Brule river is the largest stream on the north shore in American territory. It is especially picturesque in towering sheers of rocky banks, in high and tumbling cascades, and abrupt turns in its course between towering walls. It has been a favorite resort for trout fishermen for years and the old coterie of anglers, who owned the steam yachts Nautilus and Picket, controlled the fishing rights on the stream for some years. Well-known bankers and grain and business men in other lines of Duluth and Minneapolis have scrambled down its precipitous banks "at the bridge" and bravely waded up the bed of the stream, in water up to their necks in wet seasons, and with difficulty saving themselves from being swept off their feet by the tumbling current. From a point a little above the bridge which crosses at the county road, it is practically impossible for a long distance to get out of the bed of the stream in ascending it, the banks are so high and steep. The rugged beauty of the north shore is here seen on its largest scale. The Manitou may have higher banks and be more beautiful from its greater narrowness, and Kadonk creek may give more sudden sensations of abrupt changes, but fishermen who like hard work and the bigger trout, rather than the more frequent catches, for a change at least, will learn of the loss of their favorite stream with something akin to sorrow.

However, there is said to be large stores of timber accessible through the improvement of the Brule. It has many tributaries, covering a vast range of territory back on top of the hills, and the country nearby is said to be exceptionally well wooded.

The new company will clear up and straighten the channels, close sloughs, erect leeways and put in booms and side rolling, sluicing and flooding dams as needed. The capital of the company will be $10,000.

A CLOSE CALL.

Small Boy Nearly Enters the Kingdom Come.

There was an exciting time on a Lakeside car yesterday. One woman fainted, the faces of strong men blanched and the motorman shook like a leaf for a few moments, and all on account of a small boy.

It all happened in Lakeside. The car was running along at a pretty lively clip. On the road beside it was a lad on a sled pulled by a dog. The dog started to race with the car and was a good runner. For some distance he kept several feet in front of it, and the kid was having no end of fun. The passengers in the car were enjoying the race, too, almost as much as was the boy.

Suddenly the dog shot across the track directly in front of the car. The car struck the sled with a terrific smash. Then it was that the woman fainted and the faces of the men whitened. They thought the boy as good as dead, but it turned out that the young rascal slipped off the sled within a foot of the rails when the dog made his change in direction. He was unhurt, but frightened as much as the passengers.

The sled was a mass of kindling wood, the dog was unhurt, for the car had cut the harness loose from the sled.

Ready For Mailing.

The finest assortment of fancy and comic Valentines in the city. New designs. Nothing like our stock at the head of the lake. Prices very reasonable. See our window display. J. W. Nelson, 5 East Superior street.

CITY BRIEFS.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup. St.
Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.
Smoke Duluth Herald cigar, 5 cents.
Professor Ourat will organize the last adult beginners' class Wednesday, Feb. 12. Parlor theater. Fine show again tonight.
The St. Anthony's Charitable association will meet this afternoon at the home of Mrs. J. Goneau, flat No. 8, Merrill & Ring row.
The picture sale at Engels' Art Store starts tomorrow.
Alfred Hamel, of the Spalding billiard room, is the latest individual who took an icy dip in the waters of Lake Superior. He skated into a wide crack in the ice yesterday, but managed to fish himself out without serious consequences. This was the third time he has fallen into Lake Superior and he believes that, while not waterproof, death for him does not lie in the waters of Superior.
Mrs. R. C. Vincent, of 527 West Third street, will give an up-to-date social this evening, to which she has extended a cordial invitation to all of her friends.
The Woman's Missionary societies of Lester Park M. E. church will meet at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Brook. Study: "Paul to Constantine." Mrs. Wiggins will tell of Paul's missionary journeys and Mrs. Tourneau of the church of the catacombs. A vocal solo will be rendered by Mrs. D. H. Williams. A review of Jacob Riis' lecture, by Mrs. Powell, leader, and Mrs. Burbank will be given.
Messrs. C. E. Bassett and W. W. Parker, of French & Bassett, have just returned from an extensive buying tour to the principal manufacturing centers, where they have spent nearly a month in selecting goods for the spring trade.
Another game of indoor baseball is scheduled for the Armory Thursday night between the Freimuth and company A teams. Both clubs have made changes in their line-ups and a good contest is expected.
Parlor theater. New bill vaudeville acts.
Two discharges in bankruptcy were filed by Judge Lochren in United States district court today. They were for Matthew Foley, of Cass Lake, and James A. Quigg, of Deer River.
P. R. McDonnell has returned from Grand Forks, where he was a witness in the West-March trial. His friends on the street were bantering him about his connection with the case this morning. Mr. McDonnell says that the prospect for an active and prosperous season in the Red River valley is most favorable.
Capt. Thomas H. Presnell, deputy clerk of the United States district and circuit courts, left last evening for a two weeks' vacation in the southern part of the state. This evening he will attend the Loyal Legion banquet in St. Paul. He will visit in Minneapolis, Stillwater and other points before returning.
Mr. and Mrs. James C. Fisher left yesterday for Eau Claire, Wis., where they were called by the sudden death of Mrs. Fisher's father.
Local Manager Inman has set a crew of a dozen men at work overhauling the tugs of the Great Lakes Towing company's Duluth fleet. No important changes are to be made in any of the craft, but it is desired to have the whole fleet thoroughly overhauled before navigation car open.
The regular meeting of the Woman's Aid society will be held in the parlor of the First M. E. church tomorrow at 3 o'clock.
There will be Lenten services in St. Paul's Episcopal church tomorrow, Ash Wednesday. There will be service in the morning at 10:30 and again in the evening at 7:30. On Thursday there will be holy communion at 10 o'clock in the morning. On Friday there will be service at 7:30 in the evening and on Saturday afternoon there will be service at 4:15.
The police have solved the mystery of the missing $100 check which Charles Enquist thought he lost. Mr. Enquist cashed the check and left the money in Butchart & Duff's saloon where it was located by the "flying squndron" from police headquarters.
The first annual banquet of the Central Republican club, at the aWst End, will take place this evening at the Esmond hotel, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Michigan street. The number of tickets issued have been limited to 100 owing to the available room, but in succeeding events of the kind arrangements will be made to hold the banquet on a much larger scale. Among the list of speakers this evening are Mayor T. W. Hugo, J. Adam Bede and Clarence B. Miller. The banquet will begin at 9 o'clock.
A west bound East Fourth street car jumped the track between Thirteenth and Fourteenth avenues east this noon and brought up with a bump against the curb on the lower side of the street. The car was not damaged and nobody was shaken up, as there were no passengers on this car. It was put back on the track tis afternoon.

The Hanan Shoes For Spring 1902.

Our spring stock of Hanan shoes for men and women is now ready. They have the call in every large city in America and are worn by the most particular dressers everywhere. We have the exclusive selling agency in Duluth for these celebrated shoes, and carry a full and complete stock; all leathers, such as patent kid, chromo patent, viel kid, velour and box calf, etc., newest lasts, Victor, military, Nevada, Admiral, Columbia, McKinley, etc., in both lace and button styles—shoes and Oxfords—for either street or dress wear. Try a pair of Hanan shoes this season and you'll never wear any other make.

M. S. BURROWS.

RECOUNT IS ASKED

Papers Are Served In Demand For Review of Votes.

Claim Made That Every Precinct In City Will Show Errors.

Mayor Hugo Does Not Indicate What His Course Will Be.

The legal battle for the office of mayor is now on.

There has been much monologue on both sides of a "friendly" contest, but when it came down to an actual fight today, some person seemed to have cornered all the friendliness and pulled it off the market.

The Democrats think they have discovered irregularities that will elect Henry Truelsen, and the Republicans evidently fear something, for it is said they will fight the order for a recount.

This was unexpected. It was thought that both sides would choose a commissioner to recount the ballots, and these two men would select a third, and get down to the recounting by tomorrow.

However, the backers of Mayor Hugo closed up tighter than clams when the papers were served on them today, and about the only information that could be obtained was that the "friendly" recount application of the Democrats would be fought with the utmost unfriendliness.

The fight began this morning when Attorney J. B. Richards, acting for Henry Truelsen, served papers appealing from the council's decision in declaring Trevanion W. Hugo elected.

Later, additional papers were filed in the district court asking for the appointing of a commission of three to recount the ballots cast for mayor.

In these second papers it was claimed that in every precinct in the city mistakes were made giving votes to Hugo that should have been counted for Truelsen, and then there is a general blanket allegation that the total number of votes cast shows the election of Truelsen instead of Hugo.

The papers of Democrats are so made out that they cover everything without touching anything. A matter of caution. The object is simply to have a recount of the ballots, and if the recount results in favor of Hugo the fight will be dropped by them and Henry Truelsen will retire from politics permanently.

Under the application for a recount commission there is to be one Democrat and one Republican, and these two are to select a third man. If they are unable to agree on a third man the court would appoint the neutral member.

At first the Truelsen men, relying on the probability that the Republicans will not obstruct preliminary proceedings any, figure on getting an order from the court to begin the counting late tomorrow afternoon.

However, the Republicans have it in their power to fight the recount and delay it considerably. For instance, under the law the notice of contest may be served eight days before the order is issued by the court.

The Republicans have it in their power to stop all proceedings for a period of eight days at least, while the Democrats were in hope that the recount would be over by the first of next week.

Mayor Hugo spent half the day receiving papers that were being served on him and the other half refusing to talk for publication. He says that he has not selected an attorney to look after his interests in the case and does not know whether the case will be fought or not.

It seems that the Republican aldermen last evening, in declaring Mr. Hugo elected by nine votes, made a mistake which may give the Democrats an opening in case of a short contest. The council officially says that Mr. Hugo was elected by nine, thereby making the vote for mayor one more than the number of ballots in the ballot boxes as shown by the returns of the election judges.

ATHLETIC CONTEST.

The second in the series of athletic contests that are being held at the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium this winter has taken place, and Frank Maxwell, the assistant physical director of the gymnasium, and Will Olson scored the highest number of points. These two athletes were the winners in the first contest of the series. Mr. Maxwell's score in the last contest was 645 out of a possible 700 points, while Mr. Olson's score was 637.

There are a number of the young men engaged in these contests and all are showing marked improvement in their gymnasium work. They are scored according to the grade of their work and on the basis of 100 points for each test. Two more contests will be held, one about the middle of March and the last about the middle of April.

An Unusual Purchase.

The greatest single purchase of typewriters ever made was recently ordered by the ministry of justice at Vienna, for the Austrian government. After a three months' competitive test the contract has been awarded for the purchase of 1200 Smith-Premier typewriters.

Shipping All Rail.

The local companies are now taking orders for all-rail bituminous coal. The increased freight cost incurred in shipping all-rail from the mine results in an advance f. o. b. Duluth of 75 cents, bringing the price up to $4.50. As reported several weeks ago all the soft coal on dock here is under contract to the railroads, and in order to take care of their regular customers the coal companies have arranged for supplies by rail. The coal will simply be shipped through here, and will not be unloaded on the docks.

There is one rational way to treat nasal catarrh. The medicine is applied direct to the affected membrane. The remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. It restores the inflamed tissues to a healthy state without drying all the life out of them and it gives back the lost senses of taste and smell. The sufferer who is tired of vain experiments should use Cream Balm. Druggists sell it for 50 cents. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York, will mail it.

LIFE SAVED BY SWAMP-ROOT

The Great Kidney, Liver and Bladder Remedy.

SAMPLE BOTTLE SENT FREE BY MAIL

Swamp-Root, discovered by the eminent kidney and bladder specialist, promptly cures kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles.

Some of the early symptoms of weak kidneys are pain or dull ache in the back, rheumatism, dizziness, headache, nervousness, catarrh of the bladder, gravel or calculi, bloating, sallow complexion, puffy or dark circles under the eyes, suppression of urine, or compelled to pass water often day and night.

The mild and extraordinary effect of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best.

Sold by druggists in 50-cent and $1 sizes. You may have a sample bottle of Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root and a pamphlet that tells all about it, including many of the thousands of letters received from sufferers cured, both sent free by mail. Write Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., and please mention that you read this generous offer in The Duluth Evening Herald.

FINALLY GETS IT.

The friends and brother of the late Alex Harvey have finally succeeded in getting a death certificate signed, and the funeral will take place this afternoon from Durkan's morgue. Rev. A. W. Ryan will read the service, and interment will be at Forest Hill.

Secretary Gillis of the Port Arthur Maccabees, of which order Harvey was a member, is not yet satisfied that careless treatment did not cause Harvey's death. He thinks that Harvey caught cold in being taken from the hospital to the poor farm, though the county poor authorities say that he improved greatly while at the poor farm, eating heartily and mending considerably. Mr. Gillis says that Superintendent Cook claims that Health Officer Robinson said Harvey was fit to be moved, and that Dr. Robinson declares that he didn't say so. He will try to get a conference with both this evening, when he will decide what steps to take concerning the matter.

Neither Dr. Robinson nor County Physician Graham would sign a certificate of Harvey's death. Finally the house doctor at St. Mary's furnished the authority for burial, assigning death to accute pulmonary tuberculosis.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. and Mrs. B. Silberstein and Mrs. A. Bondy left this afternoon for New York and Washington.

L. W. Powell has returned from a trip to Chicago and Kentucky, where he had been with Mrs. Powell and family. Mrs. Powell may go farther South, if the climate of Kentucky does not favor her health.

C. J. O'Donnell and Fred L. Ryan leave this evening for St. Paul to represent the Duluth council, Knights of Columbus, at the state council meeting to be held in that city tomorrow morning.

U. G. Holloway, who has been confined to St. Luke's hospital for the past two weeks with inflammatory rheumatism, is able to be out again.

W. S. Birch, of Fessenden, N. D., for many years a resident of Duluth, where he was engaged in the grain business is visiting in the city and will be here for a week or ten days. Mr. Birch is in the banking business at Fessenden.

S. J. Bigelow, of the Michigan Central, left last night for the copper country.

H. F. Brown, of Minneapolis, who has a large stock farm near the line of the Eastern Minnesota, is at the Spalding.

R. M. Sellwood left last night for the Gogebic range.

Michael Messuer, Martin Messuer and A. D. Edwards, a party of officials of the Atlantic mine, Mich., are at the St. Louis.

L. Newman will leave over the South Shore tonight for Toronto.

H. N. Okerstrom is in town today from Port Wing. He is a guest at the St. Louis.

A party consisting of A. O. Hulberg, of Duluth and Dr. R. J. Sewell, C. Carlson and O. G. Hulberg, of Two Harbors, left over the Northern Pacific today for a trip to the coast.

M. J. Peppard will take the South Shore this evening for the copper country.

F. J. Hill, of the Alger-Smith company, and Mrs. Hill left today over the Omaha for a trip through the Southwest to the coast.

Clarence Dennis, a former editor and land office official at Ashland, is at the McKay.

D. McEachern, manager of the Itasca Mercantile company's store at Hibbing, took the Eastern train last night for St. Paul.

W. C. McClure came up from Saginaw this morning. He is at the Spalding.

H. J. Payne, chief engineer of the South Shore, came over from Marquette this morning. He is said to regard himself as a possible Duluthian at an early date.

Fred D. Vibert, a Cloquet editor, is in town today, a guest at the St. Louis.

Mrs. Ward Ames and Ward Ames, Jr., left on the Northern Pacific limited this afternoon for San Diego, Cal.

W. R. Wallace, of Hibbing, is a guest at the St. Louis.

District Freight Agent Robertson went down the line of the South Shore last night.

E. J. Longyear came down from Hibbing today and is at the Spalding.

RESIDENCE FIRE.

Fire this afternoon in the home of F. L. Barker, 2427 East First street, did about $500 worth of damage.

The fire alarm was given over the telephone and as usual, in such instances a mistake was made, the department going up to Third street instead of First street. By the time the apparatus got down to First street again the fire had gained a good start in the walls of the house and threatened it with destruction.

The firemen soon had it under control, however, but the mistake in sending the alarm over the telephone undoubtedly caused several hundred dollars' worth of unnecessary loss.

It is supposed that the fire caught from defective heating apparatus.

Pure Olive Oil.

Imported direct from Italy by B. SUMMERS & SON, 212 West Superior street.

WILL RETIRE.

M. Jacoby to Leave the Clerk of Court's Office.

M. Jacoby announced today that he would retire as deputy in Clerk of Court Johnson's office after the close of the March term of court. He will be succeeded by U. G. Holloway, who has been a special deputy.

Mr. Jacoby will devote all his time to the development of copper and oil properties in which he has become interested. He has been a deputy clerk since appointment by Clerk Chester in 1899, and it is said by attorneys and patrons of the office that he has given good satisfaction as an official.

Mr. Holloway is secretary of the Central Republican club, and for a number of years was connected with the Duluth, Missabe & Northern and Eastern Minnesota railways. He has been suffering from rheumatism, but is again able to be about.

NO RELIEF.

Car Famine Seems to Be as Serious as Ever.

"Cars, cars, cars," is the cry of eastbound roads from Duluth and of shippers who have commodities all piled up waiting for a chance to get out. Grain shipments to the seaboard are practically at a standstill, and lumber that would have to pass over eastbound lines is practically stagnant. The car famine is as extreme as it has been the past year, as far as the Eastern lines are concerned. They simply have to say that they would like to do business with you, and perhaps they will be able to get a car or two a little later, but just now—well, they're awfully sorry they can't help you out. What few cars become available are quickly swallowed up, without materially affording relief to anybody. Meanwhile commodities sold to go East have to wait, and commodities that would be sold if cars could be gotten are not sold. To that extent the car famine is injuring general business, for in some instances at least trades that were under way had to be abandoned and the business will not be done this season.

Picture Sale.

We will for the next three days, commencing tomorrow morning, Feb. 12, have a sale on water colors, oil paintings, etchings, steel engravings, pastels, photogravures, carbons and reproductions of all kinds. Come and select your goods. We will do the rest. If you need a picture this is a lifetime opportunity to get them at a wholesale price. All statuary at 50 per cent. Our new and artistic wall hanging now in for inspection.

ENGELS' ART STORE, 17-19 Third Avenue West.

THEY ENTERTAINED.

Duluth Chinese Celebrated Their New Year.

Instead of celebrating the Chinese New Year with the rumbling rattle of the tom tom, pink paper throwing, and fireworks, the Duluth Celestials last night entertained about 200 friends in the parlors of the First Presbyterian church.

There are twenty-five Chinamen in the Presbyterian Sabbath school and each one of these has a teacher. Last evening they gave presents to their teachers and to oen another, and then entertained all their friends at a regular banquet.

ADMITTED TO PROBATE.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—A St. Cloud, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The will of Alexander Moore was admitted to probate today over the objections of his daughter, Carrie Vinje, the contestant.

A PUPILS' TRIBUTE

Bust of Lincoln Unveiled at the Monroe School.

Represents the Contributions of Scholars Attending There.

Mayor Hugo and Supt. Denfeld Address the School.

A pretty and impressive patriotic ceremony took place this morning at the Monroe school at the West End. It was the occasion of the unveiling of a fine plaster of paris bust of Abraham Lincoln, standing about three feet high and mounted on a tall pedestal. The bust was purchased through funds raised by the children of the Monroe school, assisted by their teachers, and is an emblem of which the school may well be proud.

All the children of the school were marched to the assembly hall, where stood the statue veiled in the American flag. The exercises were begun under the direction of the principal of the school, Miss Minnie Milne, the children singing "America." It was an interesting and patriotic lesson to see the 200 children stand and with enthusiasm carry through without a break the national hymn.

After the song, Samuel Bingham, a diminutive kindergartner, came forward and unpinned the flag, which dropped to the floor and exposed to the gaze of the children for the first time the object for which they had been working so faithfully to purchase.

Mayor Hugo and Superintendent Denfeld were guests of honor of the occasion, and the former made the opening talk to the children. Mayor Hugo said that he could easily make speeches to grown-up people, but when it came to speaking to the children, it made the ticklish sensations run up and down his back. This remark was much appreciated by the children. Mr. Hugo then related a story. He outlined in an entertaining mananer how Columbus came to discover the country, the settlements in the North and the South, the conditions that favored slavery in the South, the trouble it made, finally culminating in a war between the North and the South. He said that it was about this time that there came forward a man by the name of Abraham Lincoln, homely and ungainly, but who declared that the states should not separate, that it was only through unity that the nation could live.

Mayor Hugo then told of Lincoln's life, his aims, his successes, and pointed out the way that the children should strive to emulate the martyred president's example.

Superintendent Denfeld gave the children an excellent talk along the line of the lessons taught them in the life of Abraham Lincoln, pointing out to them the great advantages they have for acquiring an education that Lincoln did not have, and how much they should appreciate them. He urged each girl and each boy to strive to be as honest and truthful as was Abraham Lincoln, and at all times, as Lincoln, do others as much good as lies within their power.

The ceremony closed with a patriotic exercise by the pupils under the direction of their teachers.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We close at 5:30 and open at 8:35.

Store Notes.

Hundreds of women are already at work on their Spring and Summer Dresses and Waists.

By beginning now they can pick up a bargain here and there, and get more for their money than they can later when the rush commences.

Simple Dresses and Waists can be made quite easily if you get a pattern and are at all nimble with your fingers. The entire dress need cost only a few dollars.

The materials are here earlier than usual this year, because Easter comes earlier.

Some dressmakers tell us that they already have engagements that will keep them busy right up to Easter.

This store is the sole agent for the McCall Patterns, which are sold for 10c and 15c each. Women say it is foolish to pay twice that sum for patterns no better, if as good.

The patterns and fashion sheets for March are already here. The fashion sheets are free.

The store grows more interesting every day. The new things come piling in as fast as trains can bring them.

When the warm days come you will be glad you took our advice to begin your Spring and Summer dressmaking now.

Have you seen the beautiful new costumes and separate skirts? They are indeed beautiful and worth studying if only for the suggestions they offer. Not many, but enough to give you an idea of what the best styles will be.

Some winter coats, furs and other things are being closed out now at from a third to a half of their former prices.

If you want to keep up with the new fashions, you must come every day or so now to see the lovely things that are being unpacked.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Lincoln Exercises.

Lincoln day exercises were held at the high school this afternoon. The senior class presented the program, which was augmented by speeches from Principal Smith and Superintendent Denfeld. The program follows:

"America" ..... The School.
Remarks ..... Principal Smith.
"Lincoln's Self Sacrifice" ..... Leta Phelps.
Reading—Selections from "The Crisis" ..... Leora Fenton.
Song ..... Senior Chorus.
Oration—"If Lincoln Were Here" ..... Asaur Ringsred.
Reading—"The First American" ..... Carrie Neff.
Song ..... Senior Chorus.
Oration—"Lincoln's Fame" ..... Louis Zalk.
Remarks ..... R. E. Denfeld.
"Star Spangled Banner" ..... School.

Judge Dickinson Very Low.

Judge D. A. Dickinson, who has been ill at his home for many weeks, has within the past few days had a severe turn for the worse and has failed rapidly. At 3 o'clock this afternoon it was not believed that he could live through the day.

SMALL HAUL.

St. Paul, Feb. 11—A Glenwood, Minn., special to the Dispatch says: The safe in the store of the McKinley Mercantile company was blown open by burglars and about $75 in money was taken. No clue has been found. The tools used in drilling the safe were taken from Russell's machine shop.

DIED FROM BURNS.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—An Eau Claire, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: The little girl, Mattie Moore, who was terribly burned last night, died at 2 o'clock this morning. Drs. Goddard, Parker and Montgomery had been summoned and did all they could. The child was burned about the face and head and suffered intensely. She was conscious and able to talk. Officer Munger sent a telegram to the father, Louis Moore, who is employed at Wolf & Ryan's camp near Bruce.

PATRICK'S CASE.

New York, Feb. 11.—John Wallace, paying teller of Swenson & Sons' bank, was examined today in the trial of Albert T. Patrick. The recorder would not permit him to tell of a telephone conversation with Charles F. Jones, the valet, the day after Rice's death. Witness formally identified 156 papers as having been signed by Mr. Rice.

Commissioner Lederle succeeded Wallace on the witness stand and identified the photographic exhibits in the case.

IN CONGRESS.

Washington, Feb. 11.—In the senate a joint resolution changing the date of meeting of congress and inauguration of the president from March 4 to the last Thursday in April was adopted.

In the house the debate on the oleo bill was continued.

NEGOTIATIONS

With the Bulgarian Brigands Have Been Renewed.

Constantinople, Feb. 11.—The American delegates remaining at Seres, Macedonia, after the failure recently of negotiations for the ransoming of the abducted American missionary, Miss Ellen M. Stone, and her companion, Mme. Tsilka, have again started negotiations with the brigands.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

NEW VEILING



Nothing wanting in style and the beauty-giving attributes that a pretty veil lends to the face.

We have just opened a large importation of veils from the European fashion centers. Veiling in all black, all white combinations, navy and brown—50c a yard.

Chiffon veilings in new designs of embroidered rings, dots and figures in self color and combination of color—50c and 75c a yard.

Fancy Mesh Veils, black, with all sized chenille dots and plain—25c, 35c, 40c and up to 90c a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Silberstein & Bondy Co.

We Shall Display Tomorrow Our First Shipment of Women's Neckwear for Spring!

Among them are clever combinations of the newest shades in "Golf Red and Green" in combinations. Some edged, some feather stitched and with the various sized Polka Dots. These are the decided novelties of this spring season.

We also show many new things in the black and white combinations, which also promise to become very popular.

And also a large showing of the more delicate shades of pink, blue, corn, hello, etc., in the various combinations—at 50c, 59c, 75c and up to $5.00.

We also show many new novelties in turn-over collars in lace and embroidered effects.

Get an idea from the window display.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

TITLE VALID.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Former United States Senator Samuel Pasco, now a member of the Isthmian canal commission, testified before the senate committeen on inter-oceanic canals today that he had carefully investigated the proposition made by the new Panama Canal company for the sale of the Panama canal rights and that he was fully convinced that under the French laws and usages of the French courts that the company has a valid title to the franchises and right-of-way to the canal and could therefore make arrangements with the United States.

In reply to questions, Mr. Pasco said he understood that there are now two gentlemen in the city from Colombia for the purpose of co-operating with the minister from that country in granting the necessary concessions for the construction of the Panama canal by the United States.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm der Groose, Bremen.
New York—Arrived: Maasdam, Rotterdam.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

John D. Lamont and Grace Woolcock.

BIRTHS.

NORDSTROM—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Nordstrom, 2224 West Fourth street.
DESCHENE—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. H. Deschene, 2214 West Second street.
LARSON—A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Carl Larson, 2816 Huron street.
JOHNSON—A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. Gust Johnson, 3910 Halifax street.

CARD OF THANKS.

WE WISH TO EXTEND OUR HEARTfelt thanks to our many friends and especially to Pearl hive, No. 4, for the sympathy and kindness shown us at the death of our little daughter, Margaret Lucile. Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Close.

Open day and Night. 730 W. SUP. ST. New 'Phone 1258
FLOOD & HORGAN, Undertakers and Embalmers
JOHN FLOOD, Manager. DULUTH, MINN

HOME GROWN FLOWERS, Floral Designs and Lodge Emblems. Wedding Decorations made on short notice. Largest Greenhouses.
BISCHEN BROS., 119 W. Superior St. Both Phones.

TOO LATE TO CLASSIFY.

LADIES DOING FINE SEWING OR fancy work recommend Satin-Skin to keep hands soft, supple and white. 25c.

COMPLETE HOUSEFURNISHERS.

YOUR CREDIT

$25.00 worth of goods $5.00 a month.
$50.00 worth of goods $7.00 a month.
$100 worth of goods $10.00 a month.
Amounts between in proportion.

IS GOOD.

"A penny saved is a penny earned."
Save that penny by trading here.

French & Bassett

Corner First Street and Third Avenue West.

RATES REDUCED.

LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE.

Our lines are now completed to St. Paul and Minneapolis and we are able to give connections with hundreds of towns and cities. Every one of our telephones are long distance 'phones.

Zenith City Telephone Co.



We do as we advertise.

Modern dentistry at reasonable prices and no non-graduates employed.

Full Set Best Teeth $10.00
NO CHARGE FOR EXTRACTING WHEN PLATES ARE ORDERED.
Gold Crowns (22-k) $7.00
Porcelain Crowns....$5.00
Gold Filling up from $1.50
Silver Filling up from 75c

Zenith 'Phone 168. Open Sundays 10 to 12.
Drs. Johnson & Kaake,
Mesaba Block, 407 W. Superior St.

EDUCATE FILIPINOS

Governor Taft Will Have Consultation With President Hadley.

Natives Must Be Prepared at Home Before Coming Over.

Governor Will Say Nothing About the Political Situation.

New York, Feb. 11.—Governor Taft of the Philippines has arrived in this city from Washington. "My visit to this city is purely a family affair," he said. "We have arranged a kind of reunion—my mother and aunt and by brother's family. I probably shall consult my physician within the net few days, but nothing will be done toward an operation until the Philippines' committee has finished with me. I am in improved health, but it looks as if an operation will be necessary later. I am due before the committee on Friday, so I shall have to leave for Washington on Thursday. Meanwhile I am under orders to say nothing about the Philippine situation. Mr. Lodge wished me to discuss no phase of the matter as long as I am giving testimony. The prohibition includes the Philippine tariff bill. President Schurman's speech, the extent of the rebellion, reconcentration methods and the interpretation of ultimate independence."

Governor Taft consented, however, to talk about native education. He said: "You will remember that it was proposed to educate a few young Filipinos at Yale as an experiment, and, perhaps initiative. So far nothing has been done. But I had a talk with President Hadley, the other day in Washington, and I may run up to New Haven soon, as the matter is of importance. Of course the difficulty is that a native cannot be suddenly imported to this country and thrust into the higher education. He must be caught young and adequately prepared. Looking to this end, we shall have his schools in the islands as a stepping stone to our universities.

"But Mr. Atkinson, superintendent of schools, tells me that his schools will not be possible until next year at least. In the meantime he is pushing ahead with primary schools. It is desirable, however, that a set of young leaders, who can return to the islands, be educated in this country as soon as it is practicable, in order that they may learn the unity of American institutions and get a grip on American life. "I have given my promise to return to the islands by May 1, which will mean my leaving this country on April 1. I hope I shall be able to keep that promise."

For Something Special to Eat try WALL'S Star Chop House.

AT THE HOTELS

M. J. Peppard, a well known railroad construction contractor, came up from Minneapolis this morning, and is at the St. Louis.

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A trio of Two Harbors people who are registered at the McKay are Dr. R. J. Sewall and Mrs. M. Pastoret, P. W. Sture of Ely is another guest, and the Mesaba range contributes to the McKay's guest list N. A. Holmes, of Virginia, and W. J. Murphy, of Hibbing.

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At the St. Louis are J. S. Lutes and J. D. Shilling, of Biwabik, and W. N. Moulton, of Two Harbors.

• • •

F. T. Breneman, a Grand Rapids business man, arrived at the St. Louis last night.

• • •

J. T. McPhee, a well known resident of Koochiching, is at the St. Louis. Mr. McPhee took the winter route, driving down to Tower over the old stage route and there taking the train for Duluth.

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J. E. Richardson, Milwaukee Clayton Hall, New York; C. H. Richards, Minneapolis; W. C. Smith, B. H. Walker, St. Paul; R. N. Nichols, Little Falls; Charles S. Kennedy, Dayton, Ohio; A. B. Campbell, New York; W. S. Shaw, Philadelphia; Henry S. Koppin, Wabasha, Minn., and C. B. Collins, St. Louis, are registered at the Spalding.

C. R. Blackburn, LaCrosse; H. J. Romanowsky, Chicago; V. H. Folmnson, Minneapolis; W. W. Browne, Biwabik; A. L. Dundas, Ashland; E. G. Johnson, Cloquet; G. Mesuer, Brule, and W. F. Nicolay, Minneapolis, are at the McKay.

• • •

E. W. Farr, Minneapolis; S. Sommerville, Springfieldll Mass.; H. B. Merrick, Chicago; J. V. Nelson, St. Paul; Frank E. Zllisch, Milwaukee; C. F. Sheldon, Minneapolis; L. H. Appold, Oshkosh; D. J. Moheney, St. Paul; E. C. Garlick, Virginia, and M. C. Scully, Chicago, are at the St. Louis.

NEW BOATS.

Anchor Line to Have Better One For Duluth Run.

The Pennsylvania road is said to have begun the creation of a fleet of larger vessels by contracting for the construction of two steel vessels, one of which, according to the report, is to be a large steel passenger and freight boat for the Duluth-Buffalo run. The latter, it is said, will not come out until the season of 1903. The second vessel contracted for will probably be placed in commission between Chicago and Buffalo. It is said to be the plan of the line, which is known on the lakes as the Anchor line, to gradually replace its boats of the China, Japan and India class with the most modern type of combination carriers, with the especial aim of increasing the carrying capacity of the fleet.

TO CRUSH RAILWAY LOBBY.

Tacoma, Wash., Feb. 11.—Governor McBride of this state has made a new move in his war on the railway lobby. He has announced his intention to dismiss any state employe who accepts a pass over a railroad and declares he will crush out the lobby.

THROWS A BOMB

Ald. Cromwell Lands One Among the Saloon Men.

Introduces an Ordinance Abolishing Wine and Card Rooms.

Council Makes an Error In Declaring Result of Election.

The council last night:

Introduced an ordinance abolishing wine and card rooms in saloons.

Made a mistake of one vote in declaring Hugo re-elected by nine.

Canvassed the official returns of the city election without discovering errors.

Passed the election judge and clerk pay rolls, aggregating $3924.20.

Ordered tar macadam pavement on Nineteenth avenue east below Fourth street.

Postponed action on resolution requesting double-truck cars for West Duluth line.

Took preliminary steps toward enlarging No. 2 fire hall at West End.

Ordered watchman kept at Point of Rocks to prevent damage from blasting.

Ordered extension of Jefferson street between Twenty-sixth avenue and Gallat street.

Ordered a sanitary sewer to be built in Fourth street between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west.

Bang!
Bang!
Crash!

These sounds shrieked and reverberated through the council chamber last evening.

In the midst of the furore there stalked into view a tall, short, narrow, thick-set ordinance.

It was introduced to the other aldermen by President Cromwell and came near stampeding the meeting.

Briefly, the ordinance is to abolish wine rooms and card rooms in saloons.

Mr. Cromwell retires from the council on March 4, but if his ordinance passes his name will be active in city affairs for some time to come.

It is understood that Mr. Cromwell is backed in this movement by several thousand prominent citizens and church workers.

On the other hand, he will be fought by the liquor element more fiercely than he was fought by the same crowd in the Third ward during the recent campaign.

The liquor element defeated him for alderman, but there is some question about its ability to defeat him in the anti-wine room fight.

After the introduction of the ordinance last night several aldermen that were naturally supposed to be opposed to a proposition of this nature expressed the opinion that the ordinance would pass.

In addition to the support of a number of the council's "strong" men, Mr. Cromwell is backed up by a supreme court decision which says that his ordinance is without flaw.

In this connection it may be said that the ordinance is a copy of that now in effect in Minneapolis. The liquor men in that city fought it in the council and then fought it in the courts after it attained the dignity of a city statute.

The ordinance won on every count.

Mr. Cromwell said last night that the object of the ordinance was to do away with women and gambling in saloons, and to prevent young men from frequenting saloons. He claims that the young men drink in the "little back" rooms because they do not care to be seen out at the bar, and that by doing away with the rooms it will keep a number of young men out of the saloons.

The ordinance would probably play havoc in the liquor business. There is scarcely a saloon in Duluth that has not a wine or card room.

The ordinance reads as follows:

"Section 1. No licensed liquor dealer shall construct, build or maintain with screens, curtains or partitions of any kind, any stall, booth or enclosure, in or connected with any room or place in any building where any kind of intoxicating liquor is sold or disposed of by such liquor dealer in the city of Duluth; provided that nothing this ordinance contains shall be construed to mean that a screen or partition cannot be maintained inside of the front door or entrance of saloon or bar room.

"Section 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this ordinance shall in conviction thereof be punished by a fine of not less than $25 nor more than $100, or upon default of payment of such fine, by imprisonment of not less than thirty days nor more than ninety days. This ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage and publication."

The ordinance was referred to the ordinance committee, consisting of Aldermen Moore, Neff and Barnes.

Judging from Alderman Moore's position for everything in the interest of temperance, and the utterance of another member of the committee, the ordinance will be reported back to the council next Monday night, and it is possible that an effort will be made to put it through.

The license committee can report in favor of the ordinance, or against it, or without recommendation. Even if defeated the ordinance will put a number of persons on record, and as a matter of political revenge, there may be even some satisfaction in that for certain persons

• • •

In the official count of the recent municipal election the council declared Mayor Hugo re-elected by nine votes instead of eight.

This is one on the council instead of on Truelsen. Mr. Hugo's lead is still eight despite the declaration of the aldermen. The mistake was made in copying off the returns on the type writer.

The typewritten slips in the hands of the aldermen showed that Hugo received 128 votes in the first precinct of the Second ward, when the return slips showed 129. On the strength of this the aldermen counted one more vote for Mr. Hugo.

As a matter of fact the unofficial returns at the city clerk's office, on which the first estimates were based gave this precinct 129, so there is no change in the result.

The returns were carefully checked and readded again today and show that Mr. Hugo has but a margin of eight votes.

After the official count the council declared that there had been 7329 votes cast for mayor at the recent election, of which number Trevanion W. Hugo, the Republican candidate received 3654, and Henry Truelsen, Democratic candidate, 3645, and Louis Dworschak, Socialist Labor, 124.

Marcus B. Cullum, Democrat, was declared elected alderman from the First ward; Theodore M. Krumsieg, Democrat, alderman from the Second ward; Joseph Mannheim, Democrat, alderman from the Third ward; Thomas Trevillion, Republican, alderman from the Fourth ward; William E. McEwen, Democrat, alderman from the Fifth ward; Eric Olson, Republican, alderman from the Sixth ward; Roland D. Haven, Republican, from the Seventh ward, and William E. Kern, Democrat, from the Eighth ward.

The new aldermen will take their seats on Tuesday evening, March 4.

• • •

The pay rolls for the election judges, clerks and rental for polling booths was submitted last night. The election cost $3924.20.

• • •

The long cherished boulevarding of Nineteenth avenue east will soon exist in something more definite than theory. The council last night ordered the avenue graded and paved with tar macadam from Fourth street to South street, in accordance with a petition from the property owners.

The avenue will be narrowed to a width of twenty-four feet, and this will give room for a grass plot between the sidewalk and the curb. The improvement will cost about $25,000.

• • •

Alderman Cochrane introduced a resolution calling on the Duluth-Superior Traction company to put modern double truck cars on its West Duluth line. The resolution was laid over for one week.

• • •

Alderman Olson, peering into the future saw the necessity of enlarging No. 2 fire hall and concluded that much rock would have to be used in enlarging it. At present many tons of rock are being hauled past the fire hall from the cut in the Point of Rocks and Mr. Olson concluded it would be a saving of money to lay by a supply of rock now and had a resolution adopted to that effect.

• • •

Alderman Barnes introduced a resolution instructing the board of public works to keep a man constantly on duty at the Point of Rocks to look after the city's interests and if possible lessen the danger from blasting. The resolution was adopted.

• • •

The extension of Jefferson street was ordered through the inauguration of condemnation proceedings to acquire property from Twenty-ninth avenue east to Gallat street.

• • •

A sanitary sewer was ordered in Fourth street between Twenty-sixth and Twenty-seventh avenues west.

IS CLOSED.

Navigation to Duluth Has Ceased---Open at Two Harbors.

The harbor of Duluth is ice-locked with ice which extends out into the lake a distance of twelve miles. The steamer Bon Ami, of the Singer line, yesterday made its first trip from Two Harbors as the southerly terminus of its route, and today the Hunter, of the Booth line, will follow suit. Navigation closes on Lake Superior as far as Duluth is concerned at about the same time as last year. The steamers of both north shore lines will continue running north from Two Harbors as long as business and the weather will permit. The Bon Ami yesterday found too much ice off Cross river to put off a load there for Dolan's camp. The city ferry will continue running all winter, in all probability, but she is the only craft in the harbor that now may be said to be in commission.

Dr. Bull's
Cures all Throat and Lung Affections.
COUGH SYRUP
Get the genuine. Refuse substitutes.
IS SURE
Salvation Oil cures Rheumatism. 15 & 25 cts.

WE REFUND

The Price of Vinol If It Does Not Give Satisfaction.

Our Faith In It is Unbounded.

We know of no remedy that is more universally successful than Vinol.

Vinol is not by any means a cure all. We do not wish any of our friends to believe for a moment that we claim it to be.

We do wish all to know, however, that we enthusiastically endorse Vinol, because we all have investigated and know everything that it contains, and we know that the elements contained in Vinol have the power to do what we claim.

The main thing to which Vinol owes its merit is the medicinal elements in a highly concentrated state that have given to cod liver oil its reputation as a specific in all wasting diseases.

These same elements have been collected from the liver of the cod, and having been freed from the obnoxious grease, that made cod liver oil so unpopular, and dissolved in a delicious table wine; this, with the addition of a slight amount of iron, is all our Vinol is.

In all cases of chronic coughs, bronchitis, severe colds, general debility, loss of appetite, all derangements of the stomach, etc., we recommend Vinol. So unconditionally do we recommend it that we offer in all instances to refund to anyone the money they pay us for Vinol, if they do not find it in every respect all that we claim for it.

Following is one of the many letters we continually receive showing the enthusiasm felt by the takers of Vinol.

"I would not take $100 for the good Vinol has done my wife and children. The children had the measles and were left with a bad cough, and my wife was run down in health. I bought two bottles of Vinol, and my children are strong and well, and my wife says she feels better than she has for years." Mr. W. E. Holmes, 521 8th St., Muncie, Ind.

If you will accept our invitation to call on us and hear what we have to say about Vinol, we can promise you that the time consumed will be to your advantage.

S. F. BOYCE
DRUGGIST.

LENTEN SEASON

Tomorrow Is Ash Wednesday, First Day of Lent.

Bishop McGolrick Issues Circular Letter to His People.

The Fasts and Abstinence and Duty of Observing Them.

Tomorrow is Ash Wednesday, the first day of the Lenten season. It will continue until March 30, which is Easter Sunday.

The Lenten season is especially observed by the Roman Catholic and Episcopal churches. In the former church it is a period of obligatory fasting and abstinence.

Rt. Rev. James McGolrick, bishop of Duluth, has issued a circular letter to the priests and laity of his diocese, presenting the regulations for Lent and the conditions imposed upon the members of the church. It is as follows:

"From the precept of fast are excused: Those under the age of 21 years or over the age of 60; the infirm and the convalescent; women bearing or nursing children; persons engaged in hard labor or other duties exhaustive of physical strength; persons who from poverty are unable to procure for the principal meal a sufficiency of nutritive food.

"From the precept of abstinence are excused: The young under the age of 7 years; the sick; persons who are so situated as not to be able to procure for themselves abstinence food.

"In virtue of the authority conceded to bishops in the United States by a recent pontifical indult, permission is granted to 'working people' to use meat on all days of Lent, with the exception of Fridays, Ash Wednesday, the Wednesday and the Saturday of Holy Week.

"This dispensation from abstinence extends to all three meals in the day.

"The usual prohibition remains against using flesh meat and fish at the same meal.

"Where the wage earner, in virtue of the indult, uses meat, all the members of his household may likewise use it. The church does not wish to impose upon the household the inconvenience of double cooking. But, in cases of this kind, the members of the household who are bound by the precept of fast, are allowed the use of meat only at their principal meal.

"The sovereign pontiff exhorts all who make use of the privileges of the indult to be still mindful of their duty to practice self-denial; and he counsels that instead of the abstinence from meat some other sacrifice of bodily comfort be practiced, the sovereign pontiff himself suggesting as such sacrifice abstinence from intoxicating drink.

"When doubt exists as to whether one's condition or circumstances allow exemption from the precept of fast and abstinence, counsel should be asked from confessors or pastors, who are the authoritative interpreters of the law, and who are even empowered, in special cases, for good and sufficient reasons, indicated in Catholic theology, to commute the precepts of fast and abstinence to other penitential works.

"In enjoining upon the faithful fast and abstinence, the holy church makes a practical application of the evangelical law of self-denial, of which the Savior and his apostles were, by example and by word, such eminent teachers. Without self-denial there is no Christianity. Indeed, without self-denial there is no natural morality. The man who has not acquired by habit the power of self-restraint will not be victorious over sin, amid the storms and temptations of life which all men must encounter."

A FINE BALL.

An Immense Crowd Attends the Letter Carriers' Dance.

The ball given at the Armory last evening by the Duluth Letter Carriers' association was a fine success, in fact it far surpassed the expectations of the carriers themselves. The dancing hall was crowded throughout the evening. No larger crowd has ever attended a dance at the Armory.

All appointments were complete and the carriers entertained their guests in a handsome manner. George W. Paul a letter carrier, led the Olympic orchestra which played for the dancing and the music delighted all and received many high compliments. Refreshments were served during the evening.

The committee in charge of the arrangements consisted of: S. J. Kriz, Thomas G. Thompson, John Hennebery, R. G. Malcolm, A. E. Halvorsen, A. R. Sabin and G. W. Paul.

On the Fourth of July next the Wisconsin State Letter Carriers' association will meet in Superior. A large number of the delegates will come to Duluth and the letter carriers here are anxious to entertain them in a manner that will reflect credit on the metropolis of the head of the lakes. This dance was given to raise funds for that purpose. Its complete financial as well as social success has placed then in a position to give the visitors a reception in accordance with their desires.

AN ATHLETE'S MURDER.

Noted Criminal Case On Trial In Iowa.

Des Moines, Iowa, Feb. 11.—The trial of Mat Hunter at Mount Ayr for the murder of Homer Holland will be held this week. Holland, who was known to all the athletes of the state, and held a remarkable record on long-distance running and broad jumping, was shot and killed by Hunter on the streets of Mount Ayr last November, as the result of a quarrel in which a debt of $20 and a love affair figured.

Hunter owed Holland $20. Both young men were interested in a gambling resort at Mount Ayr. Holland was in love with Miss Jessie Bowman, a telephone girl of Leon, and Hunter was also attached to the young woman and had given her presents. On the day of the murder, Holland urged Hunter to pay him the money as he wanted to go to Leon to call on Miss Bowman that night. Instead of paying him, Hunter bantered Holland about Miss Bowman. In the course of the crap game, in which Hunter was trying to fleece his victim, Holland picked up a $20 bill that Hunter had laid on the table and then walked home.

Hunter went in quest of him in a short time and meeting him on the streets, shot and killed him. The murder excited the greatest feeling in Mount Ayr and attracted notice throughout the state on account of Holland's wide acquaintance. Hunter is now in jail under a strong guard.

THE SAME ONES.

London, Feb. 11.—According to the Hong Kong correspondent of the Times, the Chinese who destroyed the Fayen mission are the same men who started the anti-Christian crusade of 1900. Fearing punishment, they joined the French Catholic church, continuing under its protection their hostility to Protestants.

MAN'S MALADIES AND THEIR CURE.

Millions of Men Have Been Wrecked on the Rock of Sexual Vice.

THOUSANDS HAVE BEEN RESCUED BY

Progressive Medical Association,

SPECIALISTS IN DISEASES OF MEN.



"I made up my mind soon after graduating from college that no one man was great enough to master the entire field of medicine and surgery. Many physicians have tried to do this, but they have met with results usually disappointing to themselves and often disastrous to their patients. For this reason I determined early in my professional career to confine my practice strictly to a single line of diseases and to originating and perfecting cures for them."

We therefore treat only what we are absolutely certain that we can positively cure to stay cured—

VARICOCELE,
STRICTURE,
NERVO-SEXUAL DEBILITY,
BLOOD POISON,
RUPTURE, KIDNEY
AND URINARY DISEASES

and all reflex complications and associate diseases and weaknesses of men.

Longest Established, Most Successful and Reliable Specialists in Diseases of Men, as Medical Diplomas, Licenses and Newspaper records show.

To these maladies alone the best years of my life have been earnestly devoted and on them all my faculties are concentrated. Our consultation and operating rooms are thoroughly equipped with every scientific apparatus, instrument and device essential to the most modern methods of practice, and our references, both professional and financial, are among the best citizens of this vicinity, who have been cured by our treatment and made happy. We want every afflicted man to fully and freely investigate our treatment. We treat each case separately, scientifically, closely watching it and carefully following its symptoms with varied remedies through every stage.

CORRESPONDENCE.

Many cases can be treated successfully at home. One personal visit is preferred, but if it is impossible or inconvenient for you to call at our offices write a full and unreserved history of your case, plainly stating your symptoms. We make no charge for private counsel and give to each patient a LEGAL CONTRACT to hold for our promises.

REFERENCES—BEST BANKS AND LEADING BUSINESS MEN OF THIS CITY.

CONSULTATION FREE AND CONFIDENTIAL.

Office Hours—8 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays—10 a. m. to 2 p. m.

PROGRESSIVE MEDICAL ASSOCIATION
No. 1 West Superior Street, DULUTH, MINN.

IN MICHIGAN.

Breaking of Cable Nearly Cost Wildes His Life.

Hancock—By the snapping of a rope cable to which a pulley block was attached, Richard Wildes, an employe in the Calumet & Hecla amygdaloid stamp mills at Lake Linden, came within an ace of being killed. A string of loaded cars was being moved in the mill by means of a stationery engine, and Mr. Wildes was engaged in steadying the rope with an iron bar. When the rope broke the end to which the block was attached came back with force, the block striking Mr. Wildes a fearful blow on the head. A severe scalp wound was the result. Mr. Wildes' condition is serious and he will be confined to his bed for a long time.

Calumet—Charles L. Fredericks, of York, Mont., superintendent of the Columbia Gold Mining and Milling company, controlled by copper country capitalists, is in this district. He says work at the mine is suspended temporarily owing to the extremely cold weather, but will be resumed as soon as possible in the spring. The Columbia gold mines are located at York, Mont., and are considered the best free-milling gold proposition in the country. The company owns twenty-five claims and is now erecting a new flume, and by April 1 a new 30-ton mill, with a cyanide plant, will be completed.

Ironwood—A Northwestern road surveying party of twenty-three men is running lines from Watersmeet in the direction of Mass City, in Ontonagon county. This is preliminary to the construction of the link which it is said the company intends building next summer, and which will give it entry into the copper country. From Mass City to Houghton the tracks of the Copper Range road will be used.

Sault Ste. Marie—Richard Hazzard, who was terribly burned by a gasoline explosion Wednesday, died at the hospital Sunday. He had a wife and two children. He had been pursued by misfortune for eighteen months. Prior to coming here a year ago from Grand Marais he lost two children by illness and after arrival at the Soo his wife also died. Soon after his son fell and broke his jaw in three places. Hazzard then suffered an attack of typhoid fever and all but died. He was a painter and was skilled, inductrious and temperate. He joined the church a short time ago.

Pietro Gastadolo was shot dead at a late hour Sunday by M. Vaillancourt in the latter's doorway, at the Canadian Soo. Gastadolo, with his companions, attempted to enter the house, which had previously been inhabited by persons of bad repute. They were warned away, but the man who was killed persisted in his effort to enter the house and received a charge of shot in the breast, expiring instantly. Vaillancourt gave himself up, but it is thought that he may be exonerated.

THE DAKOTAS

A Monster Mountain Lion Killed Near Rousseau.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—The killing of a mountain lion near Rousseau by A. A. Reddick, ends the mystery of the large animal which has been occasionally seen in that neighborhood for several years. With the record of such animals killed by President Roosevelt in his Wyoming hunt as a precedent, as to size, the animal killed at Rousseau was a monster of its kind, being larger than any killed in the Wyoming hunt. It weighed over 250 pounds and measured eleven feet from tip to tip. Reddick tracked the animal to its den in the bluffs west of the river and "smoked it out."

Canton—Matt Martin, the colored horse thief, who has been in jail awaiting trial, pleaded guilty and was sentenced to one year in the penitentiary. He was captured in Nebraska last summer, having stolen a horse near Beresford, this state.

Harry Ingalls, who has caused the officers much trouble, was found guilty of grand larceny and will serve a year in the penitentiary. Ingalls stole a sum of money from his employer at Hudson, this county, and after a long chase was captured in Ohio by Deputy Sheriff Tom Thackery, last spring. Just before the last term of court he broke jail and escaped. A few days before this term he was captured over in Iowa.

Gettysburg—Maj. Harry D. Chamberlain, agent at the Crow Creek Indian reservation, and Maj. R. H. Somers, agent at the Lower Brule reservation, will go to Washington in a few days to present a long list of grievances to the department officials. One of the objects will be to secure some financial assistance for the Indians. They say their Indians are in a practically destitute condition, as far as having any means of earning a livelihood, and that the order made by the Indian department last July to require Indians to be cut off from receiving rations, cannot be enforced as it should be.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bowbells—A young man by the name of Fortier, hailing from Chicago, was arrested here upon a charge of highway robbery upon the person of an old farmer named Myers, living a few miles from Bowbells, who says this is the second time he has been held up by the same young man. There are several other charges of a similar character to be preferred against Fortier. He had a preliminary hearing and was bound over to the next term of the district court and was taken to the Minot county jail in default of furnishing bail for $500.

Grafton—St. Omer Commandery No. 6, Knights Templars, went in a body to Bathgate, to attend the funeral of William James, who died at his home in that city, after a protracted illness. The funeral services were conducted by Past Grand Master James McDonald, of this city. Mr. James was one of the first settlers of Bathgate. He was prominent politically, having been sheriff of Pembina county for two terms.

Bismarck—Before Clerk Hoskins of the supreme court, a novel procedure has been begun for the taxation of costs against Judge S. S. Lauder, this being the first time in the history of legal procedure in the Northwest that costs have been taxed against a judge in a legal action. Senator P. J. McCumber and Attorney Freeks, of Wahpeton, brought mandamus proceedings against Judge Lauder, and the supreme court directed him to call in another judge to try cases which it was alleged he refused to try. The supreme court also ordered that the defendant be taxed with the costs of the action, and it is to determine these costs that tomorrow's proceedings are to be held.

EVIDENCE ALL IN.

Mrs. Linkoff's Murder Trial at Mason City.

Mason City, Iowa, Feb. 11.—The defense rested its case when Mrs. Lena K. Linhoff, accused of murdering Edwin C. Bromley, was taken from the stand. The state immediately began its rebuttal evidence and presented witnesses to show that at various times Mrs. Linhoff had used vile language toward Mrs. Bromley, wife of the murdered man. During the day and a half in which Mrs. Linhoff was upon the stand she maintained a remarkable expression of indifference, only giving away to her feelings on two occasions. It now seems probable that the taking of evidence will be completed and that the case will go to the jury Thursday afternoon.

Something of a sensation had been created by a communication from Rev. Father Carolan, dean of St. Joseph's Catholic church, of this city. While upon the witness stand A. G. Linhoff, husband of Mrs. Linhoff, testified that both he and his wife were members of the Catholic church, he, however, not now being a communicant. In a long open letter Father Carolan says that neither Mr. nor Mrs. Linhoff are members of his church, and that they have never been members during his twenty years' pastorate here. He denounces the crime and says that had they been members it would never have been committed.

Mrs. Linhoff was married to August G. Linhoff thirteen years ago at Shakopee, Minn. Before her marriage her name was Lena Ochs. Her mother lives at Chaska, Minn.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. It SOOTHES THE CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN; CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best known remedy for DIARRHŒA. Sold by all druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

PLANT HAS DONE WELL

Annual Report of the Water and Light Department.

Surplus Last Year In Spite of Unexpected Heavy Expenses.

Profit and Loss Table That Will Interest All Citizens.

The municipal gas and water plant cleared $7425 during the past year.

This earning was made in the face of unexpectedly heavy expenses and despite the reductions in rates to the consumer.

The net accumulation of profits since the city took charge of the plant is $53,644.

However, there is $17,536 in dispute with the West Duluth Water company, so that the net surplus, conservatively estimated, is $36,107.

It is estimated that consumers of gas and water have been saved $90,447 in three years by the reductions in rates under the municipal ownership system.

The above facts are contained in the third annual report of the board of water and light commissioners. This report was submitted to the council last evening.

The citizens that give their time and ability managing this money-making municipal department are: Charles A. Duncan, Hansen E. Smith, Samuel F. Snively, A. R. Macfarlane and Joseph K. Persons.

The gas department shows cash receipts for the past year of $45,493, as compared with $40,408 for the previous year and $30,979 for the year of 1899.

Under municipal ownership the gas business of the plant has been doubled and at the same time the rates have been cut to an aggregate saving of $31,-708 to the citizens.

During the past year the amount of gas sold was 39,742,200 feet. The cost of making this was 37 cents per 1000 feet and it sold for 46½ cents.

The following table from the report shows the amount of gas sold each month during the year:

January	3,929,700
February	3,351,000
March	3,068,800
April	2,984,200
May	2,507,200
June	2,327,200
July	2,427,000
August	2,761,700
September	3,124,600
October	3,875,900
November	4,502,600
December	4,613,200
	39,472,200

In 1898, during the first year the gas plant was operated by the city, only 29,002,600 feet of gas was sold. In 1899 this was increased to 25,309,963 feet. Then in 1900 the sales jumped to 32,975,-800 feet, and last year was the banner year with a total of 39,472,200 feet.

The water department statistics are even more interesting than the gas statistics. Duluth's water supply is acknowledged to be the purest and most inexhaustible on earth. Incidentally the water is about the cheapest of any municipality in this country. Still it makes money for the city.

Water furnished at flat annual rates during the past year brought in cash amounting to $34,916.

At the same time the water furnished through the meter system brought in cash amounting to $55,998. Thus, from the two sources there was an aggregate of $90,914.

The city began operating the water plant at Lakewood in 1899, and for that year the water by annual rates brought in $44,147 and by meter rates $54,639. The following year the figures were $47,357 and $58,110. in the three years the citizens have been saved $70,045 in reduced water rates.

Last year Duluth consumed 1,625,585,000 gallons of water. This fact alone should bring the national Prohibition convention to Duluth in 1904.

The following table from the report shows the number of gallons pumped each month and the average daily pumping:

	Gallons.	Daily Average.
January	134,301,000	4,332,290
February	125,568,000	4,488,143
March	149,414,000	4,820,355
April	140,769,000	4,690,500
May	136,971,000	4,418,419
June	127,448,000	4,248,267
July	125,112,000	4,616,516
August	142,067,000	4,602,161
September	134,520,000	4,479,666
October	131,720,000	4,249,032
November	124,256,000	4,165,200
December	134,212,000	4,329,419
Aggregates	1,625,585,000	4,453,241

If it were not for the interest on the water and light bonds the municipal system would be a wonderful money maker on rates that would amount to practically nothing. Just for interest alone last year the department had to pay out $111,678.

The following tabulated statement of profit and loss since Aug. 1, 1898, contained in the report of Manager L. N. Case, to the water board will prove interesting:

PROFIT AND LOSS.

Aug. 1, 1898 to Jan. 1, 1902—		
Saving by the reduction of gas rates	$ 31,708 26	
Saving by the reduction of water rates	70,045 20	
Saving by the reduction in the rate per foot of 10 cents for service extensions rate	840 00	
Saving by the reduction in the price of water meters of $5.30 each	2,609 00	
Saving by the reduction in the charges for lawn sprinkling	1,575 00	
Saving by the reduction in the charge for watering fountains	3,876 00	
The board has accumulated in cash, earnings and operating materials, as shown on page 24	53,644 57	
Interest on supplementary system, put in to obtain pure water, and which has been paid from the receipts without increasing the burdens of consumers or taxpayers	105,900 00	
The department has received from the general tax levy		$ 11,305 50
It is estimated on the basis of the taxes paid by the water and light company, that the taxes of the said company would have been for 1899		13,478 00
for 1900		16,216 00
for 1901		16,042 75
Ahead		273,346 78
	$330,589 03	$330,589 03

LARGE SALES.

Forty Million Feet of Lumber Sold to Go East.

The present week has already opened with an active movement of lumber in the Lake Superior district. Bigelow & Co., of Washburn, are reported to have sold 20,000,000 feet and the Red Cliff Lumber company is credited with a sale of nearly the some amount. The first sale of lumber was to Tonawanda parties. The lumber in the second sale also goes East.

These two sales will take another 40,-000,000 feet out of the coming season's cut in the Lake Superior district and practically takes two more lumber manufacturing concerns out of the market for some months to come.

GETS SMALL SUM.

Wisconsin Reimburses Superior In a Small Measure.

City Treasurer Hunter, of West Superior, has received from the Wisconsin state health board a check for $970 in payment for the claims of the city against the state for taking care of smallpox patients that came from outside the city. This money is drawn from a contingent fund that the state provided for this purpose, amounting to $50,000. The Superior delegation to the Wisconsin legislature is said to be in the main responsible for the legislation providing the fund, and now the Superiorites are kicking vigorously because they did not get a greater proportion of the fund. They claim the city of West Superior has gone to an expense of more than $8000 in caring for smallpox patients that came from outside the city, but the state board of health refuses to pay for any expense incurred previous to the passage of the bill providing the fund.

The city authorities of West Superior believe the expense of caring for smallpox patients from outside the city will be away below that of last winter for the reason that this year the transportation companies are taking greater precautions against bringing suspected patients into the city.

CAPITAL INCREASED.

Meeting of One of Cook & Turrish Companies.

At a meeting of the Wisconsin Log and Lumber company, held in West Superior, the capital stock of the company was increased to $500,000, the old board of directors were elected and the same officers retained another year. The officers of the company are: Henry Turrish, president; W. E. McCord, vice president and general manager; W. H. Cook, treasurer; Lyman T. Jowell, secretary, and John Pearson, Moscow, Idaho, assistant secretary.

Henry Turrish and W. H. Cook are both well known timber land men of this city and the Wisconsin Log and Lumber company is only one of the many irons the Cook & Turrish company has in the fire.

This company last year acquired some very large pine holdings in Idaho where Henry Turrish spent several weeks buying up state timber lands. W. E. McCord, who has been connected with the head of the Inkes lumber interests for some years past, will leave shortly for Moscow, Idaho, where he will make his headquarters and look after the interests of the company.

One of the pleasant social features of the annual meeting of the lumber company was a banquet after the business session, attended by the men interested in the company and their families.

VALENTINES.

Friday Is St. Valentine's Day ---Large Display At Stores.

Friday the letter carriers will work overtime and the revenues of the post-office will be largely increased by the sale of stamps necessary to carry Valentines through the mails, for Friday is St. Valentine's day, and the local dealers have on display a varied assortment of valentines. On this day you can make your sweetheart glad by sending her a dainty little love token, or can point out to a friend his peculiarities by sending him—annonymously, of course—one of those suggestive comic ones that come two for a nickel. The nicer valentines this year are of all kinds, ranging in price from 10 cents to $5. Some of the more expensive ones are real works of art. There are creations of silk, satin, lace and hand-painted celluloid that are beauties. In all of these cupids and hearts pierced by an arrow play a prominent part. There is also some little sentimental verse supposed to express the feeling one entertains for one's adored, printed on each valentine.

May Designate Contents.

The third assistant postmaster general, in his last bulletin of orders, announced that the placing upon matter of the third class of a designation of the contents such as "photo," "book," etc., would not be construed as violating the law which prohibits the placing upon the wrapper of third-class matter a designation of its contents.

The Choice of Many Pianists

is the **vose**, a thoroughly modern, high-grade piano and the product of one of America's greatest builders. The distinctive

vose TONE

superior construction and artistic case designs insure for this piano a high position in the estimation of musicians.

Sold for cash or on the small monthly payment plan

FRENCH & BASSETT,
DULUTH, MINN.

THE RACE QUESTION

Unity Club Discusses Future of the Negro Race.

General Conclusion That It Will Work Itself Out.

Clarence B. Miller Took Stand In Favor of Political Action.

Clarence B. Miller fought a lone fight in behalf of active efforts to solve the race problem before the Unity club last night. Mr. Miller argued earnestly, and not without eloquence, for political action to aid the question in solving itself. He characterized the policy of the other speakers as a "policy of distress." Oscar Mitchell came the nearest to taking sides with Mr. Miller, and even then expressed only his sympathy.

Henry F. Greene struck the keynote of the prevailing theory of the evening, in contending that the question would right itself. He had been assigned to discuss the question from its social side, but chose rather to consider it in its general phases. He said that when he lived in the South the race question had not become a problem, so that what views he might have would be based on previous conditions and on impressions he had received vicariously. The problem to his mind was how to elevate the negro race to an equality with the whites. He described how the tendency through the so-called black belt in the eleven seceding states is for the blacks to increase in the black counties and the whites to increase in the white counties. The feeling at the North before the war, he said, was that the mere fact of slavery was the only difference between the two races.

"We know now," the speaker continued, "that this fundamental proposition is not true. The difference is not founded on accident; it is inherent. When one race is civilized and another is not, there is no question of accident about it."

Mr. Greene spoke of one theory that the difference might be accounted for by the skull of the negro closing at an early age, while in the white it closes in the adult period, and said this might account for the difference. At any rate, he said, the difference in a way was as marked today as when the black races camped and their tents among the splendid palaces and civilization of Rome. They realized that this civilization was there, but they did not make use of it. There are now exceptions in the case of individuals, but as a rule the black race is inferior to ours. As far as education is concerned, he did not believe that anybody was ever improved by the ulterior application of external force. The early slave life was that of a child; the slaves had no care for the contingencies of old age; no necessity to look for work; they had no property or its responsibilities. The colored man was no more fitted for civilized life and its cares when emancipated from slavery than when he was brought to this country.

Mr. Greene contended that the black race show no tendency to attain an equality with the whites. None of the race are engaged in the professions or in merchandising, and a skilled workman among the blacks has become a rarity since the close of slavery. Their inevitable tendency is to crowd down into the lower ranks of labor. The tendency even at the North, where there is no race prejudice, is not upward.

Mr. Greene said that he had investigated the tendency toward criminality of the colored people in St. Louis county and had found that the race made a record of six times its natural ratio. The ratio is worse in the South. In slave times the people of the South were not educated, but were kindly and moral. The jails were vacant. Now conditions are entirely changed. The explanation is partly because the colored people, thrown on their own recources when emancipated without proper preparation for it, were cursed with the essence of crime—the lack of self-control.

Mr. Greene deprecated lynch law, but thought it was due in part to the lax administration of justice all over the United States. The application of the lynch law in the South has grown to a shocking and almost incredible extent. The colored man is becoming more criminal, and his tendency is affecting the whites. As a result, many times the victims of lynching are innocent men.

Turning to the solution of the question, Mr. Greene thought that the propositions for educating the race are on such a small scale that little could be hoped for in that direction. Booker Washington's ideas of industrial education is good in its way. The blacks have made some progress since the war—they have come to own some property. The only encouraging feature is their economic success in small farming at the South. He believed the tendency would be to form a peasant population of a rather low type, and possibly accomplish a gradual improvement in the race. The social questions involved cut little figure in the future of the race. No useful end could be subserved by forcing two races together. Separation is essential to peace and happiness.

Mr. Green would let things take their course, and let the race fight out its battle on economic lines, along the lines of small farming, for which it is well adapted. He believes the question will work out its own solution by bringing about some remedy we cannot see at present.

Mrs. J. L. Washburn read a carefully prepared and well written paper on the race question as it affects woman's clubs. The Southern women, she said, were willing that colored clubs should be represented by delegates in the federation, but did not believe that the clubs should be taken into the organization, believing that such action would provoke race hostility at the South. Mrs. Washburn diplomatically showed an inclination to sympathize with the Southern women, basing her position on practical or relative ethics rather than on true ethics. She would try to secure the greatest good for the greatest number rather than absolute good for all. She was heartily applauded at the close of her paper.

Mr. Miller, who discussed the political side of the question, reviewed the history of the race's relation to franchise from colonial days. It had been unprepared, rather than prepared for franchise, by slavery, and when it emerged from slavery and was given dominance over the whites, the examples of evil set by carpet-baggers at the South turned the development of the black character in the wrong direction. The Southerners have never given the blacks a helping hand. They were whipped by the war, but not convinced. They have done their best to keep the colored man down and put him still lower. He detailed the history of legislation at the South following the carpet-bag period in which the whites regained control. The initial effort of Missouri whereby a voter was compelled to be able to not only read the state constitution but to discuss it intelligently had been upheld by the supreme court, and while harmless in its terms, was fraudulent and unjust in its application. The result in some parts of the South was to disfranchise the blacks and all but one-fifth of the whites. He thought that we had better stop worrying about the Filipinos and Boers and begin reforms needed right at home. Twenty million negroes had been disfranchised, and democracy had ceased. We had been temporizing with the subject. He believed that education would gradually draw the two races together on a more equal basis.

In the general discussion Rev. Harry White declared that the nation had robbed and oppressed a people, and he continued: "We've got to pay for it. We've sown the seed and now we're reaping. We can't solve it in a minute; we have got to work it out slowly."

L. J. Hopkins was inclined to think with Mr. Miller before he spent some time at the South, but he had concluded that if he lived there he would take the same position as Southerners do. He believed the race would gradually work out its own salvation.

O. H. Simonds traced the trouble all up to the intermeddling tendency of the Anglo-Saxon race; it had mixed up with the prisoners of local wars in Africa and brought the slave question to America; then New England had interfered with a matter that did not concern it and had brought on the war; now the Unity club was meddling with something it didn't know much about, and was carrying out the inevitable tendency of the race. He was much of the same opinion as Mr. Hopkins.

EMPHASIZED.

The Eastern Minnesota's Latest Purchases Further Show Hill Policy.

With the definite announcement, as made yesterday in The Herald, that the Eastern Minnesota company is the purchaser of the Kinney-Hawkins-Crosby iron property for more than a half million of dollars, and from the fact that it is known that the same interests are about to gather in a number of other iron propositions with the intention of sub-leasing them, additional emphasis is given to forecasts made heretofore that the Hill interests would fortify themselves in such a way that the Eastern Minnesota company's ore business could not be cut off through any action of the United States Steel corporation.

The aggressive course of the Hill organization in the past two years toward acquiring a permanency in ore traffic on the Mesabi range has been watched with interest, for it was known that J. J. Hill saw his investments in ore lands as well as in terminals were menaced when the other two ore roads went under the control of a corporation that would be likely to handle much of the business and take from his road the traffic of the iron mines that were the property of the concerns becoming constituents of the combination.

During the past two years J. J. Hill and his organization has been one of the most active purchasers of iron ore lands in Northern Minnesota, and has taken leases right and left, secured stock in companies already owning located lands, and in all ways fortifying the Hill interests against the future.

YOUR HAIR CAN BE SAVED.

No one ever used

Coke Dandruff Cure

without satisfying results. It makes a scalp healthy, and a healthy scalp grows healthy hair. Imitations and substitutes fail, but the genuine does all we claim it will do. Sold at every drug store, used in every barber shop.

Coke Shampoo and Toilet Soap.

for shampooing the hair and beautifying the complexion. A pronounced and immediate success. Delightfully refreshing.

A. R. BREMER CO., CHICAGO.

Tonight

Just before retiring, if your liver is sluggish, out of tune and you feel dull, bilious, constipated, take a dose of

Hood's Pills

And you'll be all right in the morning.

Winter Debility

How Smith's Green Mountain Renovator Fortifies the System. Why We Recommend It.

Overworking, over-eating, no exercise, close confinement, rush and worry, bring at this season thousands of people to the verge of serious and lasting ailments.

The approach of spring is a danger signal to the wise.

SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR has made its great success by curing thousands of people who have suffered from this clogged condition of their system.

The RENOVATOR made from Nature's purest and most powerful roots and herbs comes to us from Vermont's Mountains laden with health-giving and life-prolonging power.

The RENOVATOR drives the bad blood out of the body; it goes to the nerve centers, strengthening and reviving them; it cleans out the liver, bowels and stomach, and places the patient in a condition to eat, digest and enjoy good nourishing food, making the system strong to resist the trying months ahead.

We are enthusiastic about our SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR and we cannot help feeeling this way, for we know so well its present excellence and its wonderful past record.

The proprietors wont have it changed or tampered with, and for that reason appoint one reliable firm in each place to represent them.

We are the representatives in this city, and if a faithful trial of SMITH'S GREEN MOUNTAIN RENOVATOR does not benefit you we will refund the money you have paid us for it.

S. F. BOYCE,
Sole Agent.

TOWNE FOR CONGRESS

May Represent One of New York City Districts.

Said to Be Now a Full-Fledged Tammany Man.

Takes Up Permanent Residence In Strong Democratic District.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—A Washington special to the Dispatch says: Charles A. Towne, president of the Export Oil company, is going to give up business and again engage in politics.

This information comes from no less a source than Mr. Towne himself. During his recent visit in Washington he admitted to his close friends that he could probably get a nomination for congress from one of the New York city districts.

Mr. Towne has taken a house in West Eighty-seventh street, New York, and joined the Democratic club.

He is a close friend of Lewis Nixon, the new Tammany leader, and is also on good terms with other Tammany men.

It is said that Towne has made considerable money in the oil companies in which he is interested, but the Texas oil speculation is now on the wane. The Tammany people want a man of Towne's bright oratory, and sparkling qualities, and it will not be surprising if the former Duluthian comes to congress as a Tammany Democrat. Former Senator R. F. Pettigrew, who is living in New York and Washington, says that Towne is the coming man in the local Democracy of greater New York.

HUMAN NATURE.

Study Suggested By a Depressed Sidewalk Block.

The depression of a block in a cement sidewalk, which sinks gradually on one side and ends abruptly at the edge of the next block, would hardly be expected to offer unusual advantages for the study of human nature. But a young man who waited for a car on one of the downtown corners of Superior street the other evening, found one that did. It was squarely in the middle of the walk where the stream of pedestrians had ample opportunity to stub their toes on the protruding edge.

A moment after the young man had taken his position on the corner a couple of well-dressed young ladies accompanied by an equally prosperous-looking escort came along conversing gaily.

"Oh!" exclaimed one of them as her dainty foot collided with the stone, I think that the sidewalks in Duluth are just awful. You ruin your boots and hurt your feet and—" but the trio passed out of hearing at this point.

A little way behind these came a giant lumberjack clad in the usual "Mackinaw" and with the usual tobacco stained lips. It was no gentle whack that his number 11 river boots gave the offending projection. He was profane.

"Blank blank blankety blank sidewalk to blank anyway. This is the blankety blankest blank town this side of blank," and so on. He continued his imprecations the down the street.

The next victim was a hustling nervous person, who looked to be one of the "busy business men." He was arguing excitedly with his companion.

"Well now what do you think of the business policy of a town that allows this kind of a thing on the main street?" And he continued to score the lack of business perspicuity of the authorities.

"Well, all right," remarked a young philosopher as he staggeringly regained his balance and continued down the street.

Along came a very simple simpleton who had imbibed more than is permissable. His pedal extremity struck the obstruction and his already unstable equilibrum was lost. He struck the sidewalk in a heap. He sat up with a look of amazed reproach on his silly face.

"Oush," he soliloquized. "Turt my tootsy-wootsy," he confided to the blue-coated officer who picked him up.

A 300-pound man came waddling down the street with a cigar in his mouth. He had a protuberent abdomen and a large assorment of chins. "Ugh!" he grunted distinctly after his monstrous cowhide had come in contact with the stone. But either his disgust was inexpressible or it took too much of an effort to express it. He was silent.

The awaited car now took the watcher from his place of observation.

MATINEE MUSICALE.

Madame Schumann-Heink Is Coming April 28.

At the matinee musicale yesterday afternoon, it was announced by the president, Mrs. F. B. Clarke, that Madame Schuman-Heink, the great contralto, will sing in Duluth on April 28, at the High School Assembly hall, which has been very kindly offered for the occasion.

The recital by George L. Tyler, which was to have been given last Thursday, has been again postponed until Thursday, Feb. 20, as Mr. Tyler's physician requested that he allow his voice a complete rest until about that time.

The program yesterday afternoon was very interesting and instructive. It was arranged by Mrs. James McAuliffe and Mrs. W. D. Bailey, and presented a few Italian composers, of the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Each number was preceded by a short statement of the chief matters of interest in its composition, and in the career of the author, presented by Mrs. Bailey. These statements served to place the listener, to some extent, in the world which surrounded the original productions.

John Martin, with powerful voice, sang an aria from "La Traviata," by Verdi. Mrs. C. H. Thornton and Mrs. James McAuliffe, sang "Qui est Home" from "Stabat Mater," by Rossini. The rendition was particularly clear and distinct. F. G. Bradbury and three of his young men pupils played a violin quartet arranged from the overture of "Lucia Di Lammermoor," by Donizetti. Mr. Bradbury played first violin; Dexter Ostergren, second violin; Percy Marshall, third, and Oliver Colbrentsen, fourth.

Cyril Tyler sang a pleasing aria.

The last number on the program was a delightful piano quartet from the overture to "Anacreon," by Cherubini, played by Mrs. Bailey, Mrs. McLean, Miss Corneille Smith and Miss Winifred Holmes.

WOOLCOCK-LAMONT.

Two Virginia Young People Married In Duluth.

A quiet and pretty wedding took place at 8 o'clock last evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. George Rich, of 821 West Third street. The bride was Miss Grace D. Woolcock, of Virginia, a sister of Mrs. Rich, and the groom J. D. Lamont, a well known civil engineer of Virginia. Both young people are popular in this city.

The ceremony was performed by Rev. S. P. Long, of the First M. E. church, in the presence of a few of the relatives and immediate friends. They were unattended. The ceremony was followed by an elaborate supper and Mr. and Mrs. Lamont left on a late train for a trip to the Twin Cities. On their return, Mr. and Mrs. Lamont will be at home in Virginia, after next week.

Curling Scores.

Three games were played last evening at the Duluth Curling club's rink, two in the Galt event and one in the Graves-Manley event:

Galt event—

O. F. Conrad, L. O. Arbogast, Ralph Bradley, Geo. K. Taylor—14.	Ralph Davis, T. F. McGilvray, M. A. McLennan, Alex Macrae—11.
D. G. Cutler, W. B. Silvey, F. R. Jacobi, C. R. Woodruff—19.	J. A. Campbell, W. J. Eaton, G. H. McCarthy, F. R. Kennedy—7.

Graves-Manley—

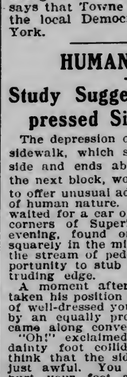
G. H. Spencer, J. H. Upham, W. L. McLennan, D. W. Stocking—15.	C. H. Thornton, F. A. Day, E. N. Bradley, A. H. Smith—14.

Cleanliness and Germicidal Precautions Paramount...

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BLATZ BEER

—MILWAUKEE—



There's not a facility lacking to insure absolute cleanliness during the process. The minutest detail from malt-house to filling-room is rigidly watched in this particular. A fixed rule for over half a century.

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE.
(Non-Intoxicant) Tonic. Druggists or direct.

VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
DULUTH BRANCH, TEL. 62.

ONE WOMAN'S ADVICE TO ANOTHER.

Immediate Relief from the Use of Paine's Celery Compound.



BOSTON, Jan. 13, 1902.

TO THE SUFFERING PUBLIC: It is with a feeling of extreme gratitude and thankfulness and a humane desire to benefit others that I write out my own experience in the use of Prof. Edward E. Phelps' wonderful preparation, called "Paine's Celery Compound." Owing to a fall from a horse several years ago, I became a nervous invalid, and last year I entered a hospital as a patient, where I was operated on by a famous New York surgeon.

The surgical operation was successful, but nervous prostration followed. A summer in Newport, with the best medical attendance, failed to restore my nerves to their normal condition. I was absolutely unable to digest any solid food, and this weak condition of my digestive organs, combined with insomnia, caused the deepest depression. A constant tenderness and soreness in the region of my stomach, with a dull headache and extreme weakness, created a feeling of hopelessness, from which I was unable to rise.

It was in this melancholy frame of mind that I chanced to meet a Boston lawyer, who said to me, "I was in almost the condition that you are now in, and after spending hundreds of dollars without receiving any benefit I was induced by a friend to give Paine's Celery Compound a trial, which I did, and it cured me completely when everything else had failed."

I was rather skeptical about trying a prepared medicine, but I ordered a bottle from my druggist and began to take it according to directions. Much to my surprise I slept soundly at night and did not wake in the morning with the usual dull headache. Then, too, I developed an appetite for solid food and soon I was able to digest a course dinner without any unpleasant sensations. I am now completely restored to health after about two months' use of the Compound. Sympathizing deeply with all who may be suffering as I did, I take this method of reaching strangers, after writing personal letters to my particular friends.

With the sincere hope that others may be benefited as I have been by the use of Paine's Celery Compound, I am

Very truly yours,
382 Newbury St. MRS. FRANCES L. BERNHARDT.

MYSTERY

At Winnipeg Which Looks Like a Case of Murder.

Winnipeg, Man., Feb. 11.—The death of Mrs. Gustave Mueller is still shrouded in mystery. The general impression here is that the woman was murdered and her body afterwards taken and placed on the railroad track where the train mangled it so horribly.

According to the evidence given by her sister-in-law at the inquest Mrs. Mueller left her home about 5 p. m. Tuesday last, saying she felt ill and would go and see her doctor. She said she would return in a few minutes and asked her sister-in-law to look after her three young children. She never returned and not one iota of evidence can be produced to show hrere she went or what became of her from the hour of 5 p. m. until 3:10 a. m. the next morning when her dead body was found on the Canadian Pacific railroad track.

When found she was almost unrecognizable. Her neck had been run over by the wheels of an engine and ten cars and one hand and one foot were severed from her body. There was but little blood on the spot where the body lay and this seems to make it appear certain that the woman was killed elsewhere and her body taken and placed on the track with the hope of hiding the crime.

The woman bore a good character and her mind was sound, in fact, she is said by all who knew her to have been of the most amiable disposition and without an enemy in the city.

William Poor, a brother, is chef at the Manor house lunch counter. He believes the case to be one of murder and is spending all his spare time investigating. The city and the Canadian Pacific railroad detectives are working on the case, but as far as can be learned their efforts at a solution have not yet been successful.

THE INDEPENCENCE

Can Be Put Together at Short Notice.

New York, Feb. 11.—It has been learned, says the World, that T. W. Lawson's yacht Independence which, it was stated, had been broken up and sold for junk, is so broken up that she can be put together at a moment's notice. Its part are said to have been carefully stowed away. Every frame, every plate, in fact every part of the Independence, is numbered and their storehouse is watched night and day. Mr. Lawson's plans for the boat are unknown.

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AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.
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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), Feb. 11.—The barometer has risen over Atlantic states and fallen over nearly all other districts. Pressures are highest over Gulf states and continue low over North Atlantic and North Pacific districts. Temperatures have fallen slightly in Atlantic states and in the vicinity of Lake Michigan, elsewhere it is somewhat warmer, especially over the Red River and Missouri valleys where temperatures have risen 10 degrees to 30 degrees during the past twenty-four hours. Snow flurries occurred over the Ohio valley and throughout the Northwest, and snow or rain fell over Western Montana, Washington and Oregon.

Minimum temperatures for the past twenty-four hours:

Battleford	—10	Memphis	18
Bismarck	10	Mule City	26
Boston	14	Milwaukee	8
Buffalo	10	Minnedosa	6
Calgary	8	Montgomery	22
Charleston	28	Moorhead	—14
Chicago	6	New Orleans	34
Cincinnati	12	North Platte	14
Davenport	6	Oklahoma	26
Detroit	14	Omaha	14
Dodge City	26	Pittsburg	16
Duluth	2	Port Arthur	—14
El Paso	38	Portland	38
Escanaba	2	Prince Albert	10
Galveston	40	Qu'Appelle	6
Green Bay	0	Rapid City	14
Havre	8	San Francisco	54
Helena	26	Santa Fe	34
Houghton	8	Shreveport	34
Huron	14	Spokane	32
Jacksonville	30	St. Louis	16
Kamloops	28	St. Paul	2
Kansas City	6	Sault Ste. Marie	—2
Knoxville	16	Swift Current	2
La Crosse	0	Washington	20
Lander	18	Williston	10
Los Angeles	42	Winnemucca	34
Marquette	10	Winnipeg	8
Medicine Hat	4		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Snow flurries tonight and Wednesday. Warmer tonight. Fresh winds, mostly southerly.
H. W. RICHARDSON.
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Forecast till 7 p. m. Wednesday: Wisconsin—Threatening tonight and will snow flurries. Warmer tonight. Variable winds.
Minnesota—Probably snow flurries tonight and Wednesday. Warmer east portion tonight. Variable winds.
The Dakotas—Snow flurries tonight and Wednesday.

The President and Governor Dole.

The government of Hawaii is causing President Roosevelt and his advisers some anxiety and it is still uncertain what the president will do in appointing a governor for the islands. Several factions are striving for supremacy and the case presents some of the same features in this respect that have attended appointments in various parts of the United States, where factional warfare has been very hot. The president's action has not contemplated crowning one faction with victory or "turning down" the other. Attorney General Knox gave his opinion some months ago that there was no ground for the removal of Judge Humphreys. This is very far from saying that the president has decided that Governor Dole is a bad man. It is still farther from saying that the president sides generally with Humphreys in his petty war in Hawaii.

The recent report that Col. Samuel Parker had been appointed governor to displace Dole doubtless grew out of the fact that not only in the administrative circles at Washington, but in the senate, the conclusion was reached some time ago that political affairs in Hawaii were in an unfortunate condition. No one who knows Governor Dole regards him as a particularly tactful man. His attitude toward the native element in Hawaii has been rather too self-assertive and didactic where it might have been conciliatory, and it is pretty well known that if President McKinley had lived a change in the governorship would have been made in due time. What the president will do is hard to determine. He is desirous, wherever possible, of having the natives do their share of the ruling and was undoubtedly favorably disposed to Col. Parker, but the talk the latter has been making about the certainty of his appointment has not helped his case any. But the problem will be solved when President Roosevelt gets to it, and there will be no going behind his decision.

The Results of Woman Suffrage.

After eight years of woman suffrage in Colorado, there is but little change in the condition of affairs, things seeming to run along much the same way as before. According to William Macleod Raine, who has made a study of the matter, there are results both good and bad to be found. "It is the testimony of political bosses that the women vote is more of an uncertain quantity than that of the men, that it is more largely controlled by the emotions, and that it can not be depended upon so surely along party lines. They are agreed, too, that the vote of women in conventions is more easily manipulated than the vote of men, and that this is due not so much to inexperience as to feminine vanity; that, generally speaking, the women are more anxious to determine the right, and less able to do so, not so much by reason of inexperience as on account of the inherent fundamental difficulty of the sex. The actual party workers are not generally the best classes of women in the community. Like the men, they are in politics for what they can get out of it. This was, of course, to be expected, and simply parallels the experience of our political conditions everywhere. Women of a certain type are in politics, just as men of the same type, for their own personal advancement." On the other hand Mr. Raine says that Colorado has been among the foremost states of the Union in reform legislation during the past eight years. Laws have been enacted in regard to the property and maternal rights of women that were much needed. A few years ago a woman could not prevent her husband from mortgaging the roof over her head. Through the efforts of women legislators, all community property now requires in transfer the signature of both husband and wife. Organizations of women have had bills introduced for new primary and election laws, as well as one in the interests of civil service reform. A bill for raising the legal age of consent for girls to 18 years was championed by women and successfully carried through. The newly aroused interest of women in civic affairs has manifested itself in other ways, in the greater cleanliness of streets, in the city park improvements, and especially in the care, ventilation and artistic decoration of school buildings. These with many other things are among the good results of the law and are greatly appreciated. Mr. Raine sums up by saying "It is probably true that the ballot and its attendant circumstances have increased the unhealthy restlessness of some women, and have left profoundly unmoved many others; but between these two extremes there are indubitably a large class who have been awakened to a great practical interest in problems confronting the social body, and who are beginning to understand more of the patriotism which does not talk but acts. Hitherto, at least, the predictions of extremists have been confuted, for the ballot in the hands of women has neither unsexed her, nor regenerated the world."

AN EXCELLENT SHOWING.

The annual report of the water and light department of the city of Duluth furnishes another convincing argument in favor of municipal ownership when disassociated from politics. Duluth has shown that the department can be kept free from politics and conducted on business principles. For this result the thanks of the people are due to the business men who have gratuitously contributed their time to the management and supervision of the department. The chief features of the annual report, given in another column, will make pleasing reading for the taxpayers.

Despite reductions in rates of both water and gas to consumers and unexpectedly heavy expenses, the plant cleared $7425 during the past year. The net accumulation of profits since the city secured control of the plant is $53,644, but this represents but a small part of the financial gain for the citizens. From Aug. 1, 1898, to Jan. 1, 1902, the saving by the reduction of gas rates has been $31,708, and the saving to the consumers by the reduction of water rates has been $70,045. The department has also paid interest to the amount of $165,900 on the supplementary system put in to obtain pure water. This has been paid from the receipts without increasing the burdens of the consumers or taxpayers. This is a splendid financial showing.

But, in addition, it should be remembered that as a result of municipal ownership Duluth has also secured a perfectly pure and practically inexhaustible water supply.

A NOTABLE EVENT.

The centennial of the discovery of anthracite coal is being celebrated today at Wilkesbarre, Pa. Jesse Fell, who had just made the experiment for himself, gathered many of the prominent people of Wilkesbarre at his house on Feb. 11, 1802, to show them that the "black rocks," which were rather plentiful on and near the surface of the ground in that locality, and which were deemed to be a detriment to the land wherever found, would make an excellent fuel. His visitors were skeptical, but they were not the first persons who, coming to scoff, remained to pray. The "black rocks" plied in Jesse Fell's grate did burn.

Few discoveries have had greater influence upon this country than the discovery made by Jesse Fell, and scarcely any of the many centennials which the United States has had deserved observance more than the one which is now being commemorated in a modest way in the little city of Wilkesbarre. Unknown to the world, there were in that section of Pennsylvania vast deposits of a mineral which was destined to bring greater wealth to the United States than Mexico's and Peru's mines of gold and silver brought to the Spain of Charles V and Philip II. Some bituminous coal had been mined at several points in the United States long before that date. Anthracite coal, too, had been found years earlier than that, and tradition of a later day, coupled with something which was deemed more reliable than tradition, had it that some anthracite was burned before that time, but at that little place on the Susquehanna and on that winter day of 1802, anthracite's merits may be said to have been first formally made known.

Coal production in the United States has grown from a point close to zero 100 years ago to 3,500,000 tons in 1850 and to 270,000,000 tons in 1901, a larger total than marks the output of any other country in the world. Many years ago the United States passed England in the amount of its manufactures in the aggregate, as it did in 1900 in the total of its coal output. A vast portion of America's development in the 100 years has been due to the coal deposits which are scattered so munificently throughout the country. The steamboats on ocean, lake and river and the locomotives could not be run nor the manufactories of all sorts be operated to anything like the present extent if there were no coal to supply the power.

The grate which was employed on that epoch-making day of February, 1802, is to be exhibited on its centennial of 1902, but as the St. Louis Globe Democrat suggests, some sort of a memorial ought to be put up to the man who used it on that occasion. Pennsylvania ought to erect a monument to Jesse Fell, just as California should do to James W. Marshall, the man who discovered gold in the raceway of Sutter's mill in 1848, and as Colorado ought to do to Pike's Pike's friend, James Pursley, who, finding gold in the Rocky mountains in 1805, refused the bribes of the Mexicans of Santa Fe, with whom he passed the remainder of his days, to lead them to the place, and left it to be rediscovered half a century later by Russell, Gregory and their companions, and to enrich his own country.

HELPING THE FALLEN.

The benefits of extending a helping hand to the fallen cannot be overestimated. Instead of the all too common kick to send a man further down the road of crime, a gentle pressure to start him in the other direction may accomplish wonders It is pleasing to know that several of the states have in recent years adopted measures to reclaim the wayward at the first step of their downward career, and the results are proving the wisdom of the movement One system which is working most satisfactorily is that of probation for first offenders. It takes the offender at the very threshold of a criminal life, and, instead of imposing a sentence of imprisonment upon him, commits him to the custody of a probation officer in whose care it permits him to remain at large. The system had its origin in the state of Massachusetts, where its admirable results have received the commendation of courts, legislatures, philanthropists, and all humane citizens. A study of the statistics of its operation has gained for the system the universal approbation of all investigators, and has produced earnest advocates for its adoption in many other states. Three states, at least, have adopted it in part within the last two years. It is pending in the legislatures of several.

In 1900 the legislature of New Jersey adopted the system in a short and simple statute. The results which have been attained under the operation of this act in a single county of New Jersey—the county of Essex, in which is the large city of Newark—are most remarkable. Up to December 1, 1901, a period of twenty months, he had committed to his custody 193 persons—184 males and 9 females—and of these only 15 have broken their probation, have failed to report to the officer, or have been rearrested for additional criminal acts. Of the 193, there were 88 male and 7 female adults, 77 males and 2 females between 16 and 21 years of age, and 19 boys under 16 years of age. The New Jersey law applies only to cases in which the offender is under accusation or indictment for crime. Hence, these 193 persons were all committed to the probation officer by the quarter sessions court; and but for this officer all would probably have served at least a short term in the penitentiary.

The good effect of saving the offender from the disgrace of going to prison is apparent in the majority of cases. It has saved many from becoming habitual criminals. The system is an excellent one and should be adopted by every state in the Union.

The Professional Women's League of New York has leased Madison Square Garden for May. Everything in which women are professionally engaged or personally interested will be exhibited during that time. The exhibits are expected to range from the newest variety of baby incubator to a steam yacht, designed and equipped by a woman, to suit the tastes of women. Departments will be devoted to women designers, goldsmiths, blacksmiths, barbers, trained nurses, school teachers, dentists, doctors and to every other profession or business into which the fair sex has entered. The exposition will show how to furnish, care for, and grace a home and also how to earn one.

New Yorkers, says Poultney Bigelow, in "White Man's Africa," wonder, perhaps, what has become of the gaudy omnibuses which once plied up and down Fifth avenue. Many of them are now in service at the Cape taking people to and from the docks. It was odd to see painted on the sides of these buses the old familiar pictures representing Indians chasing buffaloes, or a scene on the Hudson river.

Dr. Russell, the Brooklyn physician, who offered himself for vivisection, in the interests of science, evidently forgot to consult his wife. She has come to the front with the statement that, if the mad scheme is carried out or attempted, she will prosecute all concerned to the fullest extent of the law, and she talks as if she meant business.

The postoffice authorities have sensibly ruled that writing on a newspaper inclosing third-class mail matter, descriptive of the contents and not in the nature of personal correspondence, does not make the whole package subject to letter postage. The extra smart Chicago clerk who has made so much trouble lately will now quietly retire into obscurity once more.

Even Secretary Long's publication of the letter written by the late President McKinley to Admiral Sampson will not alter the opinion of the public as to who won the battle of Santiago. It will be remembered that Mr. McKinley did not live long enough to hear the testimony given before the court of inquiry.

Here is a big story told by a South African correspondent: "Gen. Sir Ian Hamilton, who lost his spectacles at the battle of Majuba hill about twenty years ago, has just had them returned to him. They were recently found on the body of a dead Boer, in good condition and in a case bearing the general's name."

The consumption of gas in New York during the last year increased more than 450,000,000 cubic feet. And yet there were people who said a few years ago that the electric light was going to drive the gas companies out of business. The greater use of gas as fuel is responsible for much of its increased consumption.

Observing the advantages of the "old home week" idea, the Chicago Tribune suggests to the Western states a "new home" week which shall exploit the West. It is a good idea.

Thanks to Marconi, two new words may be added to the English language. The New York Journal tells how its London correspondent "wirelessly" called up the Philadelphia 120 miles off shore and how messages were "wirelessed" to Richard Croker.

The impartial Kansas City Star speaks as follows: "The recent proclamation that Secretary Shaw has determined to pursue course of strict frugality at Washington is followed up by the contradictory statement that he has pie on the table three times a day.

The product of the factories of the United States in 1901 was valued at $13,000,000,000. Duluth's share in this product was small. What Duluth needs is more factories.

The first cost of the Danish West Indies is much greater per island than that of the Philippines, but the islands acquired from Spain will soon get on even terms.

Dr. Robin, of Paris, is working on a flying machine. If there is anything in a name he ought to make it fly.

Will there be any less froth on the schooner when the war tax on beer is removed?

Lord Salisbury says the war in South Africa is a matter of business. And it is decidedly poor business.

WHITTLED TO A POINT.

Brooklyn Life: She—Have you never been tempted to give up literature?
Author—No such luck—I've always been compelled to stick to it!

Chicago News: "Yes, mum," said the tramp, who had devoured the second pie, "in the old days I used to be an engraver an' if I only had the tools—"
"Don't let that bother you," interrupted the old lady, as she picked up the ax and saw; "here are the tools for a woodcut. Now get to work."

Philadelphia Press: "Poor woman! She works hard all day and then she's up nearly all night with the babies."
"What's the matter with her husband? Why doesn't he help her?"
"Oh! he puts in all his time agitating for an 8-hour day for the working man."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "I see that Grover Cleveland has returned home with a fine bag of ducks."
"Grover used to be very clever at pulling down both kinds."
"Both kinds?"
"Lame and dead."

Washington Star: "That new neighbor of ours works at night," said the man who delights in being mean. "Isn't that lucky?"
"I don't see what difference it makes to you," replied his wife.
"Why, he has to sleep late in the morning. I won't have to get up so early in order to disturb his rest by shoveling snow."

Chicago Post: "She seems to be growing lopsided."
"Yes. She'd been a good deal in the company of a fellow who doesn't know any better than to grab her by the arm and try to help her along by hoisting one shoulder out of plumb."

CONTINUED IN OUR NEXT.

The brave and gallant officer is hanging
by his teeth
Upon a rope, a precipice yawns, down
and down, beneath.
The Indian leans far out above and
clasps a keen-edged knife.
If he should cut that rope our friend
would lose his grip on life.
Look! Look! He parts a single strand,
the officer still clings,
But if he dared take off his teeth he'd
say unpleasant things.
Aha! the wind come up, and see! the
rope begins to creak;
But now the chapter's done, and we may
read the rest next week.

The lowly office boy has sought his
stern employer out.
Upon his noble face we see a look of
pain and doubt;
We gather from his attitude that he has
bravely planned
To ask the scowling gentleman for his
young daughter's hand.
The moment is a trying one, if he succeed
or fail
Determines quite conclusively the outcome of the tale.
The girl is hidden in the hall, half hopeful, half perplexed;
The boy says: "Sir, I'd like to have"—
(Continued in our next).

The poor but lovely heroine, whose life
of misery
Has lasted sixteen years and been a
thing most sad to see,
Is waiting at her lawyer's, with a patient face, until
Some news shall be afforded her of her
late uncle's will.
The money rightfully is hers, but if she's
come too late
She must, perforce, continue up against
the same old fate.
The lawyer steps in through the door;
his countenance is vexed.
He says: "My dear young friend, this
is yet"—(Continued in our next).
—J. J. MONTAGUE, in Portland Oregonian.

THE CASE OF BEN DANIELS

Springfield Republican: The senate has been up against a very fine question in morals lately on account of the president's nomination of Ben Daniels, one of the darefullest daredevils in the famous regiment of rough riders, as United States marshal for the territory of Arizona. Daniels gets special mention in Mr. Roosevelt's book on the "alone in Cuba" campaign, which proves that Dooley's remarks were slanderous for Ben Daniels was there as well as the colonel. A few minor charges against the war hero nominated for marshal of Arizona appeared two or three weeks ago. It was learned that he had killed a man in a fight on the frontier and had won a faro game. These were investigated by the senate committee, which solemnly concluded that Benjamin had led a quite blameless life. If he had killed a man in a brawl, it was because he was attacked; and even if he had run a faro game, in the committee's opinion being a gambler was no reflection upon a man's honesty. If Mr. Schwab could gamble at Monte Carlo why couldn't Daniels be United States marshal of Arizona? It appears also that President Roosevelt had asked his favorite pointblank if he ever served a term in the penitentiary and had received a negative reply, which was considered reassuring to both the president and the senate committee. It would seem dangerous to nominate for office a man of whom you have to ask such pointed questions, but Ben Daniels' name was reported favorably to the senate no less than twice and he was once confirmed, only to have the confirmation annulled. The charge is now made in Wyoming that Benjamin, the rough rider, was once a convict, and the nomination has again been recalled for repairs. The country is disposed to view the episode as something of a joke, like hunting the mountain lion. While picturesque, it is not without a touch of dynamite.

Where We Plant the Coin.

Washington Post: Mr. Tillman certainly made a great sacrifice of exactness for oratorical explosion when he declared we were engaged in money-grabbing in the Philippines. We started by planting $20,000,000 there and have been engaged in shoveling it out ever since.

A Sign of the Times.

Chicago Post: Let every person sign that petition that prays congress to allow poor Lo to wear blankets and calcimine his classic features. We have almost killed off the red man with our schools and our soap; we would wipe him out entirely if we took away his blanket and paint pot.

A Distant Summery Thought.

Sydney Telegraph: Australia is the hottest country on record. I have ridden for miles astride the equator, but I have never found heat to compare with this. Out in the country in the dry times there appears to be little more than a sheet of brown paper between you and the lower regions, and the people facetiously say that they have to feed their hens on cracked ice to keep them from laying boiled eggs.

"GROPING IN THE DARK."

Manila Freedom: The Filipino question still continues to occupy the minds of Americans in the United States. For their benefit, it may be stated that there is no Filipino question. It is simply a matter of time. We are now, in the parlance of the theater, "trying it on the dog." That is, we are groping about like men in the dark. The majority of us came over here imbued with American sentiments. We had the flag, the nation, all the elements of patriotism inculcated into us, until we believed that America must appeal to these people from the start. After we are here awhile, a faint glimmer of light begins to penetrate beneath. Finally we think we know. Then we find that we know nothing, and we start again. But, we start with the advantage gained by experience. In the meantime, the Spaniard sits by, and says "I told you so."

The only hope is in honesty. If corruption is kept from government, the end must be what we desire. If we become corrupt we are lost. It is the duty of the press to watch developments to this end. They are being watched. In the end with an honest government and an honest policy based on equity and justice, taking into consideration the combined infantile and devilish character of our new acquisitions, we will win. Faint hearts will become discouraged and fail out. Others will take their places. The military are always a source of comfort. Their religion is discipline. Discipline is like fanaticism. It will push men, where man, as an individual would find it impossible to go. It will win. Discipline in the civil departments as well as the military is what is needed. If we are to continue with the civil. Let us look the matter squarely in the face. Has there not been a mistaken leniency? Is not the military of the opinion that previous civil government has been devoid of results. There is only one answer.

THE CLOAK-ROOM KICKER.

Chicago News: Representative Mann and Representative Morris, of Minnesota, were discussing one of their colleagues in the house restaurant the other day.

"Oh, he is a cloakroom kicker," said Mr. Morris, in polishing off the absent individual.

By that term the Minnesota legislator meant that the member did his kicking in the cloakroom and failed to make public his objection to the plans of the leaders in congress on the floor of the house, where they would have official and political weight.

"There are a number of cloakroom kickers," explained Mr. Mann to a companion, "who are famous for the vehemence of their protests made in the cloakroom against the way things are going. I have never seen a man who talks right out in the cloakroom who had anything to say in the same line on the floor. I have one member in mind whom I have heard deliver a half hour's dissertation in the cloakroom and then walk directly to his seat, secure the recognition of the speaker and make an address of similar length on exactly the opposite side of the question. Some of the cloakroom speeches of the congressmen would make interesting reading for their constituents if they could be cecorded and printed."

OXNARD'S PRAYER.

God of our fathers, known of old,
Lord of our high-built tariff wall,
Beneath whose awful hand we hold
Dominion over free and thrall—
Be with us yet, lest we forbear
To strip the Cuban, hide and hair!

Hearing his cries to heaven sent
When Spain with fire and sword pursued,
Our puissant aid we gladly lent
And smote the oppressor where he stood.
But now the Cuban's kicks—beshrew him!
Because our duty's to undo him.

Why then was Weyler driven out?
For what did Fish and Capron die?
Was Cuba saved—O, painful doubt!—
In pity for her misery?
She liked protection then, I trow;
Why should she rail against it now?

God of our fathers, known of old,
Lord of our Chinese tariff wall,
Beneath whose awful hand we hold
Dominion over free and thrall—
Be with us yet, lest we forbear
To strip the Cuban, hide and hair!
—JOSEPH B. GILDER.

A THANKFUL HEART.

Thou art not rich, thou art not poor,
Thy fortune keeps the middle way;
No ills thy strength cannot endure,
Apportioned to the passing day.
Thou art not young, thou art not old,
Yet, calm, thou seest thy years depart;
And joys are thine a thousandfold—
Because thou hast the thankful heart.

A thankful heart for life alone—
For beauty in the earth and skies,
(And for such share as thou dost own
By happy gift of seeing eyes),
For human love's endearing bond,
Where staunchly thou dost bear thy part—
For solace here, and hope beyond—
For all thou hast the thankful heart.

So, to this day of crowning cheer,
By easy course thy steps did tend,
Since with each day of all the year
Some grateful leaven thou didst blend.
No chance thy prize from thee can wrest;
While life shall last thou shalt not part
With that good gift (of all the best),
The treasure of a thankful heart.
—EDITH M. THOMAS in Harper's Bazar.

Ask the Blacksmith.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch: When Attorney Tom Cannon was last with the Jefferson club to Monticello, he chanced to run down to Richmond and Newport News. At the latter place he met a full-fledged Englishman, a Londoner, who was visiting America for the first time. Mr. Cannon and the Britisher went one evening for a ride into the country and chanced upon a typical Virginia village.

Over a blacksmith shop was suspended a jocular sign, which read:

"Ten miles to the next town. If you can't read, ask the blacksmith."

"If you cawn't read, awsk the blacksmith. I cawn't understand what that bally sign means, don't ye know," exclaimed the Englishman.

"Oh, that's a joke," explained Mr. Cannon.

The Englishman studied the sign for a full minute, and then declared with a laugh:

"How jolly clevah, don't ye know! Wouldn't it be a great joke if the bally blacksmith was not at home!"

A Blow at Favoritism.

Omaha Bee: The president's order against employes and officers of the government lobbying at Washington promises to strike in an unexpected place. For years a potent source of scandal has been the "influence" which certain officers of the army and navy brought to bear on the authorities in their behalf. This class has discovered that the order hits them and there is considerable alarm in consequence. The officers who rely for promotion on merit rather than pull will have no cause to regret a ruling which promises to put an end to favoritism.

Reflections of a Bachelor.

New York Press: A man's income isn't nearly so important to him as his outgo.

The kind of garments women speak of in the plural are mostly the kind they don't speak of.

From the way some fathers sympathize with themselves over it you would think it was they who were teething, and not the baby.

When some people have ridden in the same street car with a great man they speak of him as if he were a familiar acquaintance.

An Appendix Needed.

Philadelphia Ledger: The order that government employes must not pester the politicians for appointments seems to need an appendix, to the effect that the politicians must not pester the employes for contributions.

A Harmless Diversion.

Philadelphia Record: Every moment of Kaiser Wilhelm's brother's time will be occupied during his brief sojourn in this country next month, and it is to be trusted that his entertainment will be as pleasant and felicitous as the innocent occasion which renders it possible. However our hectic blatherskites may blare, the populace will resolutely refuse to see in the forthcoming parade of fuss and feathers anything more than a cordial welcome to a good fellow and a friendly representative of a foreign power.

Appendicitis.

Springfield, Mass., Republican: Dr. A. O. Squier read a paper before the Eastern Hampden Medical society in this city Thursday, in which he made a radical departure from the opinion commonly held by medical men with regard to appendicitis. Dr. Squier is a specialist on the stomach and bowels, and gave an intelligent, if radical, theory pertaining to operations for this now very common disease. From his own experience during the last twenty years he has collected facts which have led him to believe as he does. He also quoted from many eminent physicians of the day, and from all that he had collected he has deduced the opinion that 80 per cent of all those affected with appendicitis will get well without an operation, while the other 20 per cent will die whether an operation is performed or not. He therefore believes that it makes no material difference whether an operation is performed, so far as recovery is concerned. Dr. Squier's paper was of an exhaustive nature, and required so long for its reading that no time was given for discussion, which might have been of a very interesting nature.

There Are Others.

Milwaukee Sentinel: Our mule is not the only emotional inconsistency. Germany, although united to the Boers by ties of blood, is busy filling orders for barbed wire to unite Kitchener's blockhouses by ties of metal.

True to His Convictions.

Chicago News: The strained relations between Senator Vest, of Missouri, and Senator Morgan, of Alabama, are well understood in Washington. The other day Senator Clap who is a newcomer and consequently not well informed regarding the feuds and animosities existing between the members of that body, approached Senator Vest just after a third senator had stirred Clapp's ire. The Minnesota statesman said to Vest:

"Isn't Jones the worst ass that ever broke into public life?"

"Well," said the frail and withered statesman from Missouri, "I can't say. You know I am pretty thoroughly committed on that proposition to Morgan."

AS THE NEW YEAR DAWNS



BY DOLLY GRAY

(Copyright, 1902, by W. R. Hearst).

You'll be sure to come over tonight, Lois?"

"Certainly, Alice, I shan't fail you. Are there to be many?"

"Oh, no, it isn't anything elaborate at all. I've just invited a very few to watch the old year out with me. The Lawson girls, the Prentice boys and, of course, Ethel Hargis. Oh, by the way, I didn't tell you, did I?"

"What?" asked Lois?"

"About Walter Hargis—"

The other, caught unawares, started and paled unmistakably.

"What about Walter Hargis?"

"He'll be home for New Year's, Ethel told me. They expect him today. Of course, I asked her to bring him over."

Lois, endeavoring to counteract the effect of her discomposure, smiled now with easy serenity.

"Oh, of course!" she echoed. Then continued, pleasantly: "It will be nice to see Walter again. He has been away a while, hasn't he? Really, I believe it is two years since he was home. Ethel has missed him so much, too. Well, we'll have a congenial little party, won't we?"

She dismissed the subject with such apparent lightness that even Alice was almost deceived into believing that certain memories no longer carried a sting for Lois Graham.

Had she realized the intensity of her friend's pride, however, she would have known that in spite of her cordial comments and smiling lips the old wound panted and throbbed afresh. The mere mention of Hargis' name had summoned a rushing throng of memories.

After Alice had gone, and Lois was left to her own reflections, the sudden realization of what it would mean to see Walter again came upon her overwhelmingly.

The old scenes were crowding back into her memory. The old happiness, stung through with the pain of the fatal misunderstanding that followed it, rushed over her again, bringing a tormenting train of fiercely conflicting emotions.

Ah, their friendship had been so sweet, and sweeter still the love that blossomed from it. They had been so happy—it had seemed impossible that even the smallest cloud could ever darken the serene sky of their perfect understanding. But the clouds had gathered nevertheless and the storm had burst.

Of course, another girl had been the cause of it. Just when it had begun or how Lois never knew. But the affair had started somehow, and before she realized it people were hinting of Walter's infatuation for that other one.

Lois' anger and mortification at the time had been so great that only one phase of the situation was apparent to her. One fact alone stood out from the rest and blinded her to all others. People had said things! Walter must have given them the right to do it. In spite of his protestations, his denials, his entreaties, the bitter fact remained in some way he had allowed his name to be coupled with that of Myra Holmes. Myra Holmes!—the flirt, the coquette, the contented little bit of femininity whom all the girls disliked.

Oh, the humiliation of it! In the heat of her resentment Lois had been deaf to argument. Whether or not Walter deserved such treatment she had scarcely cared. Womanlike, she had brooded over the poignancy of the mere circumstance, rejecting explanations and entreaties alike.

And so they had parted. She had not seen him for two years. And he would be there tonight!

No, no, she would not, could not go. The thing was impossible. But then her absence might look significant. Perhaps it would seem cowardly to stay away. People might say—

Yes, she would go. She would prove to the others that, after all, she did not care.

As she dressed for the affair that evening she was conscious that she looked unusually well. The knowledge assisted her in bracing her faculties to face the ordeal before her. She determined upon her manner, her speech, in the presence of Walter.

She would be calm, yet not cool; cheerful, but not gay; pleasant, but not too cordial.

In spite of her resolve, however, she was aware of tumultous heart beats when she entered the room where the little company was assembled. Walter Hargis was sitting at the piano chatting with one of the Lawson girls. Lois had a chance to notice his expression before he caught sight of her.

Yes, he had changed somewhat. And yet he was just the same! At sight of the familiar profile, the well-known attitude, the same dear earnestness of manner—something clamored at her heart. Then she remembered.

He looked up and saw her.

They greeted each other with a careless cordiality. Perhaps both were conscious of furtively observant eyes. But if there were any curious beholders they were baffled by the pleasant serenity of the greeting.

Something in his face haunted and disturbed her as she sat pretending an interest in one of the Prentice boys. She had seen that look in Walter's face before—yes, it was when he had begged her to listen and she would not.

The evening progressed in a vague, unsatisfactory manner to Lois. While she laughed and chatted and joined in the merriment with the others, the undercurrent of her thought ran in a different channel. She was living in past scenes, past events.

Some one suggested music.

Lois felt her throat tightening strangely when Grace Lawson began to sing. The girl had a sympathetic voice and it vibrated with a peculiar tenderness in love songs. As the song progressed a swift scorn of her own weakness seized the heart of Lois. Pride and bitterness replaced the melting warmth that had stolen upon her. Throughout the remaining stanzas she sat calmly unyielding, glorying in her firmness.

Then Grace sang again. At the opening bars of the familiar ballad Lois summoned all her will power to her aid, but she felt from the first that she was vanquished.

"Go to him rose, and tell him
All my passionate pain—"

It had been their favorite song, Walter's and hers.

An engulfing wave of memory surged over her, with its drowning tide of tender recollections.

She could not bear it—she would not. She was sitting near the door. Very noiselessly she arose and slipped out into the hall. Her one thought was to get away from the torturing rebuke of that music.

At the rear of the hall the library door stood open. She went in quietly and closed it gently. The lamps were dim, but the firelight threw a ruddy glow on the walls and hangings.

Lois drew a low chair up to the fire and sat down, her back toward the door. The music came to her faintly; tenderly vibrant, yearningly sweet.



She heard the knob turn softly and knew that some one had entered the room. A fear that was half longing held her breathless as she waited, her gaze riveted upon the glowing coals. Someone touched her arm.

"Lois!"

The old thrill shot through her at the sound of his voice. She dared not raise her eyes. A sudden alarm at her own yielding brought back her former resistance.

He should not think her made of wax, ready to surrender at the first attack of the old memories!

"Walter—you forget!"

He sat down opposite her, the firelight on his face. A furtive glance showed her the pain and pleading in it. She would not meet his eyes.

"No, Lois, I forget nothing. You misjudged me once. I told you then, but you would not believe me. Will you believe me now?"

She was stubbornly silent.

"I've never loved any one but you, Lois, you know it."

There was a tugging at her heart. Oh, she was yielding again. After all her resolutions, too. And people would say—

"Lois, look at me!"

Her eyes met his half defiantly. Pride was making a last brave stand.

"Dear, you must believe me!"

Silence fell between them. A coal dropped clinking from the grate. The clock ticked slowly, evenly. Instinctively they glanced toward the dial.

"Lois, dear, the year is dying. Let all the old misunderstandings die with it! A., the pain and the heartache and the pride—yes, pride, dear—let us be rid of them! Mistakes belong to the past—not the glad new year that is dawning. Lois, I want your love again!"

His persistent gaze drew her downcast eyes until they met his fully.

"Walter!" it was a cry of surrender.

"Dearest!"

She was in his arms and all the past was forgotten in the triumphant joy of the present.

* * * * * *

A mischievous voice sounded at the door. "Why Lois, you and Walter have missed seeing the old year out."

"No, Alice," replied Walter, as Lois blushingly faced her friend, "We both have watched it die and something else has died with it. You understand, Alice. I know. The dawn of this new year means happiness once more for us both."

For Singers and Speakers.

The New Remedy for Catarrh is Very Valuable.

A Grand Rapids gentleman who represents a prominent manufacturing concern and travels through Central and Southern Michigan, relates the following regarding the new catarrh cure, he says:

"After suffering from catarrh of the head, throat and stomach for several years, I heard of Stuart's Catarrh Tablets and like everything else I immediately bought a package and was decidedly surprised at the immediate relief it afforded me and still more to find a complete cure after several weeks' use.



"I have a little son who sings in a boys' choir in one of our prominent churches, and he is greatly troubled with hoarseness and throat weakness, and on my return home from a trip I gave him a few of the tablets one Sunday morning when he had complained of hoarseness. He was delighted with their effect, removing all huskiness in a few minutes and making the voice clear and strong.

"As the tablets are very pleasant to the taste, I had no difficulty in persuading him to use them regularly.

"Our family physician told us they were an antiseptic preparation of undoubted merit and that he himself had no hesitation in using and recommending Stuart's Catarrh Tablets for any form of catarrh.

"I have since met many public speakers and professional singers who used them constantly. A prominent Detroit lawyer told me that Stuart's Catarrh Tablets kept his throat in fine shape during the most trying weather and that he had long since discarded the use of cheap lozenges and troches on the advice of his physician that they contained so much tolu, potash and opium as to render their use a danger to health."

Stuart's Catarrh Tablets are large pleasant tasting lozenges composed of catarrhal antiseptics, like red gum, blood root, etc., and sold by druggists everywhere at 50 cents for full treatment.

They act upon the blood and mucous membrane and their composition and remarkable success has won the approval of physicians, as well as thousands of sufferers from nasal catarrh, throat troubles and catarrh of stomach.

A little book on treatment of catarrh mailed free by addressing F. A. Stuart company, Marshall, Mich.

SMOKERS SMOKE GOOD CIGARS...

Our assortment of foreign and domestic cigars is the largest and most carefully selected in the city. All the well known makes, from which we select a few—

LA VERDAD, LA LINDA,
EL MODELO, GATO,
EL TELLO, LA EMMENCIA,
TENNYSON, TOM MOORE.

S.F.Boyce
DRUGGIST,
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

Dr. EMMA BREINHOLM
Graduated Midwife
ELECTRICITY AND MAGNETIC HEALING
PRIVATE HOSPITAL.
121 19th Ave. W. Phone 1471

Hotel Northern,

208 W. SUPERIOR ST.

Music from 3 to 5 and 7 to 11 p.m. by Northwestern Lady Orchestra.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH AND FITGER'S BEER.
Sold in Duluth at the
IDEAL BEER HALL.

New Building—
New Equipment—
Modern in every particular—
Hotel McKay
One block from Union Depot. Convenient to all parts of Duluth. RATES—$2.00 and $2.50 per day.

SKYLIGHTS, CORNICE,
Gravel Roofing and Sheet Iron Work.
DEETZ & CO.,
408 East Superior St.
Zenith Telephone 703. Long Distance 703

THE WORK OF CHANCE

How Kid Noble Fell Into the Officers' Hands.

His Wife Wrote Him a Letter Under Assumed Name.

Another Man of the Same Name Received It.

Clinton, Iowa, Feb. 11.—It has developed that love for his wife revealed to the officers the whereabouts of Kid Noble, the prize fighter, now under arrest at Musoakeeper. The identity of the murderer became known through a strange series of circumstances.

If Noble had not carried the photographs of his wife and children he would not have been caught, and if he had staid away from his home he would now be a free man.

Generally when a criminal is picked up, it is because he is tied by some sort of string to some woman; the string in question proving to be a clear line for the detectives to follow. Kid Noble, who was arrested at Enid, O. T., is another victim of this tendency of the criminal to maintain an open line of communication with a woman. In his flight to the southwest, he stopped long enough to mail a letter to his sweetheart wife. The stigma of murder did not shake her loyalty to him and to aid him in his desperate straits she sent him money in a letter. She addressed the letter to H. W. Johnson, Enid, O. T., this being the name Kid Noble had assumed. But it so happened this fictitious name was the real name of the telegraph operator for the Rock Island road at Enid. The letter reached its destination before Kid Noble and in the meantime it had been delivered to Harry W. Johnson. The operator found in the letter a $5 bill, which was from Noble's wife. The lines stated she was uneasy and ill, said she had not slept well since the trouble, said she was glad he had changed his name, as it was a good idea; promised to do all in her power to assist him and concluded by saying when he found a good, safe place, to let her know and she would join him.

The letter aroused no suspicion on the part of the operator until he pulled out a newspaper clipping when Kid Noble killed Tom Morgan. Associating the word "trouble" in the letter with the murder mentioned in the newspaper clipping, Johnson jumped to the right conclusion. He returned the letter to the postmaster and immediately notified Sheriff Porter, who watched at the postoffice. When Kid Noble put in an appearance and asked for H. W. Johnson's mail, the sheriff knew they had spotted the right man.

They tracked him from the postoffice to the White House saloon, and there, at an opportune moment, each man caught one of his arms and pinioned it across his back. Quickly searching his pockets and finding no weapon concealed on his person, they escorted him to jail. The big fugitive was at bay. The brawny bully was in the toils and not a blow struck. It was all over with the big man and he seemed to realize it and aside from a story weakly told that they must be mistaken in the man, he had nothing to say. After his arrival in Muscatine, his wife went to the jail to see him and the scene was an affecting one.

IS MISSING.

A Hibbing Barber Takes His Departure For Parts Unknown.

Hibbing, Minn., Feb. 11.—(Special to The Herald).—W. E. Crandell, the barber who ran a shop in the rear of the Hotel Superior for the past six months, left a week ago for parts unknown. Several creditors mourn his loss. Crandell was a smooth talker and secured credit and borrowed money from many people here. He always had a hard luck story and was continually borrowing money to bring his wife and children here. At last a dozen kind-hearted people here, believing his story, lent him money for that purpose. The family never came and he usually spent the money in drink or playing poker. Al Powers held a bill of sale on the barber outfit for money loaned and sold the outfit.

Last Tuesday afternoon the building occupied by Mrs. Hoy as a confectionery store and dwelling, was damaged by fire to the extent of about $300. The upstairs was used for sleeping apartments and the fire caught by reason of an air-tight stove being placed too near the wall. When discovered the entire second story was aflame and the blaze bursting out from the north side and roof. The building is owned by Dr. Rood and is insured for $600. Mrs. Hoy had $900 insurance on her stock which was removed with little loss. She carried no insurance on her household goods, and her loss on these is about $400.

Capt. Harry Thomas, who recently resigned the superintendency of the Clark mine at Chisholm, which property merged into the United States Steel corporation Jan. 1, has removed to Hibbing, and after a well deserved vacation, will start to develop the Sellwood property east of this place.

Since the recent horse races at Ely lake, Eveleth people realize more than ever that Hibbing is not only the banner town of the iron ranges, in point of population and commercial importance, but also has the fastest horses, possibly in the state. Out of the four races, Hibbing horses won three firsts and three seconds.

GROOM LOST.

The Tragic Termination of a Houseboat Wedding Party.

Clinton, Iowa, Feb. 11.—On Aug. 30, 1901, John Ryan, who had been working in this locality for some time and whose home was in Troy, N. Y., was united in marriage to Miss Mary Peterson, of Sabula. Four days later Mr. and Mrs. Ryan and Mr. and Mrs. Peter Peterson left in a houseboat and floated down the Mississippi to East St. Louis, Ill., reaching that place Oct. 11. Mr. Ryan had stated there was a man named Martens working for the Missouri Malleable Iron works at that place, with whom he had once been in partnership, and, further, that Martens owed him about $300.

When they had been in East St. Louis two days, Mr. Ryan remarked that he was going to the iron works to attempt to get the money due him and asked Mr. Peterson to accompany him. As Peterson was busy, Ryan went alone. He stated he would be back in two hours, but as the day wore on and he did not return, much anxiety was felt, as he had said Martens was an ugly fellow. His relatives waited until the next day and then as he did not return, Mr. Peterson went to the iron works to inquire for him, but was denied admission and was informed that neither Ryan nor Martens was known there.

The matter was reported to the police and hospitals and public places were searched, to no avail. Ryan could not be found and no trace of him discovered after leaving the houseboat.

It is the impression of his relatives that he was murdered, as he appeared to be very devoted to his young wife and was in a happy mood when he left her. Hence the family is confident that nothing short of death or sudden insanity could have prevented him from returning, or at least making known his whereabouts.

Mrs. Ryan has return from East St. Louis, in company with her brother and wife, and is deeply grieved over the mysterious disappearance of her husband.

RHEUMATISM



My RHEUMATISM CURE is just as certain to cure rheumatism as water is to quench thirst. No matter what part of the body the pain may be in or whether it is acute or chronic, MUNYON'S RHEUMATISM CURE will drive it out in a few hours, and fully cure in a few days.—MUNYON.

Munyon's Dyspepsia Cure will cure any case of indigestion or stomach trouble.

Ninety per cent. of kidney complaints, including the earliest stages of Bright's Disease, can be cured with Munyon's Kidney Cure.

Munyon's Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh of the head, throat and stomach, no matter of how long standing.

Nervous affections and diseases of the heart are controlled and cured by Munyon's Nerve and Heart Cure.

Munyon's Cold Cure will break up any form of cold.

Munyon's Vitalizer restores lost powers to weaken. Price $1.

The **Guide to Health** (free) tells about diseases and their cure. Get it at any drug store. The Cures are all on sale there, mostly at 25 cents a vial.

Munyon, New York and Philadelphia.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH.

CHECK ON RUSSIA

Necessary to Hold the Czar Down Regarding Manchuria.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Negotiations between the United States government and the government of Russia relative to Manchuria are progressing with the exhibition of a great deal of energy on our part, though the exchanges are in the kindliest spirit. The attitude of the British government has shifted materially since the beginning of the negotiations. A treaty was drawn up originally between Russia and China, providing for the evacuation of Manchuria by the Russian troops who have been in military possession of the country since the early days of the Boxer outbreak. This treaty contained a great many rather complex guarantees in Russia's favor, but a singularly objectionable proviso was one placing the Russo-Chinese bank in practical control of the commercial and material interests of Manchuria. It was quickly perceived that the provision, if executed, practically would exclude Americans from competition in Manchuria, which is very valuable as a market for our manufactured cottons.

Therefore Russia's attention was directed to our existing rights under the treaty with China, and also to her own promises made directly to the United States government during the early days of the Russian occupation of Manchuria.

Apparently our representations were effectual, for the objectionable proviso touching the Russo-Chinese bank was withdrawn from the treaty and that convention, save in some minor respects, was regarded as unobjectionable. However, it has been discovered that the Russian government, following a practice known in European diplomacy, has drawn up a secret agreement with China, conferring upon the Russo-Chinese bank all the power contained in the original treaty proviso. Therefore the United States government has renewed its objections, not only addressing itself to the Russian government, but making a very strong protest to the government of China. It is expressly declared that in so doing our government has acted independently, though it is a matter of common knowledge that other great commercial powers whose interests in Manchuria are almost as considerable as our own have addressed similar representations to both China and Russia.

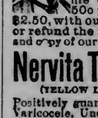
TREE CRUSHED HIM.

Charles Anderson of Superior Killed Near Bemidji.

Bemidji, Minn., Feb. 10.—Charles Anderson, of West Superior, was killed yesterday while working in O'Brien's camp, nine miles from Bemidji. A tree fell upon him. He had a brother in the West Superior shipyards, to whom the body will be sent.

NERVITA PILLS

Restore Vitality, Lost Vigor and Manhood
Cure Impotency, Night Emissions, Loss of Memory, all wasting diseases, all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion. A nerve tonic and blood builder. Brings the pink glow to pale cheeks and restores the fire of youth. By mail 50c per box. 6 boxes for $2.50, with our bankable guarantee to cure or refund the money paid. Send for circular and copy of our bankable guarantee bond.



60 PILLS 50 CTS.

Nervita Tablets EXTRA STRENGTH (YELLOW LABEL) Immediate Results

Positively guaranteed cure for Loss of Power, Varicocele, Undeveloped or Shrunken Organs, Paroals, Locomotor Ataxia, Nervous Prostration, Hysteria, Fits, Insanity, Paralysis and the Results of Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium or Liquor. By mail in plain package, $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00 with our bankable guarantee bond to cure in 60 days or refund money paid. Address

NERVITA MEDICAL CO.
Clinton & Jackson Sts., CHICAGO, ILL.

Sold in Duluth by S. P. BOYCE, Druggist, 435 West Superior Street.

BEGGED THE QUESTION

(Continued from page 1.)

thus became our duty to frame a measure taxing all property regardless of location or of interest. We have endeavored to do this and I believe that the tax code we have reported fulfills our purpose. We were impressed with the fact that our tax laws are unfavorably constructed and our first object to be accomplished was symmetry. We have attempted to group together in proper order the laws and put them under proper heads. There is an impression that the tax commission has framed a code that is novel and idealistic from beginning to end. This was not its purpose. It attempted to frame a practical and a just measure that would relieve burdens where they are pressing too heavily and place them where they properly belong.

"You get in the first section a comprehensive expression that all real and personal property shall be taxed. This is taken mostly from the New York statutes. It is much the same as our own, but because it is clearer than that of Minnesota, it was taken in preference. Under the statement on exemptions you will find only such exemptions as the constitution exempts.

"The second chapter relates only to definitions and I will not deal with that because there is no likelihood of any controversy over that section. Now we come to the third section. This is on the assessed property. It is the section that has excited much comment throughout the state. It is second in importance to no other section in the proposed code. This commission was created for a definite purpose. It was to correct the recognized existing evils of the tax laws.

"It is a notorious fact that assessments from one end of the state to the other is a farce and unfair to many taxpayers. But a very small part of the property in this state is properly assessed. All but about 10 or 15 per cent is not assessed as it should be. This commission, recognizing the spirit in which it was created, constructed such provisions as would secure the assessment of personal property. Its purpose was to bring out of hiding and place on the assessment books that great volume of property that has not responded at all. The commission knew of no other remedy than to require every person in the state to list his personal property. It tried to compel every person to do so unless he flies the state to escape it.

"So long as the state is committed to a personal property tax, so long must we have coercive provisions. It is an unfortunate fact, but it must be recognized that no matter what the rank or station of a person, you cannot depend upon the voluntary listing of his property. You must go further than force him to list his property. He must understand that in filing his list he is performing a duty as sacred as any that can be performed. If he is to give his list, that list must be honest. When it is suggested that the law proposed is unwise because it is drastic and inquisitorial, I maintain that unless it is drastic and inquisitorial it will be at best a lame and inefficient law. Let us see how iniquitous this law is. This commission made the time for assessments between April 1 to July 1 because we were advised that the limit now in force is too short. It is impossible for the assessor to properly investigate property in the two months now allowed, particularly in thickly populated and wealthy portions of the state. When he cannot investigate properly it has become a custom almost to merely take the list filed the year before and assess according to that. If the legislature wishes to change the time allowed, it will make very little difference."

In discussing this section, Mr. Childs made the following remarks that will be read with a great deal of interest in Duluth, for they involve the matter of grain taxation:

"Under the head of personal property it may be said that the law is not destined to reach interstate commerce. The matter of grain taxation is to be determined. If grain or anything else is destined for a point beyond the state it is interstate commerce, whether it remains in the state a day, a week or a month, and it cannot be taxed in this state. It is beyond the power of the commission to make exception. If the bill works any injustice, it will not be because of the iniquity of the law, but because the people of the state have framed their fundamental law so as to require such things."

Proceeding to illustrate wherein the personal property law is not especially drastic, Mr. Childs said that it was taken from the Indiana law, and he proceeded to compare its penalties with those in similar laws in Illinois, Michigan, Massachussets and Pennsylvania. These laws prescribe the severest penalties for negligence on the part of assessors and for false statements by property owners. That of Pennsylvania prescribes a heavy fine, and for false swearing a man may be given seven years in solitary confinement. Mr. Childs said that the criticism has been made that the proposed law for Minnesota has been taken from the Indiana statutes, and that in that state, in the year following 1891, at which time, it was asserted, the present law was put in force in Indiana, there was an increase of only 37 per cent in assessments. Mr. Childs said that the law was put in force in 1872, instead of 1891, and the 37 per cent increase in the year 1891 was due to the fact that in that year the people of Indiana made provison for a permanent tax commission, which dug up several large parcels of property that were not paying their just dues.

In relation to the personal property exemption, the speaker said that while the present law provides an exemption of $100, and the constitution requires some exemption and permits as much as $20, the commission cut it down to $25, because, before the report was filed, nobody ever said a word that was not in favor of reducing the exemption or removing altogether if possible. This was because in many cases it opened the way for actual fraud, heads of families in returning property dividing it up among the members of the families so that the exemption could be multiplied. He would favor an even larger exemption than the constitution allowed, if it applied only to heads of families. Some complaint had been made of the taxation of building and loan associations, but he said that under the constitution they could not be made an exception to the rule. In taxing street railway companies and other public service corporations, he said that he believed the commission had devised the very best means of getting at them.

At this point Gen. Childs announced that he was tired, and would like to continue his speech at another time, when Mr. Ives, of the commission, would also speak. The committee adjourned to this afternoon at 2 o'clock, when the hearing was to continue.

At yesterday afternoon's meeting of the senate, the first after adjournment over Sunday, there was only a bare quorum present, and the session lasted only a few minutes. At the opening, Lieutenant Governor Smith announced the members of the senate committee on the reception of bills as follows: Senators Lord, Miller, Johnson, McNamee, Wilson, Brown, E. J. Jones, Hawkins, Grindeland. There is one from each congressional district.

Four bills were introduced, as follows: By Senator McCarthy, legalizing franchises granted by villages for furnishing electric light and power; by Snyder, to legalize acknowledgments taken before a notary whose commission had expired; by Young, to cure defective mortgage foreclosures on real estate; by Benedict, to permit the appropriation made at the last session of $15,000 for a library and heating plant at the Mankato normal school, to be used entirely for the heating plant. These were referred to the committee on the reception of bills.

Mr. Somerville introduced a resolution recalling the bill regarding the proposed amendments to the constitution, submitted by the tax commission, from the committee on taxes and tax laws and sending it to the judiciary committee. The change was ordered.

After a little routine business, such as the appointment of additional stenographers and messengers, had been attended to, the senate adjourned to morning. Many senators passed into the house chamber to hear Gen. Childs speak on the tax bill.

* * *

In his speech before the tax committee of the house yesterday Gen. Childs begged the question, as he did in his Minneapolis speech before the Minnesota Bankers' association. He confined his remarks to a eulogy of the bill and many of its provisions, which is quite what would be expected from one of its authors.

The question is not whether there are some good features in the proposed tax code. It is whether it is best to pass any tax code until the constitution is in shape to allow a proper tax system to be framed.

Admitting, for the sake of peace, that the proposed tax code is the very best possible one under the present constitution, the question is whether it is advisable to pass it, when by amending the constitution and following out the suggestions of the tax commission made in its report, it would be necessary in another year to make a much more radical change than this bill proposes.

* * *

That would seem to be the leading question before the legislature of the state of Minnesota. Everybody agrees that there are some good things in the proposed law, and nearly everybody agrees that there are some very bad things. In his speech Gen. Childs said that if in its operation the proposed law produced any injustice, it would not be the fault of the bill, but it would be because the people of the state have framed their fundamental law, the constitution, so as to produce that injustice.

* * *

The tax commission was created to frame a tax code, and under its instructions it had to create one. It found that under the present constitution it is impossible to frame a proper tax system. So it did the best it could, and presented the result, together with proposed amendments to the constitution, which, the commission said, would permit a proper and just tax system to be framed. If the proposed amendments were passed, and the commission's ideas of a proper tax law carried out, there would be at the next session of the legislature another overhauling of the tax system, and changes would be made that would be much more radical than those that the proposed law would bring about. To a man up a tree this looks like rather a foolish proceeding. If the commission is mistaken when it says the present constitution is an insuperable obstacle to proper tax legislation, then the proposed law, if it is the best possible under the constitution, should be passed. If the commission is correct, then the constitution should be amended before any attempt to frame a new tax code is made.

* * *

Copies of the article on the tax bill by County Auditor Olson, of Lake county, which was printed in The Herald some weeks ago, were distributed on the floor of the house yesterday. The criticisms offered by Mr. Olson are from a practical standpoint, and the changes he proposes would work to make the system less cumbersome in its mechanical applications.

* * *

Such criticisms as these are leading to the conclusion that a great mistake was made in the formation of the tax commission, with all due respect to its present members. They are attorneys, and therefore their attitude toward taxation is a theoretical one. Lawyers were needed on the commission, but it was not necessary that they should all be lawyers. Many believe that if a county auditor and a business man of wide experience had been members of the commission a widely different tax code would have resulted.

* * *

In the senate session yesterday afternoon, Senator Ives, of St. Paul, raised a laugh by introducing a resolution authorizing the committee on legislative expenses to purchase for each newspaper reporter of the senate a handsome pocket knife, with three large blades and a corkscrew. The resolution was solemnly read and referred to the proper committee.

* * *

Copies of this week's issue of J. S. Vandiver's St. Peter Journal were furnished yesterday to every member of the legislature. In his editorial correspondence from the legislature "Van" treats the whole matter in a very light vein, referring to the tax commission as a joke, to the proposed tax law as a joke, and to the special session as the biggest joke of all. Incidentally he remarks somewhat cruelly that if the tax commission had referred its labors to a stenographer equipped with a pair of shears and a paste pot a better bill would have resulted.

* * *

Representative Pugh was reported in some of the papers here as voting all alone against the Sweet resolution to invite the members of the "late tax commission" to appear before the tax committee of the house. Yesterday morning Mr. Pugh went up to the clerk's desk to see if the house journal had it reported that way, and if so to have it corrected. It was not so reported, however. As a matter of fact that lonely negative vote cast on the proposal was that of Albert Berg, the former secretary of state.

* * *

Fred Kugler was here yesterday on his way home from the South, where he has been investigating oil propositions very largely. He was a visitor on the floor of the house.

* * *

P. McDonnell and his family were in St. Paul yesterday on their way home from Fargo, where Mr. McDonnell has been engaged in contracting work. He was a witness in the West murder case, which has attracted much attention throughout the Northwest.

* * *

There is a feeling in the legislature and it is growing every day that the special session is likely to come abruptly to a full stop some day not very far away. If the legislature passes the tax bill, in any form whatever, or if it votes it down after considering it fully in the manner proposed, the session is good for at least three weeks yet and perhaps longer. But the increasing opposition to the idea of passing any tax bill at this time is becoming so strong that some such plan as that proposed by the Smith bill for a constitutional convention, and the bill to continue the tax commission long enough to frame a new code in accordance with the proposed constitutional amendment, both involving indirectly, if passed before the tax bill, the idea of postponing action on the tax bill at this time, is likely to be up almost any day and be passed. Then the legislature will adjourn and go home.

* * *

There is on every hand, especially among the friends of the bill, a reluctance to do anything that will bring about a showing of forces. The enemies of the bill are confident enough not to fear this to any great extent, that the friends of the bill have steadfastly slipped in with a compromise on everything that promised to bring about a division on the tax bill.

STILLMAN H. BINGHAM.

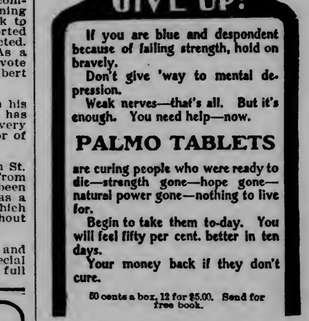
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Don't give 'way to mental depression.

Weak nerves—that's all. But it's enough. You need help—now.

PALMO TABLETS

are curing people who were ready to die—strength gone—hope gone—natural power gone—nothing to live for.

Begin to take them to-day. You will feel fifty per cent. better in ten days.

Your money back if they don't cure.

50 cents a box, 12 for $5.00. Send for free book.

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one-sixth pure glycerin-- the best for the toilet that human skill can produce.

A better is impossible tho' you pay a dollar a cake for it.

Use it for toilet and bath.

Use it on the hair.

Skin and hair will be as soft and smooth as silk.

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MARKET IS DULL

Wheat Started Out at Decline But Recovered the Loss.

Trading In Futures Very Light on the Duluth Board.

Flax Business Was Quiet and the Market Stronger.

Duluth Board of Trade, Feb. 11.—The wheat market started out at a slight decline here this morning, while the Chicago market was a little higher than last night. The steady cables caused prices to advance, but trading was slack in view of tomorrow's holiday. The market moved throughout the session within a very narrow range and was devoid of interest.

There will be no session of the markets tomorrow, it being a legal holiday.

The Liverpool market closed without change and Berlin was ⅝c higher.

Primary receipts yesterday were 312,000 bus, and shipments 243,000 bus. Last year was a holiday. Clearances of wheat and flour aggregated 11,000 bus. Bradstreet reports a decrease of 3,425,000 bus in the world's visible.

Corn in the Chicago market advanced 1c and oats ½@⅝c. Primary receipts of corn were 233,000 bus, and shipments 258,000 bus. Clearances of corn were 50,000 bus. Bradstreet reported a decrease of 580,000 bus.

Receipts of wheat at Duluth and Minneapolis, 215 cars, and at Chicago, 25, a total of 240 cars, against 302 last week.

Trading in wheat on the Duluth board was very light. The market opened ⅛c off at 75⅞c, sold at 76⅜@⅛c at 9:45, at 76⅝c at 9:50, at 76⅝c at 10:30 and held steady closing at that price, an advance of ⅛c. Chicago advanced ⅜@⅛c and Minneapolis ⅛@⅜c.

There was little activity in the cash market sales aggregating about 20,000 bus. Prices advanced 1c all round, No. 1 northern to 2c under May, No. 2 northern to 6c under and No. 3 to 6½c under.

Flax trading was light, but the market was stronger although toward the close it lost much of its gain. The opening was 1½c off at $1.72½. It quickly sold up to $1.74½, fell back to $1.74 and held steady there until the close which was at $1.73½. This was an advance of 1½c over yesterday. February and cash seed were unchanged and to arrive 1½c over yesterday. February and cash seed were unchanged and to arrive sold up 1c.

There was an advance of ⅞c in the price of oats.

Following are the closing prices:

Wheat—Cash, No. 1 hard, 77¼c; No. 1 northern, 74¼c; No. 2 northern, 73⅛c; No. 3 spring, 69⅝c; to arrive, No. 1 hard, 77½c; No. 1 northern, 74½c; May, 76½c; July, 77¼; Manitoba, No. 1 northern, cash, 73¼c; May, 74⅜c; No. 2 northern, 69c. Oats, 40¾c. Rye, 55c. Barley, 49@58c. Corn, 46c. Flax, cash, $1.70; to arrive, $1.71. February, $1.70. May, $1.73½.

Cars inspected: Wheat, 84; last year, holiday; oats, 5; rye, 1; flax, 28.

Receipts: Wheat, 37,394 bus; barley, 1046; flax, 17,541.

Shipments: Wheat, 1100; flax, 3768.

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SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 northern wheat, 6 cars	$0.74½
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus	74⅜
No. 1 northern, 2 cars	74½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	71⅞
No. 2 northern, 1 car	72½
No. 3 spring, 1 car	70¾
No. 3 spring, 1 car	70
Flax, 2 cars cash	1.72
Flax, 700 bus to arrive	1.72

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Grains Opened Slow Taking on Nervous Tone.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Grains opened slow today but at once took on an uncertain and nervous tone. May wheat started a shade to ⅛c higher at 77⅞c to 77¾@⅞c on steady cables. The early trade was only fair with a light demand. Commission houses began buying, but locals sold. Corn and oats soon had a strengthening influence, and shorts fearing for what might happen over tomorrow's holiday, covered freely and sent May up to 78c. Later the market turned rather slow again and May eased back to 77¾@⅞c. Local receipts were 25 cars. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 215 cars, making a total for the three points of 240 against 302 last week. This day last year was a holiday.

A decrease of 3,425,000 bus in the visible supply of wheat helped to keep an improved tone in the wheat market. May sold up to 78⅝c and closed there, firm, ½@⅝c higher than yesterday.

There was some slight pressure on corn early from the Southwest, though cash handlers reported a better feeling both here and at the seaboard. May opened a shade to ⅛c lower at 61½c to 61⅜@½c on easy cables. The early sentiment was on the selling side, but there was a momentary bullish feeling shortly after the opening and May went to 61⅞c. Later the advance was lost and the market turned quiet with May around 61½c. Receipts were 102 cars.

Corn continued to have little spurts of strength and with wheat at one time, May advanced to 62⅜c. The close was barely firm, ⅛c up at 61¾@⅞c.

Oats recovered well from yesterday's bad break at the very opening. May started slow, 1⅛@¼c to a shade lower at 42¼c to 42⅜c with other grains. A better cash demand was reported in the South and East, offerings were light and prices advanced. There was almost an entire absence of outside business, the trade being restricted largely to locals who bought and sold. The early support sent May to 42⅞c. There was a subsequent sag of ¼c, but May later held well around 42¾@⅞c. Receipts were 146 cars.

Provisions opened with an easier tone on a lower market at the yards and on selling by brokers supposedly for packers. Commission houses soon began buying, particularly of pork and prices advanced well. There was a considerable early local buying. Lard and ribs after making their early losses steadied. May pork opened 2½c down at $15.90 and sold to $16.00; May lard unchanged at $9.52½ and advanced to $9.55, and May ribs 5c to 2½c lower at $8.52½ to $8.55 and reacted to $8.60.

Close: Wheat—February, 75⅝c May, 78¾c; July, 78¼c; September, 77⅝c. Corn—February, 59⅝c; May, 61¾@⅞c; July, 61⅝c; September, 60¾c. Oats—February, 42¼c; May, 43c; July, 43⅛c; September, 31¾@⅞c. Pork—February, $15.70; May, $15.95; July, $16.02½. Lard—February, $9.37½; May, $9.52½@9.55; July, $9.62½. Ribs—February, $8.45; May, $8.57½@8.60; July, $8.6½; September, $8.70. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 80@86c; No. 3 red, 82@84½c; No. 2 hard winter, 76@78c No. 3 hard winter, 75½@77½c; No. 1 northern spring, 76@78c; No. 2 northern spring, 74@76c. No. 3 spring, 71@75c. Corn—No. 3, 58¾@⅞c. Oats—No. 2, 43¼@45c; No. 3, 43c. Flax—Cash Northwestern, $1.71½; Southwestern, $1.69; May, $1.73; Rye—February, 53½c; May, 60¾c; July, 59¾c. Barley—Cash, 58@63c. Timothy—March, $6.60. Clover—March, $9.25.

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GRAIN GOSSIP.

The weather map this morning shows rather heavy snows in Dakotas and Eastern Nebraska, light snows in southern part of the Missouri river, in Iowa, Missouri, Illinois, Indiana and eastward. Temperatures moderate for the season.

Adelaide, South Australia—The Register estimates the wheat yield of the colony at an average of five 60-pound bushels per acre on 1,500,000 acres and the exportable surplus of wheat at 116,000 tons.

W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago—The condition in wheat and corn pits is such now that just a little buying would advance it very easily. While as a rule it has been decidedly bearish, I look for a rise due for a rise in these cereals and advise purchases and where around these prices.

* * *

J. F. Harris—A letter from our correspondent at Gloucester, England, Jan. 31, says: Long rare harvest weather cold weather, which is favorable. At present, crops all over Europe could hardly be better, but a fortnight's cold and snow would be welcomed by farmers previous to spring sowing. We take no decided view of the market at present."

* * *

A. H. Farmer's Chicago Morning Gossip—Wheat: Weather West getting warmer with more snow. Nothing new in the situation. The size of receipts and shows that holders won't sell. So far as the wheat situation goes, itself, there is nothing weak in it.

Corn—There is beginning to be a little demand for corn to go East. If this demand should show any improvement it would furnish the help that the price needs. Without it I look for a decline. Stocks of corn in Chicago 7,028,000 bus. The demand from the Southwest is not as good as it has been.

Oats—Bears are having a lot of fun with the oats market lately. Sympathy for the people who have a large line of May oats is very general. I would advise you not to sell May oats short, don't think you would make any money. No support is being given the market, but price may work some lower. Stock of contract oats here 500,000 bus, of all kinds 2,085,000 bus. There was a better demand to go East yesterday.

* * *

W. H. Bartlett, Chicago—I believe corn and oats are a purchase right here. Both Baltimore and Philadelphia are bidding freely for export corn while there is very little corn here to offer. We ourselves could only sell 25,000 this morning although the price was satisfactory as we actually did not have no corn to offer.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, Feb. 11.—Close, wheat, May, 83¾c; July, 83⅝c. Corn, May, 67c; July, 66½c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—Close, wheat cash, 73⅝@74⅝c; May, 74⅜c; July, 75¾@76c. On track—No. 1 hard, 76¾c; No. 1 northern, 73⅝@74⅝c; No. 2 northern, 72⅞@73¾c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
May—				
Open	75⅞B	74¼	77¾-⅞	83½
High	76⅝	74⅝-¾	78⅜	83¾-⅞
Low	75⅞B	74¼	77⅝	83½
Close	76⅛B	74⅝	78⅛A	83⅝B
July—				
Open	77B	76⅛B	78-⅛	83⅛N
High	77⅛B	75⅞	78⅜	83⅝
Low	77B	75¼	78	83⅛
Close	77⅛B	75¾-⅞	78⅛B	83⅝A

CHICAGO, OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. May.	Corn. May.	Pork. May.
Open	42¼@⅜	61½@⅝-½	$15.92
High	43⅛	62	16.00
Low	42¼	61⅝-½	15.92
Close	43A	61¾-⅞	15.95

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, Feb. 11.—Wheat, spot, No. 2 red Western winter, 6s 1½d; No. 1 northern spring, 6s 1½d; No. 1 California, 6s 3d; futures, quiet; March, 6s 1½d; May, 6s 1¾d. Corn, spot, quiet; American mixed, new, 5s 2¾d; American mixed, old, 5s 3¼d; futures, steady; February, nominal; March, 5s 2¾d; May, 5s 2¾d. Receipts of wheat during the past three days, 112,000 centals including 52,000 American. Receipts American corn during the past three days 61,700 centals.

PUTS AND CALLS.

Minneapolis market—
Puts, May wheat, 74⅜-¼c asked.
Calls, May wheat, 74⅝c bid.
Curb, May wheat, 74⅝c asked.

MARKET REPORT.

Received over private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, 507 Board of Trade, Duluth, Minn.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Although trade in wheat was light today and mostly all of a local professional character still the market ruled firm and closed ⅜c higher than last night. Foreign markets were generally steady. Liverpool closed unchanged from yesterday. Cash demand here was good and Minneapolis reported demand there also good. Seaboard reported export demand quiet. Country movement both in the Northwest and in the Southwest continues light. Undertone to the market was firm all day and as long as receipts at primary points keep as light there is no reason for lower prices. Our Liverpool house cabled us that there is a very steady feeling on the other side and receipts at their port are likely to be very moderate until May. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 15 cars.

There was a large and active trade in corn today and the market ruled nervous within a range of ⅝c per bus. There was liberal selling by the Southwest and good buying by local shorts. The market closed firm, ¾c per bus higher than last night. Country offerings were very light, practically nothing, while there was a decided improvement in the cash demand and sales of No. 2 corn were reported at 2¼c to 2⅜c per bus under May, compared with 2¾c under yesterday. Seaboard reported a much better export demand there and there were sales here made today to go to Philadelphia. The improvement in the cash demand is decidedly encouraging feature and we believe it has come to stay. On the other hand country offerings are practically nothing and there are no prospects whatever of any increase in the movement. The general situation looks healthy and we look for higher prices. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 30 cars.

Oats ruled firm all day in sympathy with wheat and corn and better cash demand and closed ½c higher than last night. Trade was fairly large, but mostly all of a local professional character. Country offerings were practically nothing, while cash demand was much better. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 90 cars.

Provisions opened easier on liberal receipts of hogs. Market was given support as usual and advanced, but later attempts to realize declined the market and closed barely steady for ribs and easier for pork and lard. There was some selling by smaller packers, but trade today was very light, the local crowd buying and outside holders selling. Looks as if the excessive receipts of hogs would continue at present prices paid at the yards, and this that the stubbornness of the provision market had induced many small shorts to cover and weak holders to add to their lines. Trade for fresh meats improved, but there is no demand either for lard or contract stocks and stocks this week will show large increase Receipts for tomorrow estimated at 46,000 hogs.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, Feb. 11.—Cattle receipts, 4500, including 200 Texans, steady; good to prime steers, $6.50@7.00; poor to medium, $4.00@6.00; stockers and feeders, $2.50@4.50; cows, $1.25@5.00; heifers, $2.50@5.25; canners, $1.25@2.25; bulls, $2.25@4.50; calves, $2.50@7.00; Texas fed steers, $4.00@6.00. Hogs receipts, 42,000; tomorrow, 45,000; left over, 9208, steady to shade lower; mixed and butchers, $5.85@6.35; good to choice heavy, $6.20@6.42½; rough heavy, $6.00@6.25; light, $5.75@6.00; bulk of sales, $5.95@6.30. Sheep receipts, 12,000; sheep active, steady; lambs, 10c higher; good to choice wethers, $4.60@5.95; fair to choice mixed, $3.80@4.60; Western sheep, $4.25@5.65; native lambs, $3.50@6.50; Western lambs, $5.25@6.60.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman report a continued strong demand for all horses to go to Minnesota, Dakota and Manitoba. The more common grades constituted the bulk of the outlet. Prime offerings were taken principally by local consumers and speculators. Values:

Drafters	$150@200
Drafters, choice	125@150
Drafters, common to good	115@125
Farm mares, extra	120@145
Farm mares, choice	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	75@100

MANITOBA WHEAT.

Germans Kick Against Shipment as American Product.

New York, Feb. 11.—German importers of American grain are greatly exercised over the alleged shipment of Manitoba wheat from this country as an American product. The German government has placed an import duty on all English and Canadian products, which is 12 cents per bushel in excess of the tariff on American imports.

The Berlin grain exchange in a cablegram to the New York produce exchange, asked if this had been done and threatened the suspension of all business connections unless it was remedied immediately. That some grain members of the exchange have been doing this there is little doubt.

The New York exchange has promised that commencing Feb. 15 all Canadian grain inspected here will be certified in New York as bonded. It is believed that this will stop the shipment of Canadian wheat as American.

FIRST LEVEE

London, Feb. 11.—King Edward's first levee since his accession to the throne, was held in St. James palace at noon today, and was an exceptionally brilliant function. The prince of Wales, the duke of Connaught and other members of the royal family were present and the gathering of members of the diplomatic corps, cabinet ministers and naval and military officers was unprecedentedly large. The king, who wore a field marshal's uniform, drove from the Marlborough house to the garden entrance of the palace, escorted by life guards. On his arrival there, his majesty was received by the high officers of the household and was conducted by the lord chamberlain and lord steward to the royal retiring room, where he was subsequently joined by the other members of the royal family. A procession was then formed and proceeded to the throne room, where the members of the royal family took up positions on the left of his majesty in the order of precedence.

The levee began with a reception of the ambassadors who passed before his majesty in order of precedence, followed by their secretaries and the naval and military attaches, subsekuently taking a stand by the side of the members of the royal family. The cabinet ministers and others entitled to the privilege of being present followed the diplomats and finally the general company, including Messrs. Allison Armour, of Chicago, and Charles Gibson, of Boston, passed before the king.

As prince of Wales, King Edward merely bowed to the presentees, or shook hands with intimate friends, but, today an unusual feature was adopted. All those who were known to his majesty, kissed his hand, though they did not kneel as was customary when kissing the late queen's hand. The king himself selected those who were to kiss his hand by extending his hand palm downwards, whereupon the presentee placed his own hand beneath his majesty's and kissed the king's hand on the back. The majority of the presentees, therefore, had to be contented with a simple bow.

Crowds of people witnessed the arrival and departure of those who attended the levee.

DAUGHTER SUICIDED

Danville, Ill., Feb. 11.—F. M. Sellers, a patient in the hospital at the National Military home here, has received a letter from the American consul at Tien Tsin, China, stating that his daughter, Margaret Sellers, had committed suicide there Dec. 23, and that he held $10,000 in gold which she had left for her father.

CEASE TO BE SECRET.

London, Feb. 11.—A special dispatch received here today from Rome says that at a meeting of representatives of Italian lodges of Free Masons it was decided that Italian Free Masonry should cease to be a secret society.

WRIGHT IS RAISED.

Manila, Feb. 11.—The United States transport Wright, which was wrecked as announced in these dispatches Nov. 28 last by striking an uncharted rock at the entrance of San Jacinto harbor and sinking in fifteen feet of water has been successfully raised.

DUFFERIN'S END IS NEAR.

Belfast, Feb. 11.—The bulletin issued this afternoon from Clandeboye shows Lord Dufferin has been continually growing weaker since morning and the end is near.

ELECTED BY LEGISLATURE.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 11.—The two houses of the legislature in joint session today elected Frank O. Briggs state treasurer. The Democrats supported W. Holt Apgar, of Mercer county. Charles Bradley was elected state director of railways.

STRENGTH IN STOCKS

Tone Was Buoyant and Strength Prevailed Throughout List.

Feature Was the Sensational Rise of Tennessee Coal.

United States Steel, Sugar and Copper Acted Well.

New York, Feb. 11.—Good fractional gains were the rule throughout the railroad list at the opening and there were very heavy takings of some stocks among them the coalers, grangers, Pacifics and trunk lines. Iowa Central rose 1¾. A number of the indusurtials were inclined to sag, Amalgamated Copper losing ¾ within the first few minutes. American Express jumped nearly 5 points on the purchase of one hundred shares. The renewed selling of the specialties which were weak yesterday after a time caused realizing in some of the Western and Pacific stocks. The general market then became "spotty" some unusually inactive stocks being pushed resolutely upward. Reading stocks were bought consistently, the second preferred leading with a rise of 1⅝ to 67¼. Rock Island, Iowa Central, Minneapolis & St. Louis, New York Central, St. Louis Southwestern preferred, Chicago, R. I. & Louisville, Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred, St. Joe & Grand Island first and second preferred, Lake Erie & Western preferred, Texas Land Trust, People's Gas and Brooklyn Union advanced between 1 and 2 points. Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis gained 3 and Lackawanna 3 and Consolidated Gas 3¼, but United States Express dropped 6½. The breadth of the market and the pronounced gains both eventually checked the reaction elsewhere, and the market was steadier at 11 o'clock.

Enormous purchases of the Readings, supplemented by a large demand for Atchison, Louisville and the Southern Railway stocks, were offset by active realizing elsewhere. Reading common and the first preferred responded only fractionally, but the second preferred was buoyant and touched 68, an advance over last night of 2⅝. Southern Railway preferred and Louisville were almost a point higher. Chicago, Indianapolis & Louisville preferred rose a point. American Express lost its opening bulge of 5 points and United States Express dipped a point lower to 115 making its loss in all 7½. Minneapolis & St. Louis preferred and Minneapolis, St. Paul & Sault Ste. Marie gained a point. The Pacifics and active railroads and specialties generally sagged to below last night, Sugar losing nearly a point and St. Joe & Grand Island first suffered, reacting 1½. Rubber Goods preferred lost 4 points. The market was dull and steady at noon. Bonds were irregular.

Bear operators tested the market in spots and as there proved to be a limited demand they redoubled their efforts against the specialties and attacked the railroad list. Declines from the best reached a point in Reading second preferred, Southern Pacific, Rock Island, Chicago, I. & Louisville, Minneapolis & St. Louis preferred, Manhattan and Brooklyn Union Gas, while Metropolitan, Brooklyn Transit, Glucose, St. Louis & San Francisco and St. Jo & Grand Island first preferred sold as much under yesterday. Lackawanna lost its 3-point rise and Northwestern preferred broke 6¾. The pressure against the market did not deter bidding up Amalgamated Copper and after it crossed 72 buying developed in the iron and steel stocks. The United States Steel stocks had gained large fractions and Tennessee Coal and Colorado Fuel over a point up to 1 o'clock which infused a somewhat better tone all around.

The fractions in the United States Steel stocks were very large, but the gains did not reach beyond fractions. Hocking Coal, Colorado Fuel and Tennessee Coal rose 1 to 2¼, the last named leading. Kansas City Southern preferred rose 2⅜ the common and Biscuit preferred a point and Texas Land Trust 2. These advances did not avail to lift the general list from its sagging tendency. Brooklyn Transit gave way to 66.

The feature for the final hour was a heavy demand for Pennsylvania, which lifted the price 1¼ over yesterday. The market hardened in sympathy and gains reached for Wheeling & Lake Erie first preferred 2½, Iowa Central 2½, Texas Pacific 1⅝, Pullman 1¼, Pittsburg, C. C. & St. L. 1, and Colorado & Southern first preferred 1⅝. Net declines of 1 to 2½ were scored by General Electric, Pacific Coast preferred, Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburg preferred; Chicago Terminal preferred, C. C. C. & St. L., Delaware & Hudson and Lackawanna. United States Express rallied 1½. The closing was active and irregular, the local tractions and St. Paul running off to the lowest.

Stock quotations reported for The Herald by Edwards, Wood & Co., room A Torrey building, Duluth. Closing prices are big prices:

Stock.	High.	Low.	Close.
Amal. Copper	72⅜	71⅛	71⅝
Amalgamated M. Co.	33¼	33	33⅛
Atchison, T. & S. F.	78⅝	78	78¼
do pfd	98⅛	98⅝	98⅞
Baltimore & Ohio	105¾	104⅝	105
Brooklyn Rapid Transit	67⅜	64⅝	64⅝
Chespeake & Ohio	34½	33⅞	33⅞
Col. F. & I.	87½	86¼	87
Chi. Great Western com.	23¼	22	23¼
Erie com	40⅜	40⅜	40½
do 1st pfd	70½	69⅞	70¼
do 2nd pfd	58	57½	57⅝
Great Northern, pfd	189	188	189
Louisville & Nashville	107⅞	105¼	105⅝
Leather	11½	11⅛	11⅛
do pfd	81¼	81⅛	81⅝
Manhattan Con.	134⅛	133	133
M., St. P. & S. Ste. M.	44	42⅜	43⅝
do pfd	104	104	104
Missouri Pacific	104	103⅝	104
New York Central	166¼	165¼	165⅝
Norfolk & Western	58	57¼	57¼
do pfd	91	91	91
Ontario & Western	34⅞	34¼	34⅝
Pennsylvania Ry.	151⅝	150⅝	151¼
Pacific Mail	45⅝	45¼	45⅝
People's Gas	102	101	101½
Republic Iron & Steel	16⅝	16¼	16⅜
do pfd	69½	69	69½
Reading	59	58¼	58⅝
do 1st pfd	83⅝	83¼	83¼
do 2nd pfd	68	67⅜	67⅝
Rock Island	166¼	165	165½
Southern Ry	33¾	33¼	33⅜
do pfd	95⅝	95	95½
Southern Pacific	67⅝	66⅝	67⅛
Smelter	47½	47¼	47⅜
do pfd	97¾	97½	97½
Sugar Refinery	128⅝	127⅛	127⅝
St. Paul	168	167	167
T. C. and I.	67	64⅝	65⅝
Texas Pacific	40⅝	39¾	40¼
Union Pacific	104⅝	103⅜	103⅝
do pfd	90	89⅝	89⅝
U. S. Steel	44½	43⅜	44¼
do pfd	94⅝	93	94
Wabash	23⅝	23¼	23½
do pfd	41⅞	41⅜	43¾
Western Union	91½	91	91
Wisconsin Central	20⅞	20½	20¾
do pfd	40¾	40⅜	40⅝

The total sales were 853,700 shares.

STOCK GOSSIP.

Waldorf to W. H. Laidley & Co.—Commission houses report some further increase in outside business and sentiment is bullish, though as the week is a broken one, there is some talk of profit taking and a recession before the close. The significant feature of the market, in the judgment of clearheaded observers, is the steady accumulation of certain speculative stocks, the futures of which are regarded as full of promise. The most prominent cases in point are Reading and Southern Pacific and in each case there is great mystery. For example no one seems to know to a certainty whether the persistent buying of Reading common is from Morgan or Vanderbilt or the Pennsylvania people. But that one of these great interests or, perhaps some other equally powerful, is the principal buyer there is not the shadow of doubt and people who have been long in touch with the movement in the stock are now predicting that at no distant day it will go into the sixties to stay and that Reading common is as good a proposition today as Lackawanna was twenty-five or thirty years ago.

Notwithstanding the expansion in loans the big pools and large individual speculators are extending their operations, as is denoted by renewed activity in stocks long neglected. From this it is inferred that they have assurance from the highest financial interests that money will continue easy for some time to come even if it is necessary for the bankers to send a considerable amount of gold to Europe. The persistent and aggressive buying of Southern Pacific comes from people who would hardly undertake so important a movement, leading brokers say, if these were any likelihood of monetary disturbance. It is still felt that, barring accident, this stock will cross the seventy mark on the present movement and friends of Mr. Keene, who has been the bull on Southern Pacific for over a year, quote him as saying that within twelve months it will be selling above par. It is argued that favorable prospects for Southern Pacific must affect Union Pacific in which a pronounced rise is looked for in the event of a favorable decision by the supreme court in the Northern Securities case.

* * *

Town Topics: In view of the fact that tomorrow will be a legal holiday, quite a little evening up may be expected today; but conditions are so thoroughly sound that the majority of traders will carry their stocks over, and we don't look for any reaction of moment. At the same time there will be little aggressive buying, except in Southern Pacific, Readings and Steels.

* * *

Ridgley to W. H. Laidley & Co.: Sugar lacks support and some good people have turned sellers; indications point to a decline. As to the industrials, Sugar, depends entirely upon the action of congress. I understand Cuban raw sugar will be admitted at rate of 25 per cent. If so, Sugar stocks should sell higher. I don't see why copper should go lower, except on manipulation. In my judgment, it is going to pay copper to sell Smelter common is pounding along and I have reasons for believing this stock will sell above 60 within a month or so.

* *

Dick, of New York, to B. E. Baker: We mentioned yesterday that Steel stocks would do better. We wish to repeat it as we understand they will be a decided upward movement in them.

* * *

S. B. Dickinson & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The Spears are quoted as saying that on this bulge Southern Pacific will touch 75. The Sugar group operating through Moore & Schley, are advising their friends to buy Sugar on every reaction. Reading is destined for 65, James Sullivan is very bearish on Amalgamated Copper, wherefore Wall street believes Amalgamated Copper can be bought with absolute safety, for Mr. Stillman was bullish on the property many points above par.

* * *

W. H. Laidley & Co., Chicago: Tuesday is generally a reaction day in a bull market and in view of so much strength in the market yesterday, it is more than ordinarily probable that some fair reaction will occur today and more so for the reason that Wednesday is a holiday and a good deal of profit taking will result. The New York stock exchange closes tomorrow, Lincoln's birthday.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

Boston, Feb. 11.—Nothing to say on the copper market; no news, very dull, and practically nothing doing except a few scattering orders.

Following are the closing quotations of copper stocks at Boston today, reported by W. H. Laidley & Co., Spalding hotel:

Stock.	Bid.	Asked.
Adventure	21	22
Allouez	3⅜	3⅝
Anaconda	32	33⅛
Arcadian	5	5½
Amalgamated	72⅝	72⅝
Arnold	50	1
Ashbed	...	25
Atlantic	27½	29
Baltic	30	30¼
Alonez	3⅜	3⅝
Bingham	23¼	24
National	1½	2
Calumet and Hecla	620	630
Centennial	12	12½
Copper Range	58	60
Cochita	50c	60c
Dominion Coal	72⅜	72⅝
Elm River	2⅜	2½
Franklin	14½	14¾
Humboldt	...	50
Isle Royale	22¼	23
Mass	18	18¼
Michigan	11	11½
Mohawk	34	34½
Mayflower	2¼	2⅝
Old Colony	3	3½
Old Dominion	22¼	23
Osceola	81	82
Parrot	31	32
Quincy	140	145
Rhode Island	2⅛	3
Santa Fe	3½	4
Tamarack	255	260
Tecumseh	...	2
Tri-Mountain	73½	74¼
Utah	24	24½
United States	17⅜	17⅝
Victoria	5½	5½
Winona	1½	2
Wolverine	50	50½
Washington	15	50
Wyandot	1	1¼

COPPER GOSSIP.

Dow, Jones & Co. to W. H. Laidley & Co.: The copper market is unsettled and featureless, bid and offers too far apart to affect sales. Sellers hold lake copper at 13@13¼c, while bids range 12c to 12¾c lower. Large consumers have orders covered by May.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, Feb. 11.—Cotton opened steady with prices 2 to 3 points higher and after the call advanced on room covering and a scattering demand. Before the first hour closed, May was wanted at 836 and July at 837.

Cotton spot, closed steady, 1⅛c higher. Middling uplands, 8 1-16; Middling gulf, 8 15-16. Sales, 1328 bales. Cotton futures closed very steady, February, $8.41; March, $8.46; April, 8.47; May, $8.44; June, $8.44; July, $8.45; September, $8.95; October, $7.89.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, Feb. 11.—Close: Money on call at 2@2½ per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent. Sterling exchange, steady with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅛ for demand and $4.84½@4⅝ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85⅝@4.88; commercial bills, $4.83⅝@4.84⅝. Bar silver, 55; Mexicans, 43¾. Governments, strong states bonds, weak; railroad bonds, irregular.

ATTACKED BY WOMEN.

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 11.—Militiamen on guard over the fire ruins during the night heard groans in a house just within the fire lines. They ran upstairs and found Charles Handley, a telegraph lineman, with his head crushed in. He revived sufficiently to say two women had attacked him. He then relapsed into unconsciousness and probably will die.

TWO ASPHYXIATED.

Philadelphia, Feb. 11.—Mrs. Louisa Vennel, aged 25 years, and her 2-year-old child, were found dead in bed at their home, 739 South Clarien street, late last night, having been asphyxiated by gas. In the same room her other two children were found almost dead, but they were resucitated after admission to a hospital.

MINERS CRUSHED.

Trinidad, Col., Feb. 11.—J. B. Ribald and Tom Martin were crushed to death by a fall of coal and rock in the mines of the Victor Coal company. Ribald was unmarried. Martin leaves a wife and two children.

STRUCK A HANDCAR

Fatal Accident on St. Croix Bridge at Hudson.

Two Section Men on the Car Were Instantly Killed.

Passenger and Freight Trains Came Together On Same Bridge.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—A Hudson, Wis., special to the Dispatch says: Freight train No. 157, west-bound, on the Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis & Omaha railway, struck a hand-car on the second span of the St. Croix bridge about 8 o'clock this morning, throwing the section crew in all directions. Andrew Swanson and August Johnson, both men with families, were instantly killed. Fred Carlson and Charles Johnson, the remainder of the crew, received slight injuries. When discovered, Carlson was found on the engine pilot holding on to Swanson's dead body, which lay across the pilot. The section crew was trying to reach the east end of the bridge in a driving snow storm before the freight crossed. Neither crew saw the other until the accident. While Coroner Ross and a coroner's jury were viewing the scene of the accident at 11 o'clock a westbound freight met the River Falls passenger on the first span of the bridge within 100 feet of the first accident. The passengers were badly shaken up, the freight engine derailed, and both engine pilots smashed. The quick action of the passenger engineer saved a bad collision.

SWELL WEDDING.

Guest-Grosvenor Affair an Unqualified Success.

New York, Feb. 11.—A most picturesque wedding was that of Ivor Churchill Guest, Lord Wimborn's son, and Alice Grosvenor, Lord Ebury's daughter, says a London dispatch to the Tribune. The two mothers-in-law are at opposite poles of church membership, but St. Peter's, Eaton square, was a middle ground for the ceremony. There were fourteen bridesmaids. The church was crowded with duchesses and countesses, the duchess of Marlborough and Lady Harcourt being the only prominent Americans present. Many members of parliament also attended the wedding of their collegue.

LIBRARY FOR MITCHELL.

City Council Votes to Accept Carnegie Offer.

St. Paul, Feb. 11.—A Mitchell, S. D., special to the Dispatch says: At a special meeting of the city council last evening the proposition of Andrew Carnegie to donate $10,000 for the erection of a public library building was accepted by a unanimous vote, which also included the appropriation of $1000 a year for its maintenance.

A petition containing the names of three-fourths of the taxpayers was presented to the council urging the acceptance of the proposition.

FOR LIGHTHOUSE KEEPERS.

Bill to Increase Their Pay Introduced.

Washington, Feb. 11.—(Special to The Herald.)—Representative Maynard, of Virginia, today introduced a bill providing that the compensation of lighthouse keepers should be $50 per month. It also provides that when a lighthouse keeper, who has served ten years, shall become disabled in the discharge of his duties as to be unfit for service, he shall be retired on half pay.

NOT APPROVED.

Action of Collector Ivy Is Objectionable.

Washington, Feb. 11.—The treasury officials when shown the dispatch from Seattle giving the text of a letter from Collector Ivy, of Alasga, to his deputy in Unalaska regarding the selling of supplies to Canadian vessels presumably engaged in pelagic sealing, said that



Mrs. Annie McKay, Chaplain Sons of Temperance, 326 Spadina Ave., Toronto, Cured of Severe Female Troubles by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Being a mother of five children I have had experience with the general troubles of my sex. I was lacerated when one of my children was born and from that hour I date all my afflictions. I found that within a few months my health was impaired, I had female weakness and serious inflammation and frequent flooding. I became weak and dizzy but kept on my feet, dragging through my work without life or pleasure. A neighbor who had been helped by taking **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound** insisted that I take at least one bottle. I did so and felt so much better that I kept on the treatment. For seven months I used the Compound faithfully and gladly do I say it, health and strength are mine once more. I know how to value it now when it was so nearly lost, and I appreciate how great a debt I owe you. The few dollars I spent for the medicine cannot begin to pay what it was worth to me. Yours very truly, MRS. ANNA MCKAY, Chaplain Sons of Temperance."

$5000 FORFEIT IF THE ABOVE LETTER IS NOT GENUINE.

No other female medicine in the world has received such widespread and unqualified endorsement. Refuse all substitutes.

Mrs. Pinkham invites all sick women to write her for advice. She has guided thousands to health. Address, Lynn, Mass.

RELEASE A PROTEST.

Of Many Prisoners Assured By Decision of Circuit Judge.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.—Established precedents of the United States army were overthrown and the freedom of nearly 200 men now confined in federal penitentiaries was assured by a decision rendered by the United States circuit court of appeals yesterday in the case of Peter C. Deming, a former captain of the United States volunteers, against Robert W. McClaury, warden of the federal penitentiary at Ft. Leavenworth. Deming was imprisoned on the sentence of a court-martial composed of nine regular army officers convened by Gen. W. R. Shafter on March 29, 1900. The opinion written by Judge Sanborn is that the court-martial which sentenced Deming acted in violation of article 77 of the articles of war, which provides that officers of the regular army shall not be competent to sit on court-martial for the trial of officers and soldiers of other forces.

The essential question, as stated in Judge Sanborn's opinion, is whether the volunteer army is the same as the regular army, or whether it is one of the "other forces" mentioned in article 77. The opinion establishes the fact that the volunteer army is at all times distinct from the regular army. Deming will be released from the Ft. Leavenworth penitentiary within six days, and all of the former members of the volunteer army who are confined in federal prisons on sentences inflicted by courts-martial of regular officers will also be liberated as the result of this decision, it is stated.

TO INVESTIGATE

Charges Against Customs Inspectors at New York.

Washington, Feb. 11.—Secretary Shaw has decided to investigate the charges that have been made against the inspectors of baggage at the New York docks. These charges are in the nature of complaints and are signed by a large number of returning passengers from Europe, who allege insolence, incompetency and general unfitness of the inspectors for the duties they are called upon to perform. The contemplated action of the secretary does not imply that he is fully convinced that the baggage inspection service at New York needs overhauling, but he will make an investigation to learn the facts for himself.

CLOUDBURST DOES DAMAGE.

San Francisco, Feb. 11.—The town of Dunsmier, Siskiyou county, 300 miles north of here, experienced a cloudburst Sunday night that wrecked six houses and delayed railroad traffic many hours. No fatalities have been reported.

The average age of men and women has been increased 33 per cent during the last decade. People have been taking Rocky Mountain Tea. A life preserver. Ask your druggist.

CHARGED WITH PERJURY.

St. Louis, Feb. 11.--Pending its final report on the investigation of municipal franchise steals, the grand jury has caused to be issued a bench warrant charging Edward Butler with perjury.

A PROTEST.

Frank James Objects to Portrayal on the Stage.

Kansas City, Mo., Feb. 11.—Frank James yesterday made application for an injunction against the management of a play called "The James Boys in Missouri," in which the members of the Frank James family are represented as being train robbers, bank looters and outlaws of the worst character.

The suit was brought, Mr. James says, because the play glorifies outlawry, makes heroes of outlaws, and is injurious to the youth of the country, and besides, he says, it revives a reputation that came to him in early life, which he has been trying to live down for twenty years. The suit raises the question of whether or not a private citizen can be portrayed on the stage without his consent, whether it be to his credit or discredit. The attorneys argued the case late yesterday.

The play was presented as usual yesterday and last night.

BRIEF TELEGRAMS.

Dr. Kegler, a prominent doctor, who established the cancer sanitarium at Dubuque, Iowa, expired Monday after a chase of a block for a street car. Death was due to heart failure, of which he had not been previously troubled.

A west bound immigrant special over the Canadian Pacific railroad was derailed two miles east of Moosehead, Me., Monday afternoon. One boy was killed and twelve other passengers were injured. The immigrants were sent forward on a special train.

"Big John," one of the best known Indians in South Central Utah, and prominent in the councils of the Utes, is dead as a result of drinking a bottle of lemon extract, which he took for a cold. Indians from the whole surrounding country are gathering at Richfield and preparations are being made to give John a funeral with all tribal ceremonies.

Fearing the effects of a surgical operation Dopuity City Clerk William Crawford shot himself through the head at Bloomington, Ill., Monday, dying instantly. He had been a city and county official for many terms and was prominent in Central Illinois politics.

A Card.

We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to refund the money on a 50-cent bottle of Greene's Waranted Syrup of Tar if it fails to cure your cough or cold. We also guarantee a 25-cent bottle to prove satisfactory or money refunded.

S. F. Boyce, Max Wirth,
R. C. Sweeny, Wm. A. Abbett.

NO NEGLECT.

Christian Scientist Discharged By New Hampshire Court.

Portsmouth, N. H., Feb. 11.—Mrs. Ada White, a Christian Scientist, charged with criminal neglect in treating Mrs. Emma Shaw, who recently died of pneumonia, was discharged yesterday in the local court.

Counsel argued that Mrs. Shaw had a right to summon any assistance, medical or spiritual, that she deemed best, and that the defendant had treated a number of cases, in all of which the patient had recovered.

HOST OF ROYALTY

Uncle Sam Is No Novice In This Exacting Role.

Visit of Prince Henry Offers Some New Requirements.

No Fear Felt of a Contretemps---Former Royal Visitors.

Washington, Feb. 11.—What of it if President Roosevelt does establish a notable precedent by formally calling at the German embassy to return the visit which Prince Henry will have paid at the White House a brief moment before?

The decision of Mr. Roosevelt to ignore a senseless sentiment is consistent with the striking parallel between his administration and that of Mr. Arthur. A great-to-do was raised because the successor of the martyred Garfield technically strayed without his country's limits by putting foot on the "foreign soil" confined in the meager limits of a foreign legation. Strange coincidence that this first offense was committed at the domicile of a German envoy here! But Mr. Arthur's calls were always informal.

The German embassy, where Prince Henry will be quartered while at the capital, is an edifice of red brick, located on Highland terrace. Eight years ago it was purchased by the German empire from Thomas Ferguson, former minister to Norway and Sweden. Its quarter-acre is, legally speaking, foreign soil—a patch of the German empire isolated and detached

Uncle Samuel has bestowed honors upon presidents of insignificant republics which were greater than those which he will heap upon Admiral Prince Henry. Whereas, President Roosevelt will demand a first call from the prince. President McKinley paid the first call to President Dole of Hawaii and President Iglesais of Costa Rica, when these chief magistrates of sister republics were here in January and November, 1898. What changes are wrought by time, indeed!

Were it the kaiser who should come a-visiting Jonathan and his continent, the strenuous William would expect the first call from his strenuous brother executive, and his expectation would be realized. So, you see, diplomats and those who rub gloves with them must be scrupulous about these little details of etiquette. President Dole was met at Chicago by three special commissioners who welcomed him in the name of the president of the United States. The government paid his hotel bills and traveling expenses. Gen. Brooke, then commander of the department of the Missouri, furnished him a military escort while he paused in the windy city. All of the troops quartered near Washington turned out to escort him from the depot to the Arlington hotel. A salute of twenty-one guns was fired when he entered the city limits. All of this ceremony for the president of one of the smallest countries on earth!

When distinguished foreigners travel incognito within our borders there is a difference. Many of the royal personages who have enjoyed the honor of American hospitality have so traveled.

When the present King Edward of England, then the youthful prince of Wales, visited us in 1860 he traveled under the incognito of "Baron Renfrew." This was consistent with his mother's policy. It was her habit to tour Europe as the "Duchess of Kent." A year ago last June the Princess Aribert of Anhalt, Queen Victoria's granddaughter, sojourned in America as the "Countess of Monsterberg." Prince Albert of Belgium preferred to be known as "M. le Comte de Rethy" while here a few years ago. His name so appeared in the official list of guests furnished to the newspapers at the time of the state dinner given to him at the White House by President McKinley. Don Ingleias traveled incognito while searching America for a suitable school in which to establish his son. And it may be remembered that Joseph Bonaparte, brother of Napoleon and king of Spain, made his advent into the long exile under the name of "Count de Survilliers," he spent in America as "M. Bonchard." But Prince Henry will not assume an incognito. Hence he will come openly as a royal guest of the nation and must be treated as such.

Prince Henry will be the first foreign visitor over whom the nation has made any great fuss, to be quartered at the domicile of a foreign diplomat accredited to us. When King Edward was here as the prince of Wales he was invited to stay at the White House by President Buchanan, who had, while minister to the court of St. James, become personally acquainted with his royal highness. Although Mr. Buchanan was wifeless and childless, his household consisting only of himself and his niece, the White House was insufficient to shelter the entire suite of attendants whom the future king brought with him. Prince Albert Edward was put to bed in the guest's chamber of the historic mansion, while his chief attendant was assigned to the president's own bed chamber. Mr. Buchanan improvised for himself a make shift bunk in the ante-room of his office. The remainder of the prince's suite was sent to the British legation.

Thus there was no embarrassment over the problem as to whether the president should call at the legation. There was a dinner given there to the prince, but the president did not attend. While President Dole, President Iglesias and Prince Albert of Belgium were here they lived at the Arlington hotel, as did Li Hung Chang.

At the state dinner which President Roosevelt will give in honor of Prince Henry certain strict rules of etiquette must be observed. On the list of those present the president's and Mrs. Roosevelt's names will appear first, and directly following them will be that of Prince Henry. Then, in order, will be mentioned the cabinet, with their wives, the German embassador (placed ahead of the dean of the diplomatic corps, by courtesy), the prince's suite, the diplomatic corps, the senate, the house of representatives, the army, the navy and distinguished guests. Previous to the dinner hour the guests will assemble in one of the White House parlors and be presented to the president, Mrs. Roosevelt and Prince Henry by Col. Theodore A. Bingham, master of ceremonies and former military attache at the court of Berlin, with two officers assisting him. Prince Henry will escort Mrs. Roosevelt to the dining room, and the president, in the absence of the Princess Henry, will offer his arm to the woman of highest rank in the assemblage. Were there a vice president, the latters' wife would be so honored.

The present king of England is not the only distinguished visitor to America who lived to inherit a throne. Prince William, afterward King William IV of England, the predecessor of Queen Victoria, came to New York as a midshipman of the British navy during the revolutionary war. This prince and Admiral Digby, R. N., his sponsor, made their headquarters at the house of Governor Beekman in Hanover square. The future king of England was a rollicking, mischievous boy, and once having had a whiff of the fresh air which blew over the land struggling against his kinsmen, refused a body guard. Col. Ogden, of the continental army, a Jersey man of Irish descent, conceived a plot to kidnap the prince and hold him as a hostage. He arranged the plot with two brother officers, and thirty-nine soldiers were selected to carry it out. It was planned to seize the future king after forcing the door of the governor's house and gagging the admiral. The conspirators advanced on the mansion and at a short distance awaited word from a spy posted inside. The latter reported that Prince William had gone to a party out of town, and inasmuch as the object of the plot had not returned at an hour long past midnight, the would-be abductors dispersed after arranging to renew their attempt. But neighbors, made suspicious by the lurking of men at so late an hour, warned Admiral Digby. Thenceforth a guard of British troops was kept posted outside the house. So the plot failed.

Louis Philippe, later king of France, came to this country in 1796 with his two brothers. Louis was then the duke of Orleans, 23 years old. During the French revolution, his father having been guillotined, the young duke left France, lived for some time in a dingy room over a barber shop in London, where he made his bread and salt by teaching French, wandered for a time in Switzerland, and eventually determined to seek a haven in the new home of the free. He was entertained by Washington at Mount Vernon and spent considerable time in New York and Philadelphia. In the latter city he became enamored of the daughter of William Bingham, and, 'tis said, offered her his hand, which was refused.

Another American girl who might have been seated on the French throne was a Miss Willing, of Philadelphia, courted by Louis Napoleon, who came to this country in 1836. His mother, Queen Hortense, of Holland, daughter of the Empress Josephine, of France, by her first husband, failed to send Louis his expected remittances. He consequently borrowed large sums from a wealthy New York merchant. Failing to meet this obligation when it was due, the lender swore out a warrant for his arrest. The future emperor of the French languished in Eldridge street jail, New York, until one Wrisley, a farmer, who took to the young man kindly, settled the difficulty.

All say Satin-Skin Powder is best, because adhesive, invisible, harmless; flesh, white or brunet. 25c.

SMALLPOX IN ILLINOIS.

Springfield, Ill., Feb. 11.—The state board of health yesterday gave out a statement that from reports received by Secretary Egan from all over the state, smallpox now exists in 57 counties, with an aggregate of 2600 cases, a decrease of 1000 cases since the last report made to the board on Jan. 1.



Cured Of Piles.

Mrs. Hinkley, Indianapolis, writes: "The doctor said it must be an operation costing $800 and little chance to survive. I choose Pyramid Pile Cure and one 50-cent box made me sound and well." All druggists sell it. It never fails to cure any form of piles, try it. Book on piles, cause and cure, free by mail. Pyramid Drug company, Marshall, Mich.



There often comes a time in the struggle with pulmonary disease when the victim loses heart and gives up hope. The ambition to be up and around gives way before growing weakness, and the sufferer keeps to the bed.

No one who suffers from lung disease should lose heart or give up hope while there is a possibility of cure. In many cases Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery has cured lung "trouble," when the cough was obstinate and deep seated, with hemorrhage, emaciation, night-sweats and general weakness. A great many men and women are living to-day in the full enjoyment of health and happiness who had been "given up" by doctors, but found a perfect and permanent cure in the use of "Golden Medical Discovery."

"My wife had hemorrhage of the lungs," writes W. A. Sanders, of Hern, Mason Co., W. Va. "She had ten hemorrhages, and the people all around here said she would never be well again. But she began to take Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and she soon began to gain strength and flesh. After taking ten bottles she was entirely well. Should you think this would do you any good to publish, just use it, and if any one disputes the merits of this almost omnipotent medicine they may enclose self-addressed envelope with stamp, and I will answer, the same as written in this letter."

FREE. Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

WILL BE PROMOTED

Starkweather to Be Department Commander of the G. A. R.

The Junior Vice, Isaac L. Mahan, to Be Advanced.

M. W. Bates of Duluth May Be Chosen Junior Vice.

Minneapolis, Feb. 11.—Comrade Starkweather will unquestionably succeed Comrade W. H. Harries as department commander of the G. A. R. He served as member of the council of administration for many years, was department inspector as well as commander of John A. Rawlins post in 1898, chief of Commander D. B. Searle's staff in 1899, and was unanimously elected senior vice department commander in St. Paul last year. He has also served in about all the offices of the post, and in every position he has met the hearty approval of all his comrades.

The present junior vice, Comrade Isaac L. Mahan, is sure to succeed Comrade Perry Starkweather and to go on up. The comrades of the departments were never more thoroughly of one mind in regard to anything than they are in regard to these two promotions—but it stops right there. When it is announced that "nominations for junior vice department commander are now in order," comrades from all over the state will bob up in all parts of the hall. Southwestern Minnesota will be in line for Col. Harrison White, the boy colonel IV of Eighty-Second, the gallant Sixth New York cavalry. He lives down at Luverne, in a district that has never had either a department commander or one of the vice commanders, and not many visits from either. Should one of his friends first catch the eye of Commander Harries he may be followed by an equally enthusiastic advocate of Comrade Marcus W. Bates, of Culver post, Duluth. He represents a district whose story in this regard consists of Comrade E. R. Jefferson, who was senior vice department commander in 1887, and gave way for the junior vice, Comrade James Ege, to become department commander in 1888, and Comrade George N. Lavaque, who was junior vice in 1893, and also refused promotion. Then the geographical center of the state has Comrade George A. Whitney, of Wadena; Department Chaplain J. Frank Locke, of Long Prairie, and Comrade M. L. Webb, of Sauk Center, to present for the suffrages of their comrades, and there are others still, all good men and true. Either man mentioned will fill the bill acceptably, but those from the central section are seemingly handicapped by their multiplicity and the fact that that portion of the state has had Barto and Compton and Wood and Searle as department commanders, and McKay and Bullard as vice commanders. One of them may score, though, in spite of this handicap. Stranger things have happened in Minnesota. The department elected two captains from the Fifty-second Illinois, both from this central section of the state, as commander and senior vice in 1889, and the next year promoted the senior vice to be department commander. The result was satisfactory, too, and what has been done may be done again, who knows?

If Chaplain Locke is elected junior vice, there will be quite a number of candidates for the position he now fills so well, and there is talk of a multiplicity of candidates for medical director. Dr. J. F. Force, the present incumbent, can probably succeed himself should he wish to; but he is a very busy man and may not desire re-election.

Should Comrade Whitney be selected for junior vice commander it will leave a gap in the council of administration. The present council consists of Comrades J. O. Milne, of Duluth; A. T. Koerner, of Litchfield; J. F. Wyman, of Northfield; G. A. Whitney, of Wadena; and H. B. Richardson, of Rochester, and the comrades have learned from experience that the fewer changes they make in this body the better for the business of the department.

ORE RATES.

Vessel Owners and Shippers Have Not Agreed.

Cleveland, O., Feb. 11—The ore carrying rate for 1902 has not yet been fixed. It is said that the United States Steel corporation and M. A. Hanna & Co. are seeking to establish a rate of 75 cents between Duluth and Ohio ports. Cleveland vessel owners and representatives of the vessel owners are demanding 80 cents as a minimum, with 90 cents a ton, if possible. The situation is unusual in that the shippers' combination ignores precedent in refusing to acknowledge the rate fixed by early charters.

CABLE FLASHES.

The viceroy of India, Lord Curzon of Kedleston, telegraphs that the famine outlook is very serious. No rain has fallen and the plague of rats in Gujerat, Rajpoo Atana and Central India is assisting in the destruction of the crops. The relief works are being rapidly extended.

Santos Dumont has made his third trip over the bay. Splendid weather prevailed. The aeronaut made evolutions, with complete success for thirty minutes, and returned to his starting place amid the plaudits of the great crowd assembled.

Senor Ibaue, Republican deputy has challenged Senor Silveia, the former premier, to fight a duel in consequence of sharp criticism by the latter in the chamber of deputies Feb. 8 of Ibaue's contention with the agitation of Valencia.

With a view of relieving the budget King Victor Emmanuel in his speech to be delivered at the re-opening of the Italian parliament will voluntarily ask for a reduction in his civil list.

It adds pleasure to the life beautiful. Doubles up one's allowance of bliss. That's what Rocky Mountain Tea does. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Baby Mine

Every mother feels a great dread of the pain and danger attendant upon the most critical period of her life. Becoming a mother should be a source of joy to all, but the suffering and danger incident to the ordeal makes its anticipation one of misery. **Mother's Friend** is the only remedy which relieves women of the great pain and danger of maternity; this hour which is dreaded as woman's severest trial is not only made painless, but all the danger is avoided by its use. Those who use this remedy are no longer despondent or gloomy; nervousness, nausea and other distressing conditions are overcome, the system is made ready for the coming event, and the serious accidents so common to the critical hour are obviated by the use of **Mother's Friend.** "It is worth its weight in gold," says many who have used it. $1.00 per bottle at drug stores. Book containing valuable information of interest to all women, will be sent to any address free upon application to

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend

Treat Your Best Girl to the best beverage—that's



Miller

"THE BEST" MILWAUKEE BEER

The BEER that pleases the best people.

Bottled at the Brewery.

Fred Miller Brewing Co. Milwaukee.

E. C. HAUSER, Agent,

47 Railroad St. Both Phones.

BIC CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

FOR DRUNKARDS

WHITE DOVE CURE never fails to destroy craving for strong drink, the appetite for which cannot exist after using this remedy. Given in any liquid with or without knowledge of patient; tasteless; $1 at S. F. Boyce, druggist, 335 West Superior st., Duluth.

STATE OF MINNESOTA, COUNTY OF St. Louis.—ss. In Probate Court, Special Term, February 4th, 1902.

In the matter of the Estate of Gunder Olson, deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of Sarah Olson, of the County of St. Louis, Minnesota, representing, among other things, that Gunder Olson, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1901, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this county at the time of his death, leaving goods, chattels, and estate within this county, and that the said petitioner is the widow of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to Sarah Olson granted;

It is ordered, that said petition be heard before said Court, on Wednesday, the 26th day of February, A. D. 1902, at ten o'clock a. m., at the Probate office, in the Court House in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 4th day of February, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 4-11-18, 1902.

ORDER FOR HEARING APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT OF ADMINISTRATOR.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, February 4, 1902.

In the Matter of the Estate of Mary Flynn, Deceased:

On receiving and filing the petition of John Flynn, of the County of St. Louis, representing, among other things, that Mary Flynn, late of the County of St. Louis, in the State of Minnesota, on the 14th day of January, A. D. 1902, at the County of St. Louis, died intestate, and being an inhabitant of this County at the time of her death, leaving estate within this state, and that the said petitioner is husband of said deceased, and praying that administration of said estate be to John P. Daley granted;

It is ordered that said petition be heard before said court on the 26th day of February, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m. at the Probate office, in the Court House, in the City of Duluth, in said County.

Ordered further, that notice thereof be given to the heirs of said deceased and to all persons interested, by publishing this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in the Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said County.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 4th day of February, A. D., 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis County, Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb. 4-11-18, 1902.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, January 27th, 1902.

In the matter of the estate of Bridget O'Connor, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Mary Nunan, administratrix of the estate of Bridget O'Connor, deceased, representing among other things that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court, on the 19th day of February, A. D. 1902, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., this 27th day of January, A. D. 1902.

By the Court,
W. G. BONHAM,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal of Probate Court, St. Louis Co., Minn.)
Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-28-Feb-4-11-1902.

NOTICE OF SALE—

United States Circuit Court, District of Minnesota, Fifth Division.

The United States Mortgage & Trust Company, Complainant,
v.
Commercial Light & Power Company, Defendant.

Whereas, a foreclosure decree was entered in the above entitled action on the 14th day of January, 1902, in which said decree it was, among other things, provided that the above named defendant should within five days from the date of said decree, pay to the Special Master, Howard S. Abbott, therein appointed, for the benefit of complainant, the sum of $708,000, together with interest thereon at five per cent per annum since September 1st, 1898, and together with interest on the sum of $17,700 of said sum since March 1st, 1899, and with interest on an additional $17,700, of said sum, since September 1st, 1899, at the rate of five per cent per annum, and that in default of such payment all the property and premises described in said foreclosure decree and owned by said defendant should be sold as an entirety and without appraisement or right of redemption, at public auction by the undersigned as Special Master, appointed to make said sale, which said sale was by said decree required to be made to the highest qualified bidder therefor, for cash and the bonds and coupons of the above named defendant to the extent and according to the terms of said decree, as above particularly set forth therein, at twelve o'clock noon at the front door of the court house in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis, and state of Minnesota, on a day to be named by the said Special Master in his notice of sale; and

Whereas, default has been made in the payment of said sum, and said defendant has not paid the said sum of $708,000 and interest thereon, or any part thereof as required by said decree,

Now therefore, notice is hereby given, that under and pursuant to said foreclosure decree the undersigned as Special Master will sell at public auction, to the highest qualified bidder, for cash and the bonds of the above named defendant, with interest coupons attached, to the extent and according to the terms of said decree on Wednesday, the 19th day of February, A. D. 1902, at twelve o'clock noon, at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, the following described property of said defendant, to-wit:

All the property of said Commercial Light & Power Company, real, personal and mixed, and all its buildings, electric lighting plant, power stations, machinery, engines, boilers, dynamo-electric machines, electric lamps and other appliances and apparatus, conduits, subways, pipes, mains, service pipes, poles, wires and other property of whatever description located upon the premises hereinafter described and upon the streets, alleys and public grounds of the city of Duluth, and upon the premises of private owners therein, and used in connection with and as a part of the electric lighting plant and power station of said defendant in said city of Duluth, together with all and singular the privileges and appurtenances thereto belonging, whether then held or thereafter to be acquired by it, together with all things in action, stocks, bonds and other securities, contracts, claims and demands of the said defendant, as well in law as in equity, together with all and singular the rents, issues, profits, income, privileges and franchises growing out of or appertaining to said property;

Also all those tracts or parcels of land situate in the city of Duluth in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: The easterly seventeen (17) feet in width of lot thirteen (13) and the westerly eight (8) feet in width of lot eighteen (18) and all of lots fourteen (14), fifteen (15), sixteen (16), and seventeen (17), all in block two (2) of Munger's sub-division of Duluth, according to the plat thereof on file and of record in the office of the register of deeds in and for said St. Louis County, Minnesota; also all the piece or parcel of land lying immediately in the rear and southerly of the premises last above described, and particularly bounded and described as follows, to-wit: Commencing at a point on the southerly line of said lot thirteen (13) in said block two (2) of Munger's subdivision of Duluth, distant eight (8) feet easterly from the southerly corner of said lot; running thence southerly at right angles to said southerly line of said block a distance of twenty-five (25) feet to a point; thence running easterly and parallel with the southerly line of said block two (2) a distance of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to a point; thence running northerly at right angles to the last described line a distance of twenty-five (25) feet to a point on the southerly line of said lot eighteen (18) in said block two (2) and distant seventeen (17) feet westerly from the southeasterly corner of said lot eighteen (18), and thence running westerly along the southerly line of said block a distance of one hundred and twenty-five (125) feet to the place of beginning;

Also a certificate for four hundred and ninety-seven (497) shares of the capital stock of the Prindle Gas Company, a corporation of the state of Minnesota, owning a gas plant, pipes, mains and certain franchises in the city of Duluth. Also a certificate for nine hundred and nine-ty-five (995) shares of the capital stock of the West Duluth Electric Company, a corporation of the state of Minnesota, owning an electric lighting system and certain franchises in a portion of said city of Duluth, together with any other property of every sort and nature not hereinbefore specifically described, and belonging to said defendant covered by said mortgage, and in the hands of said receivers, as provided in said decree. Said property will be sold as an entirety and without appraisement or rights of redemption.

That before or at the time any person, persons or corporation shall be allowed to bid under said decree, and before or at the time he or they shall become a competent bidder thereunder, such persons or corporations shall pay to the Special Master making said sale, the sum of $5000 in United States currency, or in such certified certificate, draft or check, as may be satisfactory to the undersigned, as and for and thereafter to bind and obligate such person, persons or corporations to fulfill and carry out the purchase, if such person, persons or corporation shall be or become the highest bidder for said property, and such property and premises shall be struck off to such highest bidder, which said sum so deposited shall be allowed to such highest bidder as the payment of a portion of the amount bidden, and any such advance payment deposited by any of the other bidders at said sale, shall be forthwith returned to the respective parties who deposited the same; or if such highest bidder shall fail or neglect from any cause to carry out and complete said purchase under the terms of said decree and his said bid, then said $5000 so deposited, shall be forfeited to and become the property of the receivers appointed in this action, and be deemed and considered a part of the assets in the hands of such receivers for distribution the same as any and all other funds that may have been or may be derived from the sale pursuant to this decree, and the undersigned will proceed forthwith to again sell said mortgaged premises and property under and pursuant to the terms of the said decree;

That said sale will be made at an amount not less than sufficient to pay the costs of complainant in this case, as they shall be taxed and allowed, and its compensation as trustee, its disbursements and allowances as the same shall be fixed by the said court, and any obligations incurred by the receivers, and the fees of counsel in this matter, together with their expenses, and the receiver's fees and expenses of their administration, together with the amount of any claims of persons preferred by the order appointing said receivers, and any indebtedness that may have been incurred by said receivers in the execution of their said trust, and including all expenses in connection with this sale, and the fees of the undersigned as special master herein;

That the holder or holders of the bonds and coupons issued under the mortgage made by the defendant to the complainant described in the decree, are authorized to bid at such sale, and the undersigned is thereby authorized and directed to receive said bonds and coupons in part payment for said property to the extent that they would be paid by the distribution of the proceeds of such sale after paying the said costs and disbursements, counsel fees and expenses of complainant and of said receivers, together with said preferred claims of the said receivers, including the costs and disbursements of such sale;

That the undersigned will examine and take an account of the amount of any claims preferred by the order appointing said receivers and remaining unpaid, and of the amount of any indebtedness incurred by the receivers in the conduct and administration of said trust, and will file his report with the clerk of this court for the information of bidders two days prior to the date of said sale;

It is further provided in said decree that the undersigned as Special Master, shall make a written report of said sale and file the same in the office of the clerk of this court within five days after the making of said sale; that any exception to said report shall be filed in the office of said clerk within ten days after the filing of said report; that upon the confirmation of said report, the undersigned is by said decree directed to make, execute and deliver proper and sufficient deeds of conveyance to the purchaser or purchasers at such sale, which shall convey all of said property so owned by defendant and covered by said mortgage, free and clear from all liens and incumbrances whatsoever, except as in said decree provided, and without redemption, and that said sale shall forever foreclose all of the parties to said action and all parties claiming by, through or under them, from any interest in, lien upon, or claim to said property.

Said sale shall be made subject to all the terms, conditions, provisions, reservations and exceptions in the said decree specified, although not herein specifically set forth, to which for greater certainty reference is hereby made.

Dated January 21st, 1902.

HOWARD S. ABBOTT,
Special Master.

DAVIS, KELLOGG & SEVERANCE and DAVIES, STONE & AUERBACH,
Solicitors for Complainant.

Duluth Evening Herald, Jan-21-28-Feb-4-11-18-1902.

Yes, a chance busy day May Come Without Advertising, But... permanent prosperity Comes as the Result of Persistent Publicity....

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

Four of a Kind.



Beats a full house (so the boys say), but the girls, and they know what they are talking about, say our houses (they are always full) beat at the price offered any other houses on the market in the East End.

$1500 cash, balance on monthly payment plan if so desired, will take one of these cozy homes. These houses are strictly modern and up-to-date in every respect, and built just as well as money could build them.

We have five nice lots, 30 by 80 each, corner Jefferson street an. Eighteenth avenue east, on which we will build early in the spring five nice houses that we can sell at about $2000 each on monthly payment plan.

If you are looking for a bargain in either a house or lot in any part of the city, come and see us.

We have a furnished house in the East End to rent until May 1 at $35 per month.

JULIUS D. HOWARD & CO.,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance.
216 West Superior Street.

For Sale

$90.00 per front foot, Superior street lot, near 21st avenue west.

$10.00 per front foot for improvement only. East End lots supplied with water, gas and sanitary sewer.

$1300 For 327 acres, 1¼ miles from Foxboro. No stone. Easily cleared. Has a fine spring and other special advantages as a dairy farm. Adjoining lands held at double this price.

RICHARDSON & DAY,
EXCHANGE BUILDING.

$6000
For an East End residence with nine rooms and all modern conveniences.

$1100
For a fifty-foot lot on East First St.

G.G. Dickerman & Co
Trust Co. Building.

A BARGAIN!

House and lot, fronting on Grand Avenue, near Elinor Street. The house contains 7 rooms and bath room—has city water connection and all necessary plumbing. The streets are permanently improved and the house was repaired and painted during the past summer.

R. B. KNOX & CO
1 Exchange Building.

For Sale

On easy terms—eight-room residence with modern conveniences, fine location—2209 West Third street. Enquire Johnson & Moe's Department Store.

Farm Lands!

In large and small tracts. Prices per acre range $2.50 per acre and upwards.

Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Big

FARM LANDS of Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan. FINEST GRASS LANDS in the world. Droughts unknown. Immense yields of Timothy, Clover, Grain and Root crops. An ideal stock and farming country. Selling at $2 to $10 per acre.

B. C. CHURCH,
425 W. Superior St. DULUTH, MINN.

Residence Lots,
Business Properties,
Dock Frontage and Acres
For Sale or Lease. All good values.

A. R. MACFARLANE & CO.
Bankers and Brokers.
112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Treasury Stock!

We offer our treasury stock in shares of $50.00 each, at par.

We own centrally located improved property, the net income from which will pay 8 per cent dividend on this stock.

For further information apply to—

Duluth Real Estate Co.
No. 100 Trust Company Bldg.
Franklin J. Pulford, Pres. Calvin F. How, Treas

Investigate This Stock

The German-American Consolidated Gold Mining company owns, free of incumbrance, the fee to twelve miners' claims near Telluride, Colorado, with large veins of rich pay ore, which have been thoroughly developed.

A limited number of shares will be sold to secure funds for the purpose of erecting a mill.

1000 shares will cost $60.00; $6 cash and $6 monthly. For sale, subject to advance, by

WM. KAISER,
106 Palladio Bldg.
DULUTH, MINN.
Old 'phone, 636-2; new 'phone, 32.

GOOD LANDS!

near Duluth will surely advance. I have them at low prices.

George Rupley, 413 Board of Trade.

We carry them in stock.



Loose Leaf Ledgers.

Chamberlain & Taylor. Chamberlain & Taylor.

Peachey & Lounsberry,
Zenith Phone 336. **PRINTERS.** L. D. Phone 307-3
High Quality. Full Count. Prompt Service.
15 SECOND AVE. WEST. DULUTH, MINN.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best dental work at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Blk.
Telephone 755, N. Call 4.
Zenith 'Phone 713.
D. H. DAY, Dentist.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

$7000 Will take eight-room house and three lots (75x140); has all modern conveniences; good stone foundation.

$11 500 Will buy one of the finest residences in the East End; has twelve large rooms, hardwood finish throughout, enamel bath tubs, hot water heat; (size of ground 75x149) west of Twelfth avenue east.

$7500 Takes eleven-room house, hot water heat, hardwood finish; bath, electric light; good barn; west of Thirteenth avenue east.

$2200 Home on East Fifth street.

FOR RENT.
Store No. 3 West Superior street.
Fire insurance written.

Chas. P. Craig & Co,
Real Estate, Loans and Insurance,
103 Herald Building.

$1300 Takes good nine-room house on Piedmont avenue west, near Third street.

$850 Takes 50 feet on West Third street, east of Eighth avenue.

$1000 Takes 25-foot lot on East Superior street, west of Sixteenth avenue.

A. C. VOLK & CO.,
202 Palladio Building.

Biggest snap in a modern 10-room house in heart of city. Do not fail to call in and see us.

T. W. Wahl & Co.
201 Exchange Bldg.

Climax Building and Loan Association

Is making the following loans:

$300 For three years, at 6 per cent interest, no commission, secured by a house and lot valued at $750. Building insured for $900.

$1500 To be repaid in five years with a monthly payment of $29.70 a month, no commission; secured by three buildings and lot valued at $4200. Insurance $2500.

More applications for loans are desired. Most advantages and least cost to borrowers. Get our figures before making a loan elsewhere.

Deposits of any amount from $1 up from any one at any time, for which certificates are issued pay from from 3 to 5 per cent interest. Dividends paid in cash 1st of January and July. No membership fees or fines.

CHAN SMITH, Sec.,
Office No. 2 First Avenue West, in Hunter Block.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!

$1275 Seven-room house, almost new, street graded, city water; near Twenty-eighth avenue west.

$750 25x140 feet, upper side Fifth street, between Fourth and Fifth avenues east.

$2000 Eight-room house, water, sewer and bath; Fourth street, near Fifth avenue west.

$275 For 40 acres good farm land in section 20, 52-14. Considerable good pine, hardwood and cedar timber; half mile from school. A property in central part of city that is rented to 34 19 per cent on price asked. 'PHONE 749

T. G. VAUGHAN. 401 Lonsdale Bldg.

FOR SALE!

House and Lot, $900 all cash; or $400 cash, balance in mortgage at 6 per cent. This house has just been thoroughly repaired.

Pulford, How & Co
100 Trust Company Building.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED — A COMFORTABLE HOUSE about six or seven rooms in the East End on upper side of street, with 50-foot lot; must be bargain for cash. Address P. C., Herald.

ASSAYER.

E. ANGERMEIER. 319 FIRST AVE. E.

PIANO TUNING.

C. A. GREGORY, PIANO TUNER, 9 First avenue west. Zenith 'phone 606.

LOST.

LOST — ON WOODLAND CAR OR AT the end of the track on Saturday, Feb. 8, pair of eye glasses in case, marked, Boise, Idaho. Please leave at Herald Office.

LOST—IN ST. LOUIS HOTEL, GOLD carved ring. Finder please leave at Herald office and receive reward.

LOST—PACKAGE OF LAUNDRY FROM sleigh Monday, Feb. 3. Reward if returned to Troy laundry.

LOST—LADIES' GOLD CHATELAIN purse, containing English half sovereign, ringed for bangle; ten dollars reward for return to this office.

Reliable Men and Women
For Domestic Service, Cooks, Housemaids, Etc., easily found through...



HERALD WANTS.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE

HOUSES.

Seven-room house on Jefferson street, thoroughly modern..... $3000
Eight-room house on Third street, near 14th Ave. E..... $3000
Elegant residence, centrally located, on Fifth street..... $3200
Seven-room house, five blocks from postoffice..... $900
Great Bargain in West Duluth, house centrally located with water— $650
Great bargain, double house on corner and Jefferson street, modern..... $7800
Two lots very cheap in Helm's addition.

Interstate Land and Investment Co.,
H. H. Hanford, Mngr. 605 Palladio Bldg.

FOR SALE.

Two choice sites for row brick houses—at a bargain. East End and central. Locations that command highest rentals.

N. J. UPHAM CO.,
400 Burrows Building.

TEN PER CENT NET—

Four new brick dwellings in East End, each has six rooms and bath; hardwood floors throughout; all modern conveniences; below Third street, west of Fourteenth avenue east; all rented to pay 10 per cent net on $12,000—an excellent investment.

$5000 Buys a 9-room residence (new), below Third street, and west of Thirteenth avenue east; hot water heat, hardwood finish, panneled wainscoting, tile vestibule, modern throughout. This is a bargain. For sale exclusively by

A. W. Taussig & Co.
305 Providence Building.

FOR SALE.

Houses and lots in all parts of the city. 5 per cent interest on deferred payments.

R. M. NEWPORT, 302 Lonsdale Bldg

FOR SALE-MISCELLANEOUS

BUSINESS OPENINGS We have many good openings to offer in all lines of business.
We can sell your business.
DULUTH PURCHASING AGENCY,
Albert L. Preston, Manager,
305-310 Palladio Building.

FOR SALE — HORSE AND HARNESS, suitable for draying, etc., $40. F 74, Herald.

FOR SALE—HOUSEHOLD GOODS. Address Van Company, 212 West Superior street.

FOR SALE—100 SHARES TEXAS Standard oil stock; gusher; pay dividends soon; none for sale by company; must have money; make offer. A 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—A CUTTER. INQUIRE West Duluth shirt factory, West Duluth.

FOR SALE—100 SHARES TEXAS oil stock; gusher; pay dividends soon; none for sale by company; must have money; make offer. A 26, Herald.

FOR SALE—S. M. KANER WILL ARrive with a car of fresh milch cows Tuesday, Feb. 11. 1219 East Seventh street.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE FOR LAND—about $2000 worth of boots and shoes. We both buy and sell farm or cut-over timber lands. State Trust company, 506 Providence building, Duluth.

FOR SALE — SMALL HOUSE, NO. 23 First avenue east; must be sold at once and removed from premises as soon as tenants can vacate. See N. J. Upham & Co., 400 Burrows' building.

LOW PRICES ON SECOND hand organs and square pianos—$10 and up. Easy payments. French & Bassett, corner First street and Third avenue west.

A CARLOAD OF FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive Jan. 23, at Evan Johnson's, 2008 West Helm street. Will exchange in fat cattle.

FOR SALE—LOCOMOTIVES, STEAM shovels, cars and rails, for construction or logging. Write for our 1902 catalogue. M. Mitshkun Company, Detroit, Mich.

L. HAMMEL & CO. ALWAYS HAVE ON hand the best logging horses in the city.

HOUSES AND LOTS AT LAKESIDE and Lester Park, cheap, on easy payment plan. William C. Sargent & Co., 305 Lonsdale building.

CARLTON COUNTY FARM LANDS for sale by B. C. Church, 513 Board of Trade.

SAWMILL FOR SALE—LOCATED AT Minong, Wis.; capacity 20,000 to 25,000 in ten hours; complete outfit; part payment accepted and terms on balance. Apply No. 10 Mesaba block.

HORSES! HORSES! HORSES!
Barrett & Zimmerman, Midway, St. Paul, Minn., have constantly on hand from 500 to 1000 head of all grades of horses. Part time given if desired. The finest lot of heavy logging horses ever brought into the Northwest can be seen at their stables.

FIRE INSURANCE.

INSURANCE WRITTEN IN BEST companies, Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

FIRE INSURANCE WRITTEN BY George H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

FOUND.

FOUND — ON SUPERIOR STREET and Fourth avenue east, ladies' purse containing money. Owner can have same by calling at Johnson & Moe's, West End, identifying and paying charges.

PICTURE FRAMING.

GET YOUR PICTURES AND PICTURE frames at Hoffman's, 211 East Superior street.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — AT ONCE, NEAT GIRL for general housework. Inquire 328 Thirteenth avenue east.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DINing room girl at 222 Fifth avenue east. Call in forenoon.

THE BEST SHOES FOR WOMEN AT $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 and $3.00, are sold in Duluth by M. S. Burorws.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED NURSE girl. 1432 East First street.

WANTED — EXPERIENCED DINING room girl at once. Midland hotel, 210 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 508 West Third street.

GIRL WANTED—GENERAL HOUSEwork; small family. 109 Eighth avenue west.

MS. P. H. KIELY, EMPLOYMENT OFfice, 225 East Superior street. Phone 892.

STENOGRAPHY AND TYPEWRITING.
All kinds accurately and promptly done. Old Phone 544, Zenith 831. Jessie L. Cooley—Lydia T. Grieser. 307 First National Bank Building.

MALE HELP—WANTED

WANTED — TWO BRIGHT CASH boys. Apply at once to superintendent Panton & White.

WANTED — TWO COAT, PANTS AND vest makers at Laurence, the tailor's, 23 Fifth avenue west.

WANTED — DRIVER, ONE ACQUAINted with city. D. O'Leary, grocer.

WANTED—COAT MAKER AND MAN to work by the week. Address 2004 West Superior street.

WANTED — BARBER AT ONCE. Steady job to good man. Louis Olson, Box 253, Bemidji, Minn.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN TO WORK ON dairy farm and to deliver milk. Take Woodland car. Woodland dairy.

WANTED—TWO ENERGETIC MEN TO canvass and collect; references required. Apply room 304, Burrows building.

WANTED—BY MERCANTILE HOUSE, bookkeeper who has had some experience. Address in own hand writing, giving experience and references. Endion, Herald.

WANTED—TAILOR, PANTS AND vest maker. John Raindall, 1911 West Superior street.

SPLENDID WAGES PAID MEN WHO learn the barber trade with us; facilities afforded that cannot be had elsewhere. Can earn scholarship, board, tools and transportation if desired. Catalogue mailed free. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED — AT ONCE — TWENTY five energetic young men to learn telegraphy and railroading, and accept positions as railroad telegraph operators at good salaries with first-class chances for promotion. For particulars, telephone, write or call Duluth Business University, No. 105 West Superior St.

WANTED—AGENTS.

PROFITABLE WORK OFFERED agents in every town to secure subscriptions to the Ladies' Home Journal and the Saturday Evening Post. We want agents who will work thoroughly and with business system to cover each section with our illustrated little booklets and other advertising matter, and to look sharply after renewals from old subscribers. The pay is first rate, and at the end of the season $20,000 will be given the best workers as extra prizes for good work. How well some of our agents have succeeded is told in a little booklet we would like to send you—portraits of some of our best agents, with the story of how they made it pay. The Curtis Publishing Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

YOUNG MAN WANTS A POSITION AS clerk in hardware or crockery department; can furnish best of references. Address J 24, Herald.

YOUNG MAN WOULD LIKE TO HAVE work in a grocery store as clerk; can speak Norwegian; strictly temperate; must have work at once. Address G 20, Herald.

A COMPETENT COOK WISHES A SITuation in a private family where second girl is kept. Address H 32, Herald.

EXPERIENCED COPYIST WOULD like copying to do at once. Can write either a business hand or a good plain round hand. Must have work. Address "Copyist," Evening Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY COMPETENT young lady stenographer. Experienced in insurance and loans. T 32, Herald.

A LADY WOULD LIKE ROOMS TO take care of and do the washing also. Call at 108 First avenue east.

DRESSMAKER OR MILLINER, WHO wishes to employ a girl, address 906 East First street.

WOMAN WANTS TO GO OUT WASHing, ironing or to do general housework by the day. Address 827 East Fifth.

EXPERT ACCOUNTANT, WITH SOME spare time evenings, wants set of books to check up and keep in order. Address H., Herald.

YOUNG MAN, AGE 26 YEARS, POSSESsing character, ability and energy, desires situation with credit department of wholesale or manufacturing company. Party is a high school graduate and has had over nine years' experience in office work. Is perfectly familiar with the handling of credits and collections. He is now employed by large jobbing house in central Illinois city, and would be available after April 1. This will bear the strictest investigation. Address X L 4, care Herald.

WANTED—CHILDREN'S SEWING. 325 Third avenue west; basement.

WINDOW SHADES.

WINDOW SHADES MADE TO ORDER. O. H. Stenberg, 12 West Superior street.

MUSIC.

LATEST SHEET MUSIC, 2000 COPIES. 10c copy. Haakenson & Co., 9 1st ave. W.

NORWEGIAN COD LIVER OIL.

IMPORT OF 1901. 75c A BOTTLE, AT C. J. Tufte's drug store.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. BANKS, MIDWIFE, 330 ST. CROIX avenue. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MRS. HANSON—MIDWIFE—
Female complaints. Private hospital, 413 Seventh avenue east. 'Phone 1225.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

LAKE SUPERIOR FISH CO.
D. GOLDISH, PROPRIETOR.
Wholesale dealers. Lake Superior trout and whitefish. Fresh water herring a specialty. 30 E. First St. Zenith Tel. 1122.

HOUSES FOR RENT.

FOR RENT— FIVE-ROOM HOUSE with bath, hot water, and hard-wood floors. Apply 221 Ninth avenue east.

$20 A MONTH, NO. 322 EAST FOURTH street; five rooms, city water.
$15 a month, No. 805 East Second street; six rooms, city water.
$10 a month, No. 411 East Superior street, three rooms; suitable for shop.
$50 a month, No. 416 East Superior street; two floors, suitable for store or sales-room.
$8 a month, No. 119 Third avenue east; three rooms.
A. R. MACFARLANE & CO., 112 Exchange Building.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Geo. H. Crosby, 106 Providence Bldg.

ROOMS FOR RENT.

FURNISHED ROOM FOR LIGHT housekeeping. Also furnished front room. 320 East Second street.

LARGE FURNISHED ROOM WITH cookstove and cookery outfit. 309 West Superior street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS, with board, for ladies. 127 First avenue west.

FOR RENT—BASEMENT 26 CASCADE Park. Inquire 5 Fifth avenue west.

FOR RENT — FURNISHED ROOM either two young ladies or gentlemen. 327 East Superior street.

FOR RENT — TWO LARGE ROOMS, nicely furnished. 318½ Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT— NICELY FURNISHED front room with bath. 115 West Second street

FOR RENT — FURNISHED FRONT rooms. 111 West Superior street.

FLATS FOR RENT.

FOR RENT—VERY PLEASANT SIXroom flat, newly papered, $16 per month, including water. 802 East Third street.

FURNISHED FLATS, FOUR ROOMS. $11 up. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

BOARD OFFERED.

FOR RENT—LARGE ROOM WITH board. No. 5 Chester Terrace.

FURNISHED ROOMS AND BOARD. 32 West Second street.

ROOM AND BOARD OFFERED IN private family; gentleman preferred. 313 West Fourth stret.

LAUNCHES!

Pearson Boat Construction Co.,
Send for Prices. DULUTH, MINN

FINANCIAL.

MONEY LOANED TO SALARIED PEOple holding responsible positions; also on pianos, furniture, live stock and all kinds of personal property. Easy payments. Business confidential. Western Loan Co., 521 Manhattan Bldg, Duluth.

MONEY TO LOAN—ANY AMOUNT—Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange bldg.

MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

CARPET CLEANING.

INTERSTATE RUG CO—STEAM CARpet cleaning and rug works, 1701-3 West Michigan street. New 'phone, 313; old, 705-5.

PERSONAL.

CALL AT MAX WIRTH'S DRUG STORE for tickets for the beautiful silk quilt.

HAIR DRESSING.

HAIRDRESSING — NEWEST STYLES direct from New York and Paris. Plain or medicated shampoo; Tripsis treatment of the head and hair, facial culture, manicuring, etc. Miss F. A. Bacon, 207 Lonsdale building.

CLAIRVOYANT.

MRS. BENDIXEN WILL GIVE A DIME social at 431 East Superior street, Friday evening, Feb. 14.

MADAME QUINN IS NOW LOCATED at 1314 Tower avenue, West Superior; cures goiter (big neck); also tells your whole life.

MRS. BENDIXEN, 237 MAIN STREET, West Superior, Wis. Phone 4359-3.

ELOCUTION.

DRAMATIC READING, ORATORY, stage training. Laura Frankenfield, 409 Masonic Temple.

VIOLIN INSTRUCTION.

IF YOU WANT A THOROUGH AND EXperienced as well as conscientious teacher for violin, call on Ch. Trautvetter, 216 W. Sup. St., second floor, Room 107.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR Burrows building. Best work. Moderate prices.

CONSULTING ENGINEER.

THOMAS F. McGILVRAY, 209 FIRST National bank. Plans and specifications prepared and construction superintended for water supply, sewerage, etc.

HERBAQUEEN SPECIFIC.

REMEDIES FOR ANY BLOOD POISONing trouble. 319 First Avenue east.

U. S. ENGINEER'S OFFICE, DULUTH, Minn., Feb. 10, 1902. Sealed proposals for building watchman's house, Portage lake ship canals, Mich., will be received here until noon, March 10, 1902, and then publicly opened. Information on application. D. D. Gaillard, Capt., Engrs.
Duluth Evening Herald, Feb-11-12-13-14-March-7-8—1902.

HERALD WANTS

ONE CENT A WORD.
No advertisement less than 15 cents.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

No advertisement less than 15 cents.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 7:30 o'clock. Next meeting Feb. 17, 1902. Work, Second degree. William H. Hoyt, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting second and fourth Monday evenings each month at 7:30 o'clock. next meeting Feb. 10, 1902. Work, Second degree. Clyde W. Stilson, W. M.; John Cox, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocations second and fourth Wednesday evenings of each month at 7:30 o'clock. Work, M. M., Feb. 12, 1902. M. W. Turner, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 7:30 p. m. Next conclave Feb. 11, 1902. Work, Templar degree. Thomas J. Davis, E. C.; Alfred Le Richeux, recorder.

THE MODERN SAMARITANS. ALPHA COUNCIL NO. 1.—Meets every Wednesday evening at 8 o'clock in Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street. W. B. Henderson, G. S.; Wallace P. Wellbanks, scribe.

BEAT COUNCIL NO. 2, meets every Monday at Columbia hall, corner Twentieth avenue west at 8 p. m. Jack Huitquist, G. S.; Ruben Johnson, scribe.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, SITTING BULL TRIBE, NO. 23, WEST Duluth, meets every Thursday of the month at Great Eastern hall. William Cleugh, sachem; S. C. Murphy, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, PAWNEE TRIBE, NO. 8, MEETS every Friday at 8 p. m., at Sloan's hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. N. G. Halloway, sachem; A. M. Johnson, chief of records.

IMPROVED ORDER OF RED MEN, WE-KE-ME-WIP TRIBE, NO. 17, meets every Monday evening at 8 p. m. in Elks' hall, 118 West Superior St. C. E. Armstead, sachem; M. J. Orr, chief of records.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, KNIGHTS OF Pythias, No. 25, meets every Tuesday evening at 8 o'clock, at 118 West Superior street. G. H. Nichols, C. C.; G. E. Storms, K. R. S.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS — DIAMOND lodge, No. 45, K. of P., meets every Monday evening at 8 o'clock in Ervin-Sloan block, corner of Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Monday, Dec. 2, Work in the third rank. L. B. Allen, C. C.; S. L. Pierce, K. of R. S.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA—Imperial camp, No. 2297, meets at Elks' hall, 113 West Superior street, second and fourth Friday of each month. Visiting members always welcome. C. P. Earl, V. C.; J. H. Opperman, W. A.; William Tunell, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1, meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabees hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. J. P. Peterson, Com.; W. A. Putnam, R. K., 124 West Superior street.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS—Court Eastern Star, No. 86, meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m. at Hunter' hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. Harry Milnes, chief ranger city hall; James Kelly, treasurer. Union depot.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.

7:40 a.m.	Lv.. Duluth ..Ar	p.m.	3:40
8:15 a.m	Ar.. Proctor..Lv	p.m.	3:10
10:12 a.m	Ar. Iron Jct..Lv	p.m.	1:13
10:20 a.m.	Ar.... Wolf Lv	p.m.	1:05
10:35 a.m.	Ar. Virginia..Lv	p.m.	12:50
10:29 a.m.	Ar..Eveleth..Lv	p.m.	12:57
10:56 a.m.	Ar.. Sparta..Lv	p.m.	12:34
11:20 a.m.	Ar. Biwabik..Lv	p.m.	12:12
10:40 a.m.	Ar. Mtn. Iron..Lv	p.m.	12:30
11:05 a.m.	Ar. Hibbing..Lv	p.m.	12:27

J. B. HANSON, Gen. Pass. Agt.

Duluth & Iron Range R R

A. M.	P. M.	STATIONS.	M.	P. M.
7:30	3:15	Lv.....Duluth.....Ar	12:00	7:30
11:25	7:25	Ar.....Virginia Lv	8:05	3:30
11:30	7:30	Ar.....Eveleth ...Lv	8:00	3:30
12:30	7:55	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:25	2:50
P.M.	P.M.	Daily except Sundays.	A.M.	P.M.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.
(GREAT NORTHERN SYSTEM)

Leave		Arrive
† 1:25 p.m	St. Paul	† 1:55 p.m.
† 11:10 p.m.	Minneapolis	† 6:30 p.m.
* 7:55 a.m.	Cass Lake, Grand Forks Montana, Pacific Coast	* 6:48 p.m.
* 3:00 p.m.	Hibbing, Swan River and the Iron Range.	† 11:58 a.m.

* Daily. † Daily Except Sunday.
Sleeper ready at 9 p.m. Office Spalding Hotel

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**9 15 am	St. Paul, Minneapolis	**4 40 pm
**4 30 pm	Twilight Limited	*9 55 pm
*5 00 pm	Chicago, Milwaukee.	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Appleton,	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10 55 am
*5 00 pm	FAST MAIL	*10 55 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car.

NORTHERN PACIFIC RAILWAY.

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	Ashland and East	a 7:55 a m
a 3:55 p m	"	b 6:55 p m
a 7:10 p m	Minnesota and Dakota Express	a 7:55 a m
b 9:00 a m	North Coast Limited	a 4:55 p m

"DULUTH SHORT LINE."

Leave		Arrive
b 9:00 a m	ST. PAUL	b 6:55 p m
a 3:55 p m	MINNEAPOLIS	b 9:10 p m
a 9:10 p m		a 7:55 a m

a Daily. b Daily except Sunday.
Union Depot and 332 West Superior Street.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railw'y

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Blk. 'Phone 4
All Trains Arrive at and Depart from Union Depot

*7:00 p. m. Lv—BOSTON LIMITED—Ar. *8:30 a. m
All points East.
†8:15 a. m. Lv—..... LOCAL .....—Ar. †7:15 p. m
Marquette & Cooper Country.

* Daily. † Except Sunday